

V450-A



V530-A



V710-A



B530-A



B695-A



Y590-A



The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from early January to late February. Starting in late February, there is a rapid and significant increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 in early March. Following the peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing a downward trend through April, though it remains higher than the initial January period.

The graph illustrates the daily reported COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands. The data shows high volatility in the early stages, with a major peak in early January and another in early March. A significant dip is observed in mid-February. The overall trend shows a period of high case counts in January and March, with a lull in February and April.

R660-A



R780-A



FSC-A



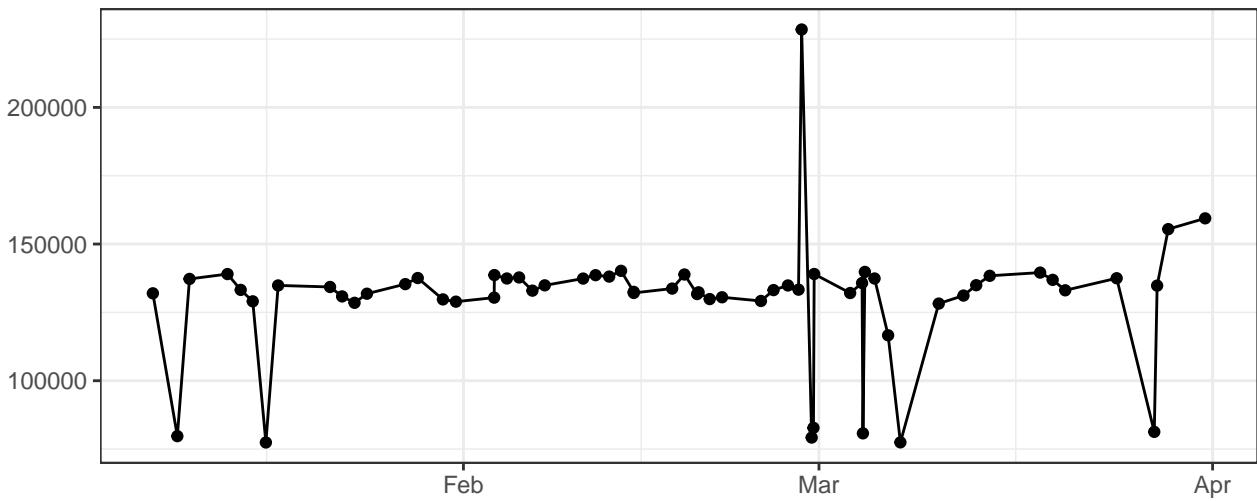
FSC-H



FSC-W



SSC-A



The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 1, 2020, to April 1, 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until late March, followed by a sharp and rapid increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 in early April.

The graph displays the daily number of new COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 2020 to April 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts in January, followed by a sharp increase in early March, peaking at over 100,000 cases per day. This is followed by a sharp decline and a period of relative stability, with case counts fluctuating between 10,000 and 20,000 per day through April.

V530-A_Gain



V710-A_Gain



B530-A_Gain



B695-A_Gain



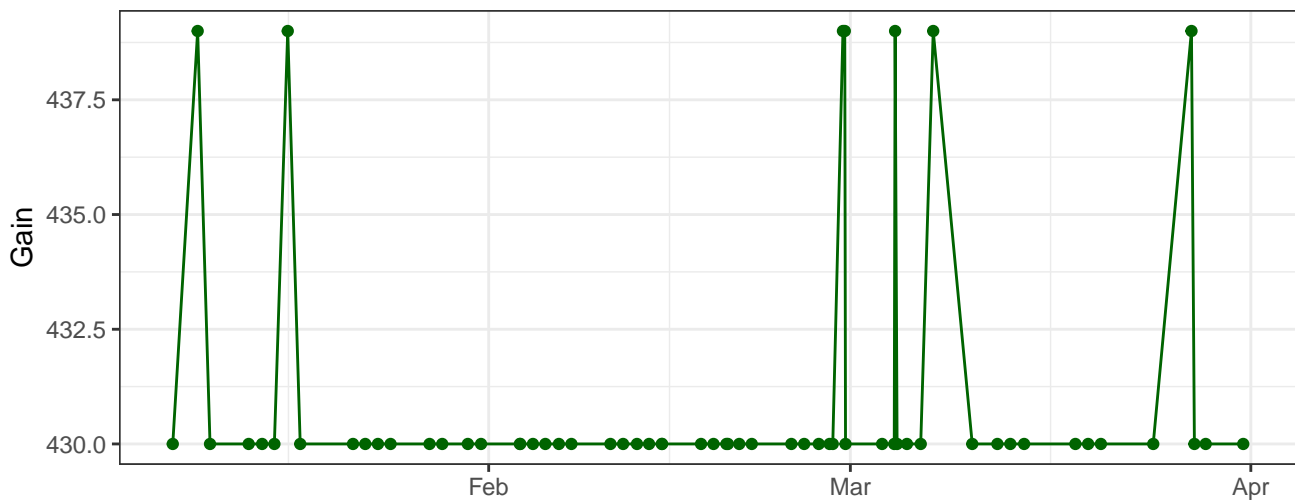
Y590-A_Gain



Y610-A_Gain



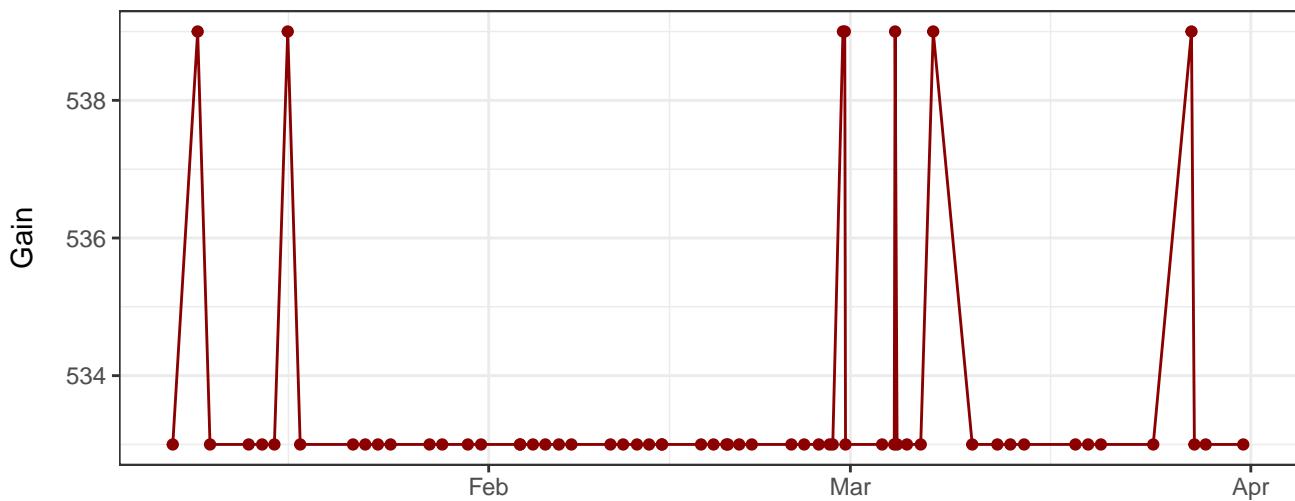
Y670-A_Gain



Y780-A_Gain



R660-A_Gain



R780-A_Gain



FSC-A_Gain



SSC-A_Gain



Violet_LaserDelay



Blue_LaserDelay



Yellow_LaserDelay



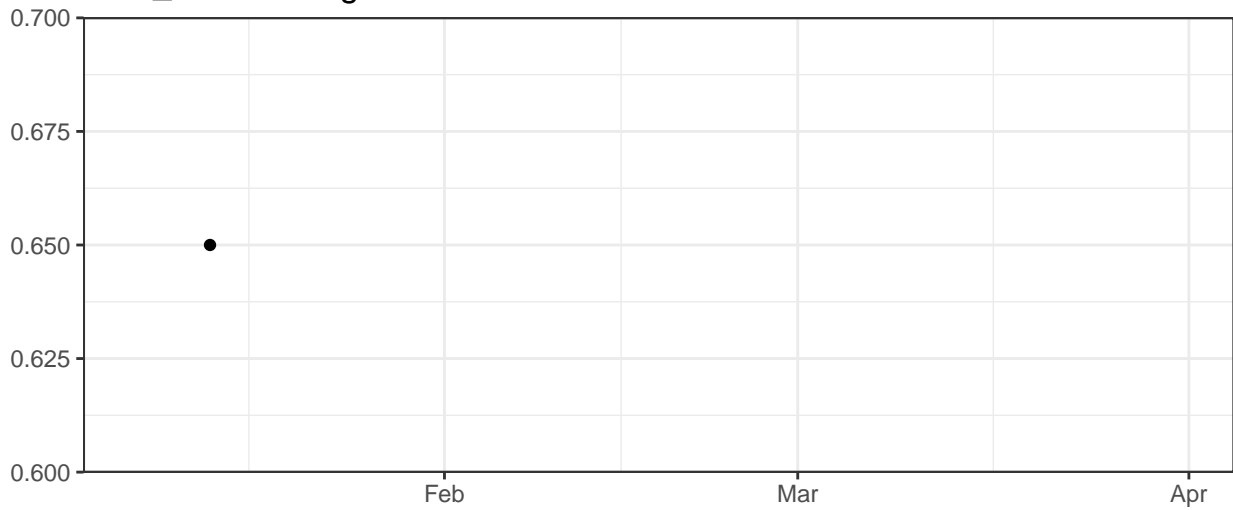
Red_LaserDelay



Violet_AreaScalingFactor



Blue_AreaScalingFactor



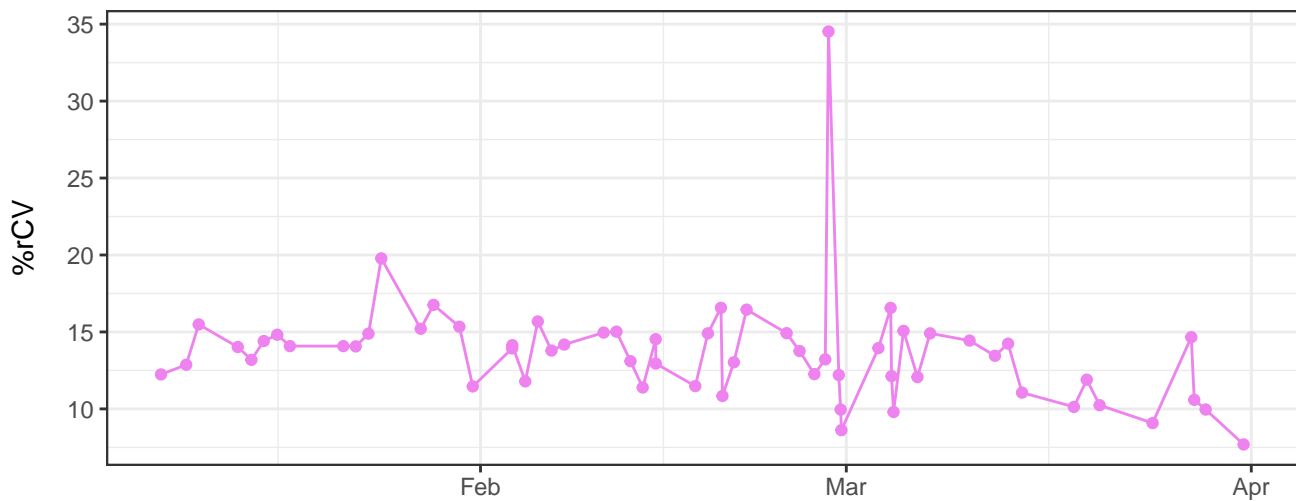
Yellow_AreaScalingFactor



Red_AreaScalingFactor



V450-A-% rCV

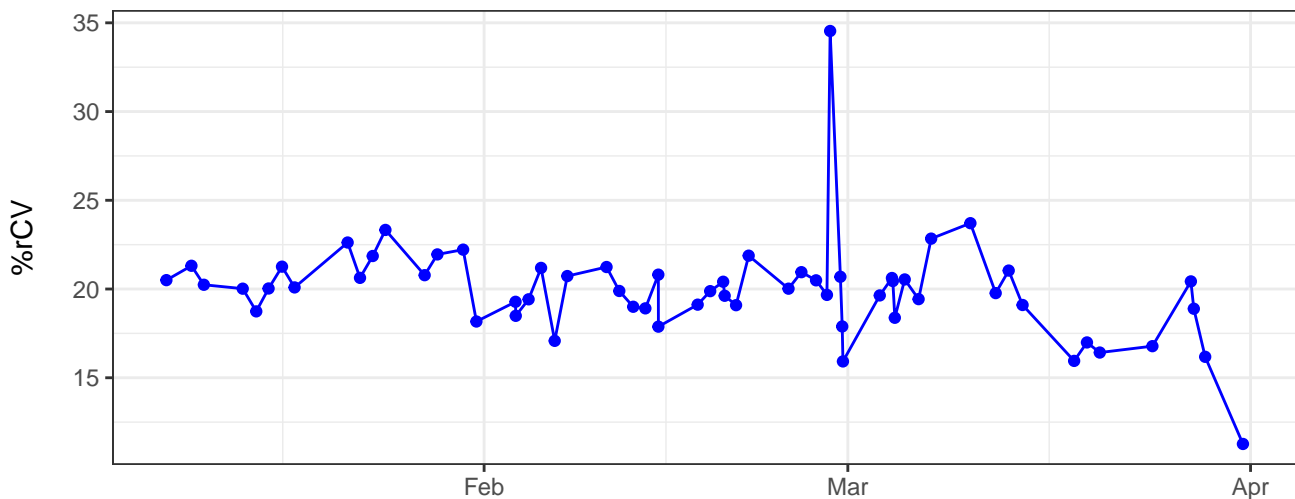


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability in January, followed by a rapid ascent in February. A significant peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 100,000 cases. Following this peak, there is a period of fluctuation with a secondary, smaller peak in mid-March, before a general decline begins in April.

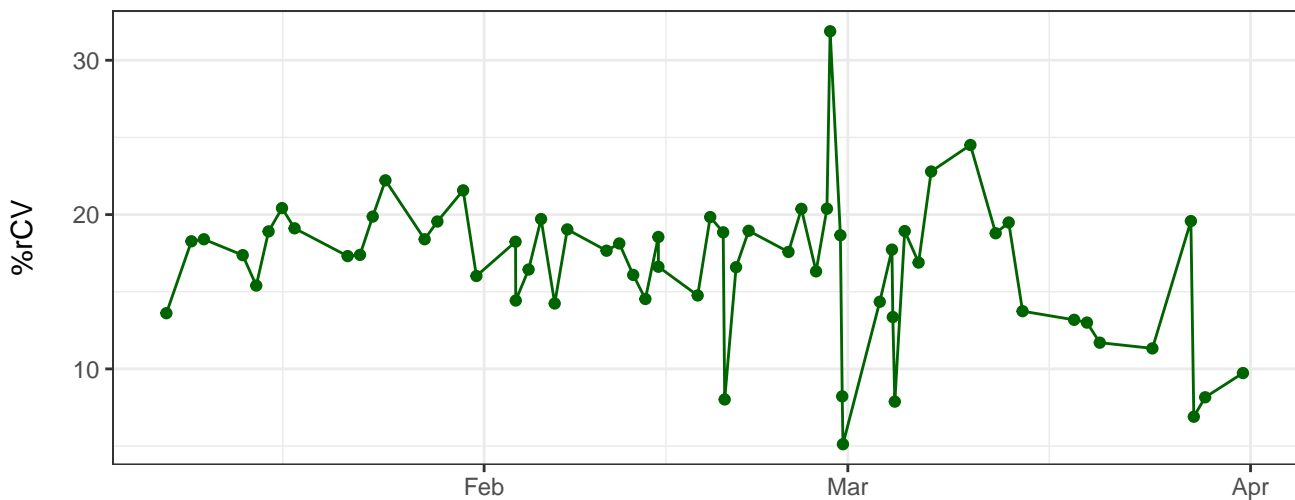
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 0 to 1,000,000 in increments of 200,000. The x-axis is labeled with the months 'Feb', 'Mar', and 'Apr'. The data shows a period of relative stability in January, followed by a sharp rise in late February. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 1,000,000 cases. This is followed by a rapid decline and then a period of fluctuation with a secondary peak in mid-March, before a general downward trend in April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from January through mid-February. Starting around February 15th, there is a significant upward trend. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 100,000 cases. Following this peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing a secondary, smaller peak in mid-March before continuing its downward trend through April, where it reaches its lowest point shown on the graph.

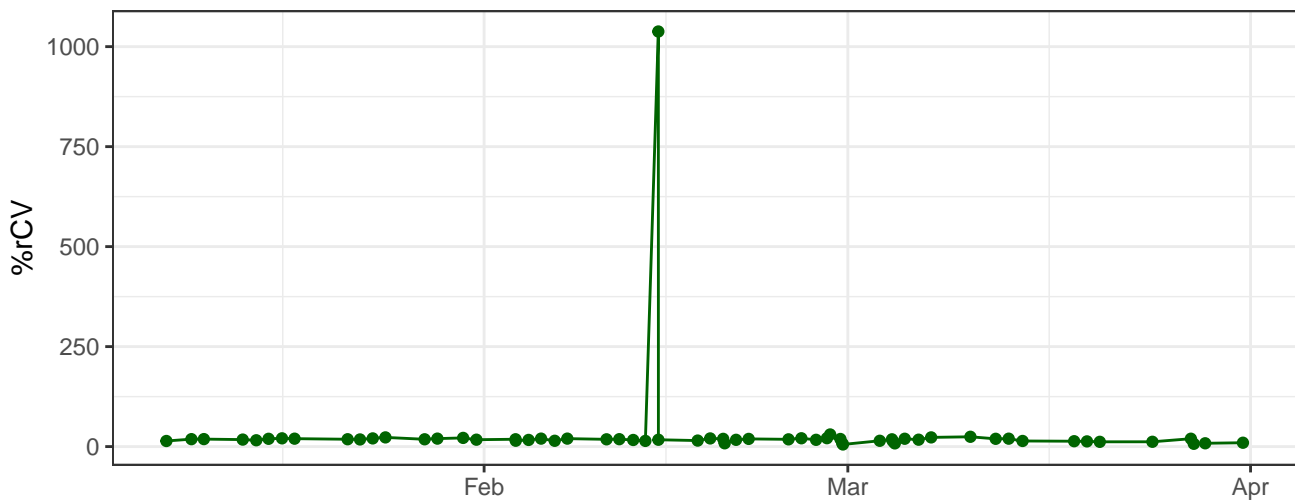
B695-A-% rCV



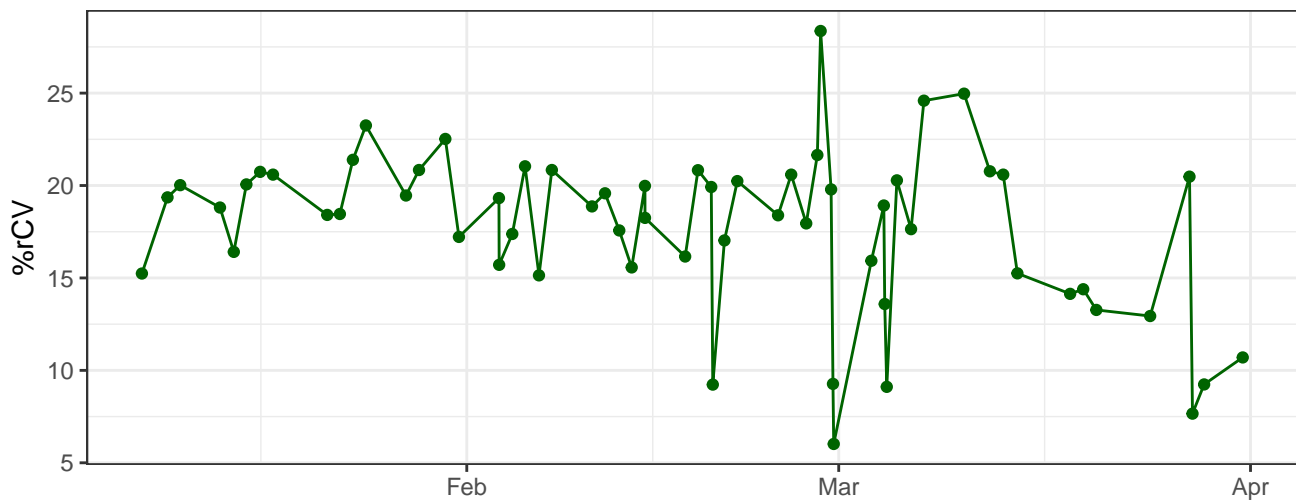
Y590-A-% rCV



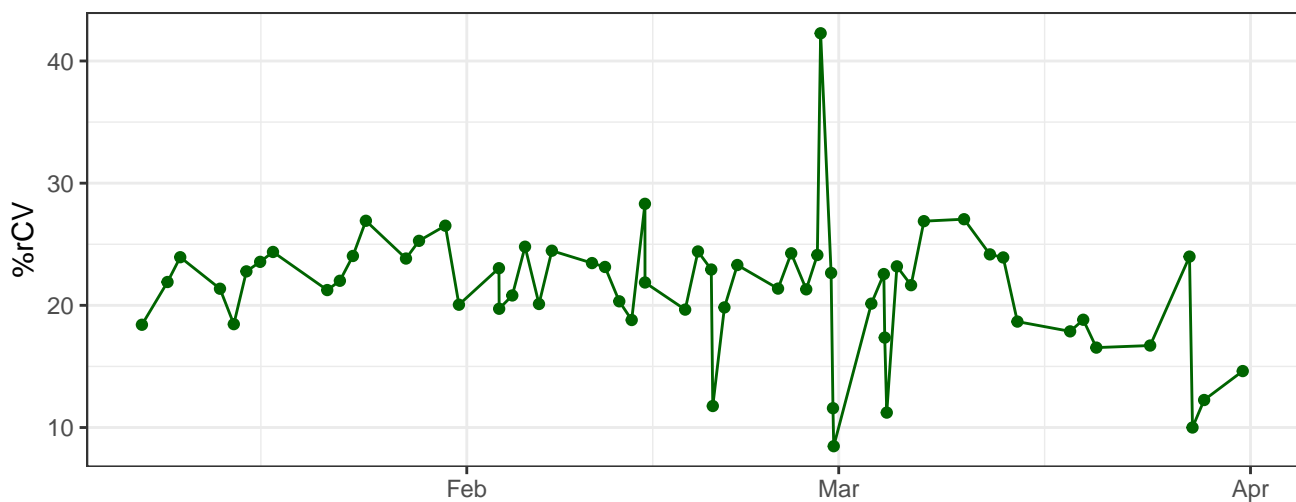
Y610-A-% rCV



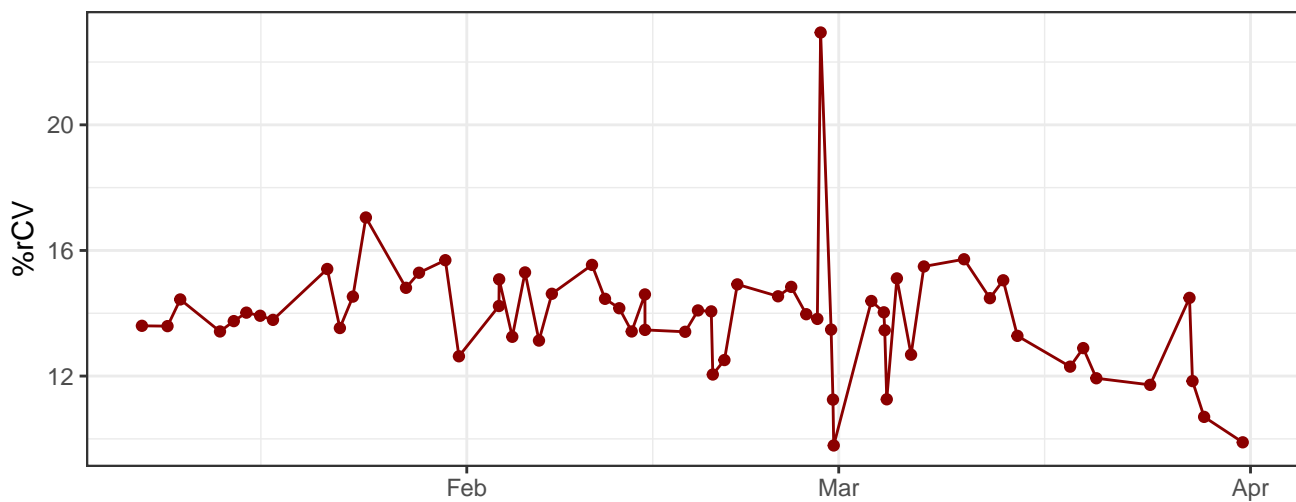
Y670-A-% rCV



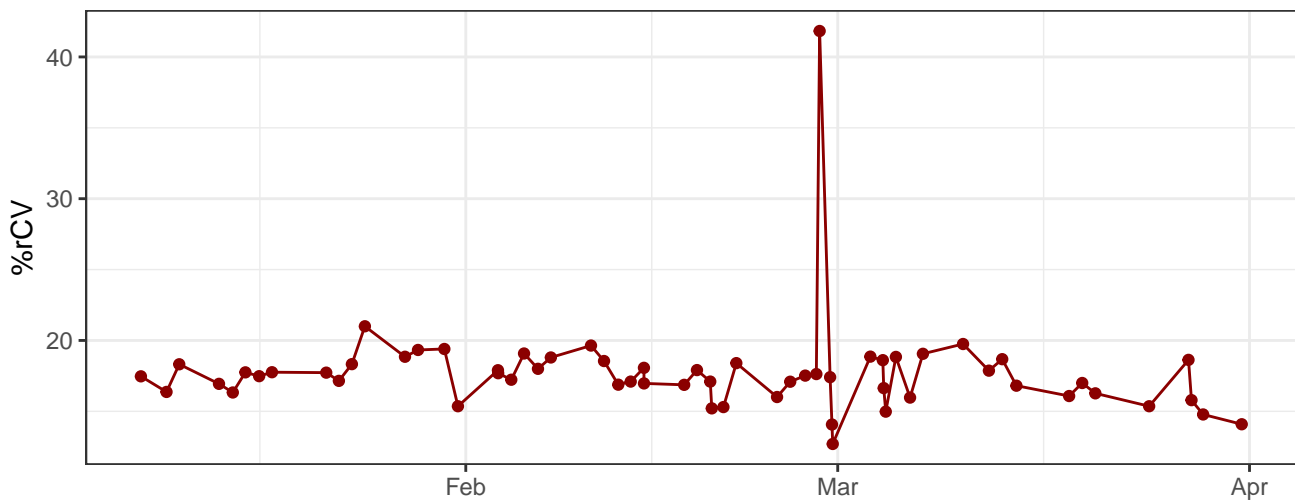
Y780-A-% rCV



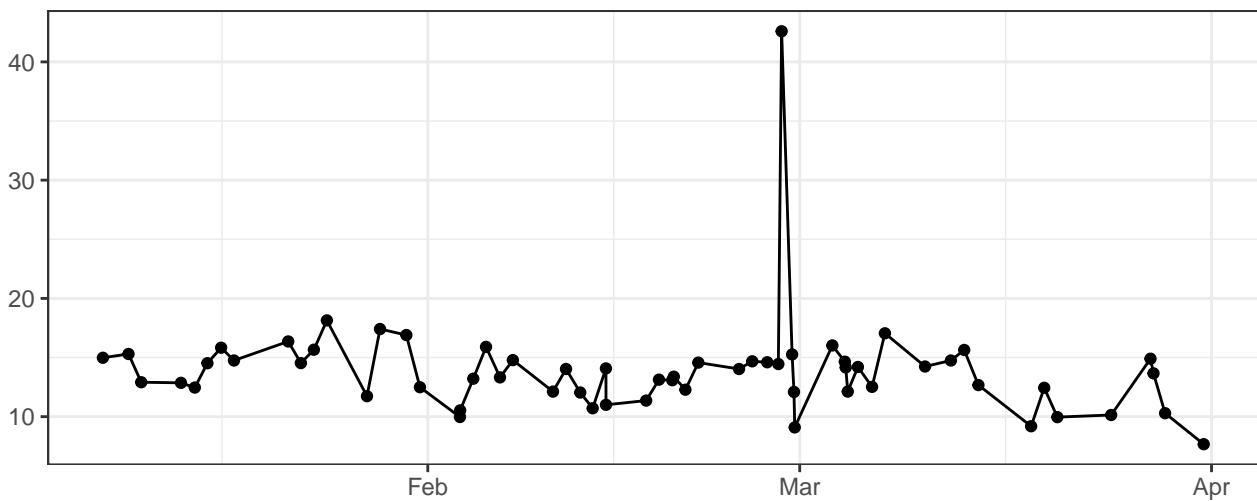
R660-A-% rCV



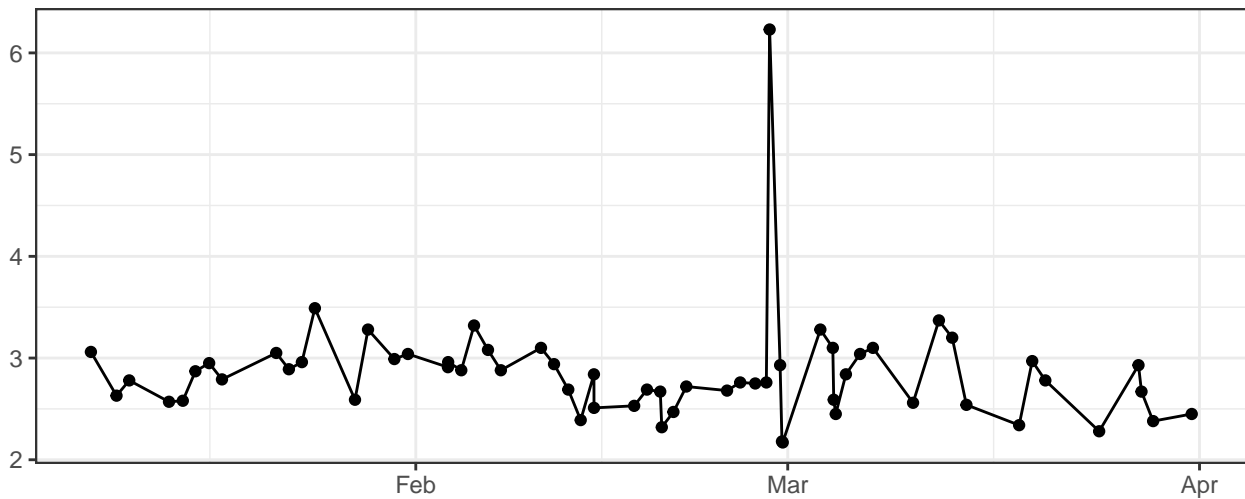
R780-A-% rCV



FSC-A-% rCV



FSC-H-% rCV



FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

