CS 353 HW 3



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```
student (s-id, s-name, department, cgpa)
club (c-id, c-name)
membership (s-id, c-id, since)
      s-id is a foreign key to student, c-id is a foreign key to club
*Only answers are provided for Q1.
     SELECT s-id, s-name
(a)
      FROM student
      WHERE department = "CS" and cgpa > 3.0
(b)
      SELECT c-id, c-name
      FROM student
      NATURAL JOIN membership
      NATURAL JOIN club
      WHERE cgpa > 2.0;
(c)
      SELECT c-id, c-name, COUNT(*) as cnt
      FROM club
      NATURAL JOIN membership
      GROUP BY c-id, c-name
      HAVING COUNT(*) > 100
(d)
     WITH temp1 AS (
            SELECT c-id, COUNT(*) as cnt
            FROM membership
            GROUP BY c-id
      ), temp2 AS (
            SELECT MAX(cnt) as cnt
            FROM temp1
      SELECT c-id, c-name
      FROM temp2
      NATURAL JOIN temp1
      NATURAL JOIN club
```

Q1)

```
Q2)
Students(<u>TCK</u>, sname, sdept, cgpa)
Courses(<u>cid</u>, cname, cdept, credit)
Grades(<u>TCK</u>, <u>cid</u>, grade) TCK is a foreign key to Students, cid is a foreign key to Courses
```

(a) Find the students (TCK, sname) who have taken a grade higher than 90 in a 4 credit course from the CS department.

```
WITH t1 AS (

SELECT * FROM Courses

WHERE credit = 4

AND cdept = "CS"
)

SELECT TCK, sname

FROM students

NATURAL JOIN t1

NATURAL JOIN (SELECT * FROM Grades WHERE grade > 90)
```

(b) Find the CS students (TCK, sname) whose cgpa is higher than 3.50, but have not taken any course from the EE department

c) Find the CS student(s) (TCK, sname) with the highest cgpa.

```
SELECT TCK, sname
FROM Students
WHERE sdept = 'CS'
AND cgpa = (SELECT MAX(cgpa) FROM Students WHERE sdept = 'CS');
```

(d) Find the CS courses (cid, cname) which have been taken by the students of at least 5 different departments.

```
WITH t1 AS (

SELECT * FROM Courses

NATURAL JOIN Grades

NATURAL JOIN Students

WHERE cdept = "CS"
)

SELECT cid, cname

FROM t1

GROUP BY cid

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT sdept) >= 5
```

(e) Find the students (TCK, sname) who have received a grade of 100 in at least 5 courses.

```
SELECT TCK, sname
FROM Grades
NATURAL JOIN Students
WHERE grade = 100
GROUP BY TCK
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT cid) >= 5
```

(f) For each course of each department, find the average of student grades. Give the resulting list in increasing alphabetical order of department names.

```
SELECT cdept, cid, cname, AVG(grade) as average FROM Courses
NATURAL JOIN Grades
GROUP BY cdept, cid, cname
ORDER BY cdept ASC;
```

(g) For each department, find the course(s) (cid) which has the highest of average of student grades. Give the resulting list in increasing alphabetical order of department names.

```
WITH t1 AS ( SELECT cdept, cid, cname, AVG(grade) as average FROM Courses

NATURAL JOIN Grades

GROUP BY cdept, cid, cname

ORDER BY cdept ASC
)

SELECT * FROM t1 t_1

WHERE t_1.average = (

SELECT MAX(average)

FROM t1 t_2

WHERE t_1.cdept = t_2.cdept
);
```

(h) Find the student(s) (TCK, sname) whose cgpa is higher than the average cgpa of his/her department.

(i) For each department, find the student(s) (TCK, sname) with the highest cgpa. Give the resulting list in increasing alphabetical order of department names.

(j) Find pairs of students (TCK) who are from different departments and have taken at least 10 common courses. Each pair should be listed only once

```
WITH t1 as (

SELECT TCK, cid, sdept
FROM Grades
NATURAL JOIN Students
)

SELECT s1.TCK as TCK1, s2.TCK as TCK2
FROM t1 s1
JOIN t1 s2 ON
s1.TCK < s2.TCK
AND s1.sdept != s2.sdept
AND s1.cid = s2.cid
GROUP BY s1.TCK, s2.TCK
HAVING COUNT(*) >= 10;
```