



Jaime Martín González jaime.martin.gonzalez.40@ull.edu.es



Adrián Suárez Tabares adrian.suarez.tabares.34@ull.edu.es

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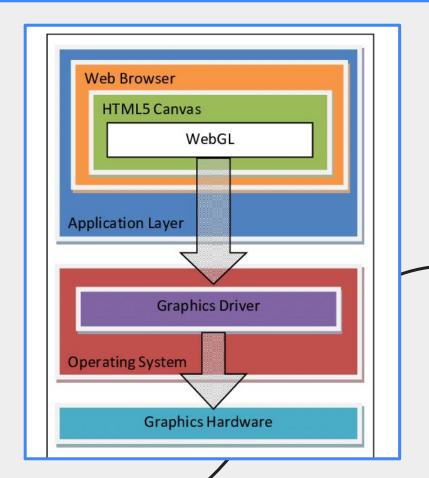
What has been used?

01 Introduction What 's WebGL?

Introduction

What 's WebGL?

- JavaScript API
- 2D and 3D graphics on canvas
- Uses user GPU
- It is a useful tool for frontend



Introduction

Why we should learn something about WebGL?

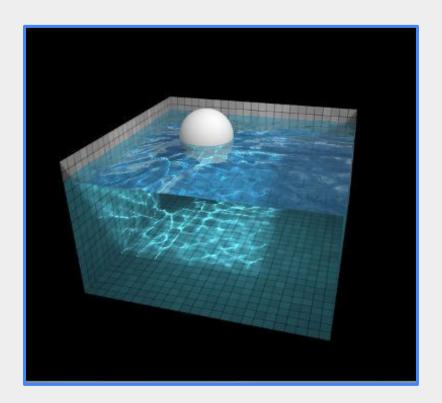
- You can create amazings experiences that would be impossible with JS and CSS
- WebGL benefits from being designed at a low level, very close to the GPU



02 Motivation

What could you do?

Motivation



Motivation



https://innovations.vareximaging.com



https://www.hape.io

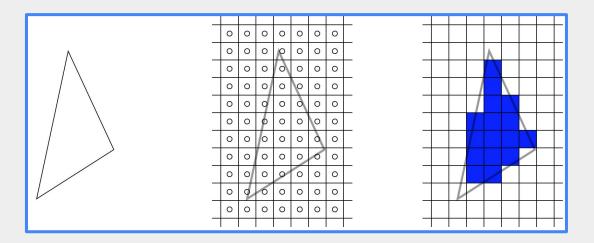
03 Basic concepts

What we need to learn before coding?

Vertex Shaders

Rasterization:

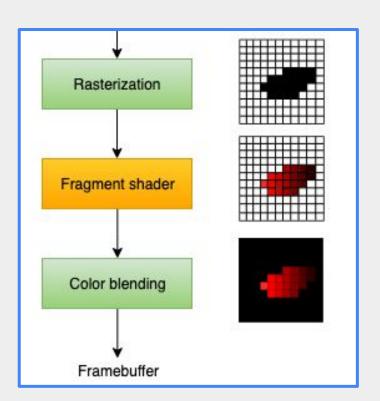
Turn vertices into pixels



Fragment Shaders

Colors each pixel individually

Then returns the image to the framebuffer to be displayed



Buffers

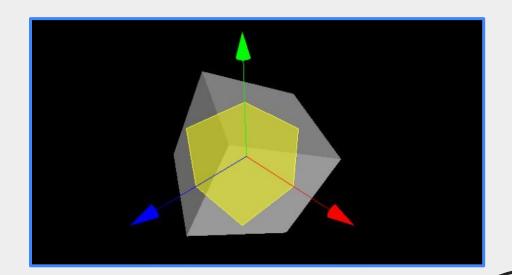
What is a "buffer" in WebGL?

- Types:
 - <u>VertexBuffer</u>: vertex of a 3D Object
 - IndexBuffer: vertex that form a triangle of a 3D
 Object
 - <u>TextureBuffer</u>: texture of 3D Objects
 - FrameBuffer: render textures
- Sintaxis:
 - bindBuffer()
 - bufferData()



Matrix Operations

- Manipulating 3D objects
- Displaying 3D elements in a 2 plane (a screen)
- We will be using a library for matrix operations



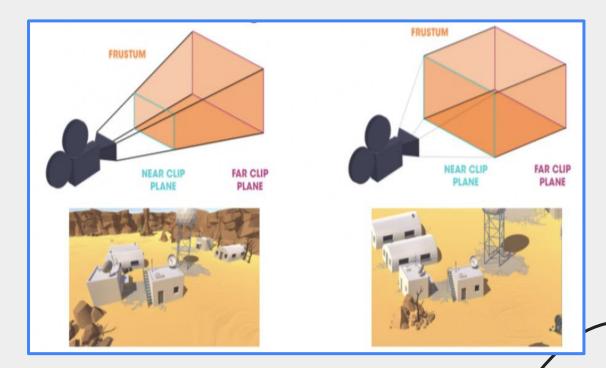
Camera

Main components:

- View Matrix
- Projection Matrix

What we can modify?

- Movement
- Rotation
- Zoom
- Perspective



04 Tutorial

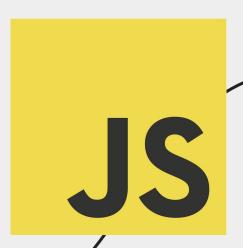
First steps

01 The beginning

Elementos esenciales:

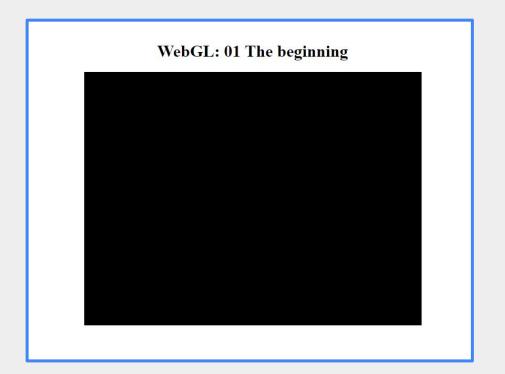






https://github.com/ULL-ESIT-PAI-2023-2024/2023-2024-pai-WebGL-jaime-martin-adrian-suarez/tree/master/src/01-the-beginning

01 The beginning



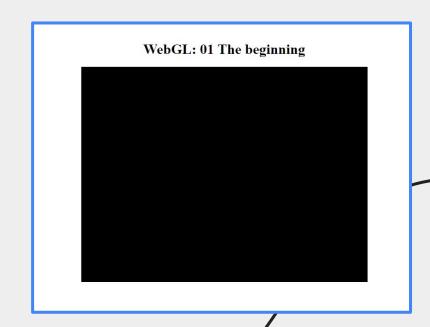
01 The beginning



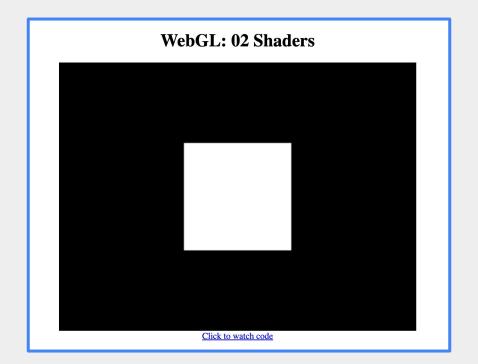
- Create HTML file
- Use a canvas element



- Get WebGL context
- Change color using clearColor()

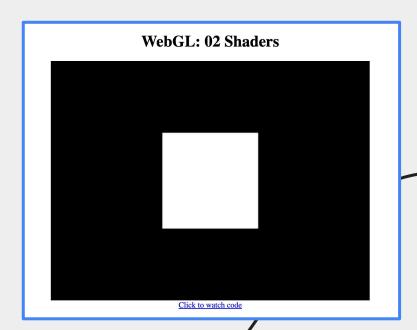


02 Adding 2D elements

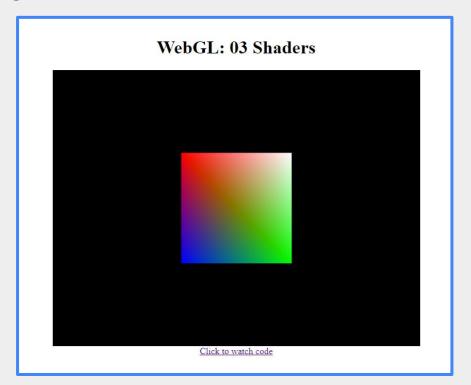


02 Adding 2D elements

- Define shaders
- Create a buffer to store the vertices
- Set the camera

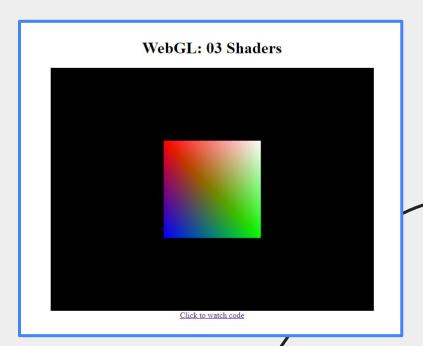


03 Shaders

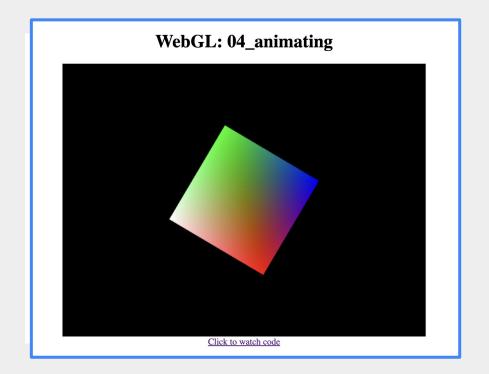


03 Shaders

- Code of 02 2D content
- Define a new buffer (colorBuffer)
 Use varaying variable
- Initialize à color attribute

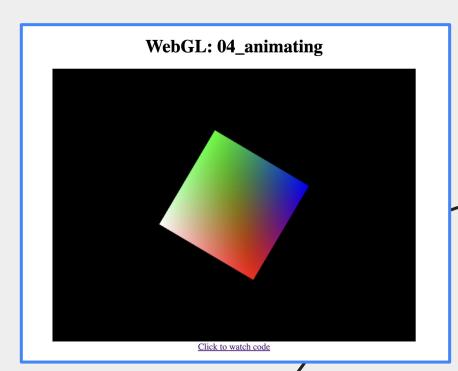


04 Animating

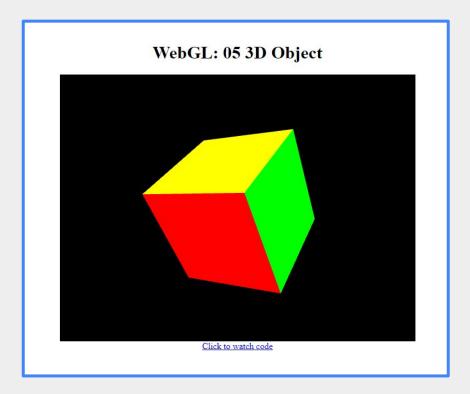


04 Animating

- Change the position of the camera every frame
- Start an animation loop

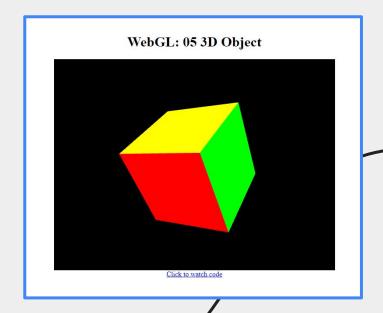


05 3D objects

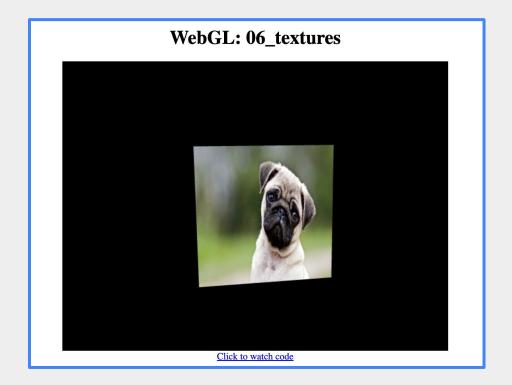


05 3D objects

- Code of 04 Animating
- Define vertex position
- Create a new positionBuffer
- Define vertex colors
- Create a new colorBuffer
- Define vertexs indexs
- Use gl.drawElements() instead of drawArrays()

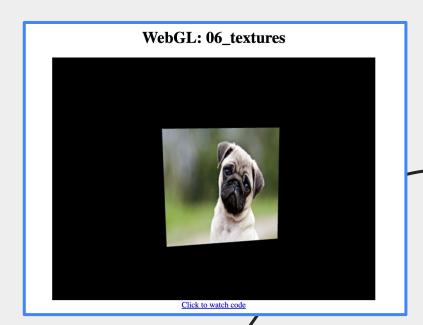


06 Textures



06 Textures

- Load the texture image
- Map the image to the proper coordinates in a buffer
- Update the shaders
- Add the texture while drawing the cube



05 Conclusion

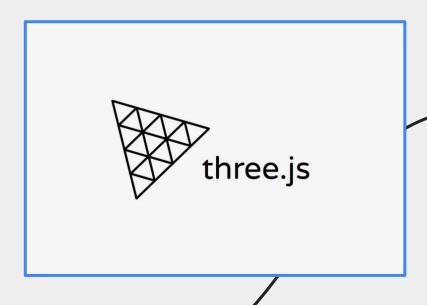
Is it really easy and useful?

Conclusion

- Significant relevance in modern web development Hard to learn
- Very low level

Libraries:

- Three.js stack.gl PixiJs



"A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step"

—Lao Tzu (philosopher)

06 Bibliography

What has been used?

Bibliography

- [1] Tutorial of WebGL by MDN
- [2] All Methods at WebGL
- [3] The best WebGL sites
- [4] Perspective in WebGL