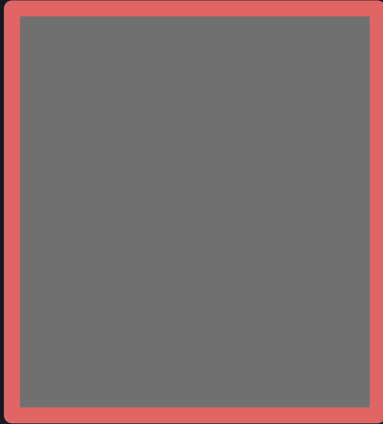


Unit Testing in JavaScript: Jest

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About us



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```
1 Index {
2
3
4     01 History
5     02 What is Unit Testing?
6     03 How to install
7     04 Syntax and How to use
8     05 Matchers
9     06 Tips & Tricks
10    07 Bibliography
11
12
13 }
14
```

```
1
2 01 {
3
4
5   [History]
6
7   < How it all began >
8
9
10
11
12 }
13
14
```

The beginning of 'Unit Testing' {

< For the first 50 years of computer history, **unit testing** and **debugging** were essentially the same thing >

< **Kent Bent** created JUnit. He called the approach **unit test** >

}



< Kent Bent >

The evolution to 'TDD' {

< The combination of **code refactoring** and **unit testing** led to **Test-Driven Development** >

< In **TDD**, code must be testable before it is even created >

}



< Martin Fowler >

02 {

[What is Unit Testing]

< How does it works? >

}

Software development methodology {

- Simple
- Quality code
- Supported by many languages

}



What is it about? {

1. Write your code
2. Write tests which verify certain functionalities of your code
3. Execute tests
4. Fix errors on your code and repeat

}



Other methodologies {

- Test Driven Development (TDD)
- Snapshot Testing (modern approach)
- Behavior-Driven Development, an extension of TDD (BDD)

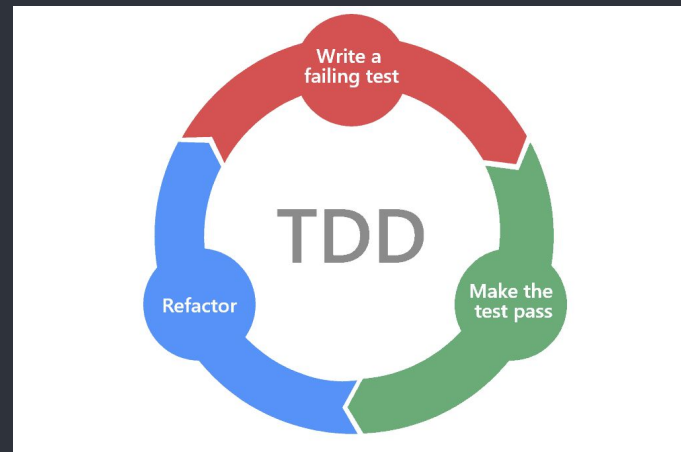
}



Approach to TDD {

- Code must be testable even before it's created

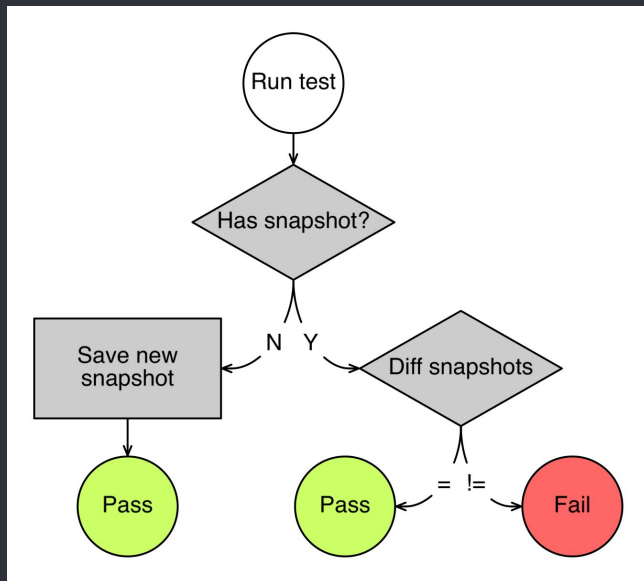
}



Modern approach of testing {

- Capturing code outputs (**snapshot**)
- Compare new outputs to the snapshot and see the differences

}



Advantages of UT {

- Early bug detection
- Eases code comprehension
- Safe refactoring of code
- Measure of quality

}

Disadvantages of UT {

- High initial cost
- Possible lack of code covering
- Sensitive to frequent code changes
- UT does not increase development time if done well!

}

Unit Testing frameworks {

- Python: PyUnit
- Java: JUnit o TestNG
- C#: NUnit
- Ruby: RSpec o Test::Unit (LPP)
- C++: Google Test (IB)
- JavaScript: Mocha o Jest (PAI)

}

03 {

[Installation]

< In few steps >

}

About Jest {

'What is Jest?'

<Jest is a JavaScript testing framework designed to ensure correctness of any JavaScript codebase >

'Advantages/Features'

- 1.-- Zero configuration needed;
- 2.-- Fast;
- 3.-- Built in code coverage;
- 4.-- Isolated and Sandboxed tests;
- 5.-- Support Snapshot Testing;

}

Jest Installation 'Step by Step' {

Step 01 yarn add --dev jest

Step 02 npm install --save-dev jest

'What if I want to install the module globally?'

Step 01 npm install -g jest

}

Installation of Jest In a Node-based project 'Step by Step' {

Step 01 Create a folder/directory with a name as your project name, for example → `mkdir myFirstNodeProject`

Step 02 `cd myFirstNodeProject; npm init`

Step 03 Keep Pressing Enter

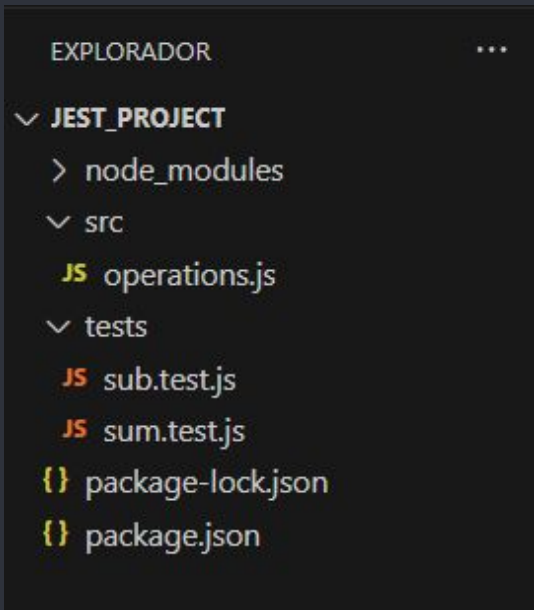
Step 04 `npm install --save-dev jest`

Step 05 Configure the npm test script to run the Jest tests i.e. when the command '**npm test**' is executed

}

```
1 package.json {
2   "name": "jest-e2e",
3   "version": "1.0.0",
4   "description": "",
5   "main": "index.js",
6   "scripts": {
7     "test": "jest"
8   },
9   "author": "",
10  "license": "ISC",
11  "dependencies": {
12    "jest": "^25.1.0"
13  }
14 }
```

Directory structure {



1. All 'useful' code in ./src/ directory
2. All tests in ./tests/ directory
3. **Test files** names like 'unit.test.js'

Note when using ES Modules {

- ES Modules are not the default option in Node.
- In order to use them instead of CommonJS, we need to change our package.json:

```
"type": "module",  
  ▶ Depurar  
  "scripts": {  
    | "test": "node --experimental-vm-modules node_modules/jest/bin/jest.js"  
  },
```

}

04 {

[Syntax and How to use]

< With examples! >

}

describe keyword {

- Defines a group of related **tests** about some specific feature in our code.
- Takes two arguments:
 - **String** : *name* → Description of our group of tests.
 - **Function** : *fn* → Function which contains all of our **tests**.
- Best practice: One **describe** per class or function

}

test keyword {

- Defines a group of **expectations** about an even more concrete aspect of our code described by the **describe** the test is surrounded by.
- Takes two arguments:
 - **String** : *name* → Description of our test.
 - **Function** : *fn* → Function which contains all of our **expectations**.
 - **Number** : *timeout* → Maximum time (milliseconds) for a test to run (default 5 ms).
- Best practice: One **test** per functionality.

}

expect keyword {

- The **expect** function is used every time we want to test a value.
- We will use **expect** along with a "**matcher**" function to assert something about a value.
- Takes two arguments:
 - The value that your code produces.
 - Any argument to the matcher should be the correct value.
- Best practice: Use fairly simple expects so the code is easier to understand.

}

First we need some code {

```
1  'myFirstNodeProject/src/calculator.js'  
2  
3  const mathOperations = {  
4    sum: function(a,b) {  
5      return a + b;  
6    },  
7    diff: function(a,b) {  
8      return a - b;  
9    },  
10   product: function(a,b) {  
11     return a * b  
12   }  
13 }  
14 module.exports = mathOperations
```

Let's create a test {

```
'myFirstNodeProject/test/calculator.test.js'
```

```
//This should be always at the top of the file  
//In this case we are using our calculator example code  
const mathOperations = require('./calculator');
```

```
describe("Calculator tests", () => {  
  test('adding 1 + 2 should return 3', () => {  
    expect(mathOperations.sum(1, 2)).toBe(3);  
  });  
})
```

```
}
```

Let's rewrite it {

```
'myFirstNodeProject/test/calculator.test.js'  
const mathOperations = require('./calculator');  
  
describe("Calculator tests", () => {  
  test('adding 1 + 2 should return 3', () => {  
    // arrange and act  
    let result = mathOperations.sum(1, 2);  
    // assert  
    expect(result).toBe(3);  
  });  
})
```

Test output {

```
PASS ./calculator.test.js
  Calculator tests
    ✓ adding 1 + 2 should return 3 (2ms)

Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total
Tests:       1 passed, 1 total
Snapshots:   0 total
Time:        0.798s, estimated 1s
```

}

Let's create another test {

```
'myFirstNodeProject/test/calculator.test.js'

describe("Calculator tests", () => {
  test('adding 1 + 2 should return 10', () => {
    // arrange and act
    let result = mathOperations.sum(1,2);
    // assert
    expect(result).toBe(10);
  });
})
}
```

Test output {

```
FAIL ./calculator.test.js
Calculator tests
  ✕ adding 1 + 2 should return 10 (4ms)

• Calculator tests > adding 1 + 2 should return 10

expect(received).toBe(expected) // Object.is equality

Expected: 10
Received: 3

    7 | |
    8 | // assert
  >  9 | expect(result).toBe(10);
      |                  ^
    10 | });
    11 | })
    12 |

      at Object.<anonymous> (calculator.test.js:9:20)

Test Suites: 1 failed, 1 total
Tests:       1 failed, 1 total
Snapshots:  0 total
Time:        0.846s, estimated 1s
```


One big describe block {

```
describe("Calculator tests", () => {  
  test('adding 1 + 2 should return 3', () => {  
    // arrange and act  
    let result = mathOperations.sum(1,2)  
    // assert  
    expect(result).toBe(3);  
  });  
  test("subtracting 2 from 10 should return 8", () => {  
    // arrange and act  
    let result = mathOperations.diff(10,2)  
    // assert  
    expect(result).toBe(8);  
  });  
  test("multiplying 2 and 8 should return 16", () => {  
    // arrange and act  
    let result = mathOperations.product(2,8)  
    // assert  
    expect(result).toBe(16);  
  });  
})
```

Test output {

```
PASS ./calculator.test.js
  Calculator tests
    ✓ adding 1 + 2 should return 3 (2ms)
    ✓ subtracting 2 from 10 should return 8
    ✓ multiplying 2 and 8 should return 16 (1ms)

Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total
Tests:       3 passed, 3 total
Snapshots:   0 total
Time:        0.834s, estimated 1s
Ran all test suites.
```

}

1
2 05 {
3
4

5 [Matchers]
6
7

8 < Almost all of them >
9
10

11 }
12
13
14

Equality Matchers {

```
test("equality matchers", () => {  
  expect(2 * 2).toBe(4);  
  expect(4 - 2).not.toBe(1);  
})
```

```
}
```

Truthiness Matchers {

```
1  test("truthy operators", () => {  
2      let name = "Software testing help";  
3      let n = null;  
4      expect(n).toBeNull();  
5      expect(name).not.toBeNull();  
6      // name has a valid value  
7      expect(name).toBeTruthy();  
8      //fail - as null is non success  
9      expect(n).toBeTruthy();  
10     // pass - null treated as false or negative  
11     expect(n).toBeFalsy();  
12     // 0 - treated as false  
13     expect(0).toBeFalsy();  
14 }
```

Number Matchers {

```
test("numeric operators", () => {  
  let num1 = 100;  
  let num2 = -20;  
  let num3 = 0;  
  // greater than  
  expect(num1).toBeGreaterThan(10)  
  // less than or equal  
  expect(num2).toBeLessThanOrEqual(0)  
  // greater than or equal  
  expect(num3).toBeGreaterThanOrEqual(0)  
})
```

}

String Matchers {

```
1
2
3
4     test("string matchers",() => {
5         let string1 = "software testing help";
6         // test for success match
7         expect(string1).toMatch(/test/);
8         // test for failure match
9         expect(string1).not.toMatch(/abc/);
10
11     })
12
13 }
14
```

Number Matchers {

```
test("numeric operators", () => {  
  let num1 = 100;  
  let num2 = -20;  
  let num3 = 0;  
  // greater than  
  expect(num1).toBeGreaterThan(10);  
  // less than or equal  
  expect(num2).toBeLessThanOrEqual(0);  
  // greater than or equal  
  expect(num3).toBeGreaterThanOrEqual(0);  
})
```

}

Floating Point Matchers {

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5     test("adding works sanely with decimals", () => {  
6         let float1 = 0.2;  
7         let float2 = 0.1;  
8         expect(float1 + float2).toBeCloseTo(0.3, 5);  
9     })  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14 }
```

Function Calling Matchers {

```
1      function drinkAll(callback, flavour) {  
2          if (flavour === 'octopus') {  
3              callback(flavour);  
4          }  
5      }  
6  
7      test('drinks something lemon-flavoured', () => {  
8          const drink = jest.fn(); // Spy function  
9          drinkAll(drink, 'lemon');  
10         expect(drink).toHaveBeenCalled();  
11     });  
12 }  
13  
14 }
```

Function Calling Matchers {

```
1
2
3
4
5   test('sum function is called twice', () => {
6     jest.spyOn(mathOperations, 'sum'); // Spy the sum function
7
8     mathOperations.sum(2, 3);
9     mathOperations.sum(4, 5);
10
11     expect(mathOperations.sum).toHaveBeenCalledTimes(2);
12   });
13 }
14
```

Function Calling Matchers {

```
1  test('sum function is called with specific arguments', () => {  
2  
3      jest.spyOn(mathOperations, 'sum');  
4  
5      mathOperations.sum(2, 3);  
6  
7      expect(mathOperations.sum).toHaveBeenCalledWith(2, 3);  
8  
9      mathOperations.sum(4, 5);  
10  
11      expect(mathOperations.sum).toHaveBeenCalledWith(4, 5);  
12  });  
13  }  
14
```

Function Calling Matchers {

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6 test('sum function is called and has returned a value', () => {  
7     jest.spyOn(mathOperations, 'sum');  
8     mathOperations.sum(2, 3);  
9     expect(mathOperations.sum).toHaveReturned();  
10 });  
11  
12  
13  
14 }
```

Function Calling Matchers {

```
1  test('sum returns twice', () => {
2
3      jest.spyOn(mathOperations, 'sum');
4
5      mathOperations.sum.mockClear();
6
7      mathOperations.sum(2, 3);
8      mathOperations.sum(5, 4);
9
10     expect(mathOperations.sum).toHaveReturnedTimes(2);
11 });
12
13 }
14
```

Function Calling Matchers {

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5 test('sum function is called and returns a specific value', () => {  
6   jest.spyOn(mathOperations, 'sum');  
7   const result = mathOperations.sum(3, 4);  
8   expect(mathOperations.sum).toHaveReturnedWith(7);  
9   });  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14 }
```

Function Calling Matchers {

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6 test('arrayExample has a length of 5', () => {  
7     const arrayExample = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];  
8     expect(arrayExample).toHaveLength(5);  
9 });  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14 }
```


Object Matchers {

```
1
2
3   test('carObject has the expected properties', () => {
4     const carObject = {
5       model: 'Corolla',
6       features: {
7         airConditioning: true
8       },
9     };
10    expect(carObject).toHaveProperty('model');
11    expect(carObject).toHaveProperty('features.airConditioning', true);
12  });
13 }
14
```

Object Matchers {

```
1
2
3
4   test('exampleObject properties are defined', () => {
5       const exampleObject = {
6           property1: 'Hello'
7       };
8       expect(exampleObject.property1).toBeDefined();
9   });
10
11
12
13
14 }
```

Object Matchers {

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5 test('expecting undefined to be undefined', () => {  
6     expect(undefined).toBeUndefined();  
7 })  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14 }
```

Object Matchers {

```
1 test('falsyExample properties are falsy', () => {
2
3   const falsyExample = {
4     falsyProperty: 0,
5     truthyProperty: 'Hello'
6   };
7   expect(falsyExample.falsyProperty).toBeFalsy();
8   expect(falsyExample.truthyProperty).not.toBeFalsy();
9 });
10
11
12
13 }
14
```

Object Matchers {

```
test('isIntance of a class', () => {  
  class A {}  
  
  expect(new A()).toBeInstanceOf(A);  
  expect(() => {}).toBeInstanceOf(Function);  
});  
}
```

Other Matchers {

```
1
2
3
4   test('passes when value is NaN', () => {
5       expect(NaN).toBeNaN();
6       expect(1).not.toBeNaN();
7   });
8
9
10
11
12
13
14 }
```

Array Matchers {

```
1
2
3
4   test('arrayExample contains specific items', () => {
5       const arrayExample = ['apple', 'banana', 'orange'];
6       expect(arrayExample).toContain('banana');
7       expect(arrayExample).not.toContain('kiwi');
8   });
9
10
11
12
13 }
14
```

Object Matchers {

```
test('2 variables are equal', () => {  
  const number1 = 10;  
  const number2 = number1;  
  expect(number1).toEqual(number2);  
})  
}
```


Object Matchers {

```
class LaCroix {
  constructor(flavor) {
    this.flavor = flavor;
  }
}

describe('the La Croix cans on my desk', () => {
  test('are not semantically the same', () => {
    expect(new LaCroix('lemon')).toEqual({flavor: 'lemon'});
    expect(new LaCroix('lemon')).not.toStrictEqual({flavor: 'lemon'});
  });
});
```

Exception Matchers {

```
function throwErrorExample() {  
  throw new Error('This is a custom error message');  
}  
  
test('throwErrorExample throws an error', () => {  
  // Assert that throwErrorExample throws an error  
  expect(() => throwErrorExample()).toThrow();  
});  
}
```

06 {

[Tips & Tricks]

< Fancy ways to display your tests >

}

Jest Hooks {

- Special functions which execute in certain circumstances.
- They must be written inside a ***describe***, therefore, they only work inside that ***describe***.
- In Jest, we have four hooks:
 - `beforeAll()`
 - `afterAll()`
 - `beforeEach()`
 - `afterEach()`
- A hook takes a function as a parameter.

}

beforeAll & afterAll {

- Both functions will execute one time per ***describe***.
- **beforeAll** always executes first inside a ***describe***.
- **afterAll** always executes last inside a ***describe***.
- **beforeAll** is useful for setting up our tests environment (shared variables between tests ,etc.)
- **afterAll** is often used for cleaning up purposes (less used).

}

beforeAll & afterAll

```
describe('database connection', () => {  
  let db;  
  beforeAll(() => {  
    db = new Database();  
    db.connect();  
  });  
  
  afterAll(() => {  
    db.disconnect();  
  });  
  
  test('database should be connected', () => {  
    expect(db.isConnected).toBe(true);  
  });  
  
  test('example test', () => {  
    expect(db.someMethod()).toBe(someExpectedValue);  
  });  
});
```

beforeEach & afterEach {

- Both functions will execute one time per **test**.
- **beforeEach** always executes first inside a **test**.
- **afterEach** always executes last inside a **test**.
- Both of them are useful for testing container data structures due to the frequent insertion or deletion of elements inside it.

}

beforeEach & afterEach

```
describe('list manager', () => {  
  let list;  
  beforeEach(() => {  
    list = new ListManager();  
    list.addItem('item1');  
    list.addItem('item2');  
  });  
  
  afterEach(() => {  
    list.clearList();  
  });  
  
  test('addItem should add an item to the list', () => {  
    list.addItem('item3');  
    expect(list.items).toEqual(['item1', 'item2', 'item3']);  
  });  
  
  test('removeItem should remove an item from the list', () => {  
    list.removeItem('item2');  
    expect(list.items).toEqual(['item1']);  
  });  
});
```


Jest HTML Reporter {

- Console is fine, but not very human-friendly (particularly in 2024).
- Show your test results in a kind and cute website.
- Very easy to setup.

- **Installation:**

```
npm install --save-dev jest-html-reporter
```

}

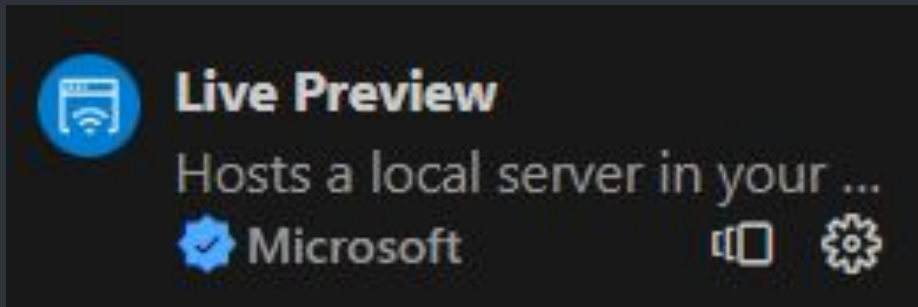
Jest HTML Reporter {

- Add the reporter to the Jest configuration in package.json:

```
"jest": {  
  "reporters": [  
    "default",  
    [  
      "./node_modules/jest-html-reporter",  
      {  
        "pageTitle": "My Amazing Test Report"  
      }  
    ]  
  ]  
}
```

Jest HTML Reporter {

- Now, everytime you execute your tests (`npm test`) a `test-report.html` file will be created.
- In VSC, we recommend Live Preview extension made by MS to show HTML files easily.
- Right Click → Show Preview.
 - Available now in either VSC or <http://localhost:3000/test-report.html>



Jest HTML Reporter

My Amazing Test Report

Started: 2024-01-30 19:17:27

Suites (2)

1 passed
1 failed
0 pending

Tests (6)

5 passed
1 failed
0 pending

√ C:\Users\Juan\Desktop\Jest_Project\tests\yet_more.test.js

0.344s

Yet more tests

subtracting 1 - 2 should return -1

passed

0.002s

Yet more tests

adding 1 + 3 should return 2

failed

0.003s

√ C:\Users\Juan\Desktop\Jest_Project\tests\calculator.test.js

0.276s

Calculator tests

adding 1 + 2 should return 3

passed

0.001s

Calculator tests

subtracting 1 - 2 should return -1

passed

0s

Calculator tests

multiplying 1 * 2 should return 2

passed

0s

Calculator tests

dividing 1 / 2 should return 0.5

passed

0s

Code coverage report {

- One of the most important metrics from a unit testing perspective.
- Measures what percentage of statements/branches are covered for the application under test.
- Even easier setup for Jest.
- **Installation**: Enable coverage report for Jest in package.json.

```
"jest": {  
  "collectCoverage": true  
}
```

Code coverage report

PASS tests/yet_more.test.js
PASS tests/calculator.test.js

File	% Stmts	% Branch	% Funcs	% Lines	Uncovered Line #s
All files	100	100	100	100	
operations.js	100	100	100	100	
yet_more_operations.js	100	100	100	100	

Code coverage report

PASS tests/yet_more.test.js
PASS tests/calculator.test.js

File	% Stmts	% Branch	% Funcs	% Lines	Uncovered Line #s
All files	88.88	100	80	88.88	
operations.js	100	100	100	100	
yet_more_operations.js	50	100	0	50	3

1
2
3
4
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13
14

07 {

[Bibliography]

< Our sources >

}

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- General:
<https://www.turing.com/kb/detailed-guide-on-unit-tests-and-advantages>
- Jest: <https://www.softwaretestinghelp.com/jest-testing-tutorial>
- Documentation: <https://jestjs.io/docs>

```
1 Thanks for Watching!! {
```

```
2  
3  
4  
5     You can ask us any questions right now or here:
```

```
6     alu0101483887@ull.edu.es
```

```
7  
8     alu0101477596@ull.edu.es
```

```
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14 }
```