ULI101: INTRODUCTION TO UNIX / LINUX AND THE INTERNET

WEEKI: LESSON 2

ISSUING LINUX COMMAND / LINUX COMMAND HELP COMMAND LINE EDITING / ONLINE TUTORIALS / SLGS

PHOTOS AND ICONS USED IN THIS SLIDE SHOW ARE LICENSED UNDER CC BY-SA

LESSON 2 TOPICS

Using Your Matrix Account

- Issuing Linux Commands / Arguments / Options
- Command Help / Command Line Editing
- General Linux Commands

Getting Practice Issuing Linux Commands

- Performing Weekly Tutorials For Marks
- Linux Practice Questions
- Getting Help / SLGs (Student Learning Groups)

Homework

Perform Tutorial I – Investigation #2



Linux Command Structure

command argument1 argument2 ...

Some Linux commands can be issued by entering the Linux command line without arguments (e.g. pwd, date, ls, cal), but some Linux commands can be issued with arguments (e.g. cal 2002, cd /bin, ls -la).

An **argument** can be a file **pathname**, **text**, or an **option**.

Examples:

- The Is command displays a listing of just filenames in the current directory
- The ls /bin command displays a listing of filenames in the /bin directory (as opposed to your current directory)
- The Is -I command displays a **detailed** listing of filenames in the **current** directory
- The Is -I /bin command displays a detailed listing of files in the /bin



Getting Help with Linux Commands

With the Linux OS containing over **2500** commands and utilities, it is good for a Linux user or Linux System Administrator (i.e. sysadmin) to learn about how to use commands "on-the-fly".

The man command can provide information on how to use a command (i.e. usage, arguments, options, examples). The commands are classified into sections or "volumes".

Example:

man Is

If you do not know the name of a Linux command, the **man** utility can be used with the **-k** option to help list Linux commands that match a text pattern that is contained within the help screen for a Linux command.

Example:

man -k copy



Getting Help with Linux Commands / Continued...

You can use the following short-cut keys within the **man** command to help navigate throughout this utility to get help with the specific command.

Keyboard Shortcut	Purpose
ENTER	Move down one line
SPACEBAR	Move one screen down
<ctrl></ctrl>	Move one screen up
/pattern	Search for Pattern
q	quit man utility

MANAGING DIRECTORIES



Instructor Demonstration

Your instructor will demonstrate how to use the man pages





General Linux Commands

Your instructor will demonstrate several basic Linux commands to get practice how to issue **Linux commands** and using **arguments** and **options**.

Shortcut Key(s)	Arguments / Options	Purpose
pwd		Display Current Working Directory
cd	dir-pathname	Change Directory
ls	-l, -a, -R, -d, dir-pathname	List Files of Directory
cal	month, year	Display calendar
date		Display date and time
who		List users logged into server
whoami		Display username of user logged in
clear		Clear Screen
passwd	username	Change user's password

MANAGING DIRECTORIES



Instructor Demonstration

Your instructor will demonstrate how to issue general Linux commands



Command Line Editing

Learning **shortcut keys** in any OS terminal will allow you to be more productive as a sysadmin. We will only focus on a few command line editing keyboard shortcut keys.

Shortcut Key(s)	Purpose
<ctrl><1></ctrl>	Clear Screen
<ctrl><u></u></ctrl>	Clear Command Line
<pre><up arrow=""> ,<down arrow=""></down></up></pre>	Scroll Up / Down Command History
<pre><backspace> , <ctrl><backspace> ,<ctrl><h></h></ctrl></backspace></ctrl></backspace></pre>	Delete character before the cursor
<ctrl><w></w></ctrl>	Delete word before the cursor
<ctrl><a></ctrl>	Move cursor to beginning of command line
<ctrl><e></e></ctrl>	Move cursor to end of command line
<alt>f/<alt>b (Mac: OPTION+Right/Left-Arrow)</alt></alt>	Move Forward/Backward one word

NOTE:

If you are using a **Graphical SSH application**, you may need to configure the application (META settings) to NOT bring up menus by mistake when you issue some of these shortcuts.

MANAGING DIRECTORIES



Instructor Demonstration

Your instructor will demonstrate how to perform command line editing

GETTING PRACTICE ISSUING LINUX COMMANDS



Weekly Tutorials / Linux Practice Questions

There are **Weekly tutorials** that are required to be completed by students for a **2**% grade for <u>each</u> tutorial. These tutorials are usually due by the following week by Friday @ midnight.

These tutorials are designed to provide you guided hands-on practice with Linux commands and operations that will help you get troubleshooting practice.

NOTE: Students that do NOT complete ALL parts of each weekly tutorial will NOT obtain the full 2% grade.

Linux Practice Questions are at the end of each weekly tutorial. Although these practice Linux questions are NOT for marks, they are useful for studying for quizzes and tests.



GETTING PRACTICE ISSUING LINUX COMMANDS



Review Tutorials

Is a **Review Tutorial module** that students perform to answer questions to test their Unix/Linux Knowledge. The review tutorial is **worth a total of 8%** which is broken down into **2 general sections** worth **4%**.

As students correctly answer questions within a section, they can proceed to the next section. If the student cannot answer a question, they cannot proceed to the next question.

Students will need to successfully complete ALL sections in order to receive the 8% grade. This review tutorial module is **due at the end of the semester** (refer to the Weekly Schedule for the due date).

```
What section you want to play next? Enter that number (1 - 3, 6 - 10):

1 - Lab navigation
2 - Introduction
3 - VIm and vintutor
6 - File Permissions
7 - Directory Permissions
8 - g/re/p and regular expressions
9 - sed and awk
10 - Scripting

Last Update: Thu, Dec 16 at 05:55 pm EST approximately
```

GETTING PRACTICE ISSUING LINUX COMMANDS



Need Additional Help? Try the Learning Centre:

https://library.senecacollege.ca/learningcentre

ONE-ON-ONE TUTORING

Appointments focused on your individual needs that explain course concepts.

SUPPORTED LEARNING GROUPS (SLG)

Student-led and collaborative study sessions that review practical examples based on the course's content. Link: https://library.senecacollege.ca/learningcentre/slg

ENGLISH LANGUAGE SUPPORT

Offered through individual appointments or group learning sessions to focus on grammar, academic writing, conversation, and pronunciation.

STUDY SKILLS

Learn time management, exam preparation, critical thinking, note-taking, and reading.

HOMEWORK

- I. Get Acquainted with the **ULII0I WIKI**, notes, tutorials and resources.
- Perform the following investigations in Tutorial I
 (Due: Friday Week 2 @ midnight for a 2% grade):
 - INVESTIGATION 2: USING THE LINUX SHELL / ONLINE ASSIGNMENTS
 - LINUX PRACTICE QUESTIONS (Questions 1-9)