GENERAL INFORMATION

A 0.	Respondent Information (Not for Publication) Office: Mānoa Institutional Research Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 2500 Campus Road, Hawai'i Hall 107, Honolulu, HI 96822 Phone: 808-956-5366 Fax: 808-956-7115 E-mail Address: miro@hawaii.edu									
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:									
	A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.									
A1.	Address Information									
	Name of College or University: University of Hawai'i at Mānoa									
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 2500 Campus Road, Honolulu, HI 96822 Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country Main Phone Number: 808-956-8111 WWW Home Page Address: http://manoa.hawaii.edu									
	Admissions Phone Number: 808-956-8975 Admissions Toll-free Number: 800-823-9771									
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 2600 Campus Road, QLCSS 001, Honolulu, HI 96822									
	Admissions Fax Number: 808-956-4148									
	Admissions E-mail Address: uhmanoa.admissions@hawaii.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: http://apply.hawaii.edu If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:									
42.	Source of institutional control (check one only)									
	□ Public□ Private (nonprofit)□ Proprietary									
43.	Classify your undergraduate institution:									
	Coeducational college									
	☐ Men's college ☐ Women's college									
44.	Academic year calendar									
	Semester 4-1-4									
	Quarter Continuous									
	☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe):									
	Other (describe):									
45.	Degrees offered by your institution									
	☐ Certificate ☐ Postbachelor's certificate									
	☐ Diploma ☐ Master's									
	Associate Post-master's certificate									

	Common Data Set 2014-2015
Transfer	Doctoral degree
	research/scholarship
☐ Terminal	Doctoral degree –
	professional practice
□ Bachelor's	Doctoral degree other

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2014. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

		FULL-TIME	Ξ		PART-TIME		TOTAL
	Men	Women	FT Total	Men	Women	PT Total	
Undergraduates							
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	740	1,068	1,808	16	17	33	1,841
Other first-year, degree- seeking	105	114	219	22	22	44	263
All other degree-seeking	4,283	5,169	9,452	1,023	1,088	2,111	11,563
Total degree-seeking	5,128	6,351	11,479	1,061	1,127	2,188	13,667
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	79	183	262	60	137	197	459
Total undergraduates	5,207	6,534	11,741	1,121	1,264	2,385	14,126
Graduate							
Degree-seeking, first-time	374	591	965	120	200	320	1,285
All other degree-seeking	730	1,003	1,733	772	1,103	1,875	3,608
Total degree-seeking	1,104	1,594	2,698	892	1,303	2,195	4,893
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	38	49	87	164	237	401	488
Total graduate	1,142	1,643	2,785	1,056	1,540	2,596	5,381

Total all undergraduates: 14,126

Total all graduate: 5,381

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: $\underline{19,507}$

Note: Expanded sections are highlighted in blue.

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2014. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	_	e-seeking e First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)		Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Nonresident aliens	28	1.5%	346	2.5%	483	3.4%
Hispanic/Latino	35	1.9%	269	2%	279	2%
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	36	2.0%	210	1.5%	217	1.5%
White, non-Hispanic	431	23.4%	2738	20%	2861	20.3%
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	8	0.4%	42	0.3%	44	0.3%
Asian, non-Hispanic	741	40.2%	5566	40.7%	5632	39.9%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	255	13.9%	2393	17.5%	2475	17.5%
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	305	16.6%	2079	15.2%	2110	14.9%
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	2	0.1%	24	0.2%	25	0.2%
Total	1841	100%	13667	100%	14126	100%

B2-1. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category (Graduate Students).

		e-seeking st-time	Degree-seeking Graduates (include first-time)		Total Graduates (both degree- and non- degree seeking)	
	N	%	N	0/0	N	0/0
Nonresident aliens	118	9.2%	742	15.2%	765	14.2%
Hispanic/Latino	15	1.2%	56	1.1%	62	1.2%
Black or African American, non-	16	1.2%	50	1%	54	1%
White, non-Hispanic	370	28.8%	1545	31.6%	1656	30.8%
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	8	0.6%	20	0.4%	22	0.4%
Asian, non-Hispanic	365	28.4%	1215	24.8%	1412	26.2%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	223	17.4%	733	15%	813	15.1%
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	155	12.1%	494	10.1%	550	10.2%
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	15	1.2%	38	0.8%	47	0.9%
Total	1285	100%	4893	100%	5381	100%

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2014.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	3,378
Postbachelor's certificates	<u>66</u>
Master's degrees	1,121
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	<u>194</u>
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	190
Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2014 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2008 cohort if available. If Fall 2008 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2007 cohort.

Fall 2008 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall **2008**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall **2008**.

- **B4.** Initial **2008** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: **1,808**
- **B5.** Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: **0**
- **B6.** Final **2008** cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: **1,808** (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
- **B7.** Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2012): <u>358</u>
- **B8**. Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013): <u>461</u>
- **B9.** Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014): **197**
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): <u>1,016</u>

B11. Six-year graduation rate for **2008** cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): **56.2** %

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2013 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2013 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2014? **78.9** %

Common Data Set 2014-2015 C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2014. Include	e early decision, early action, and students who began studies						
during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.							
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	<u>2,948</u> <u>4,656</u>						
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	2,215 3,705						
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	<u>740</u> <u>16</u>						
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled							
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requipments availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Ye If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2014 admissions:	_						
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted							
Is your waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?							
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	requirement for degree-seeking entering students:						
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-p	reparatory program for degree-seeking students?						
Require							
☐ Recommend☐ Neither require nor recommend							

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	22	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science	3	
Of these, units that must be lab		
Foreign language		
Social studies	3	
History		
Academic electives	5	
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)	4 other college	
	preparatory courses	

Basis			
Dubib	101		

Basis for Selection C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: No								
Open admission policy as described a Open admission policy as described a selective admission to some programs other (explain)	bove for most students, bu		n for out-of-state stu	idents				
C7. Relative importance of each of the seeking (freshman) admission decis		onacademic factor Important	s in your first-time Considered	e, first-year, degree- Not Considered				
Academic								
Rigor of secondary school record	\boxtimes	П		П				
Class rank		\square	H	Ħ				
Academic GPA	\square	Ä	П	Ħ				
Standardized test scores	$\overline{\boxtimes}$							
Application Essay								
Recommendation			$\overline{\boxtimes}$					
Nonacademic								
Interview			\boxtimes					
Extracurricular activities			\boxtimes					
Talent/ability								
Character/personal qualities				\boxtimes				
First generation			H					
Alumni/ae relation								
Geographical residence	片		×	님				
State residency	H	<u> </u>	님					
Religious affiliation/commitment	H	\vdash	\vdash					
Racial/ethnic status	H	H	H					
Volunteer work	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\boxtimes				
Work experience Level of applicant's interest	H	H	H					
Level of applicant's interest								

SAT and ACT Policies

C8. Entrance exam

A. Does your institution make use of seeking applicants? ☐ Yes ☐	SAT, ACT, or No	SAT Subject T	est scores in adm	ission decisions fo	or first-time, first-	year, degree-
If yes, place check marks in the appro Fall 2016.	opriate boxes b	elow to reflect	your institution's p	policies for use in	admission for	
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used	
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or						
ACT SAT Subject Tests					\boxtimes	
Mac ACT with Writing component reached ACT with Writing component reached ACT with or without Writing corporate C. Please indicate how your institution	equired commended.	red				ns process).
		SAT es	say ACT essa	у		
For admission		\boxtimes				
For placement						
For advising						
In place of an application e	ssay					
As a validity check on the a		av				
No college policy as of nov	* *	<u> </u>				
Not using essay component						
D. In addition, does your institution u	se applicants' t	est scores for a	cademic advising	?		
E. Latest date by which SAT or AC Latest date by which SAT Subject	et Test scores r	nust be receive	d for fall-term adn	nission		
F. If necessary, use this space to clarequired of some students):					dents, or if tests a	are not
G. Please indicate which tests your	institution uses	s for placemen	t (e.g., state tests)	:		
SAT ACT SAT Subject Tests AP CLEP Institutional Exam State Exam (specify):						

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2014, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2014 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	<u>67%</u>	Number submitting SAT scores	<u>1,233</u>
Percent submitting ACT scores	<u>41.1%</u>	Number submitting ACT scores	<u>757</u>

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	Average Scores
SAT Critical Reading	480	580	529.1
SAT Math	500	610	556.1
SAT Writing	470	570	522.6
SAT Essay			N/A
ACT Composite	21	26	23.2
ACT Math	21	26	23.6
ACT English	20	25	22.8
ACT Writing	20	24	22.1

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	1.9%	5%	1.6%
600-699	16.5%	25.5%	14.1%
500-599	48.3%	47.2%	46.6%
400-499	30.3%	21.2%	34.5%
300-399	2.8%	1.0%	3.1%
200-299	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT	ACT English	ACT Math
	Composite		
30-36	5.7%	8.6%	6.5%
24-29	37.9%	32.9%	45.2%
18-23	52.9%	49.1%	39.8%
12-17	4.5%	9%	8.6%
6-11	0%	0.3%	0%
Below 6	0%	0.1%	0%
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first following ranges (report information for those				ents who had high school class rank within each of the you collected high school rank information).	ıe
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating of Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating classes are percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	class uss g class ting class		,	Fop half + bottom half = 100%. high school class rank: 56%	
				shman) students who had high school grade-point ort information only for those students from whom you	ou
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	30.7% 21.6% 19% 16.9%	•			
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	11.4% 0.4%	•			
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0 Total	0% 0% 100%				
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seek Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)					
Admission Policies					
C13. Application fee					
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$70			Yes	□No	
Can it be waived for applicants with financial no	eea?	Ľ	Yes	□ No	
If you have an application fee and an on-line app Same fee: X_Free:Reduced:	lication	option, p	lease inc	ndicate policy for students who apply on-line:	
Can on-line application fee be waived for applica	nts with	financia	l need?	? <u>No</u>	
C14. Application closing date					
Does your institution have an application closin	g date?		Yes	□No	
Application closing date (fall): March 1st					
Priority date: January 5 th					
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted i	for terms	s other th	an the f	e fall? ⊠ Yes □ No	
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decis	ion sent	(fill in on	e only))	
On a rolling basis beginning (date): October 19 By (date): Other:	st _		•		

you

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within _2 weeks if notified thereafter Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): <u>0501</u> Amount of housing deposit: <u>\$400</u> Refundable if student does not enroll? Yes, in full Yes, in part No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? Yes No If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? Yes No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2014 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in
advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
☐ Yes ⊠ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date Early action notification date
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes ☐ No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

D1.			ransfer students? 🛚	Yes No			
		skip to Section					
		ransfer students versities? 🔀 Ye	earn advanced standi es No	ng credit by transfer	rring credits earned f	rom course work c	ompleted at other
D2.	Provide the i	number of studer	nts who applied, were	admitted, and enro	lled as degree-seekin	g transfer students	in Fall 2014.
		Applicants	Admitted Applica	nts Enrolled A	onlicants		
	Men	1,579	1,291	755	•		
	Women	2,182	1,781	941			
	Total	3,761	3,072	1,69	6		
				,			
App	lication for	Admission					
D3.			sfers may enroll:	_ ~			
	⊠ Fall	☐ Winter	Spring	Summer			
D4	Must a transf	for applicant has	za a minimum numbar	of cradits complete	ad or alsa must annly	as an antaring fras	hman?
D4.			ve a minimum number	of credits complete	ed or else must apply	as an entering fres	shman?
D4.	⊠ Yes □	No		•			shman?
D4.	⊠ Yes □	No	ve a minimum number	•			shman?
	Yes If yes, what i	No is the minimum		the unit of measure	e? 24 transferable c		shman?
	Yes If yes, what i	No is the minimum	number of credits and transfer students to a	the unit of measure	e? 24 transferable c	<u>redits</u>	
	Yes If yes, what i	No is the minimum	number of credits and transfer students to a Required	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of	shman? Not required
	Yes If yes, what i	No is the minimum in tems required of	number of credits and transfer students to a	the unit of measure	e? 24 transferable c	redits Required of Some	
	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school	No tems required of	number of credits and f transfer students to a Required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of	
	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College tra	No sthe minimum interest required of tems required of transcript nscript(s)	rumber of credits and retransfer students to a required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of Some	
	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College tra	No tems required of	rumber of credits and retransfer students to a required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of Some	
	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College tra Essay or pe Interview	No tems required of transcript nscript(s) ersonal statemen	rumber of credits and retransfer students to a required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of Some	Not required
	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College tra Essay or per Interview Standardize	No tems required of tems required of transcript nscript(s) ersonal statemen ed test scores	Required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of Some	
	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College transparent Essay or per Interview Standardize Statement of	No state minimum in tems required of transcript inscript(s) ersonal statement ed test scores of good standing	Required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of Some	Not required
	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College transparent Essay or per Interview Standardize Statement of	No tems required of tems required of transcript nscript(s) ersonal statemen ed test scores	Required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission:	2? 24 transferable c	redits Required of Some	Not required
D5.	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College tra Essay or per Interview Standardize Statement of from prior	No s the minimum of tems required of transcript (s) ersonal statemen ed test scores of good standing institution(s)	Required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission: Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	redits Required of Some	Not required
D5.	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is High school College tra Essay or per Interview Standardize Statement of from prior	No s the minimum of tems required of transcript experienced test scores of good standing institution(s) high school gra	Required of All	the unit of measure pply for admission: Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	redits Required of Some	Not required
D6. 1	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is Indicate Ind	No state minimum in tems required of tems required of tems required of temscript inscript ersonal statement ed test scores of good standing institution(s) high school grate): 2.8	Required of All X t de point average is re	the unit of measure pply for admission: Recommended of All quired of transfer a	Recommended of Some oplicants, specify	redits Required of Some	Not required
D5.	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is Indicate all is High school College transparent Essay or per Interview Standardized Statement of from prior of a minimum on a 4.0 scale of a minimum of a minimum of the scale of	No state minimum in tems required of tems required temps required tems required tems required tems required temps required te	Required of All X t de point average is require	the unit of measures pply for admission: Recommended of All quired of transfer applice	Recommended of Some oplicants, specify	redits Required of Some	Not required
D6. 1	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is Indicate all is High school College transparent Essay or per Interview Standardized Statement of from prior of a minimum on a 4.0 scale of a minimum of a minimum of the scale of	No state minimum in tems required of tems required temps required tems required tems required tems required temps required te	Required of All X t de point average is re	the unit of measures pply for admission: Recommended of All quired of transfer applice	Recommended of Some oplicants, specify	redits Required of Some	Not required
D6.]	Yes If yes, what is Indicate all is Indicate a	No state minimum in terms required of transcript (s) ersonal statemen ed test scores of good standing institution(s) high school grame): 2.8 college grade pole): 2.5 for none	Required of All X t de point average is require	the unit of measure pply for admission: Recommended of All quired of transfer applicents	Recommended of Some oplicants, specify	redits Required of Some	Not required

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	January 5 th	March 1st			Yes
Winter					
Spring	September 1st	October 1st			Yes
Summer					

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? Yes No
D11 . Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer Credit Policies
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number 60 Unit type Semester hours
D14 . Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number no max Unit type
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: <u>30</u>
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:

Common Data Set 2014-2015 E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs av	vailable at your institution. Refer to the glossary for	or definitions.
 ☐ Accelerated program ☐ Cooperative education program ☐ Cross-registration ☐ Distance learning ☐ Double major ☐ Dual enrollment ☐ English as a Second Language (ESL) ☐ Exchange student program (domestic) ☐ External degree program ☐ Other (specify): 	 ☒ Honors program ☒ Independent study ☒ Internships ☒ Liberal arts/career combination ☒ Student-designed major ☒ Study abroad ☒ Teacher certification program ☒ Weekend college 	
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.		
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required	d to complete some course work prior to gradu	ation:
☐ Computer literacy ☐ English (including composition) ☐ Foreign languages ☐ History ☐ Other (describe):	Humanities Mathematics Philosophy Sciences (biological or physical) Social science	
Library Collections: The CDS publishers will collect		raries Survey is in place.
	F. STUDENT LIFE	
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) Fall 2014 who fit the following categories:		
	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude internat	tional/nonresident	
aliens from the numerator and denominator)	<u>35%</u>	<u>25%</u>
Percent of men who join fraternities	<u>1%</u>	<u>1%</u>
Percent of women who join sororities	_ <u>1%</u>	<u>_1%_</u>
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -a		<u>25%</u>
Percent who live off campus or commute	<u>42%</u>	<u>75%</u>
Percent of students age 25 and older	<u>0%</u>	$\frac{17\%}{22}$
Average age of full-time students	<u>18</u>	<u>22</u>
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	<u>18</u>	<u>22</u>

F2.	Activities offered Identify thos	se programs available	e at your institution.	
	 ☐ Campus Ministries ☐ Choral groups ☐ Concert band ☐ Dance ☐ Drama/theater ☐ International Student ☐ Organization ☐ Jazz band 	□ Literary magaz □ Marching band □ Model UN □ Music ensembl □ Musical theater □ Opera	Student government Student newspaper Student-run film society	
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coo	operation with Reser	ve Officers' Training Corps)	
	Army ROTC is offered: ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institu	tion (name):		
	Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	tion (name):		
	Air Force ROTC is offered: ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institu	tion (name):		
F4.	Housing: Check all types of co	ollege-owned, -opera	ted, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at	your institution
	 ☐ Coed dorms ☐ Men's dorms ☐ Women's dorms ☐ Apartments for marrie ☐ Apartments for single ☐ Other housing options 	ed students	Special housing for disabled students Special housing for international students Fraternity/sorority housing Cooperative housing Theme housing Wellness housing	

Common Data Set 2014-2015 G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

's final 201	5-2016 academi		is time and provide an attendance will be availab
ons that deri e generally overed by a l plan. Requ alth, or activ	extending from four-one-four puired fees incluvity fees.) Do no	n by multiplying September to Jur blan. Room and b de only charges t	board is defined as double that all full-time students
		CD A DU A TEC	
EAR	UNDER	GRADUATES	_
34		1,0584	
16		2 0606	
' U		3,0090	
96		3,0696	
			=
	e generally overed by a plan. Requalth, or activity of the control	e generally extending from overed by a four-one-four pullan. Required fees included the polar pullant, or activity fees.) Do not pullant, or activity fees.) Do not pullant pu	e generally extending from September to Ju overed by a four-one-four plan. Room and I plan. Required fees include only charges alth, or activity fees.) Do not include option in February 2015. TEAR UNDERGRADUATES 14 1,0584 16 3,0696

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1? $\underline{15\%}$

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	1,270	1,270	1,270
Room only:	8,864	1,478	8,864
Board only:	4,420	2,274	4,420
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:			
Other expenses:	1,658	1,422	1,658

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	410
In-state (out-of-district):	410
Out-of-state:	1,193
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	1,193

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2013-2014 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2013-2014 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below: ☐ 2014-2015 estimated or ☐ 2013-2014 final	
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Forn	nerly H3)
X Federal methodology (FM)	
Institutional methodology (IM)	
Both FM and IM	

	Need-based (Include non-need-based	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based
	aid use to meet need.)	aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants	Ψ	Ψ
Federal		
redetai	19,214,095	0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in		
which your institution is located)	2,516,289	0
Institutional: Endowed scholarships,		
annual gifts and tuition funded grants,		
awarded by the college, excluding athletic		
aid and tuition waivers (which are		
reported below).	19,070,243	8,117,554
Scholarships/grants from external sources		
(e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not		
awarded by the college	626,614	1,818,959
Total Scholarships/Grants		
	41,427,241	9,936,513
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding		
parent loans)		
	21,613,412	18,906,686
Federal Work-Study		
	733,804	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-		
study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal		
Work-Study captured above.)	0	0
Total Self-Help		
	22,347,217	18,906,686
Parent Loans	0	22,038,269
Tuition Waivers		
Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition		
waivers in this row if you choose to report		
them. Do not report tuition waivers		
elsewhere.	15,630,016	21,473,288
Athletic Awards	67,441	3,280,042

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if			
	reporting on Fall 2014 cohort)	1,732	12,336	2,639
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1,551	9,691	1,591
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	984	6,756	1,031
d)	Number of students in line ${\bf c}$ who were awarded any financial aid	971	6,623	958
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	953	6,222	839
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	545	4,305	671
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	245	1,109	78
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	330	1,797	143
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	75.8%	69.8%	55.5%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$13,368	\$12,499	\$8,355
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$9,034	\$8,446	\$5,258
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$4,145	\$4,886	\$4,613
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3,831	\$4,725	\$4,555

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude			
	those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	462	2,345	291
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$9,161	\$9,543	\$6,746
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	39	196	22
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$10,343	\$9,479	\$4,777

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Include:

- 2014 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- those who transferred in.
- money borrowed at other institutions.

H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. 45.7 %

H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans. 45.3 %

H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$ 24,768

H5a. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans. \$ 22,497

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year

	ed in item H1.)
a E E II d	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional scholarship and grant aid is available Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available Institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate egree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: 141 Institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: 141 Institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: 11,546
	otal dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: 1.627,993
H7. C	heck off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other: No other forms are required

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit
☐ FAFSA
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: March 1 st Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): X
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a.) Students notified on or about (date):
b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no If yes, starting date: <u>April 1st</u>
H11. Indicate reply dates:
Students must reply by (date): May 1st or within 4 weeks of notification.
Types of Aid Available
Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Loans
FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. Scholarships and Grants
NEED-BASED: ☐ Federal Pell ☐ SEOG ☐ State scholarships/grants ☐ Private scholarships ☐ College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds ☐ United Negro College Fund ☐ Federal Nursing Scholarship ☐ Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
X		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills		X	State/district residency
X		ROTC			

de details below:	•	 	ow a certain income level

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2014. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty	Exclude	Include only if
who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the		they teach one or
military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-		more non-clinical
doctoral fellows		credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students,	Exclude	Include if they
librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote		teach one or more
part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty		non-clinical credit
status		courses
	E .1 1.	T 1 . 1.
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical	Exclude	Include
credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	E14-	F14-
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction	Exclude	Exclude
of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching		
fellow, and the like		
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(c) faculty on substances of feave with pay	Include	LACIGGO
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(, ,		
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with	Exclude	Include
pay		

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	1,245	267	1,512
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	546	167	713
c.) Total number who are women	563	120	683
d.) Total number who are men	682	147	829
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	289	20	309
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	1,103	247	1,350
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	134	18	152
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	4	1	5
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	4	1	5
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	107	205	312

Note: Law and Medicine are considered as stand-alone graduate/professional programs in I-1-j.

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2014 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2014 Student to Faculty ratio: 13.3 to 1 (based on 15,391 students and 1,158.7 faculty).

Note: Law and Medicine are considered as stand-alone graduate/professional programs in I-2.

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2014 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2014. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	1 TO 9	10 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	50 TO 99	100+	Grand Total
class sections	183	493	307	144	85	109	74	1395
class sub-sections	95	359	291	35	37	20	5	842
Total	278	852	598	179	122	129	79	2237
% of Grand Total	12%	38%	27%	8%	5%	6%	4%	100%

Average Undergraduate Class Size 24.7

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1^{st} and 2^{nd} majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2^{nd} major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1^{st} majors only.

		Bachelor's		Master's		Doctoral Professional		Doctoral Researcher	
Category	CIP Codes	N	0/0	N	0/0	N	0/0	N	%
Agriculture	1	32	1%	11	1%	0	0%	1	0.5%
Natural resources and			270		2,0	v	0,0		3,0 7,0
conservation	3	38	1.1%	14	1.2%	0	0%	2	1%
Architecture	4	10	0.3%	22	2%	27	14.3%	0	0%
Area, ethnic, and gender studies	5	76	2.3%	35	3.1%	0	0%	2	1%
Communication/journalism	9	149	4.4%	11	1%	0	0%	3	1.5%
Communication technologies	10	61	1.8%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Computer and information sciences	11	52	1.5%	6	0.5%	0	0%	1	0.5%
Personal and culinary services	12	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Education	13	239	7.1%	192	17.1%	0	0%	26	13.4%
Engineering	14	179	5.3%	61	5.4%	0	0%	13	6.7%
Engineering technologies	15	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics	16	151	4.5%	35	3.1%	0	0%	14	7.2%
Family and consumer sciences	19	106	3.1%	0	0%	0	0%	1	0.5%
Law/legal studies	22	0	0%	19	1.7%	100	52.9%	0	0%
English	23	94	2.8%	13	1.2%	0	0%	7	3.6%
Liberal arts/general studies	24	9 2	2.7%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Library science	25	0	0%	42	3.7%	0	0%	0	0%
Biological/life sciences	26	196	5.8%	28	2.5%	0	0%	31	16%
Mathematics and statistics	27	23	0.7%	8	0.7%	0	0%	2	1%
Military science and military technologies	28 & 29	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Multi/Interdisciplinary studies	30	29	0.9%	10	0.9%	0	0%	0	0%
Parks and recreation	31	58	1.7%	20	1.8%	0	0%	0	0%

	COL	mnon Dau	1 501 2014-	2013				i	
Philosophy and religious studies	38	29	0.9%	4	0.4%	0	0%	3	1.5%
Theology and religious			045 70	-	34173		0,0		200 / 0
vocations	39	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Physical sciences	40	37	1.1%	30	2.7%	0	0%	25	12.9%
Science technologies	41	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Psychology	42	202	6%	15	1.3%	0	0%	18	9.3%
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services	43	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Public administration n and social services	44	39	1.2%	125	11.2%	0	0%	2	1%
Social sciences	45	318	9.4%	36	3.2%	0	0%	23	11.9%
Construction trades	46	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Mechanic and repair technologies	47	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Precision production	48	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Transportation and materials moving	49	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Visual and performing arts	50	158	4.7%	30	2.7%	0	0%	1	0.5%
Health professions and related programs	51	282	8.4%	116	10.3%	63	33.2%	6	3.1%
Business/marketing	52	682	20.2%	235	21%	0	0%	4	2.1%
History	54	46	1.4%	3	0.3%	0	0%	9	4.6%
TOTAL (should = 100%)		3378	100%	1121	100%	190	100%	194	100%

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (**first-time**, **first year**): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (**for program enrollment**): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.