



## Project 3: Paraphrasing sentences

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### Abstract

This paper will focus on sentence paraphrasing.

### Keywords

Paraphrasing, NLP

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### Introduction

Paraphrasing is a widely studied natural language generation task. It aims to generate alternative sentence phrasings that expresses the same meaning. It can be used in tasks such as question answering, machine translation, semantic parsing and data augmentation [1]. In recent years, the emphasis has gradually switched from traditional approaches to more advanced neural approaches, resulting in new directions and architectures.

### Related work

One of the more classical approaches is Rule-based approach. D. Lin and P. Pantel [2] used it for question-answering. They proposed a unsupervised algorithm for automatic discovery of rules. However, the limitations of this and similar algorithms have led to decreased performance.

More recent approaches are based on neural network. With the recent advances (especially the sequence-to-sequence framework) the use of NN became more popular for paraphrase generation. Most of current existing approaches are based on sequence-to-sequence models with combination of Encoder-Decoder architecture [1].

A. Gupta [3] proposed a method based on a combination of deep generative models (VAE) with sequence-to-sequence models LSTM). It is simple, modular and can generate multiple paraphrases, for a given sentence.

For better quality of generated paraphrases a framework was proposed by E. Egonmwan and Y. Chali [4]. It combines the effectiveness of two models: transformer and sequence-to-sequence. The transformer layer learns to capture long term

dependencies, while the GRU-RNN encoder generates the state vector for decoding.

Another challenge is the evaluation of such methods. In general two types are commonly used: automatic evaluation and human evaluation. A more recent study [5] compared those two types. They found out that most commonly used metrics do not align well with human annotation and proposed a new evaluation metric ParaScore. Based on their experimental results the method significantly outperforms existing metrics.

### References

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