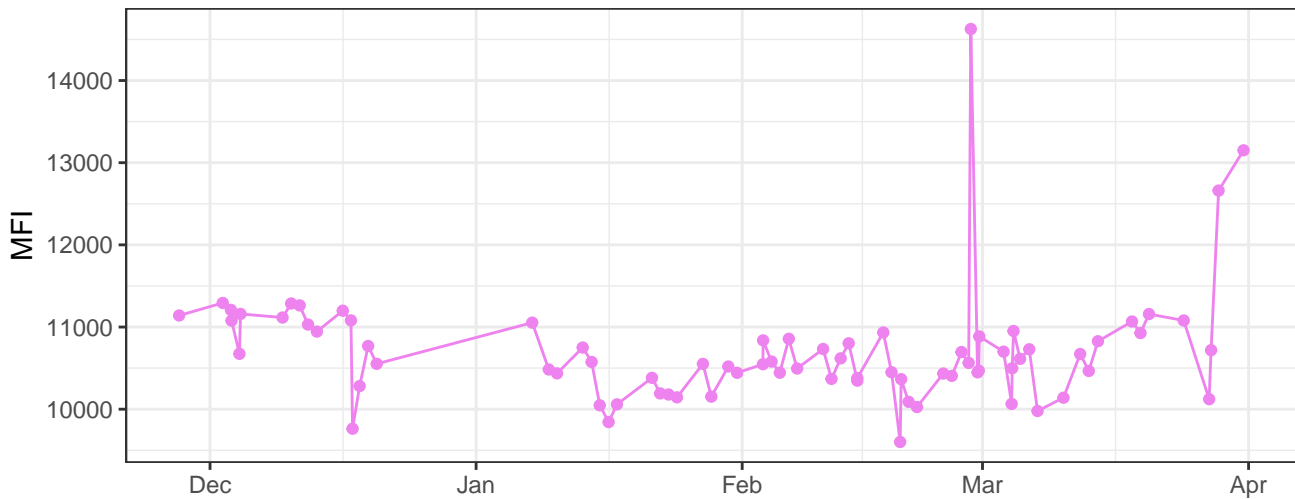
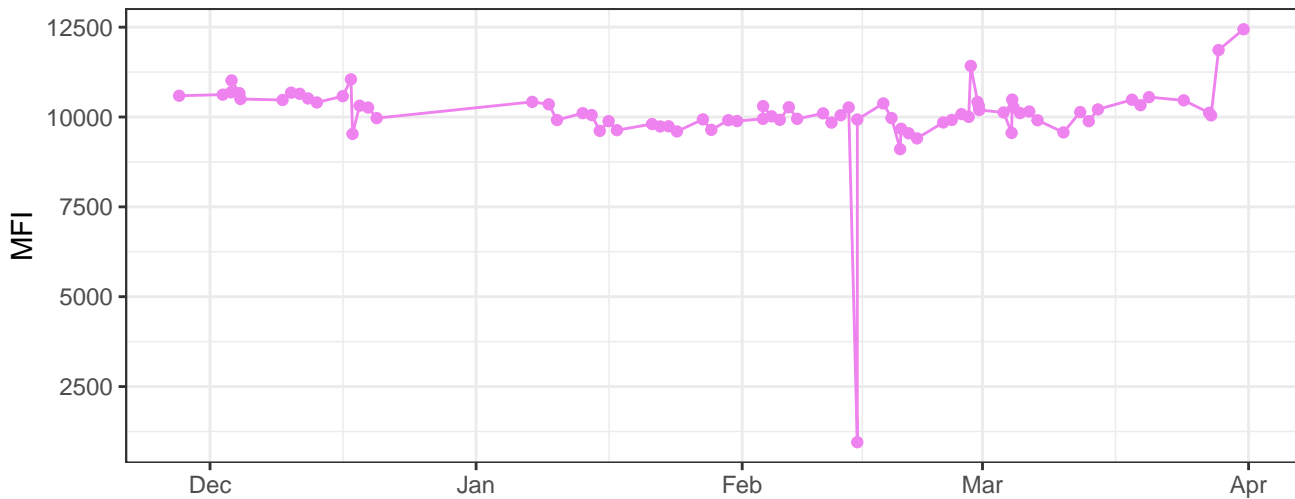


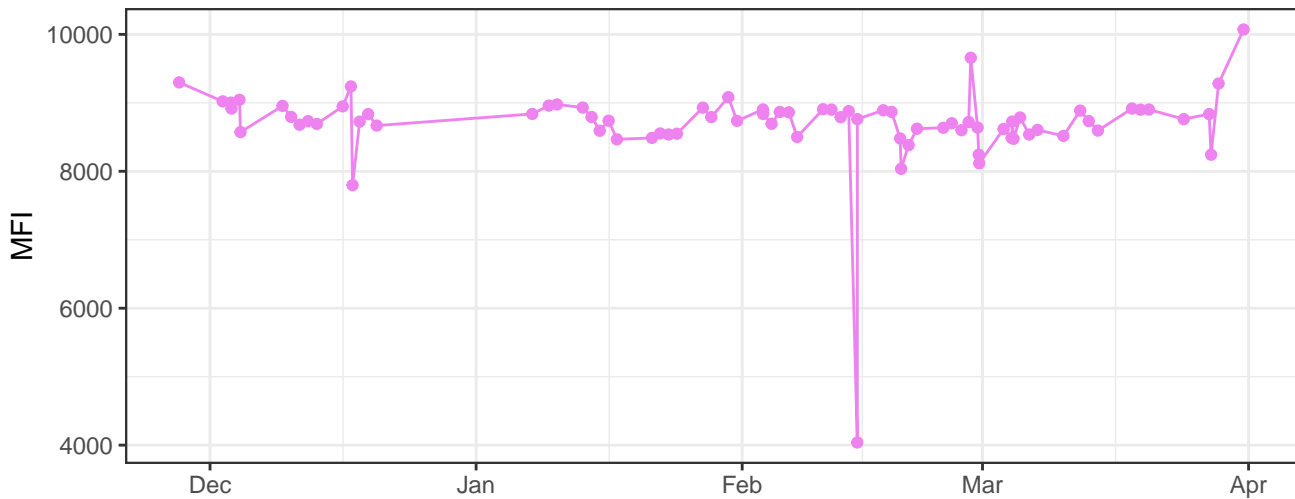
V450-A



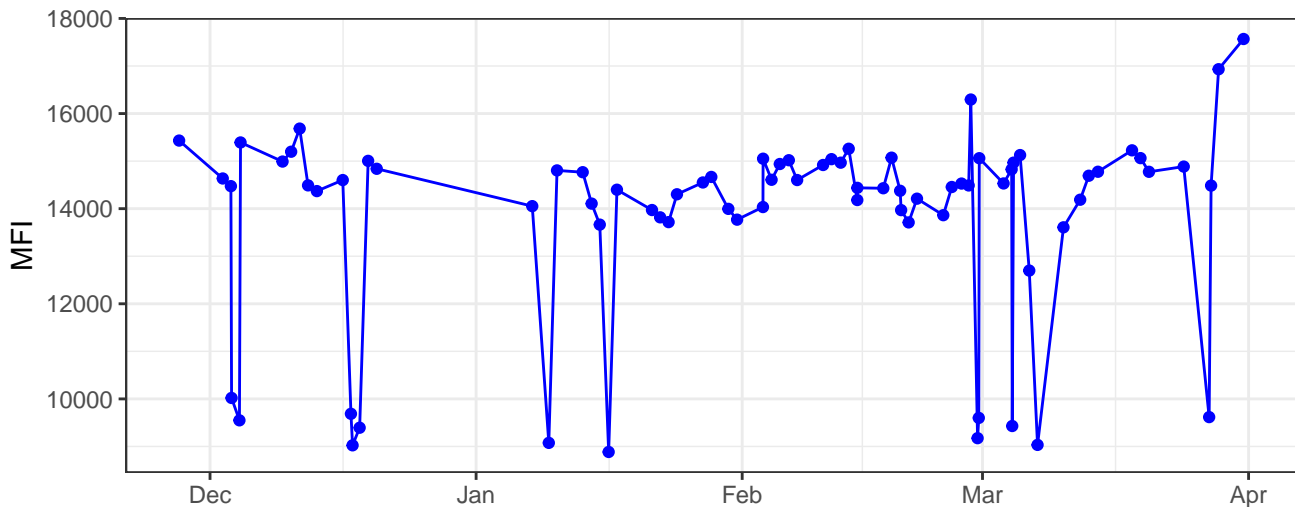
V530-A



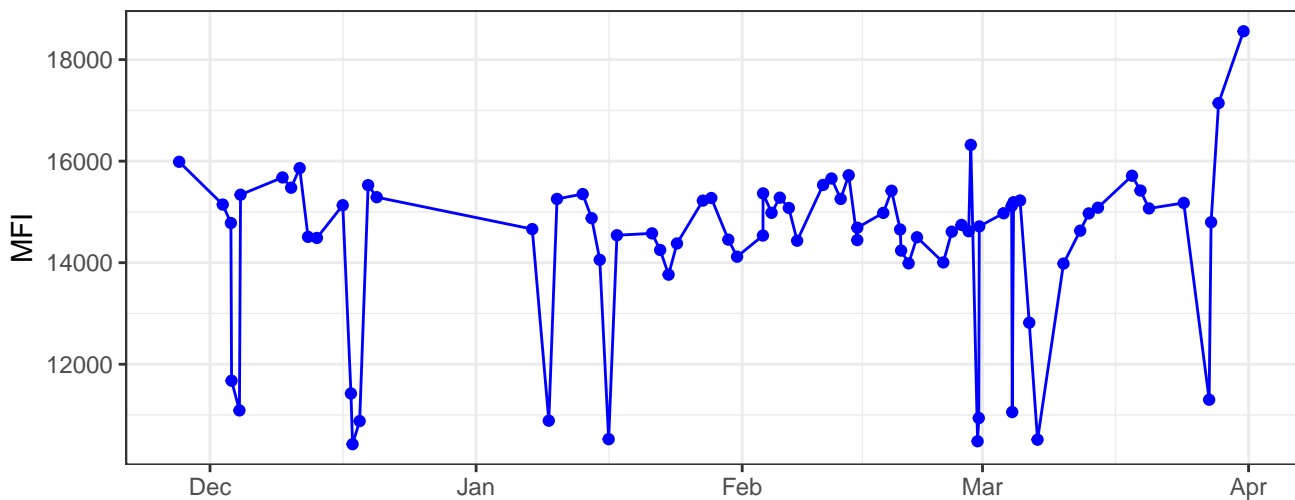
V710-A



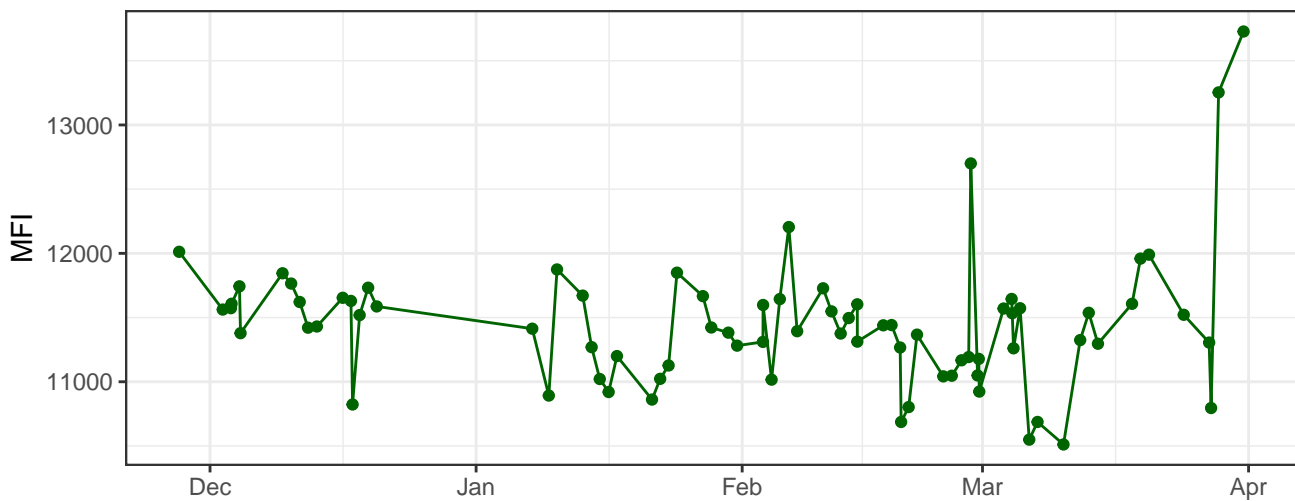
B530-A



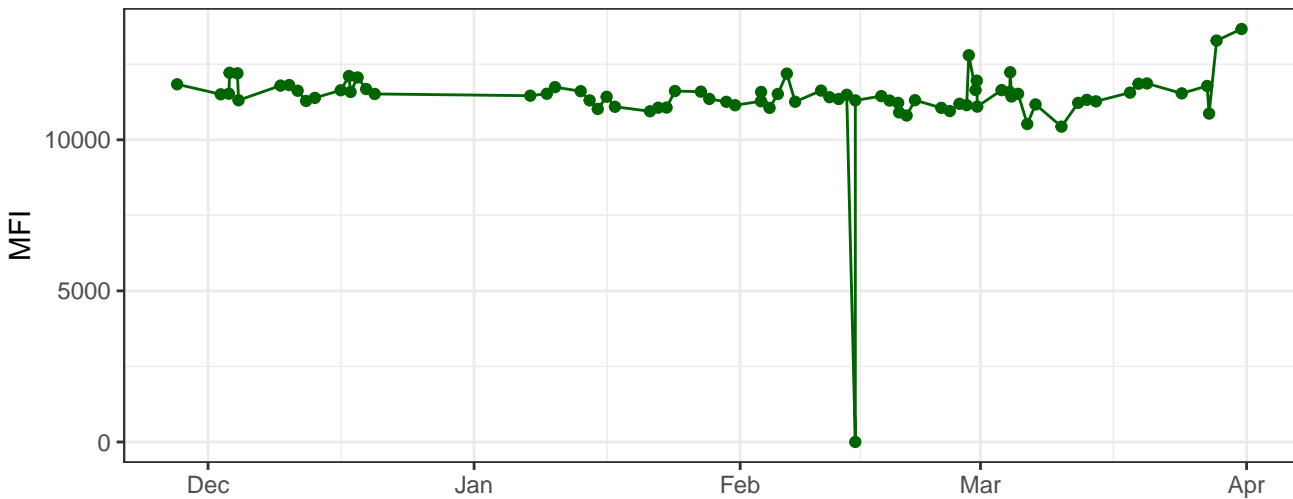
B695-A



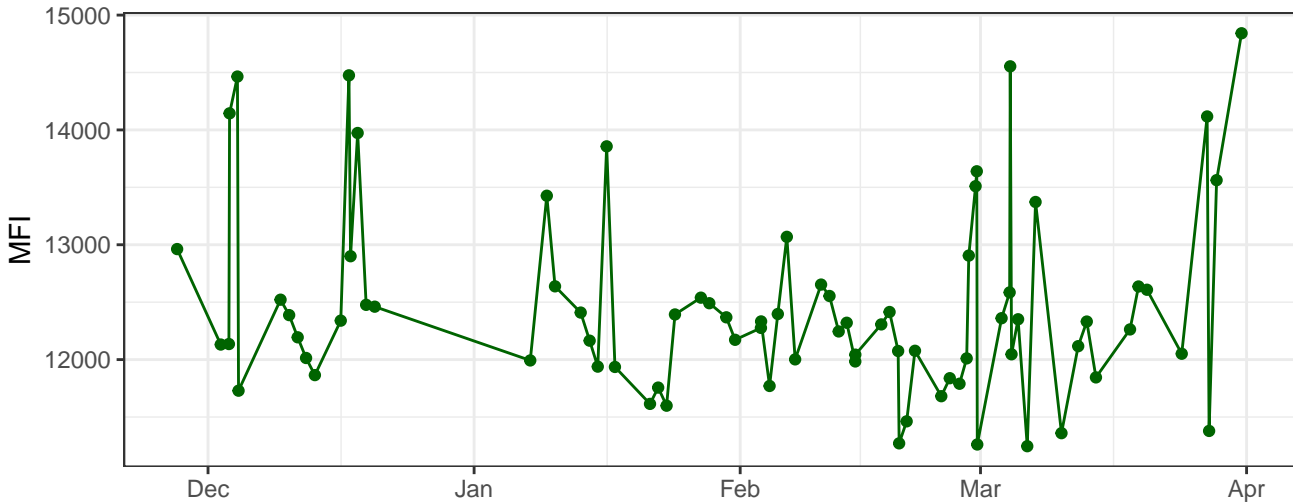
Y590-A



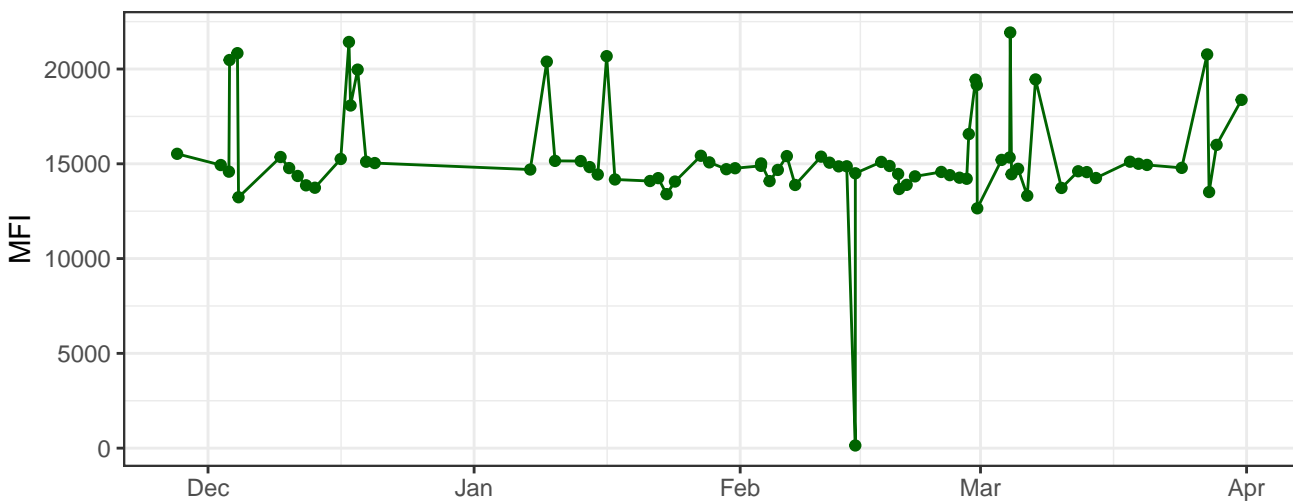
Y610-A



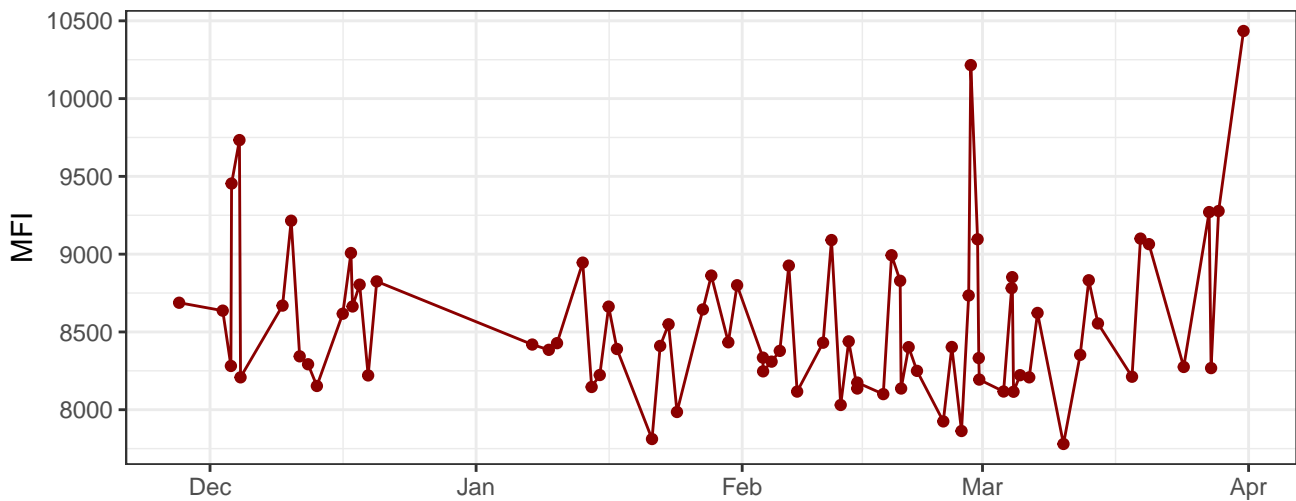
Y670-A



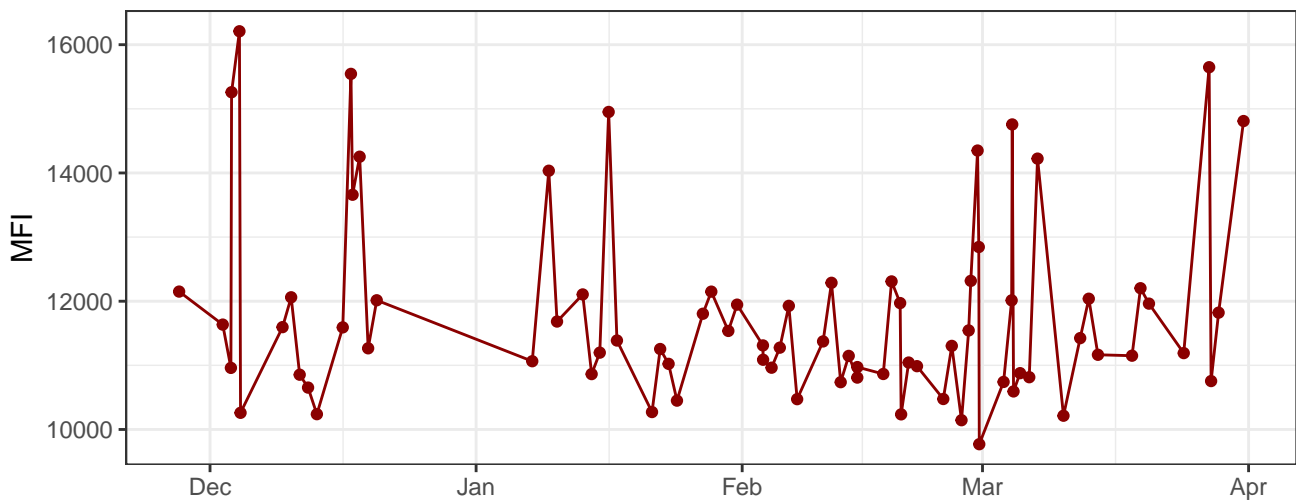
Y780-A



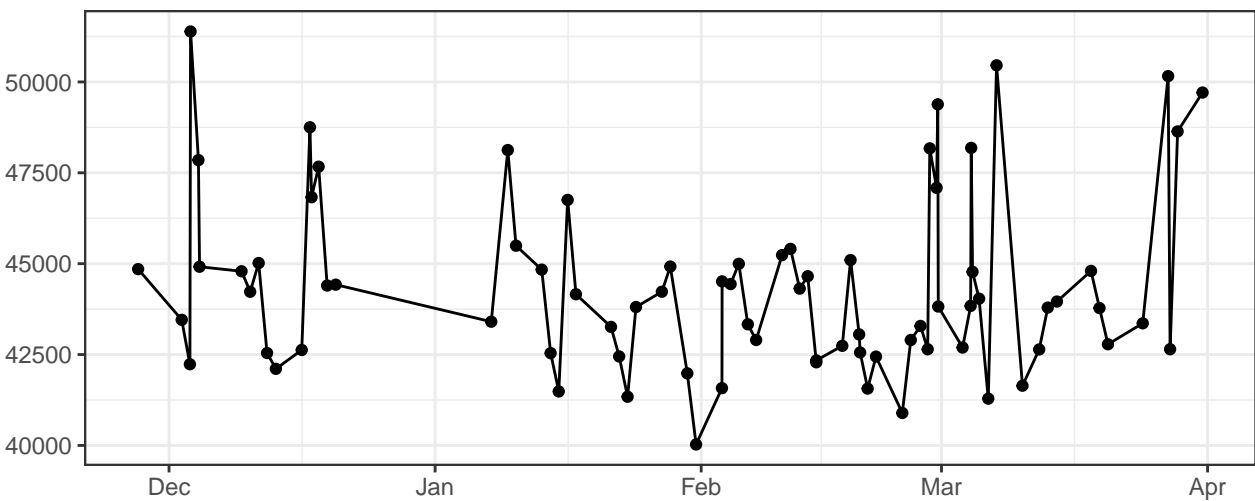
R660-A



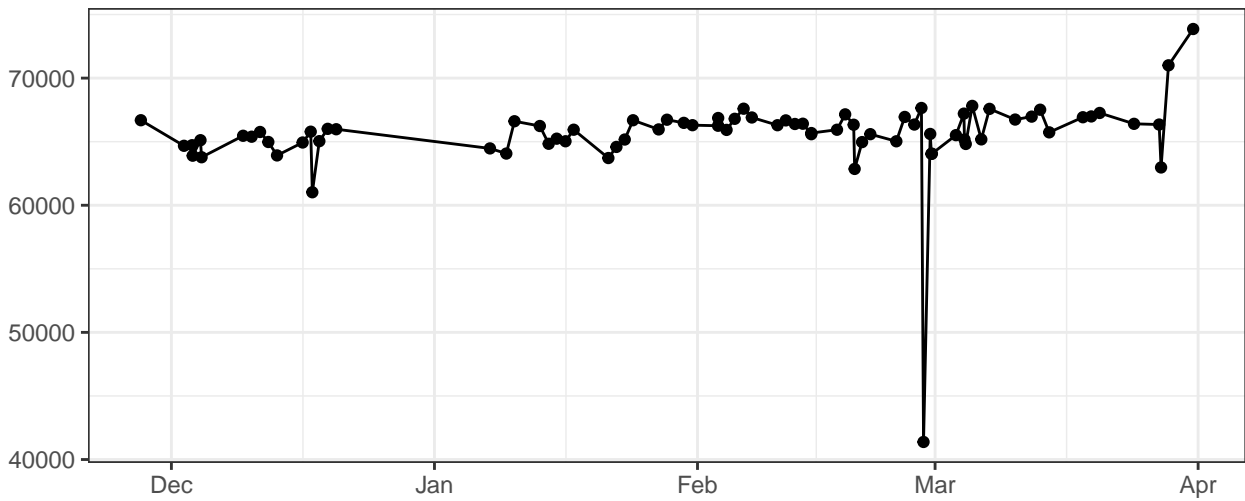
R780-A



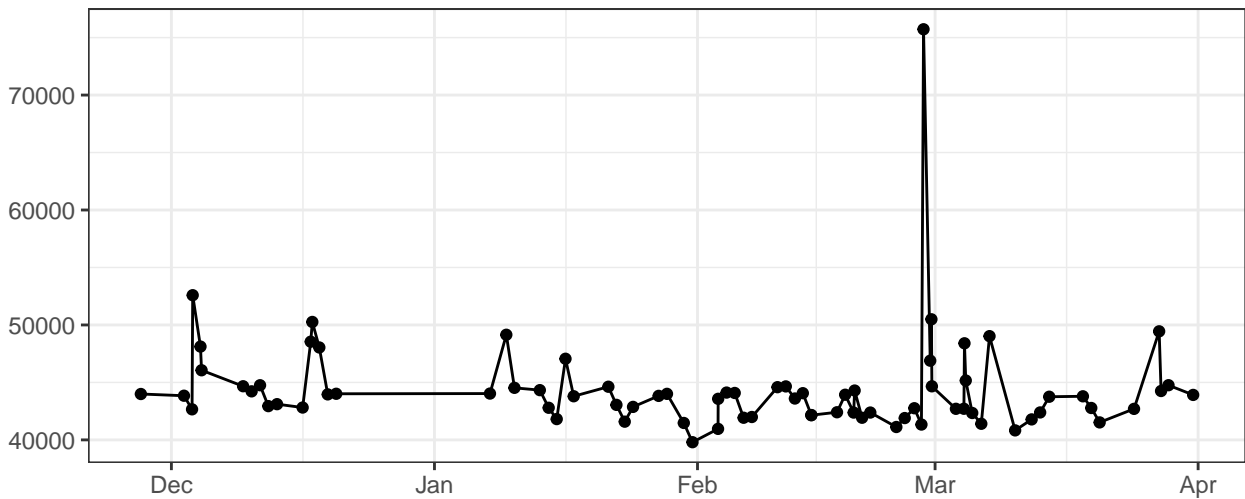
FSC-A



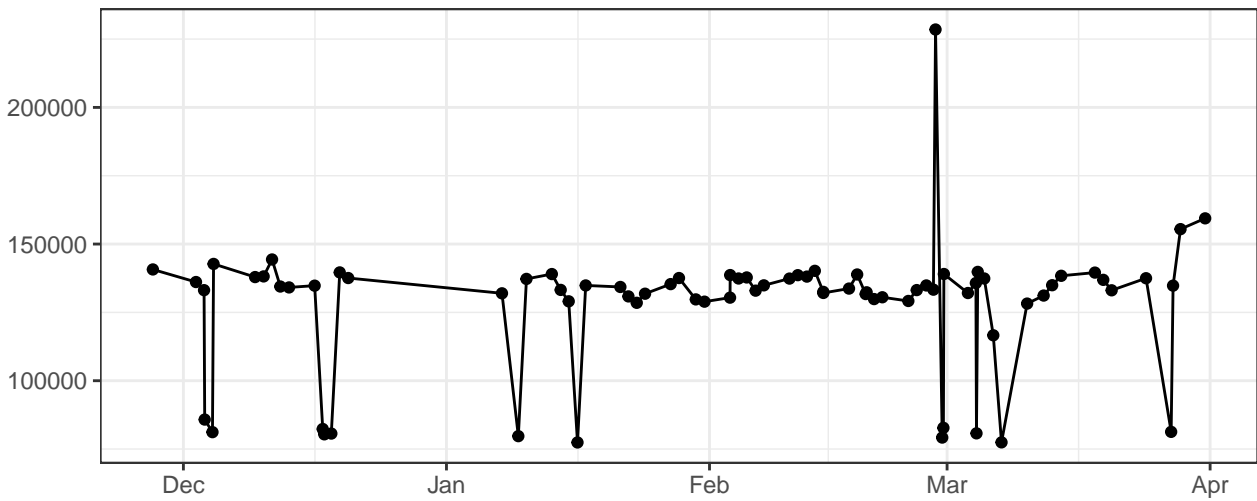
FSC-H



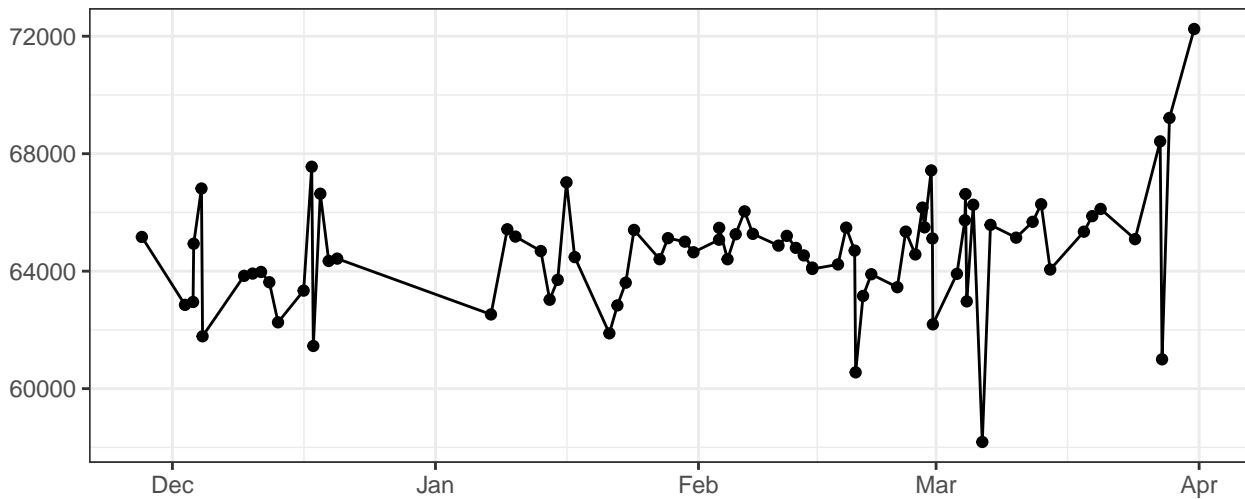
FSC-W



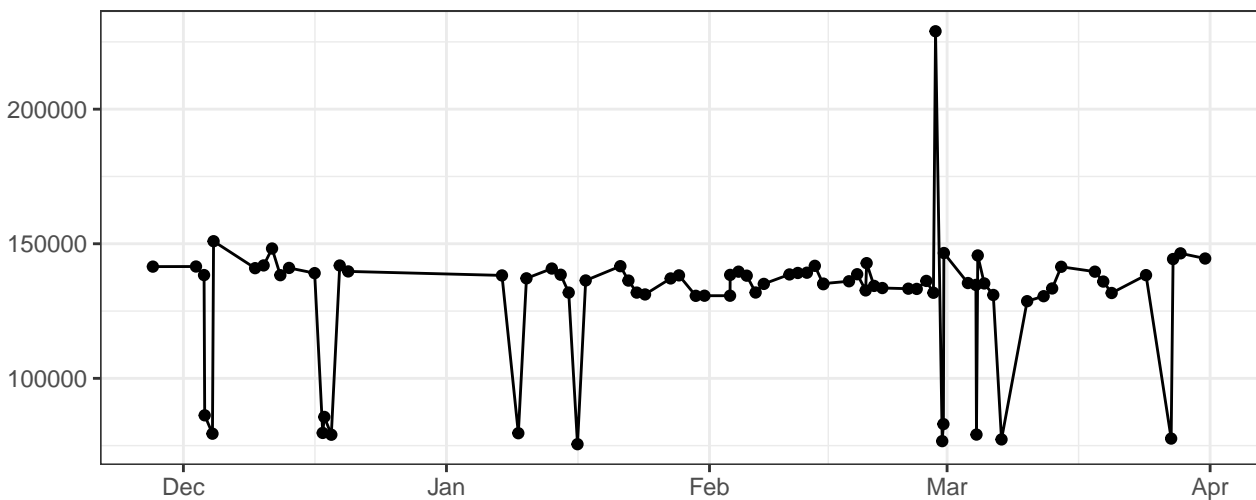
SSC-A



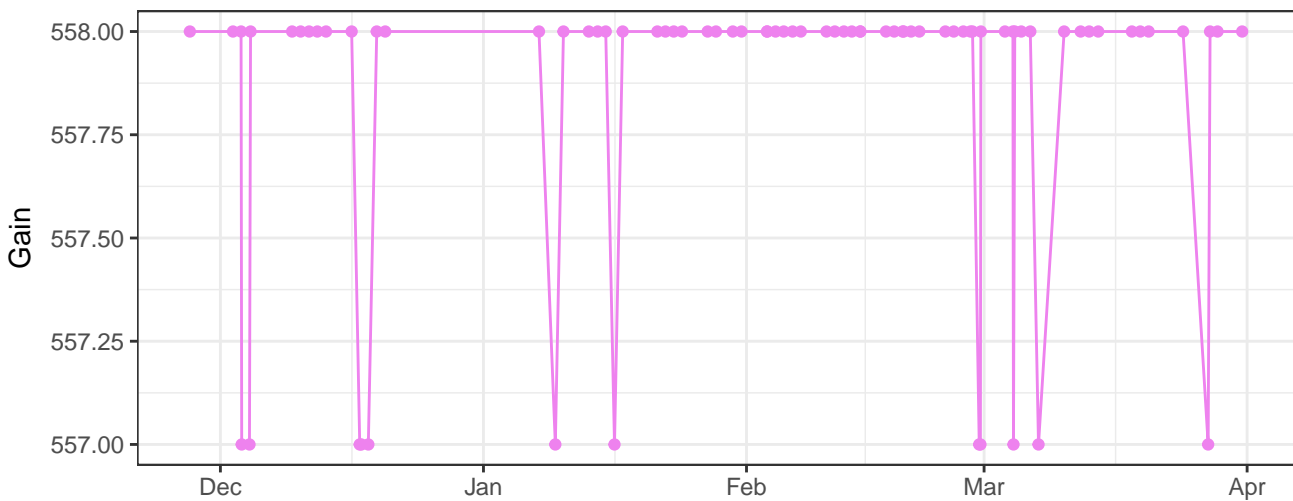
SSC-H



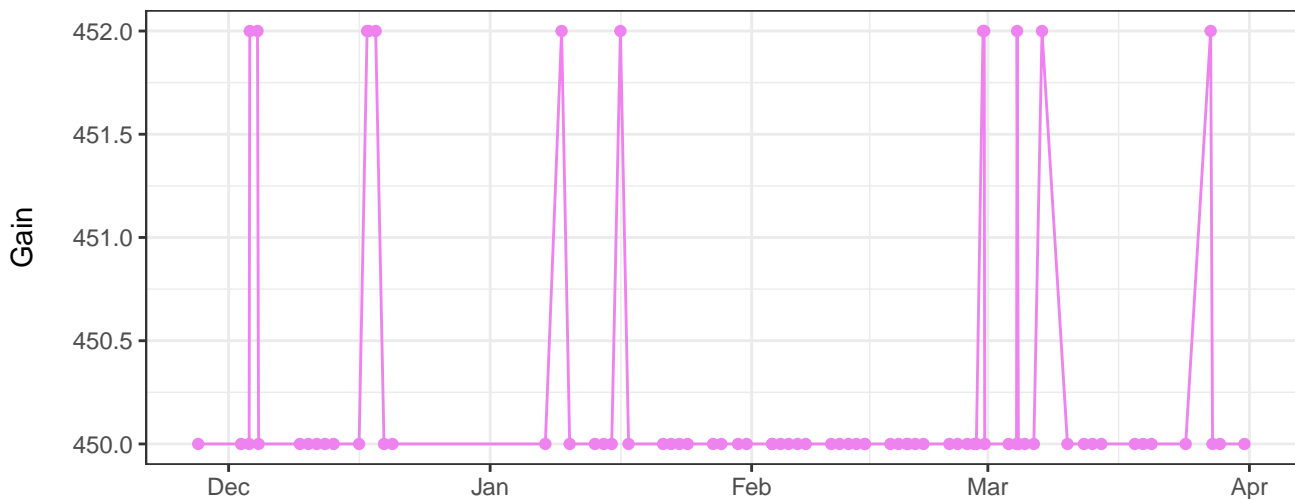
SSC-W



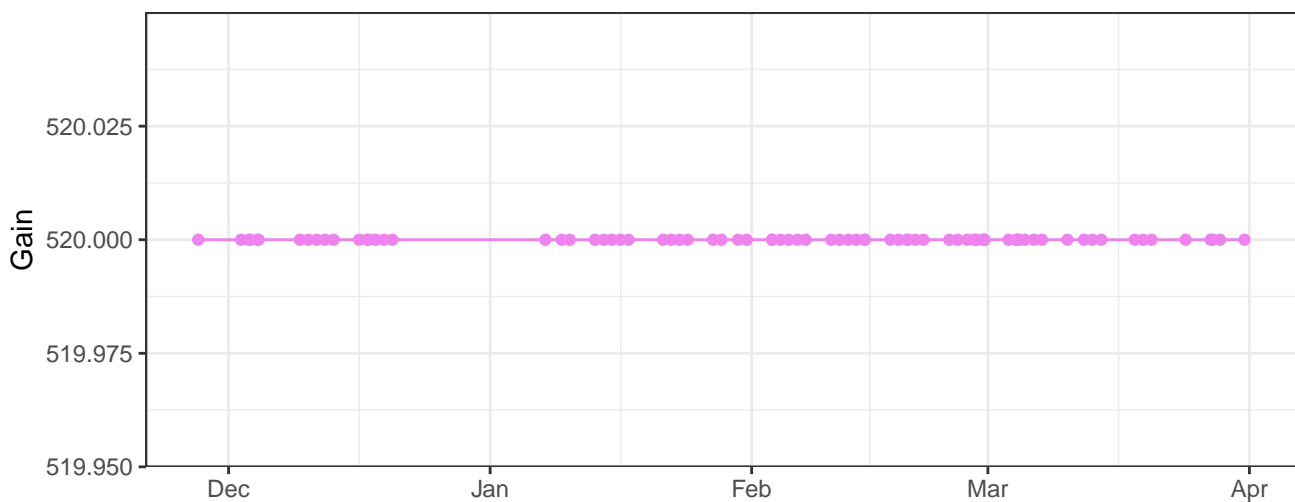
V450-A_Gain



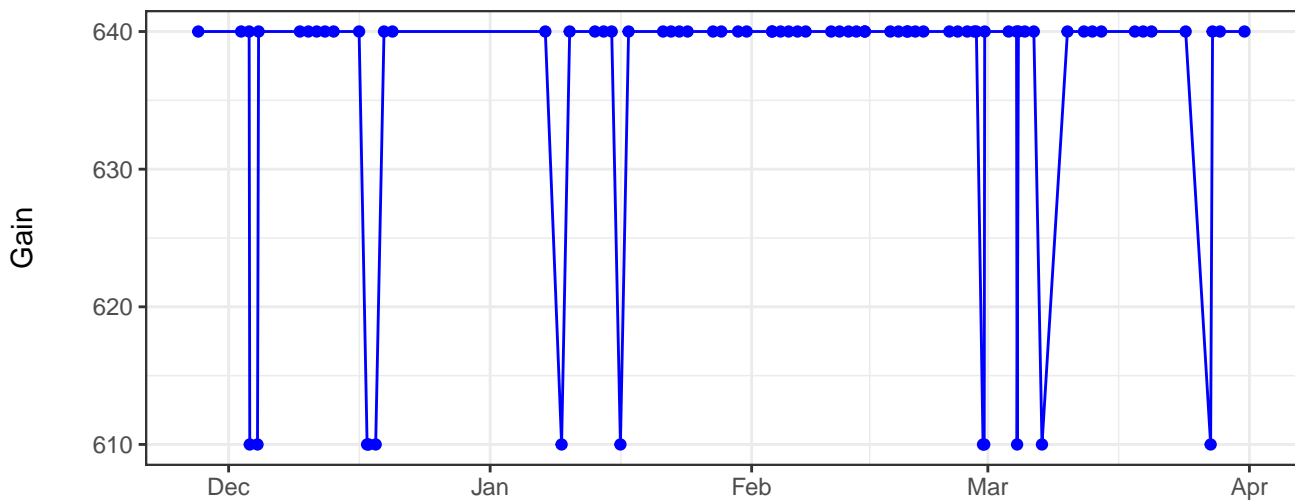
V530-A_Gain



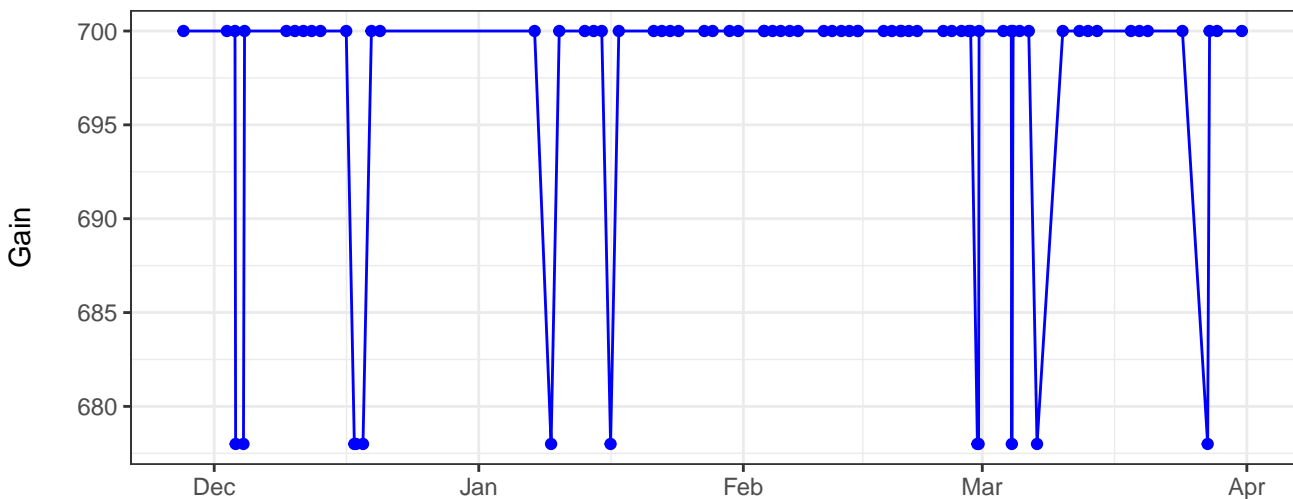
V710-A_Gain



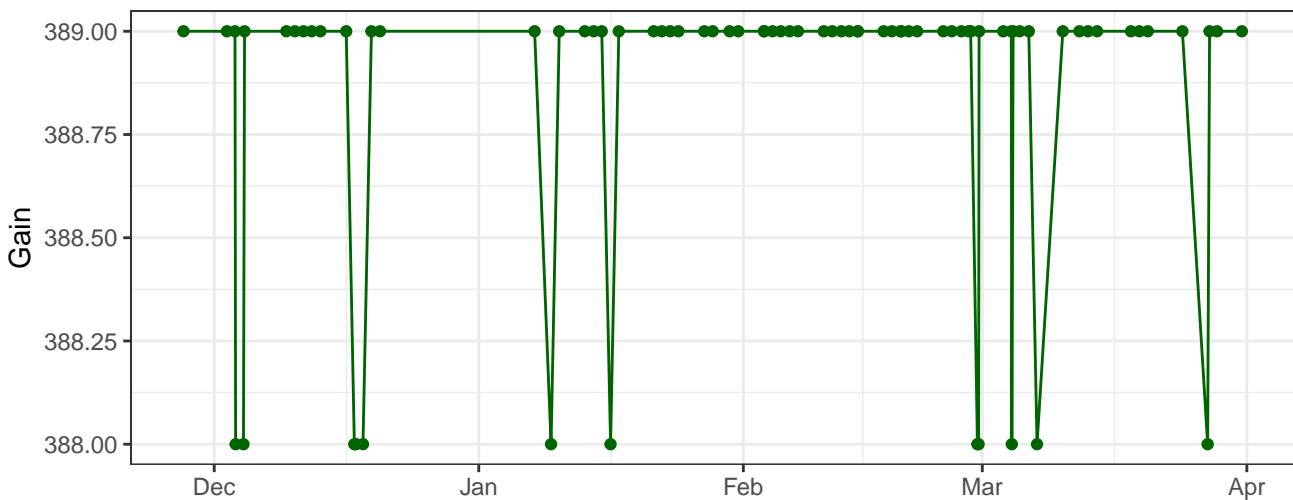
B530-A_Gain



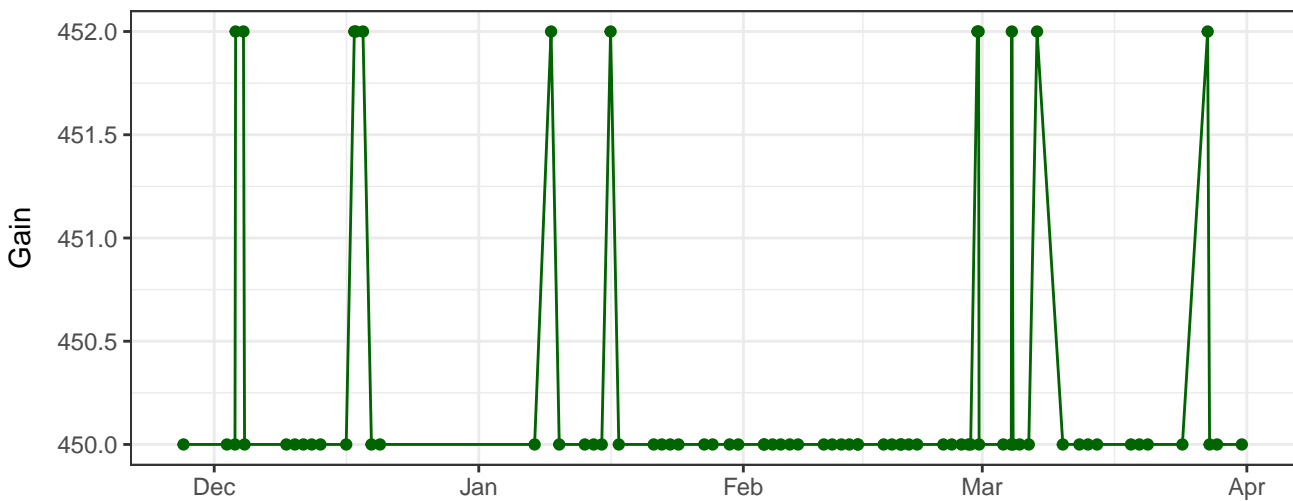
B695-A_Gain



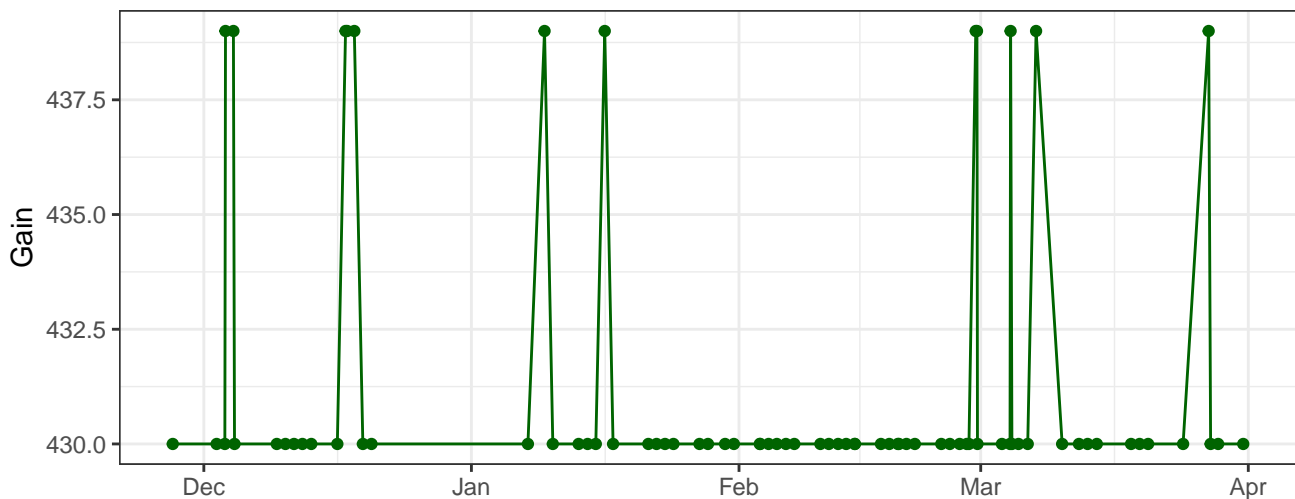
Y590-A_Gain



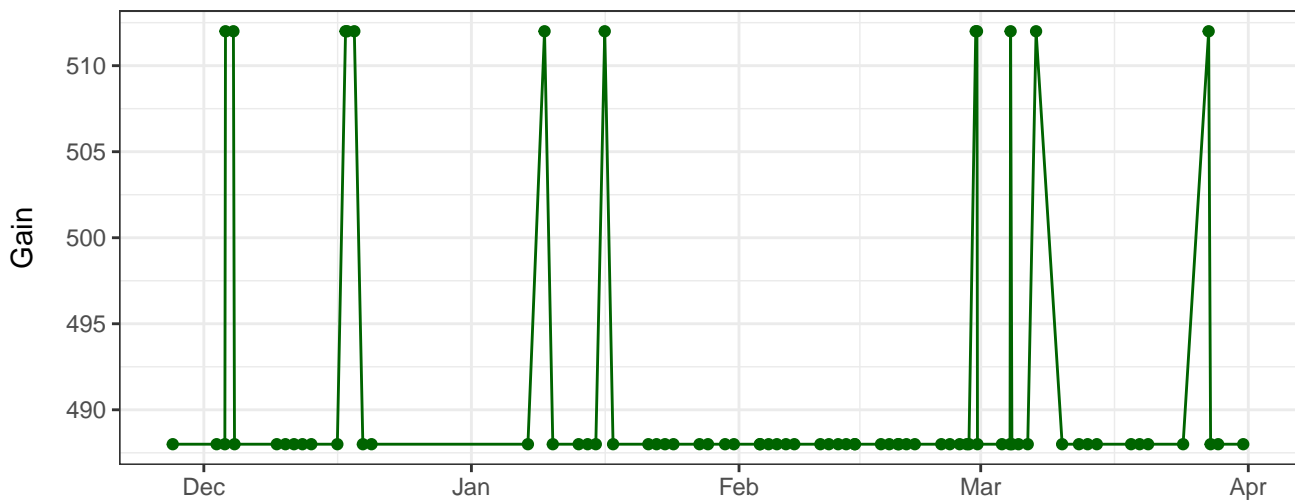
Y610-A_Gain



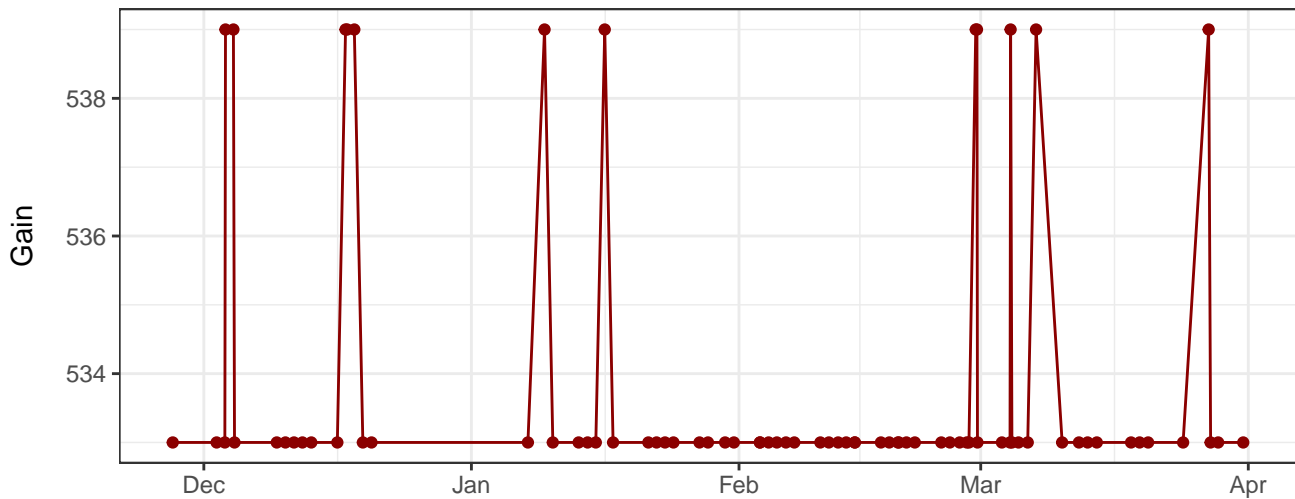
Y670-A_Gain



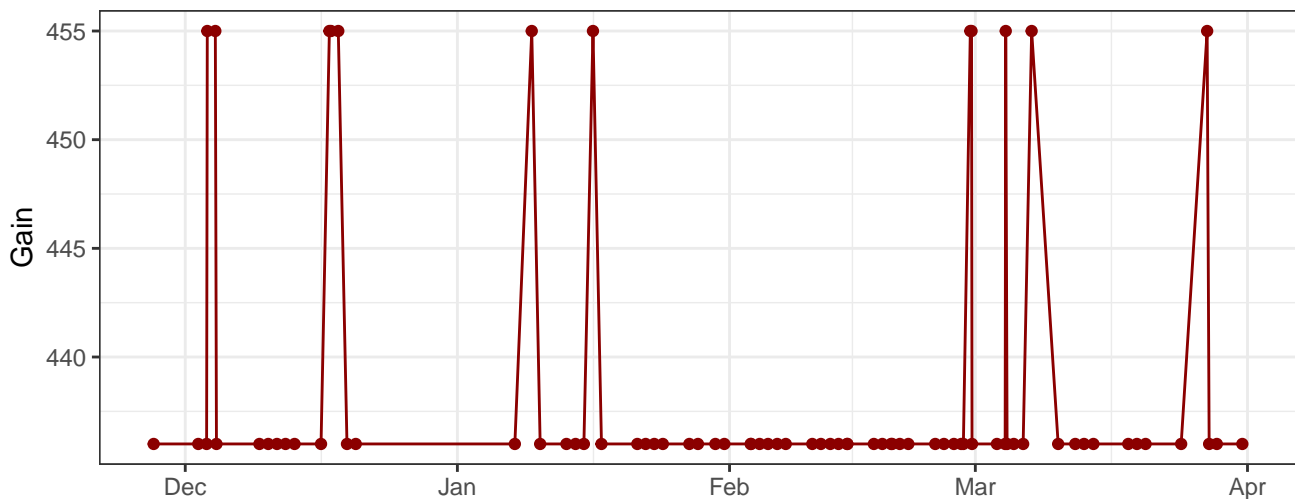
Y780-A_Gain



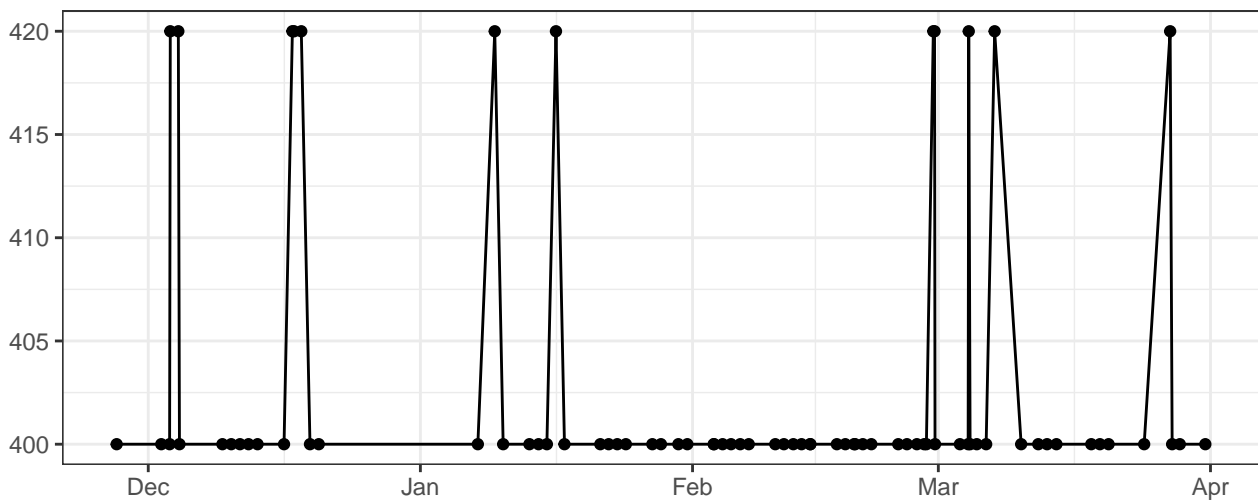
R660-A_Gain



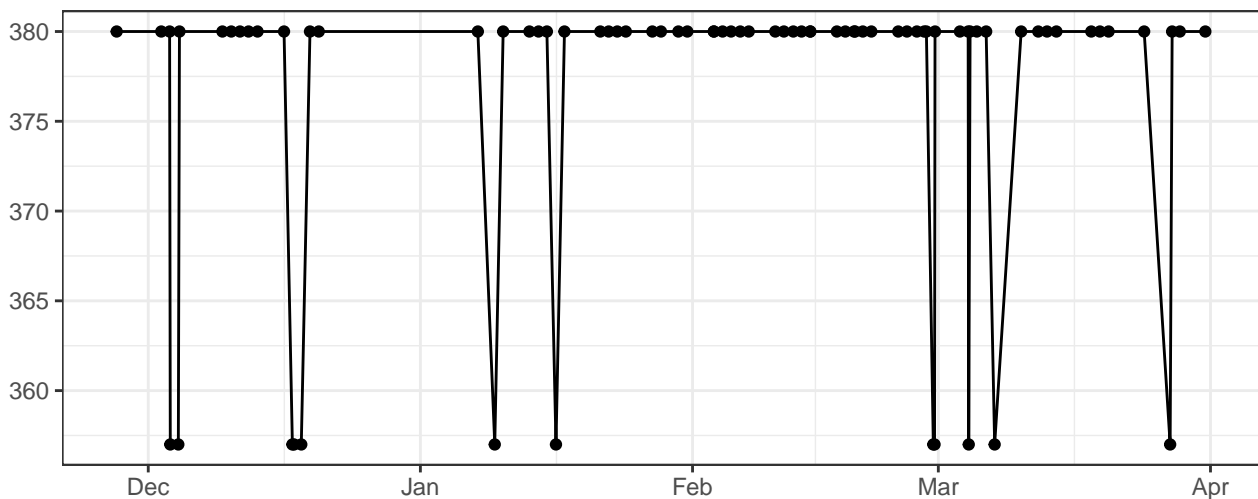
R780-A_Gain



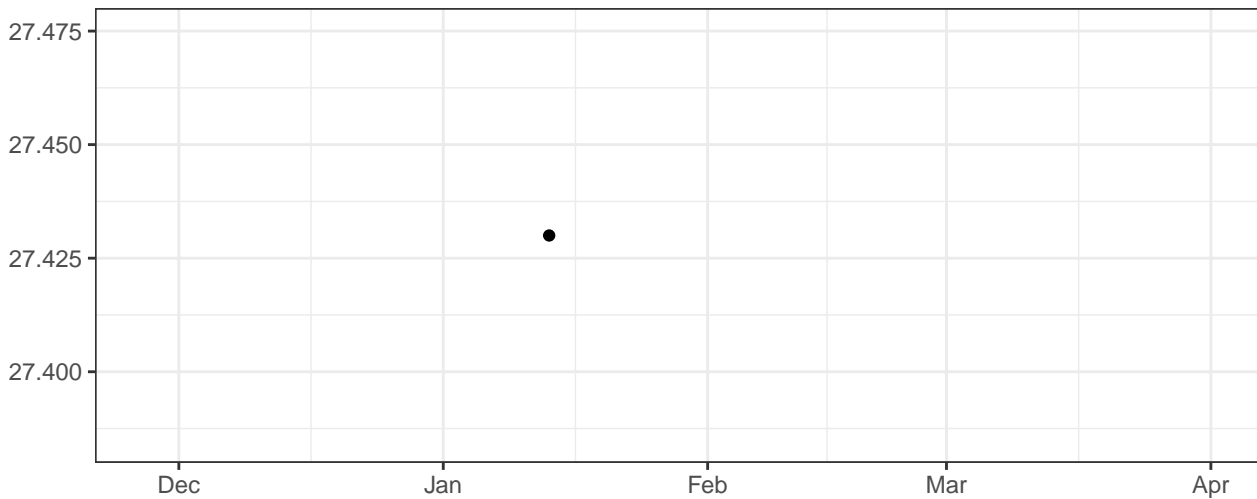
FSC-A_Gain



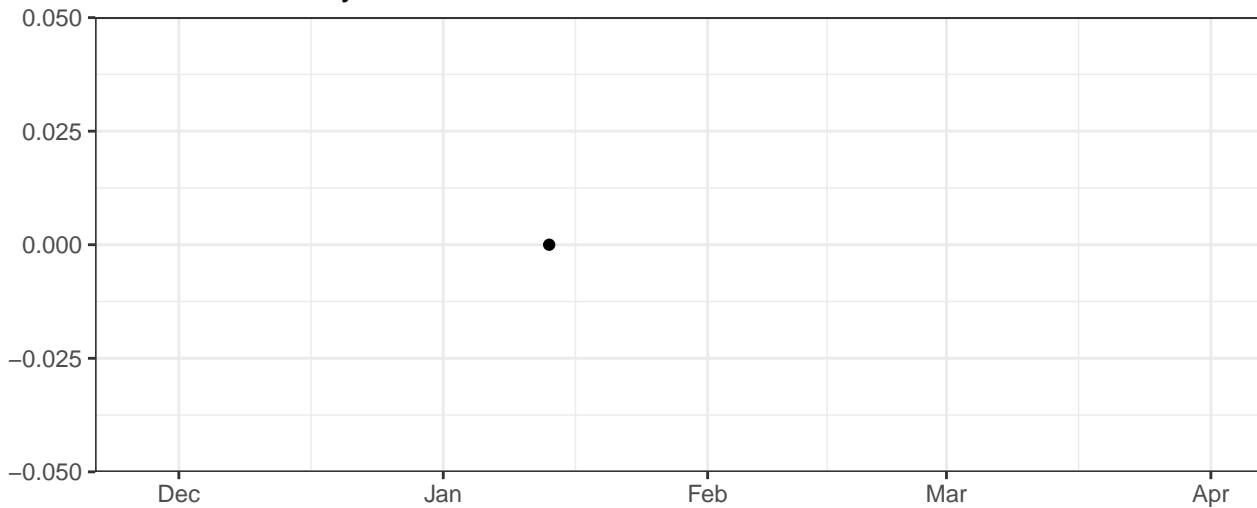
SSC-A_Gain



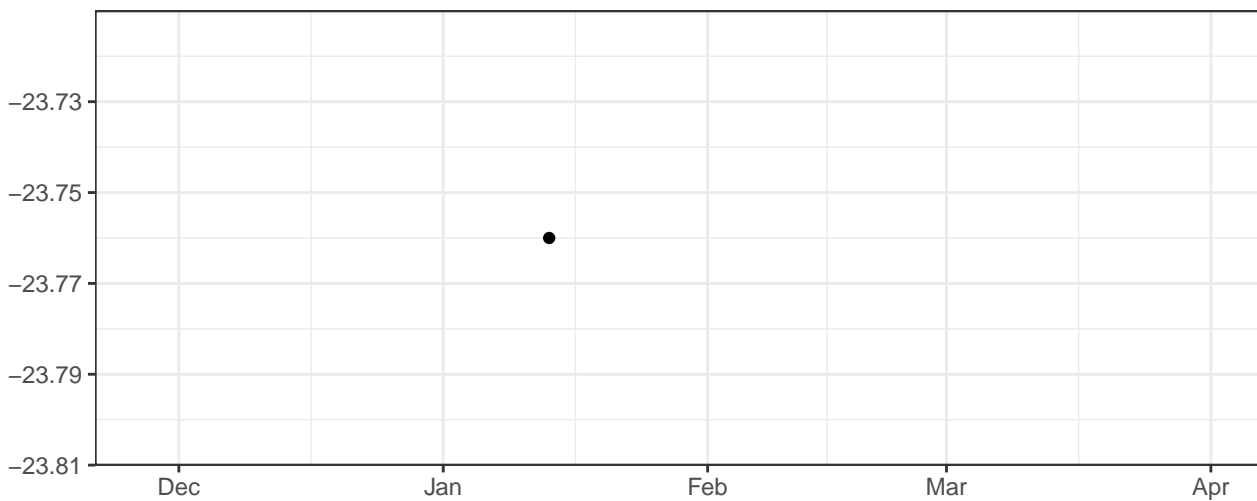
Violet_LaserDelay



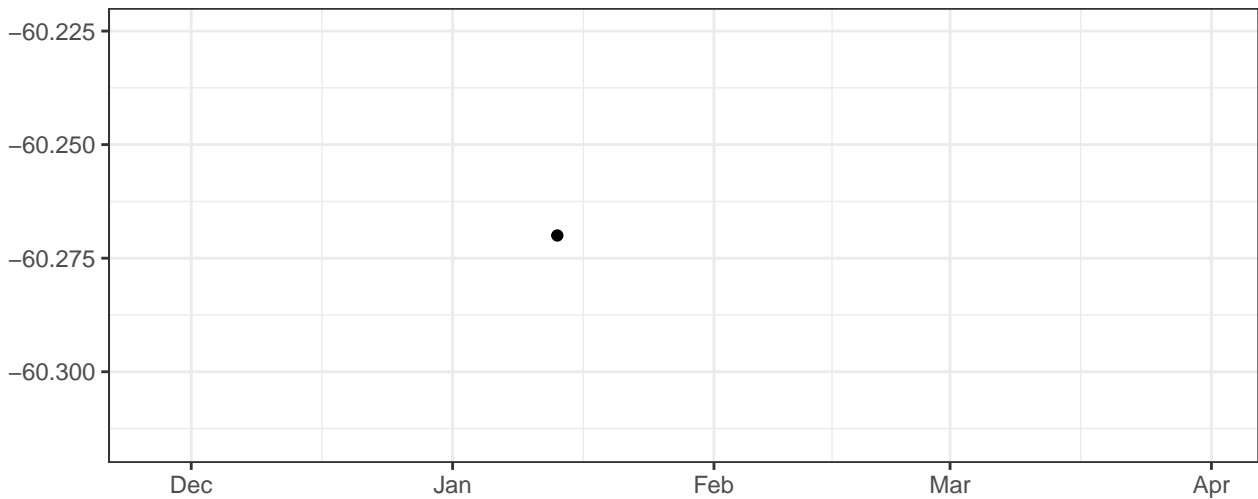
Blue_LaserDelay



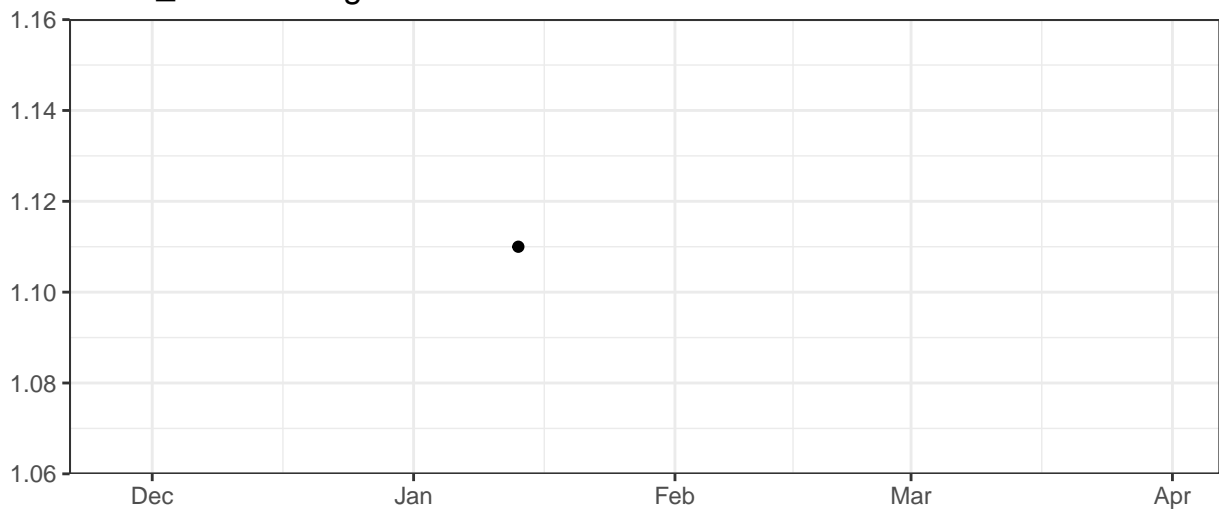
Yellow_LaserDelay



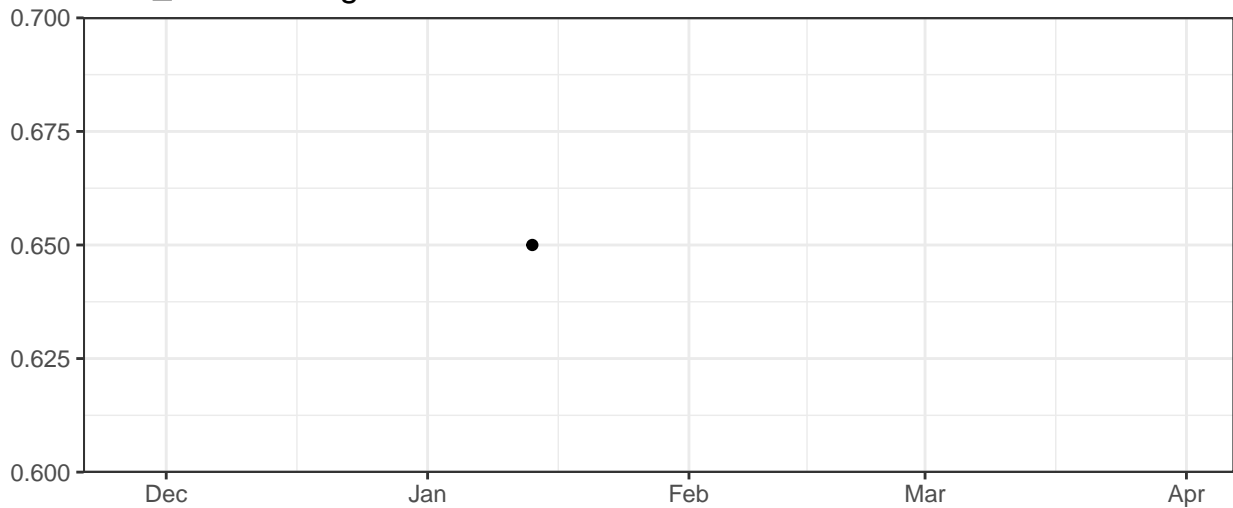
Red_LaserDelay



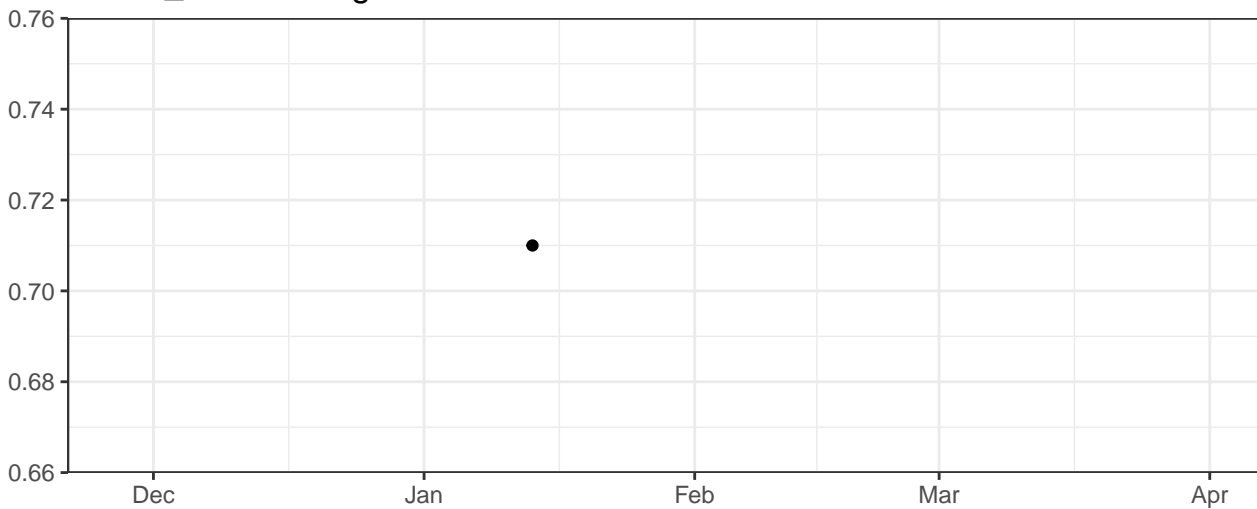
Violet_AreaScalingFactor



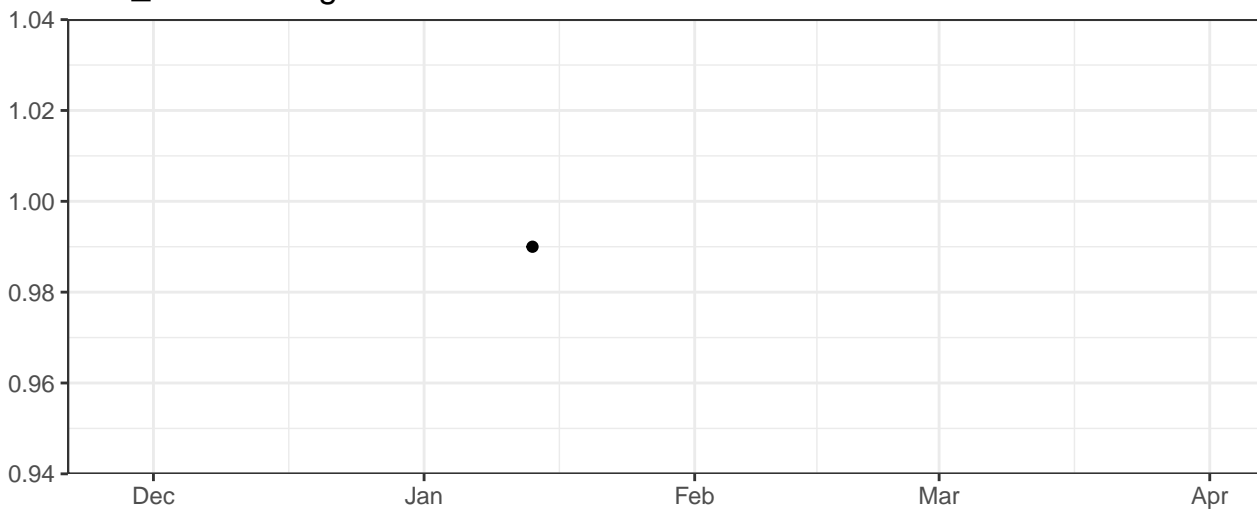
Blue_AreaScalingFactor



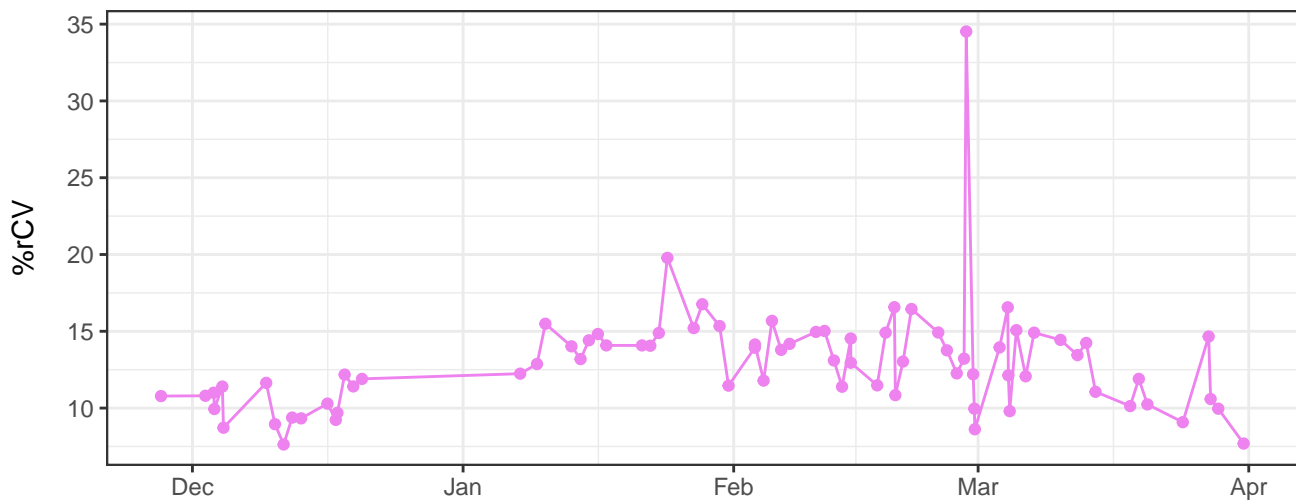
Yellow_AreaScalingFactor



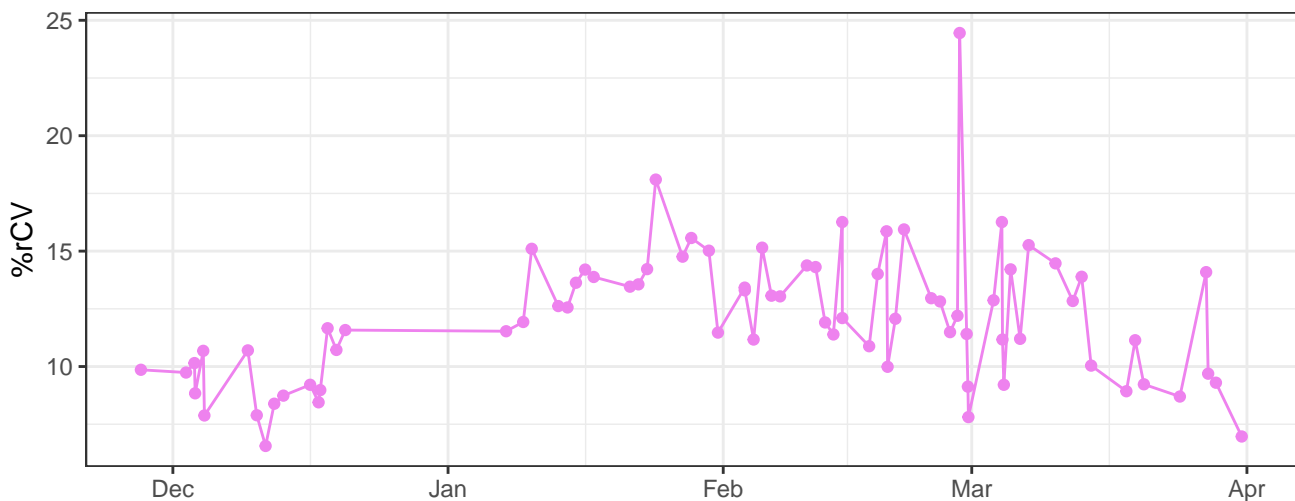
Red_AreaScalingFactor



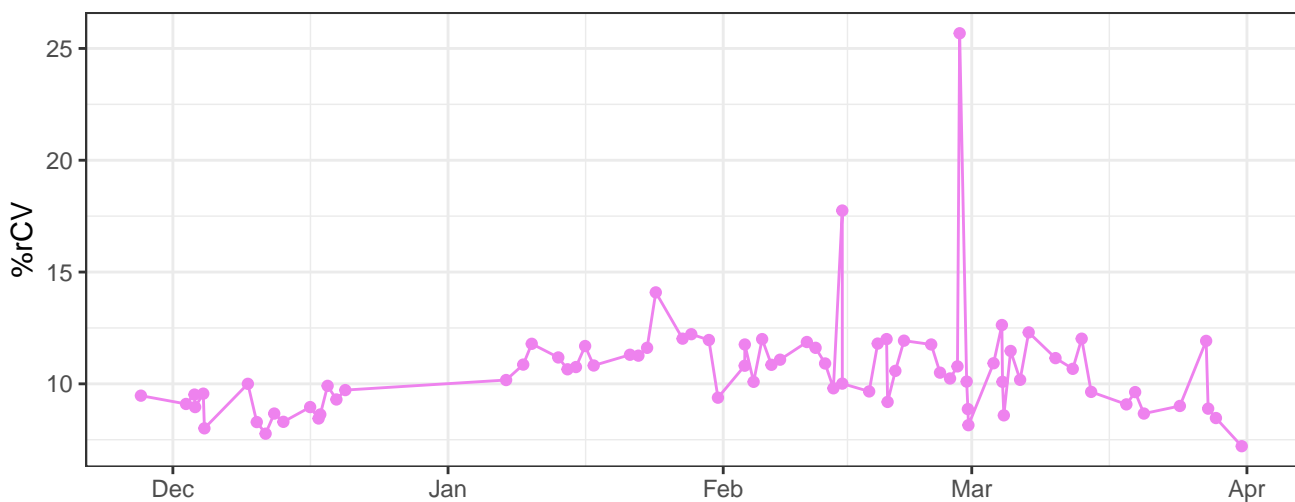
V450-A-% rCV



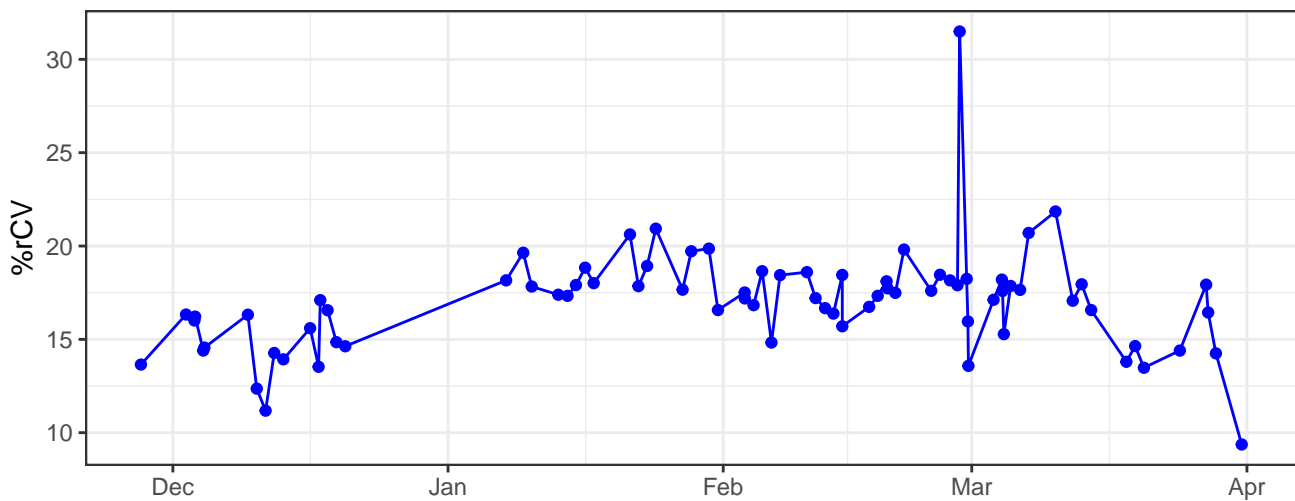
V530-A-% rCV



V710-A-% rCV



B530-A-% rCV

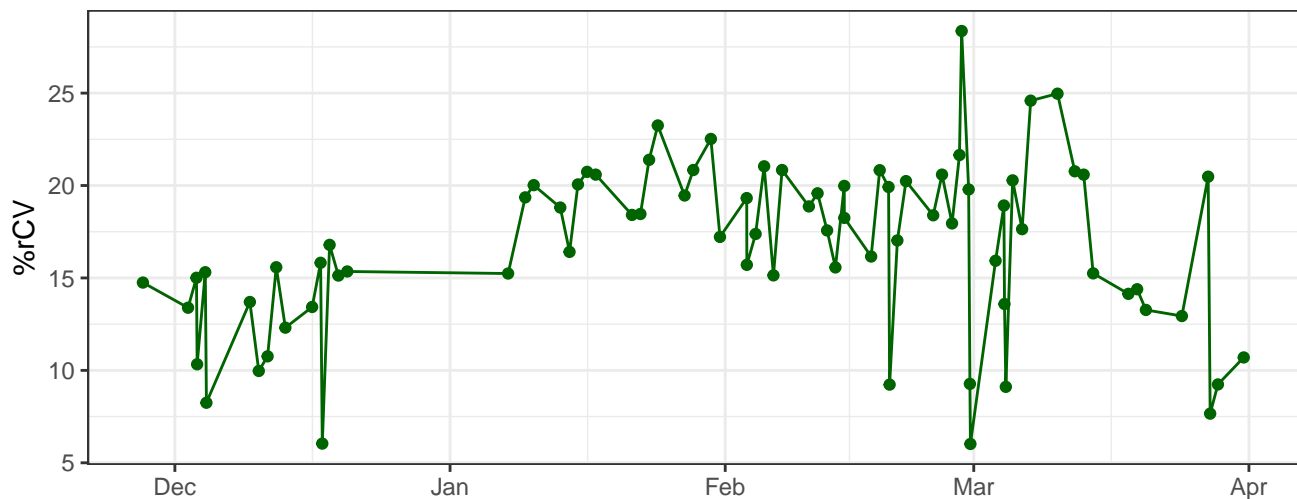


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December 1st to April 1st. The x-axis represents time in months (Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr), and the y-axis represents the number of cases, ranging from 0 to 1,000,000. The data shows a period of low case counts from December through early February, followed by a rapid and significant increase in cases starting in late February. The number of cases peaks at approximately 1,000,000 in early March and then begins to decline, with a notable dip in late March and a slight recovery in early April.

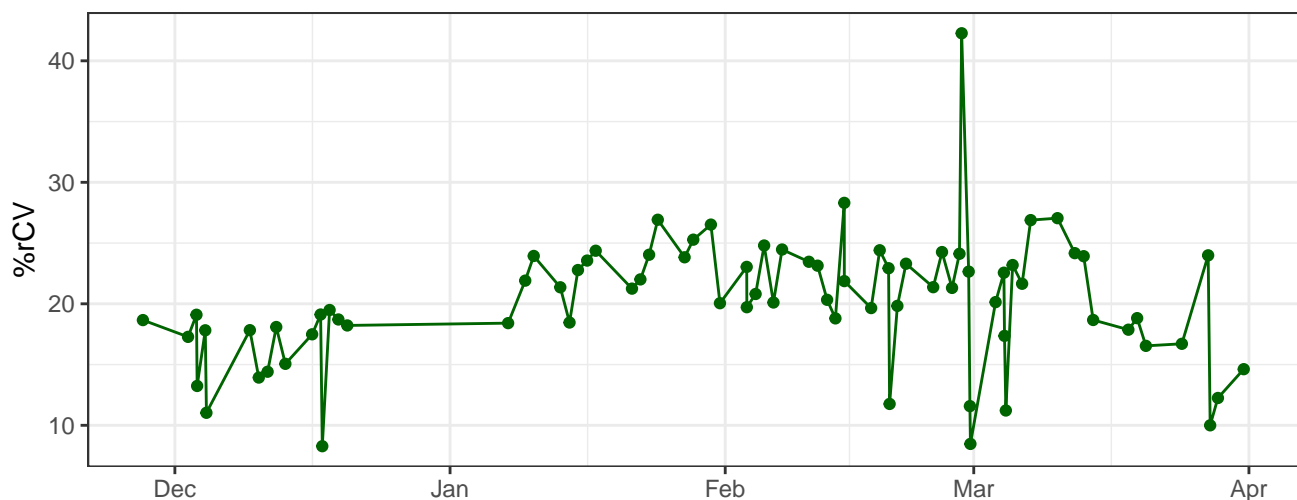
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time from December 2019 to April 2020. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale break between 100 and 1,000. The data shows a period of low activity in December, followed by a rapid ascent in January and February. A significant peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 1,000 cases. Following this peak, there is a period of fluctuation with a secondary rise in mid-March, followed by a general decline towards the end of the period shown.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands. The data shows a period of low activity from December through early February, followed by a massive surge in late February that peaks at approximately 9,500 cases. After this peak, the number of cases drops sharply and remains at a low level, with minor fluctuations, through the end of April.

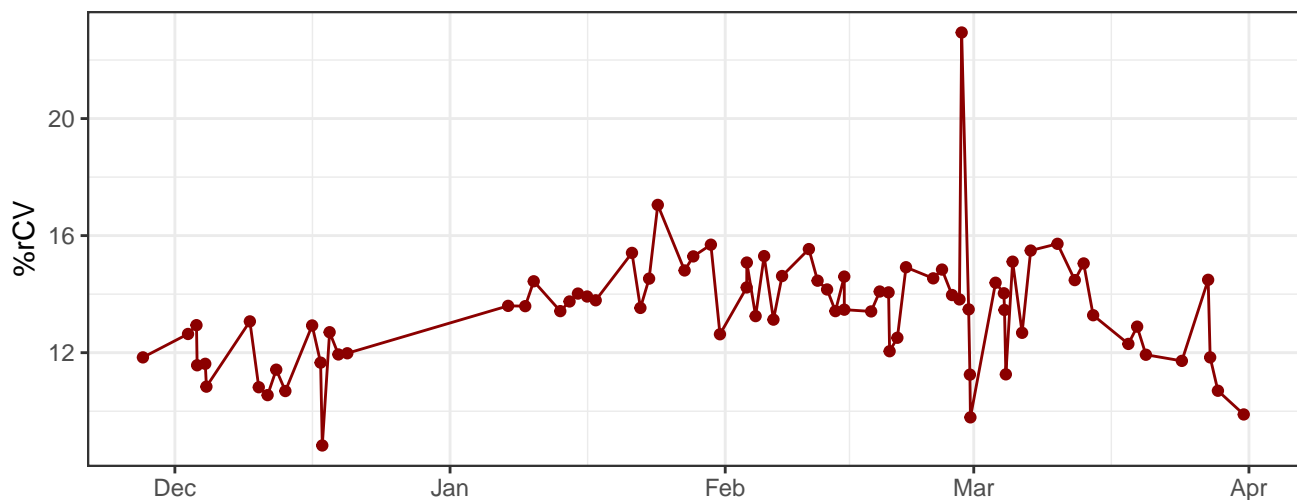
Y670-A-% rCV



Y780-A-% rCV



R660-A-% rCV

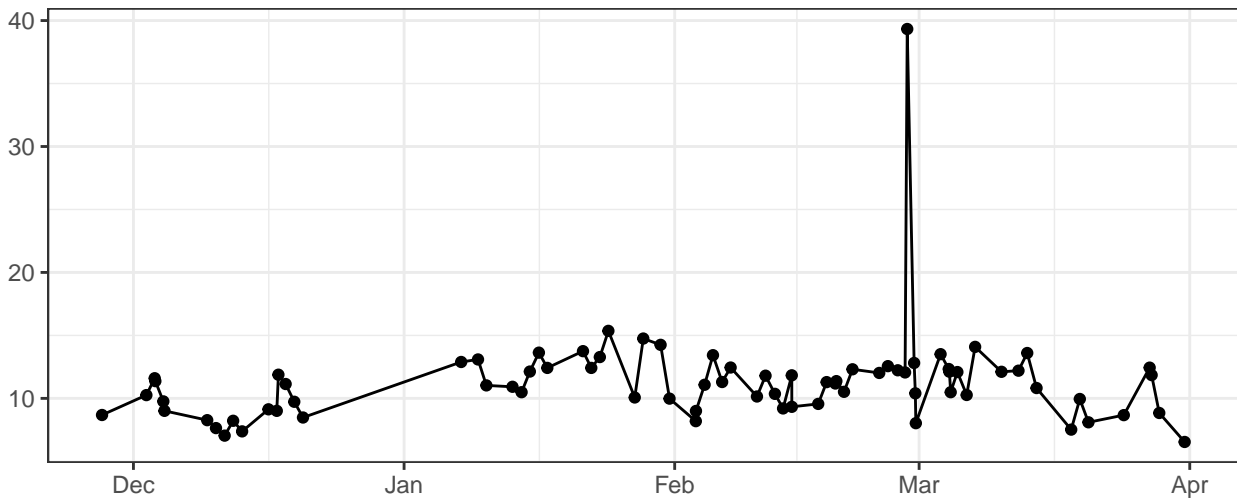


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December to April. The x-axis represents time in months, with labels for Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid line at 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 20,000) from December through early February. A significant surge begins in late February, reaching a peak of approximately 150,000 cases in early March. Following the peak, the case counts decline sharply, returning to levels below 20,000 by late March and remaining low through April.

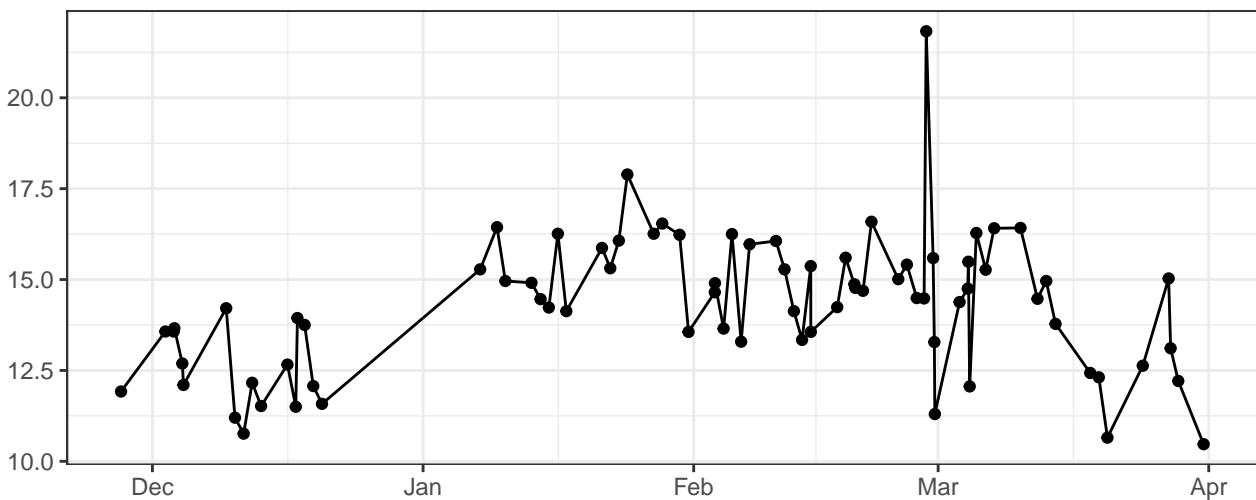
The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December to April. The x-axis represents time, with labels for Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from December through early February. Starting in late February, there is a significant and rapid increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 in early March. Following the peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing some fluctuations, and returns to levels below 10,000 by late April.

The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December to April. The x-axis represents time in months (Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr), and the y-axis represents the number of cases, ranging from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts from December through January, followed by a significant increase starting in late February. The number of cases peaks sharply in early March at approximately 100,000, then declines and fluctuates at a lower level through April.

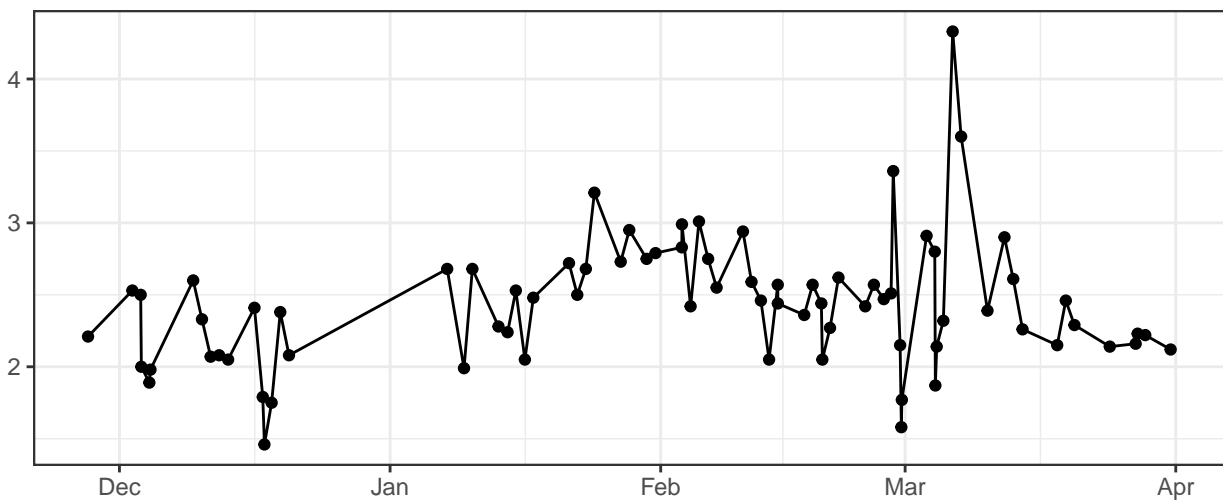
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

