Statistics Part 2

Assignment Questions







Statistics Part 2

- 1. What is hypothesis testing in statistics?
- 2. What is the null hypothesis, and how does it differ from the alternative hypothesis?
- 3. What is the significance level in hypothesis testing, and why is it important?
- 4. What does a P-value represent in hypothesis testing?
- 5. How do you interpret the P-value in hypothesis testing?
- 6. What are Type 1 and Type 2 errors in hypothesis testing?
- 7. What is the difference between a one-tailed and a two-tailed test in hypothesis testing?
- 8. What is the Z-test, and when is it used in hypothesis testing?
- 9. How do you calculate the Z-score, and what does it represent in hypothesis testing?
- 10. What is the T-distribution, and when should it be used instead of the normal distribution?
- 11. What is the difference between a Z-test and a T-test?
- 12. What is the T-test, and how is it used in hypothesis testing?
- 13. What is the relationship between Z-test and T-test in hypothesis testing?
- 14. What is a confidence interval, and how is it used to interpret statistical results?
- 15. What is the margin of error, and how does it affect the confidence interval?
- 16. How is Bayes' Theorem used in statistics, and what is its significance?
- 17. What is the Chi-square distribution, and when is it used?
- 18. What is the Chi-square goodness of fit test, and how is it applied?
- 19. What is the F-distribution, and when is it used in hypothesis testing?
- 20. What is an ANOVA test, and what are its assumptions?
- 21. What are the different types of ANOVA tests?
- 22. What is the F-test, and how does it relate to hypothesis testing?

Practical Part - 1

- 1. Write a Python program to generate a random variable and display its value.
- 2. Generate a discrete uniform distribution using Python and plot the probability mass function (PMF).
- 3. Write a Python function to calculate the probability distribution function (PDF) of a Bernoulli distribution.
- 4. Write a Python script to simulate a binomial distribution with n=10 and p=0.5, then plot its histogram.
- 5. Create a Poisson distribution and visualize it using Python.
- 6. Write a Python program to calculate and plot the cumulative distribution function (CDF) of a discrete uniform distribution.
- 7. Generate a continuous uniform distribution using NumPy and visualize it.
- 8. Simulate data from a normal distribution and plot its histogram.
- 9. Write a Python function to calculate Z-scores from a dataset and plot them.
- 10. Implement the Central Limit Theorem (CLT) using Python for a non-normal distribution.



- 11. Simulate multiple samples from a normal distribution and verify the Central Limit Theorem.
- 12. Write a Python function to calculate and plot the standard normal distribution (mean = 0, std = 1).
- 13. Generate random variables and calculate their corresponding probabilities using the binomial distribution.
- 14. Write a Python program to calculate the Z-score for a given data point and compare it to a standard normal distribution.
- 15. Implement hypothesis testing using Z-statistics for a sample dataset.
- 16. Create a confidence interval for a dataset using Python and interpret the result.
- 17. Generate data from a normal distribution, then calculate and interpret the confidence interval for its mean.
- 18. Write a Python script to calculate and visualize the probability density function (PDF) of a normal distribution.
- 19. Use Python to calculate and interpret the cumulative distribution function (CDF) of a Poisson distribution.
- 20. Simulate a random variable using a continuous uniform distribution and calculate its expected value.
- 21. Write a Python program to compare the standard deviations of two datasets and visualize the difference.
- 22. Calculate the range and interquartile range (IQR) of a dataset generated from a normal distribution.
- 23. Implement Z-score normalization on a dataset and visualize its transformation.
- 24. Write a Python function to calculate the skewness and kurtosis of a dataset generated from a normal distribution.

Practical Part - 2

- 1. Write a Python program to perform a Z-test for comparing a sample mean to a known population mean and interpret the results.
- 2. Simulate random data to perform hypothesis testing and calculate the corresponding P-value using Python.
- 3. Implement a one-sample Z-test using Python to compare the sample mean with the population mean.
- 4. Perform a two-tailed Z-test using Python and visualize the decision region on a plot.
- 5. Create a Python function that calculates and visualizes Type 1 and Type 2 errors during hypothesis testing.
- 6. Write a Python program to perform an independent T-test and interpret the results.
- 7. Perform a paired sample T-test using Python and visualize the comparison results.
- 8. Simulate data and perform both Z-test and T-test, then compare the results using Python.
- 9. Write a Python function to calculate the confidence interval for a sample mean and explain its significance.
- 10. Write a Python program to calculate the margin of error for a given confidence level using sample data.
- 11. Implement a Bayesian inference method using Bayes' Theorem in Python and explain the process.
- 12. Perform a Chi-square test for independence between two categorical variables in Python.
- 13. Write a Python program to calculate the expected frequencies for a Chi-square test based on observed data.
- 14. Perform a goodness-of-fit test using Python to compare the observed data to an expected distribution.

