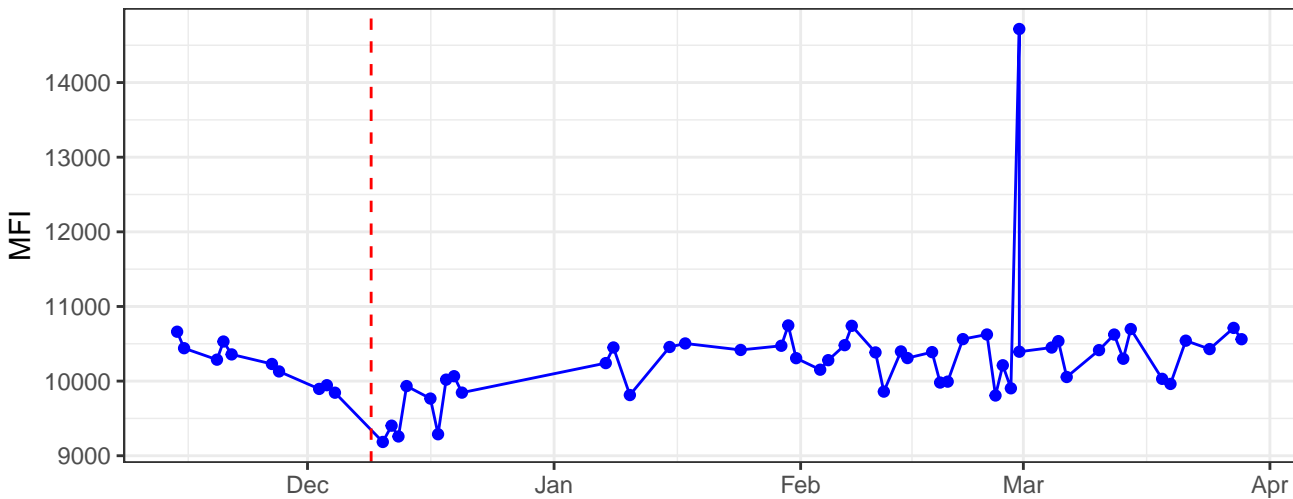
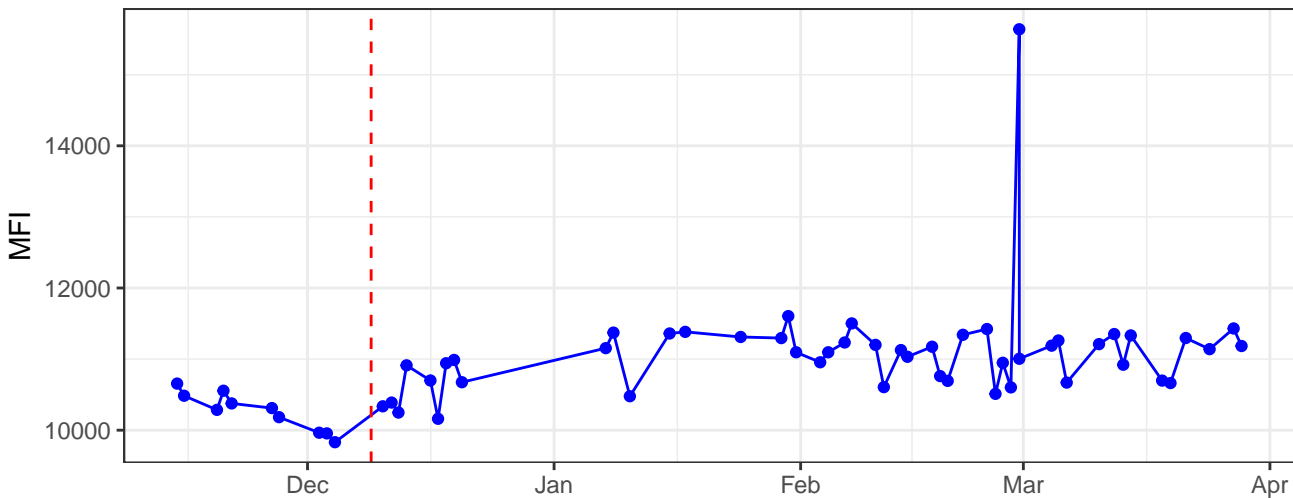


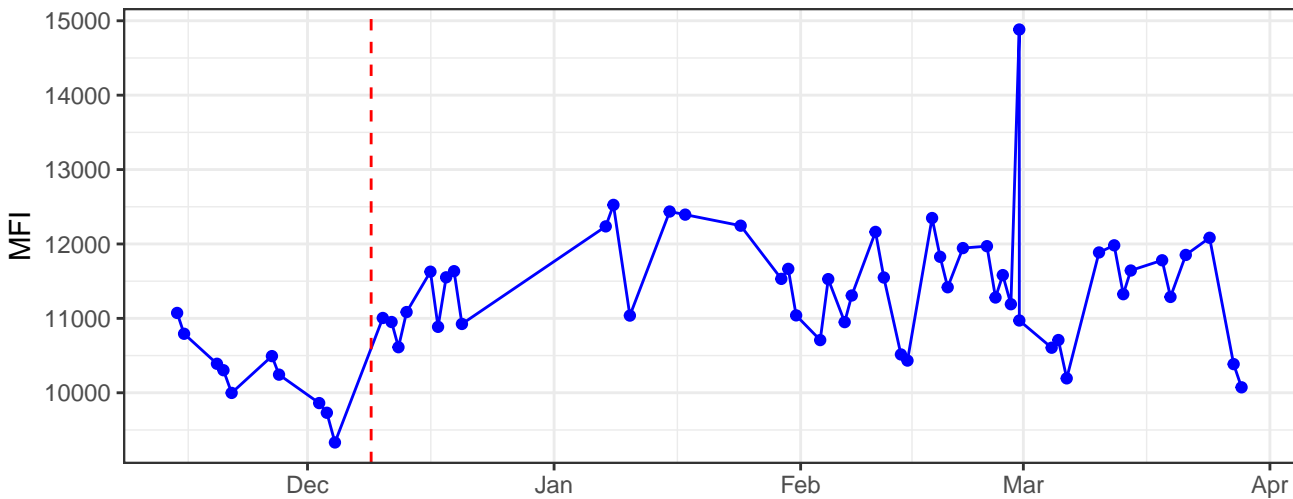
B530-A



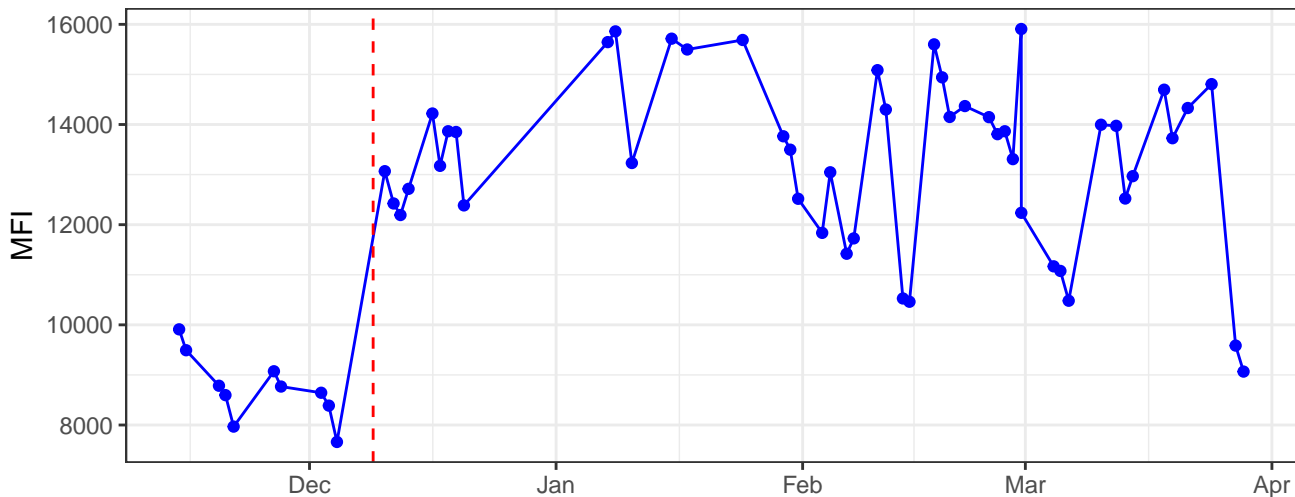
B585-A



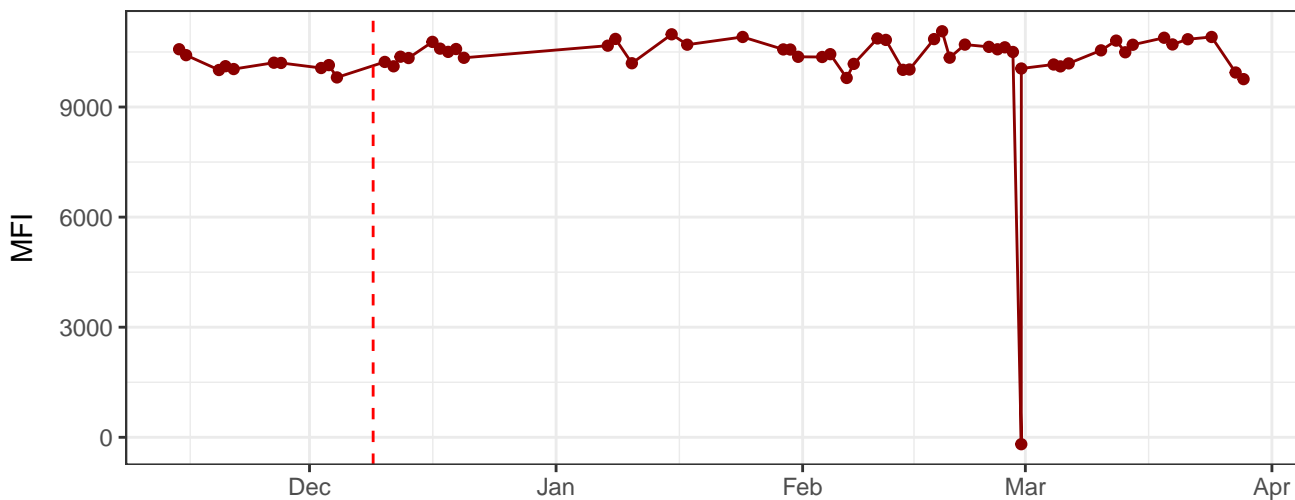
B695-A



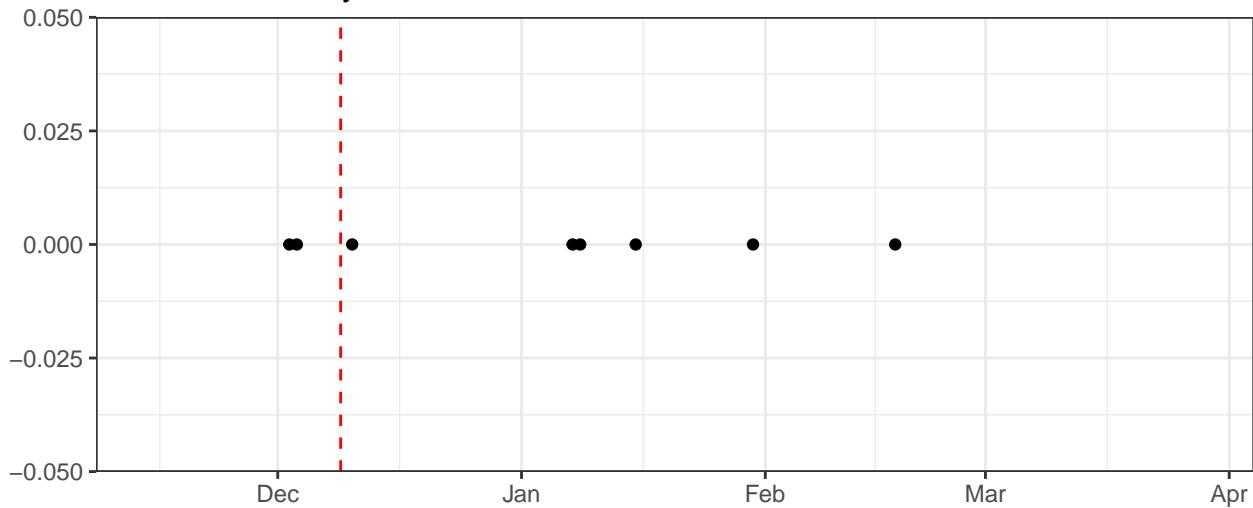
B780-A



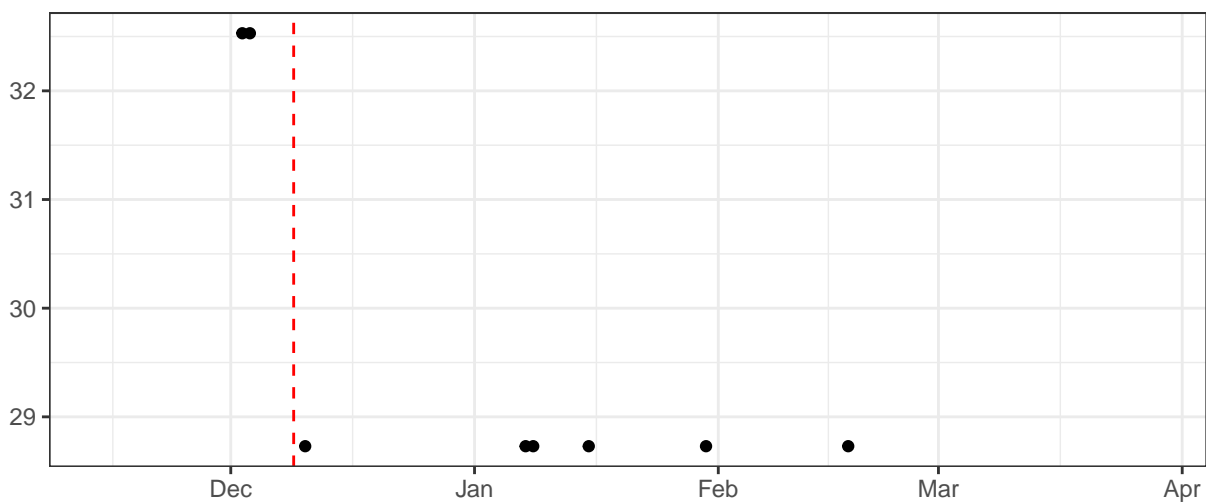
R670-A



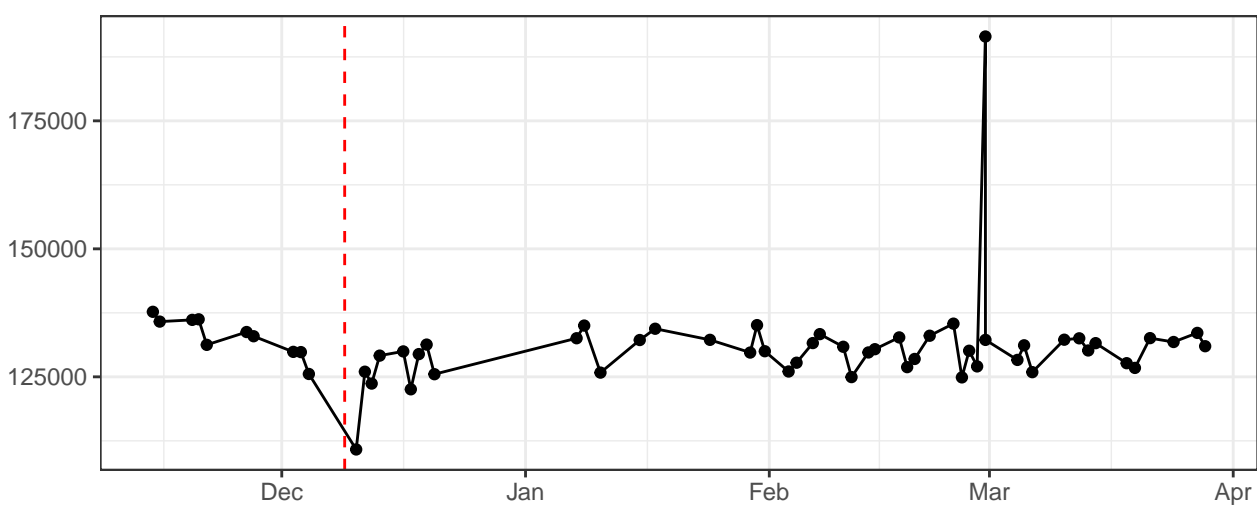
### Blue\_LaserDelay



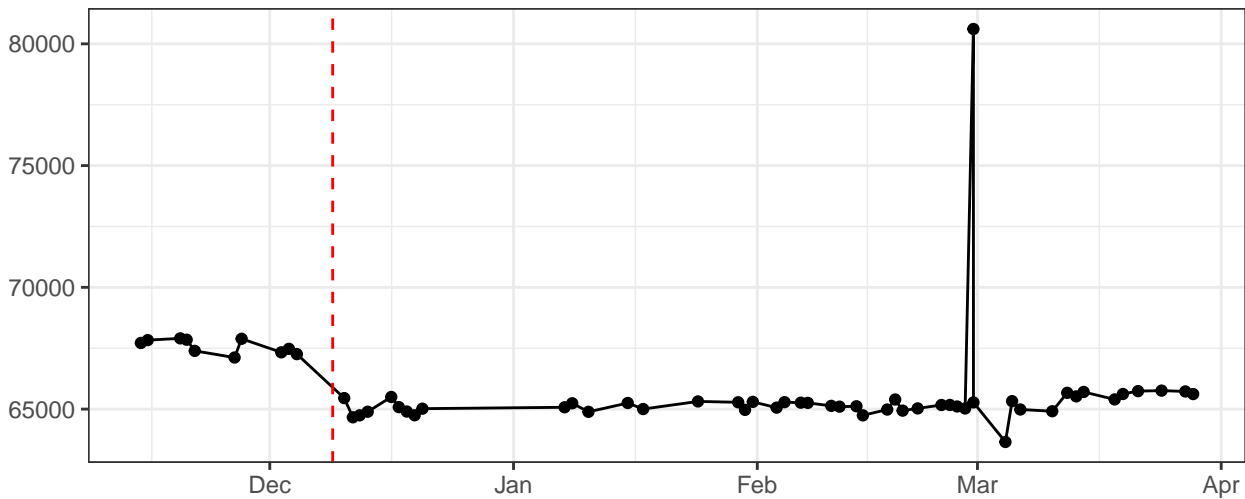
### Red\_LaserDelay



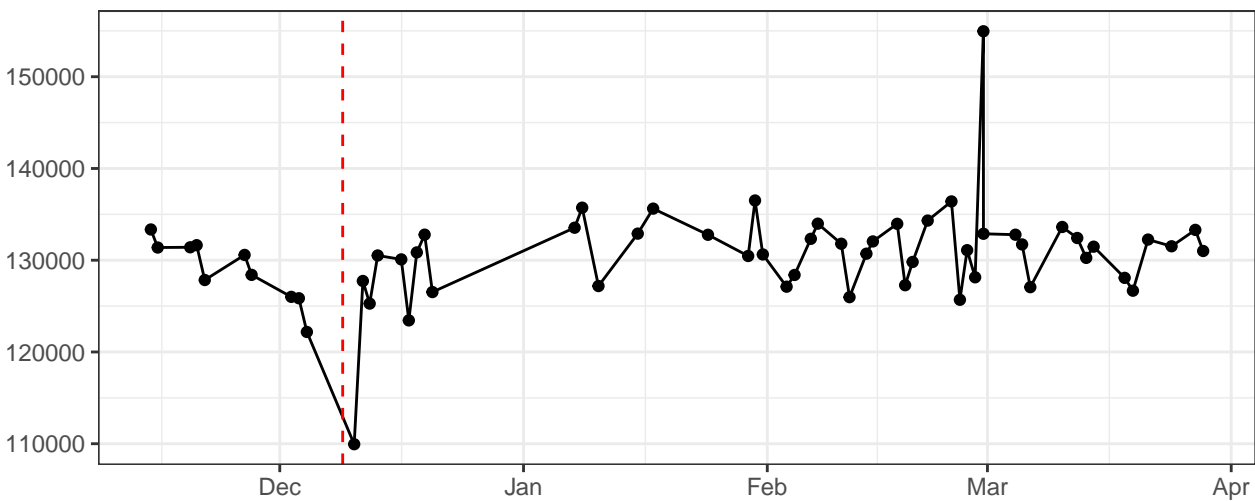
### FSC-A



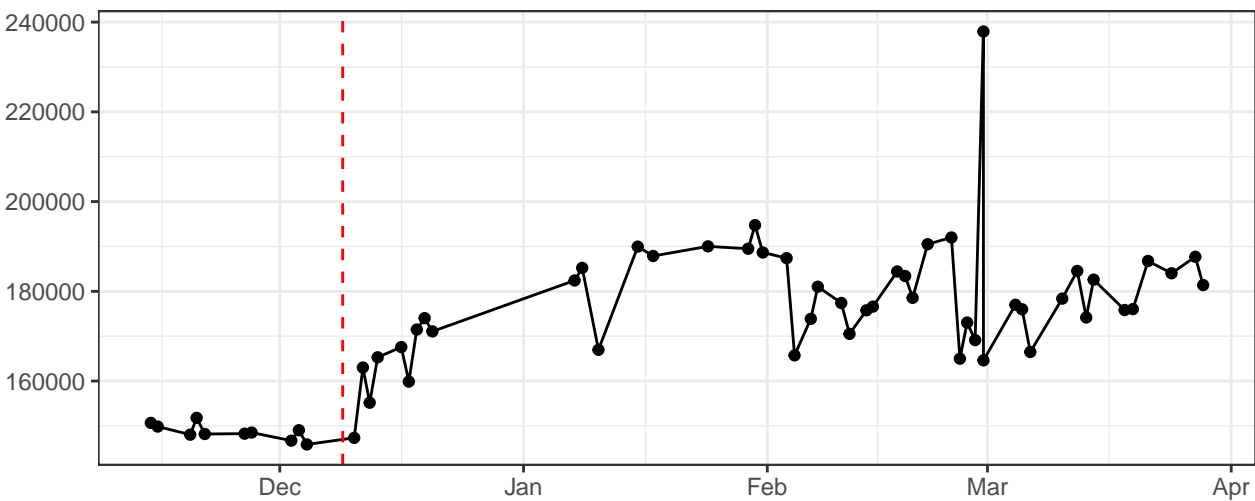
### FSC-H



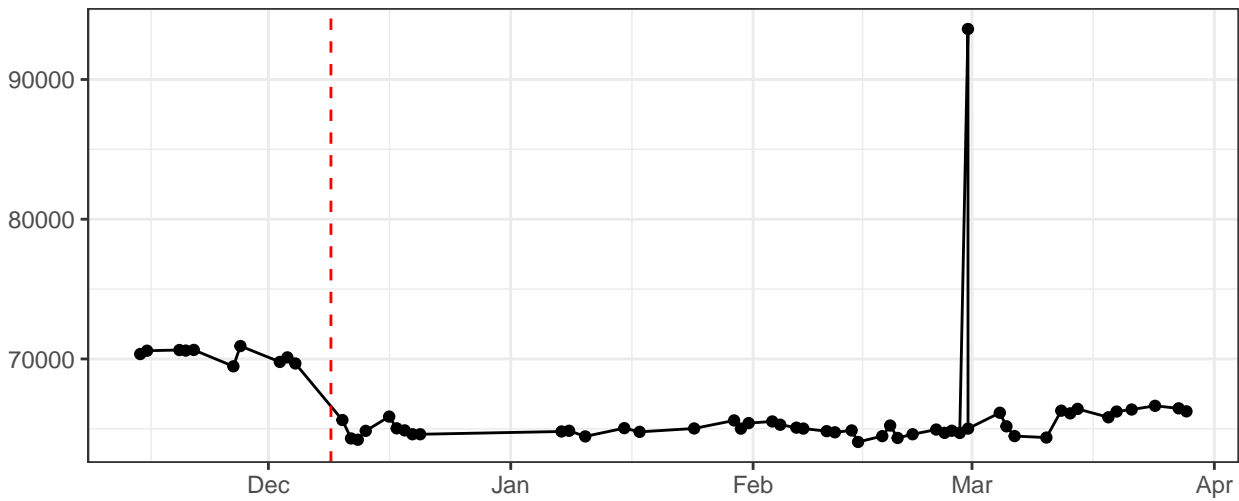
### FSC-W



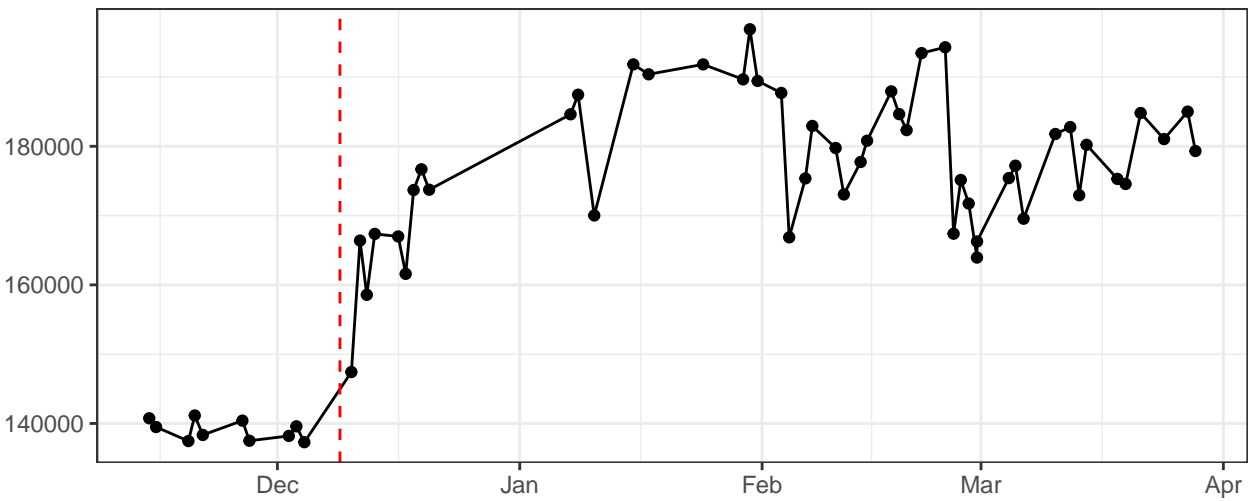
### SSC-A



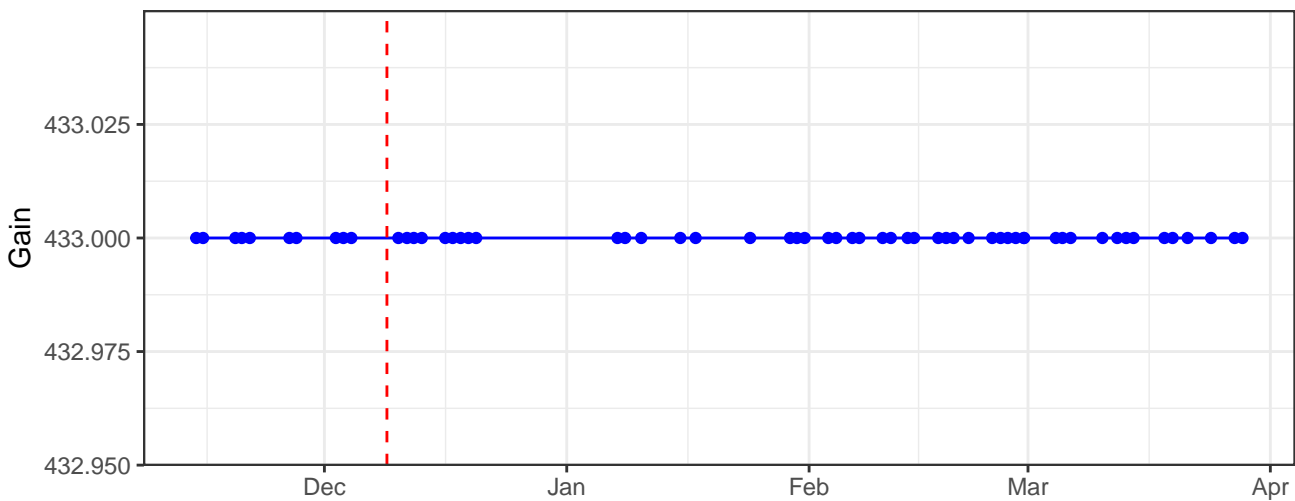
SSC-H



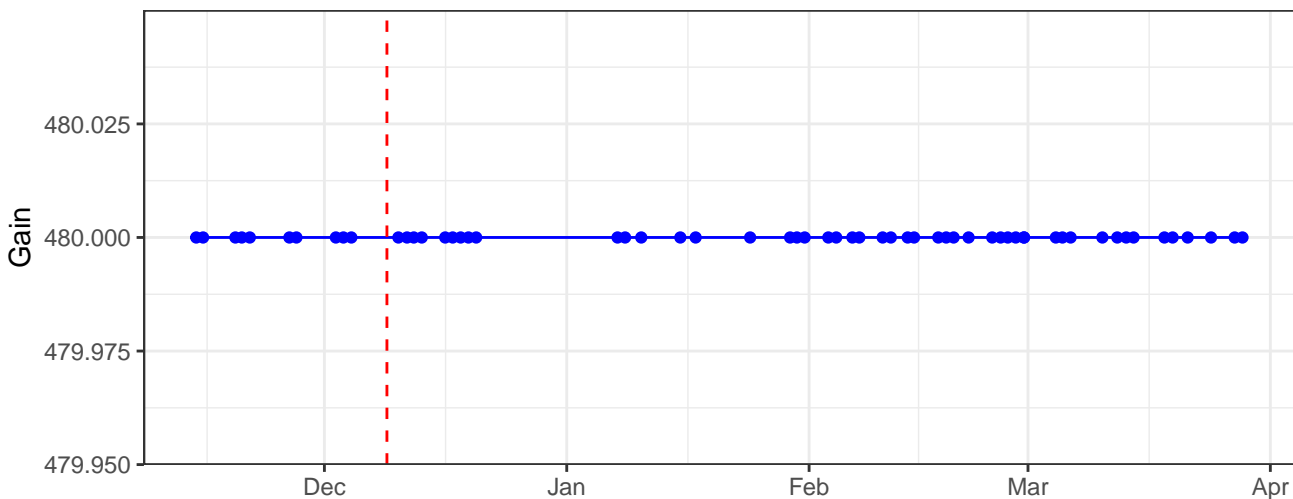
SSC-W



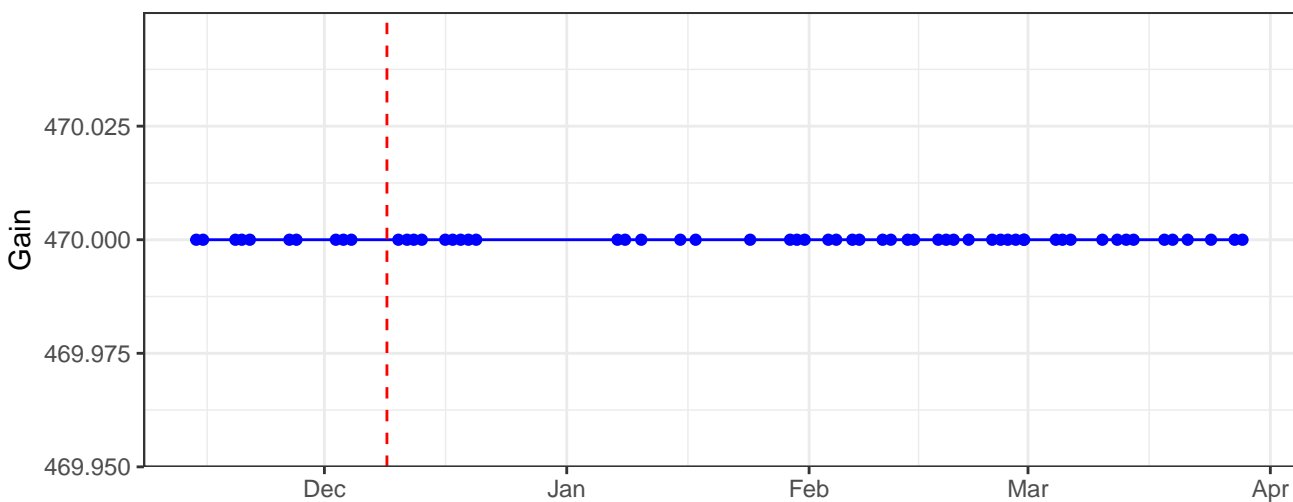
B530-A\_Gain



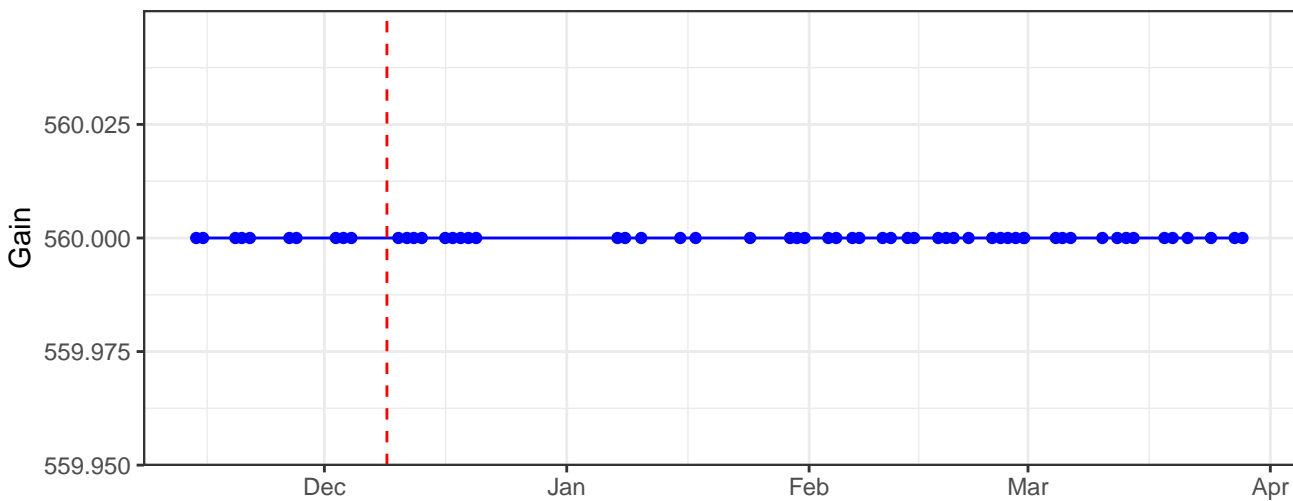
B585-A\_Gain



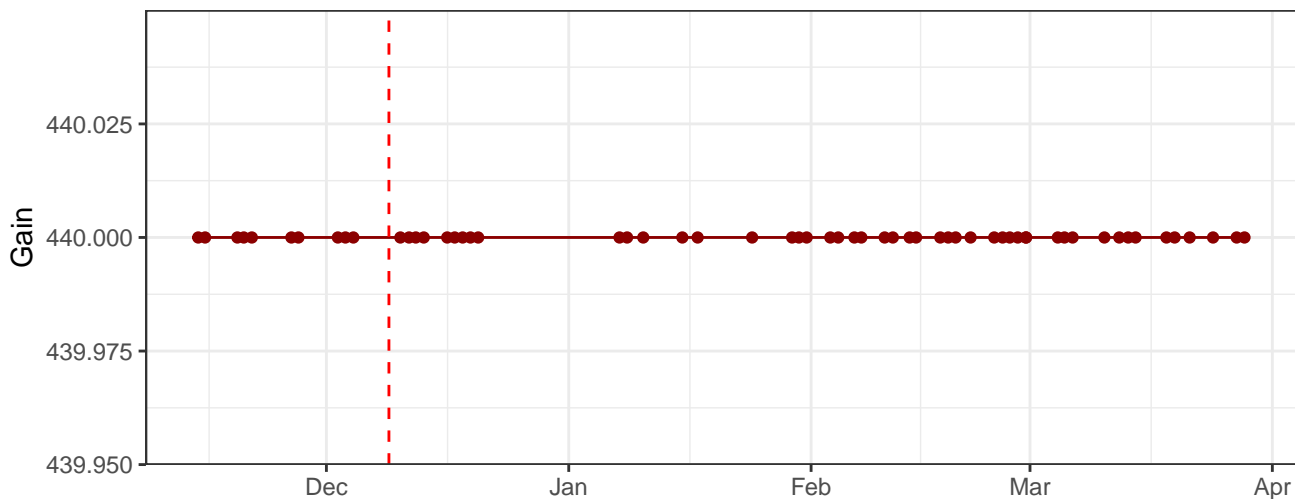
B695-A\_Gain



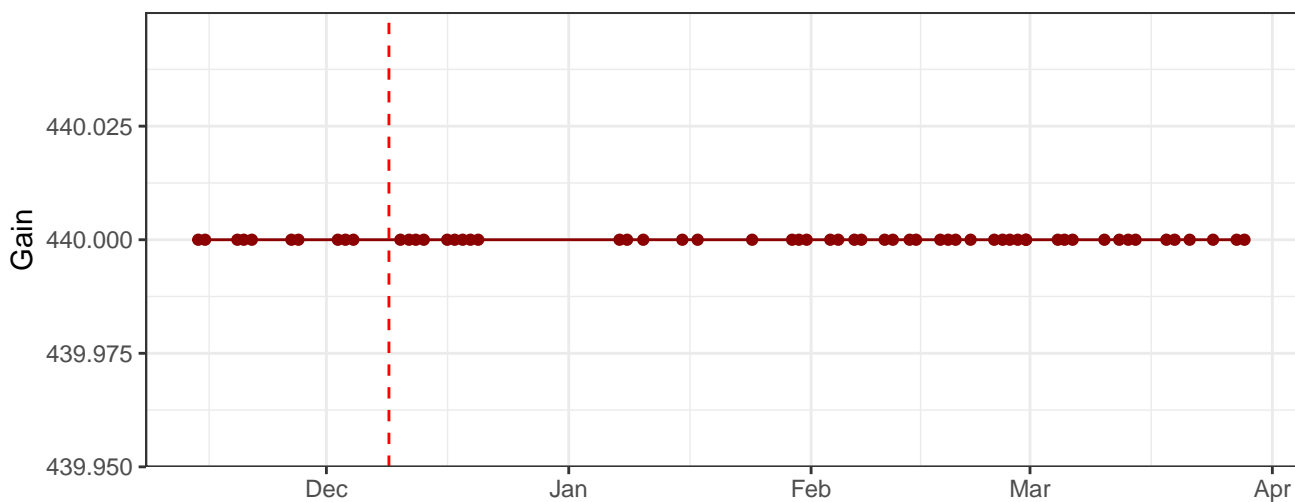
B780-A\_Gain



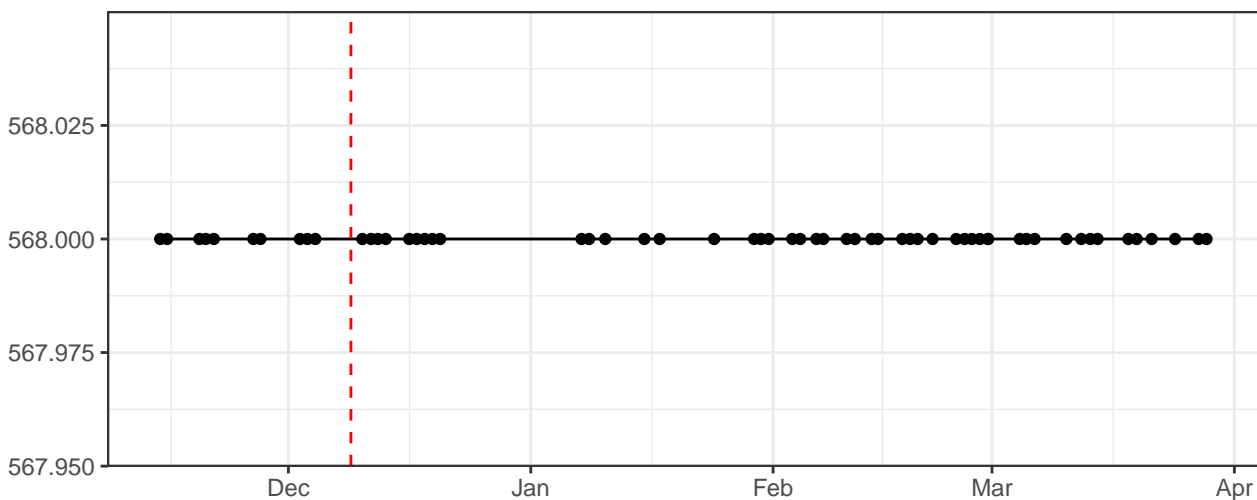
R670-A\_Gain



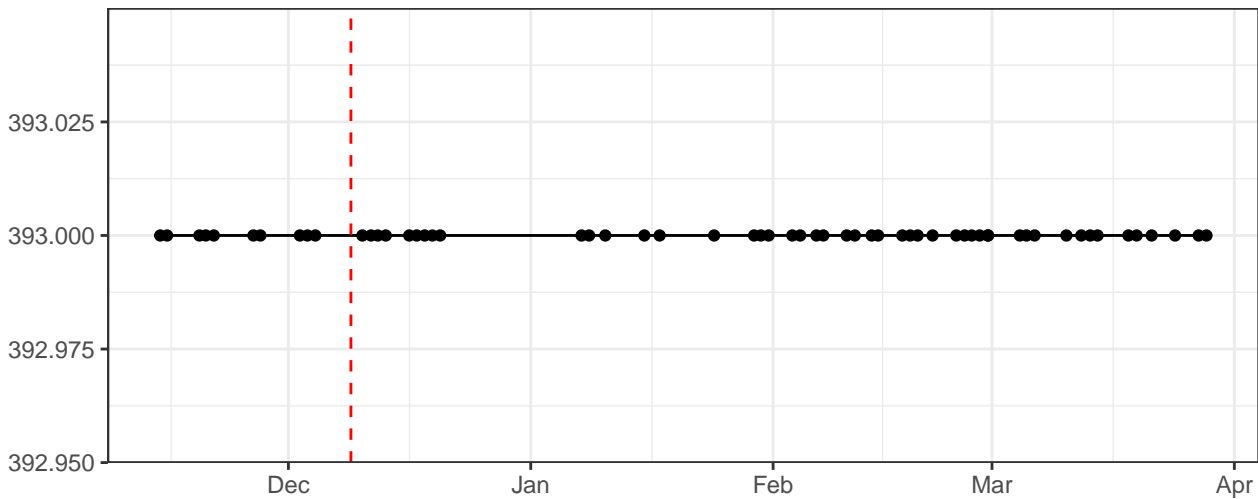
R780-A\_Gain



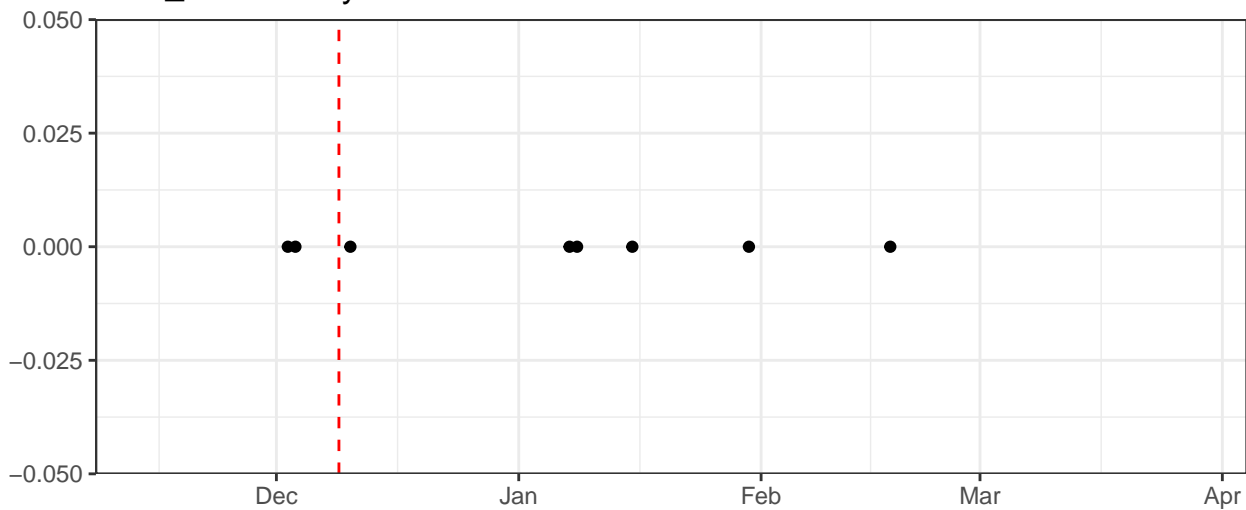
FSC-A\_Gain



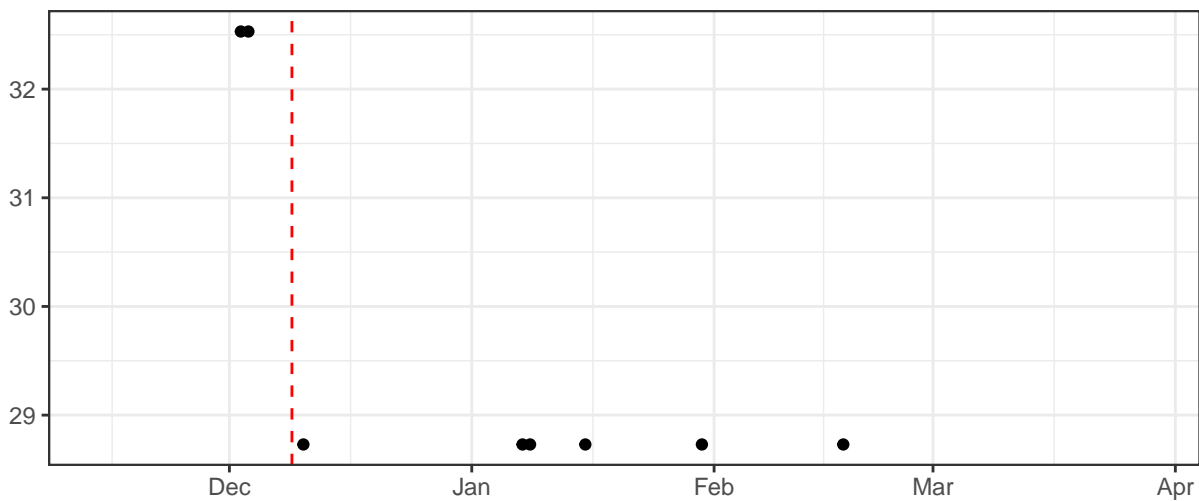
SSC-A\_Gain



Blue\_LaserDelay

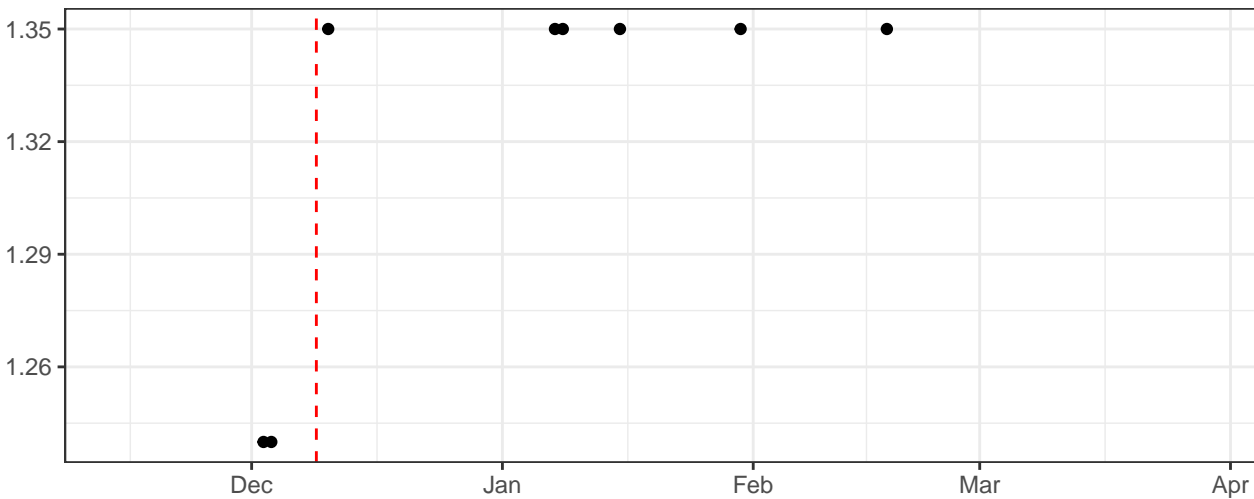


Red\_LaserDelay

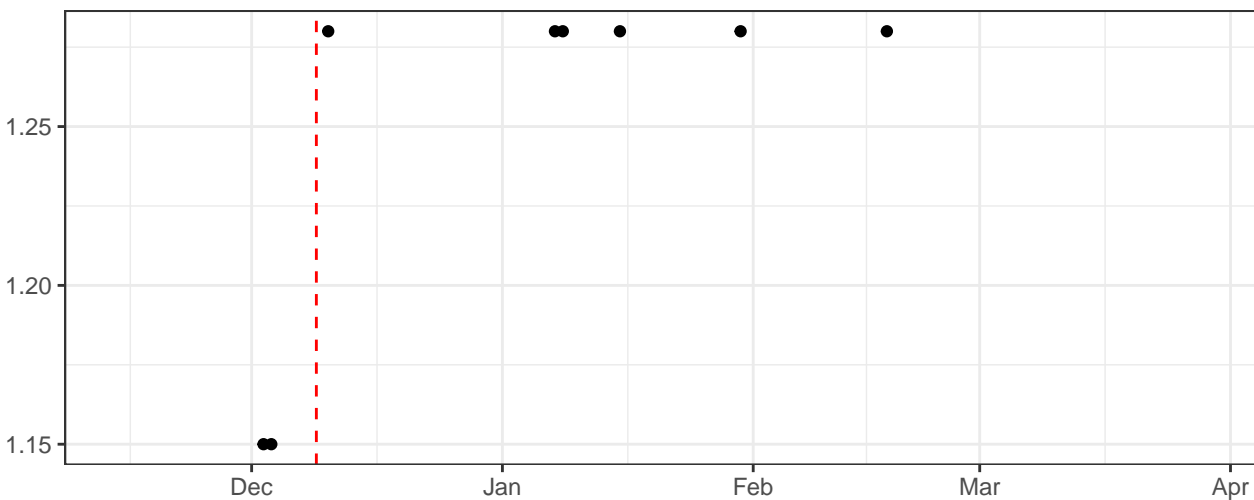




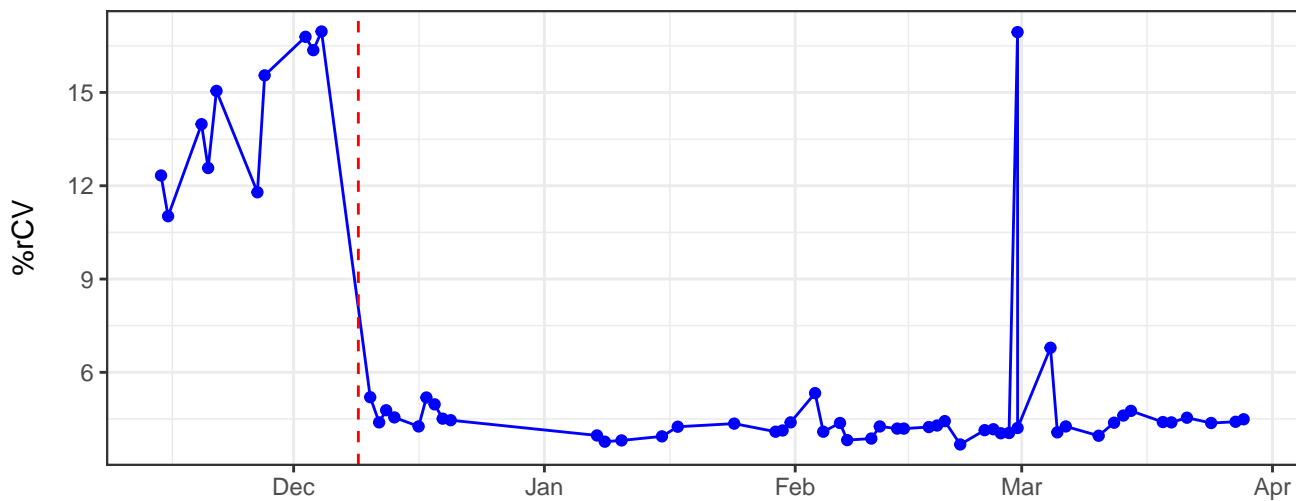
Blue\_AreaScalingFactor



Red\_AreaScalingFactor



B530-A-% rCV

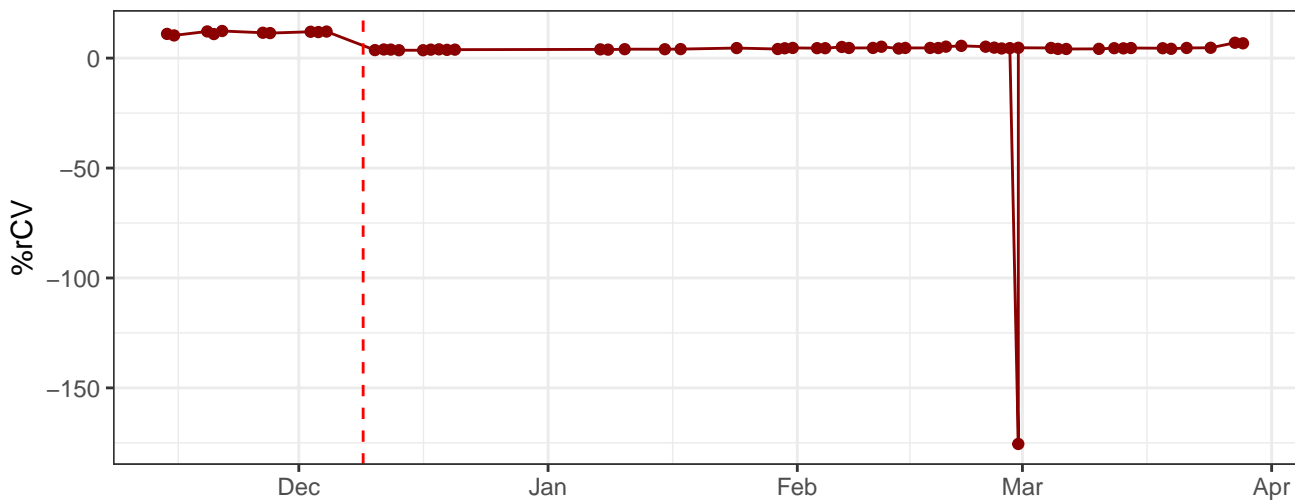


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December to April. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 0 to 100,000. The x-axis is labeled 'Time' and shows months from Dec to Apr. A vertical dashed red line is positioned at the beginning of the data series in early December. The data shows a period of low activity until late December, followed by a rapid rise to a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early January. After a decline, there is a sharp spike to nearly 100,000 cases in late February, followed by a period of relative stability at a low level (around 10,000 cases) through April.

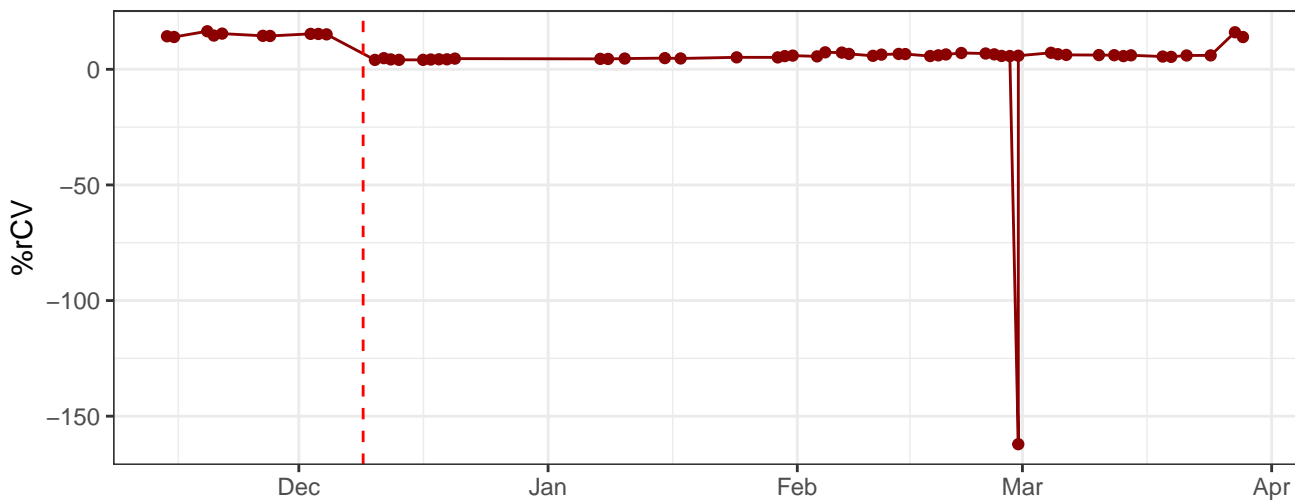
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 0 to 100,000 in increments of 20,000. The x-axis is labeled with months: Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. A red dashed vertical line is positioned at the end of December. The data points are connected by a blue line. The number of cases starts in late December, rises to a peak of about 100,000 in early January, then drops and remains relatively low until late February. In late February, there is a sharp spike to nearly 100,000 cases, followed by a decline and then a smaller peak in early March, after which the cases stabilize at a lower level through April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis is labeled with months: Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. A red dashed vertical line is positioned at the beginning of the data series in early December. The data shows a period of low case counts from December through February, followed by a rapid ascent starting in late February, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early March, and then a gradual decline through April.

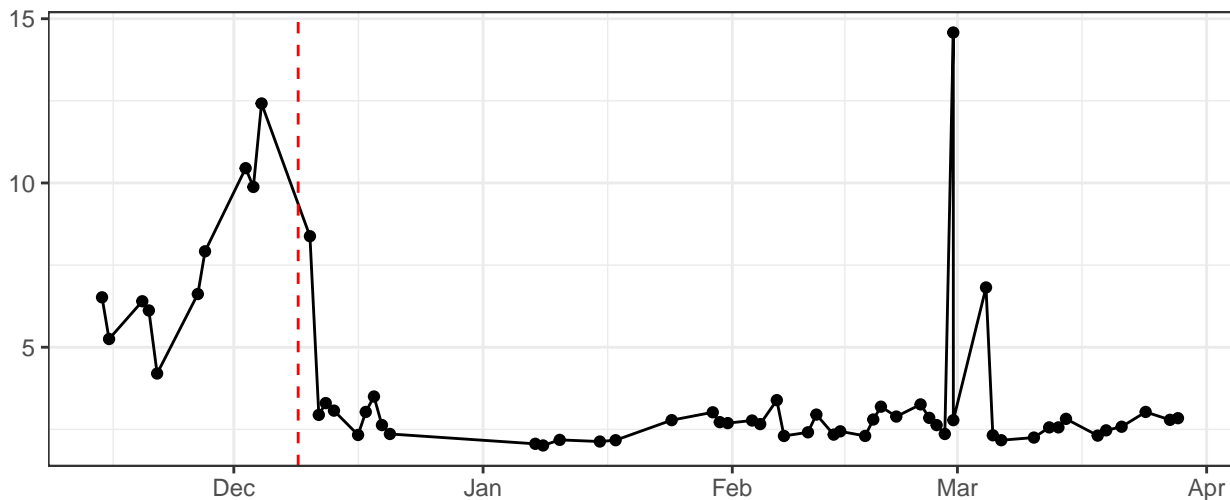
R670-A-% rCV



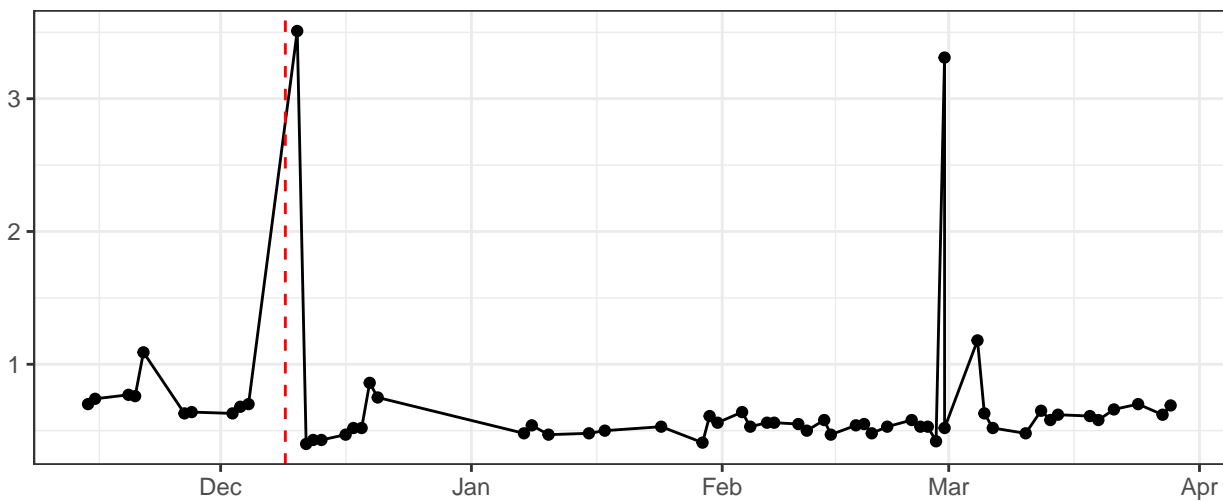
R780-A-% rCV



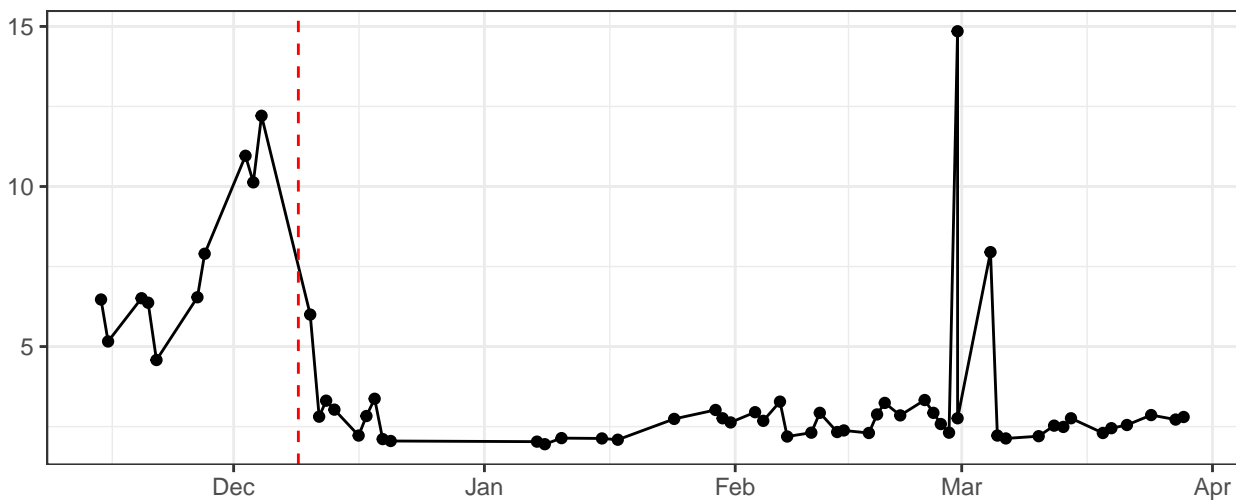
FSC-A-% rCV



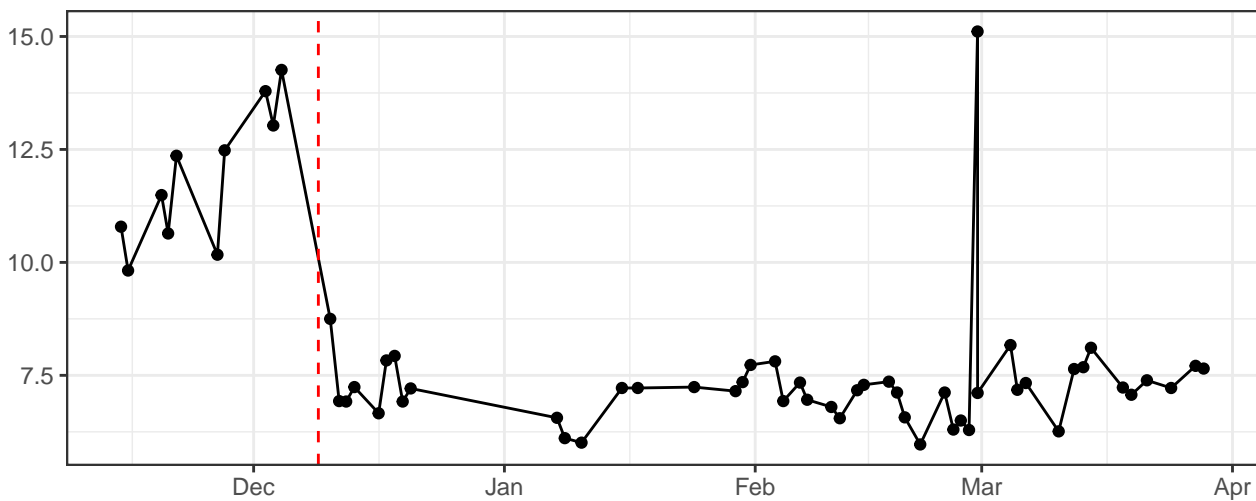
### FSC-H-% rCV



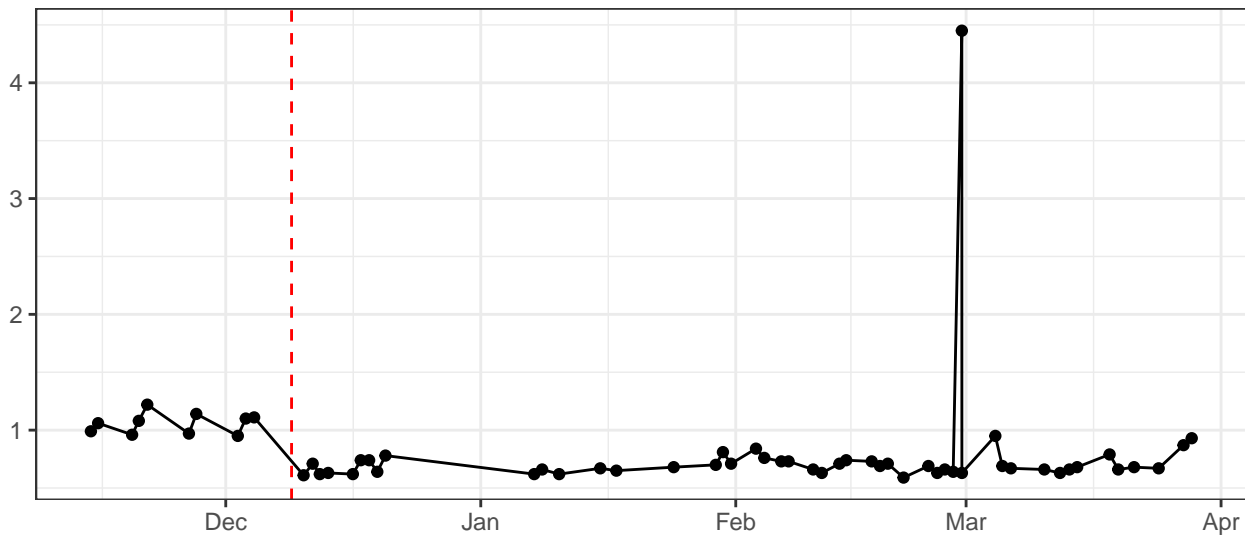
### FSC-W-% rCV



### SSC-A-% rCV



# SSC-H-% rCV



# SSC-W-% rCV

