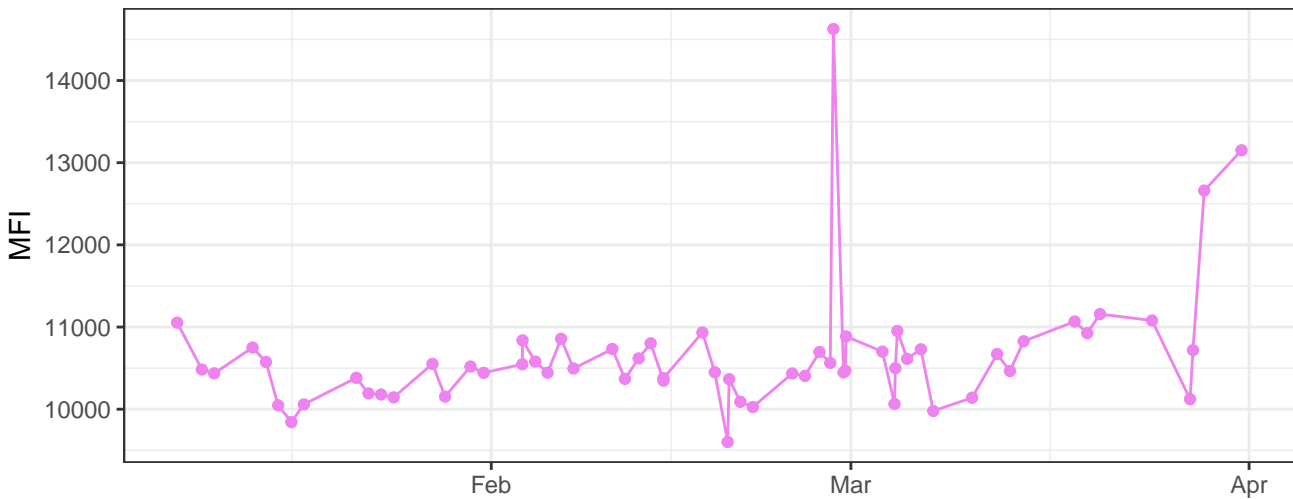
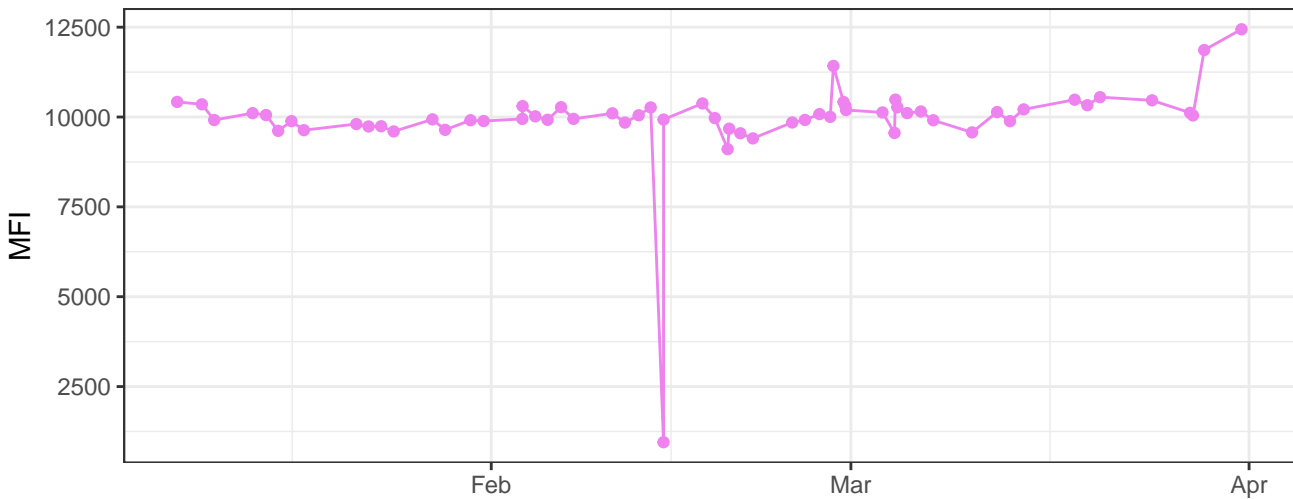


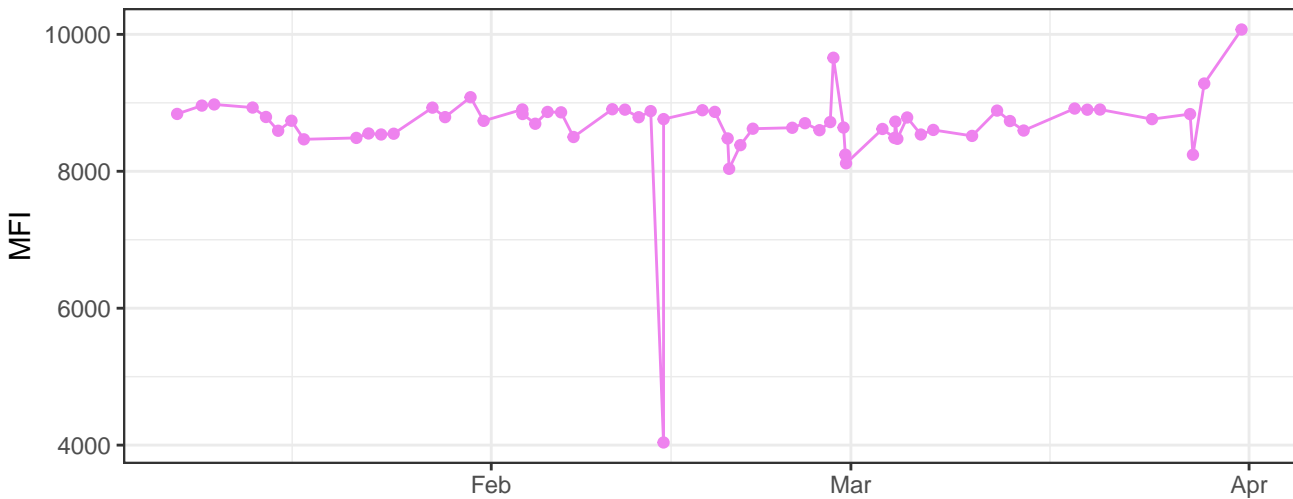
V450-A



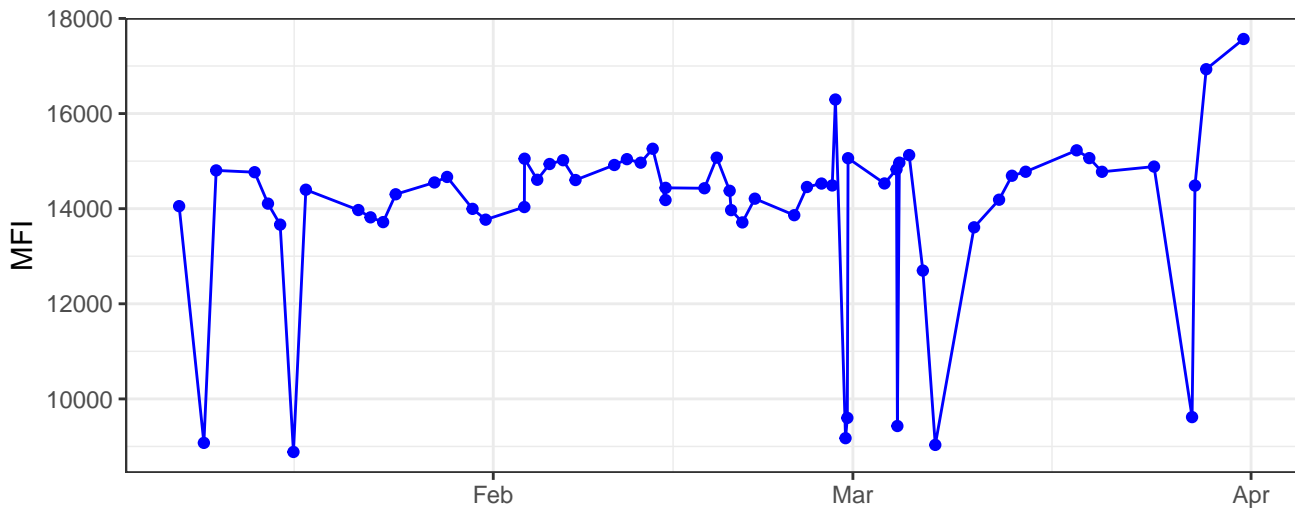
V530-A



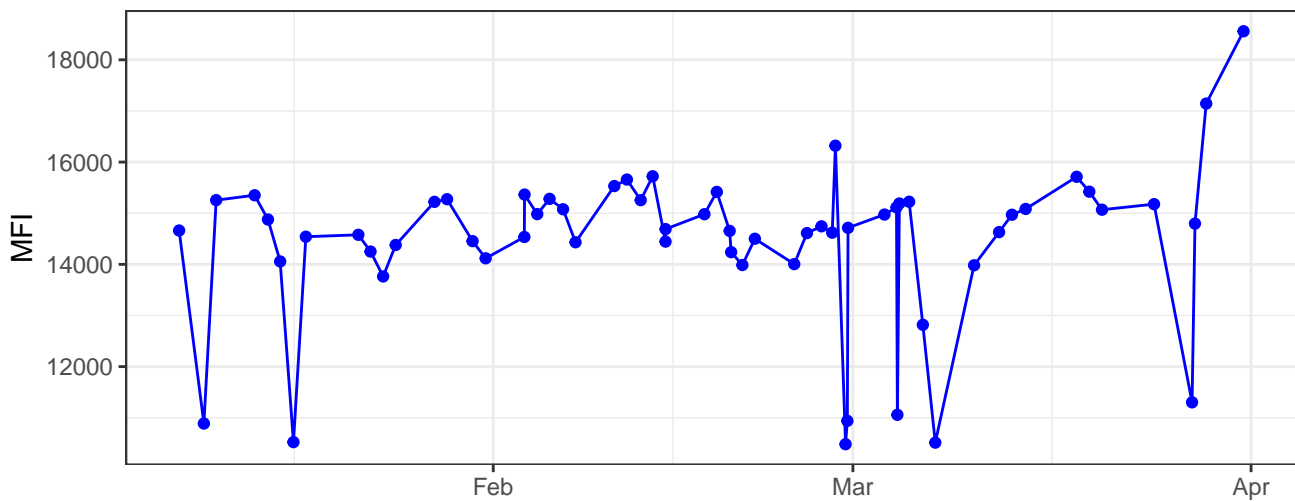
V710-A



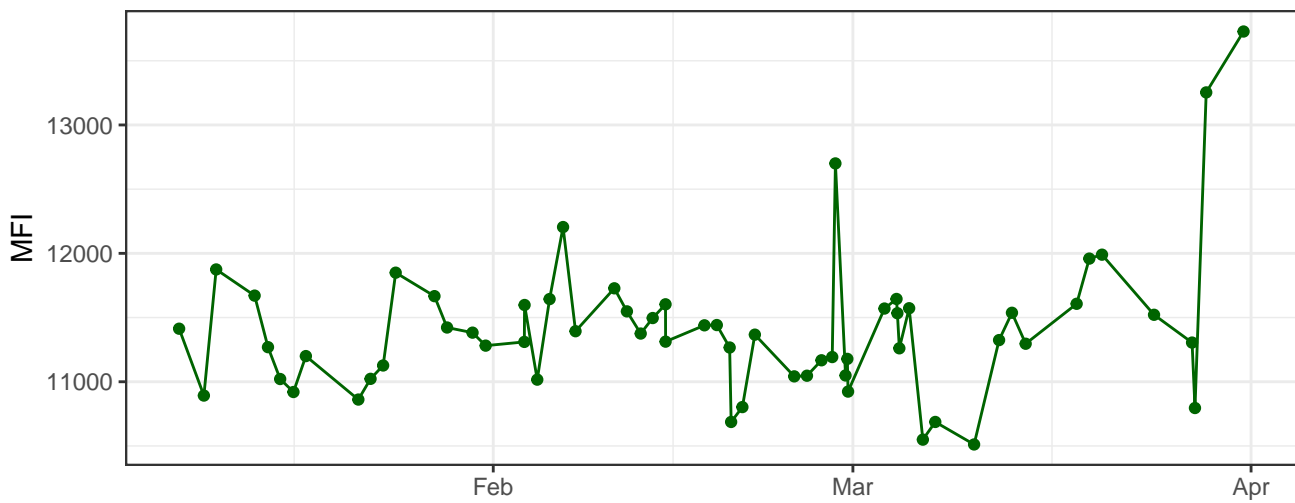
B530-A



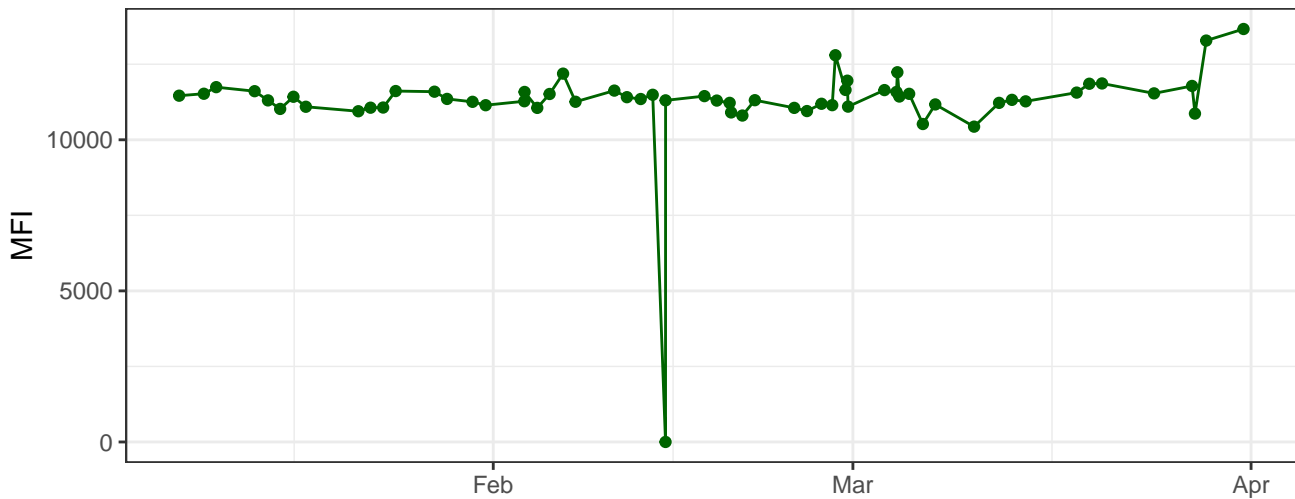
B695-A



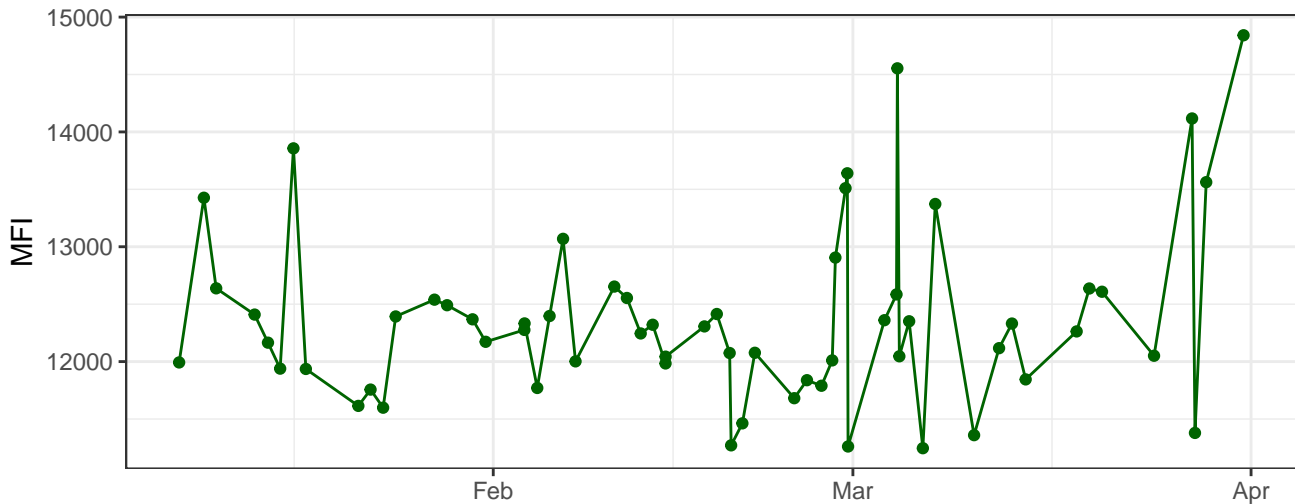
Y590-A



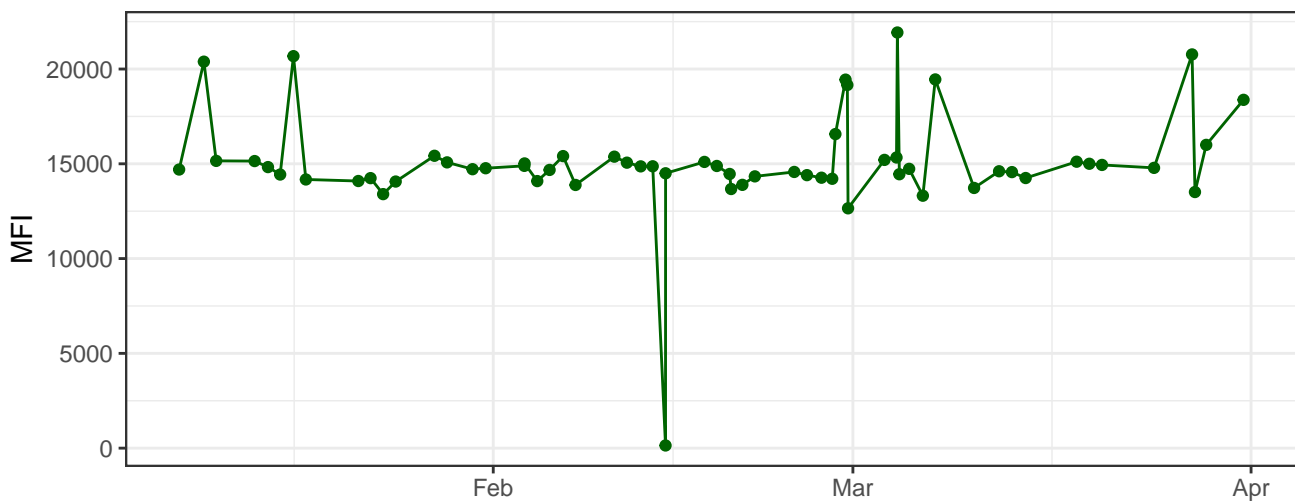
Y610-A



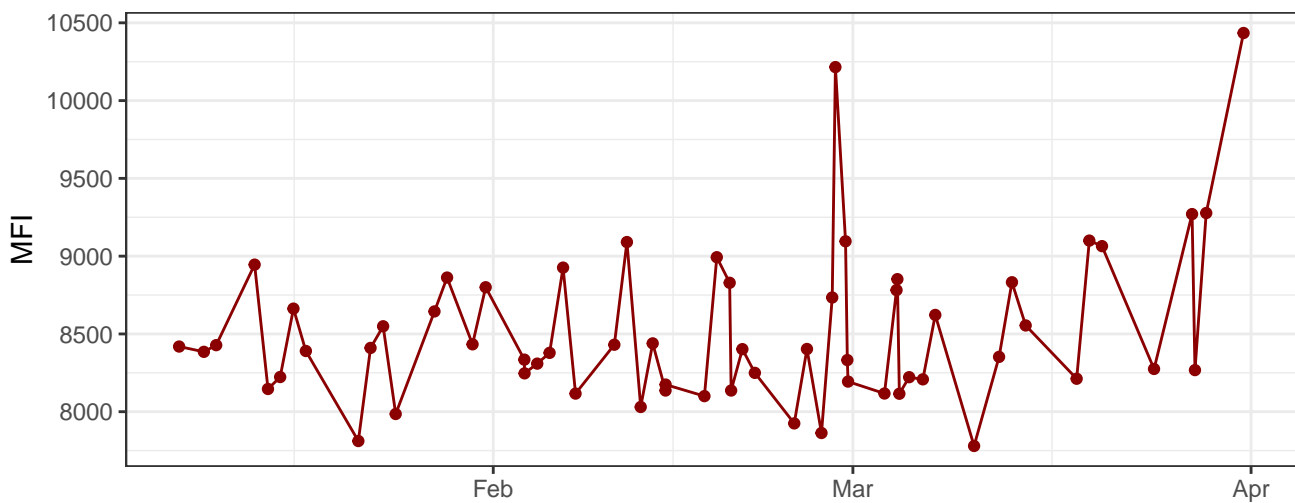
Y670-A



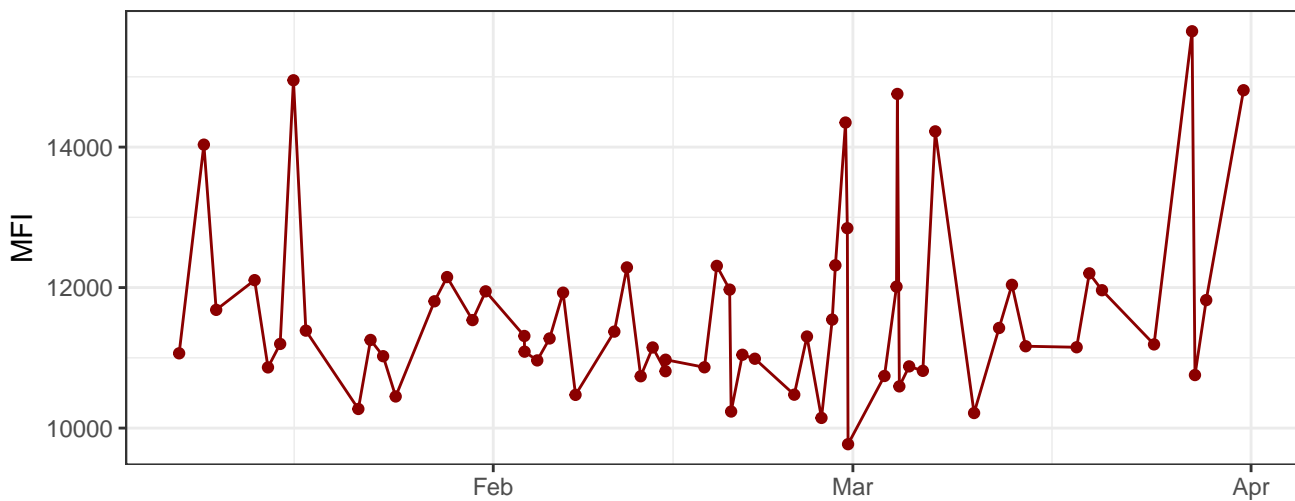
Y780-A



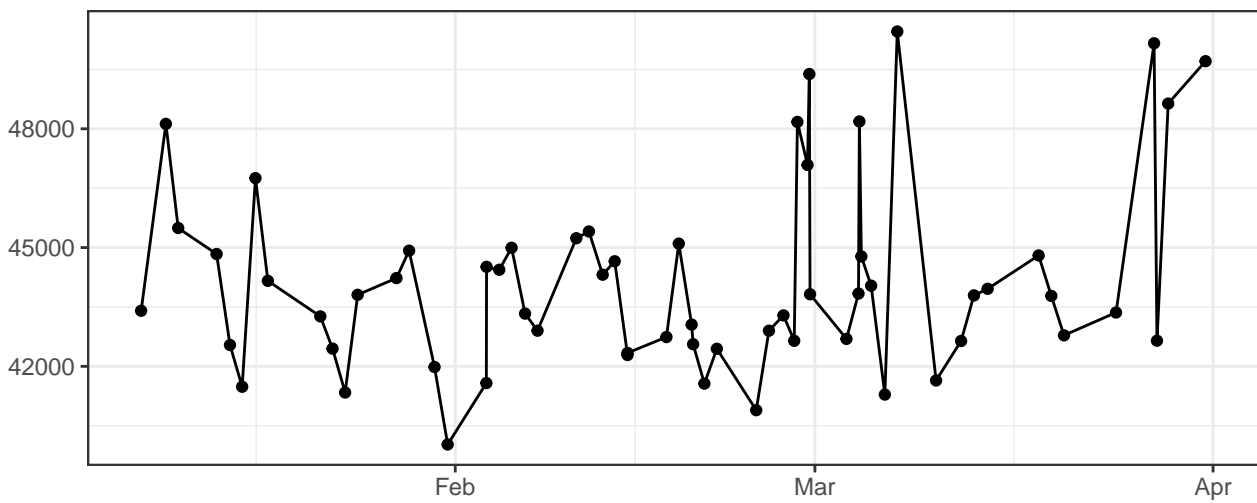
R660-A



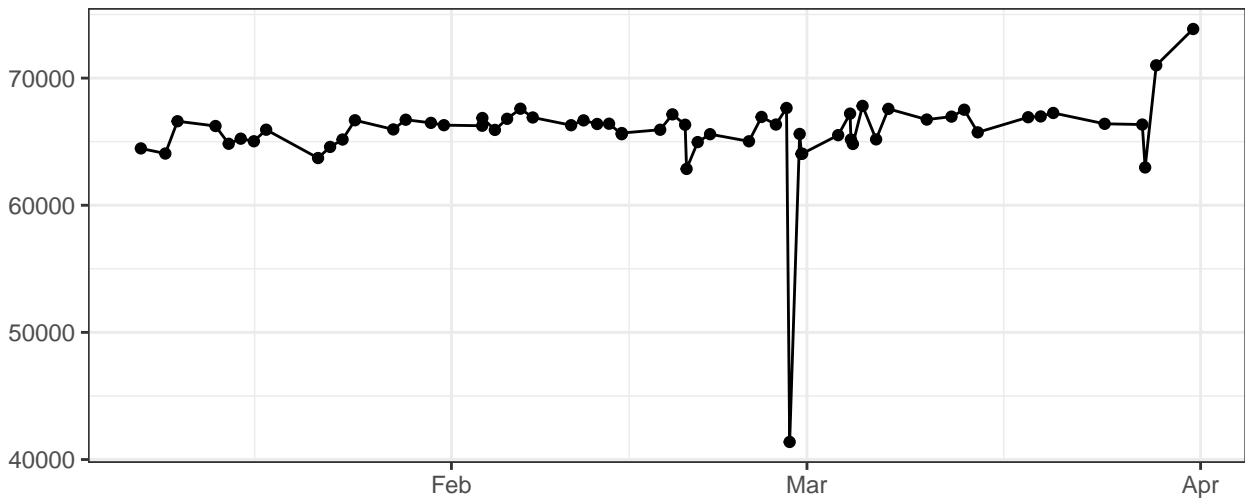
R780-A



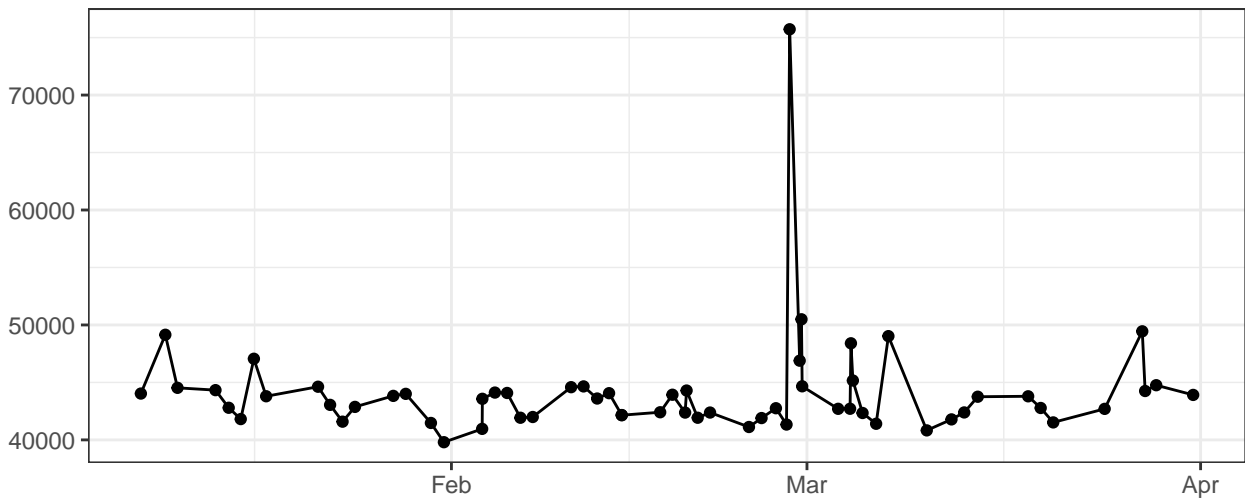
FSC-A



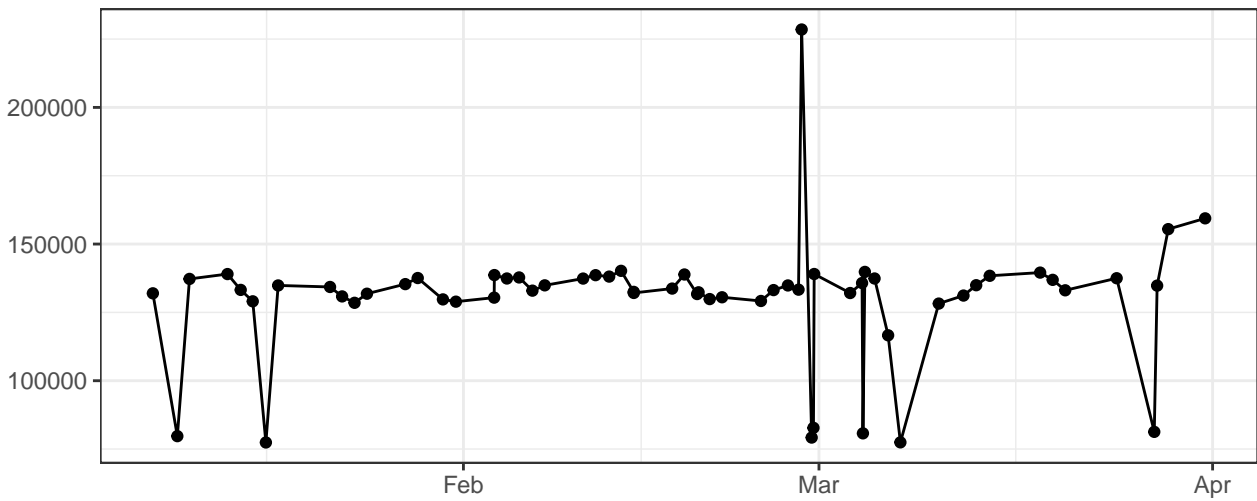
FSC-H



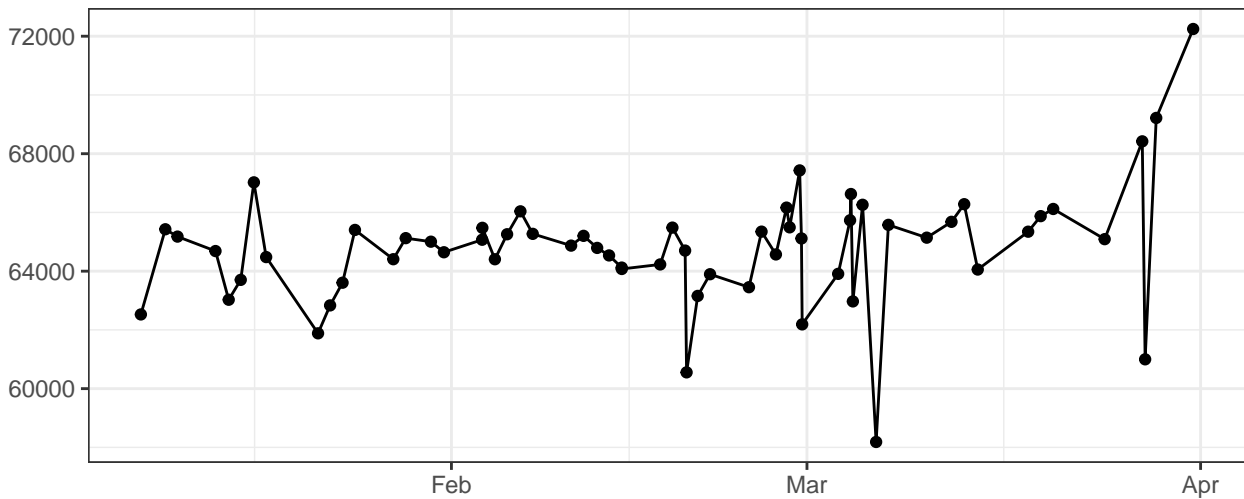
FSC-W



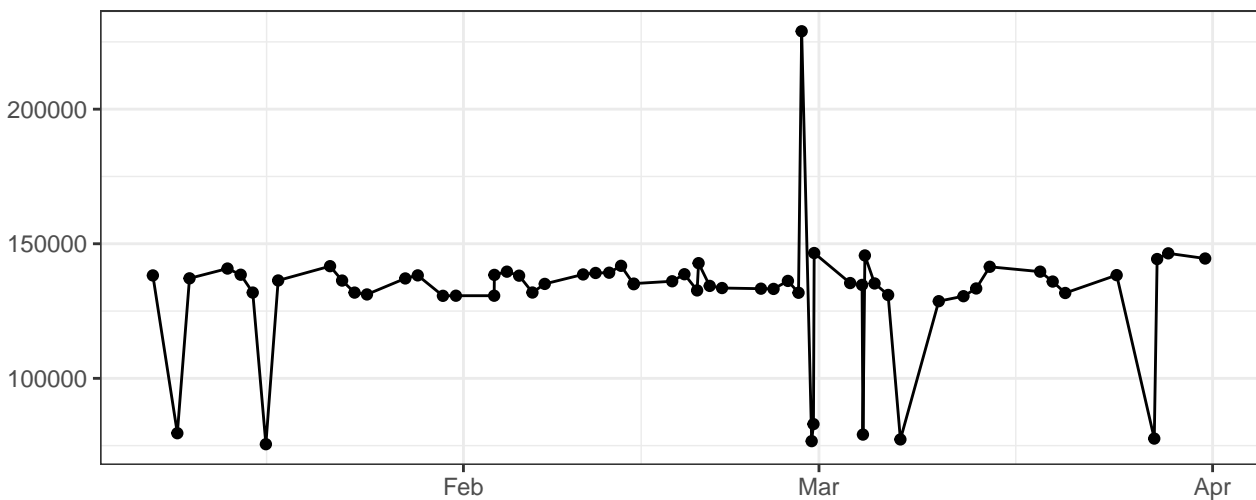
SSC-A



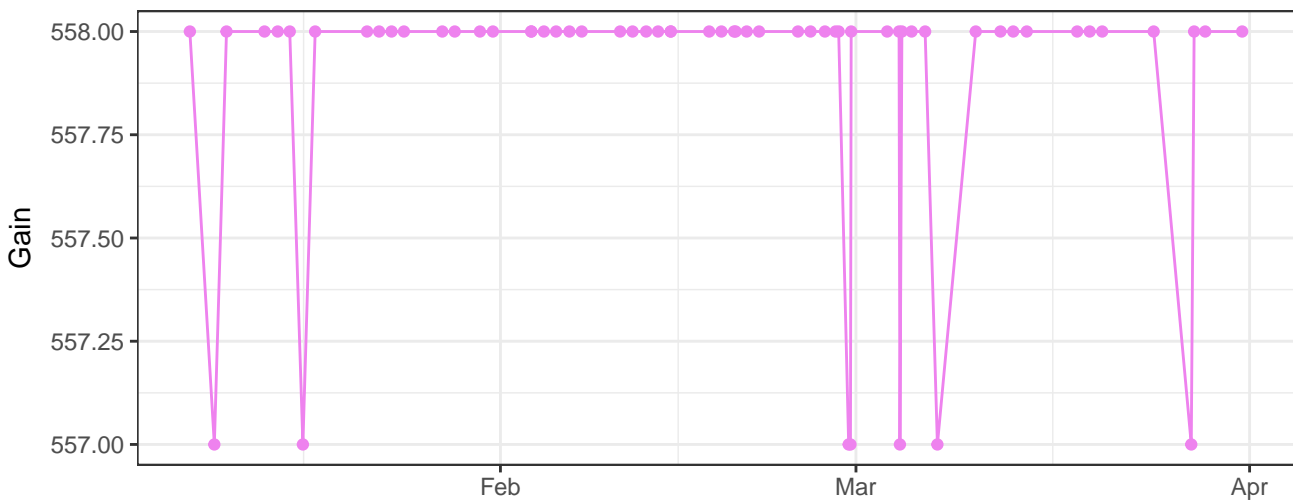
SSC-H



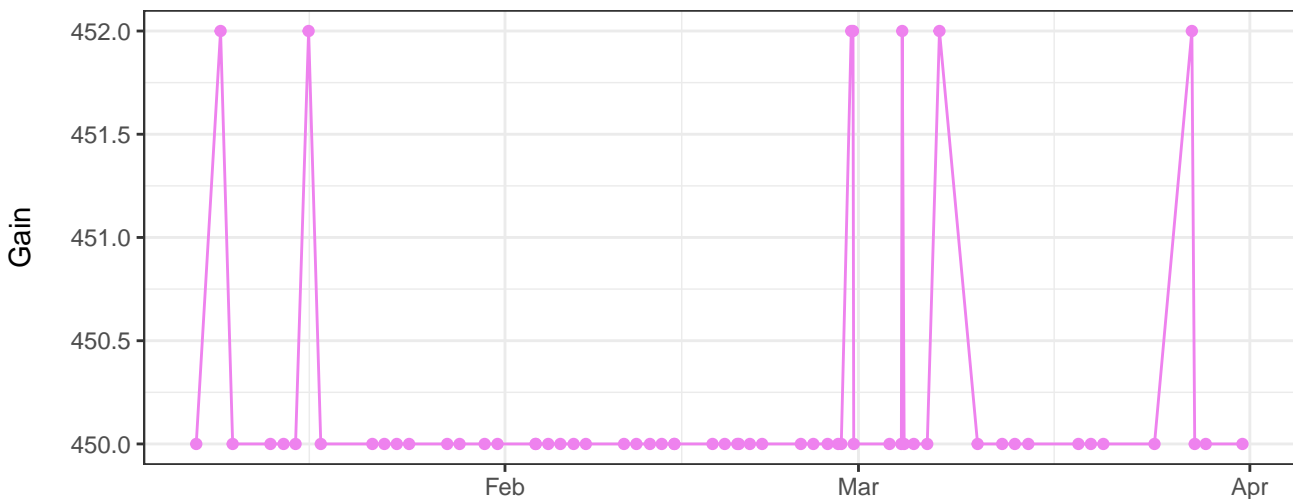
SSC-W



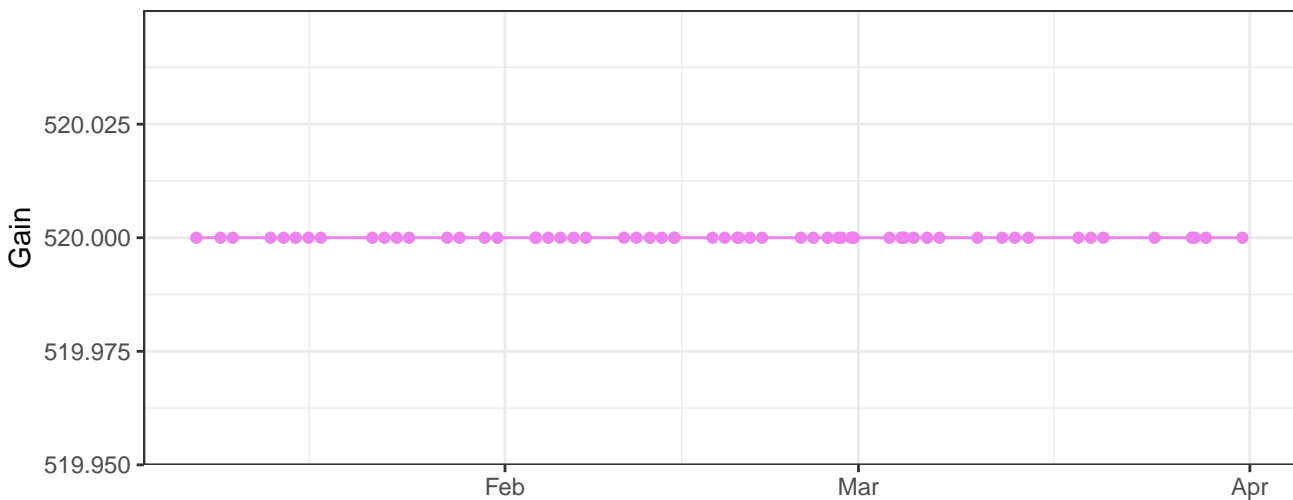
V450-A_Gain



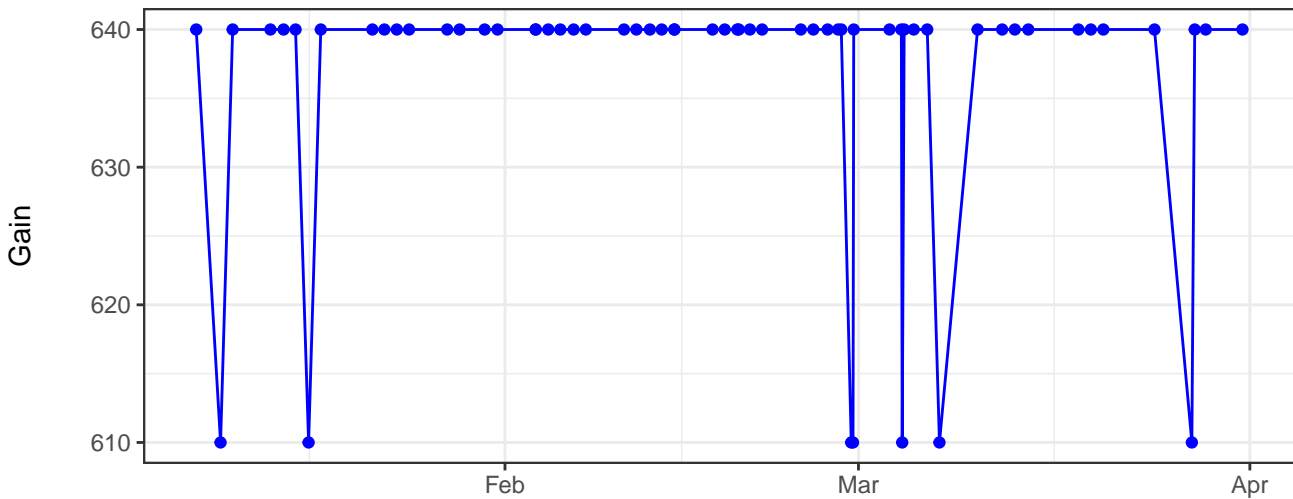
V530-A_Gain



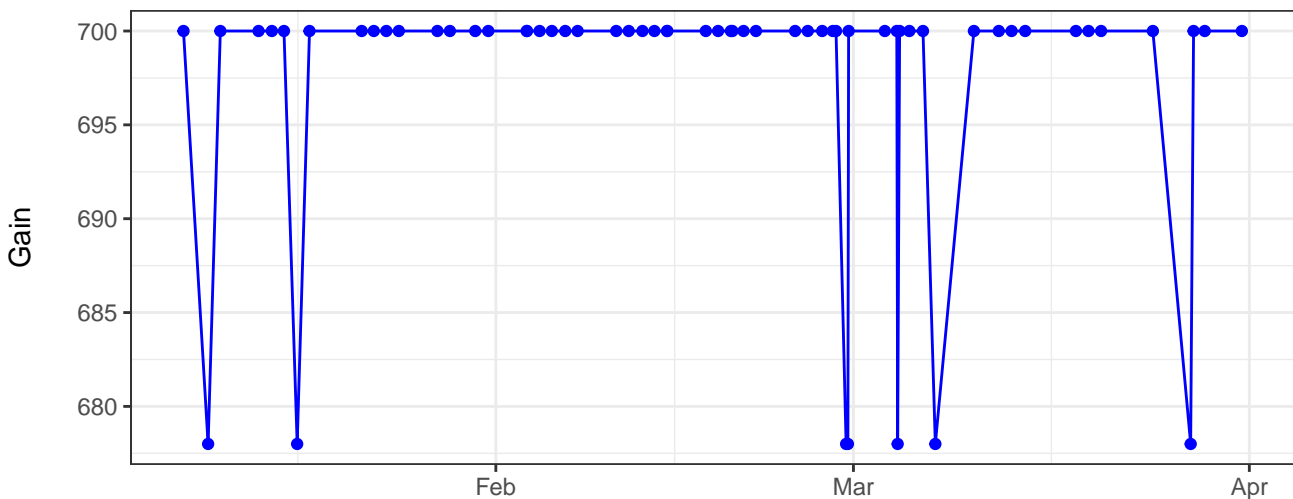
V710-A_Gain



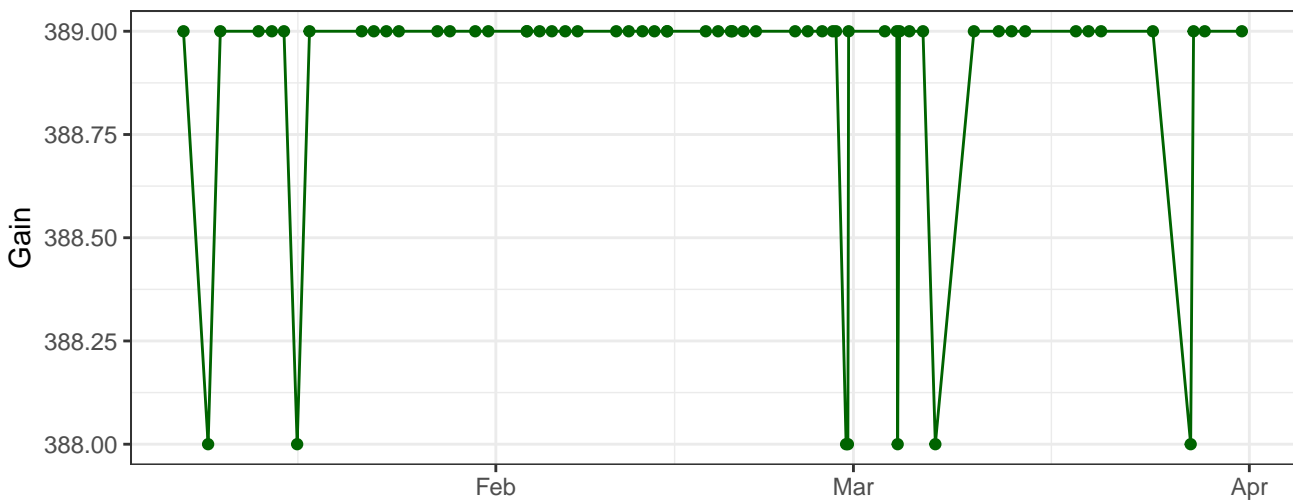
B530-A_Gain



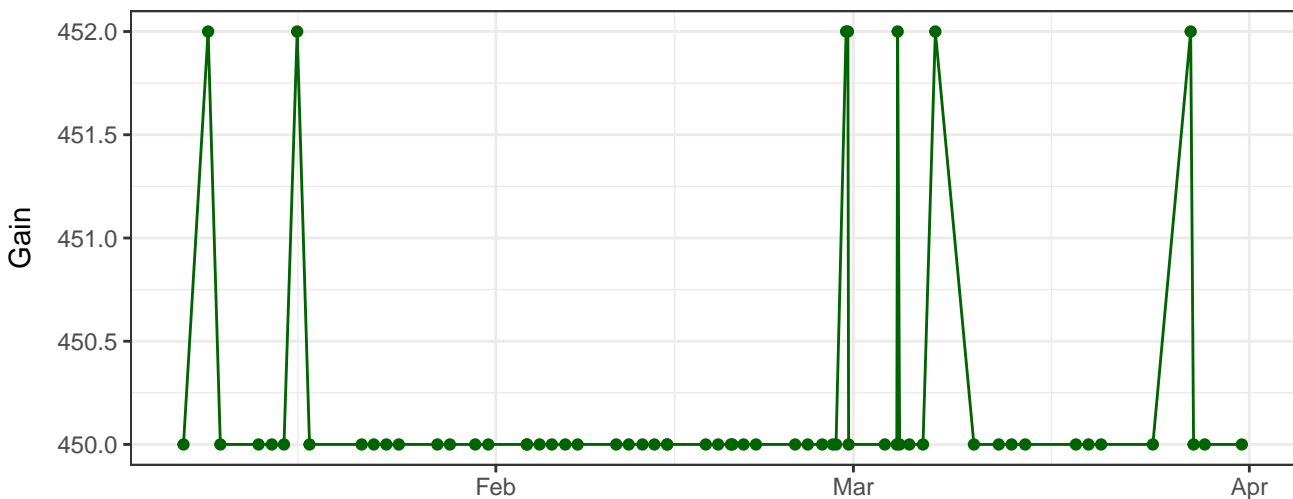
B695-A_Gain



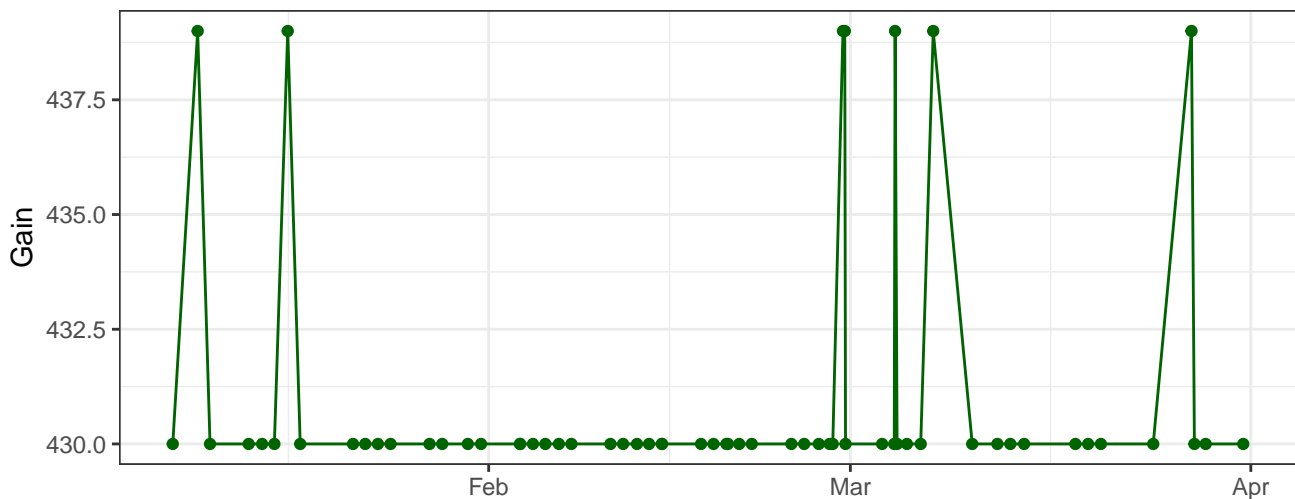
Y590-A_Gain



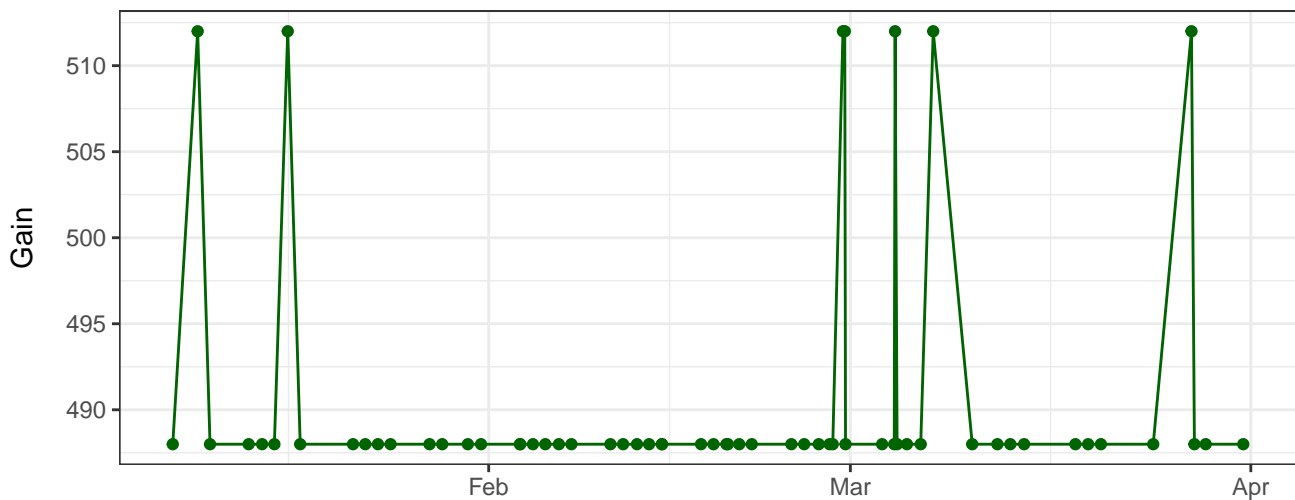
Y610-A_Gain



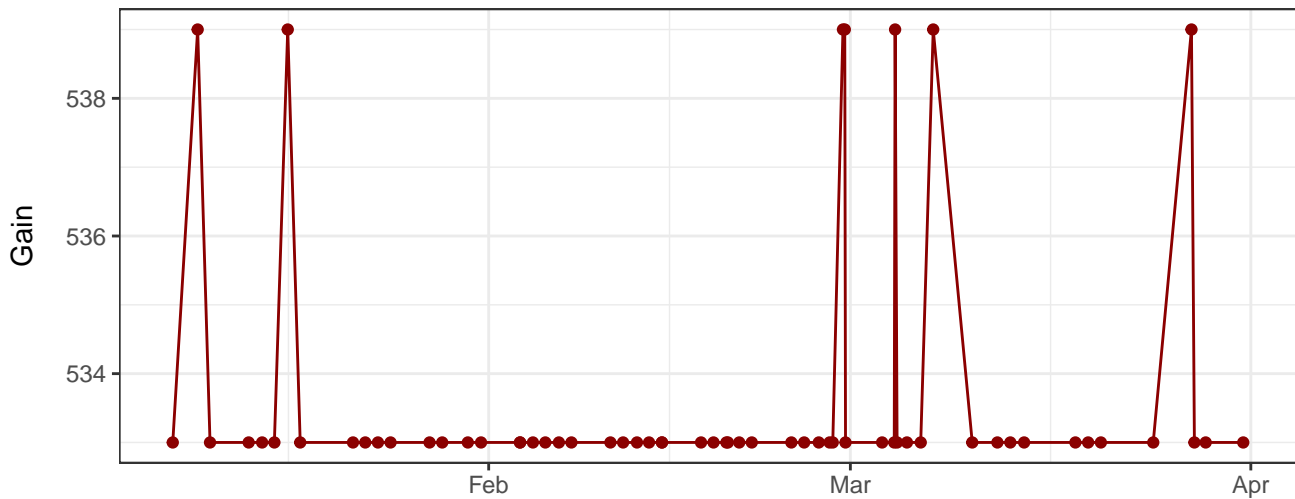
Y670-A_Gain



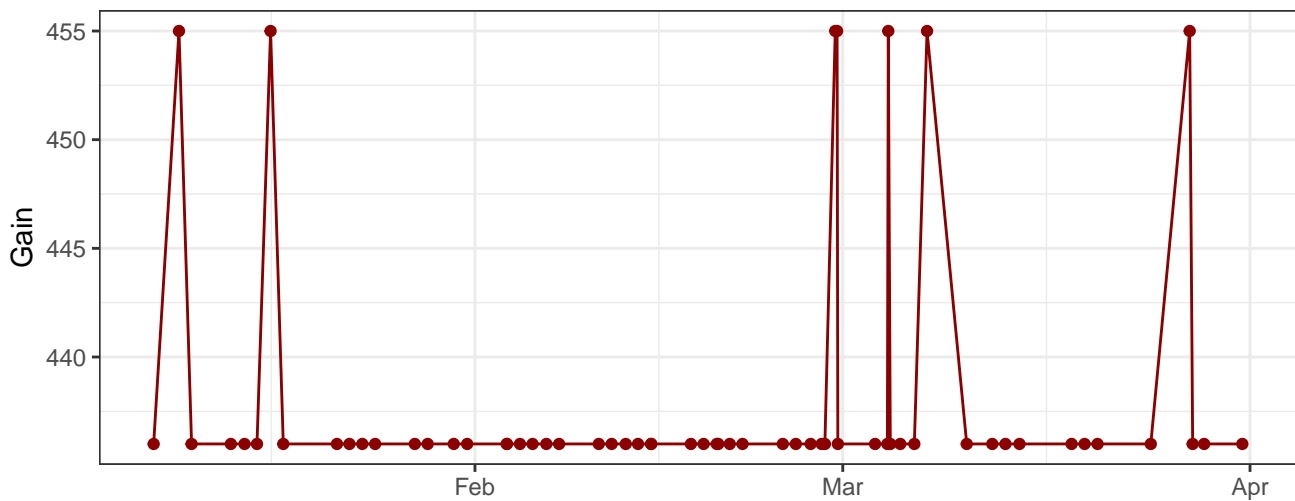
Y780-A_Gain



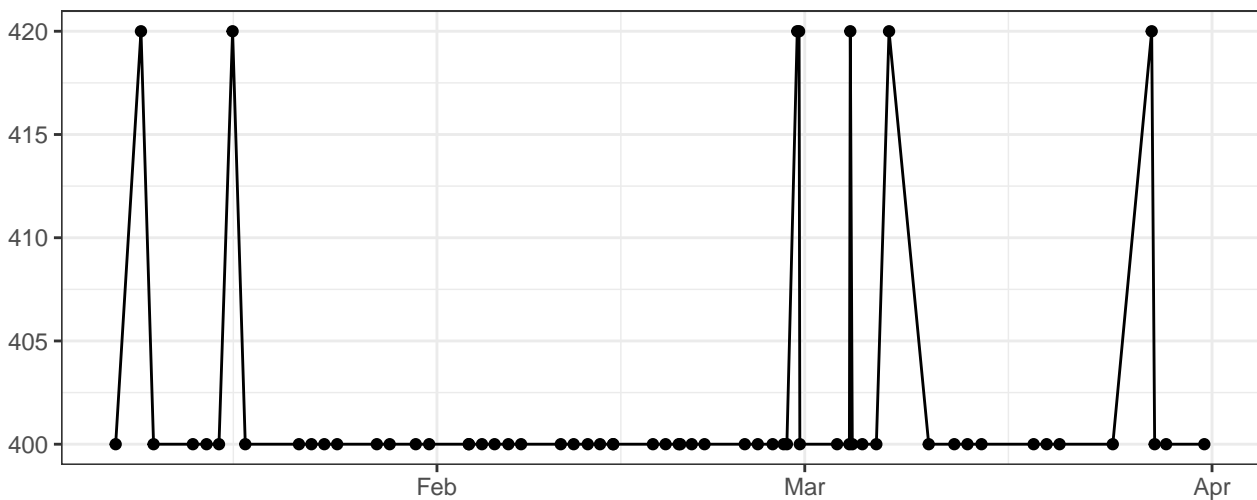
R660-A_Gain



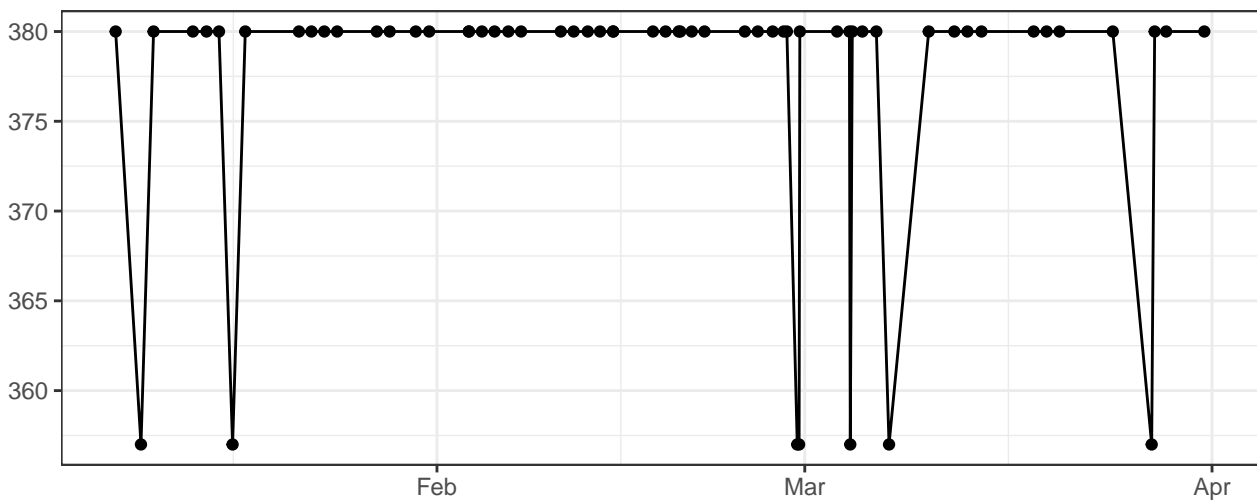
R780-A_Gain



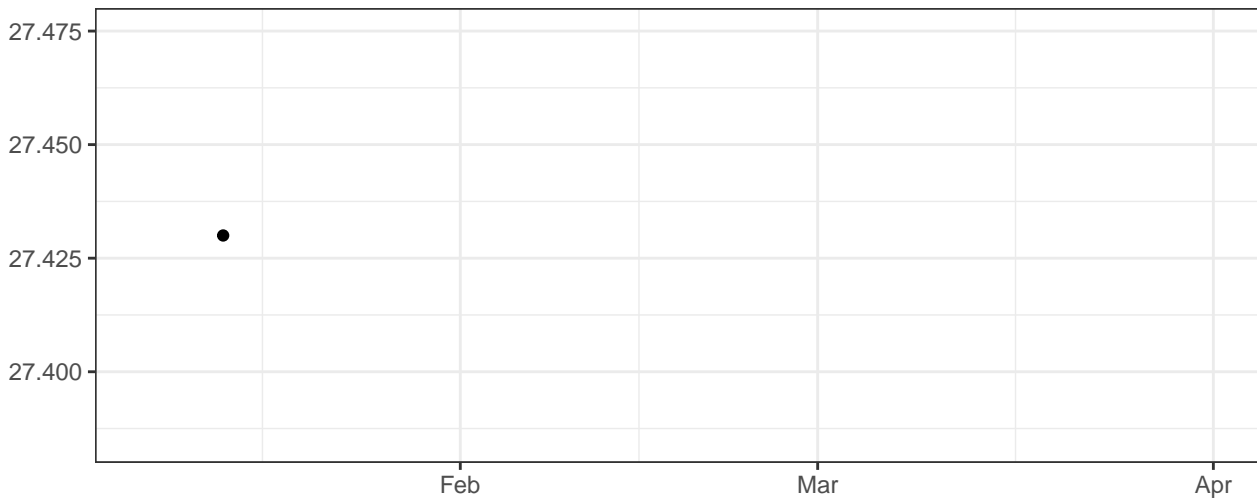
FSC-A_Gain



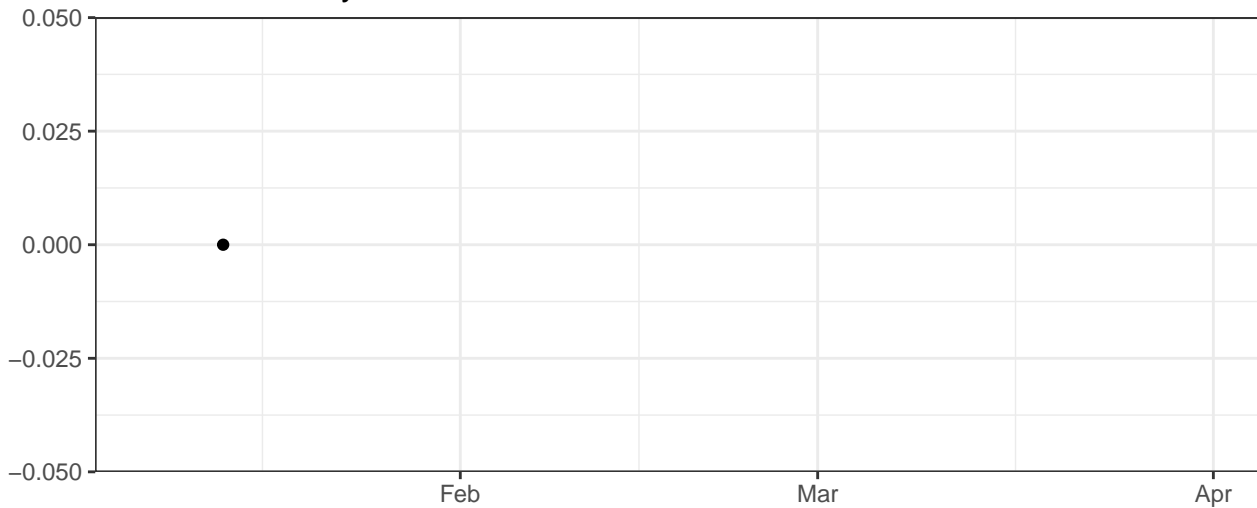
SSC-A_Gain



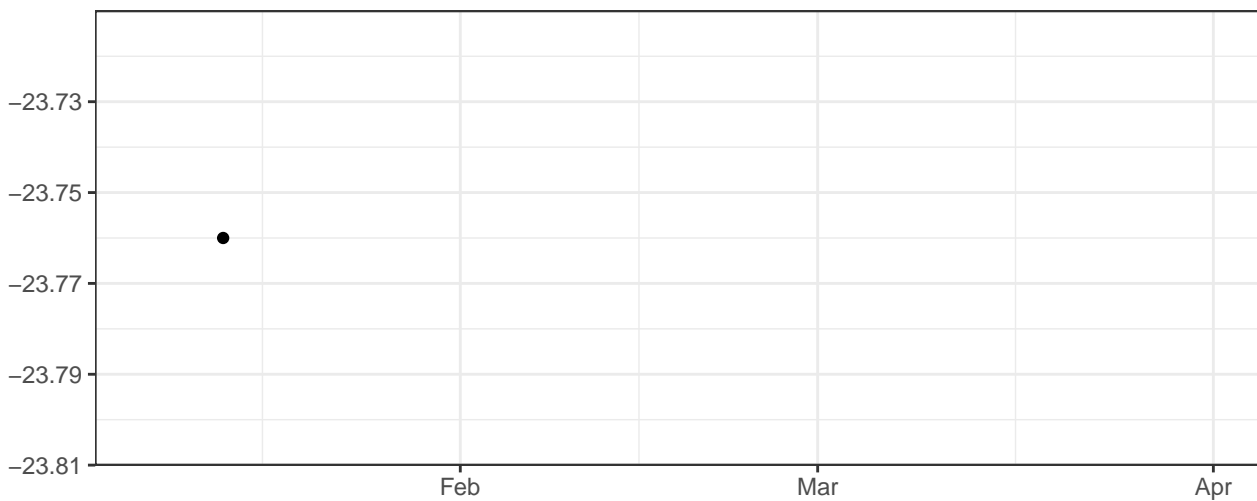
Violet_LaserDelay



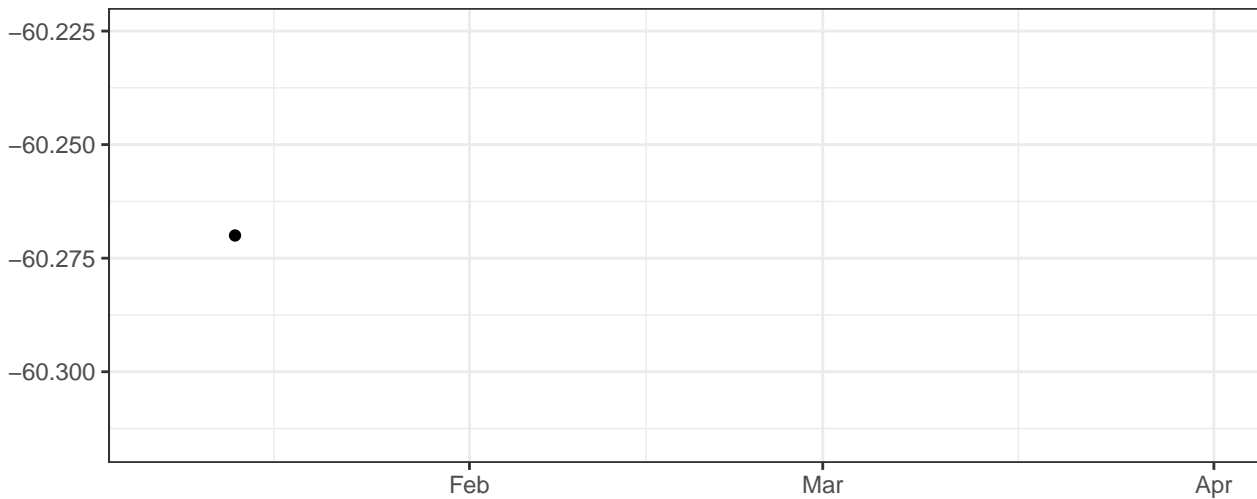
Blue_LaserDelay



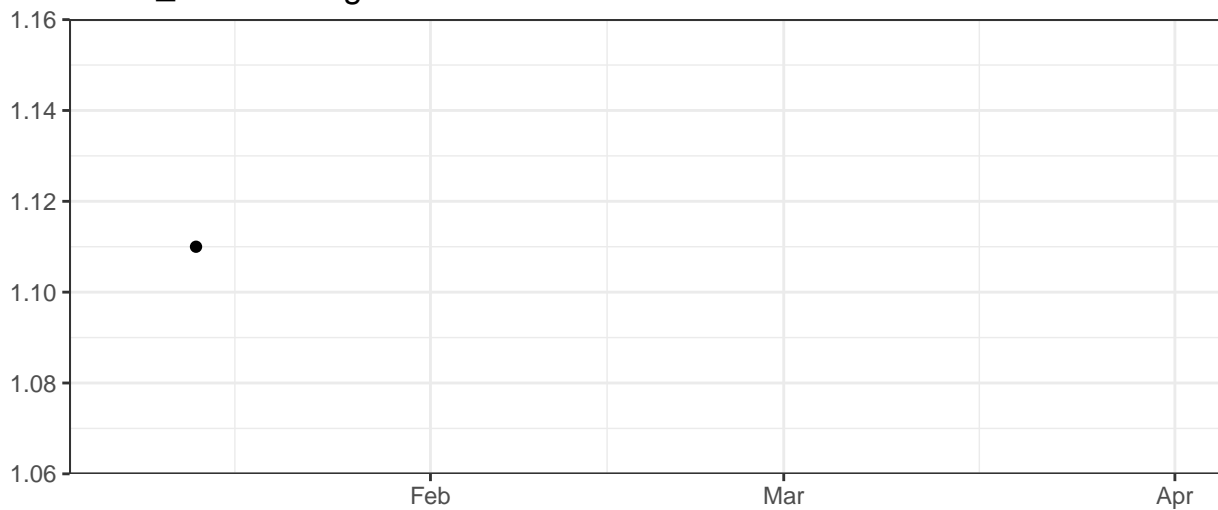
Yellow_LaserDelay



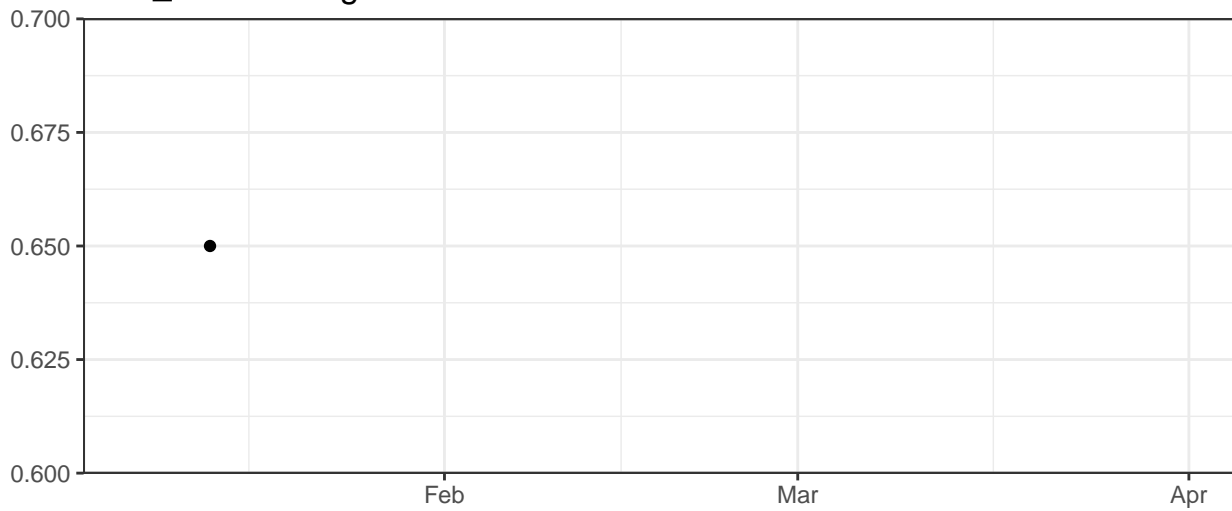
Red_LaserDelay



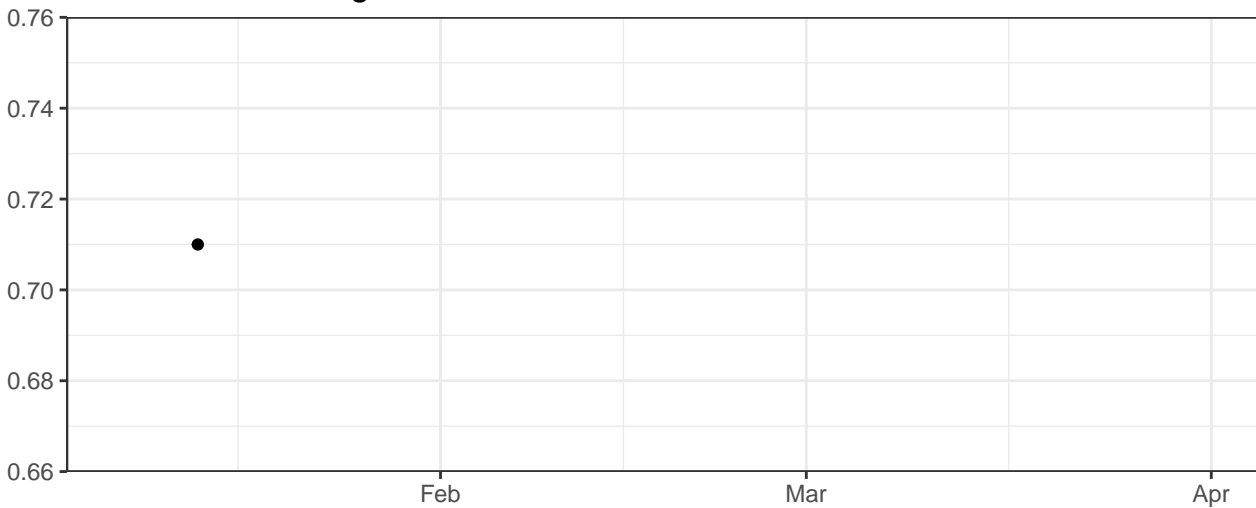
Violet_AreaScalingFactor



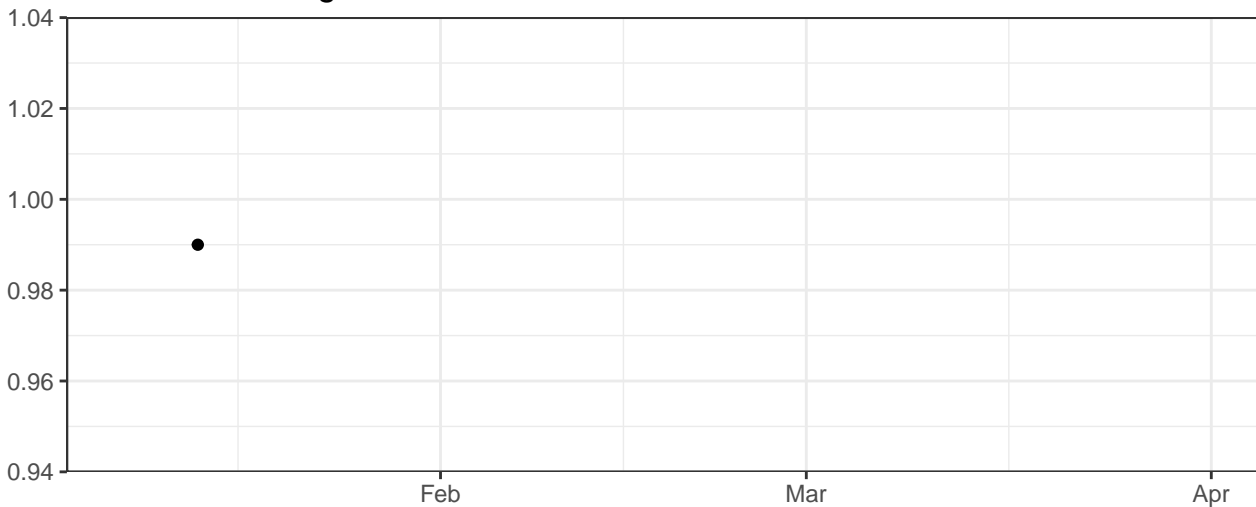
Blue_AreaScalingFactor



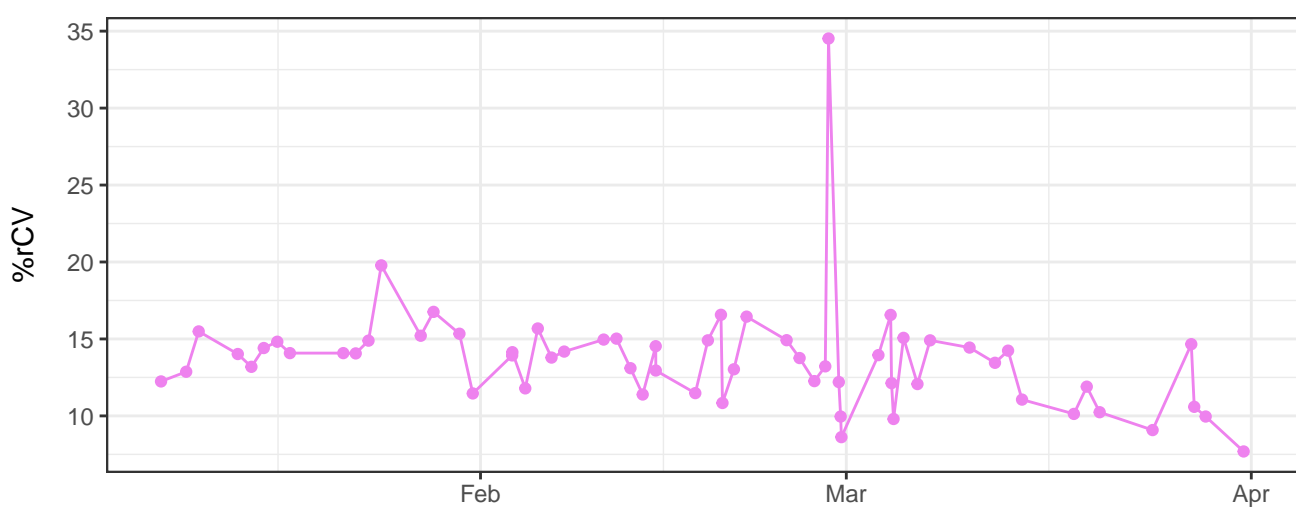
Yellow_AreaScalingFactor



Red_AreaScalingFactor



V450-A-% rCV



The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until late February, followed by a rapid ascent to a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early March. After the peak, there is a significant decline, with cases falling below 20,000 by mid-March and continuing a downward trend through April, ending at around 10,000 cases.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability in January, followed by a significant surge in late February. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 100,000 cases. Following this peak, there is a period of fluctuation with a secondary, smaller peak in mid-March, before the cases begin to decline towards the end of the month.

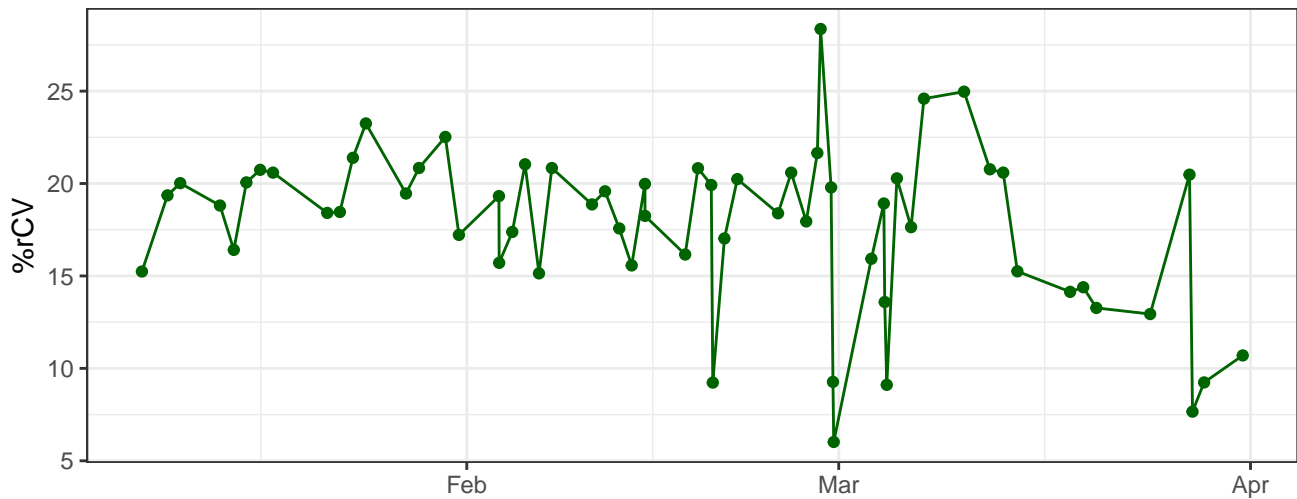
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until late February. A significant surge begins in late February, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early March. Following this peak, the number of cases declines steadily, showing some minor fluctuations, and continues to decrease through the end of the period shown in April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid line at 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability in January, followed by a significant surge in late February that peaks in early March at over 200,000 cases. After the peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing a slight uptick in late March before a final drop in early April.

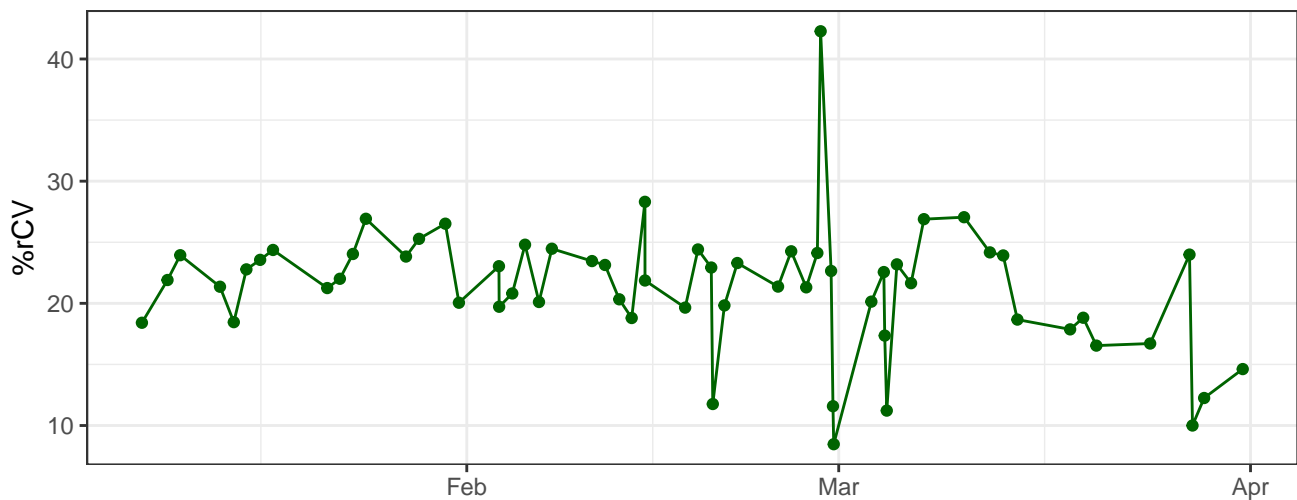
The graph displays the daily number of new COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 2020 to April 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 60,000. The data shows a period of low activity in January, followed by a significant increase starting in late February. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching over 60,000 cases. This is followed by a sharp decline and a subsequent rise in April, peaking again around 40,000 cases before a final decline.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands. The data shows a period of low activity from January through late February, followed by a rapid ascent to a peak of about 10,000 cases in early March. After the peak, there is a significant decline, with cases falling back to near-zero levels by mid-March and staying there through the beginning of April.

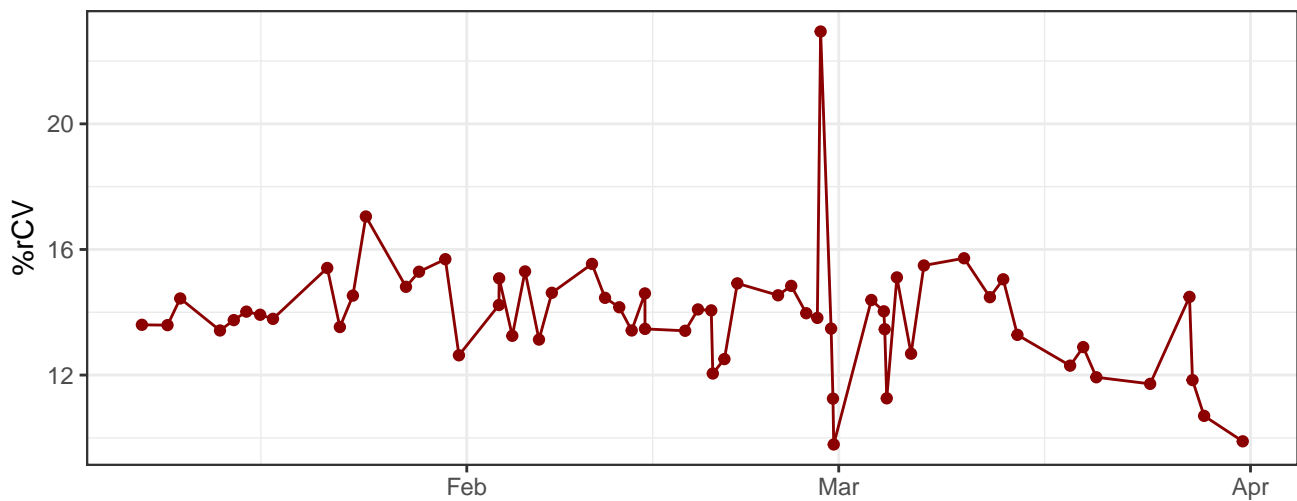
Y670-A-% rCV



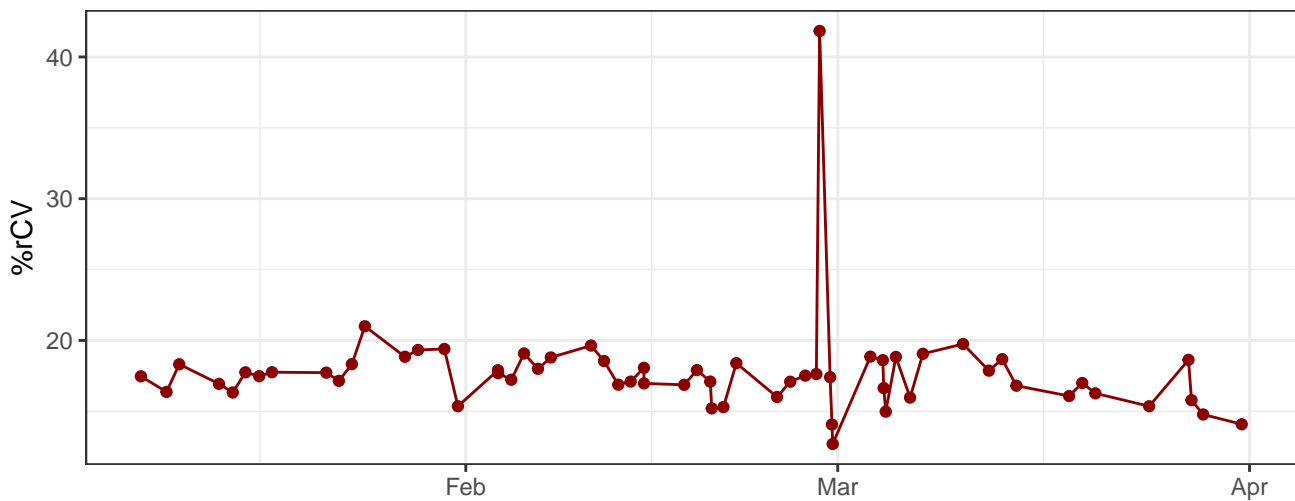
Y780-A-% rCV



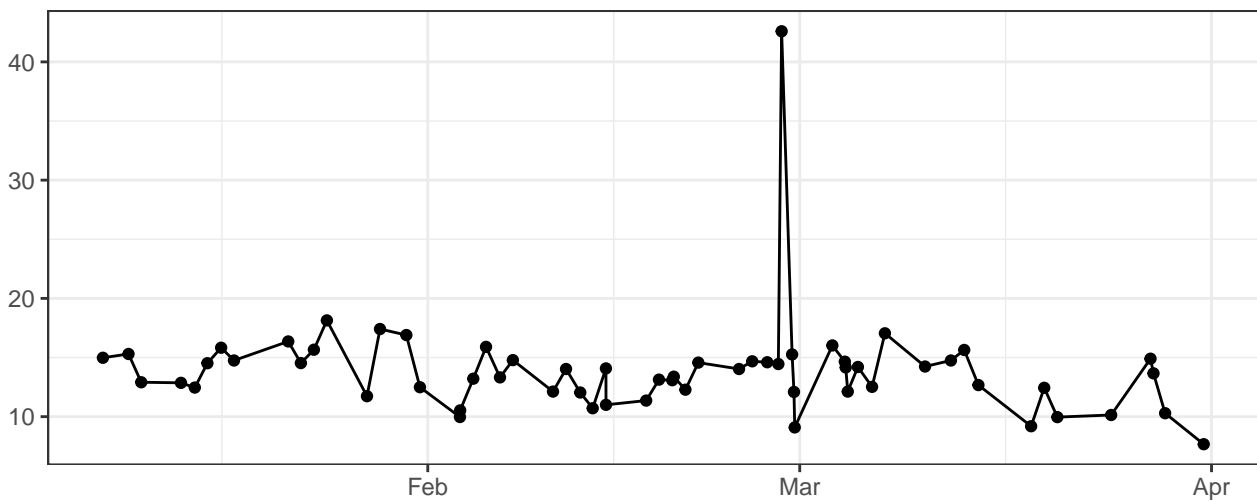
R660-A-% rCV



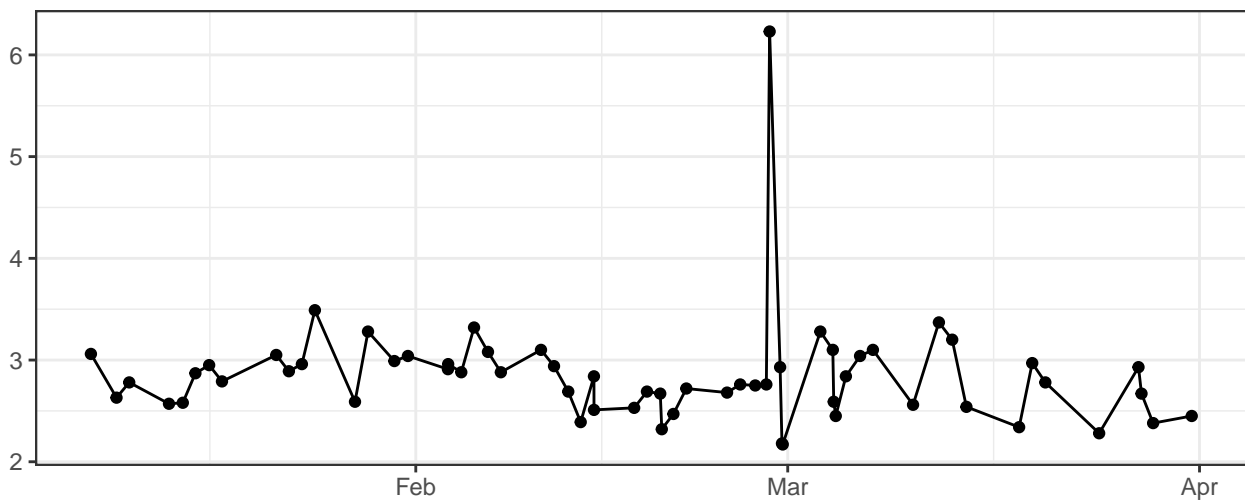
R780-A-% rCV



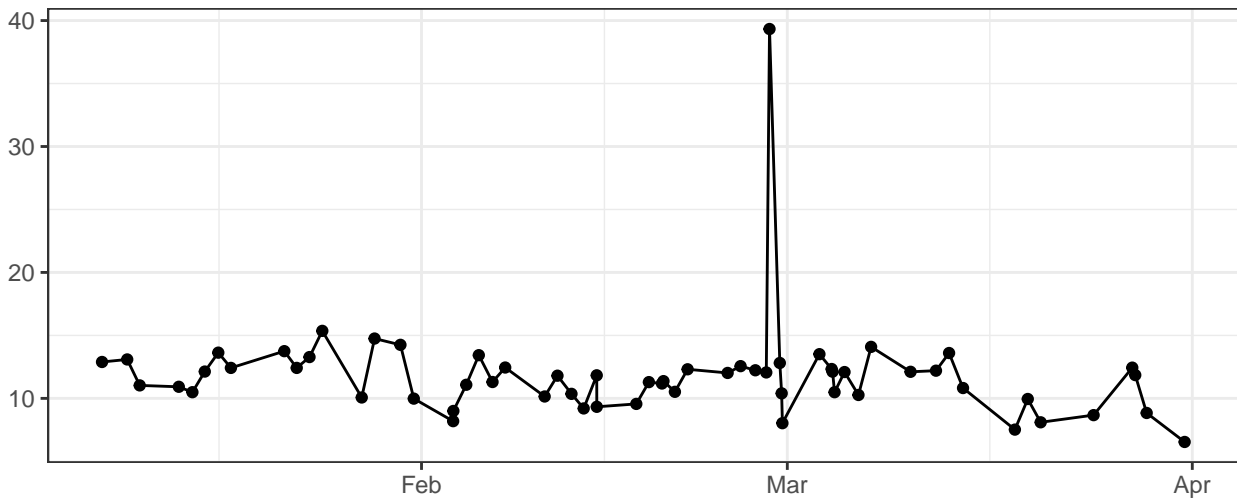
FSC-A-% rCV



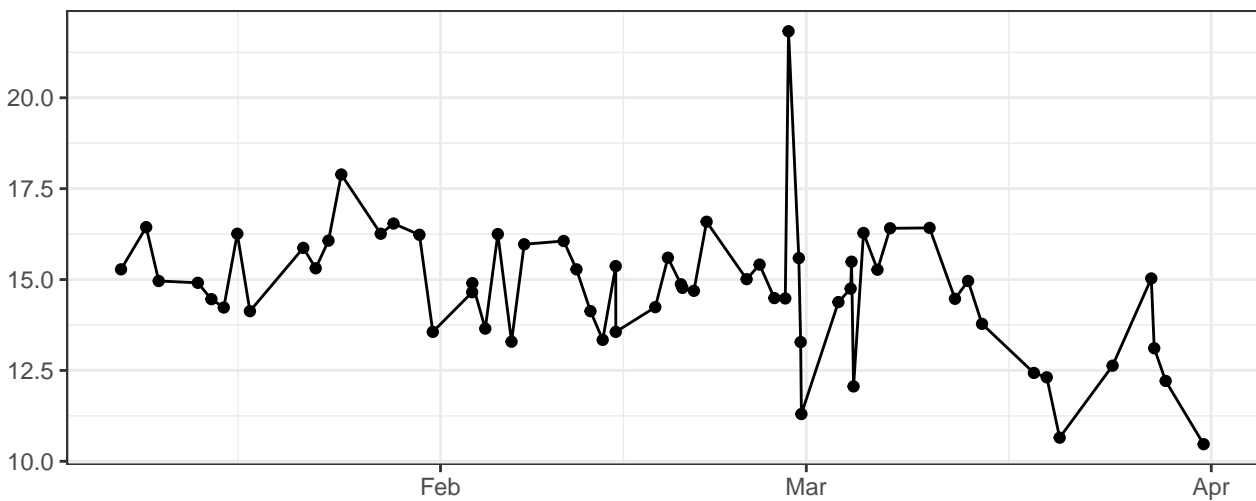
FSC-H-% rCV



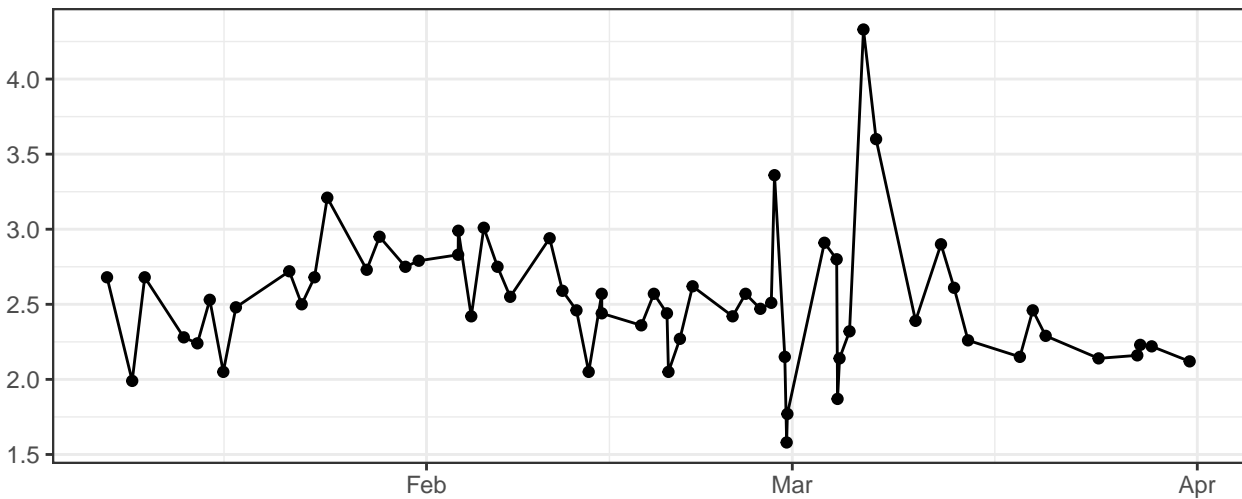
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

