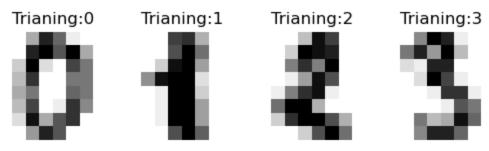
```
%matplotlib inline
In [1]:
        import matplotlib
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn import datasets, tree, metrics
In [2]: pip install seaborn --upgrade
       Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages (0.13.2)
       Requirement already satisfied: numpy!=1.24.0,>=1.20 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-pack
       ages (from seaborn) (1.24.3)
       Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.2 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages (fro
       m seaborn) (2.1.4)
       Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-p
       ackages (from seaborn) (3.8.0)
       Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages
       (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (1.2.0)
       Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages (fr
       om matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (0.11.0)
       Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-package
       s (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (4.25.0)
       Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-package
       s (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (1.4.4)
       Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages
       (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (23.1)
       Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages (f
       rom matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (10.2.0)
       Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages
       (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (3.0.9)
       Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-pack
       ages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (2.8.2)
       Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages (fr
       om pandas>=1.2->seaborn) (2023.3.post1)
       Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages
       (from pandas>=1.2->seaborn) (2023.3)
       Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in d:\app\anaconda\lib\site-packages (from p
       ython-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (1.16.0)
       Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
In [3]: digits = datasets.load_digits()
        _, axes =plt.subplots(1,4)
In [4]:
        images_and_labels = list(zip(digits.images,digits.target))
        for ax,(image,label) in zip(axes,images_and_labels[:4]):
            ax.set_axis_off()
            ax.imshow(image,cmap=plt.cm.gray r,interpolation='nearest')
            ax.set_title('Trianing:%i'% label)
        plt.show()
```



```
In [5]:
         n_samples = len(digits.images)
         data = digits.images.reshape((n_samples, -1))
 In [6]: classifier = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="entropy", random_state=33)
 In [7]: |x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(data,digits.target,test_size=0.2,s
 In [8]: | classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)
 Out[8]: ▼
                              DecisionTreeClassifier
         DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', random_state=33)
 In [9]: | predicted = classifier.predict(x_test)
In [10]:
         _, axes =plt.subplots(1,4)
         images_and_predictions = list(zip(digits.images[n_samples//2:],predicted))
         for ax,(image,prediction) in zip(axes,images_and_predictions[:4]):
             ax.set_axis_off()
             ax.imshow(image,cmap=plt.cm.gray_r,interpolation='nearest')
             ax.set_title('Prediction:%i'% prediction)
```

## Prediction:2 Prediction:3 Prediction:4 Prediction:5

plt.show()

Classification report for classifier DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', rand om\_state=33):

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.86	0.89	0.87	35
1	0.72	0.64	0.68	36
2	0.76	0.74	0.75	35
3	0.69	0.59	0.64	37
4	0.86	0.84	0.85	37
5	0.80	0.95	0.86	37
6	0.97	0.95	0.96	37
7	0.78	0.86	0.82	36
8	0.79	0.82	0.81	33
9	0.72	0.70	0.71	37
accuracy			0.80	360
macro avg	0.80	0.80	0.79	360
weighted avg	0.80	0.80	0.79	360

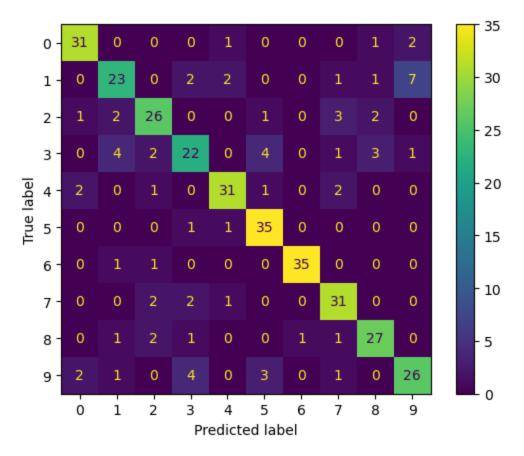
Confustion matri:\m[[31 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 2]

```
[ 0 23 0 2 2 0 0 1 1 7]
[ 1 2 26 0 0 1 0 1 0 3 2 0]
[ 0 4 2 22 0 4 0 1 3 1]
[ 2 0 1 0 31 1 0 2 0 0]
[ 0 0 0 1 1 35 0 0 0 0]
[ 0 1 1 0 0 0 35 0 0 0]
[ 0 0 2 2 1 0 0 31 0 0]
[ 0 1 2 1 0 0 1 1 27 0]
[ 2 1 0 4 0 3 0 1 0 26]
```

D:\APP\Anaconda\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Fu nction plot\_confusion\_matrix is deprecated; Function `plot\_confusion\_matrix` is deprecated in 1.0 and will be removed in 1.2. Use one of the class methods: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from\_predictions or ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from\_estimator.

warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)

## Confusion Matrix

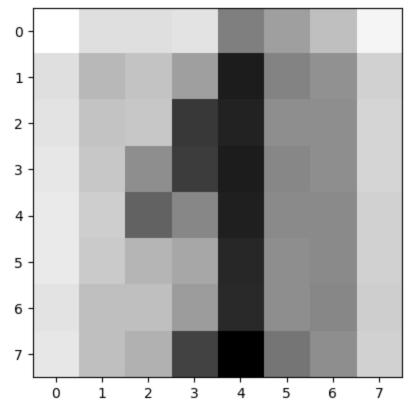


In [13]: from PIL import Image,ImageOps
import numpy as np



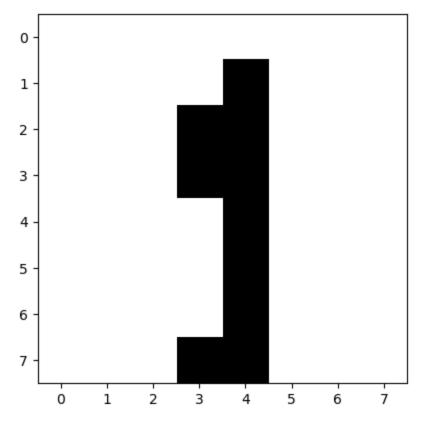
```
In [14]: img = Image.open('1.png').convert("L").resize((8,8))
    img = ImageOps.invert(img)
    im2arr = np.array(img)
    plt.imshow(im2arr, cmap=plt.cm.gray_r, interpolation='nearest')
```

Out[14]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x20918ada750>



```
In [15]:
         img1d = im2arr.reshape([1,64])
         img1d[img1d > 109] = 155
         img1d[img1d < 110] = 0
         img1d
                              0,
                                                                  0,
Out[15]: array([[
                    0,
                         0,
                                   0,
                                         0,
                                              0,
                                                   0,
                                                        0,
                                                             0,
                                                                        0,
                                                                             0, 155,
                    0,
                         0,
                              0,
                                   0,
                                        0,
                                              0, 155, 155,
                                                             0,
                                                                  0,
                                                                       0,
                    0, 155, 155,
                                   0,
                                        0,
                                              0,
                                                   0,
                                                        0,
                                                             0,
                                                                  0, 155,
                                                                             0,
                                                                                  0,
                         0,
                              0,
                                         0, 155,
                                                        0,
                                                             0,
                                                                       0,
                    0,
                                   0,
                                                   0,
                                                                  0,
                                                                             0,
                                                                                  0,
                                                   0, 155, 155,
                  155,
                         0,
                              0,
                                   0,
                                         0,
                                              0,
                                                                             0]],
                dtype=uint8)
In [16]: plt.imshow(im2arr, cmap=plt.cm.gray_r, interpolation='nearest')
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x20918b7c150>



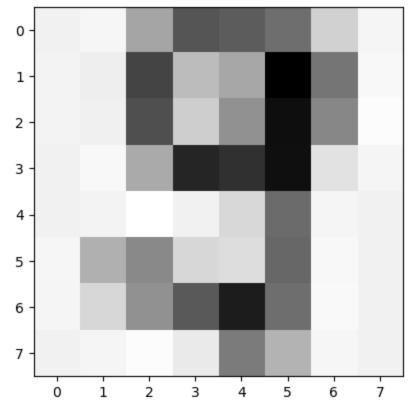
```
In [17]: y_pred = classifier.predict(img1d)
    print(y_pred)
```

[1]



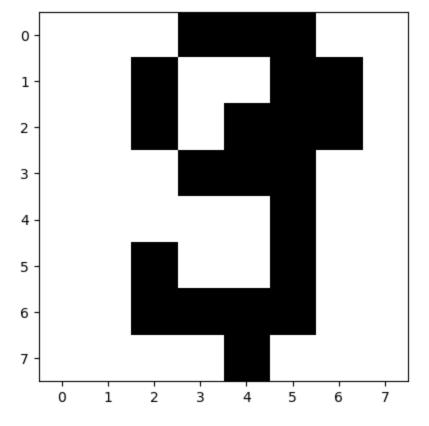
```
In [21]: img = Image.open('9.jpg').convert("L").resize((8,8))
    img = ImageOps.invert(img)
    im2arr = np.array(img)
    plt.imshow(im2arr, cmap=plt.cm.gray_r, interpolation='nearest')
```

Out[21]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x20918df2750>



```
In [22]:
         img1d = im2arr.reshape([1,64])
         img1d[img1d > 109] = 155
         img1d[img1d < 110] = 0</pre>
         img1d
Out[22]: array([[ 0, 0,
                            0, 155, 155, 155, 0,
                                                   0,
                                                        0,
                                                             0, 155,
                                                                           0,
                155, 155,
                          0, 0,
                                     0, 155, 0, 155, 155, 155,
                                                                      0,
                  0, 155, 155, 155,
                                     0, 0, 0,
                                                   0,
                                                        0,
                                                             0,
                                                                 0, 155,
                            0, 155, 0, 0, 155,
                                                        0,
                                                                 0, 155, 155,
                  0, 0,
                                                   0,
                                                             0,
                                     0,
                155, 155,
                            0, 0,
                                         0,
                                              0,
                                                   0, 155,
                                                             0,
                                                                      0]],
               dtype=uint8)
In [23]: | plt.imshow(im2arr, cmap=plt.cm.gray_r, interpolation='nearest')
```

Out[23]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x20918e4a750>



In [24]: y\_pred = classifier.predict(img1d)
 print(y\_pred)

[8]