

Q1. WAP to print unit digit of a given no.

A. #include <stdio.h>

```
int main (C)
```

```
{
```

```
    int num, unit;
```

```
    printf ("enter a number : ");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", & num);
```

```
    unit = num % 10;
```

```
    printf ("unit digit of Number is: %d", unit);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Q2. WAP to print a given no. without its last digit.

A. #include <stdio.h>

```
int main (C)
```

```
{
```

```
    int num, new_num;
```

```
    printf ("enter a number : ");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", & num);
```

```
    new_num = num / 10;
```

```
    printf ("Number without its last digit is: %d",  
                                                    new_num);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Q3. WAP to swap two values of two int variables.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int a, b, temp;

printf("enter first No. : ");

scanf("%d", &a);

printf("enter second No. : ");

scanf("%d", &b);

temp = a;

a = b;

b = temp;

printf("value of first No. is : %d and of
second no. is : %d", a, b);

return 0;

}

Q4. WAP to swap values of two int variables without using a third variable.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int a, b;

printf("enter first No. : ");

scanf("%d", &a);

printf("enter second No. : ");

scanf("%d", &b);

a = a + b;

b = a - b;

a = a - b;

printf ("value of first No. is %d and of second No. is %d",
a, b);

return 0;

}

Q5. WAP to input a three-digit no. and display sum of digits.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main ()

{

int num, n, f, s, t, sum = 0;

printf ("Enter a Number: ");

scanf ("%d", &num);

n = num;

f = n % 10;

n /= 10;

s = n % 10;

n /= 10;

t = n % 10;

sum = f + s + t;

printf ("sum of digits is: %d", sum);

return 0;

}

Q6. WAP which takes a character as input and display its ASCII code.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

char ch;

printf("Enter a character:");

scanf("%d", &ch);

printf("ASCII code of character is: %d", ch);

return 0;

}

Q7. WAP to find position of first 1 in LSB.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int n;

printf("enter a no. :");

scanf("%d", &n);

(n & 1) ? printf("LSB is 1") : printf("LSB is 0");

return 0;

}

Q8. WAP to check whether the given no. is even or odd using a bitwise operator.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int n;

printf("enter a no. :");

scanf("%d", &n);

(n & 1) ? printf("No. is odd") : printf("No. is even");

return 0;

}

Q9. WAP to print size of an int, a float, a char and a double type variable.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

printf("size of int is %d \n", sizeof(int));

printf("size of char is %d \n", sizeof(char));

printf("size of float is %d \n", sizeof(float));

printf("size of double is %d \n", sizeof(double));

return 0;

}

Q10. WAP to make last digit of a no. stored in a variable as zero.

(example - if $x=2345$ then make it $x=2340$).

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int x;

printf("Enter a no. :");

scanf("%d", &x);

$x /= 10;$

$x *= 10;$

printf("No. without last digit is : %d", x);

return 0;

}

Q11. WAP to input a no. from user and also input a digit. Append a digit in the no. and print the resulting no. (eg- no=234 and digit = 9 then no.=2349).

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int n, x;

printf("enter a no. :");

scanf("%d", &n);

printf("enter no. to add as last digit :");


```

scanf ("%d", &x);
n * = 10;
n + = x;
printf ("New no. is : %d", n);
return 0;
}

```

Q12. Assume price of 1 USD is INR 76.23. WAP to take the amount in INR and convert it into USD.

A. # include <stdio.h>

```

int main()
{
    float INR, USD;
    printf ("Enter Amount in INR : ");
    scanf ("%f", &INR);
    USD = INR / 76.23;
    printf ("Amount in USD is : $ %f", USD);
    return 0;
}

```

Q13. WAP to take a three digit number from user and rotate its digit by one position towards the right.

A. #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

int num, last_digit;

printf("enter a three digit no. :");

scanf("%d", &num);

last_digit = num % 10;

num = num / 10;

num = last_digit * 100 + num;

printf("New no. after rotation right by one position
is : %d", num);

return 0;

}