

V450-A



V530-A



V710-A



B530-A



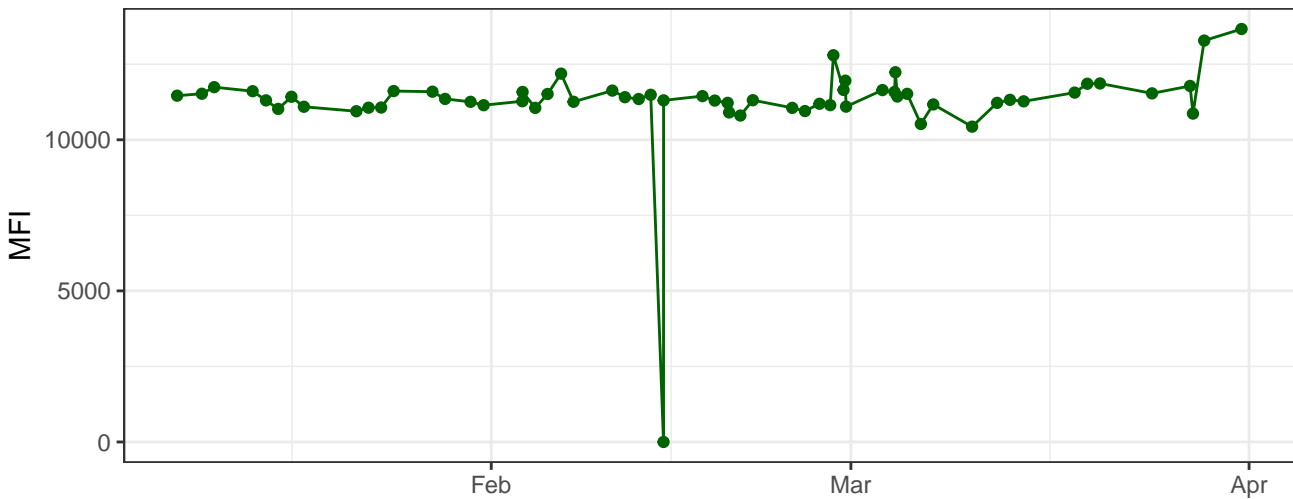
B695-A



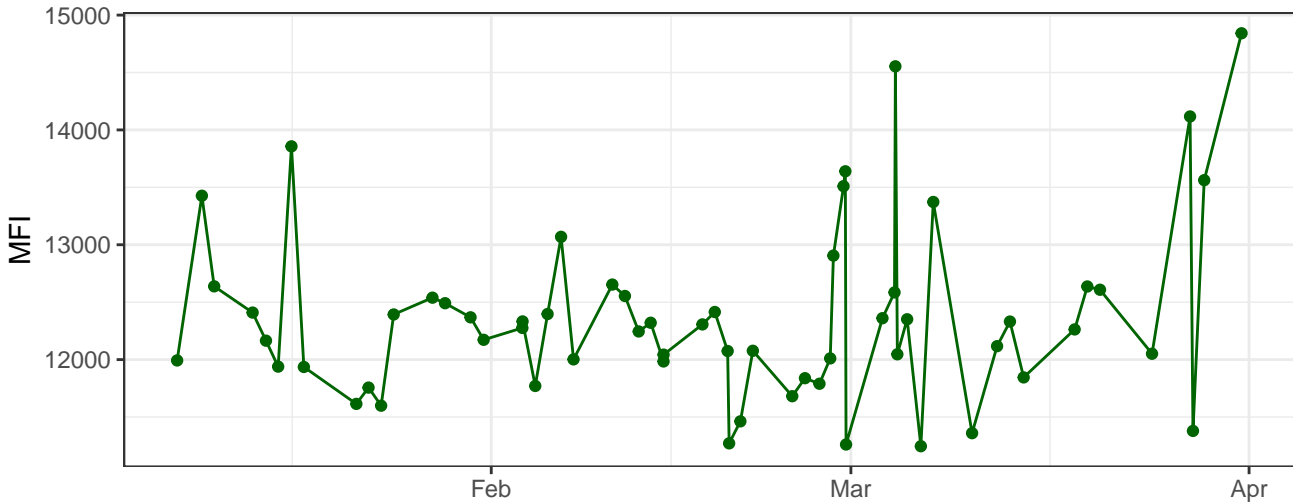
Y590-A



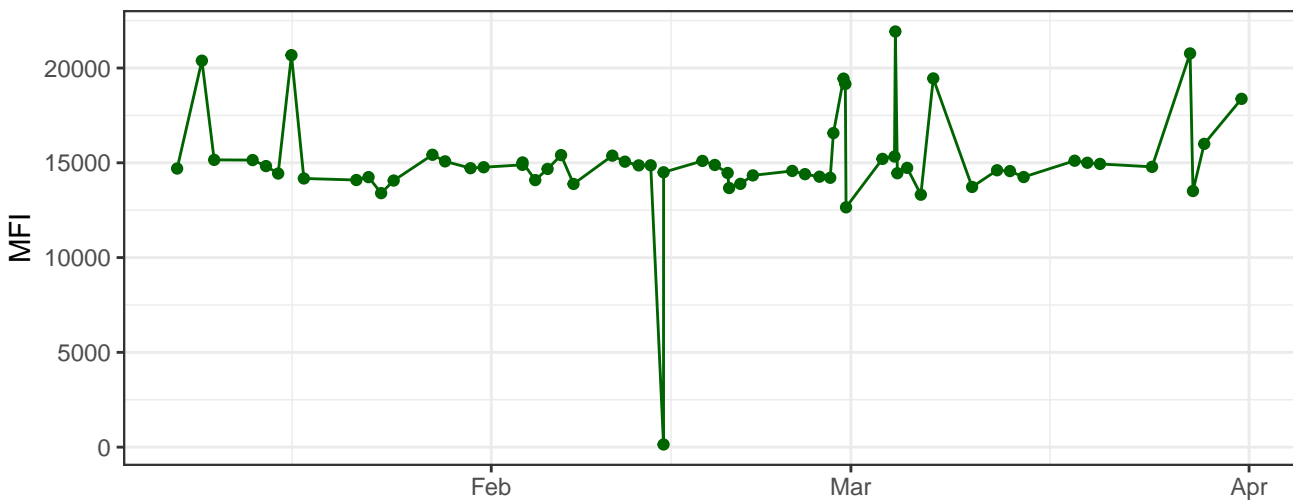
Y610-A



Y670-A



Y780-A



R660-A



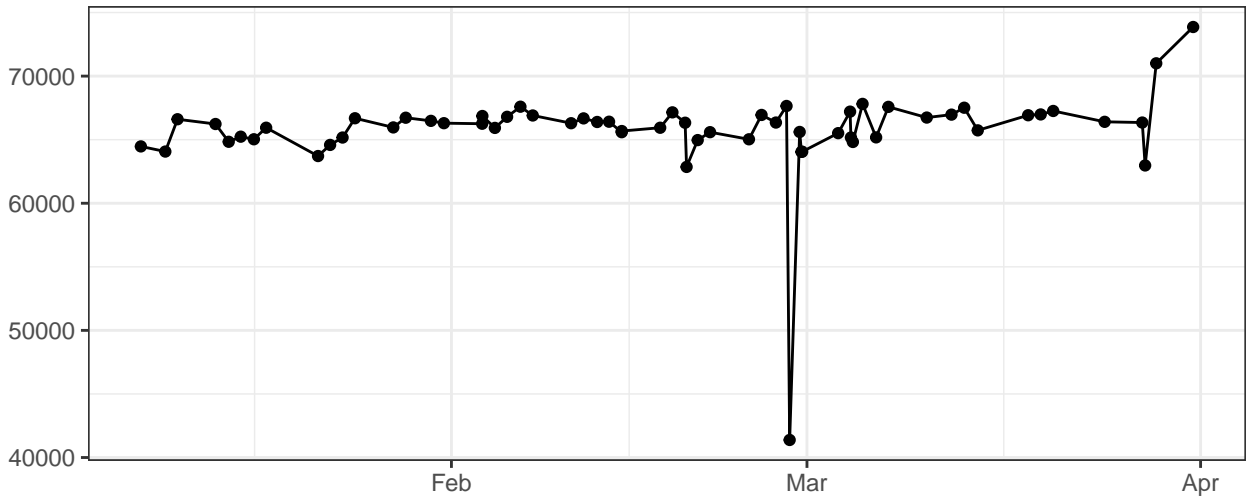
R780-A



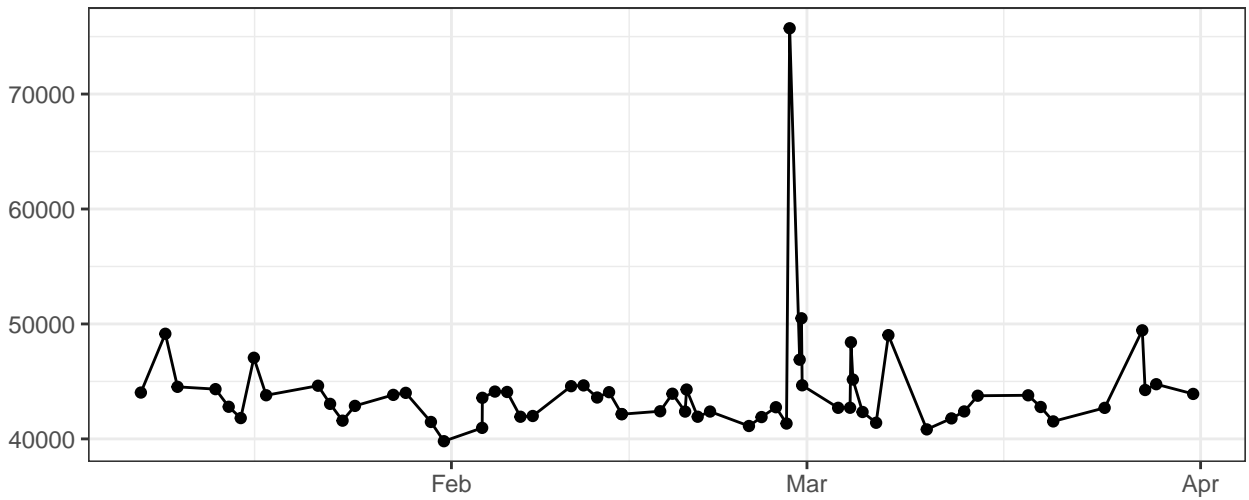
FSC-A



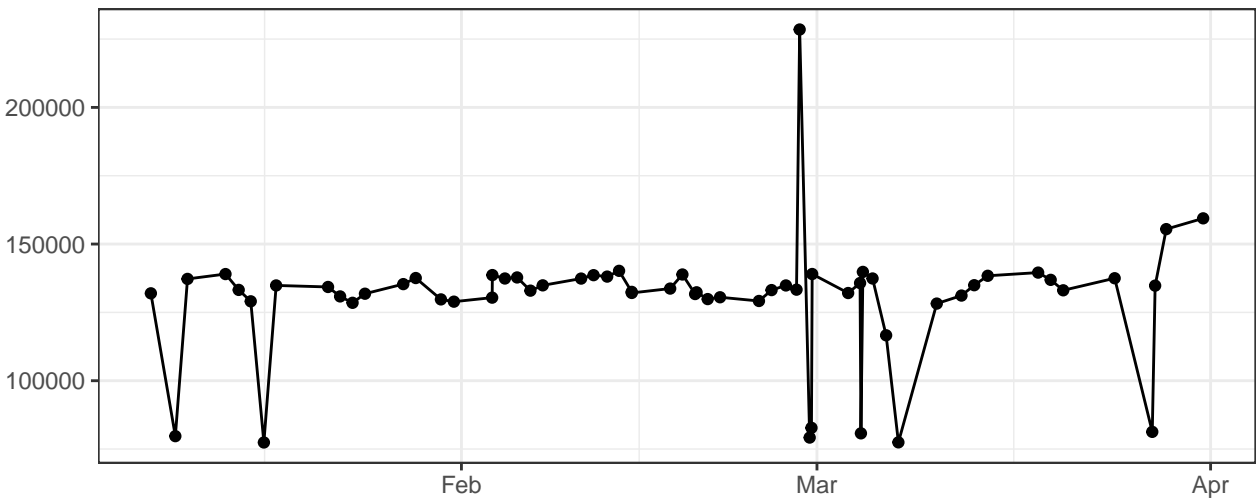
### FSC-H



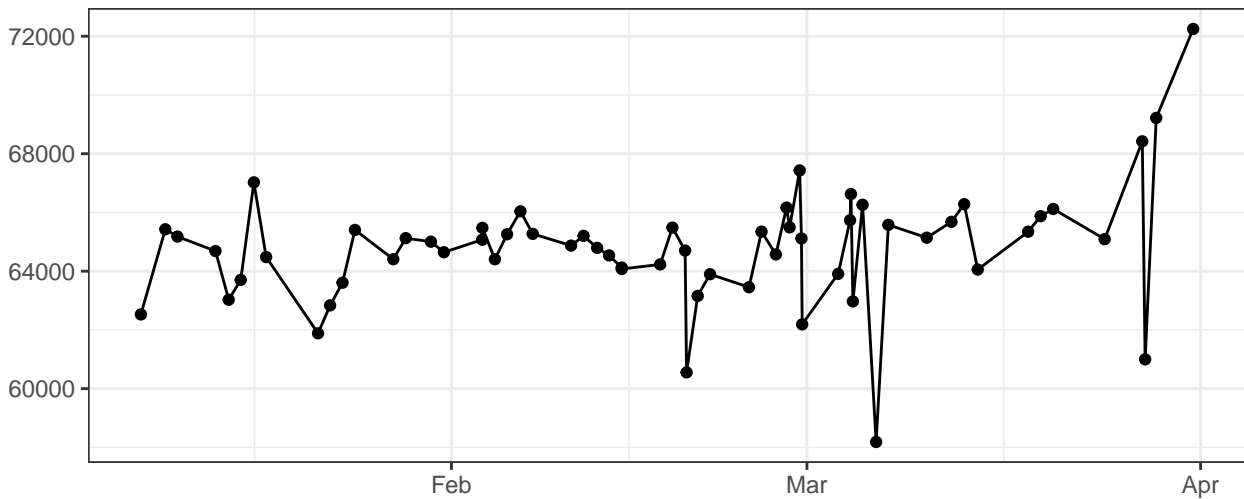
### FSC-W



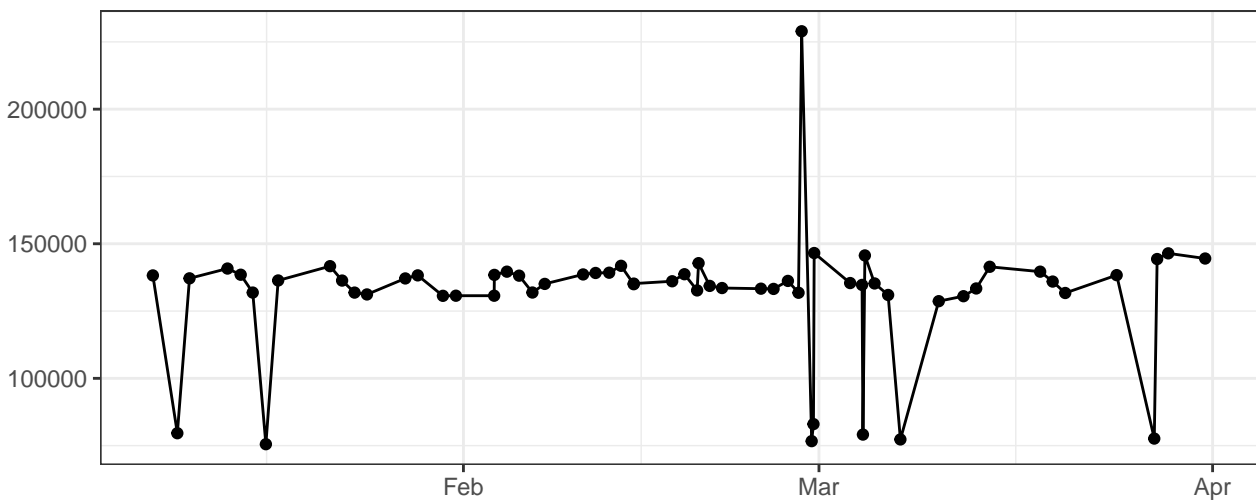
### SSC-A



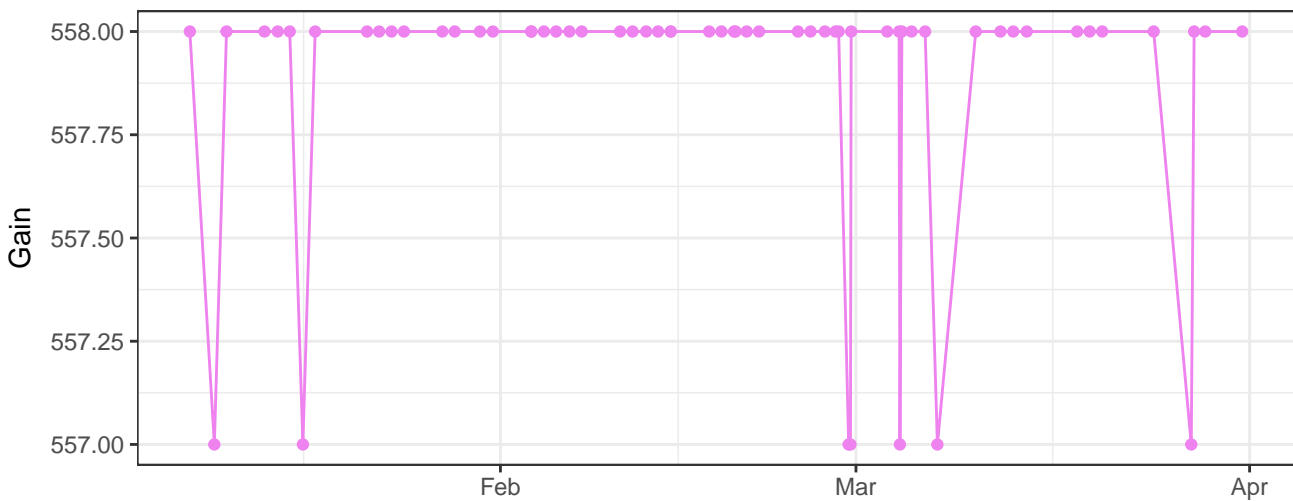
SSC-H



SSC-W



V450-A\_Gain



### V530-A\_Gain



### V710-A\_Gain



### B530-A\_Gain



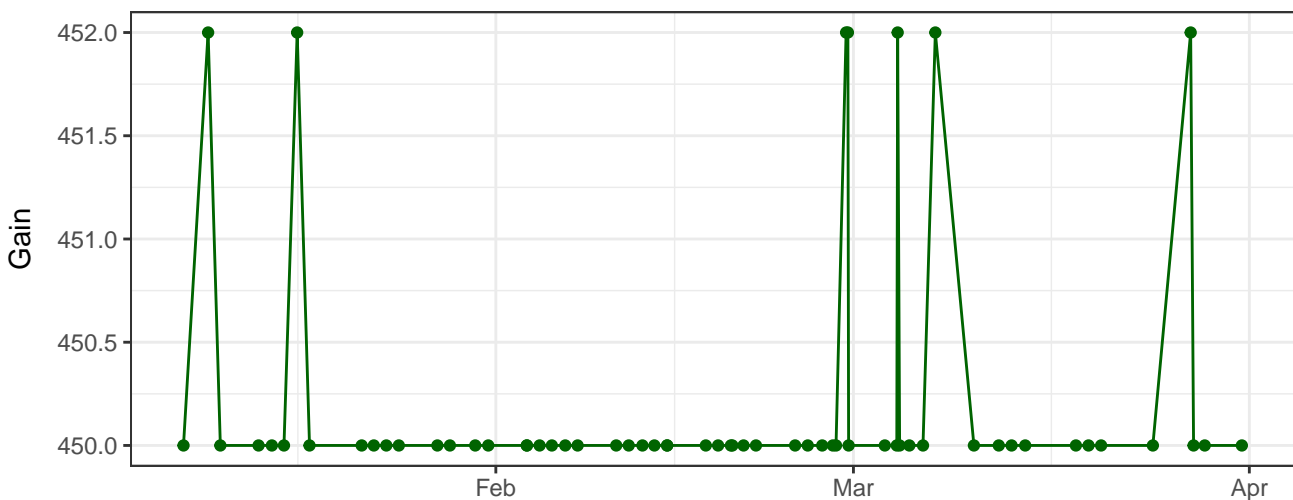
# B695-A\_Gain



# Y590-A\_Gain

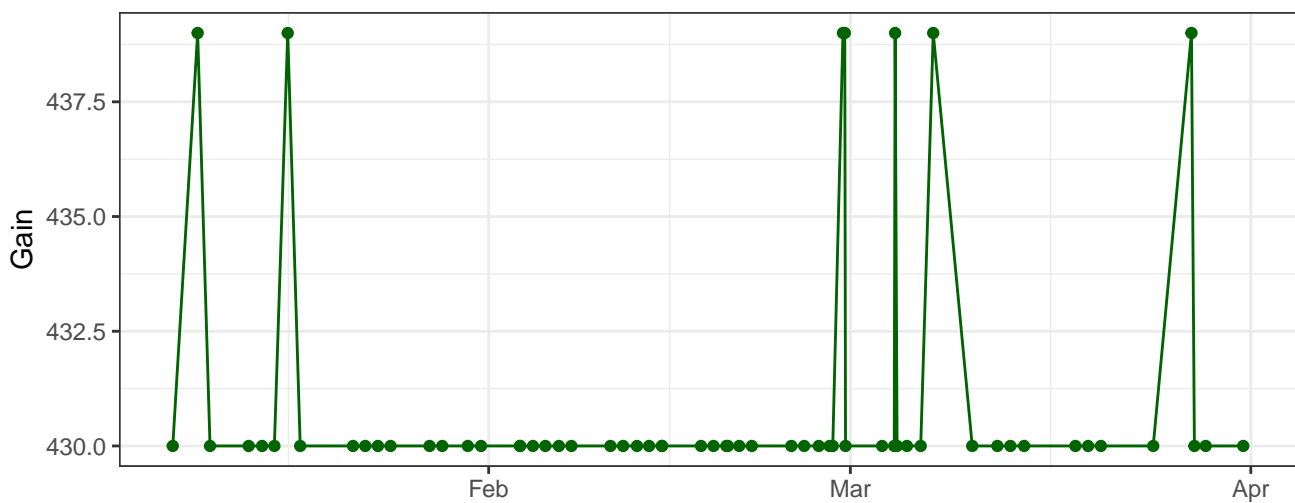


# Y610-A\_Gain

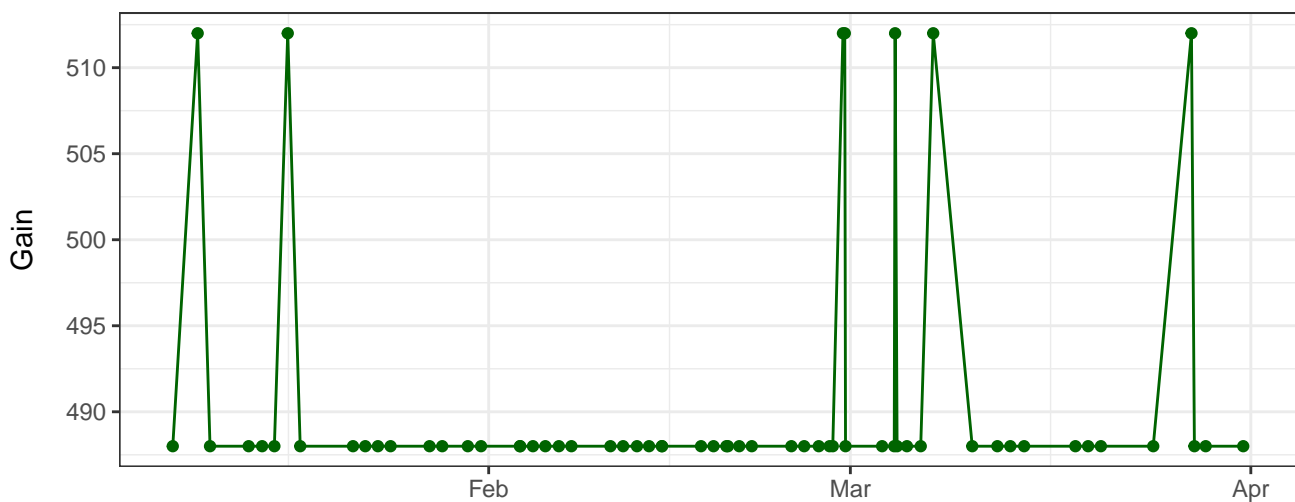




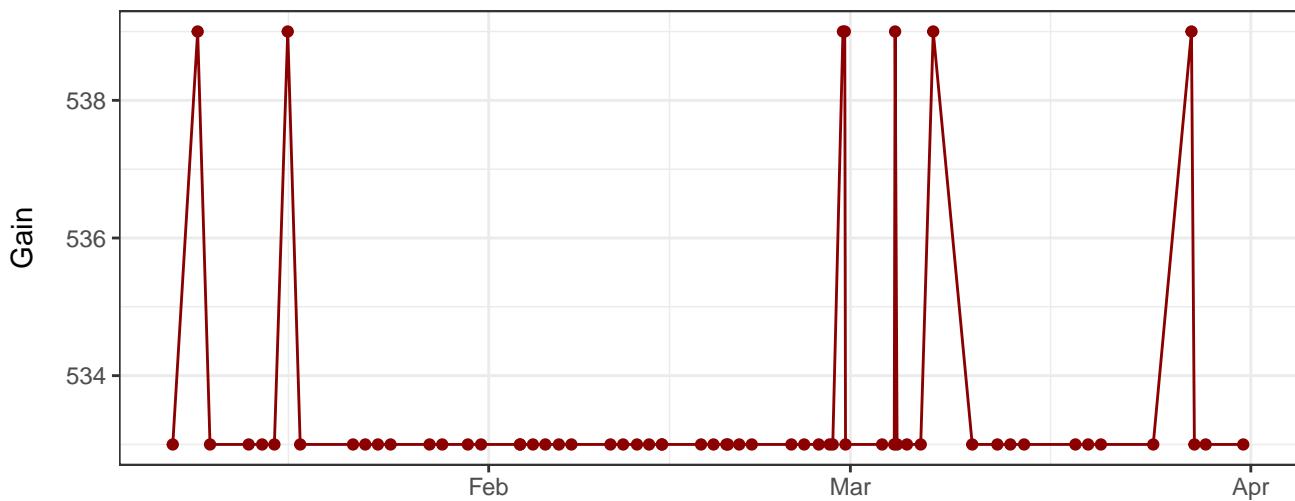
Y670-A\_Gain



Y780-A\_Gain



R660-A\_Gain



# R780-A\_Gain



# FSC-A\_Gain



# SSC-A\_Gain



Violet\_LaserDelay



Blue\_LaserDelay



Yellow\_LaserDelay



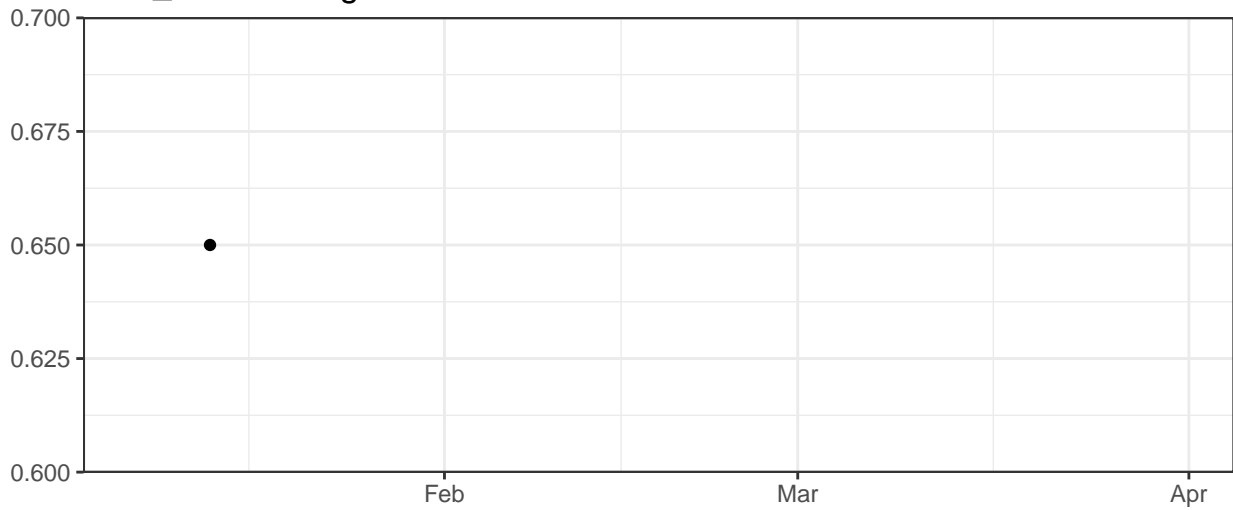
Red\_LaserDelay



Violet\_AreaScalingFactor



Blue\_AreaScalingFactor



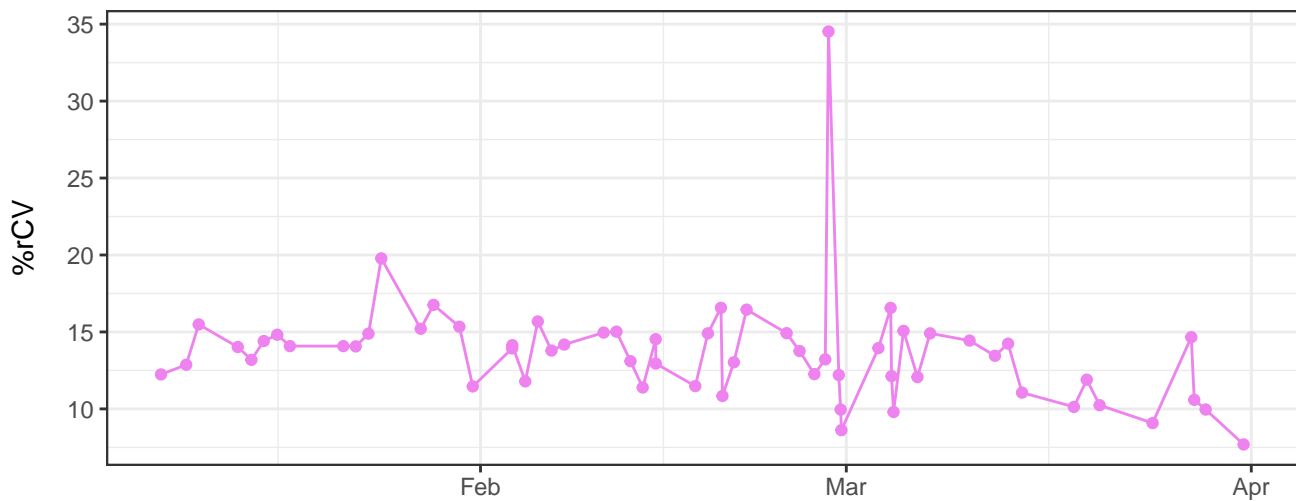
### Yellow\_AreaScalingFactor



### Red\_AreaScalingFactor



### V450-A-% rCV

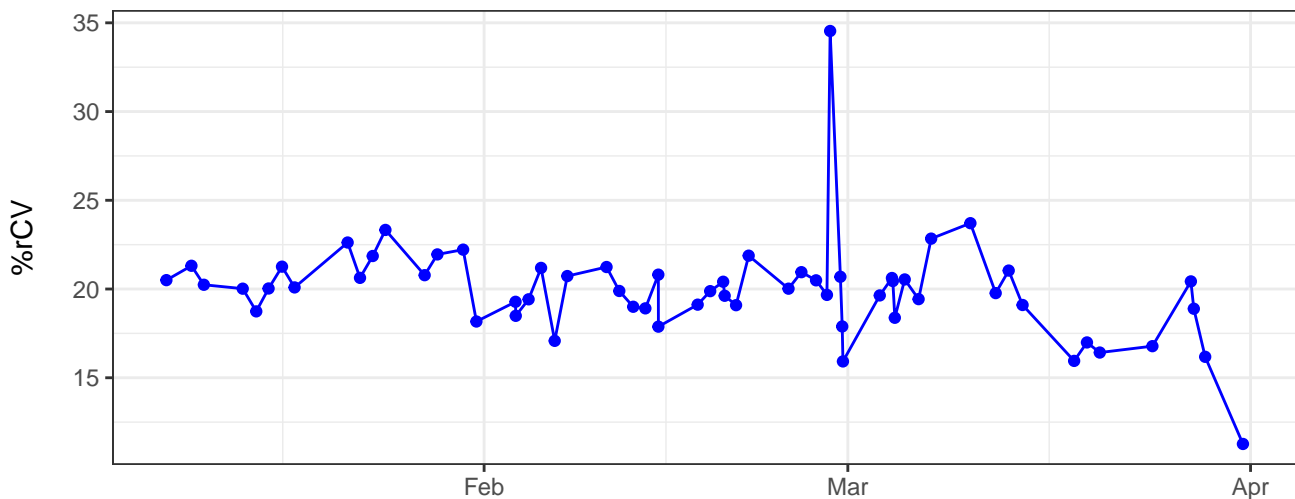


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability in January, followed by a rapid ascent in late February. A significant peak occurs in early March, reaching nearly 100,000 cases. This is followed by a period of high volatility with multiple smaller peaks and troughs, and a general downward trend as the month of April begins.

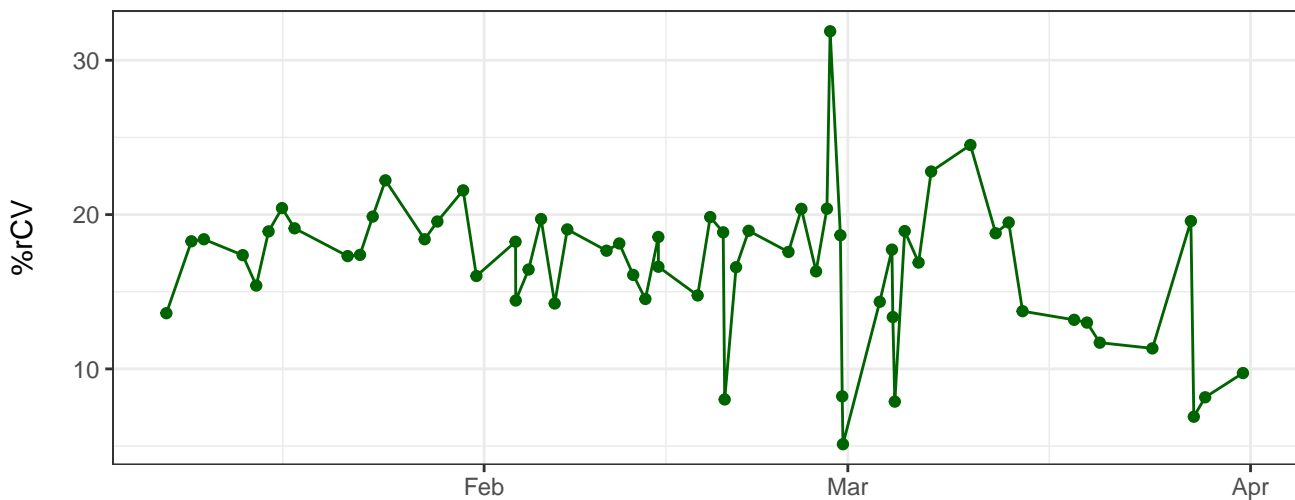
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 0 to 1,000,000 in increments of 200,000. The x-axis is labeled with the months 'Feb', 'Mar', and 'Apr'. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until late February. A sharp, dramatic increase begins in early March, reaching a peak of nearly 1,000,000 cases around March 7th. This is followed by a very rapid decline to approximately 200,000 cases by March 10th. The case count then fluctuates between 200,000 and 400,000 through the rest of March, with another notable peak around March 20th. In early April, there is a slight upward trend, followed by a decline towards the end of the month.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until late February. A significant surge begins in late February, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early March. Following this peak, the number of cases declines steadily, showing some minor fluctuations, and continues to decrease through April, ending at a level significantly lower than the peak.

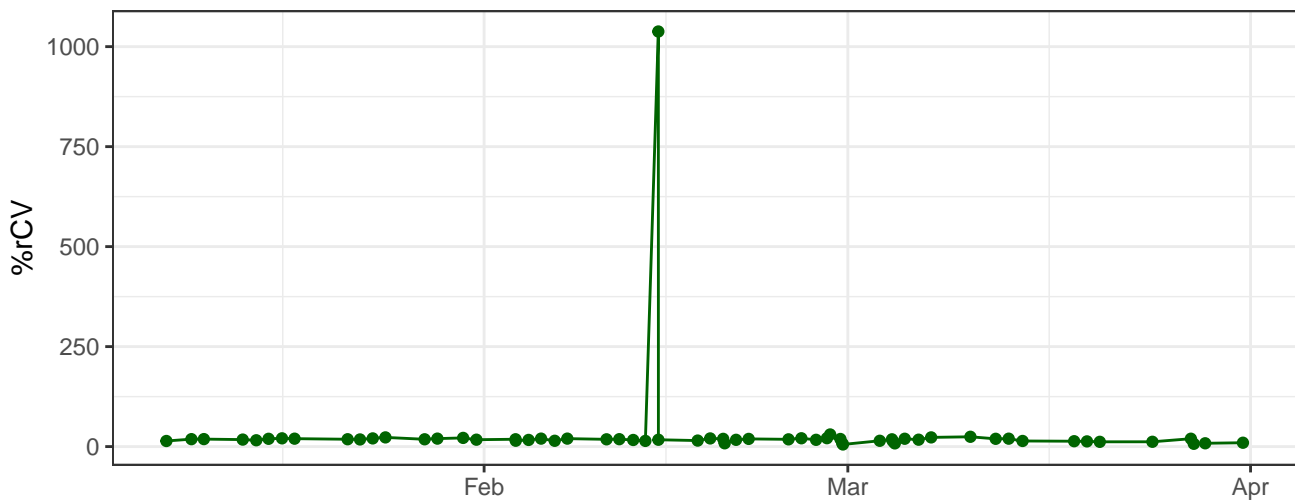
B695-A-% rCV



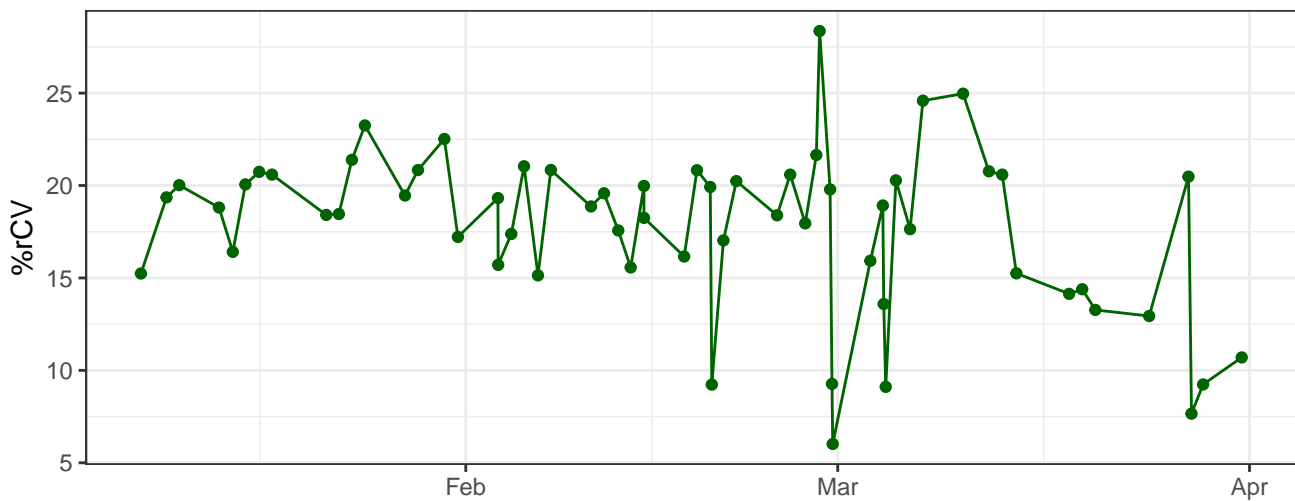
Y590-A-% rCV



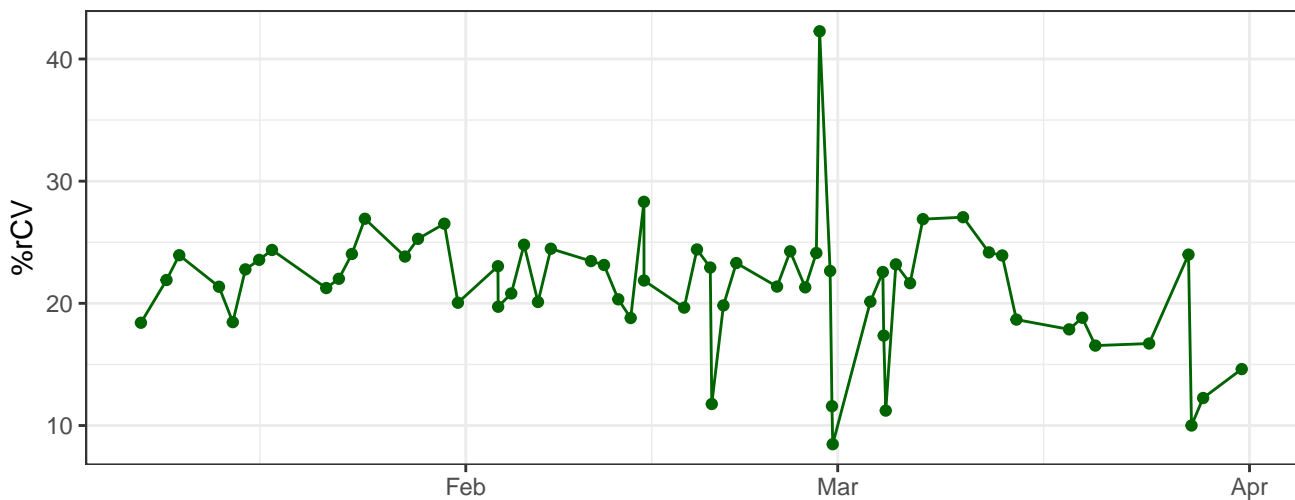
Y610-A-% rCV



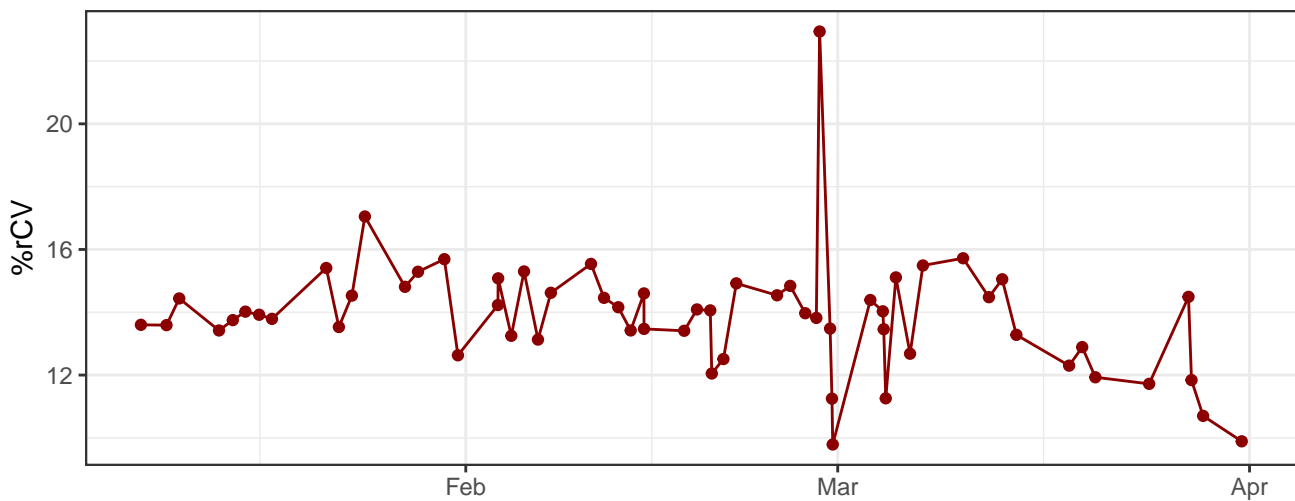
Y670-A-% rCV



Y780-A-% rCV

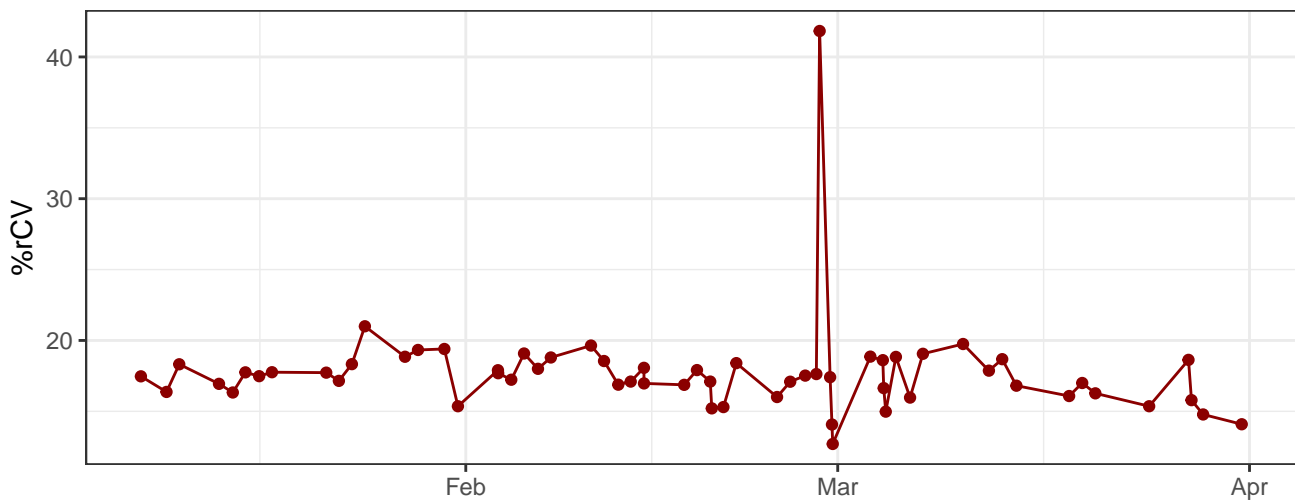


R660-A-% rCV

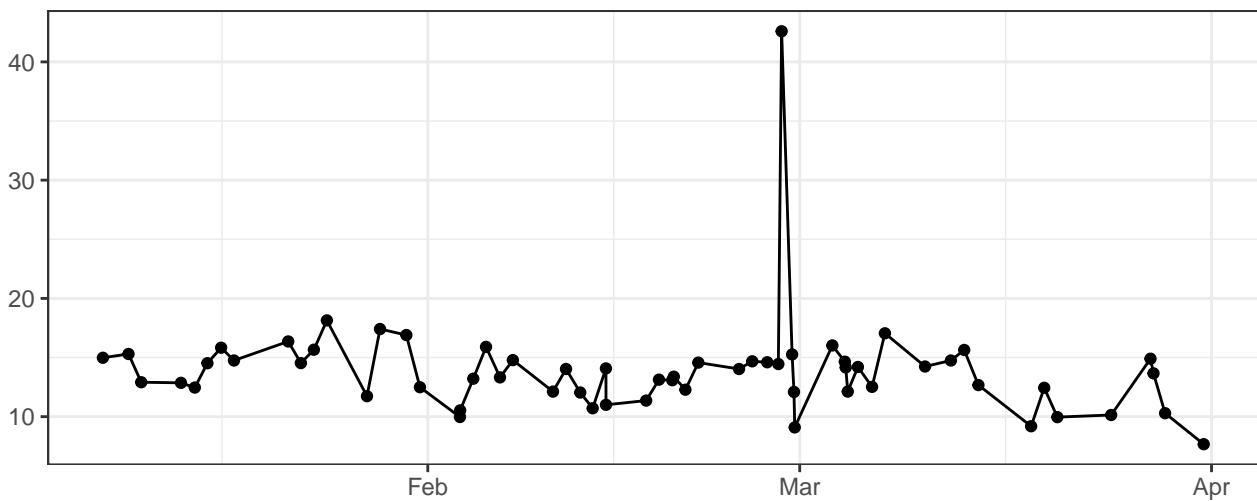




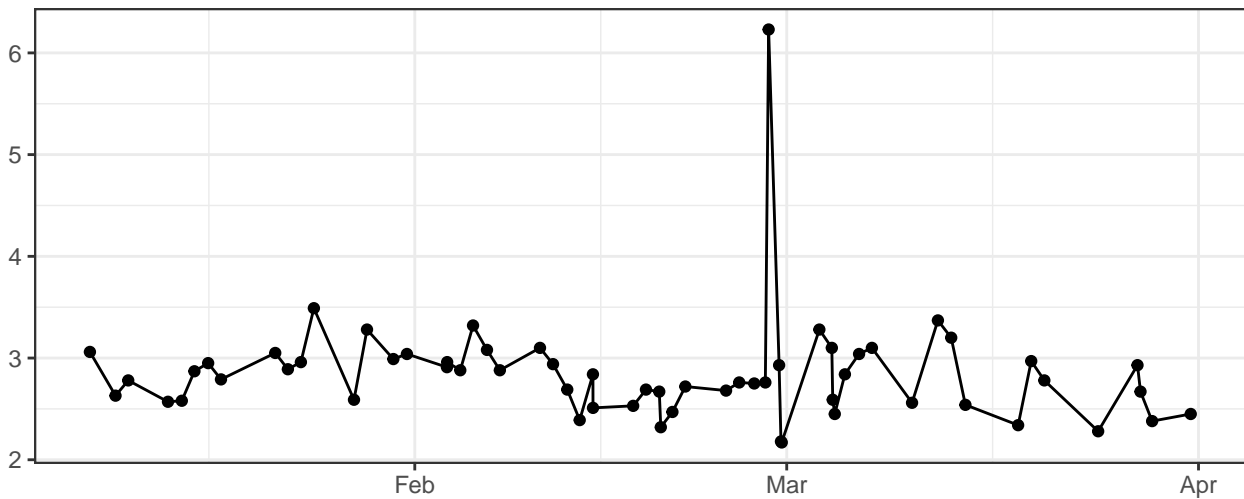
# R780-A-% rCV



# FSC-A-% rCV



# FSC-H-% rCV



### FSC-W-% rCV



### SSC-A-% rCV



### SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

