

Chapter 8: Control of Movement

General Principles of Motor Behavior

Skeletal Muscle Anatomy and Physiology

Proprioception and Reflexes

Control of Movement by the Brain

Movement Disorders

Chapter 8: Control of Movement

General Principles of Motor Behavior

Skeletal Muscle Anatomy and Physiology

Proprioception and Reflexes

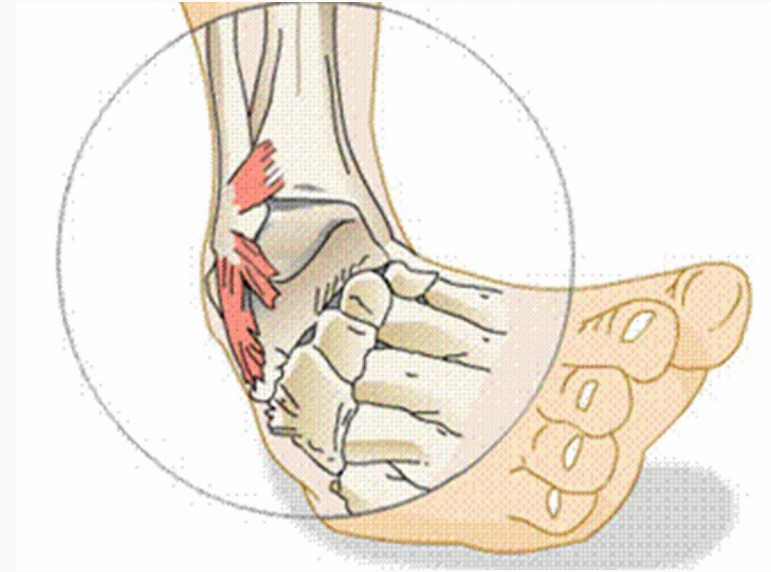
Control of Movement by the Brain

Movement Disorders

General Principles of Motor Behavior

Sensory Inputs Modulate Motor Behaviors.

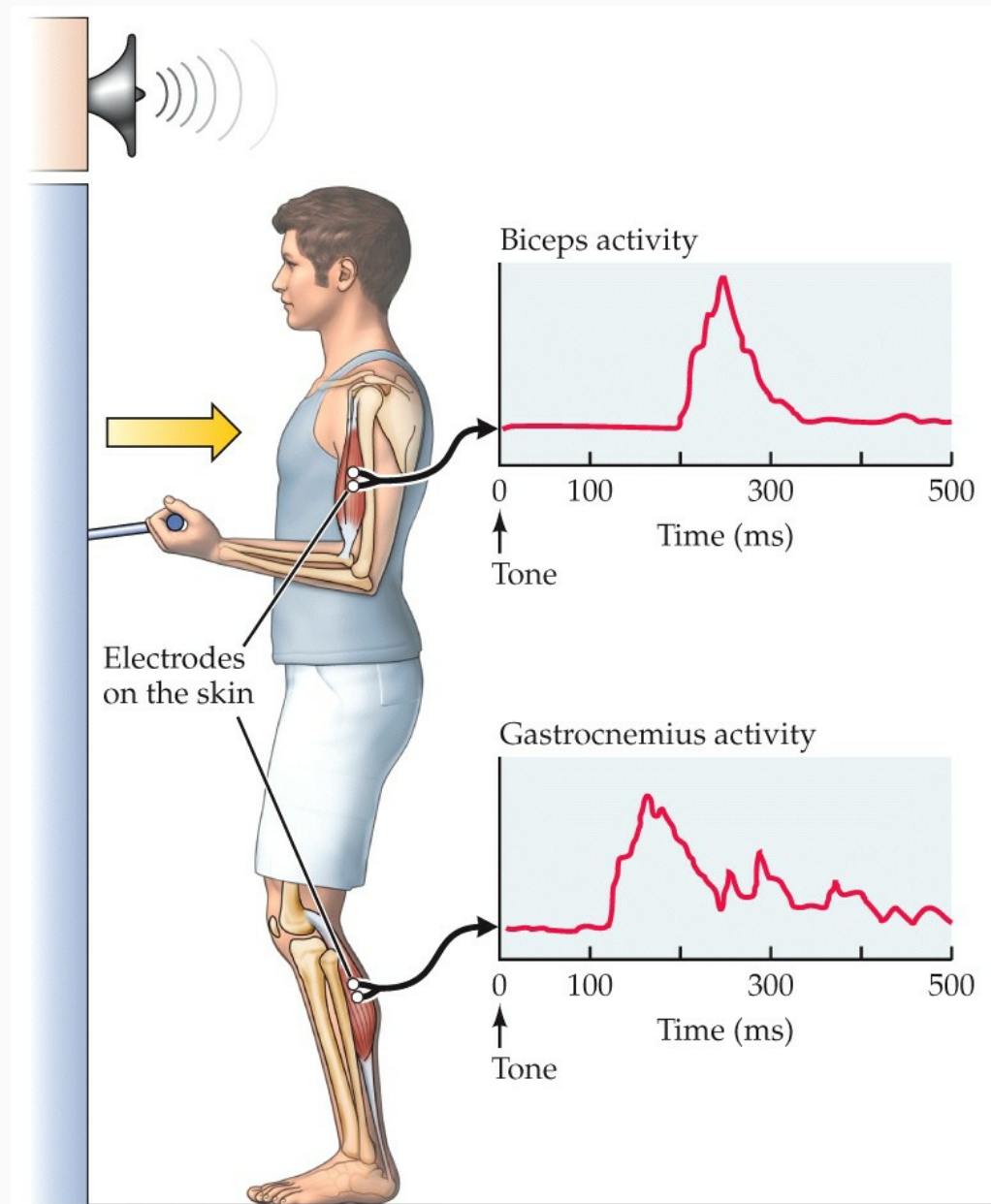
- walking along bumpy road, posture easily adjusted without thinking about it
- complex tasks require sensory feedback
- sensation \neq awareness



General Principles of Motor Behavior

Motor Plan.

- complex set of motor commands prior to start of behavior



BIOLOGICAL PSYCHOLOGY 7e, Figure 11.2

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General Principles of Motor Behavior

Speed-Accuracy Tradeoff.

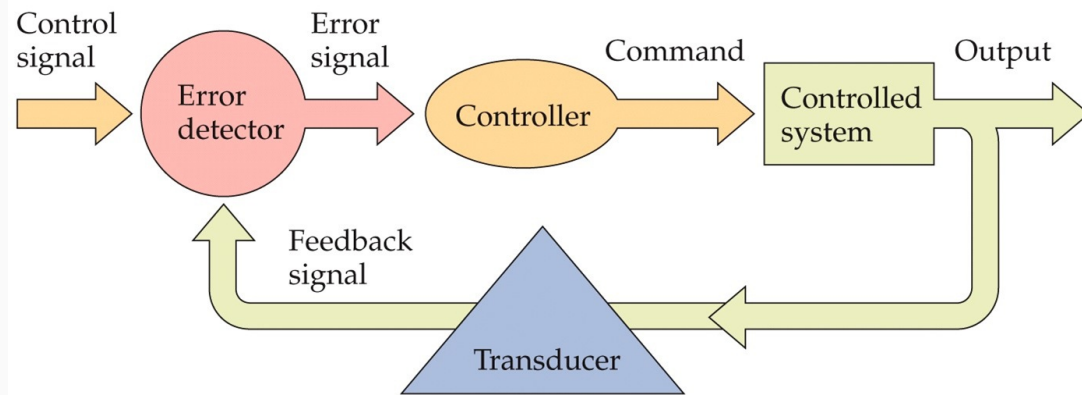
- higher speed = lower accuracy



General Principles of Motor Behavior

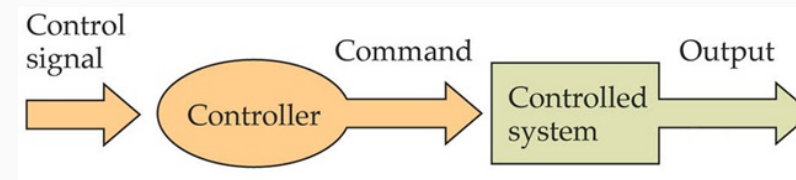
Feedback Control of Movement.

(B) Schematic of closed-loop system



BIOLOGICAL PSYCHOLOGY 7e, Figure 11.3 (Part 2)
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- **closed loop systems:**
- maximize accuracy
- continuous CNS and peripheral feedback allow corrections to regulate and adjust behavior

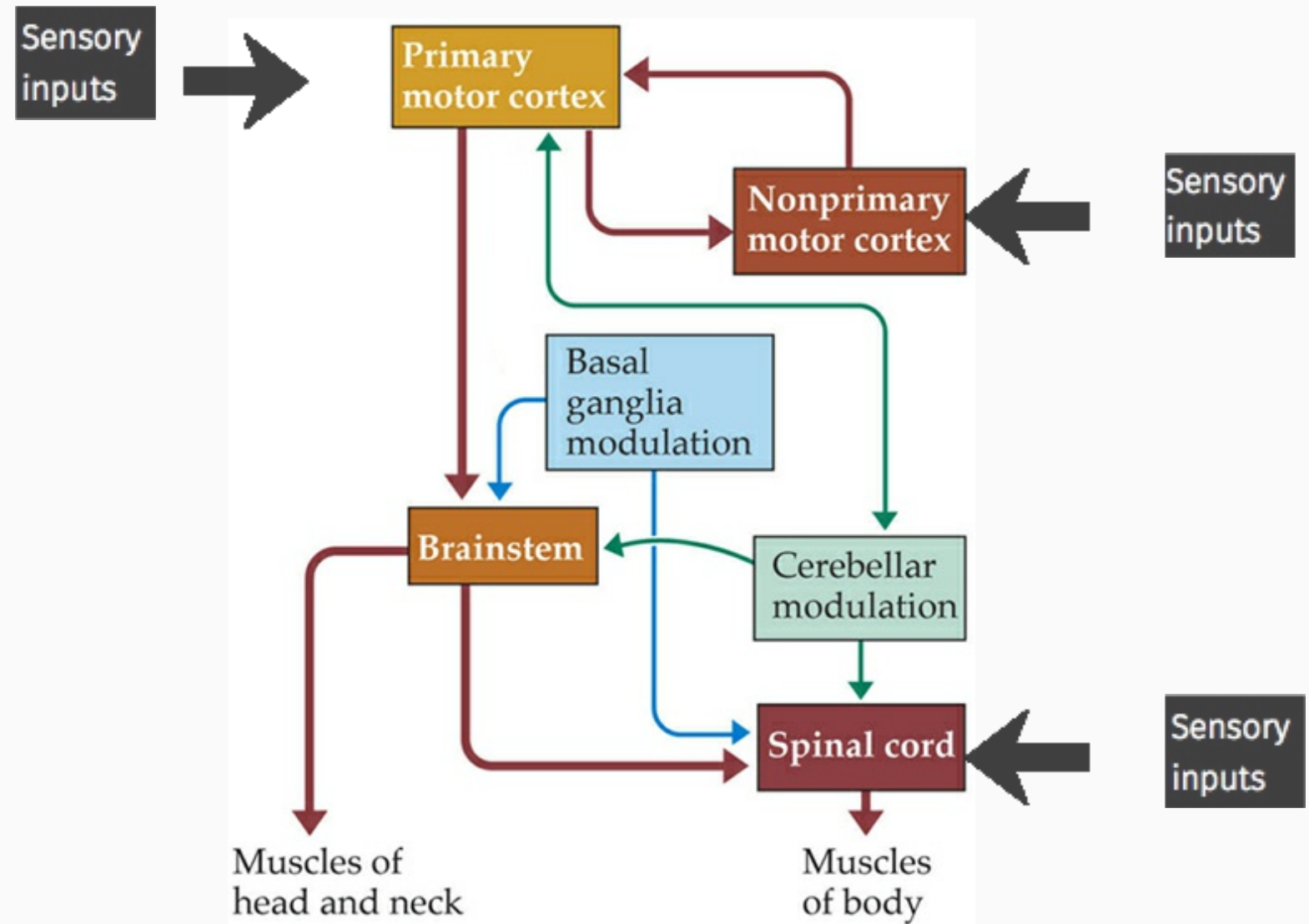


- **open loop systems:**
- maximize speed
- no external feedback
- no corrections or adjustments
- behavior is pre-programmed
- ballistic movements

General Principles of Motor Behavior

Feedback Control of Movement.

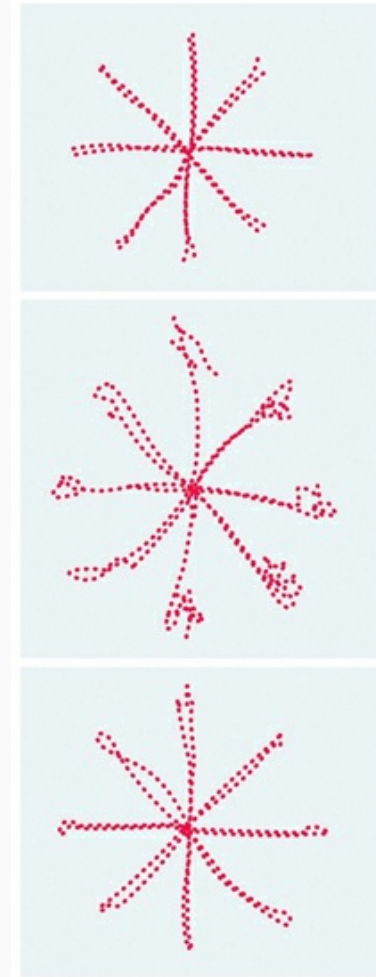
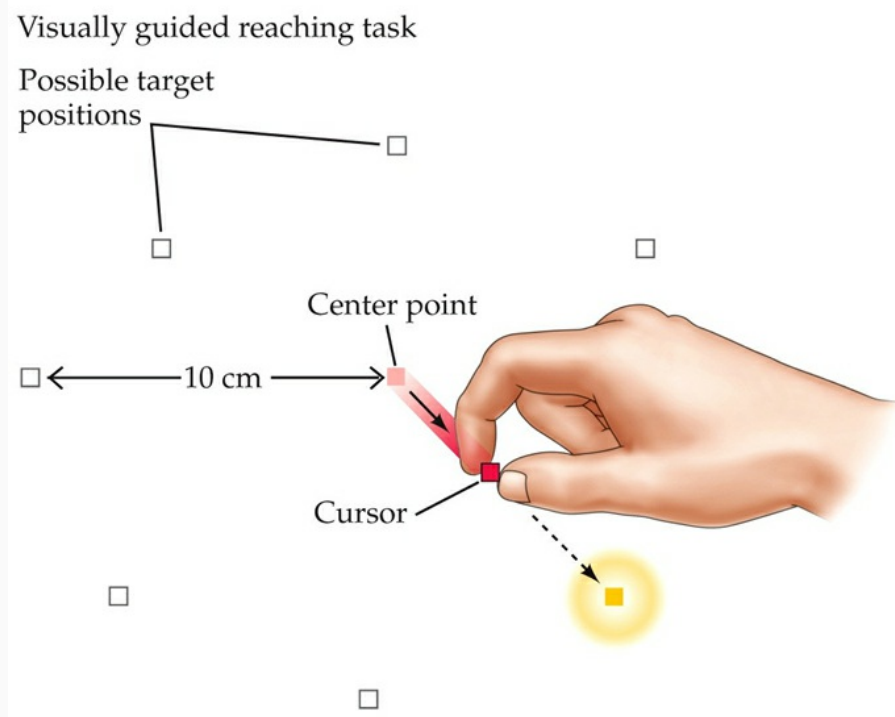
- combination of closed loop and open loop systems



General Principles of Motor Behavior

Motor Plan.

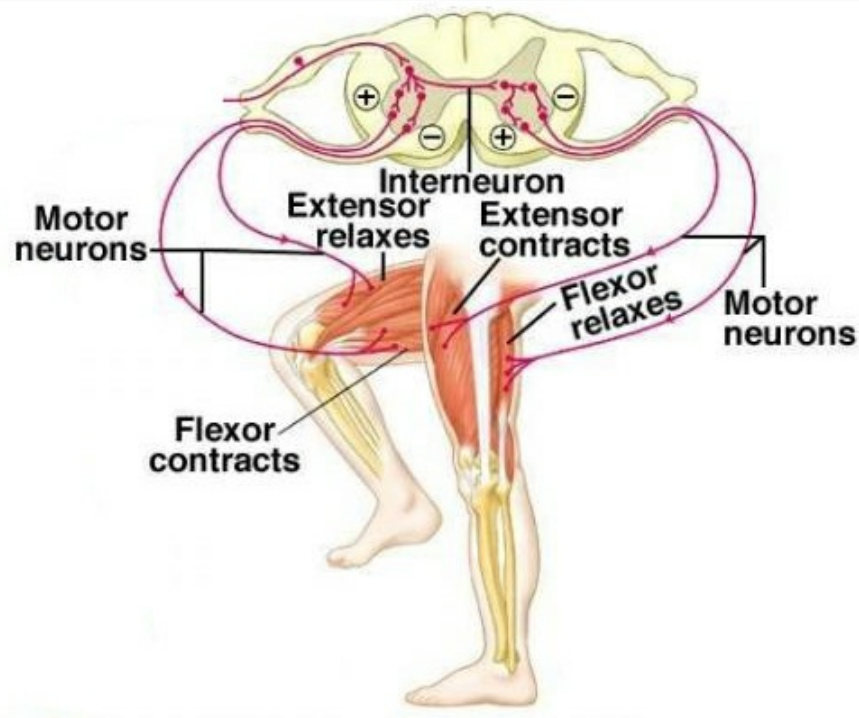
- complex set of motor commands
- prior to start of behavior
- feedback fine-tunes the plan



General Principles of Motor Behavior

Central Pattern Generators.

- rhythmic activity initiated and modulated by brain
- rhythmic activity fine-tuned by sensory input



General Principles of Motor Behavior

The Brain is a Sensorimotor Processor.

- rhythmic activity initiated and modulated by brain
- rhythmic activity fine-tuned by sensory input

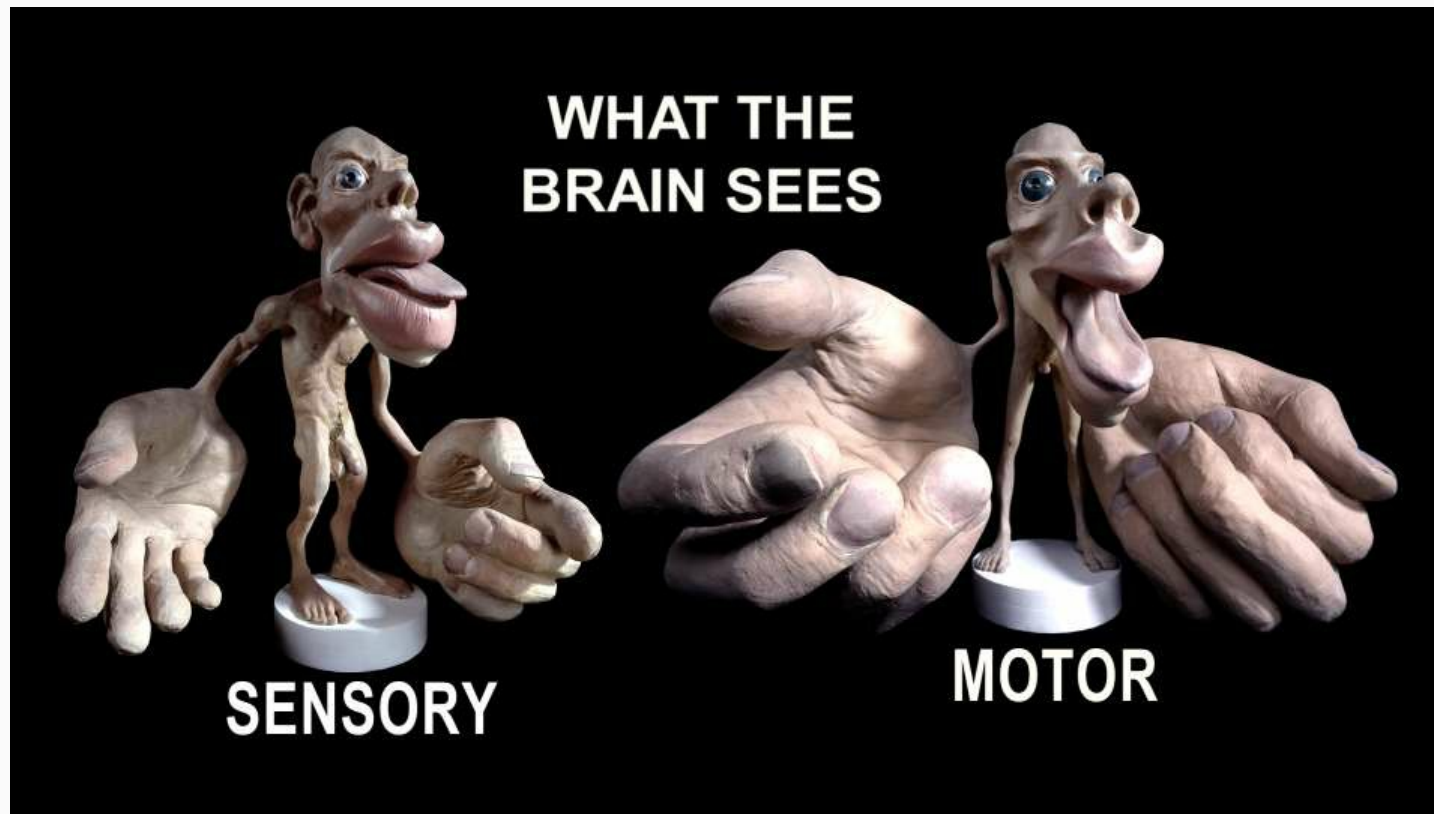


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