Hydrostatic pressure and temperature affect the tolerance of the free-living marine nematode Halomonhystera disjuncta to acute copper exposure

Mevenkamp, L., Brown, A., Hauton, C., Kordas, A., Thatje, S., & Vanreusel, A. (2017). 192, 178-183.

The dose response curves were calculated using the log-normal function (LN.2) model from the R statistical package drc. These are the results published in the manuscript:

The Shapiro test results:

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dati.1$ab[location == "publication"]
## W = 0.94878, p-value = 0.6192
This result indicates
The Levene test results:
## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = mean)
## Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 1 0.326 0.5738
## 22
```

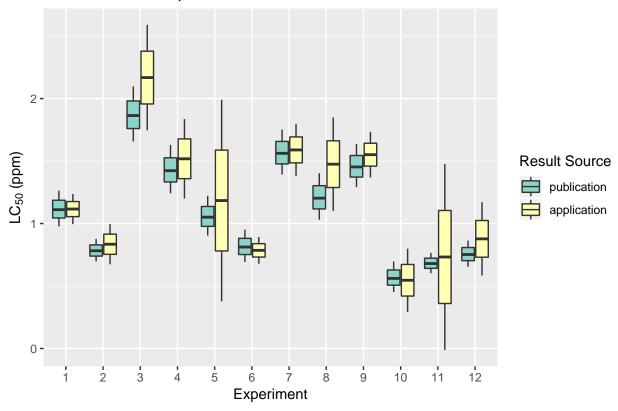
This test result indicates

The anova analysis results between the published data and this application's calculation:

```
## Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## location 1 0.053 0.05252 0.271 0.608
## Residuals 22 4.262 0.19375
```

The anova result indicates no significant difference between the published data and the application's calculation





Effects of exposure to high concentrations of waterborne Tl on K and Tl concentrations in Chironomus riparius larvae

Belowitz, R., Leonard, E. M., & O'Donnell, M. J. (2014). Effects of exposure to high concentrations of waterborne Tl on K and Tl concentrations in Chironomus riparius larvae. Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology Part C: Toxicology & Pharmacology, 166, 59-64.

This example compares the published data from the cited article to results of this web application using the same raw data.

The Shapiro test using the data from the publication:

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: dati.1$ab[location == "publication"]
## W = 0.94878, p-value = 0.6192
```

The result of the Shapiro test with p values greater than 0.05 assume the both sets of data come from normal distribution.

The Levene test results:

The Levene's test result of a p-value greater than 0.05 indicates that the variances for both sets of data are not different.

The ANOVA analysis:

The ANOVA analysis shows that both data sets have statiscally equal means.

The Tukey HSD analysis:

The Tukey HSD analysis indicates that no significant differences exist between the means of the publication results and the web application results.