

V450-A



V530-A



V710-A



B530-A



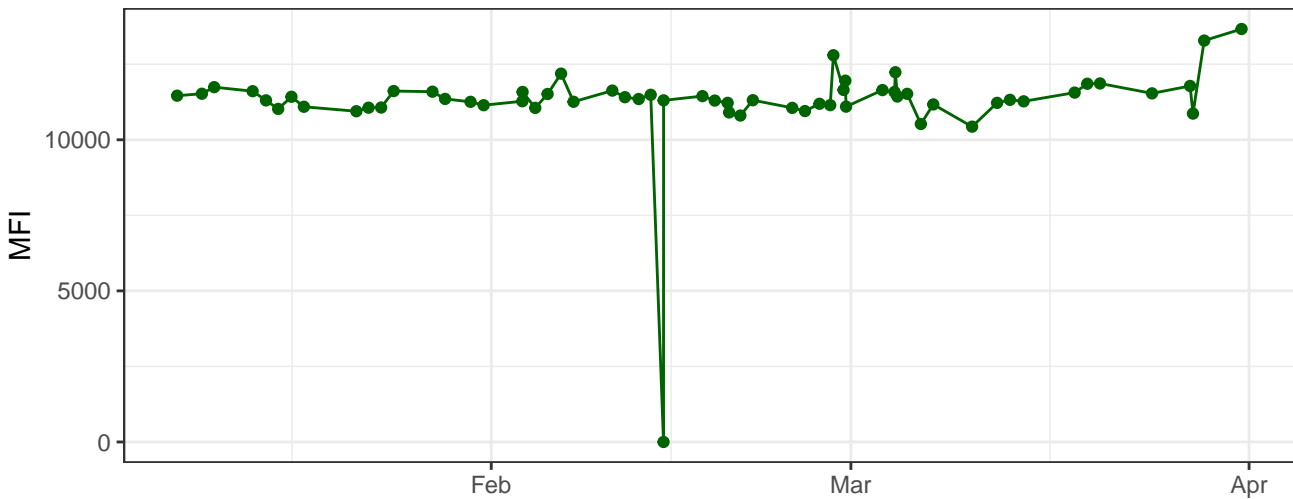
B695-A



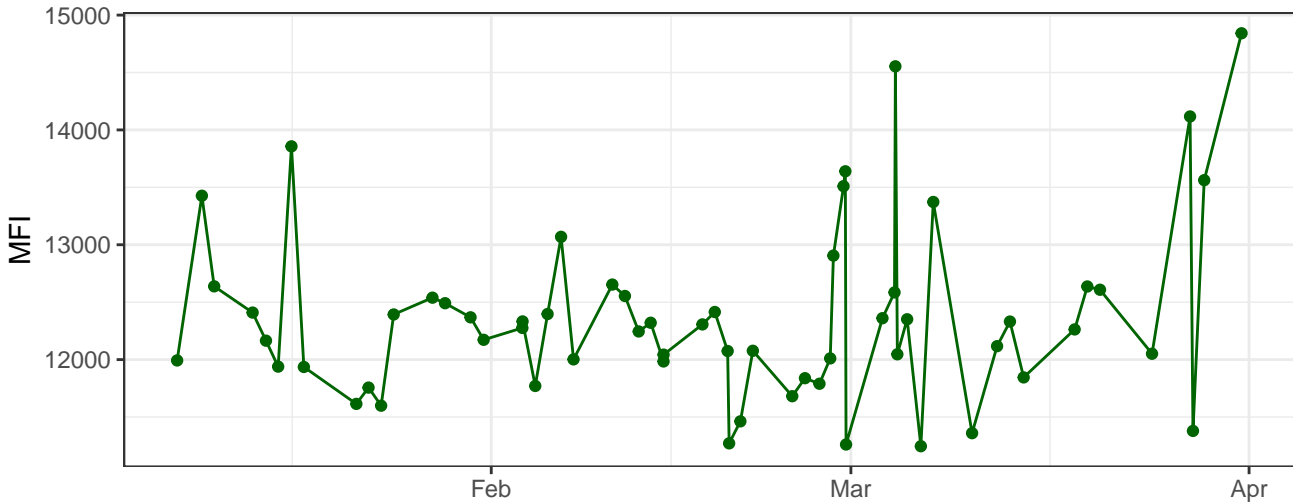
Y590-A



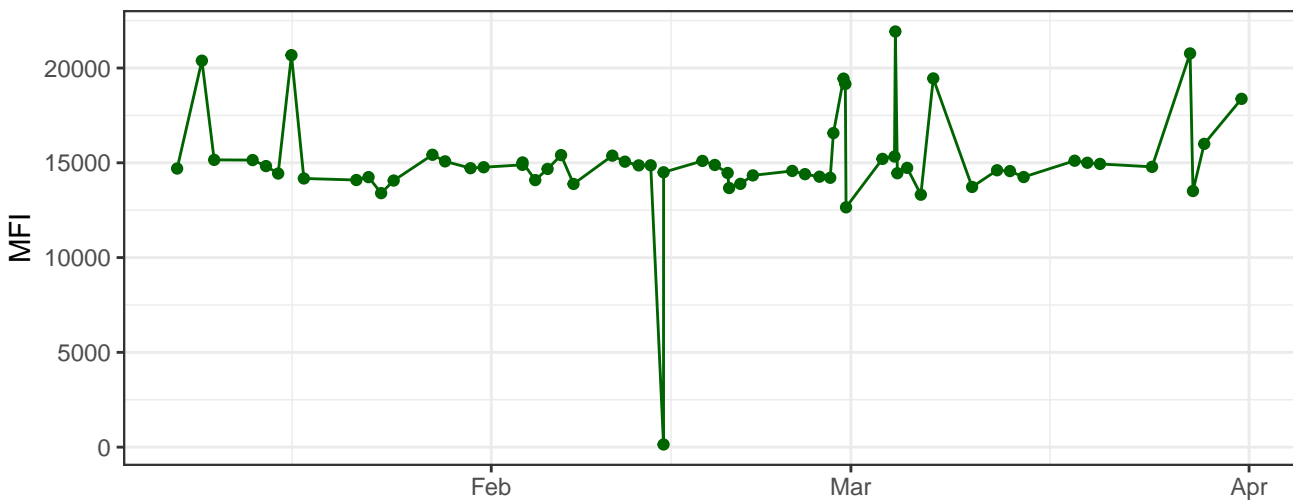
Y610-A



Y670-A



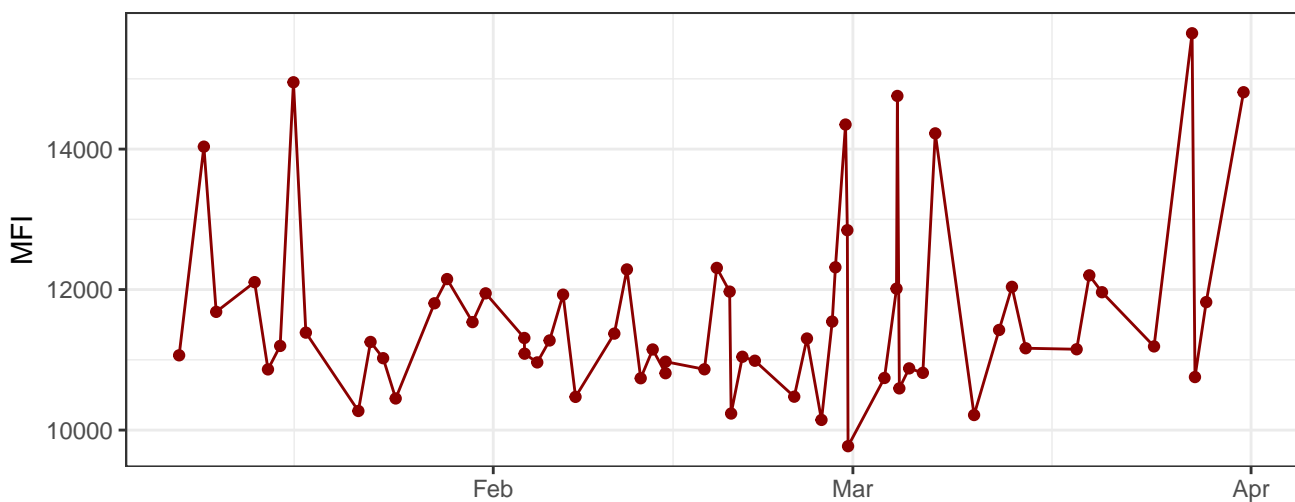
Y780-A



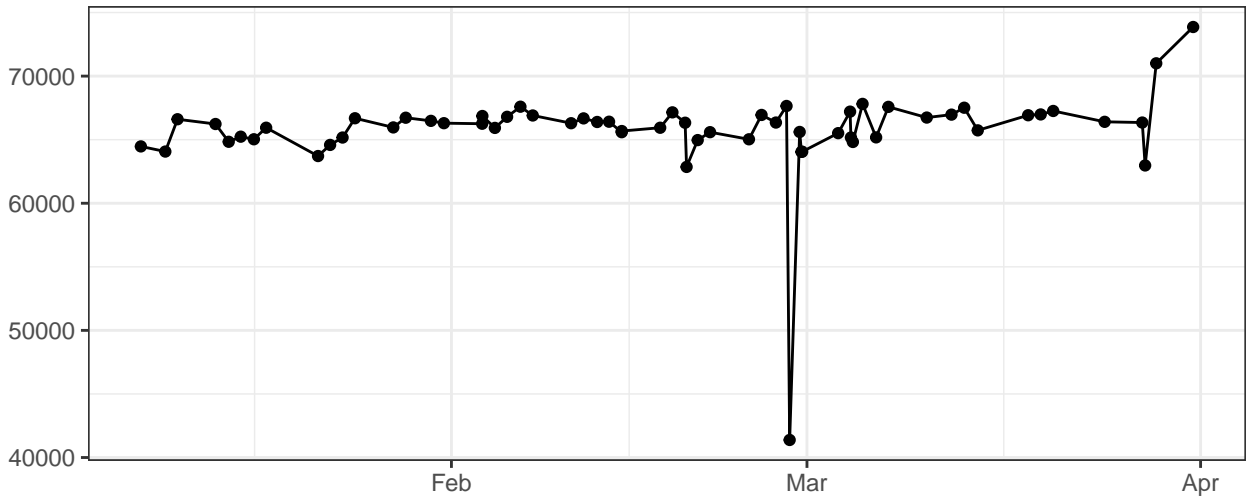
R660-A



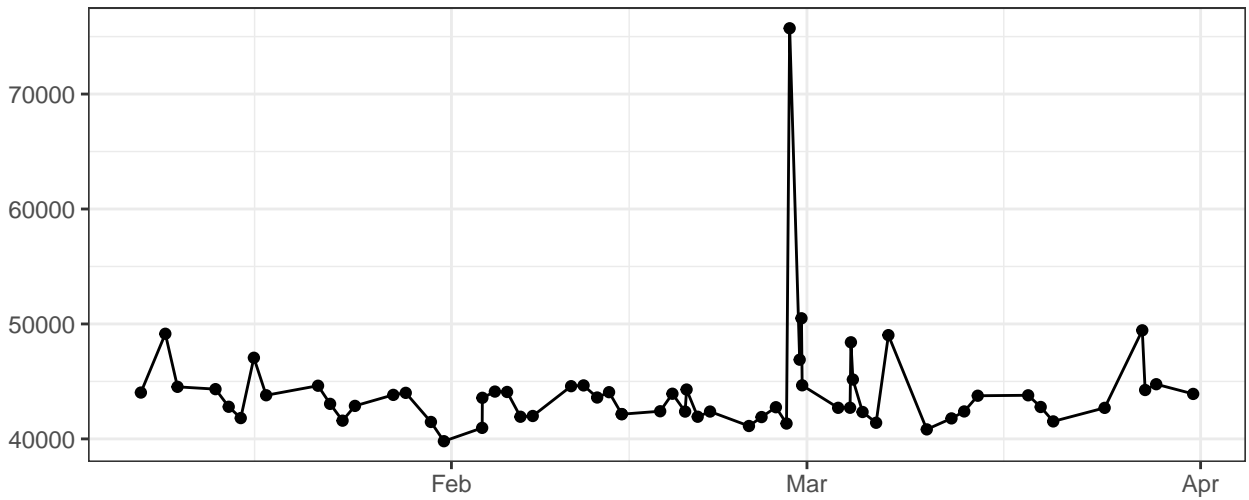
R780-A



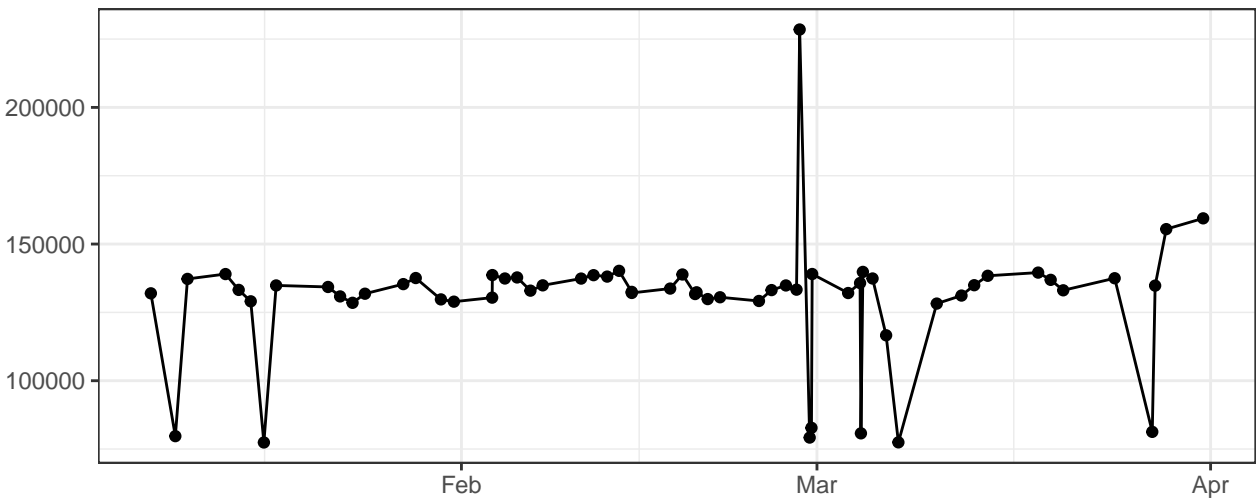
FSC-H



FSC-W



SSC-A



The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 2020 to April 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations in January and early February, followed by a sharp and sustained increase starting in late February. The number of cases reaches a peak of approximately 100,000 in early April before beginning to decline.

The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 1, 2020, to April 1, 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from January through early February. Starting in late February, there is a significant and rapid increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 in early March. Following the peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing some fluctuations but generally trending downwards towards the end of the period shown.

V530-A_Gain



V710-A_Gain



B530-A_Gain



B695-A_Gain



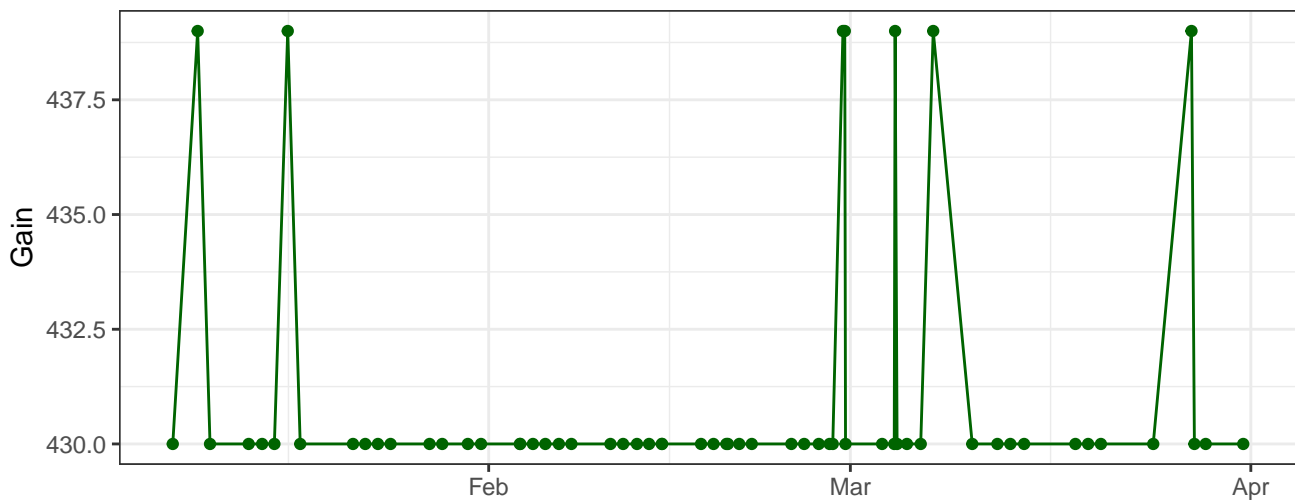
Y590-A_Gain



Y610-A_Gain



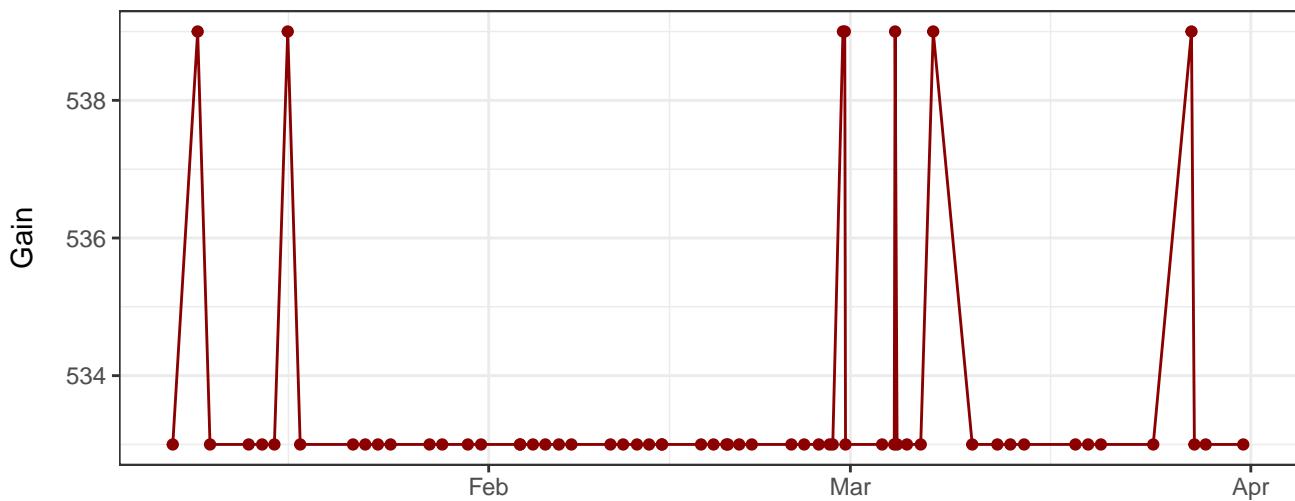
Y670-A_Gain



Y780-A_Gain



R660-A_Gain



R780-A_Gain



FSC-A_Gain



SSC-A_Gain



Violet_LaserDelay



Blue_LaserDelay



Yellow_LaserDelay



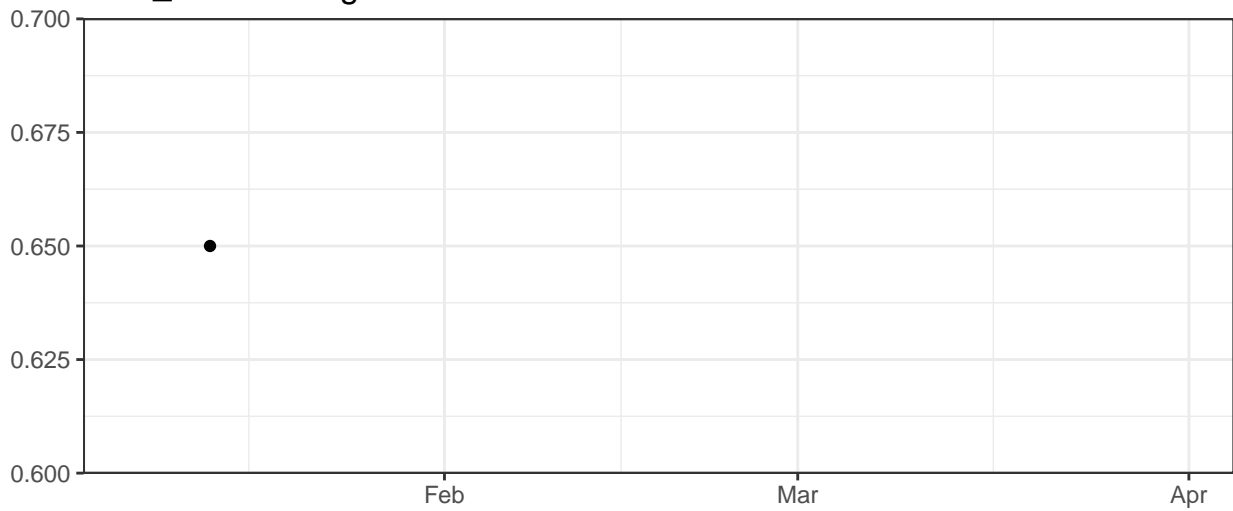
Red_LaserDelay



Violet_AreaScalingFactor



Blue_AreaScalingFactor



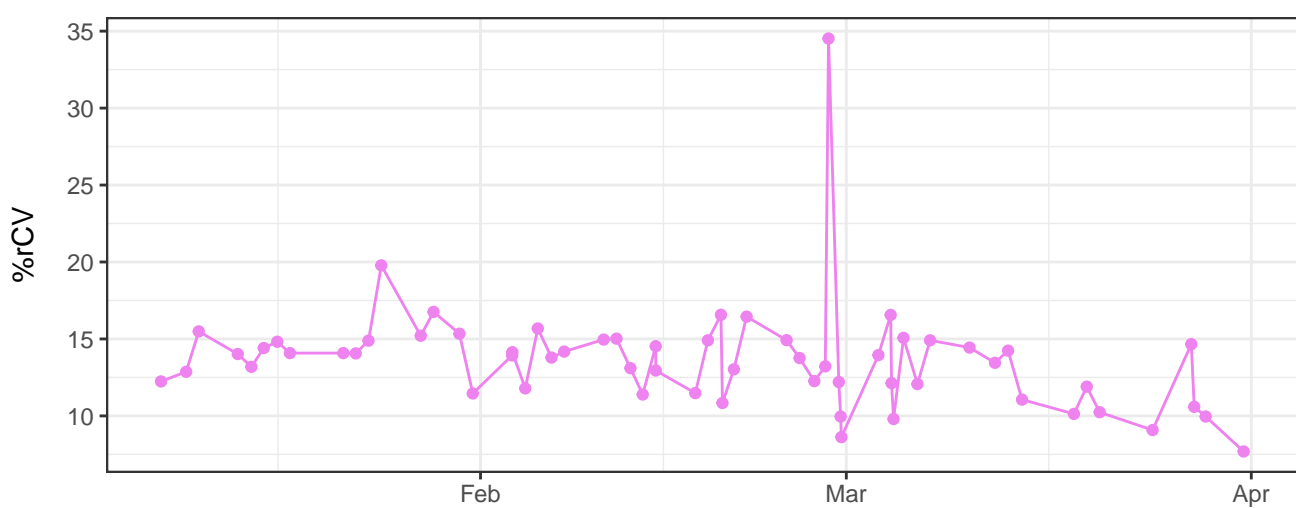
Yellow_AreaScalingFactor



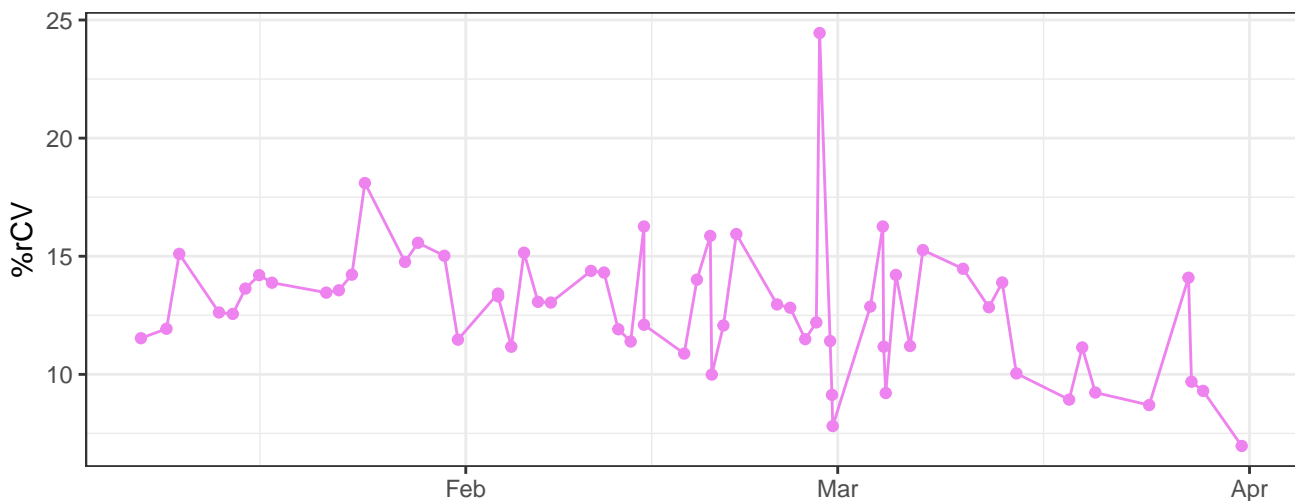
Red_AreaScalingFactor



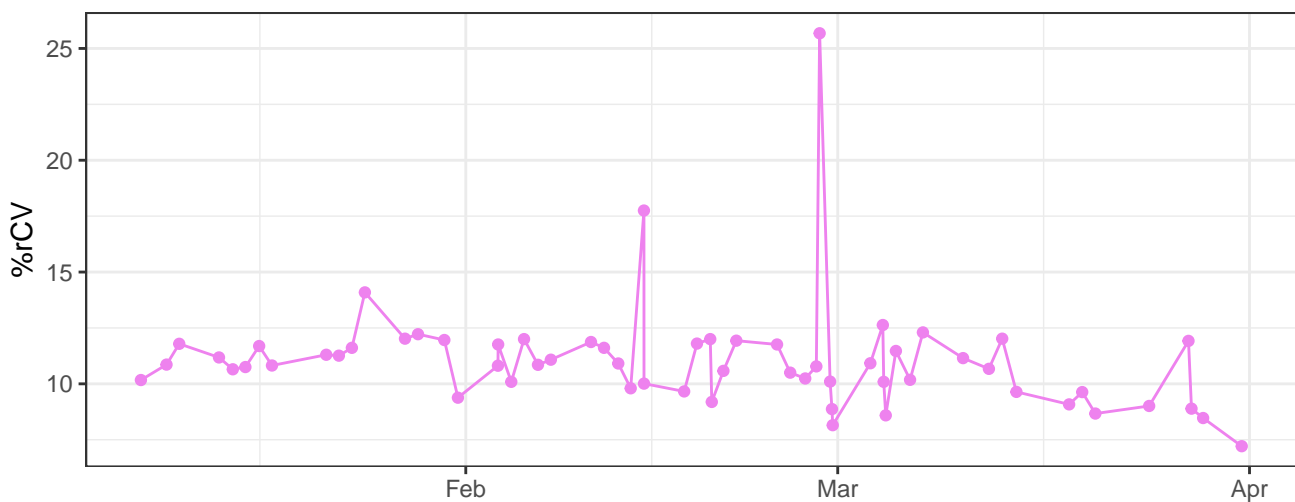
V450-A-% rCV



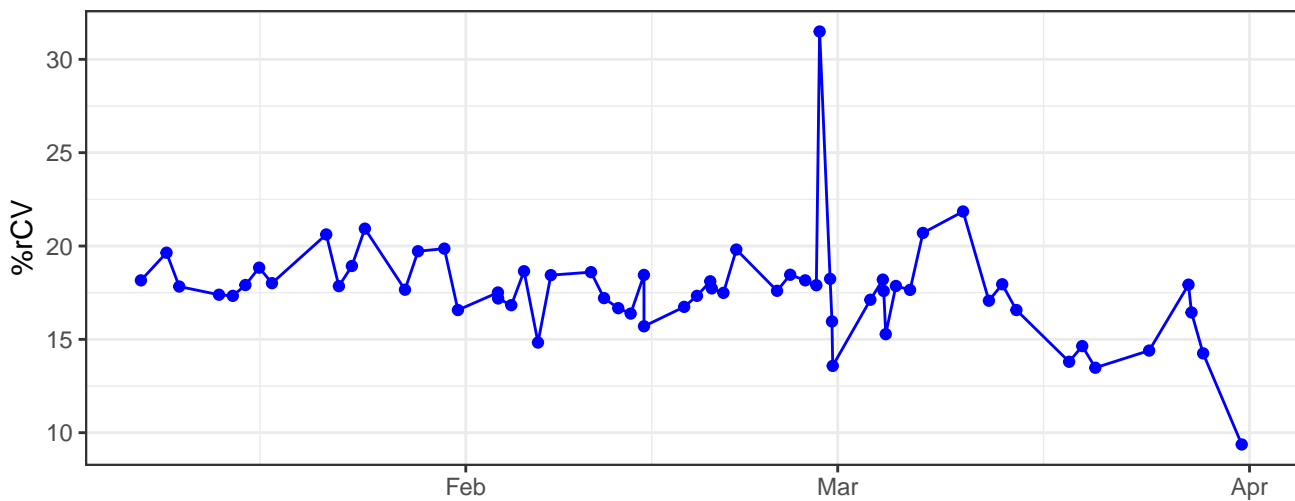
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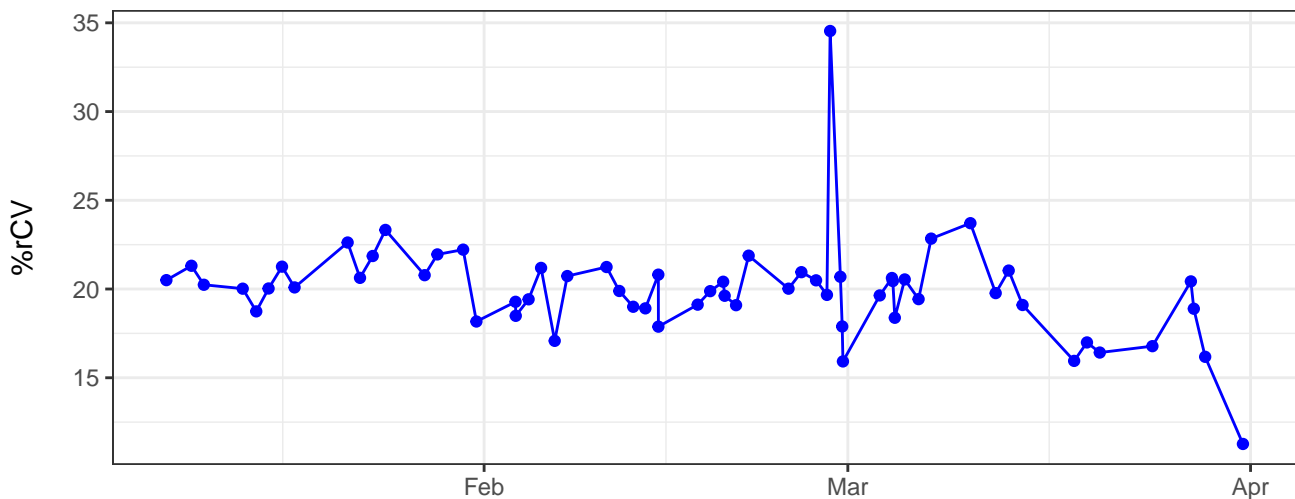
V710-A-% rCV



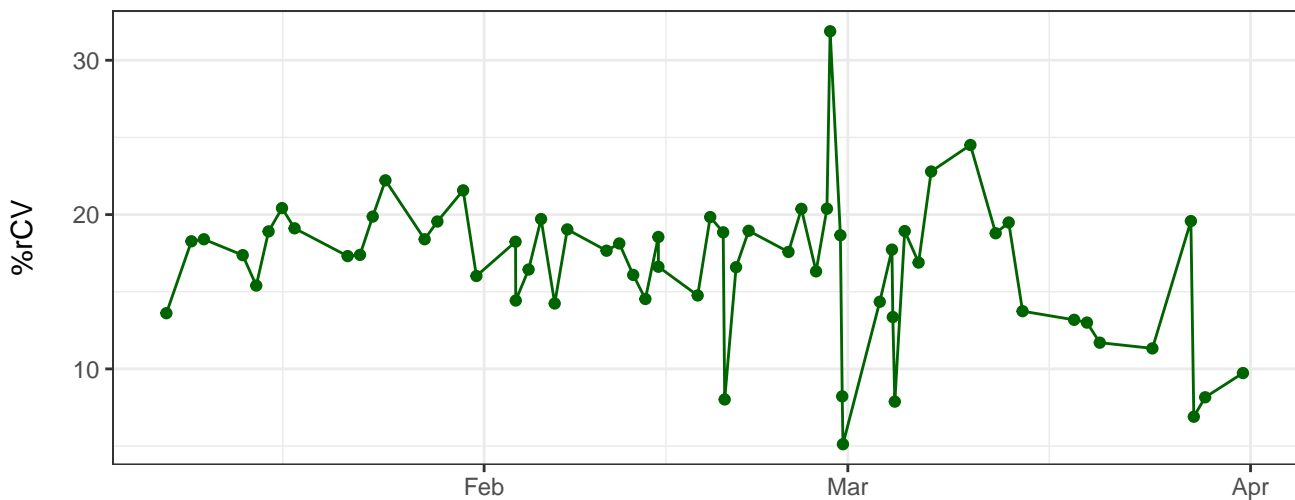
B530-A-% rCV



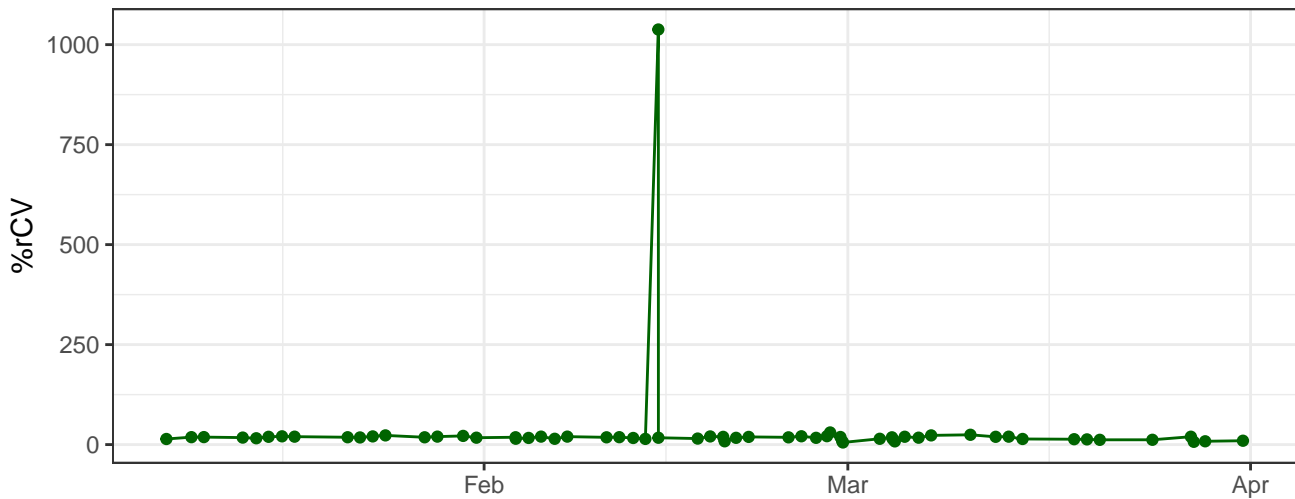
B695-A-% rCV



Y590-A-% rCV



Y610-A-% rCV



The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until late February, followed by a rapid ascent to a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early March. After the peak, the number of cases begins a steady decline, with some minor fluctuations, reaching a level around 20,000 by early April.

The graph displays the daily number of new COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands from January 2020 to April 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of new cases, with a scale from 0 to 2000. The data shows a period of low case counts in January, followed by a gradual increase in February. A major peak occurs in late March, reaching over 2000 cases, after which the number of cases drops sharply and remains relatively stable, fluctuating between 100 and 200 cases through April.

The graph displays the daily count of new COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid line at 100. The data shows a period of low activity in early January, followed by a rise in cases starting in mid-January. A major peak occurs in late February, with a single day exceeding 100 cases. This is followed by a sharp drop and a period of fluctuation between 20 and 40 cases through March and early April.

The graph displays the daily count of new COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid line at 200. A prominent spike occurs in late February, where cases exceed 200. Following this peak, the daily case counts generally decrease and fluctuate between approximately 50 and 100 cases through the end of the period shown.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from January 1 to late February. Starting in late February, there is a rapid increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 in early March. Following the peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing some fluctuations but generally trending downwards towards the end of the period shown.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The y-axis is labeled with values 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. The x-axis is labeled with the months February, March, and April. The data points are connected by a solid black line. A significant spike is visible in early March, reaching a value above 6. The data shows high volatility with frequent daily fluctuations.

FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

