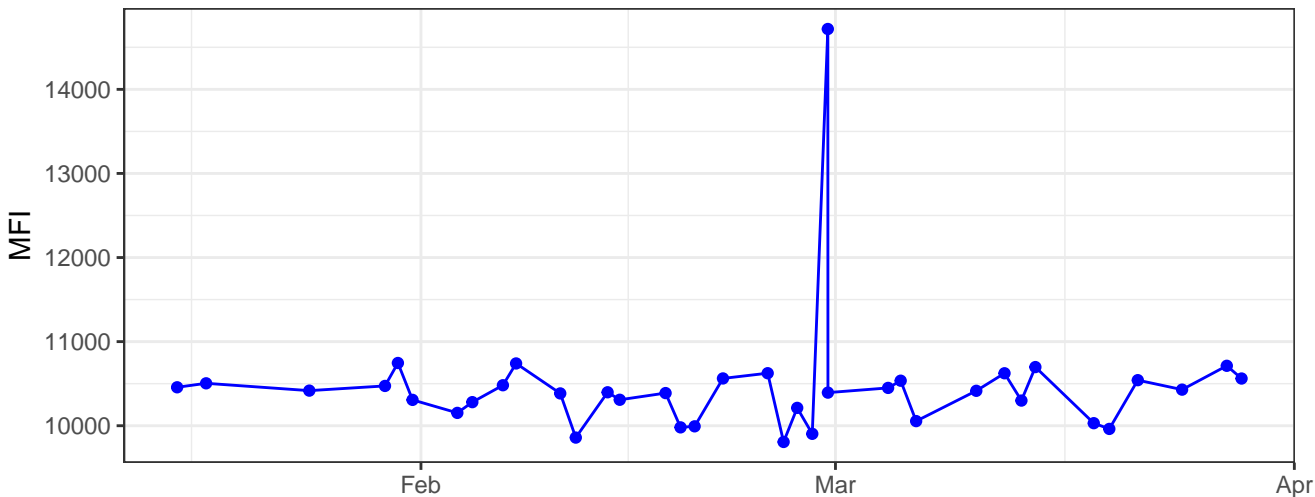
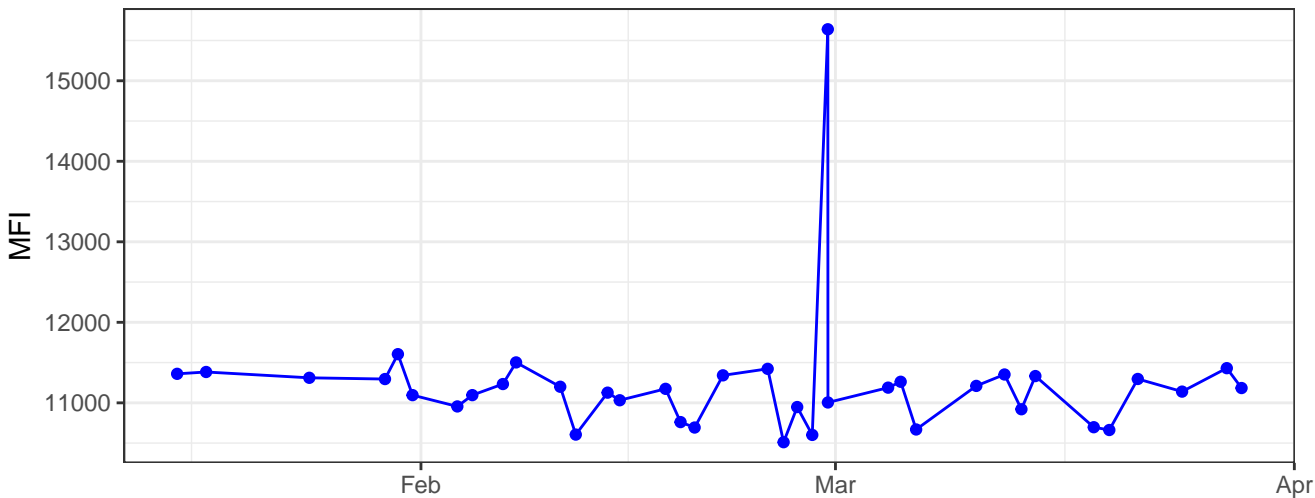


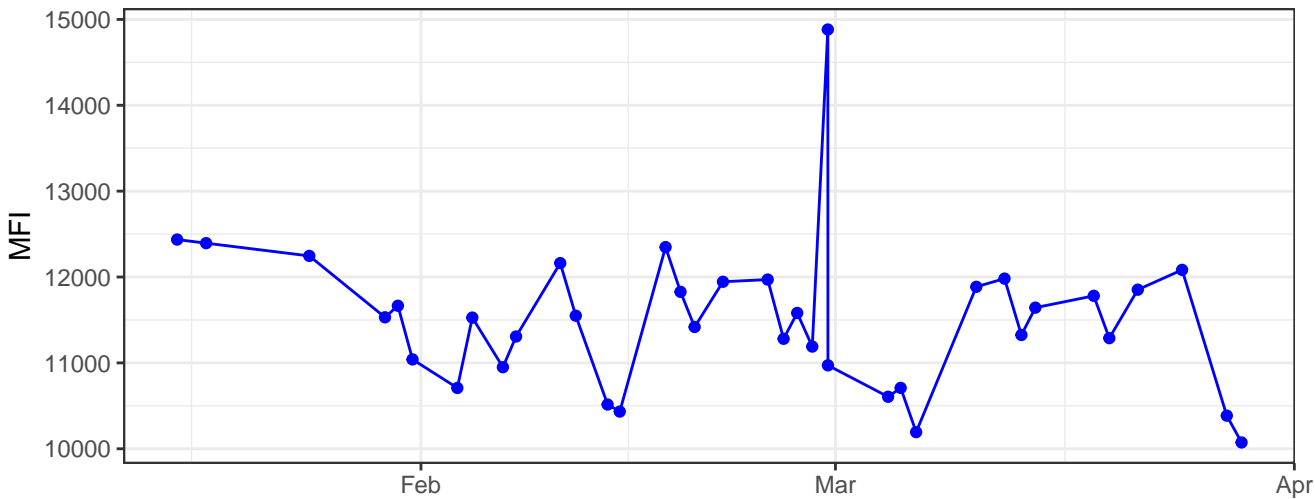
B530-A



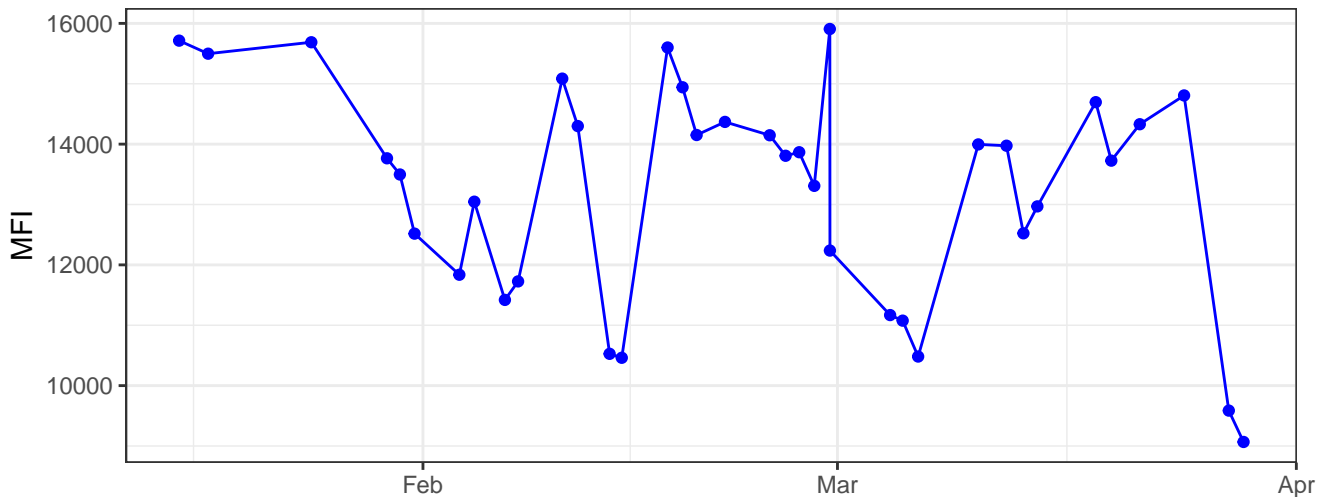
B585-A



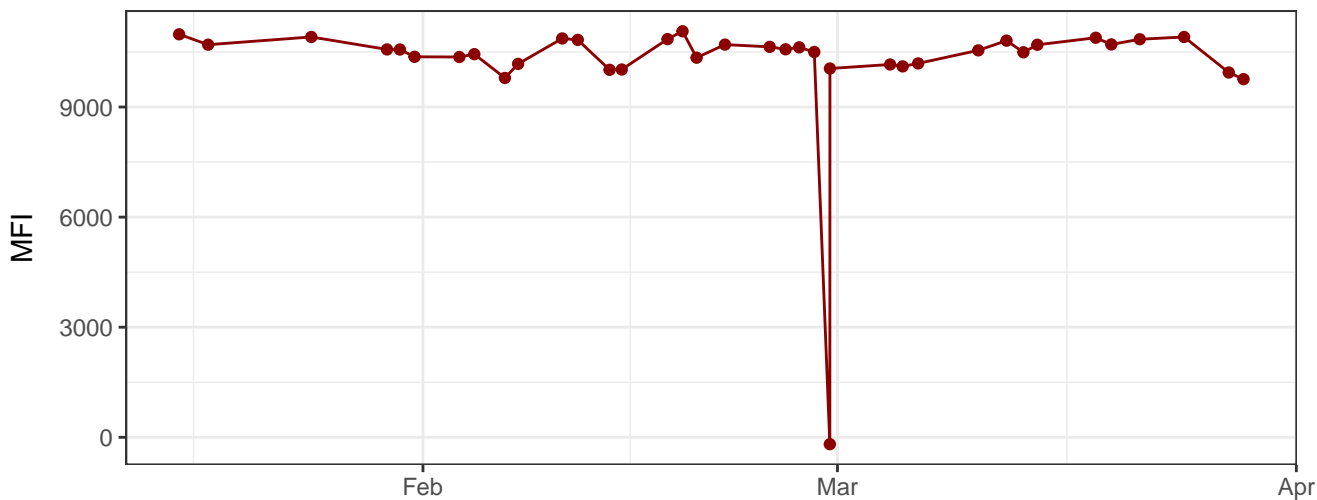
B695-A



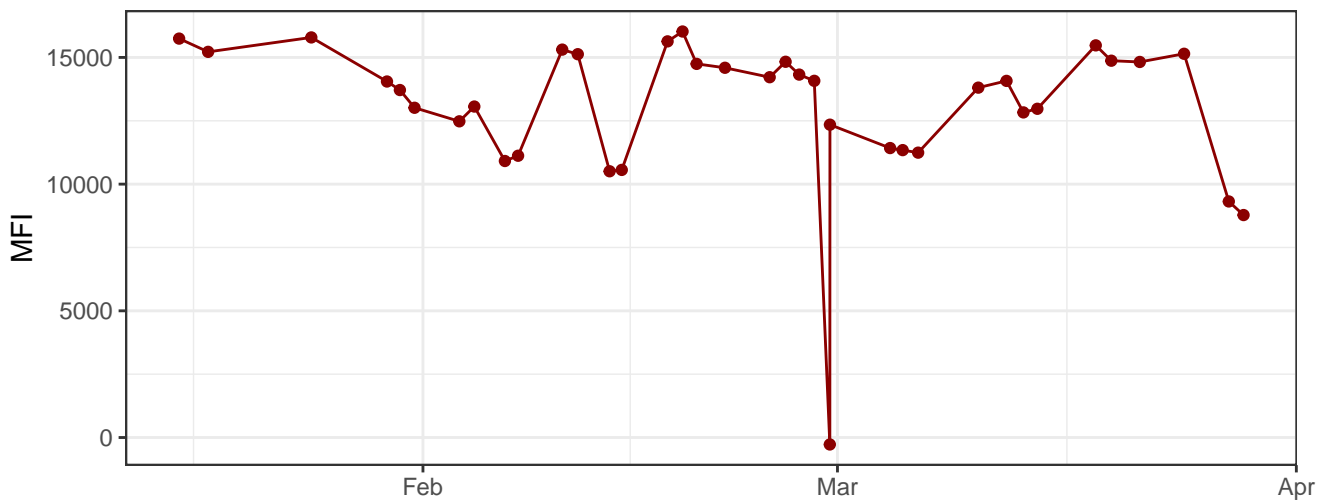
B780-A



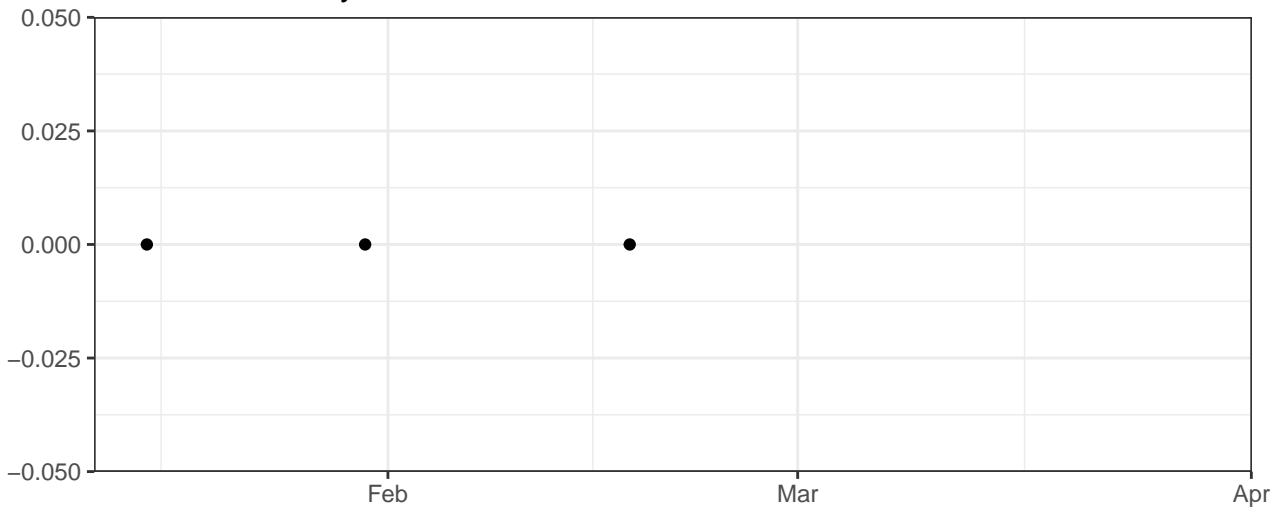
R670-A



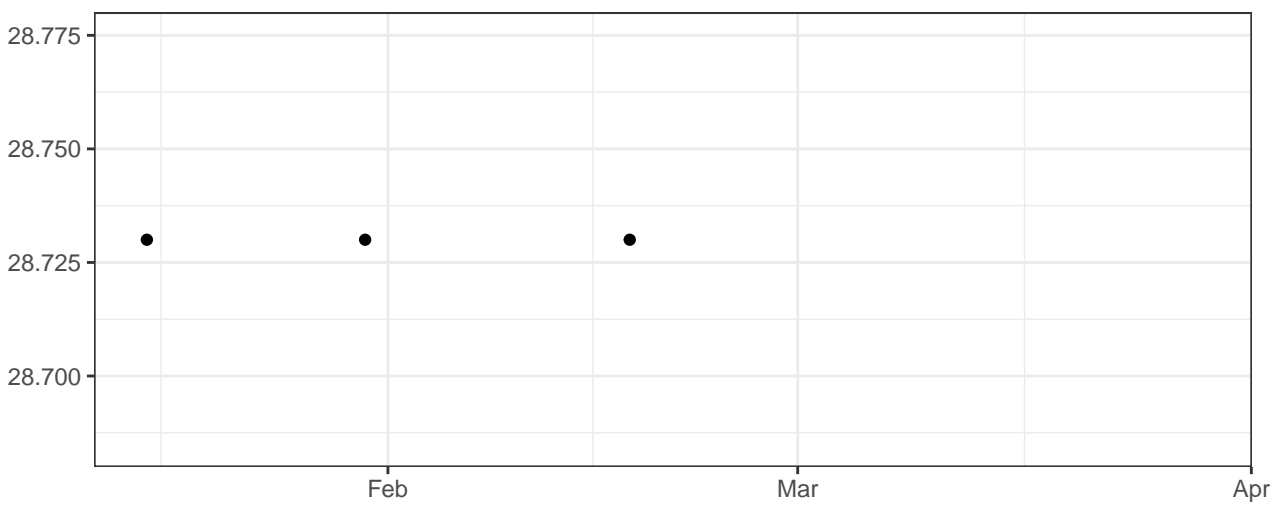
R780-A



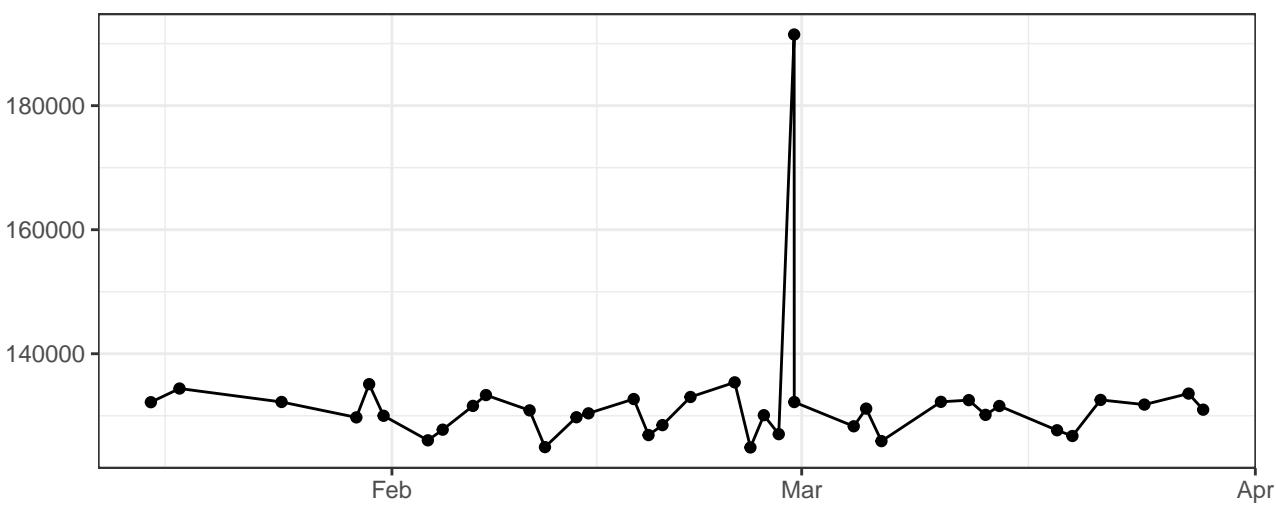
Blue_LaserDelay



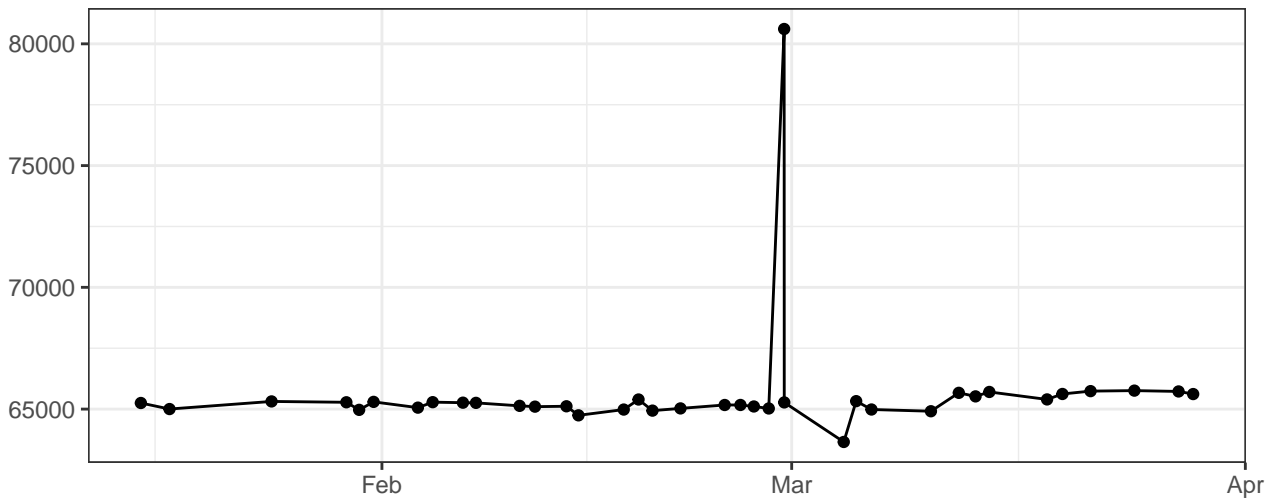
Red_LaserDelay



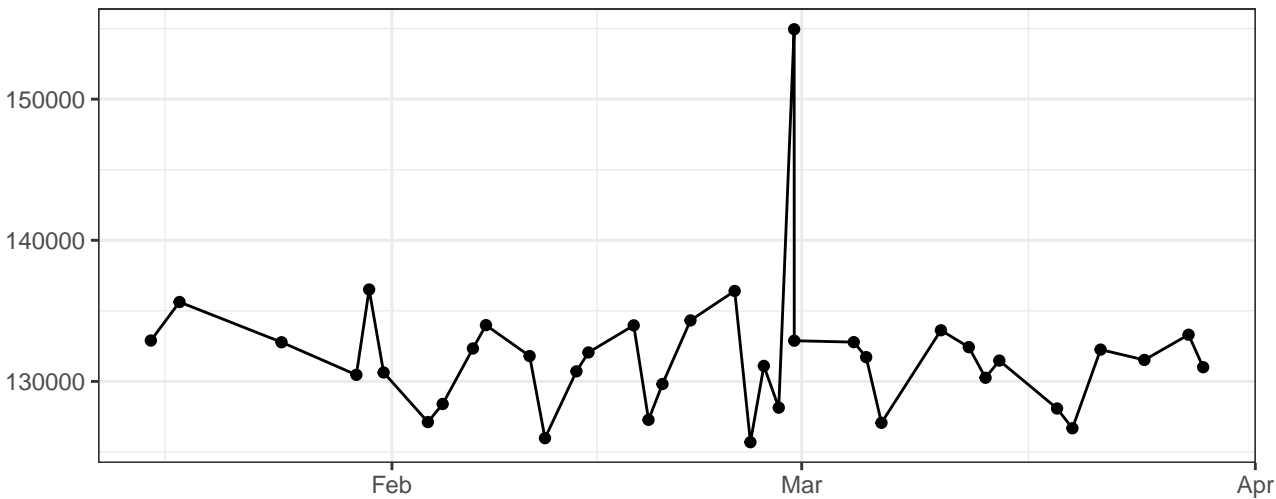
FSC-A



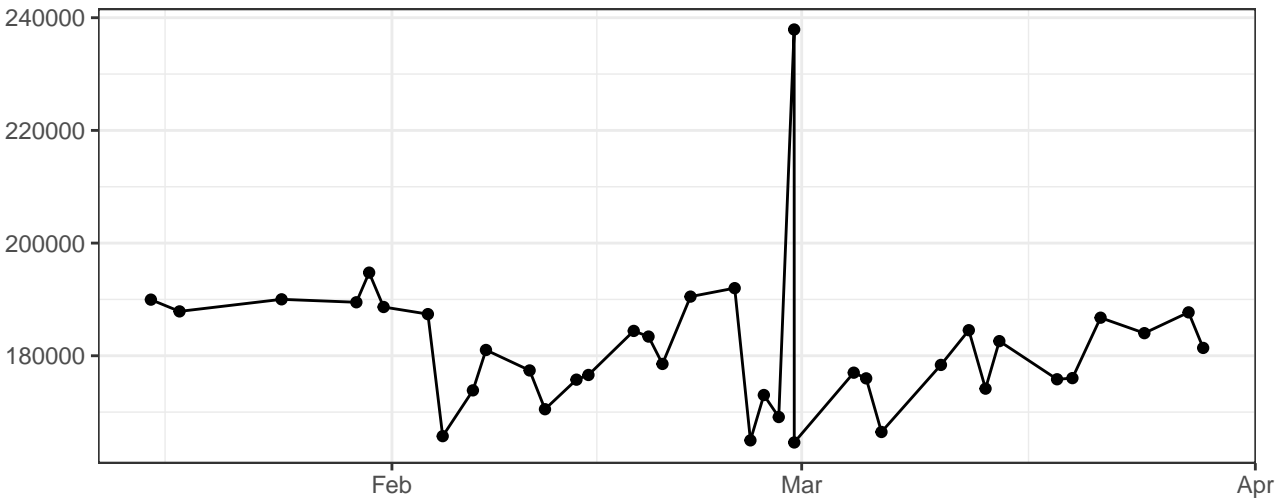
FSC-H



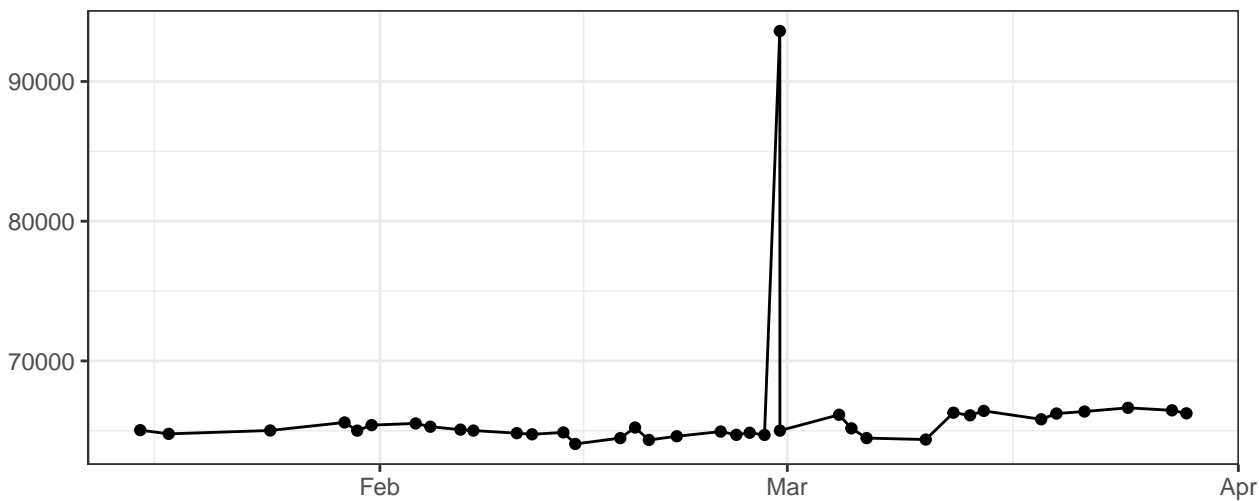
FSC-W



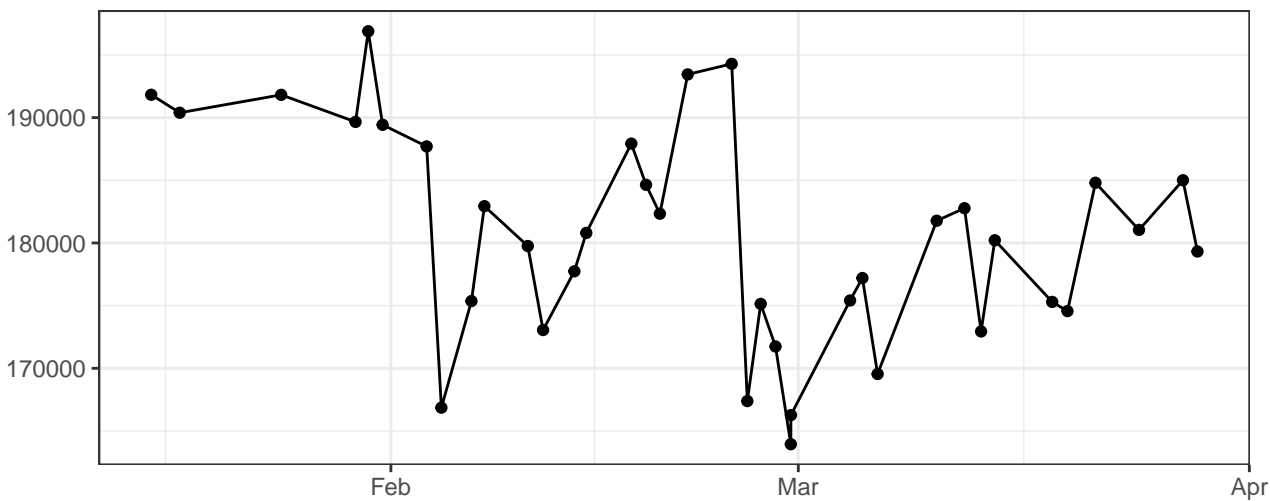
SSC-A



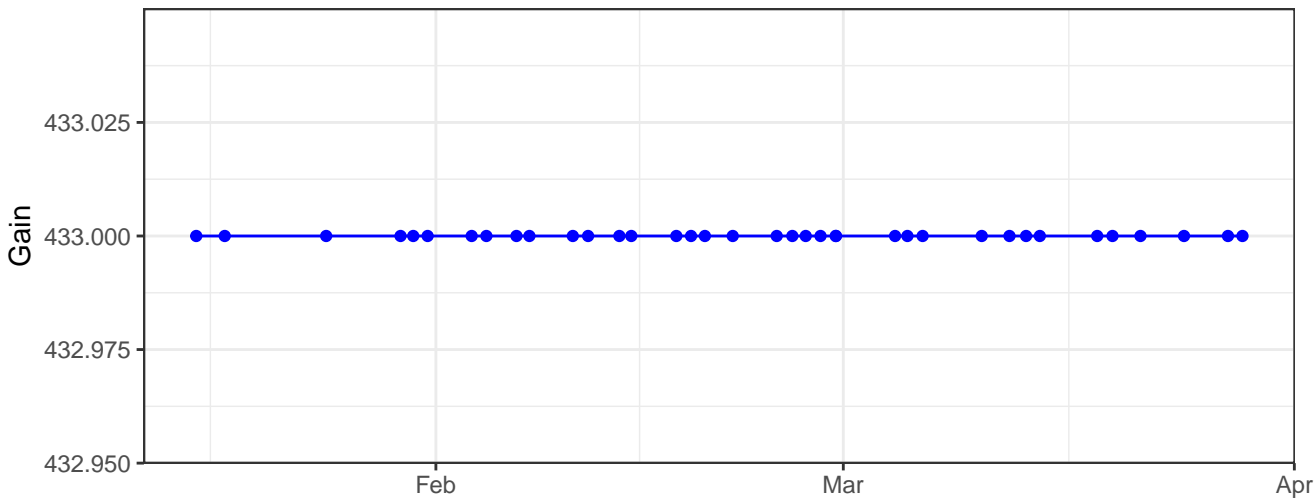
SSC-H



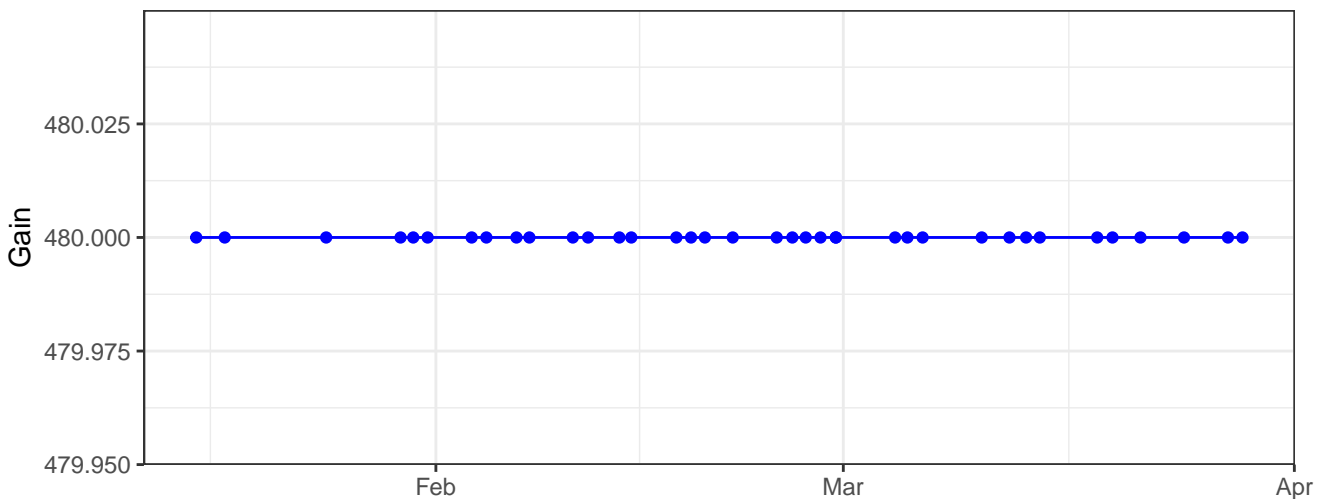
SSC-W



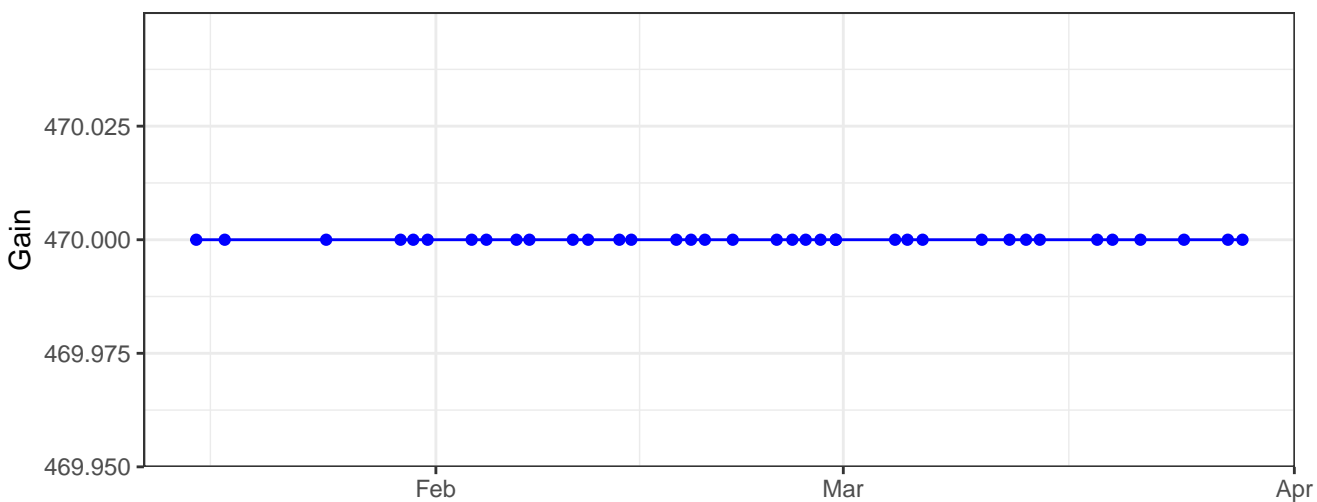
B530-A_Gain



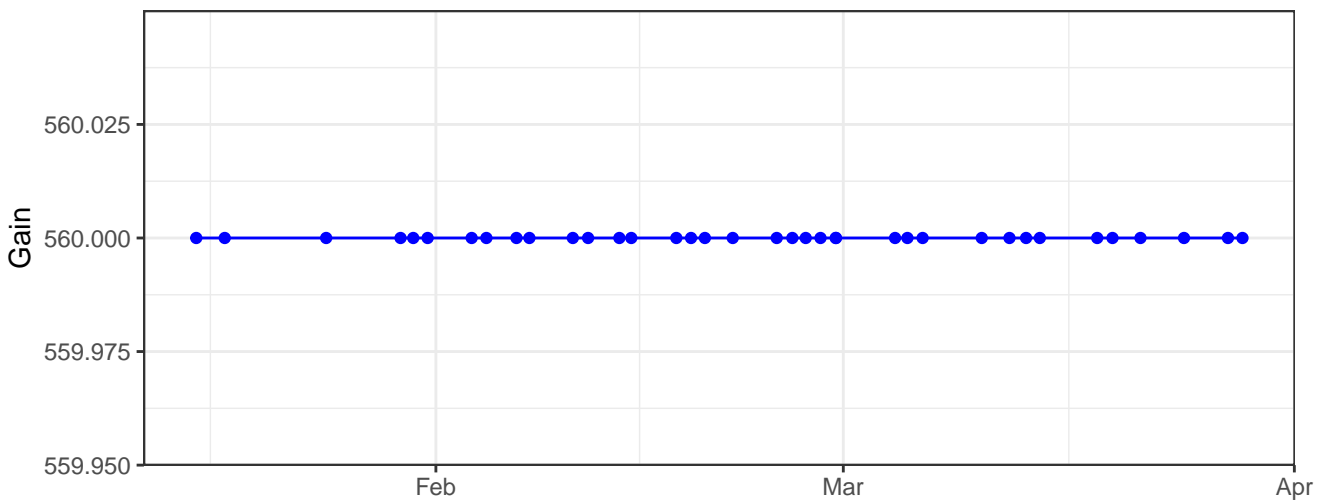
B585-A_Gain



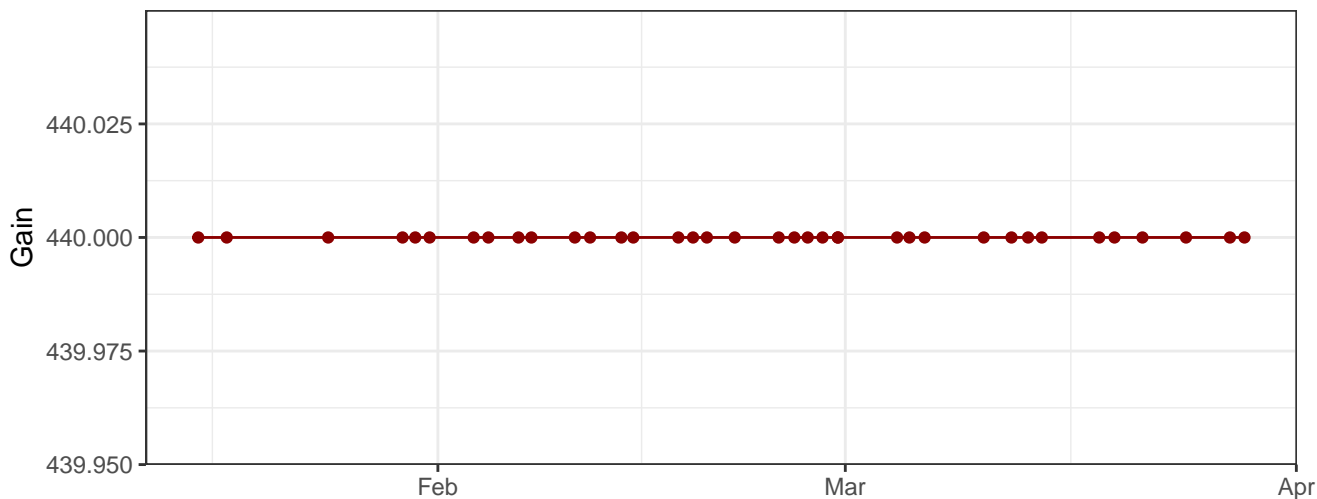
B695-A_Gain



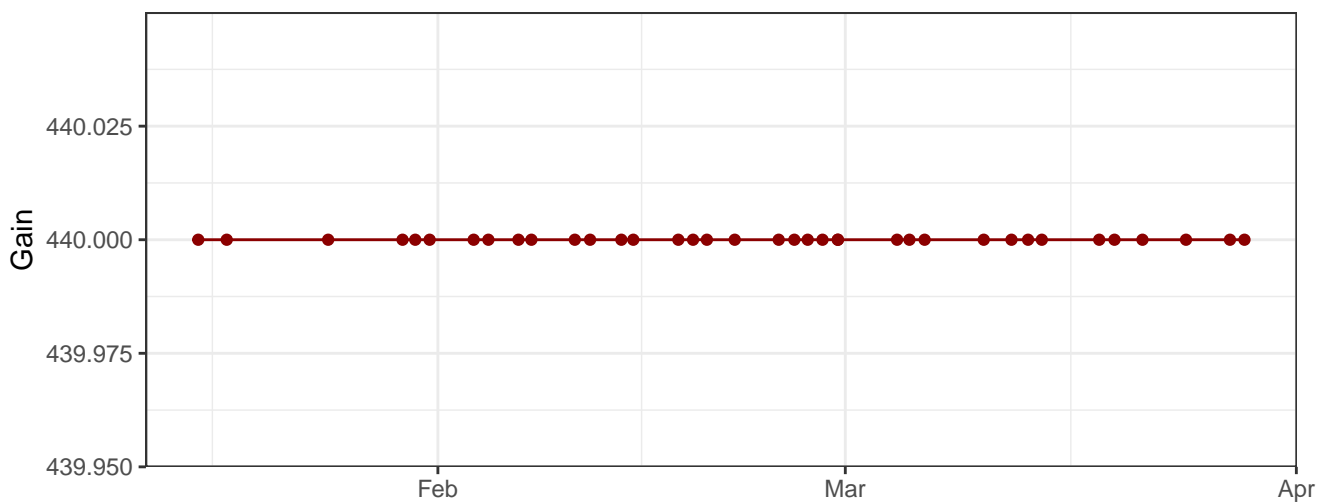
B780-A_Gain



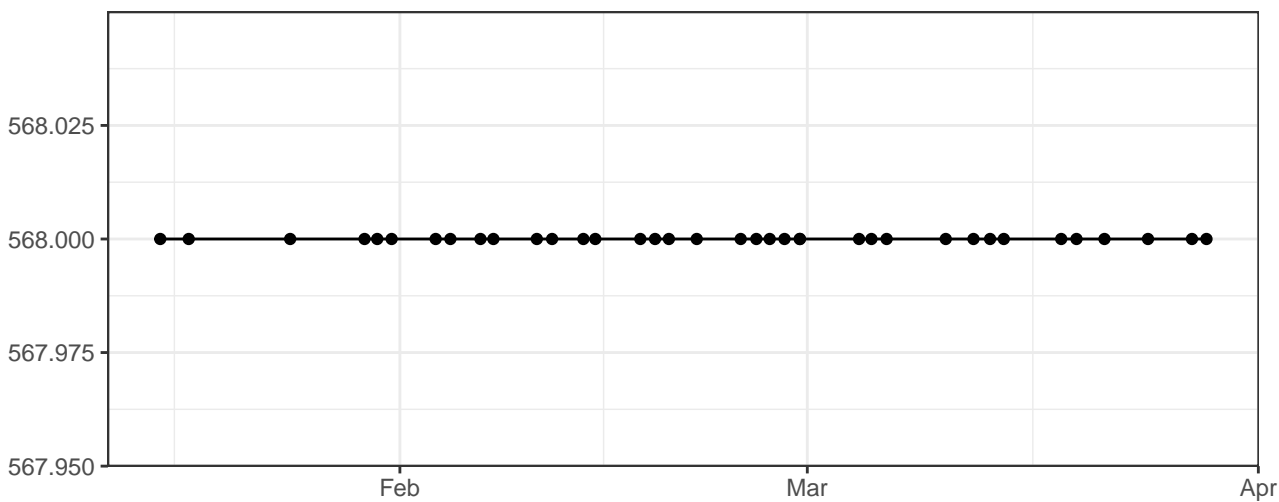
R670-A_Gain



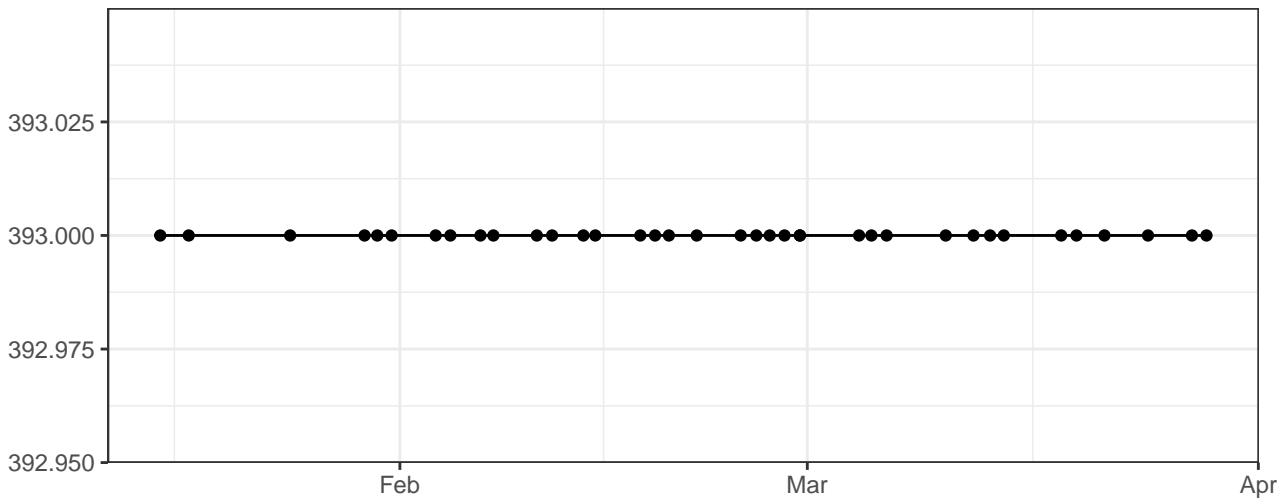
R780-A_Gain



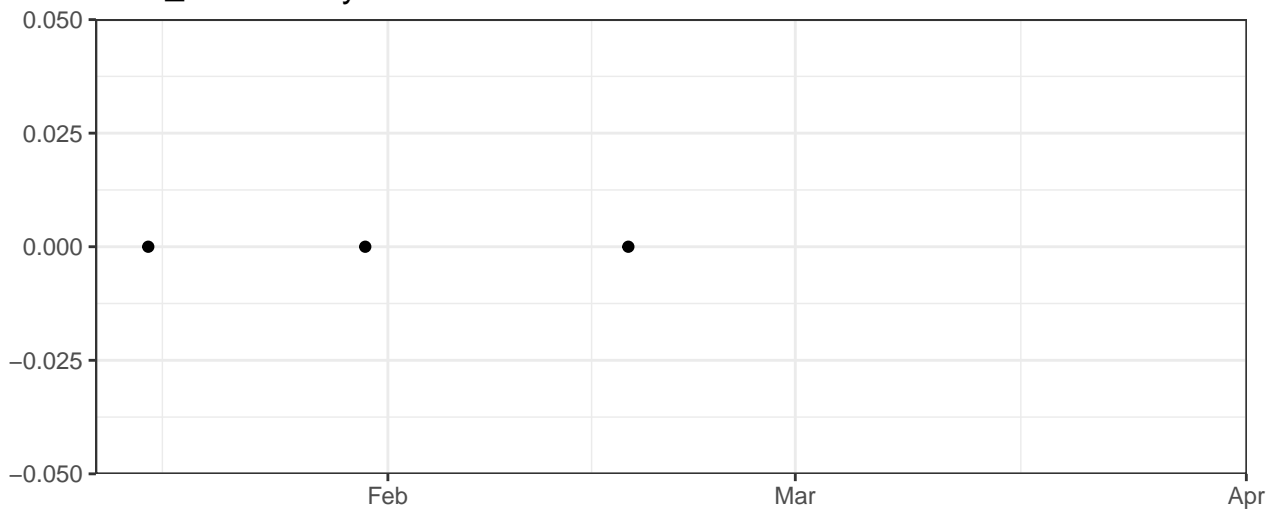
FSC-A_Gain



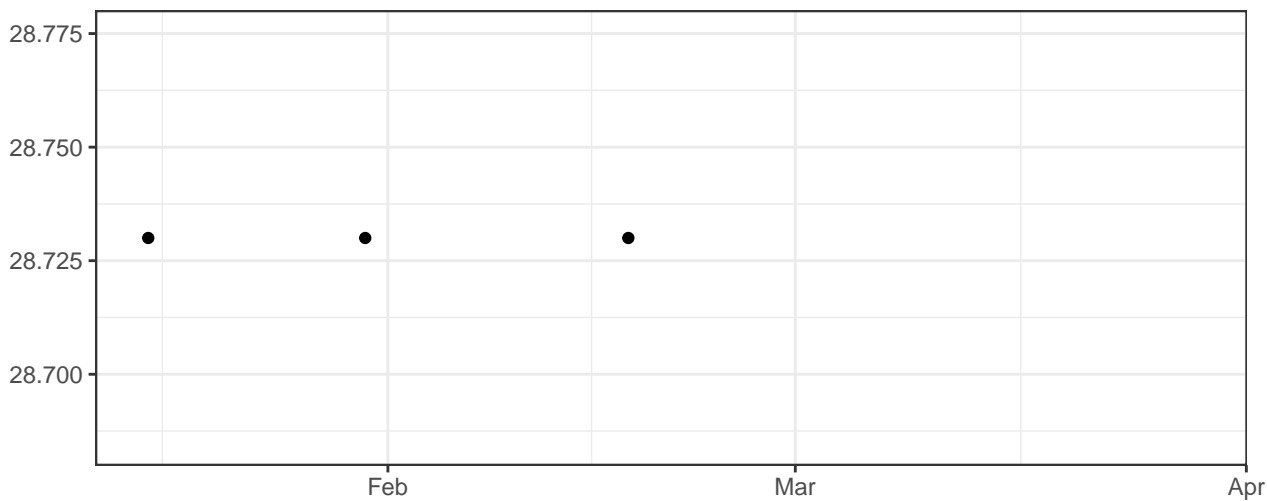
SSC-A_Gain



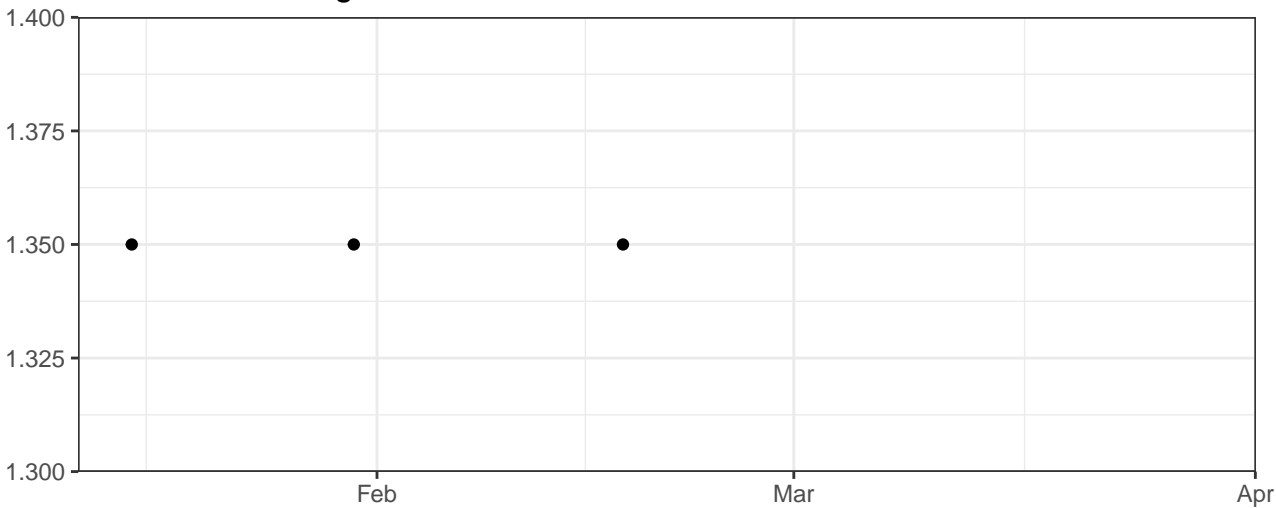
Blue_LaserDelay



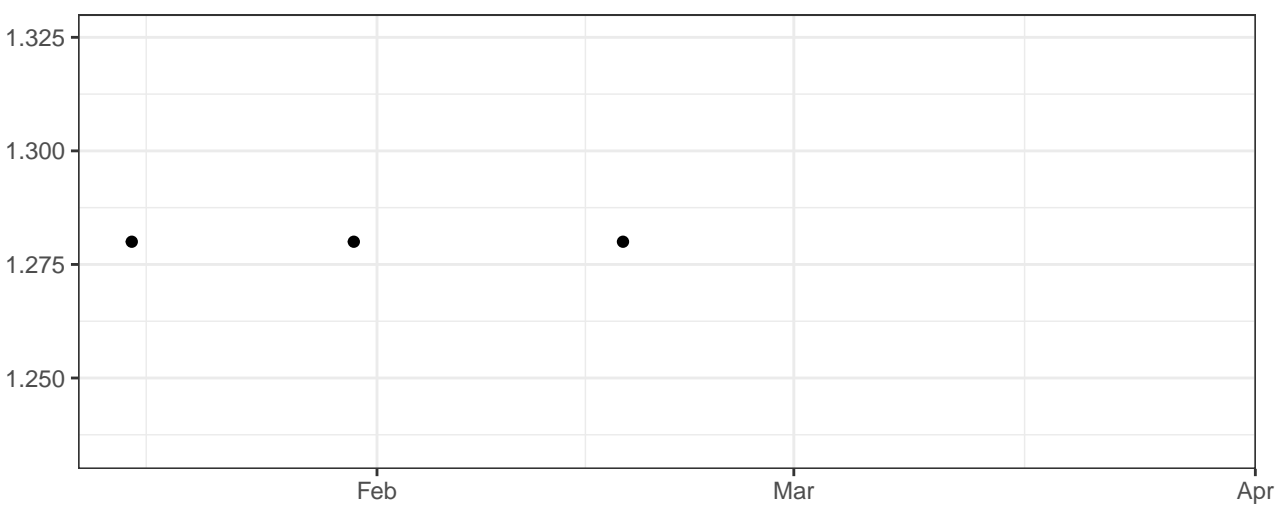
Red_LaserDelay



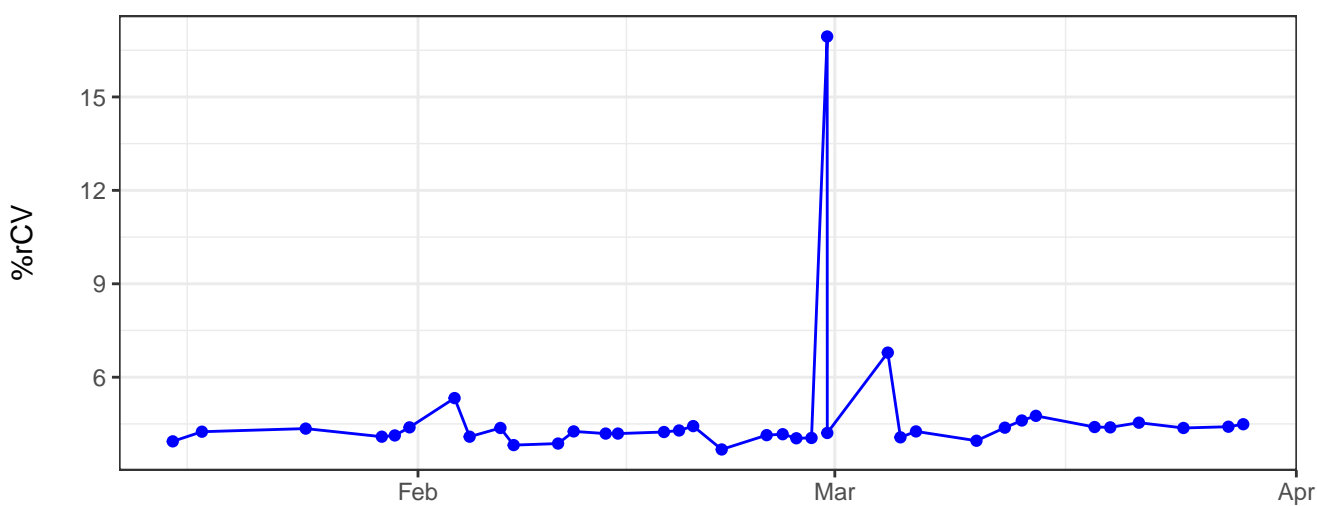
Blue_AreaScalingFactor



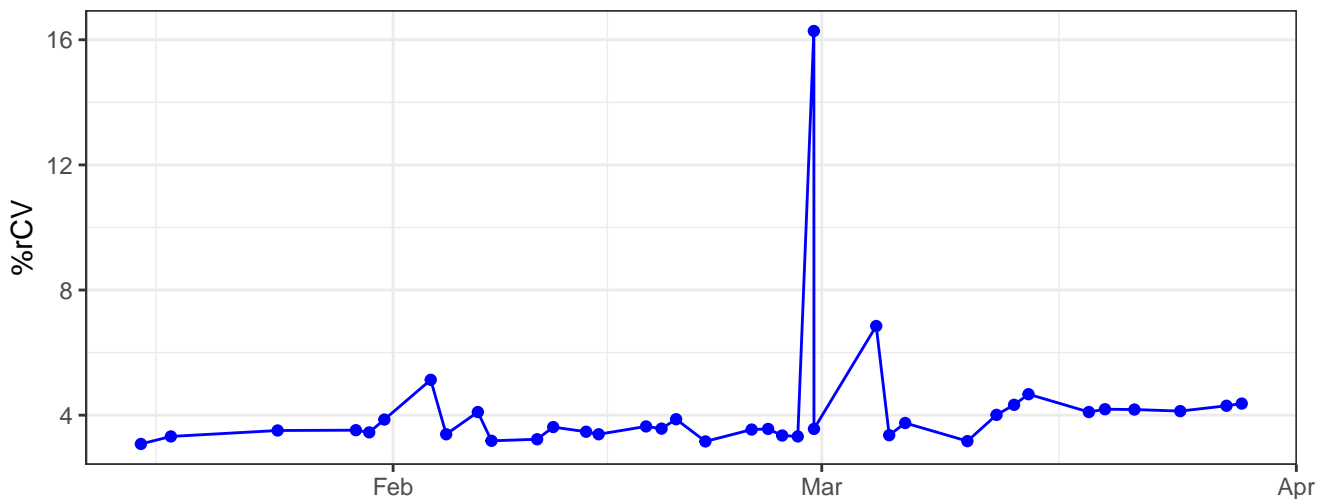
Red_AreaScalingFactor



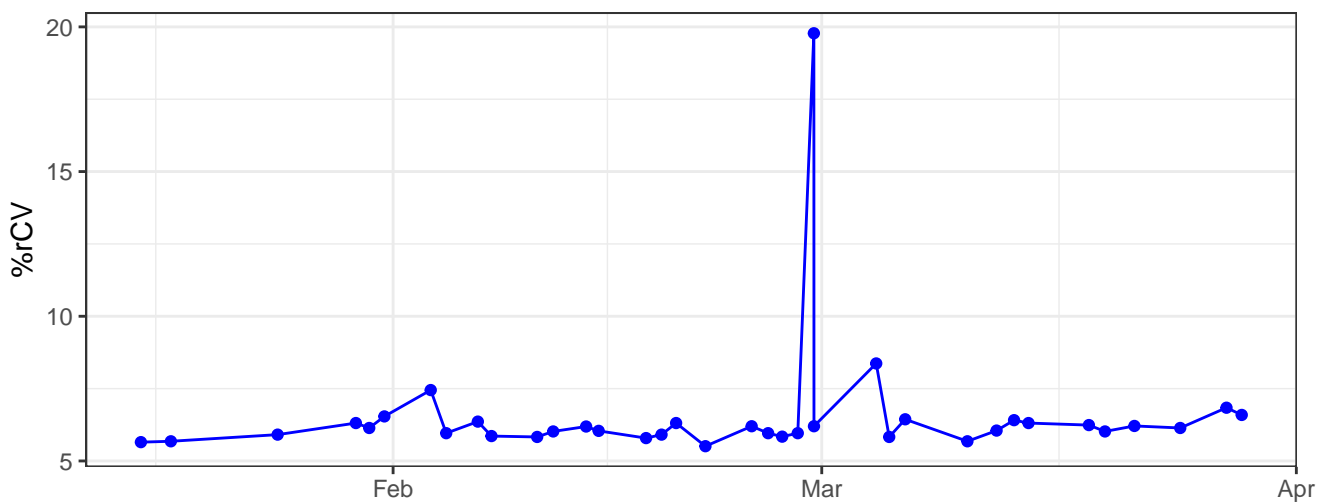
B530-A-% rCV



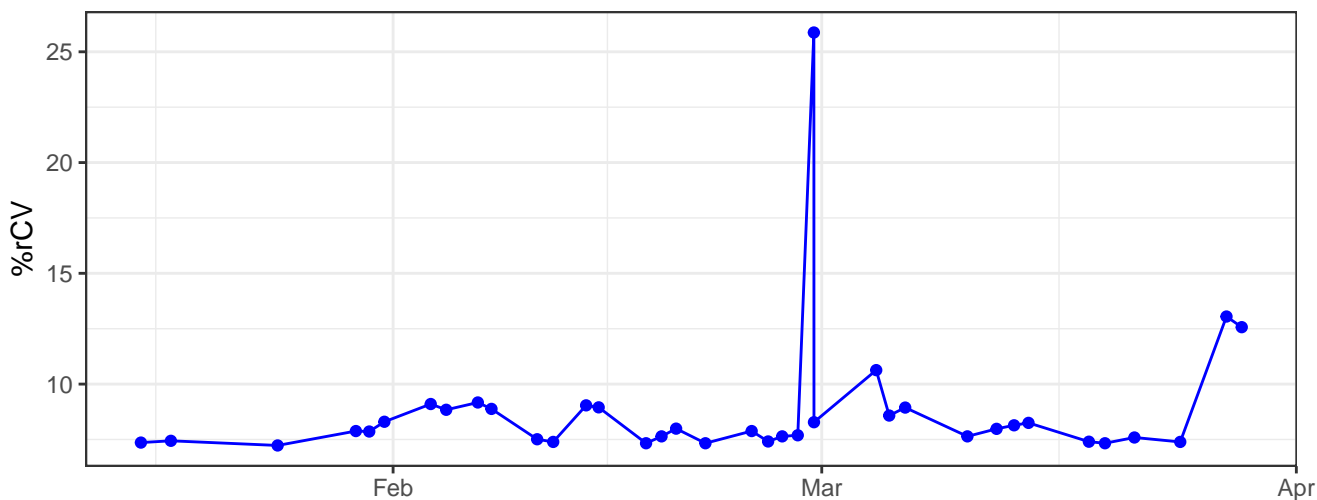
B585-A-% rCV



B695-A-% rCV



B780-A-% rCV

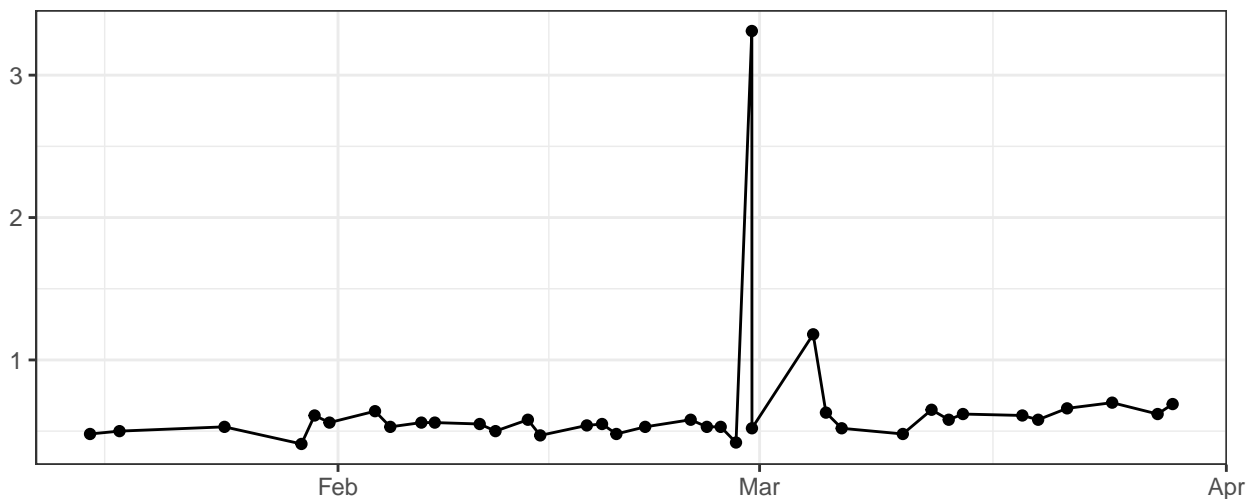


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 0 to 1,000,000 in increments of 200,000. The x-axis shows the months from Jan to Apr. The data points are connected by a line, showing a sharp rise in cases starting in late February, reaching a peak of about 1,000,000 cases in early March, followed by a decline and then a second, smaller peak in late March.

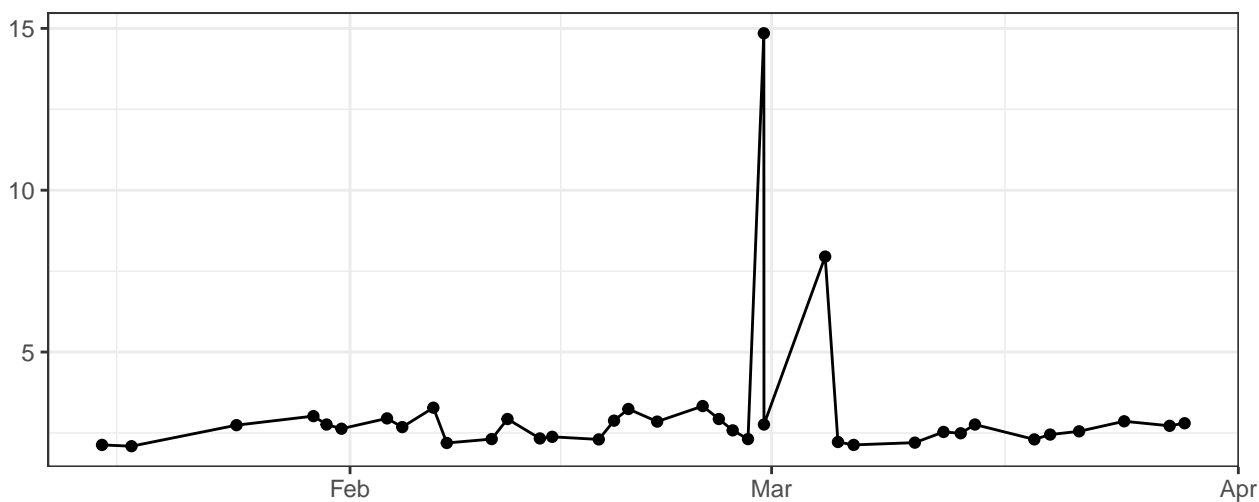
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from early January to late February. Starting in late February, there is a rapid and significant increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 in early March. Following the peak, the number of cases begins to decline, returning to levels below 10,000 by mid-March, and then fluctuates at a low level through April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts in January, followed by a significant rise in late February. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 100,000 cases. After this peak, the number of cases declines sharply, with a smaller secondary peak in mid-March, before continuing a general downward trend through April.

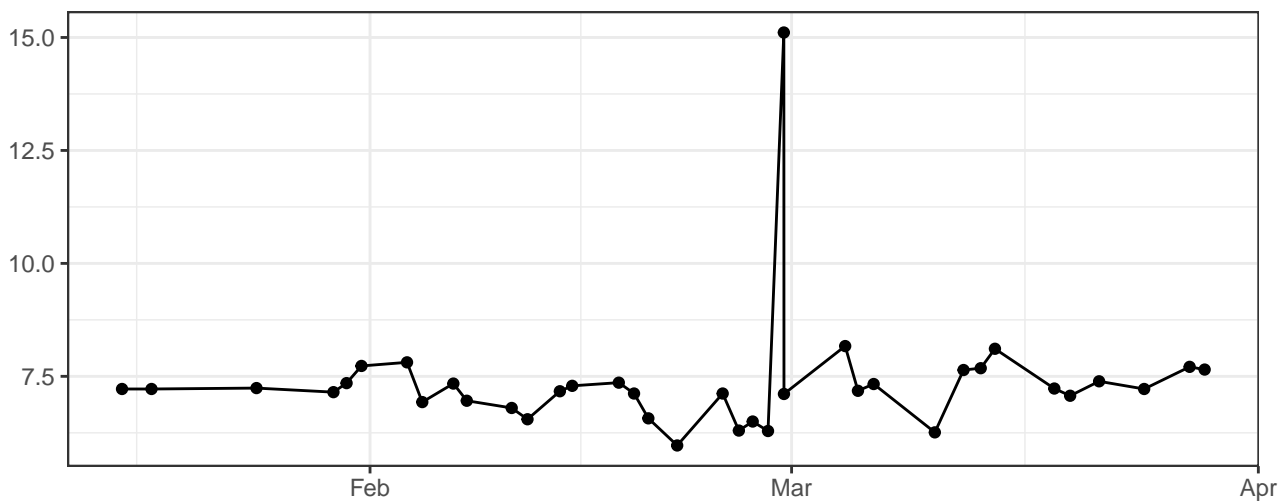
FSC-H-% rCV



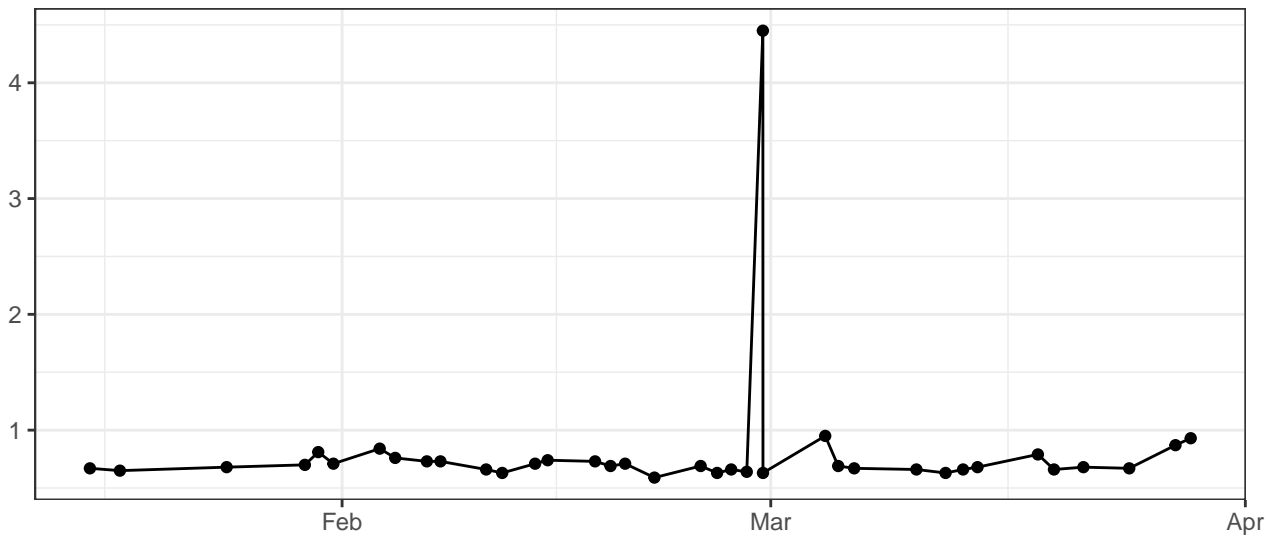
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

