

V450-A



V530-A



V710-A



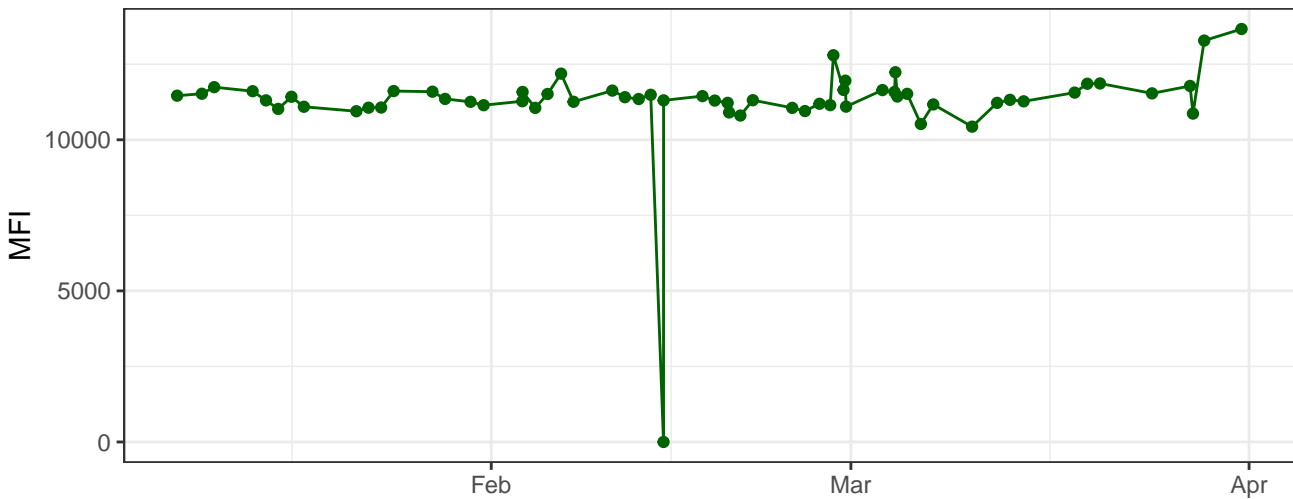
B530-A



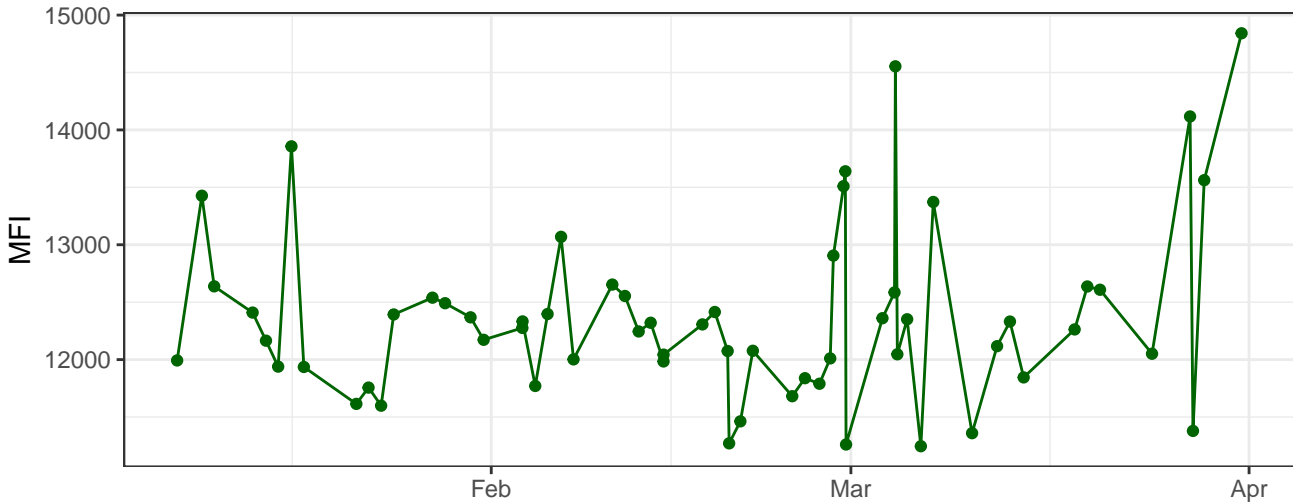
B695-A



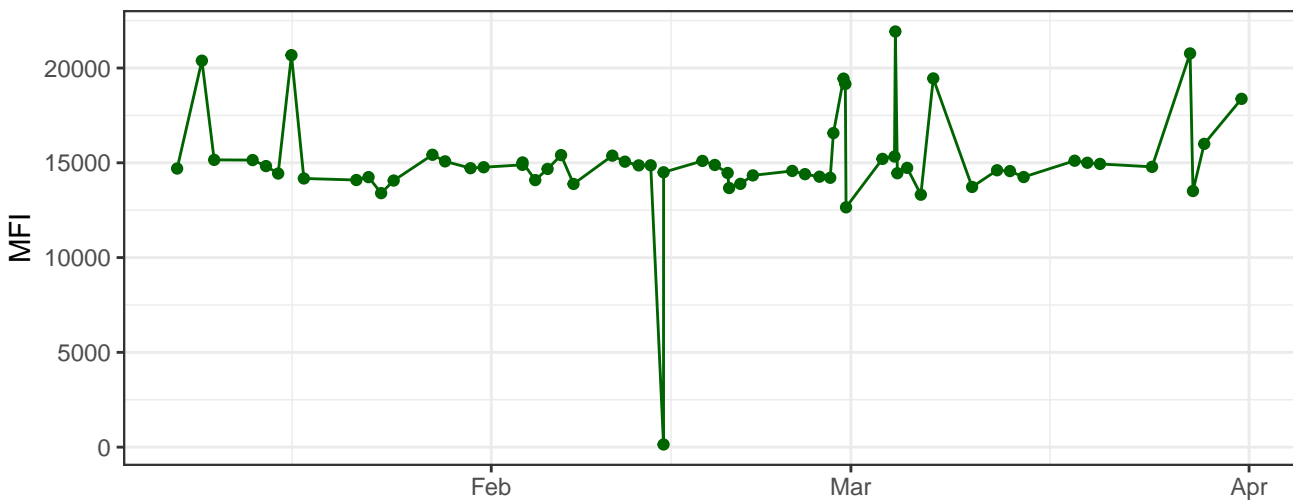
Y610-A



Y670-A



Y780-A



R660-A



R780-A



FSC-A



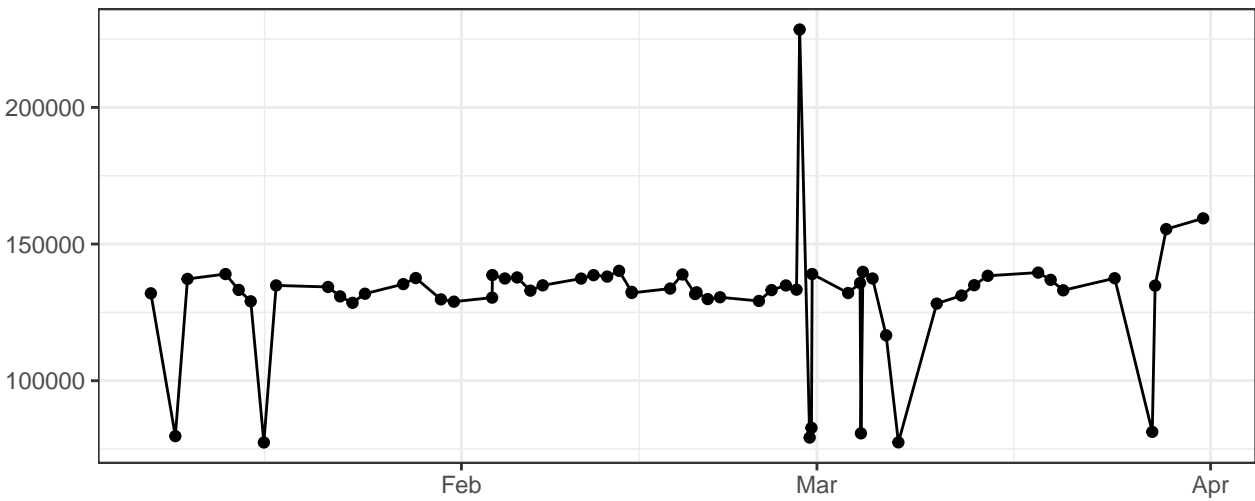
FSC-H



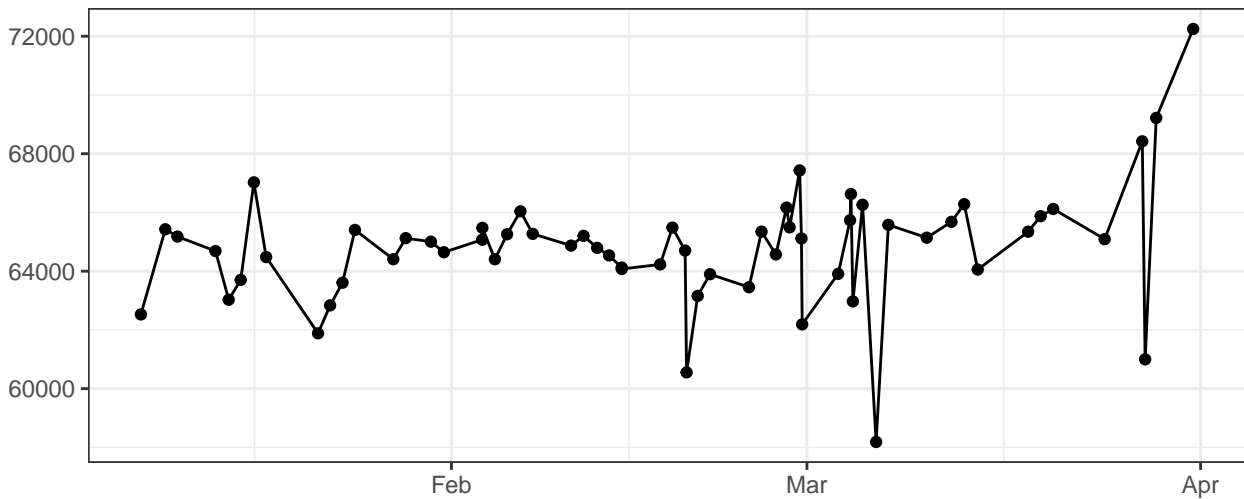
FSC-W



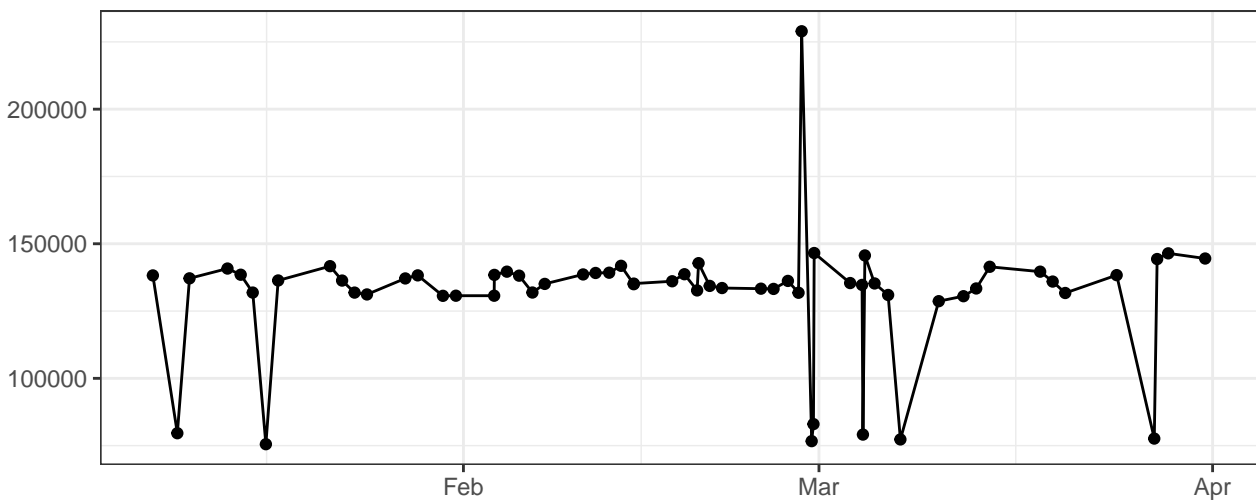
SSC-A



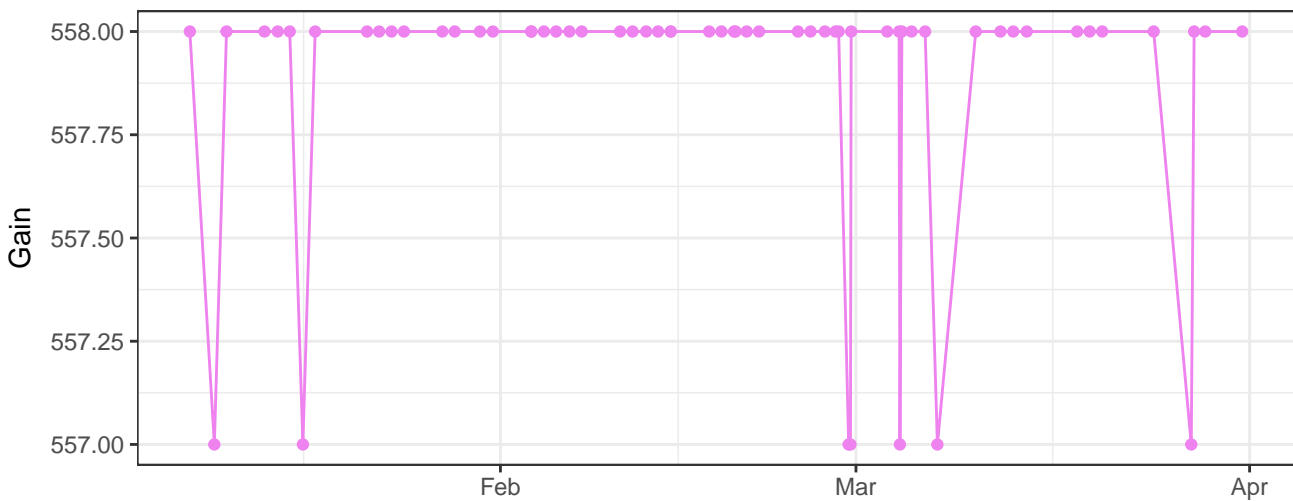
SSC-H



SSC-W



V450-A_Gain



V530-A_Gain



V710-A_Gain



B530-A_Gain



B695-A_Gain



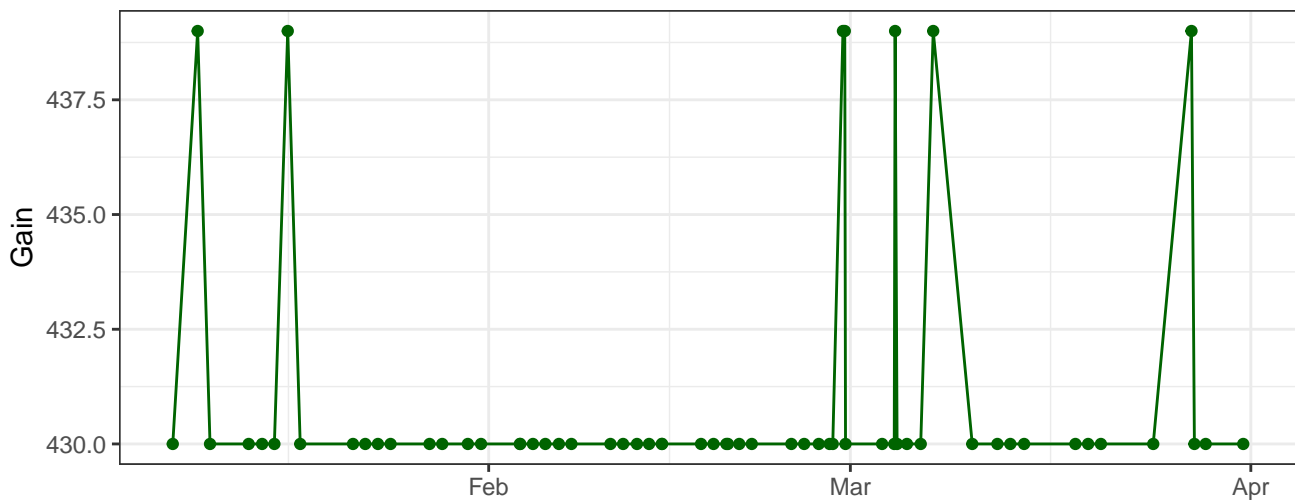
Y590-A_Gain



Y610-A_Gain



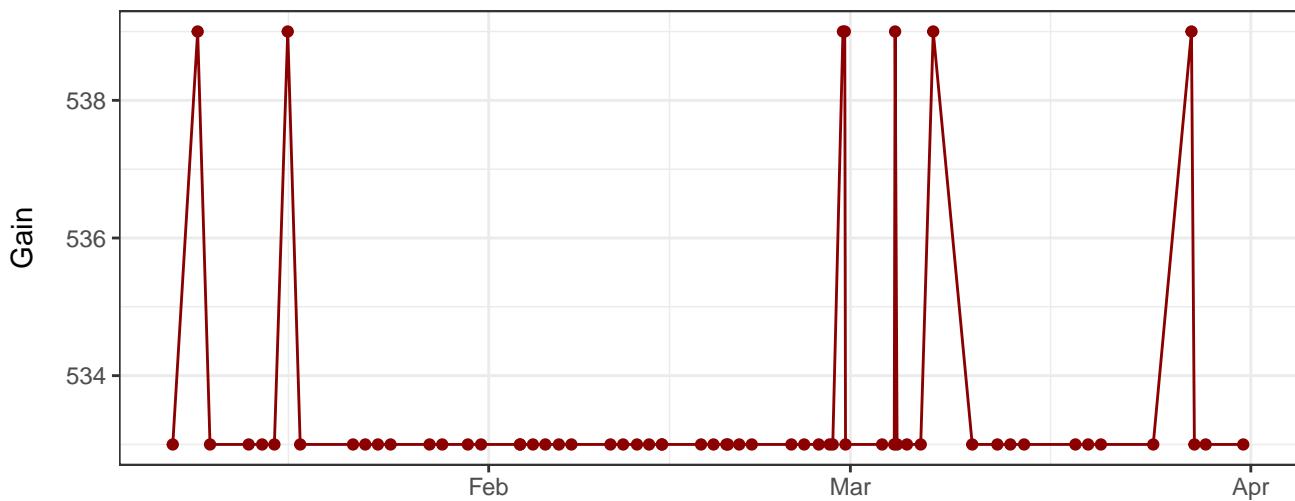
Y670-A_Gain



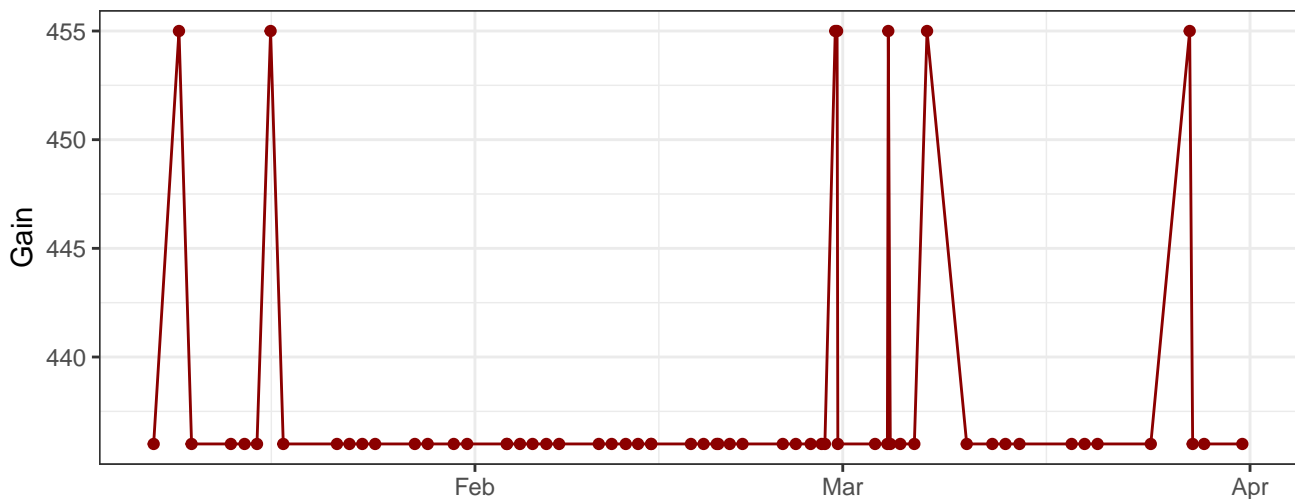
Y780-A_Gain



R660-A_Gain



R780-A_Gain



FSC-A_Gain



SSC-A_Gain



Violet_LaserDelay



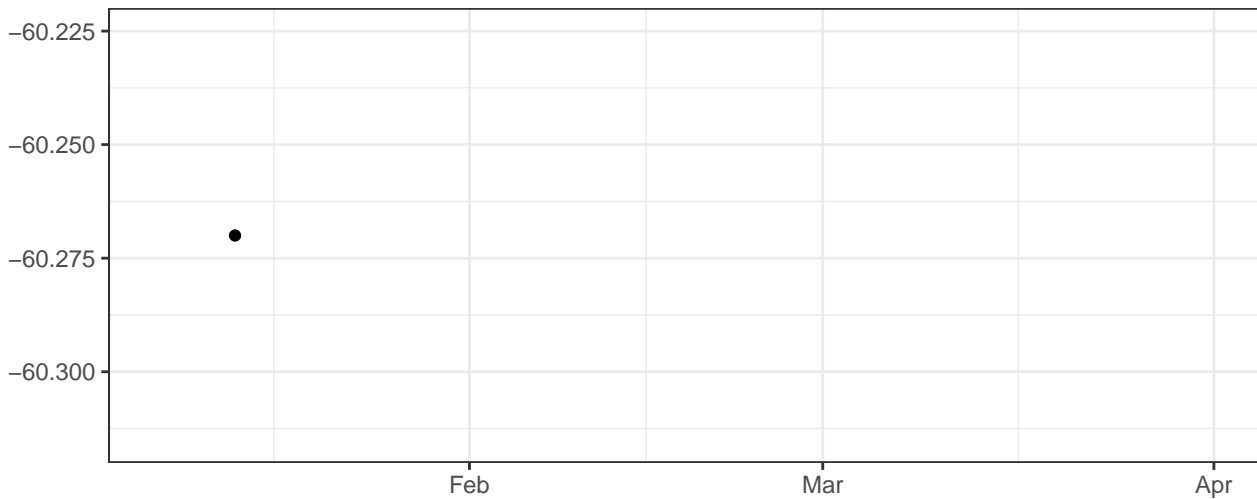
Blue_LaserDelay



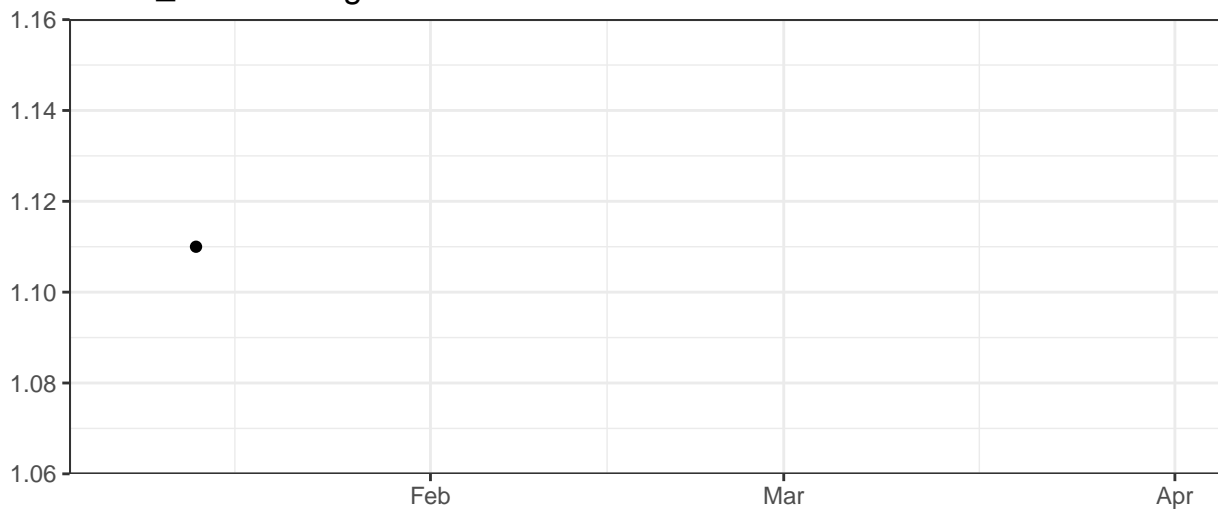
Yellow_LaserDelay



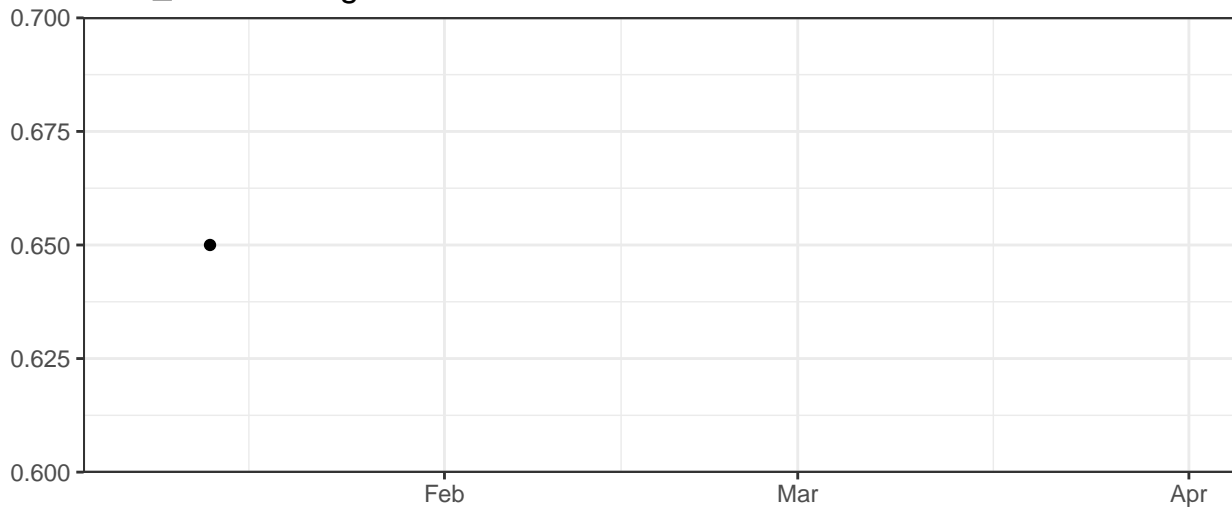
Red_LaserDelay



Violet_AreaScalingFactor



Blue_AreaScalingFactor



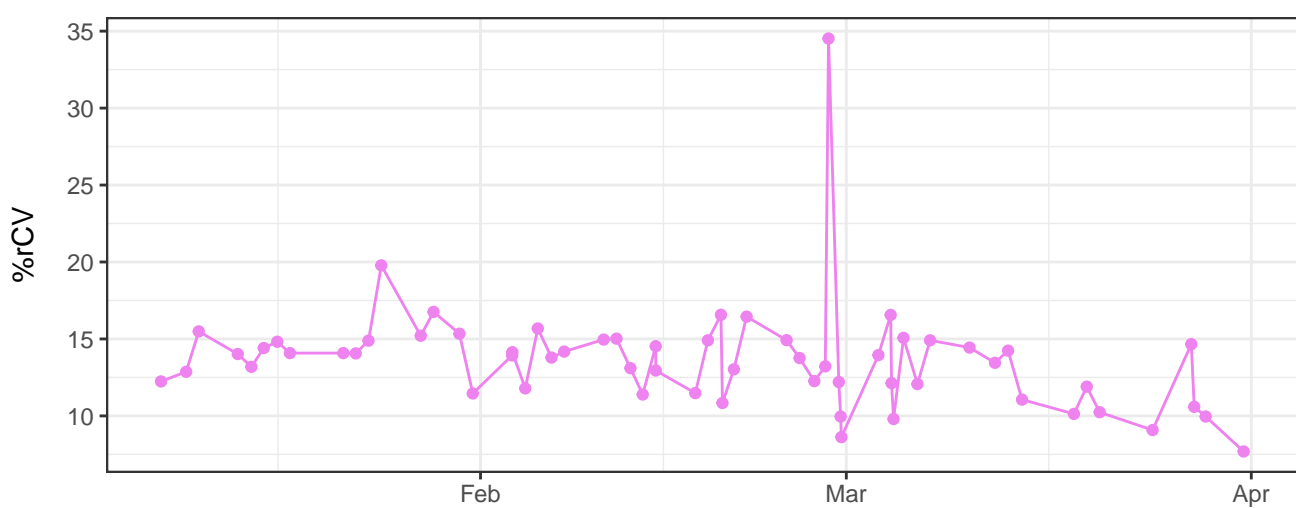
Yellow_AreaScalingFactor



Red_AreaScalingFactor



V450-A-% rCV

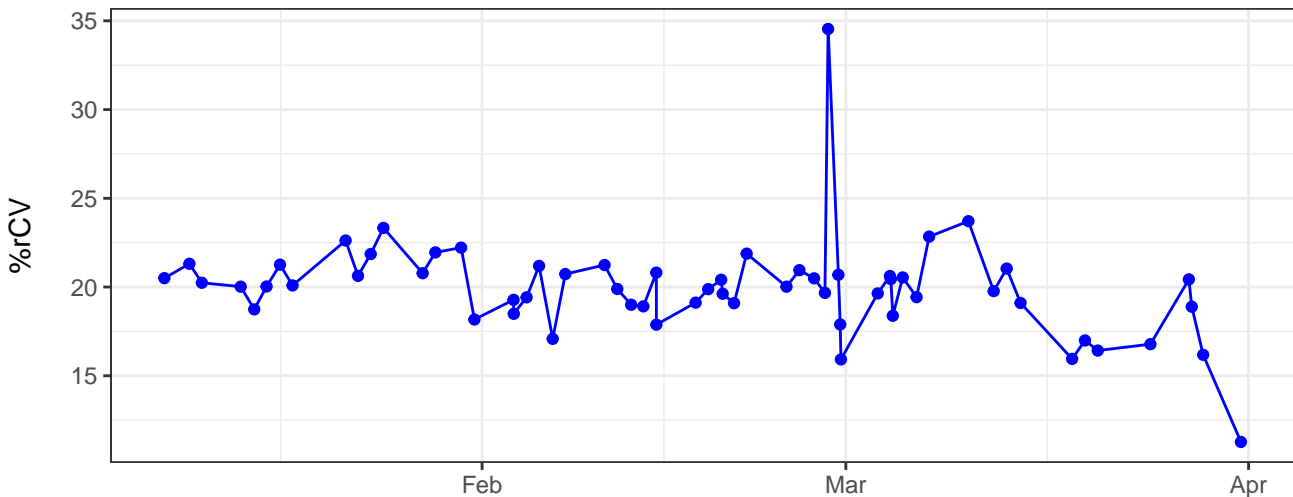


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until late February, followed by a rapid ascent to a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early March. After the peak, there is a significant decline, with cases falling below 20,000 by mid-March and continuing a general downward trend through April, ending at around 10,000 cases.

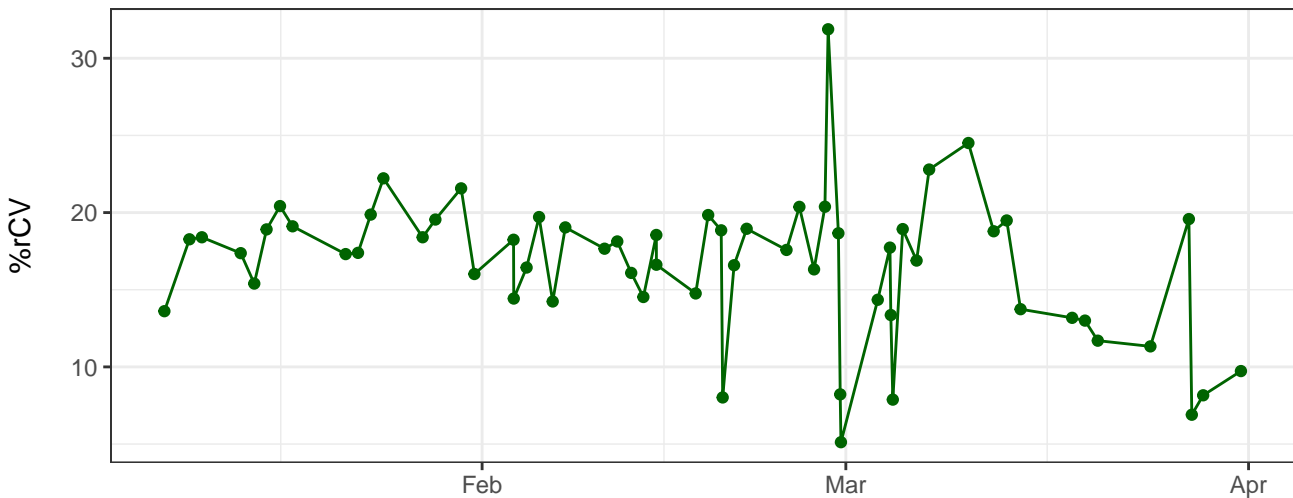
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from January through mid-February. Starting around February 15th, there is a significant upward trend. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 100,000 cases. Following this peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing some fluctuations but generally staying below 20,000 by the end of the period shown.

The graph displays the daily count of new COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid line at 100. The data shows a period of low activity in January, followed by a sharp increase in late February, peaking at over 100 cases per day in early March. This is followed by a period of high activity, with daily case counts fluctuating between 50 and 100, and then a sharp decline in April, reaching near zero by the end of the month.

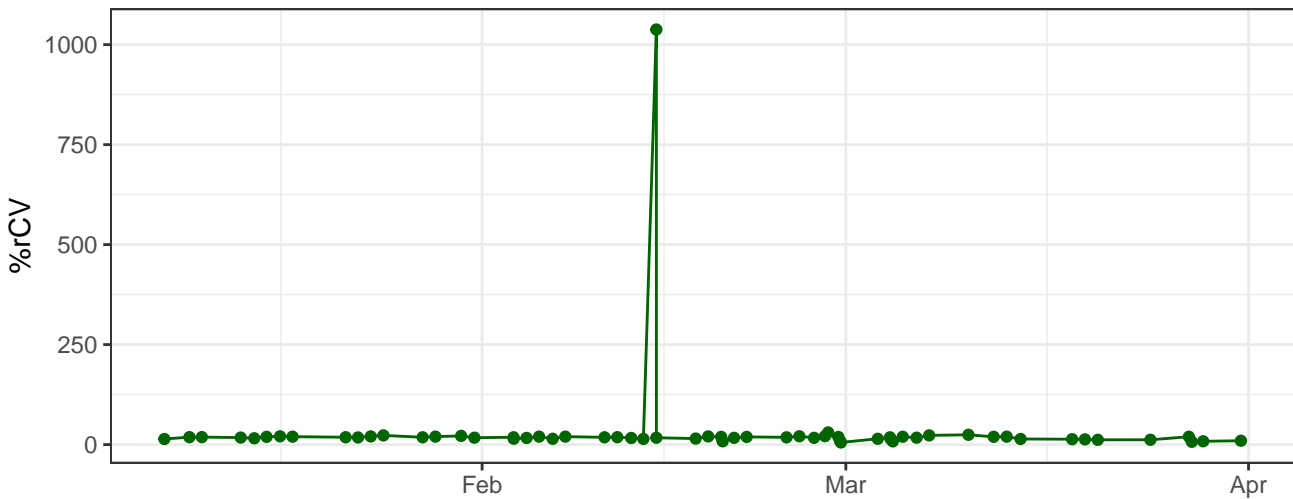
B695-A-% rCV



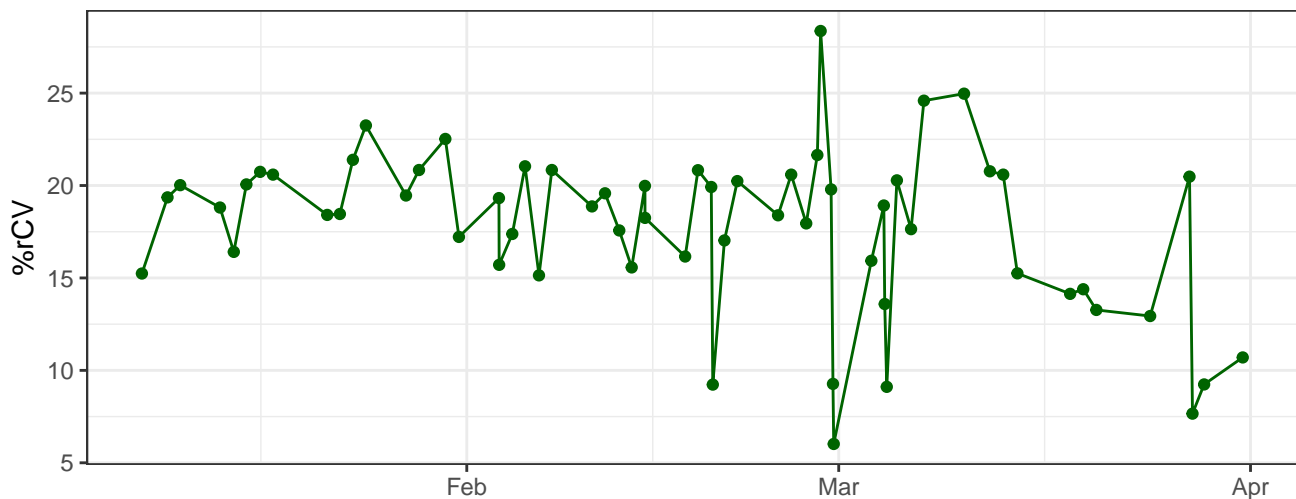
Y590-A-% rCV



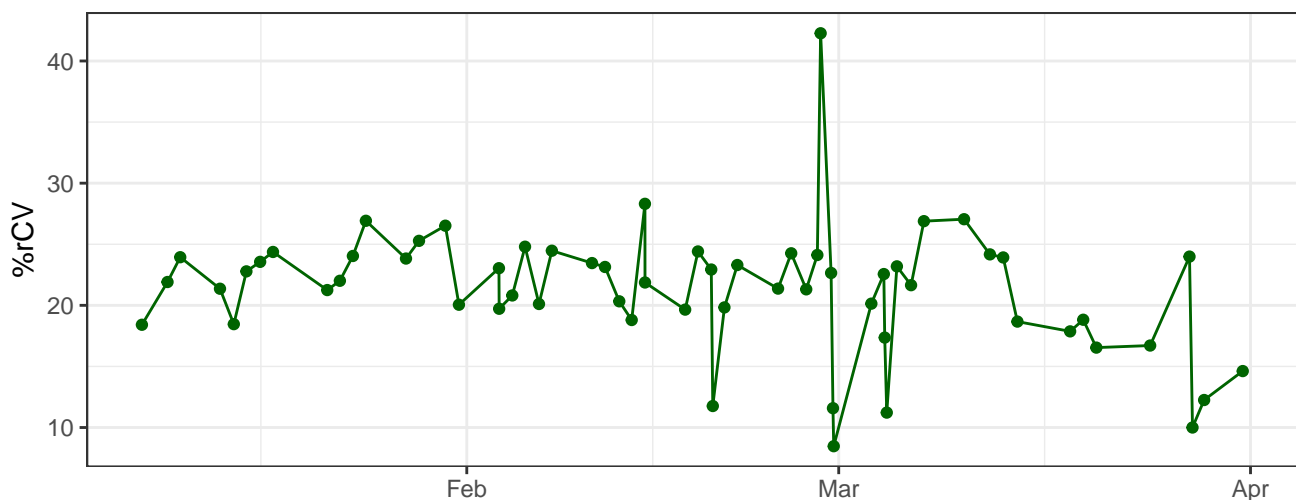
Y610-A-% rCV



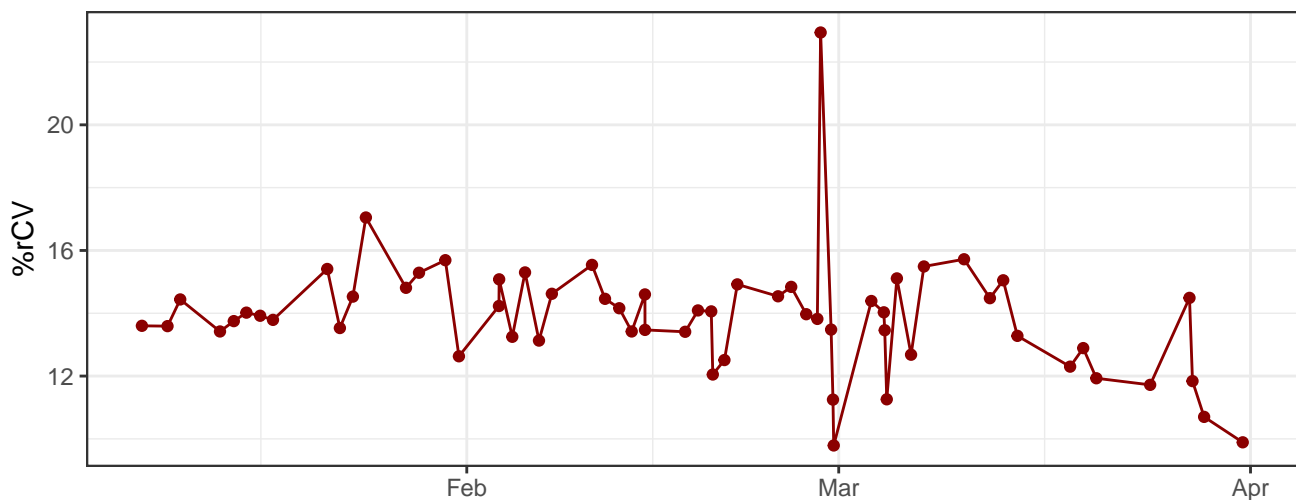
Y670-A-% rCV



Y780-A-% rCV



R660-A-% rCV



The graph displays the daily number of new COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 1 to April 1, 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 200. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 50) from January 1 to mid-February. A sharp spike occurs in late February, with cases reaching over 200. This is followed by a decline and then a second, smaller spike in early March, reaching approximately 100 cases. The number of cases then declines again, remaining below 50 for the rest of the period shown.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from January through mid-February. Starting in late February, there is a rapid and significant increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 in early March. Following this peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing a downward trend through April, though it remains higher than the initial January levels.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The y-axis is labeled with values 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. The x-axis is labeled with the months February, March, and April. The data shows a period of relative stability between 2.5 and 3.5 cases from January through mid-February. A significant spike occurs in early March, with cases peaking at approximately 6.2. Following this peak, the number of cases drops sharply to around 2.2 and then fluctuates between 2.3 and 3.4 through the rest of March and the beginning of April.

FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

