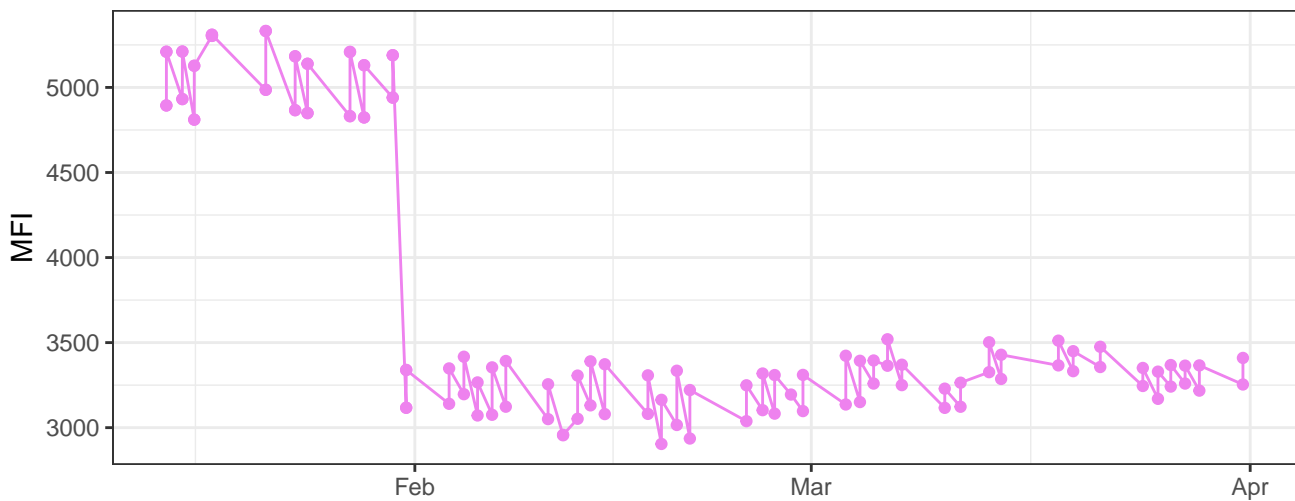
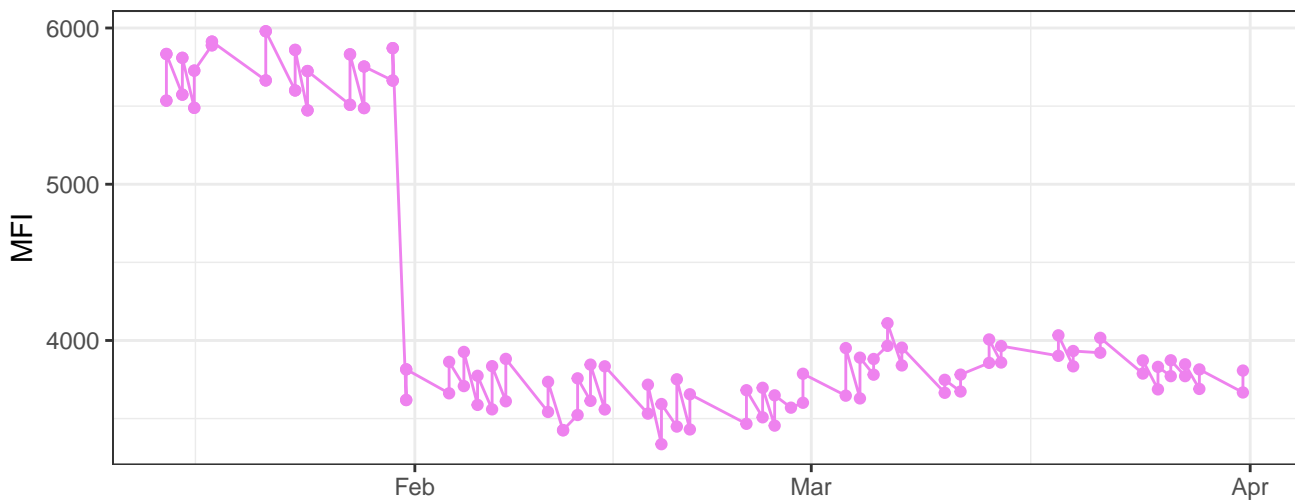


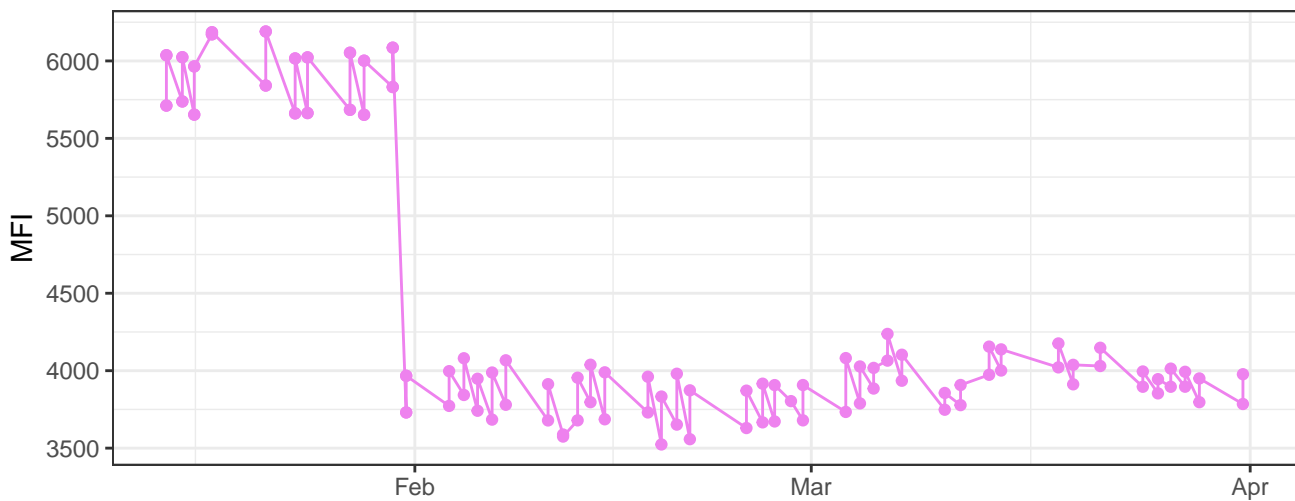
V450-A



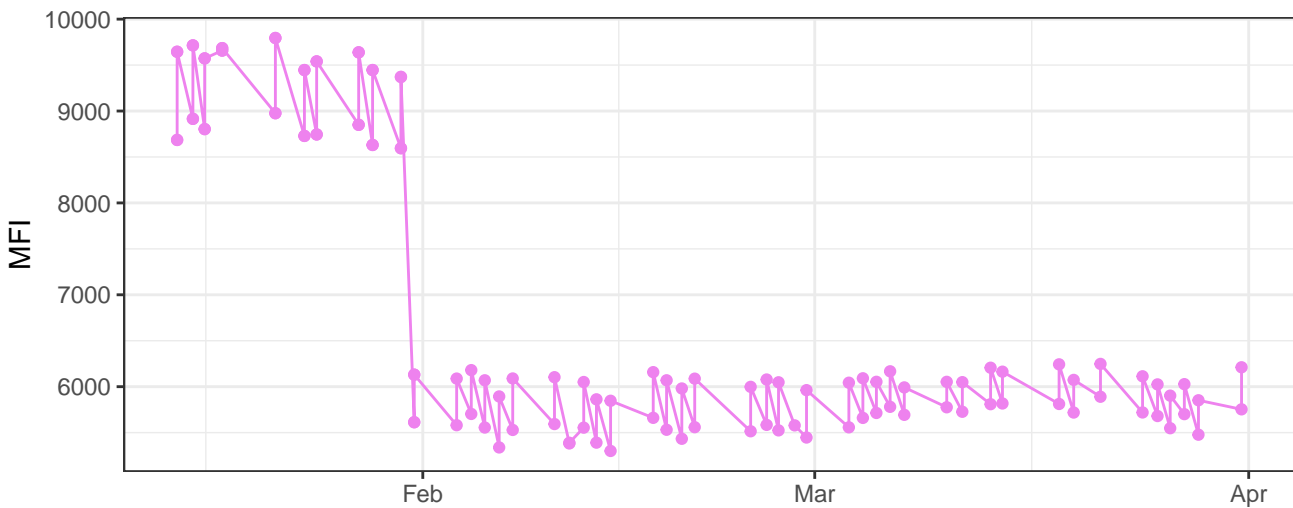
V525-A



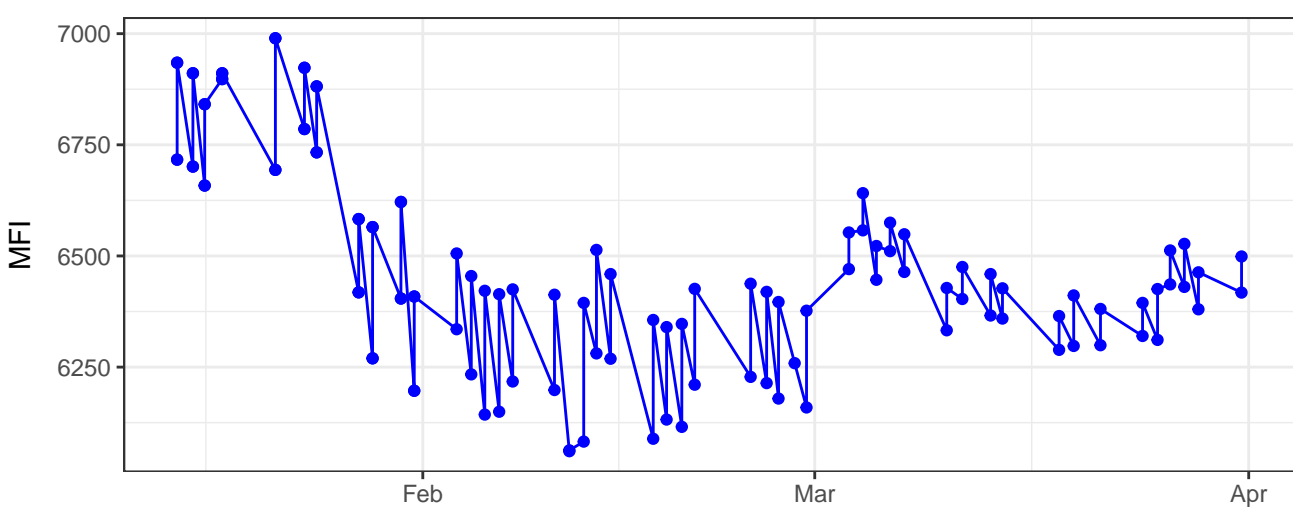
V610-A



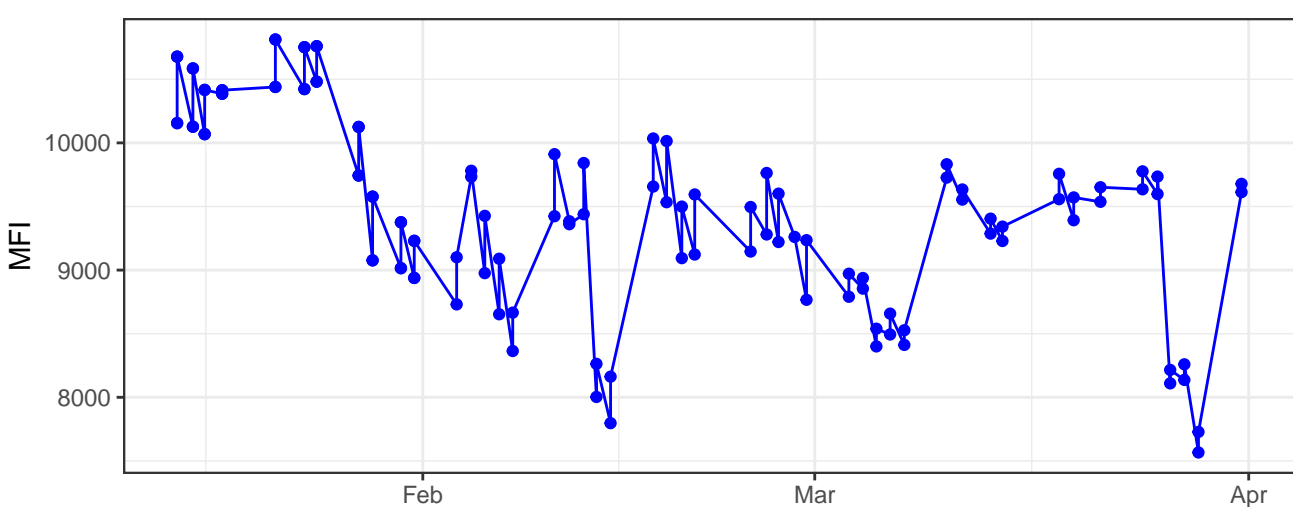
V670-A



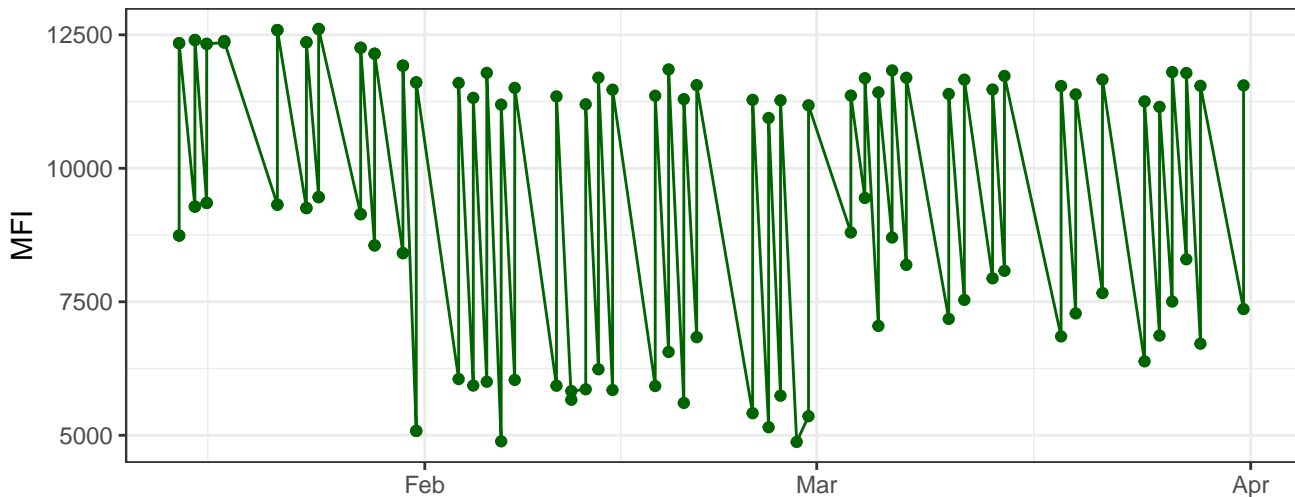
B530-A



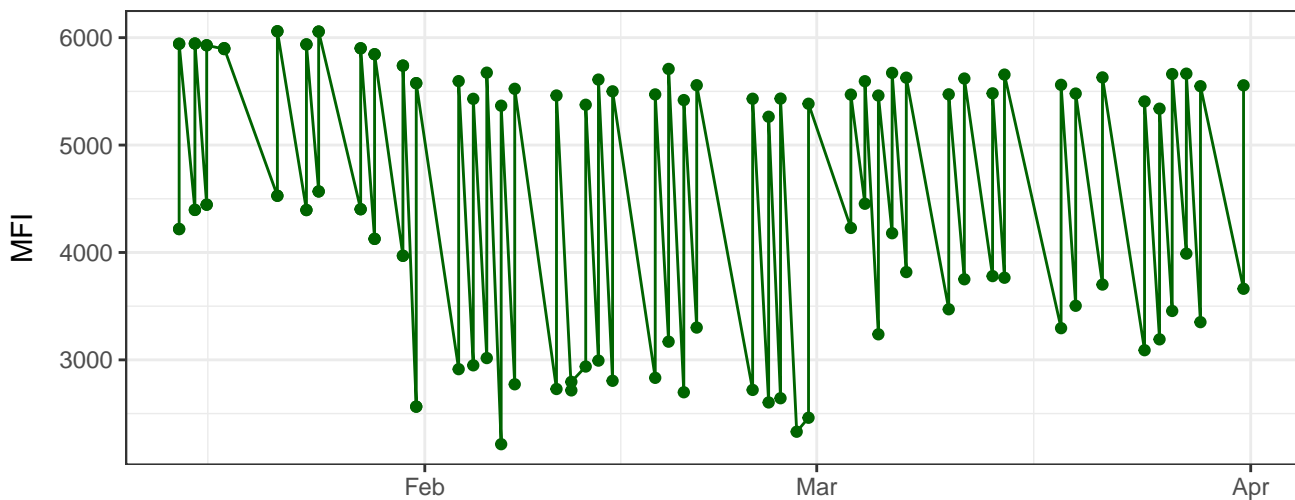
B710-A



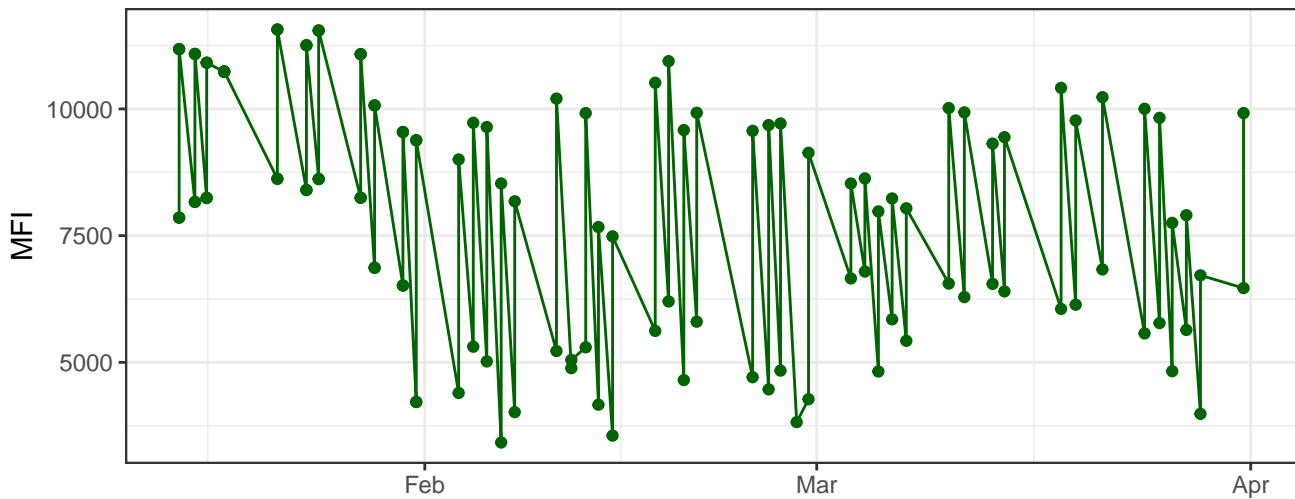
Y590-A



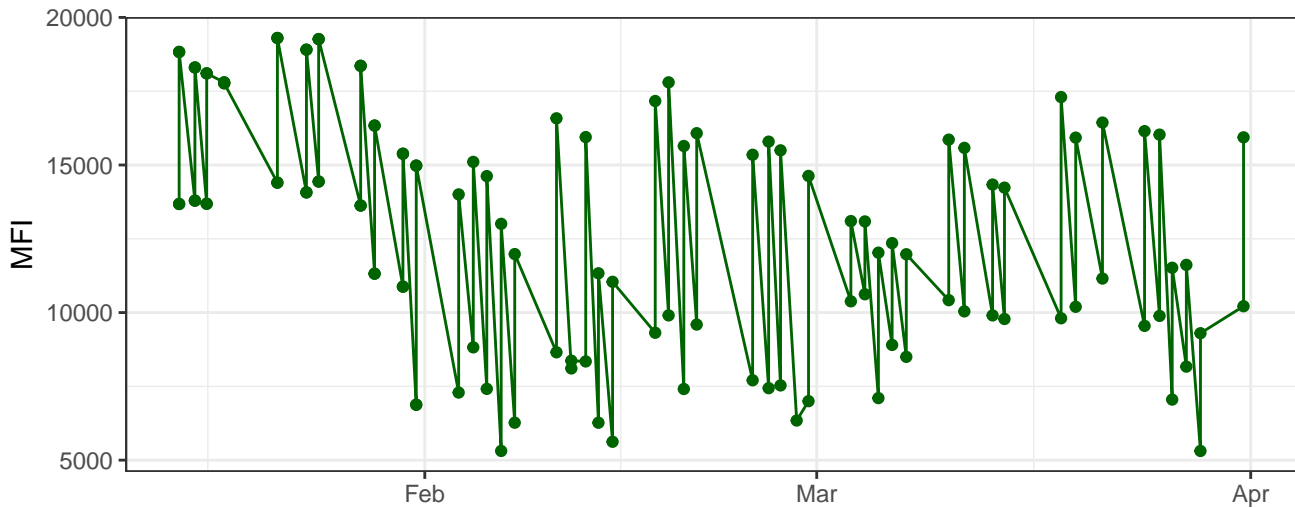
Y615-A



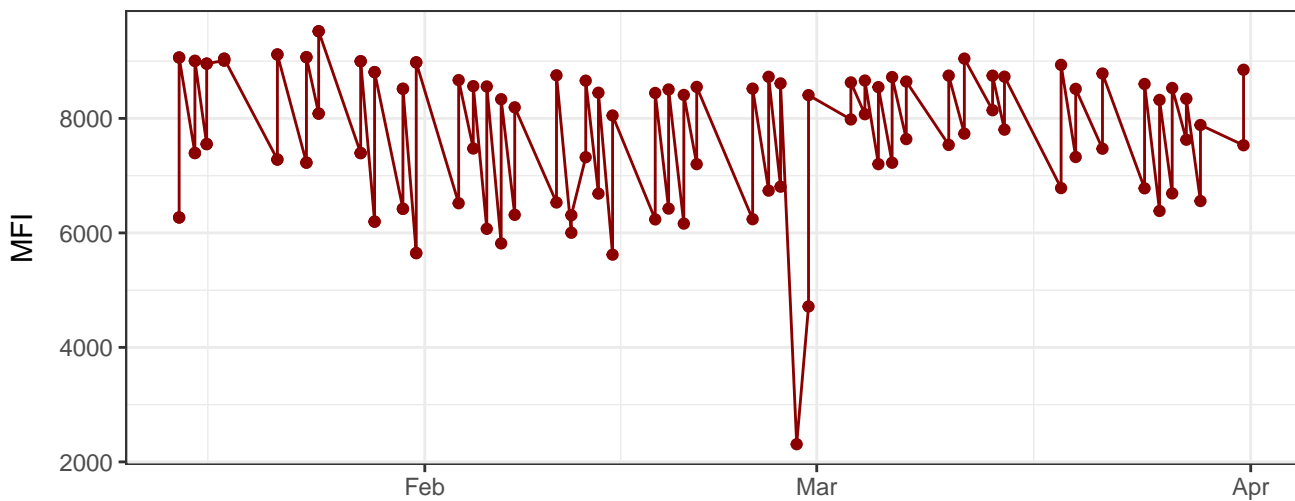
Y710-A



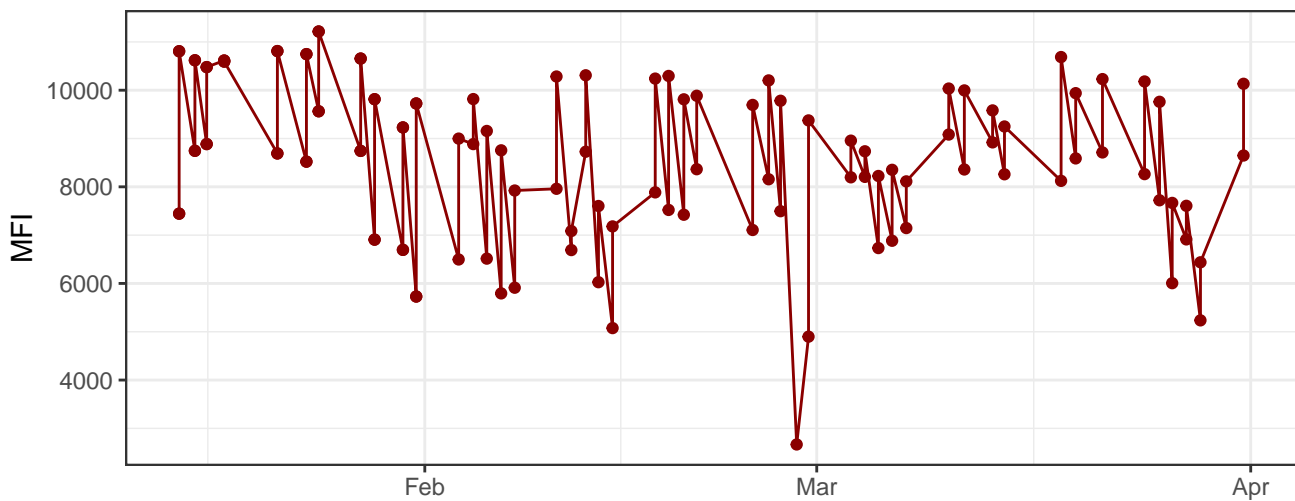
Y780-A



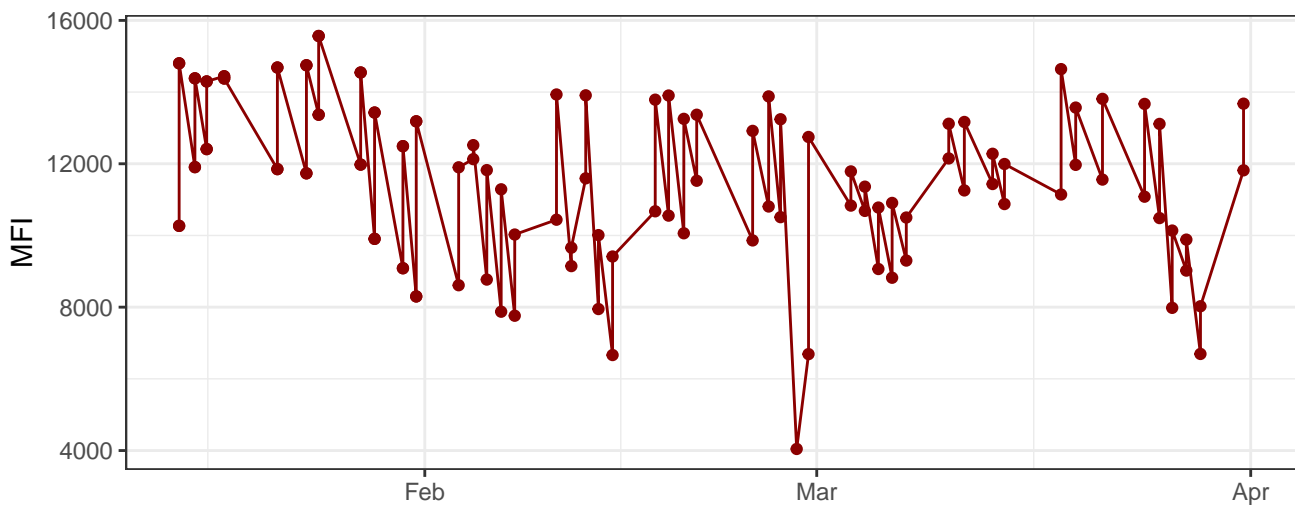
R670-A



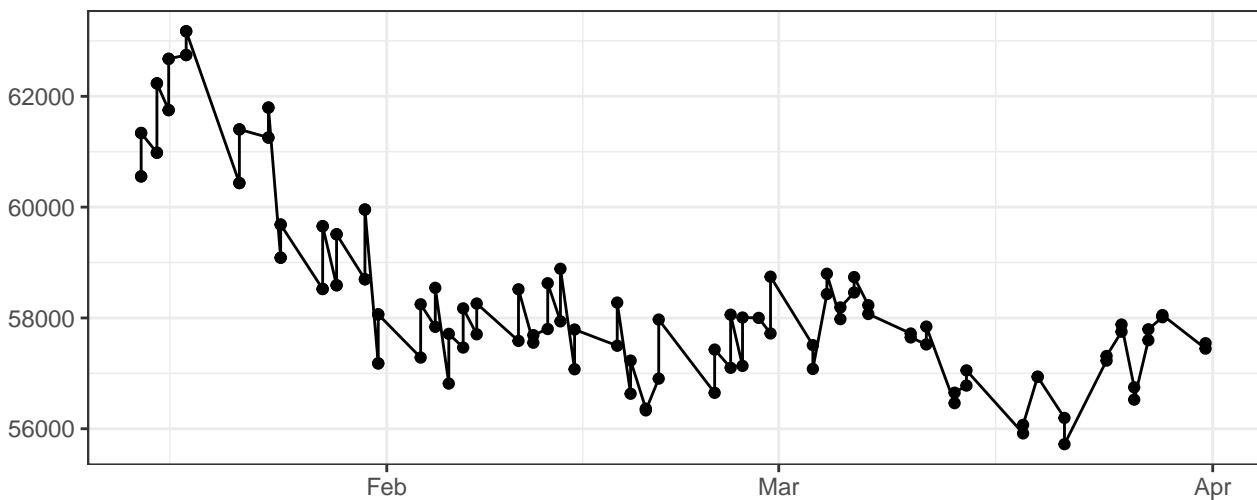
R730-A



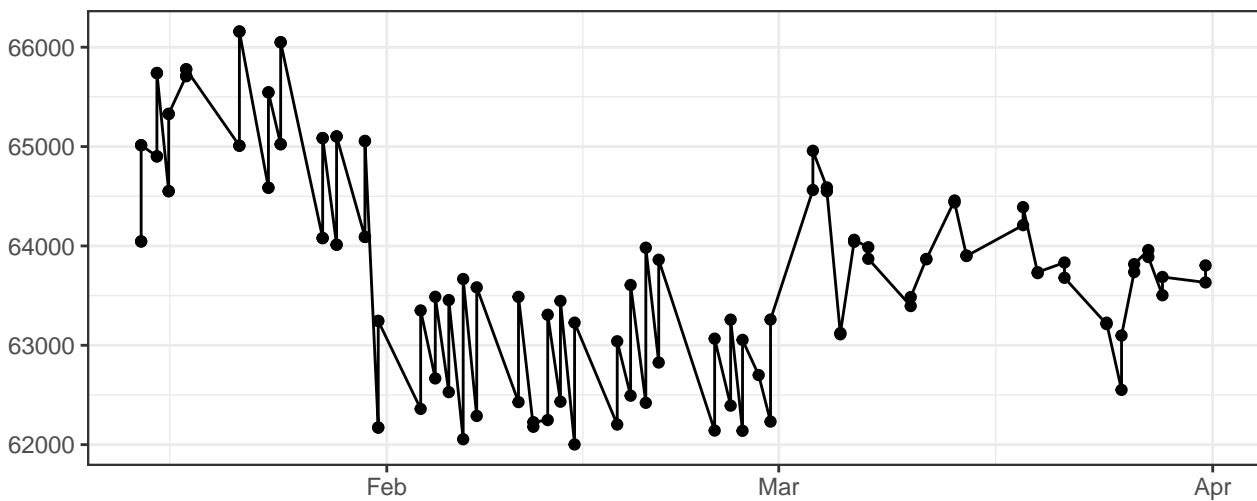
R780-A



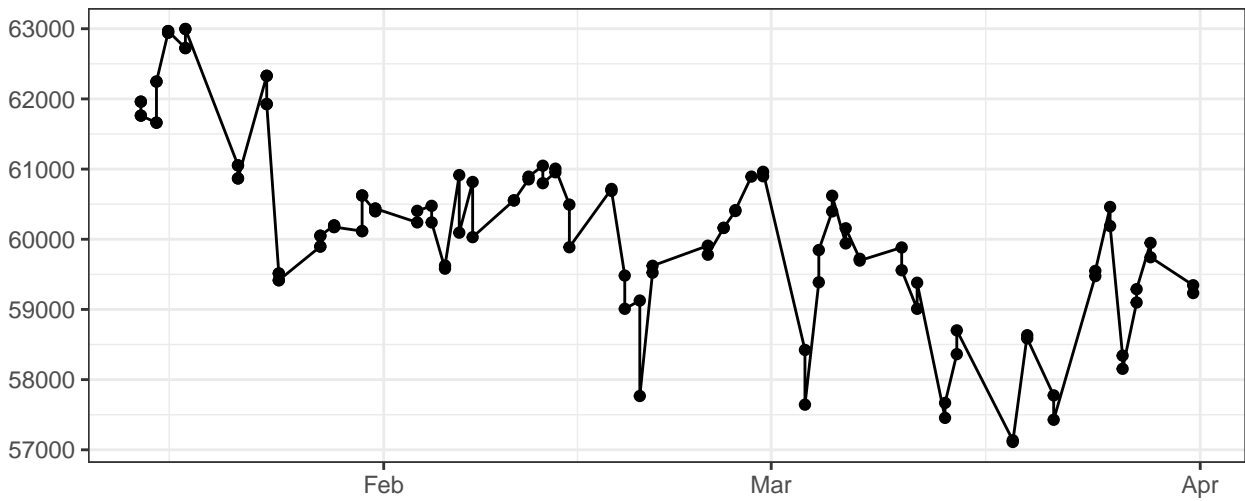
FSC-A



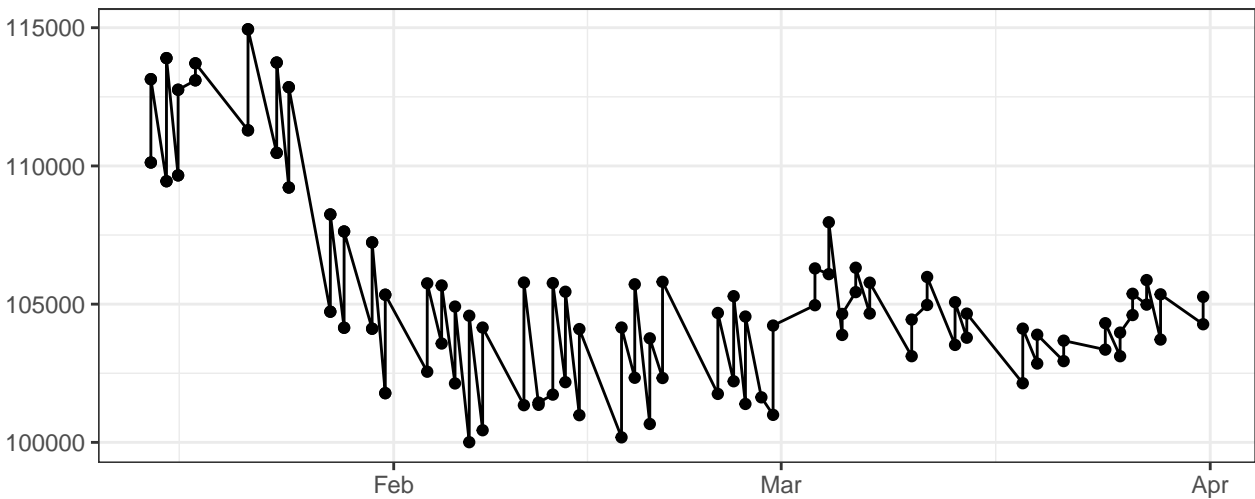
FSC-H



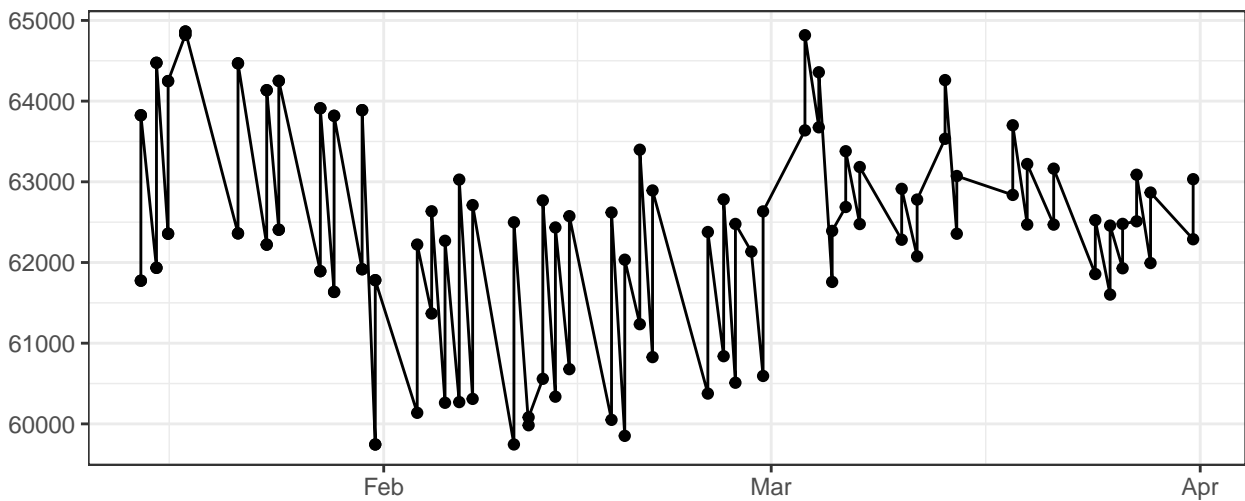
FSC-W



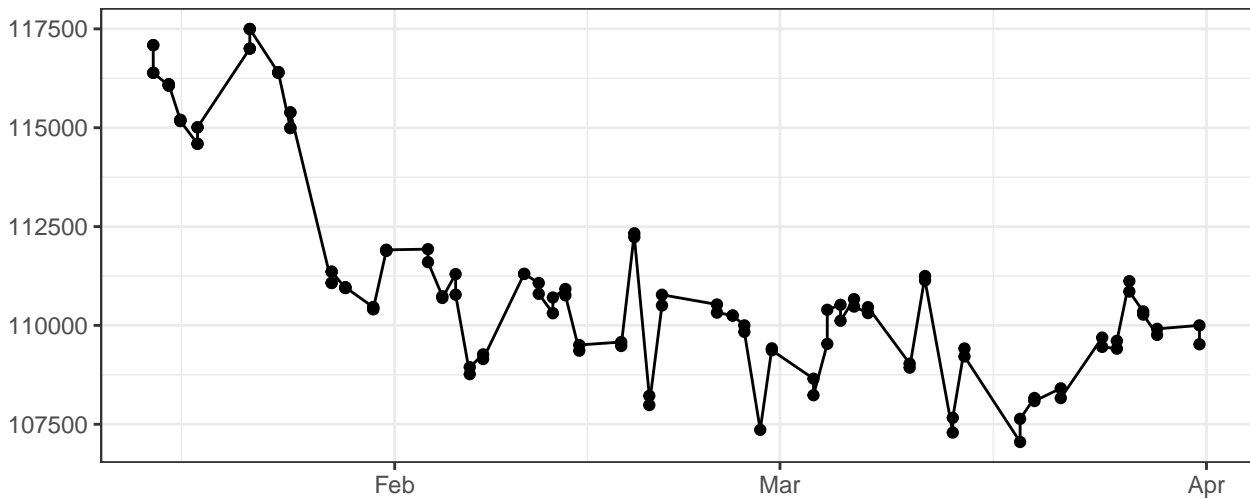
SSC-A



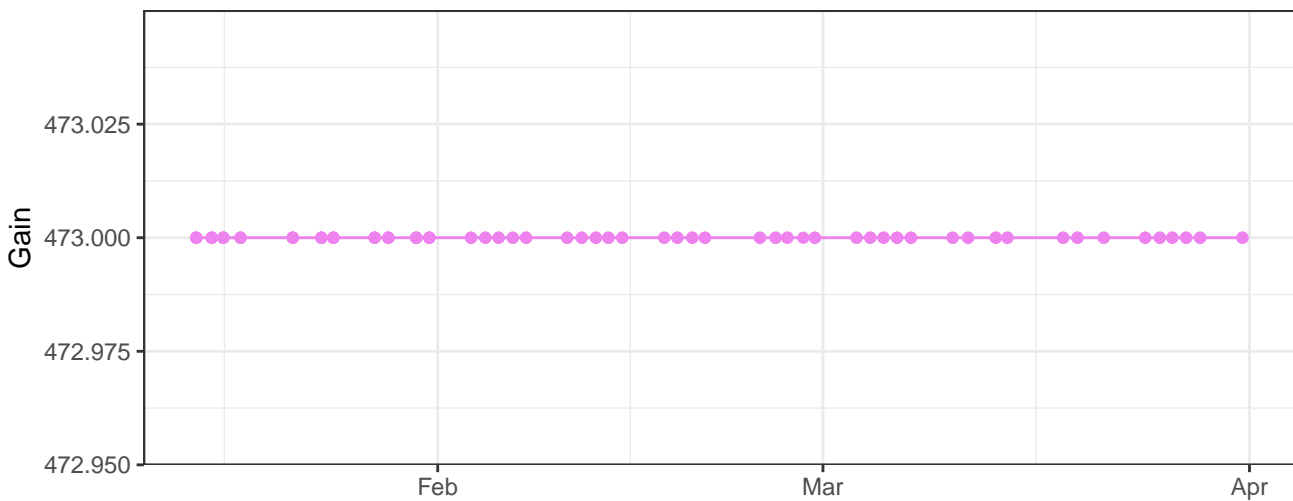
SSC-H



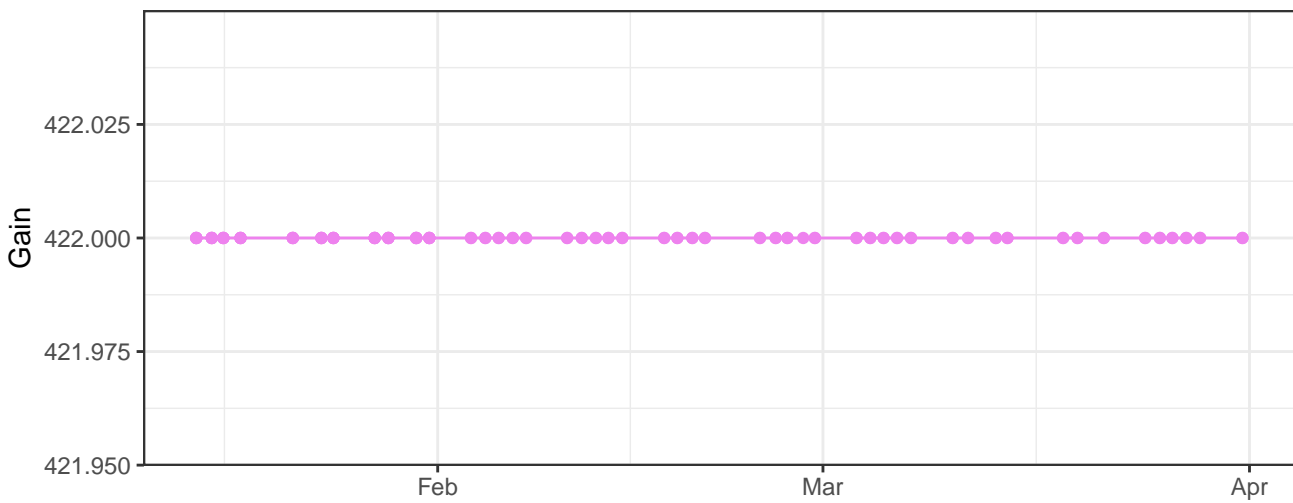
SSC-W



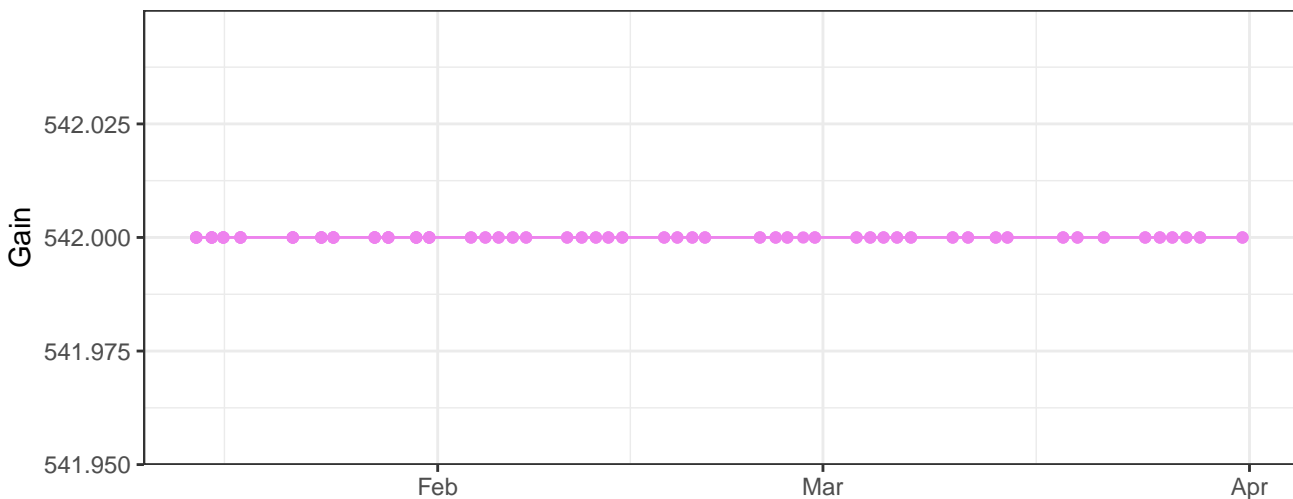
V450-A_Gain



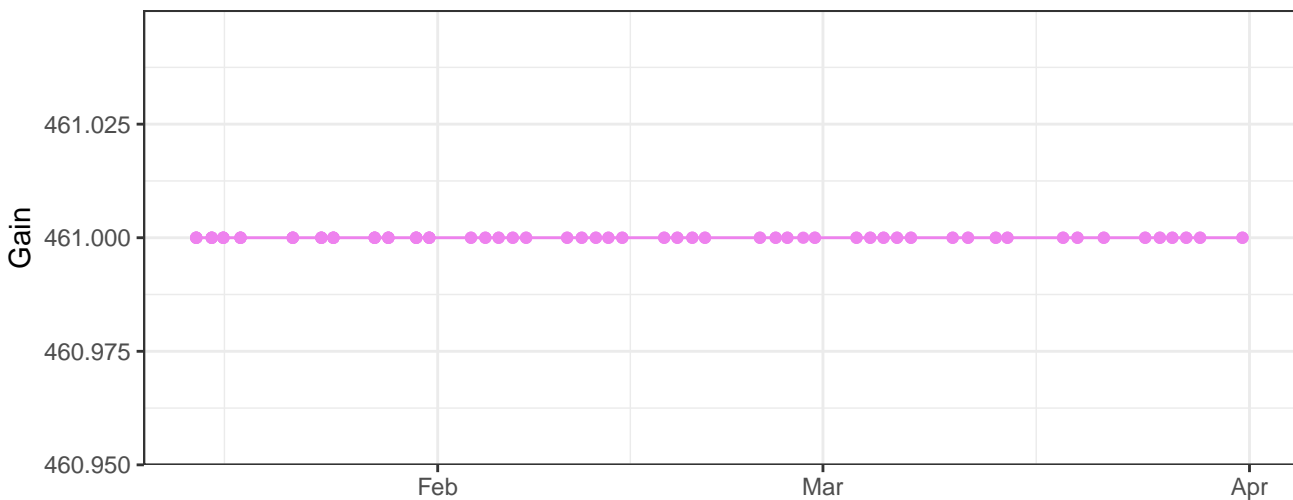
V525-A_Gain



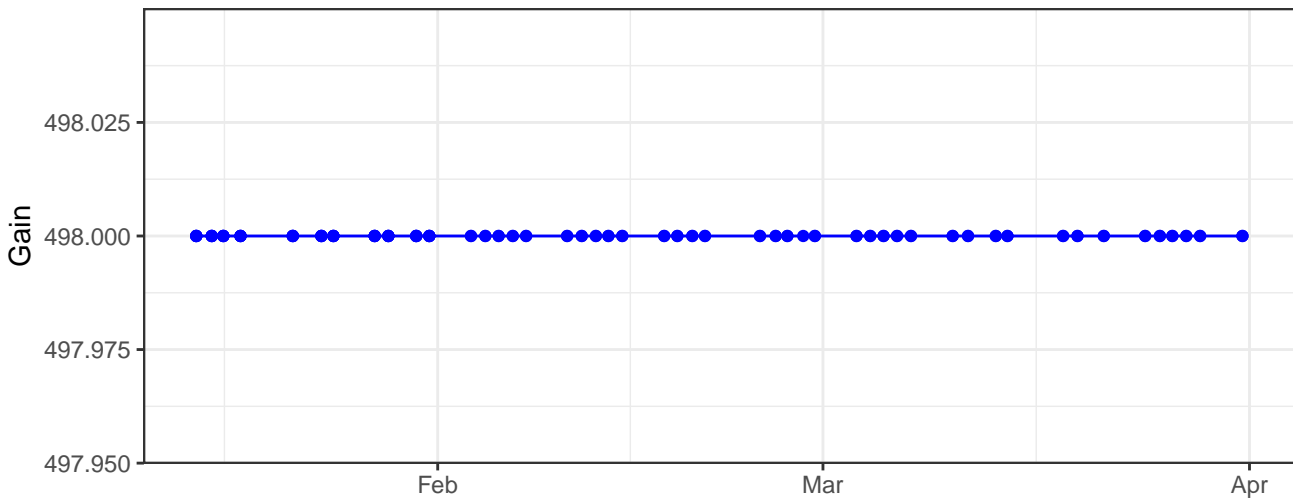
V610-A_Gain



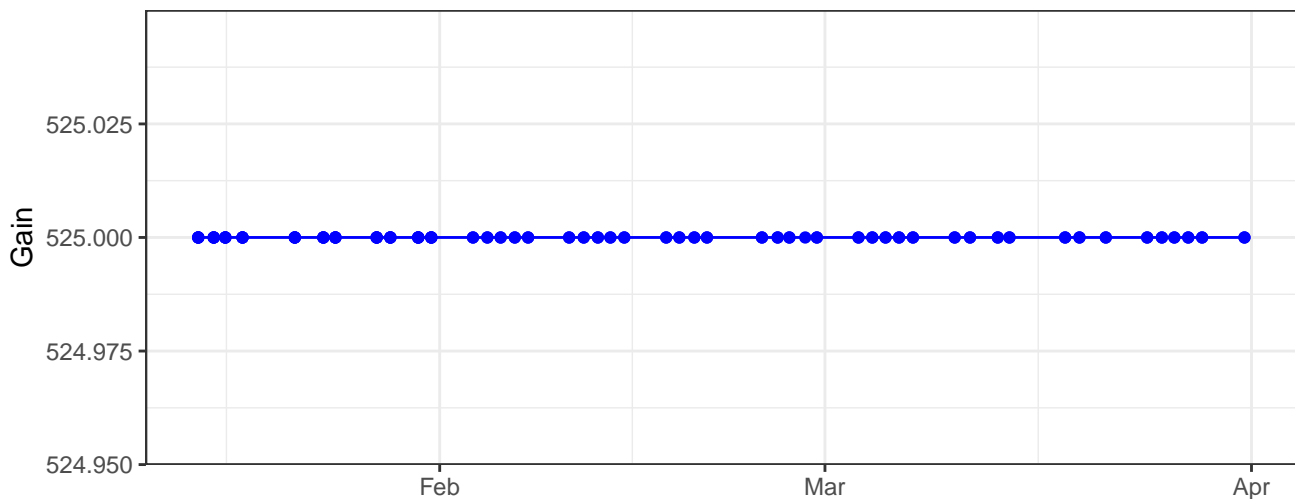
V670-A_Gain



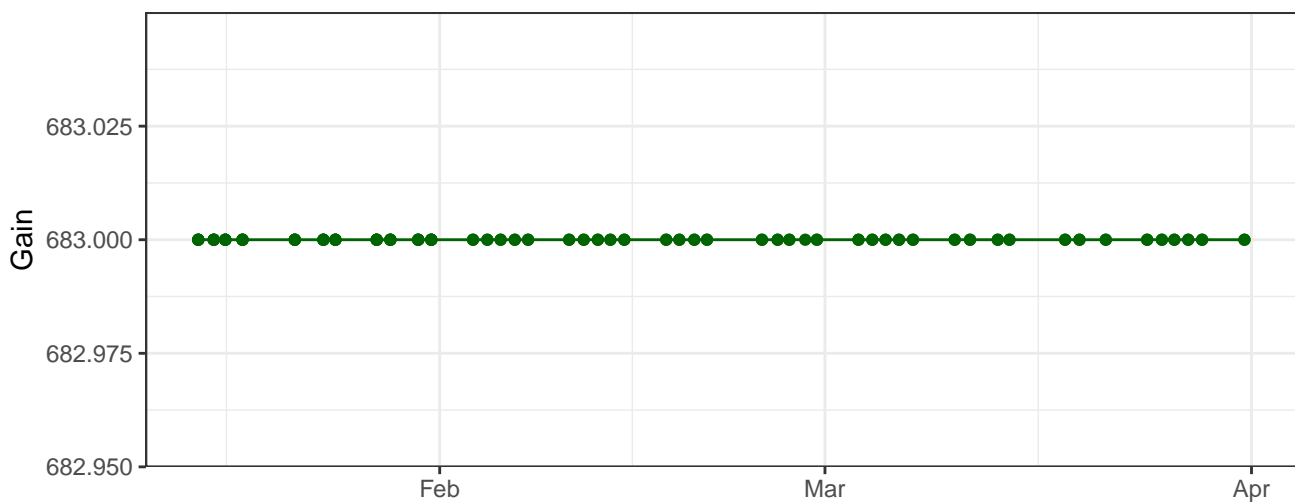
B530-A_Gain



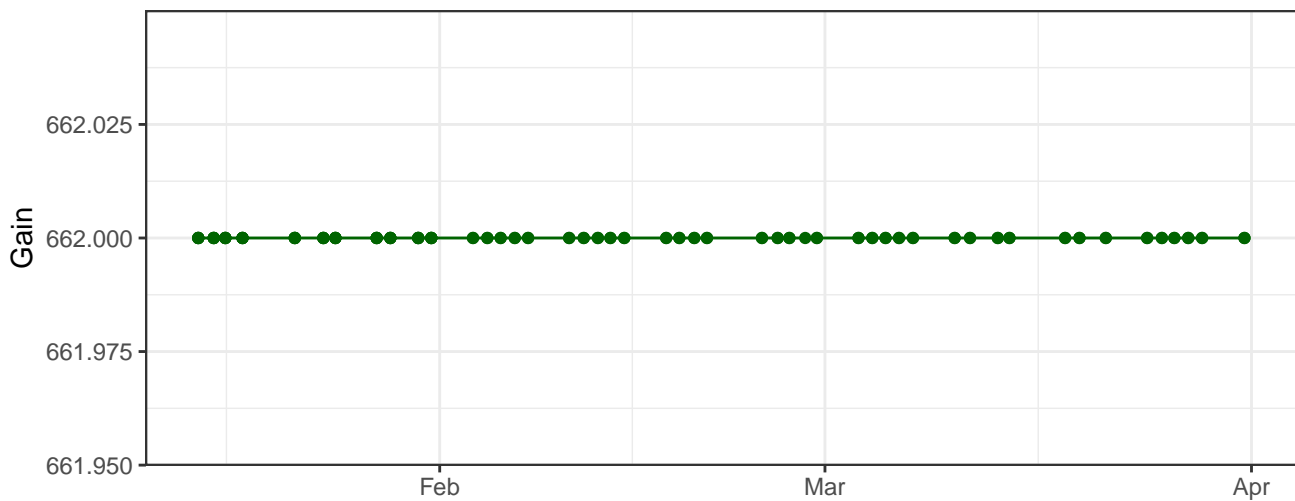
B710-A_Gain



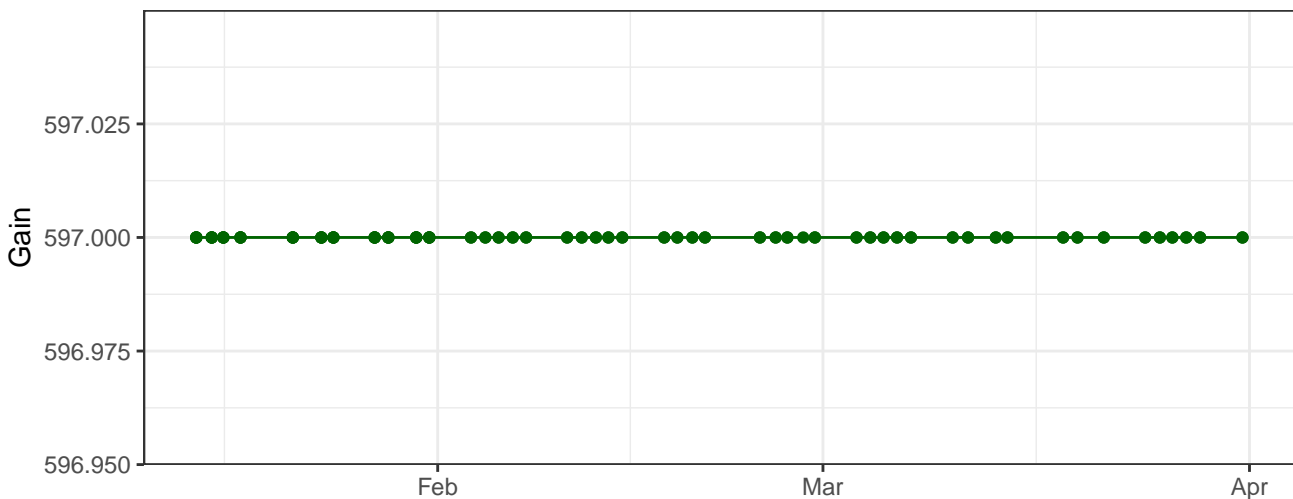
Y590-A_Gain



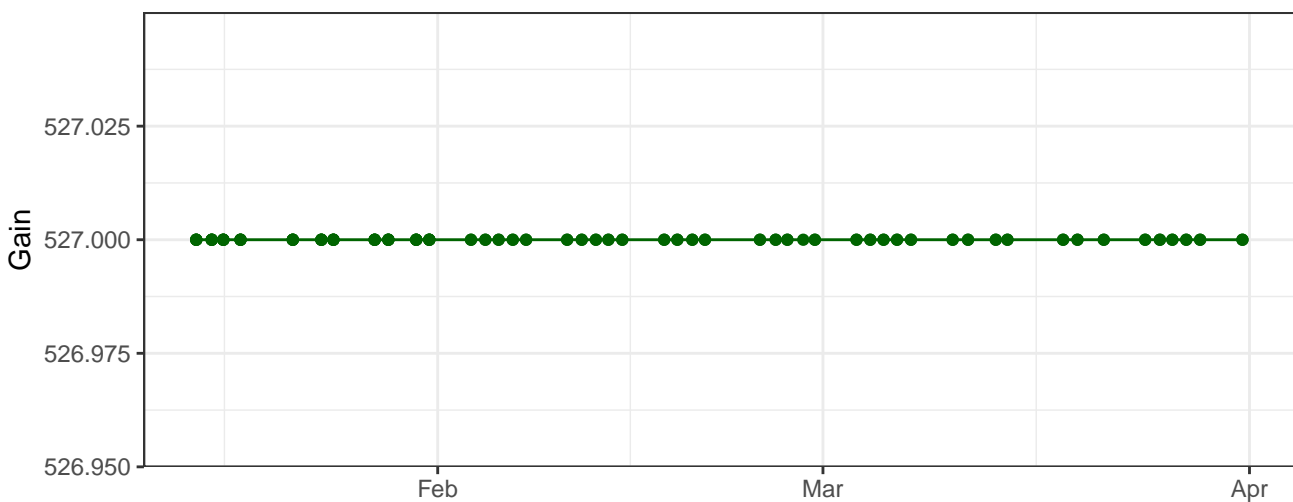
Y615-A_Gain



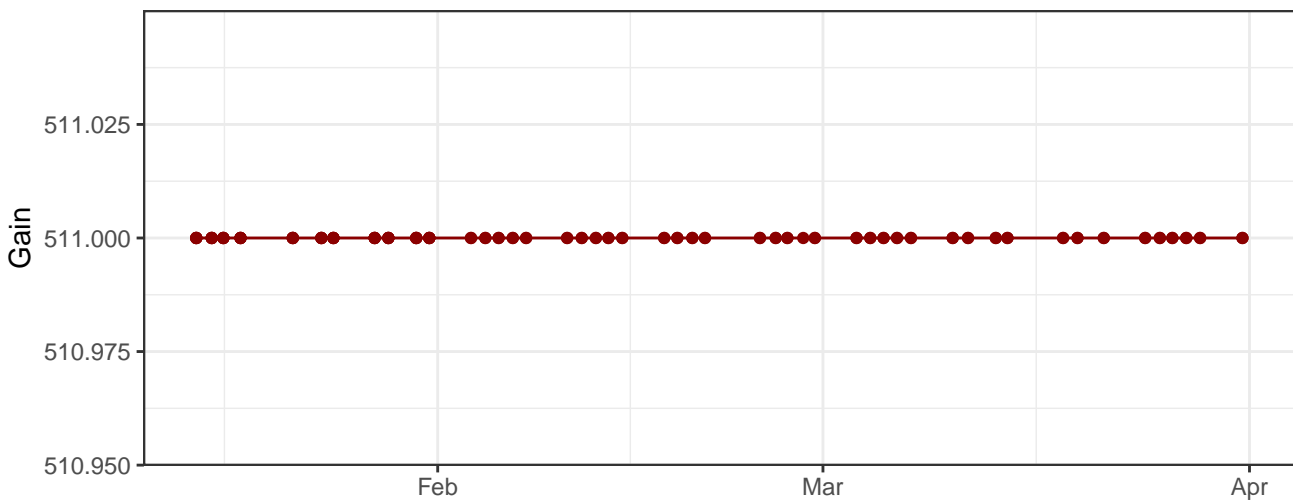
Y710-A_Gain



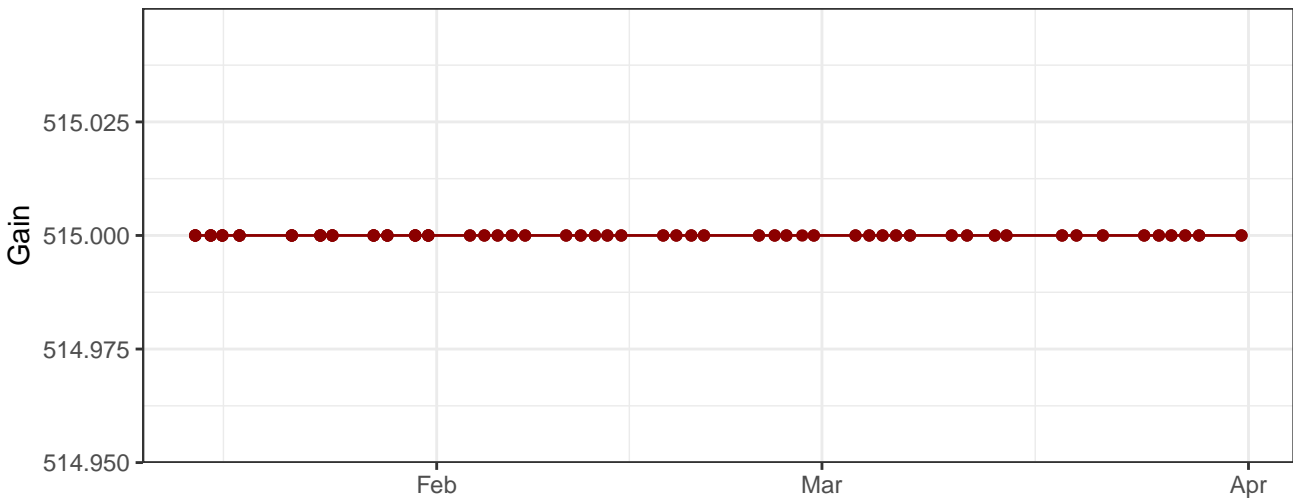
Y780-A_Gain



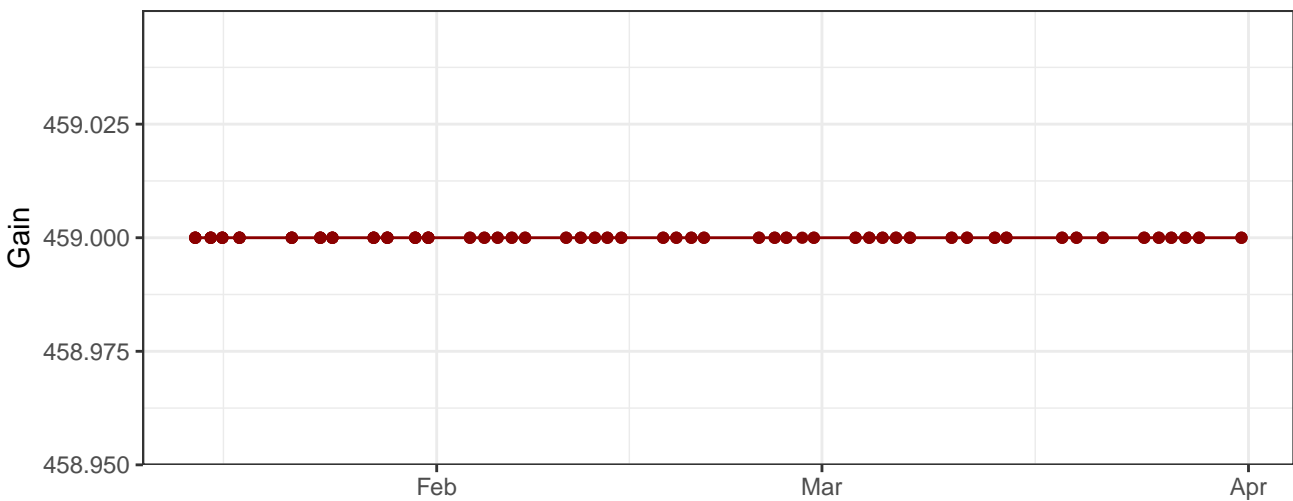
R670-A_Gain



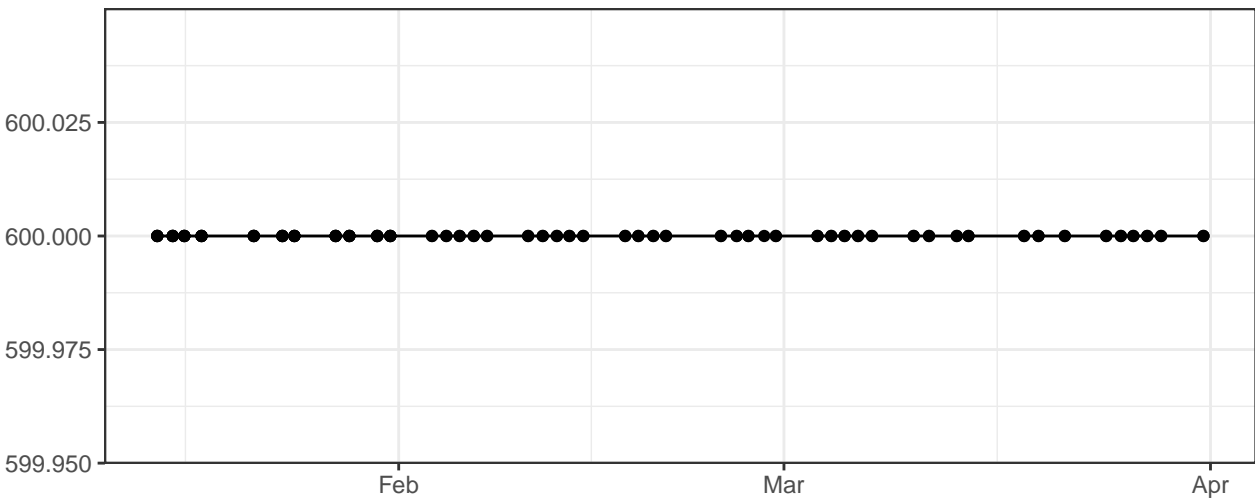
R730-A_Gain



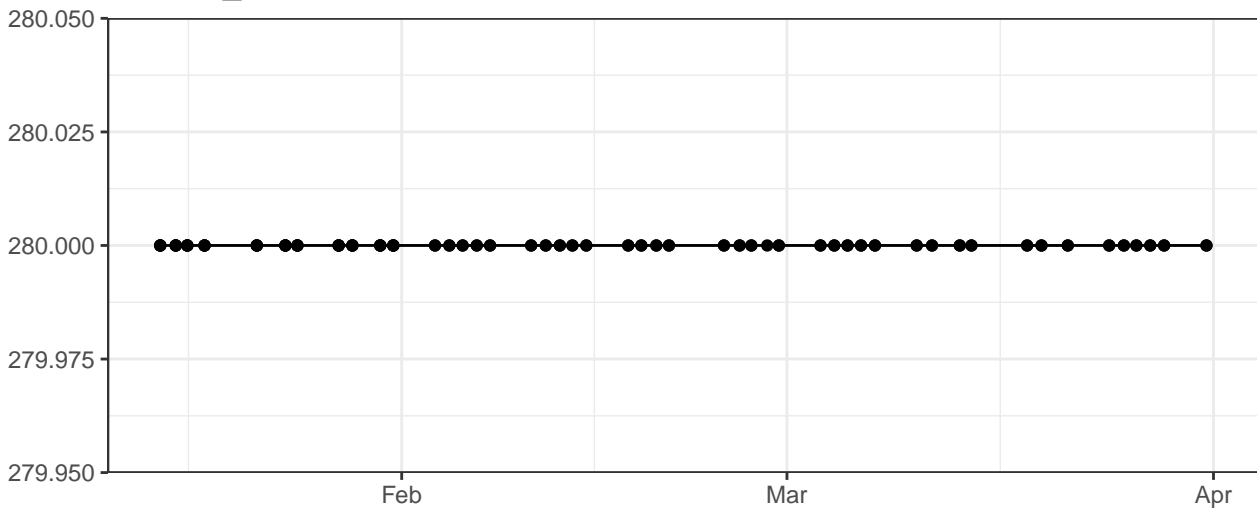
R780-A_Gain



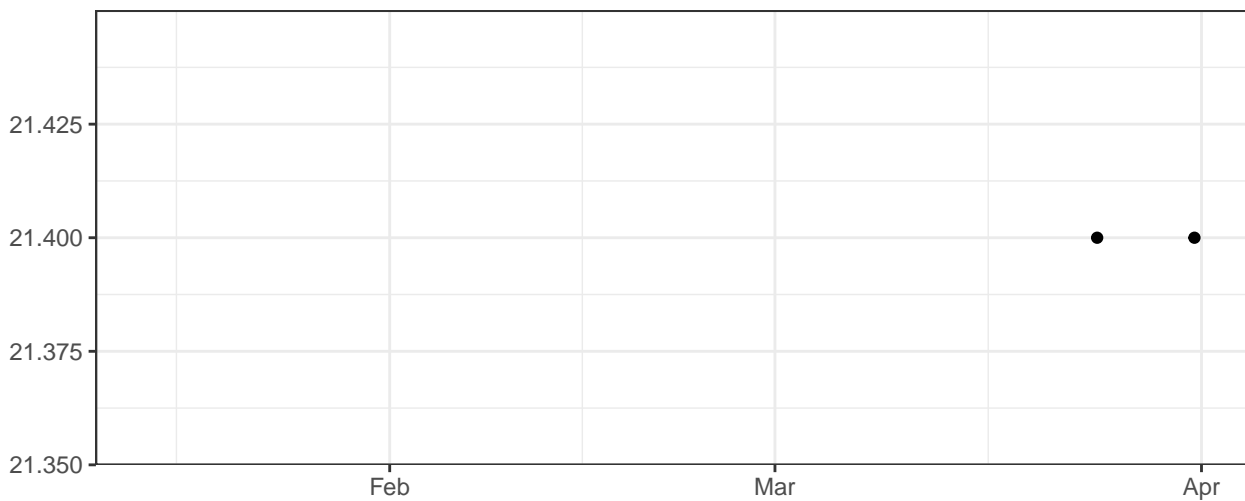
FSC-A_Gain



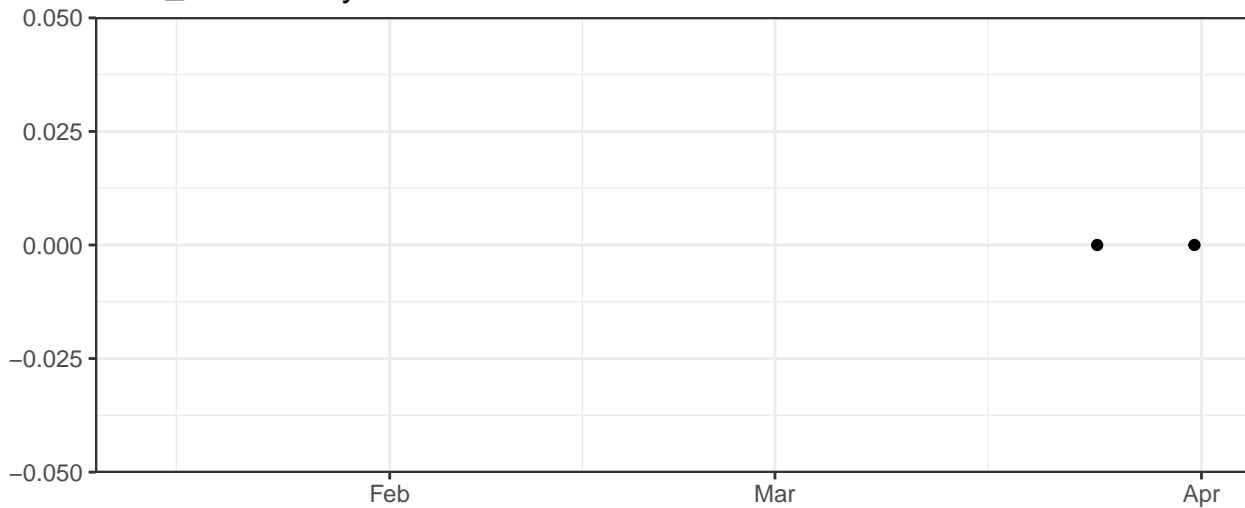
SSC-A_Gain



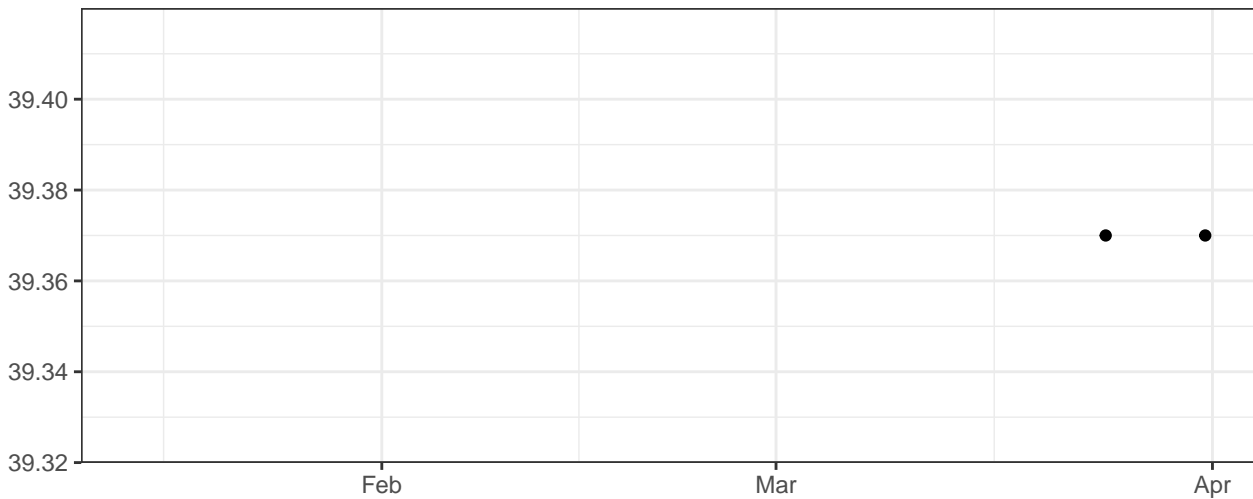
Violet_LaserDelay



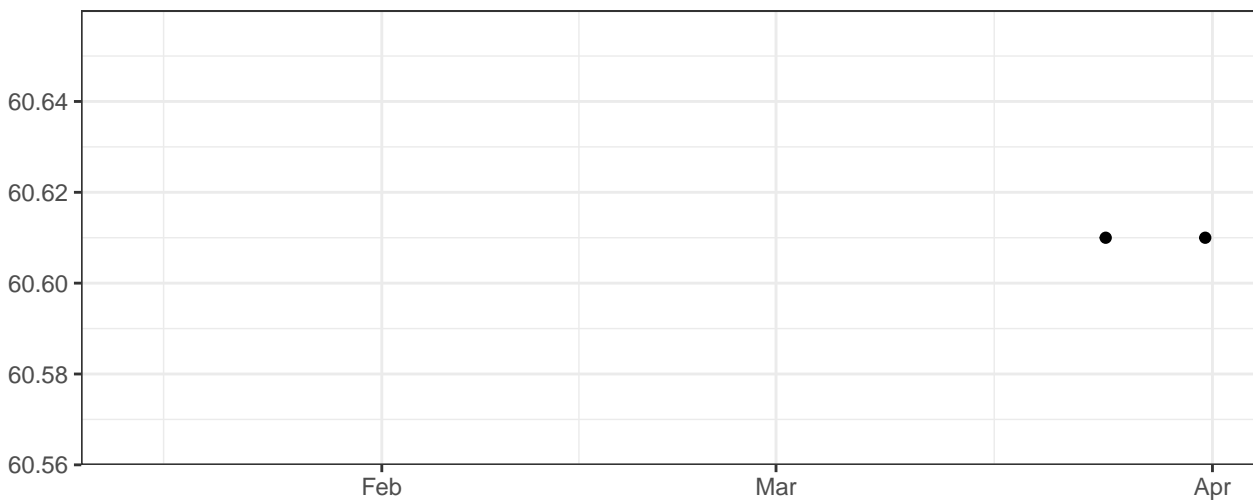
Blue_LaserDelay



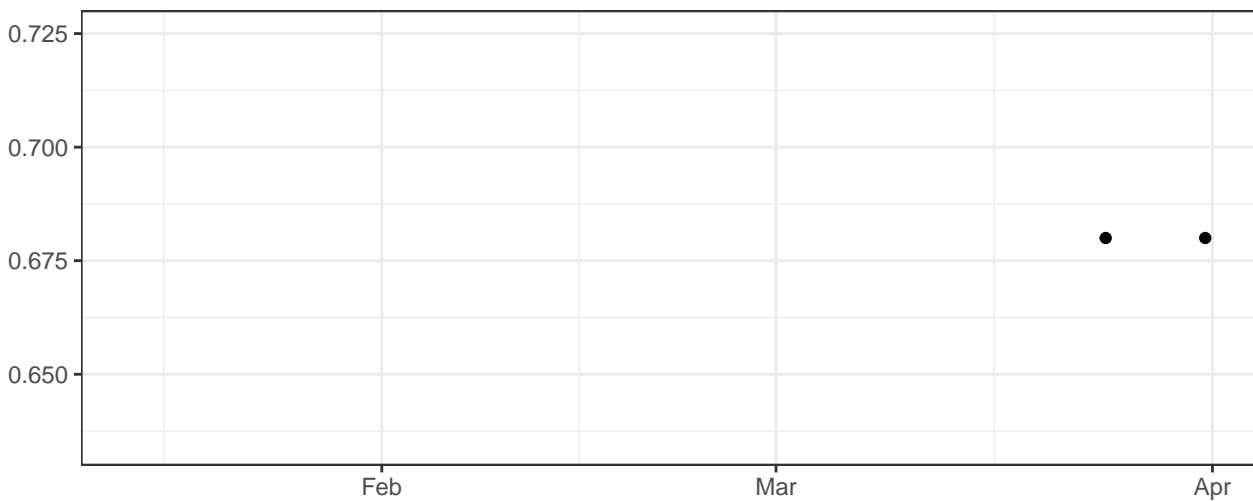
yellow green_LaserDelay



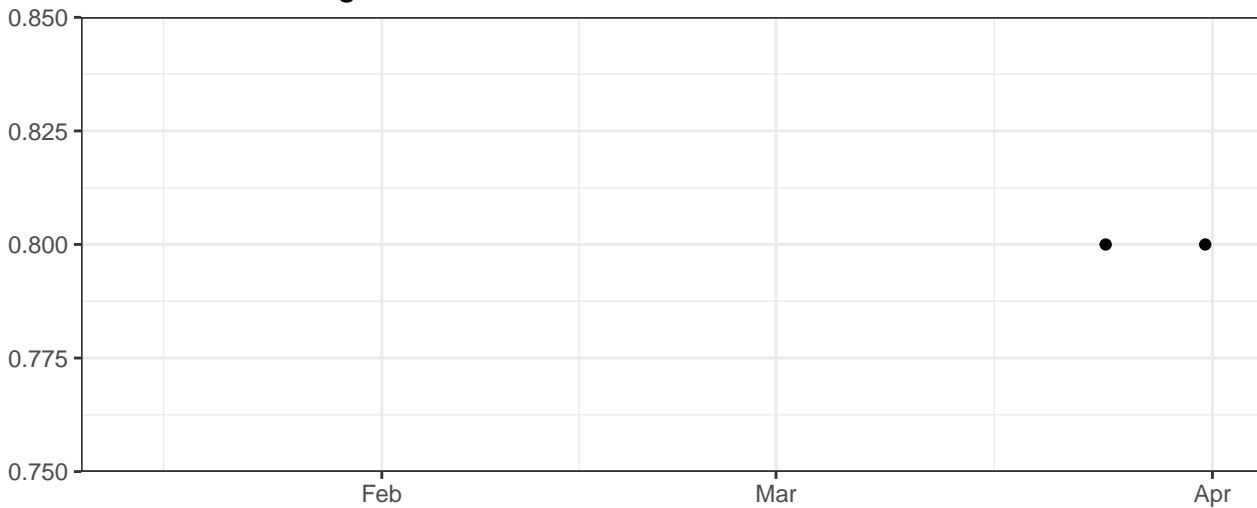
Red_LaserDelay



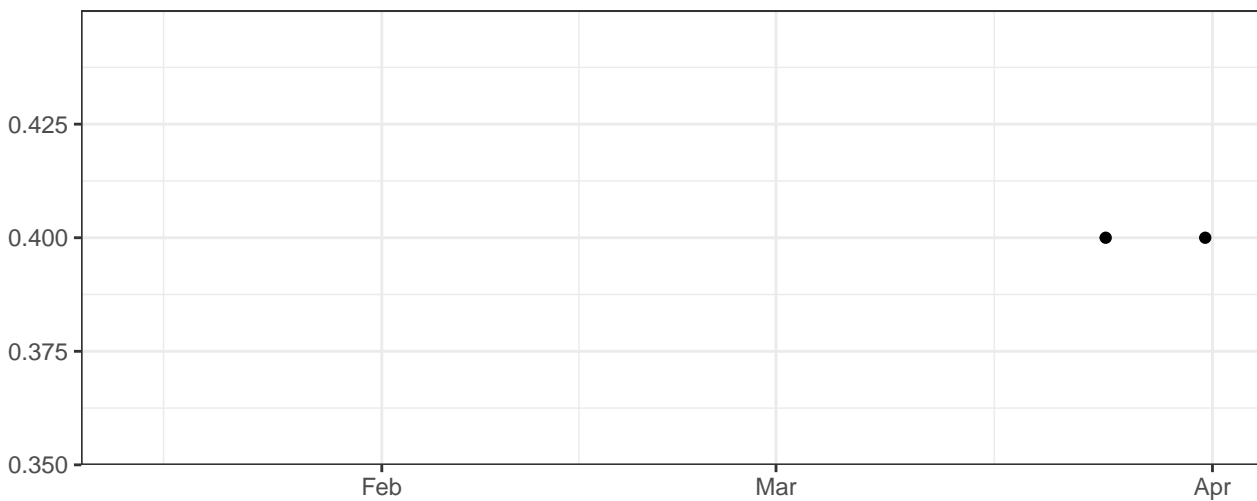
Violet_AreaScalingFactor



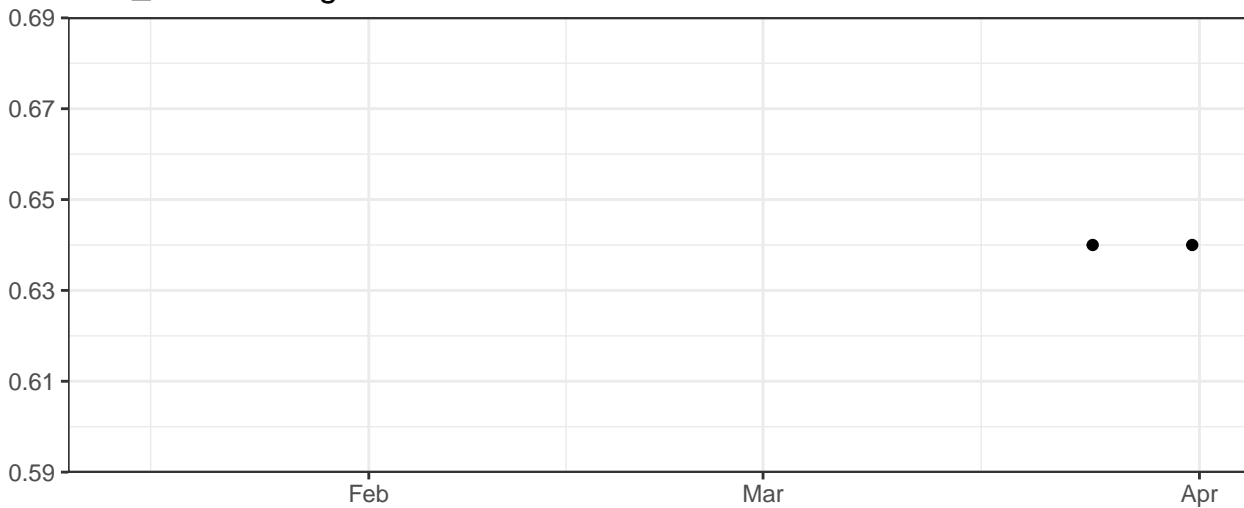
Blue_AreaScalingFactor



yellow green_AreaScalingFactor



Red_AreaScalingFactor

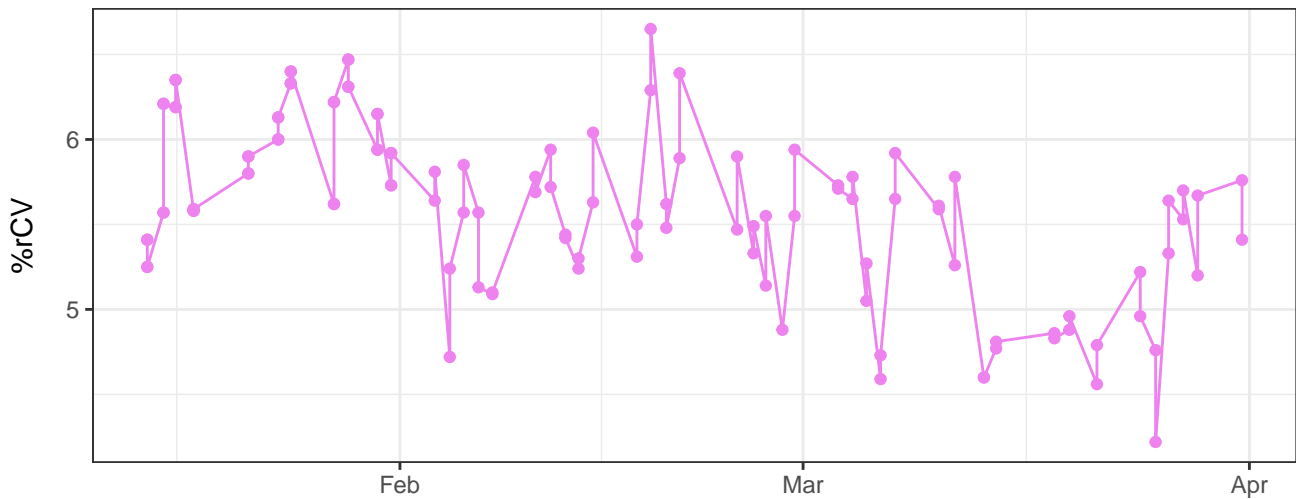


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 2020 to April 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data is characterized by extreme volatility, with frequent daily spikes and drops. Notable peaks occur in early January (reaching nearly 100,000 cases), late January (around 80,000 cases), and mid-March (around 70,000 cases). Significant troughs, where cases drop to near zero, are observed in early February and mid-March. The overall trend shows a period of high activity in January and February, followed by a period of lower activity in March and April, though with continued daily fluctuations.

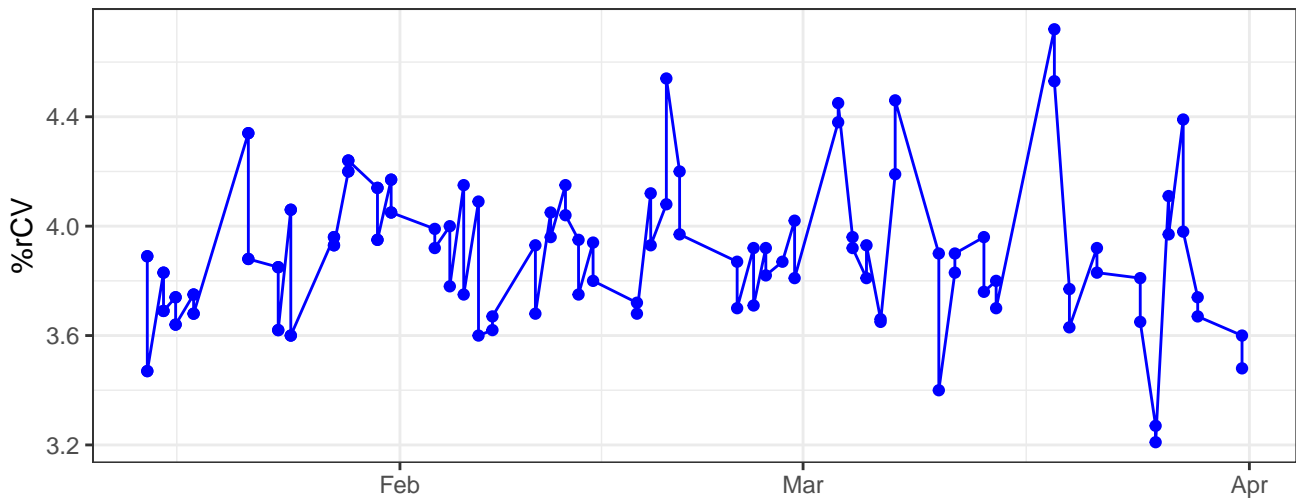
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February and March. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending to 100,000. The data shows a significant surge in cases starting around January 20th, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early February. Following this peak, the number of cases fluctuates, with notable dips around February 15th and March 10th, before showing a slight upward trend towards the end of the period.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a significant surge in cases starting in late January, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early February. Following this peak, the number of cases fluctuates, with a notable dip in mid-February, followed by another period of high activity in late February and early March. The overall trend shows a gradual decline in cases through March and April, with a sharp drop in late March followed by a slight recovery in early April.

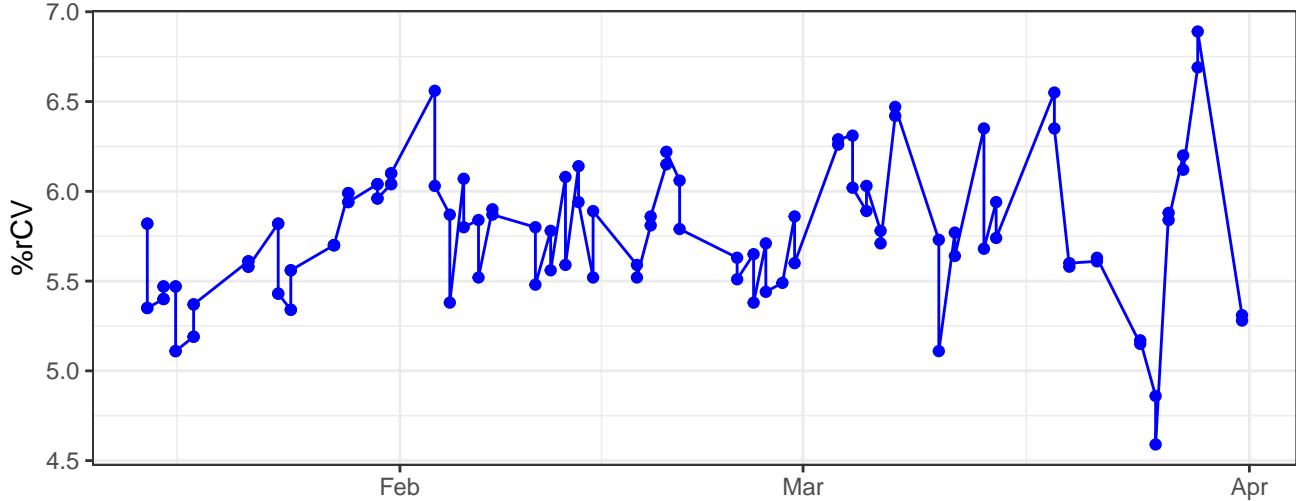
V670-A-% rCV



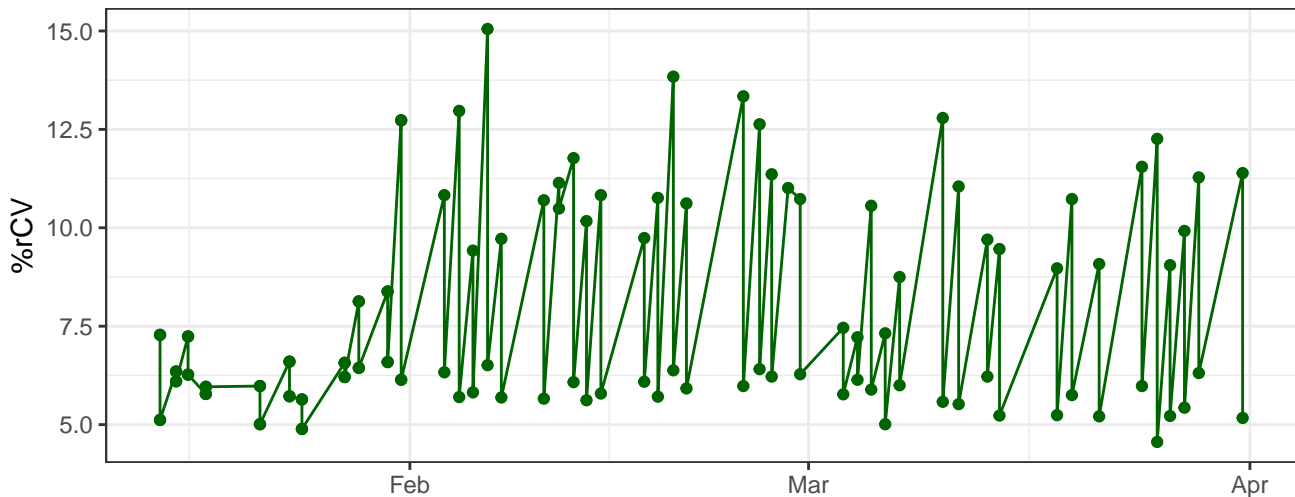
B530-A-% rCV



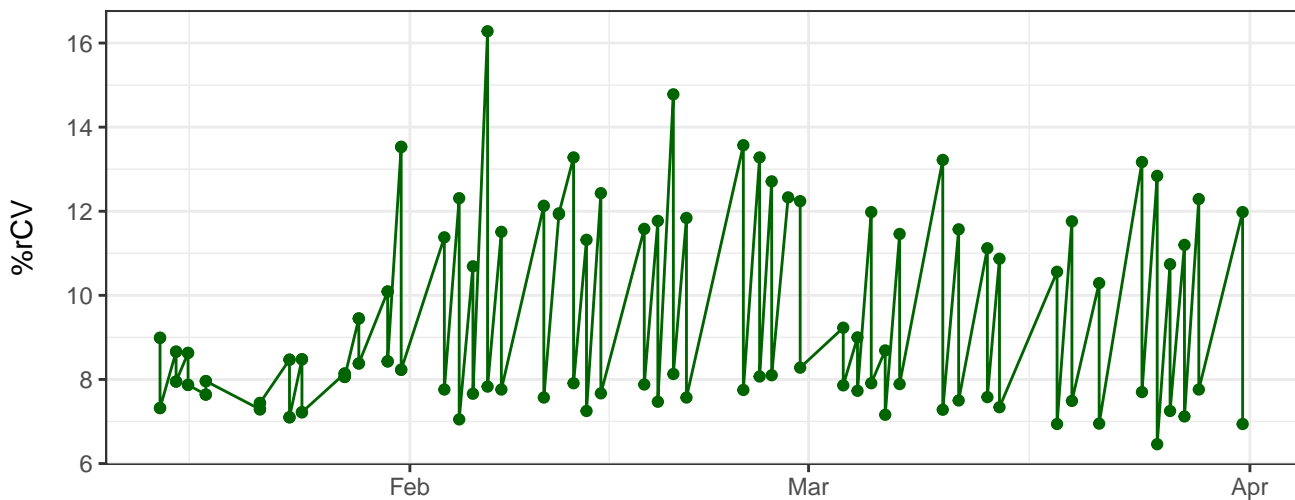
B710-A-% rCV



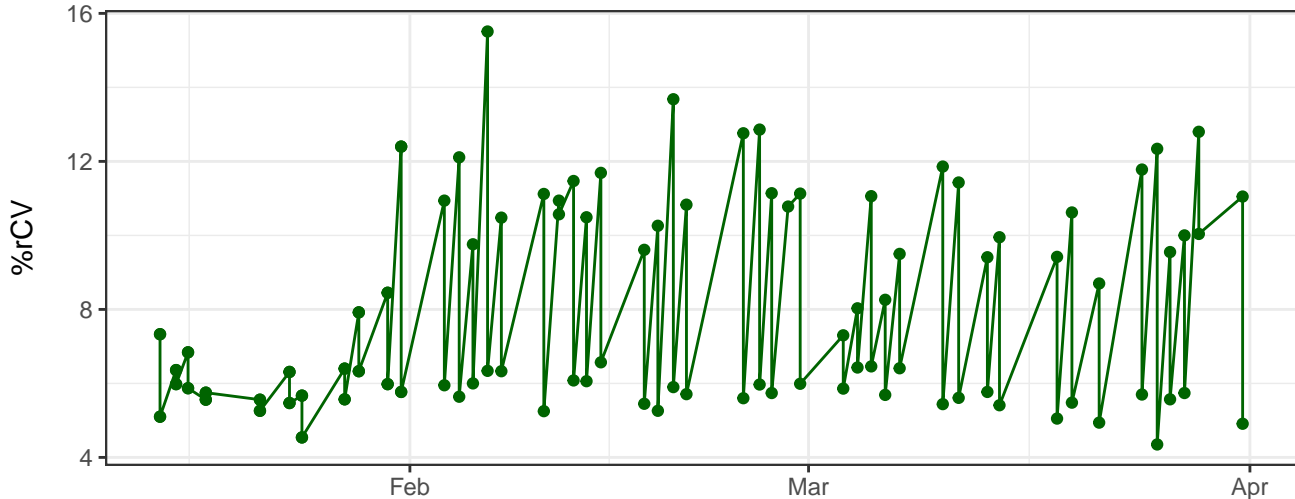
Y590-A-% rCV



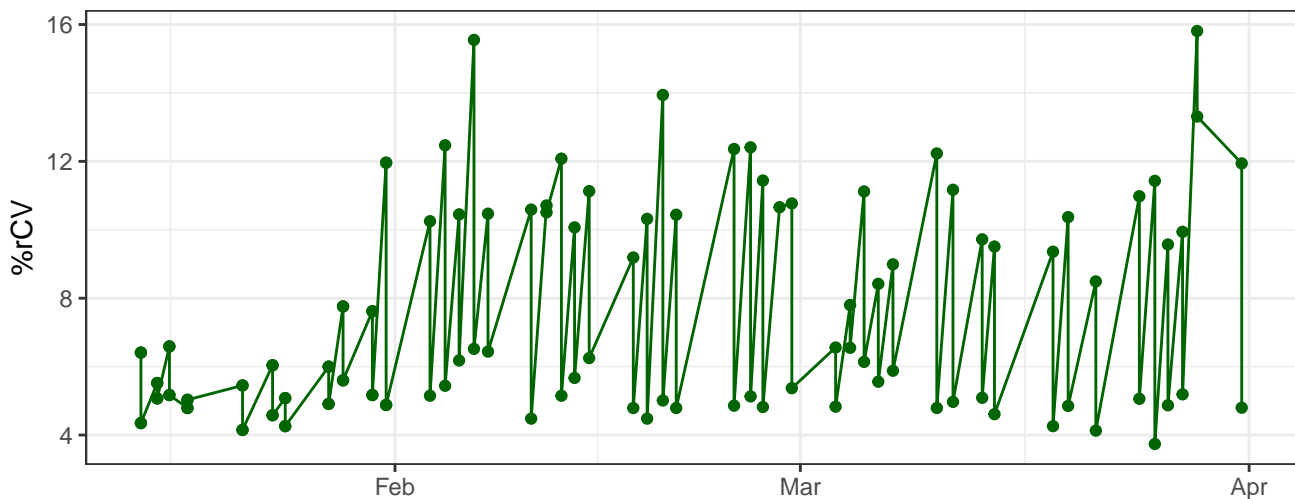
Y615-A-% rCV



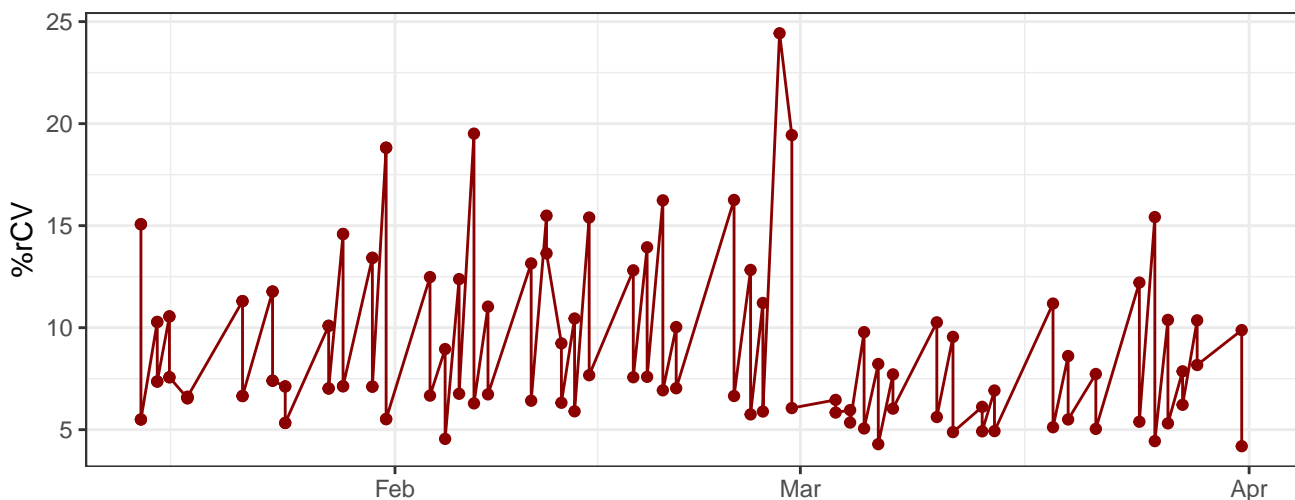
Y710-A-% rCV



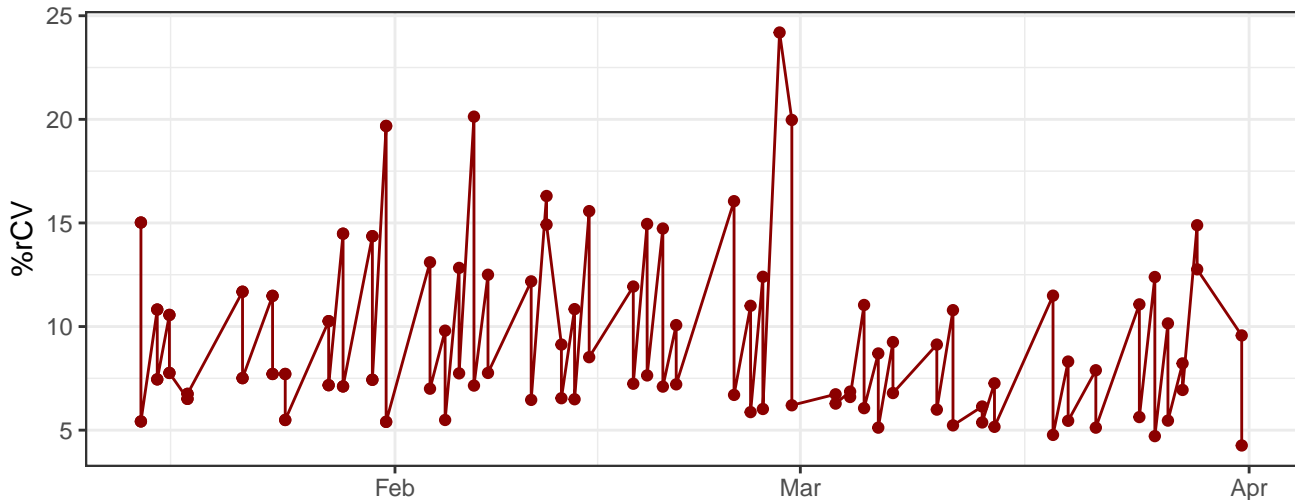
Y780-A-% rCV



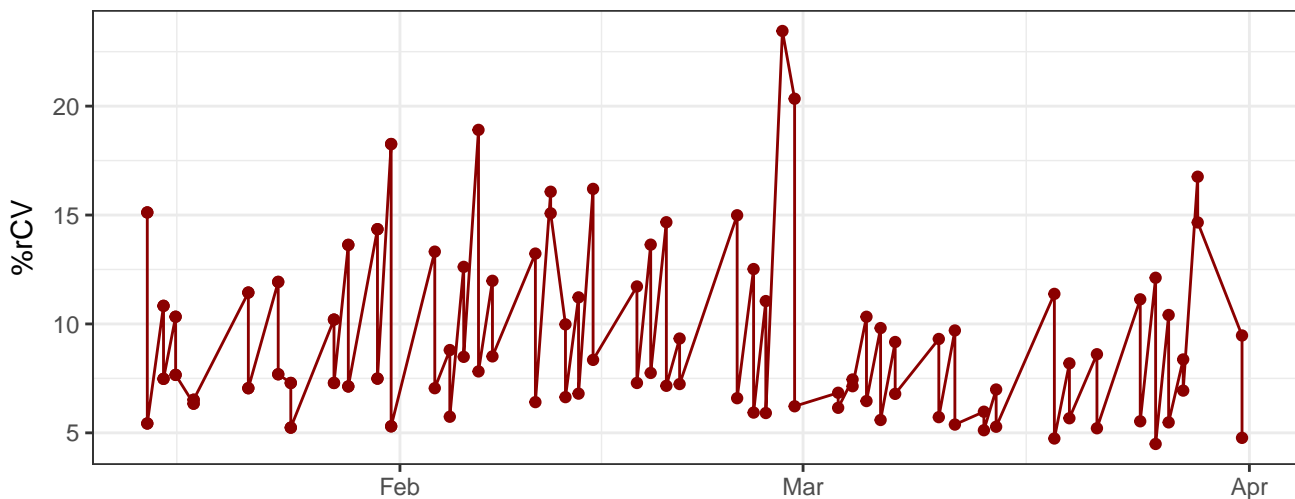
R670-A-% rCV



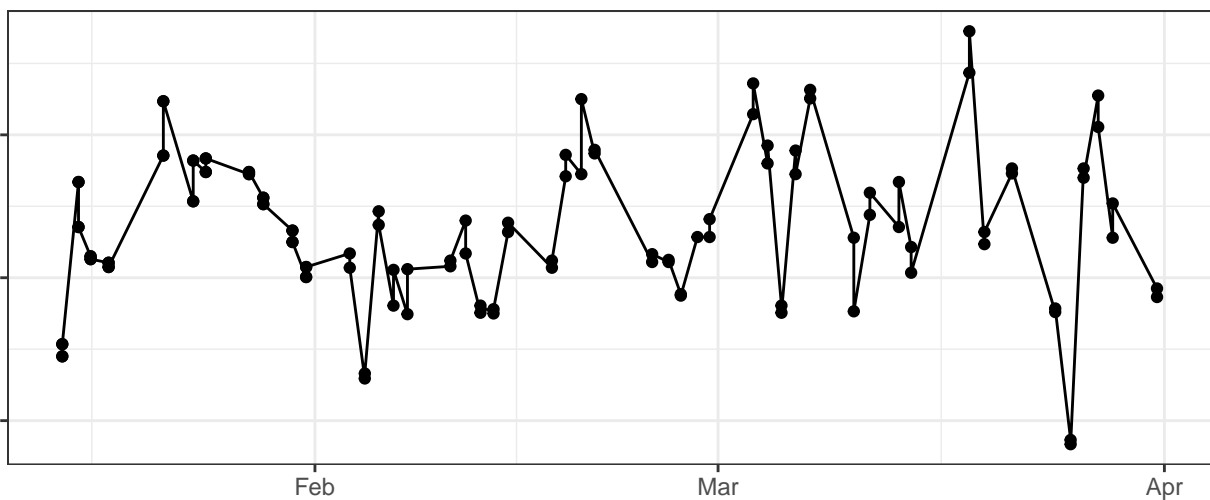
R730-A-% rCV



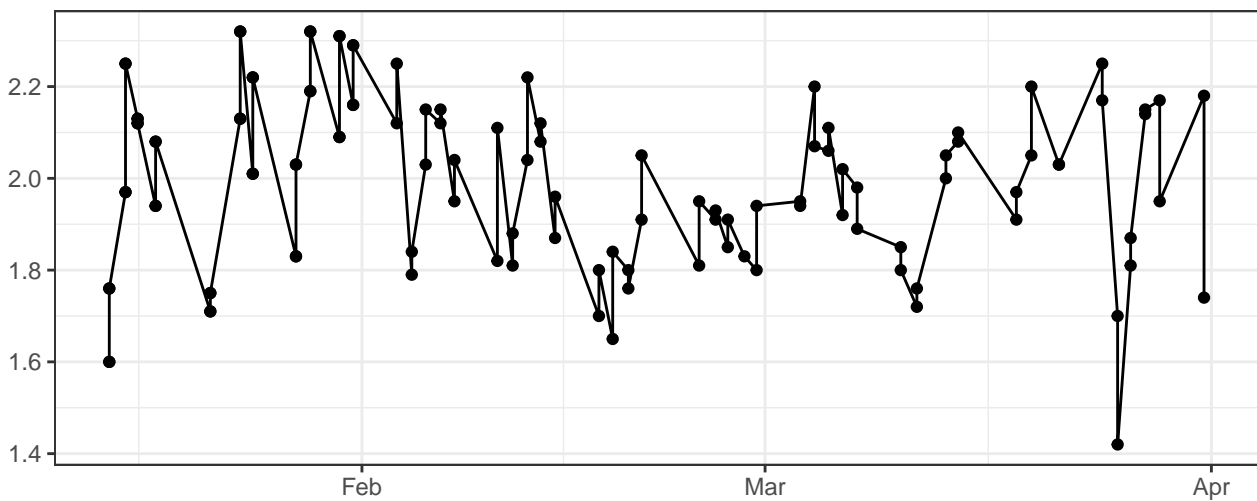
R780-A-% rCV



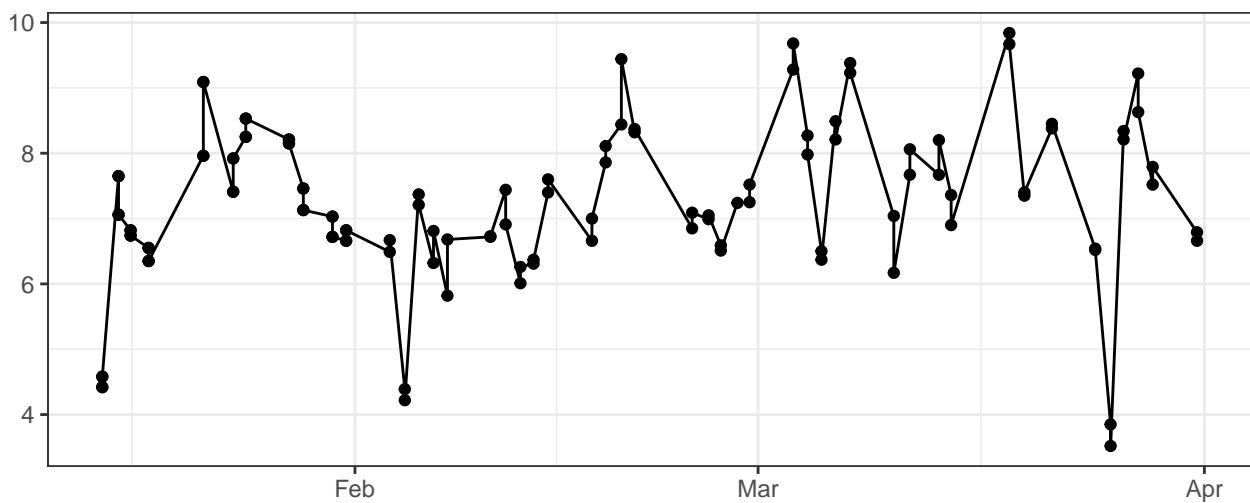
FSC-A-% rCV



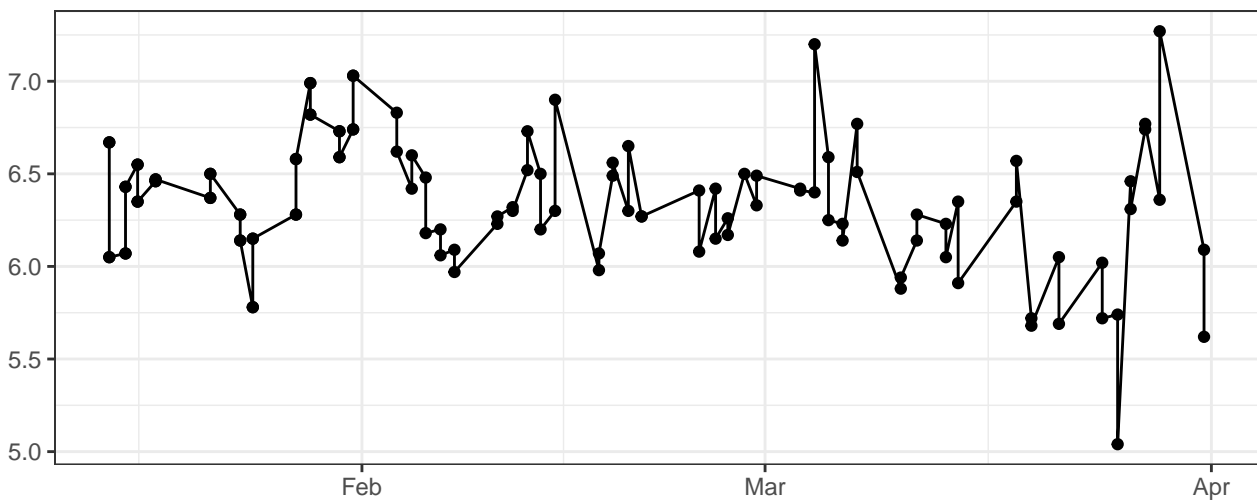
FSC-H-% rCV



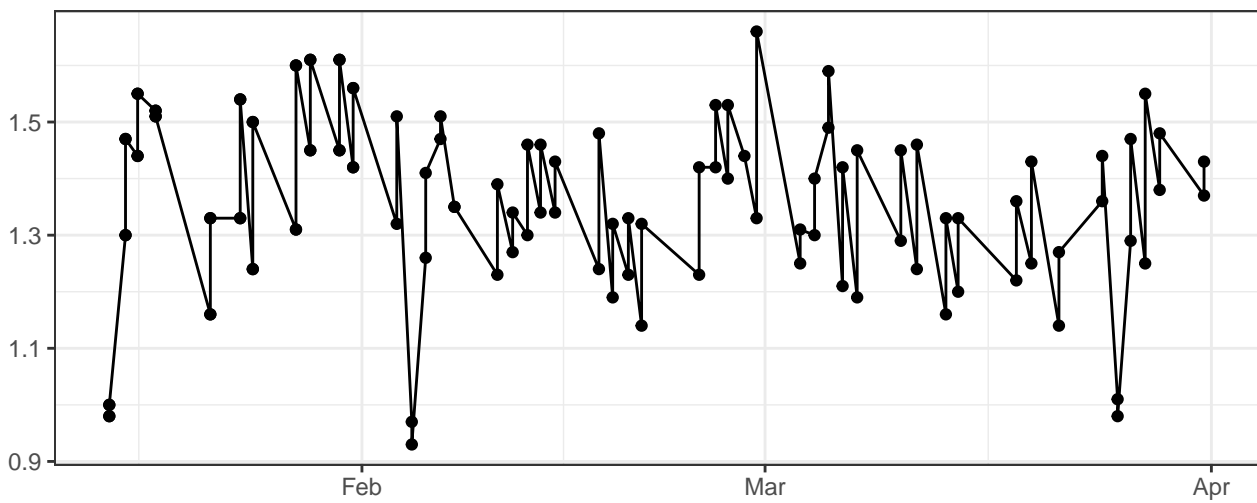
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

