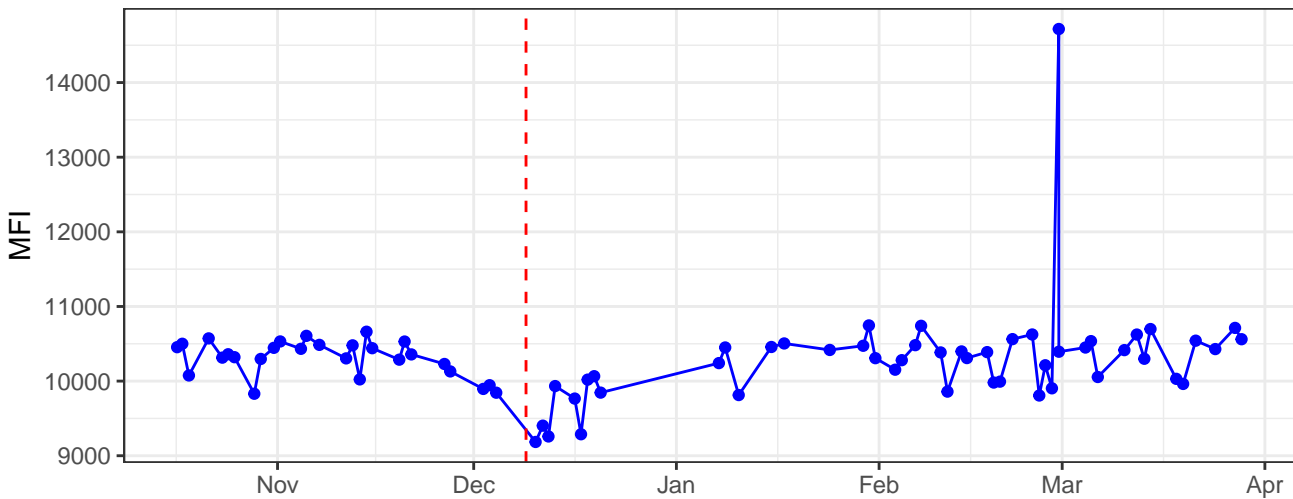
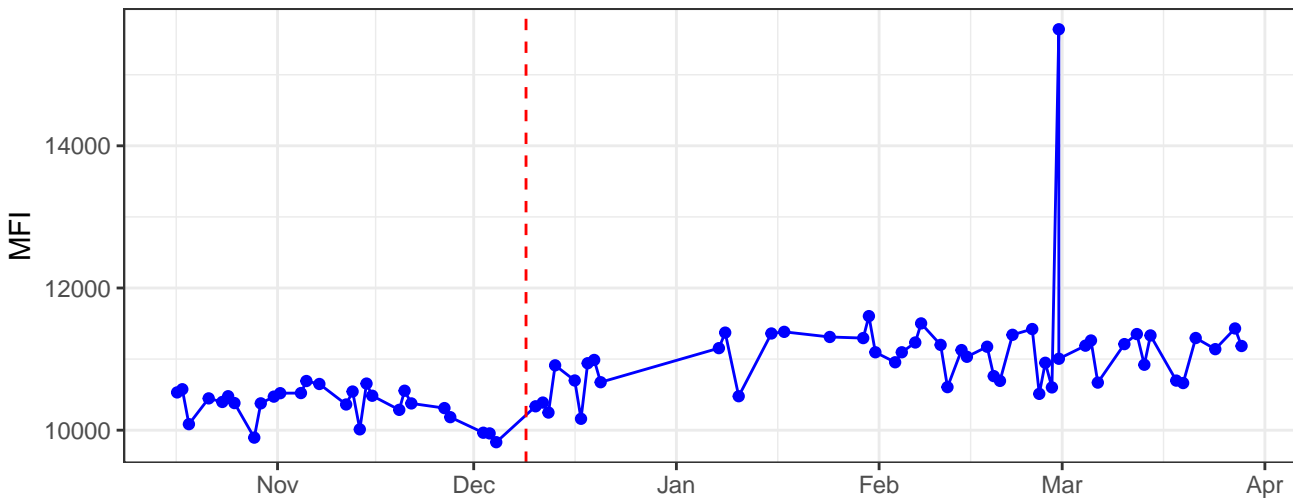


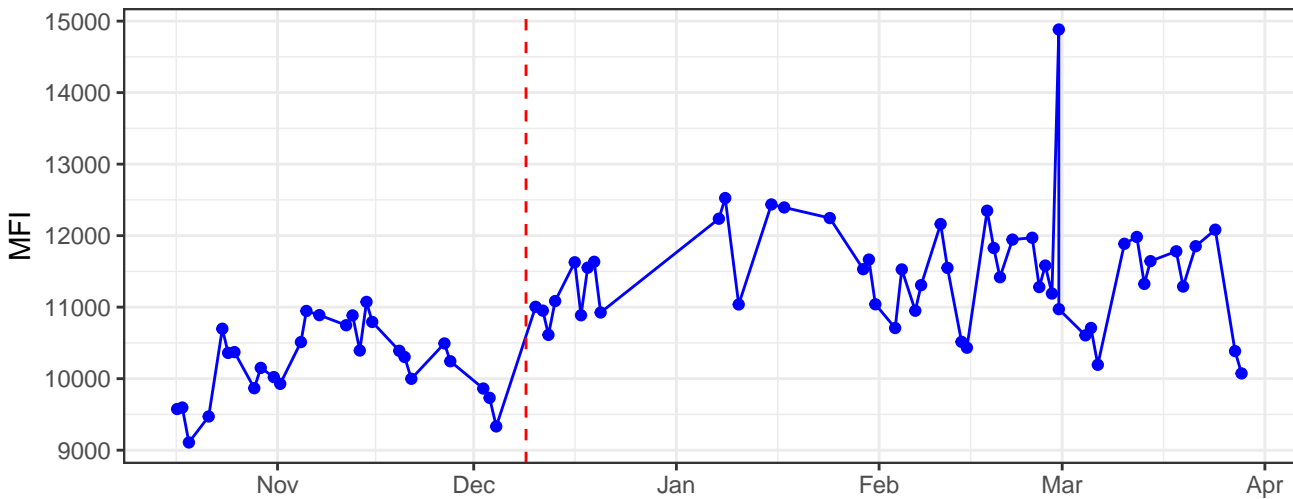
B530-A



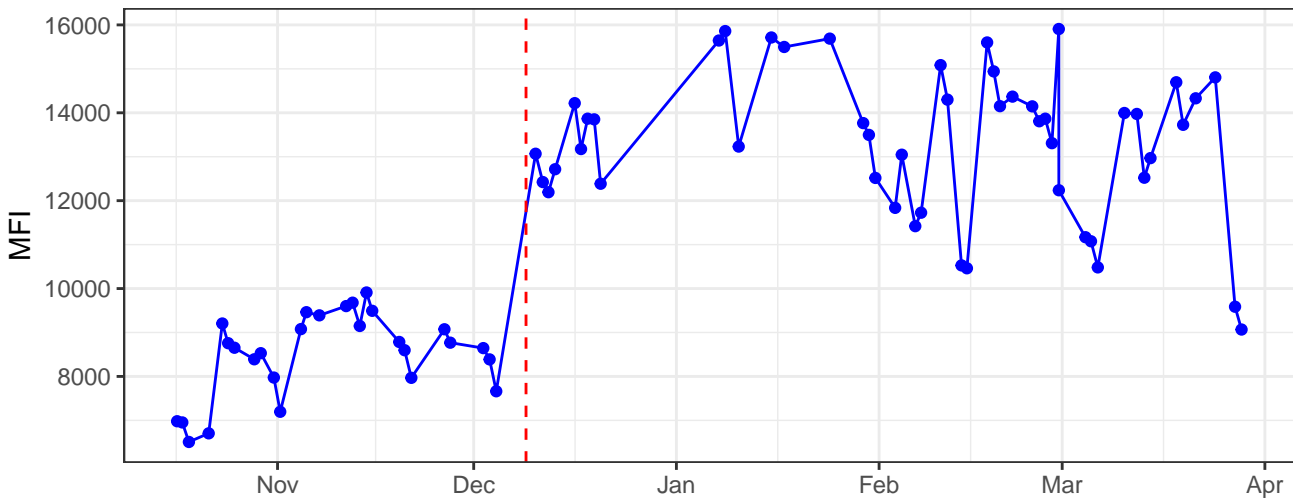
B585-A



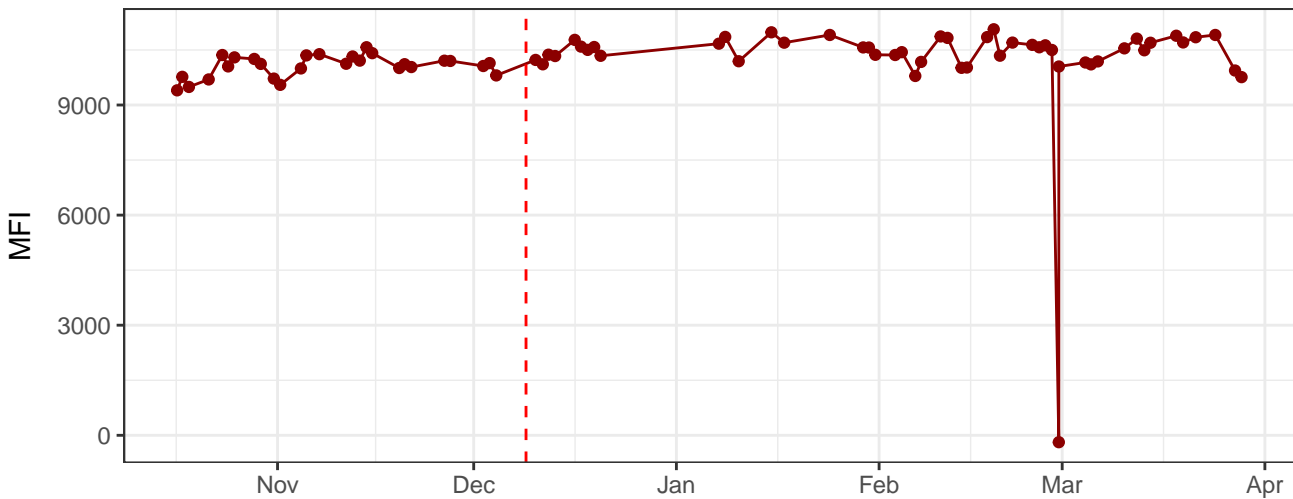
B695-A



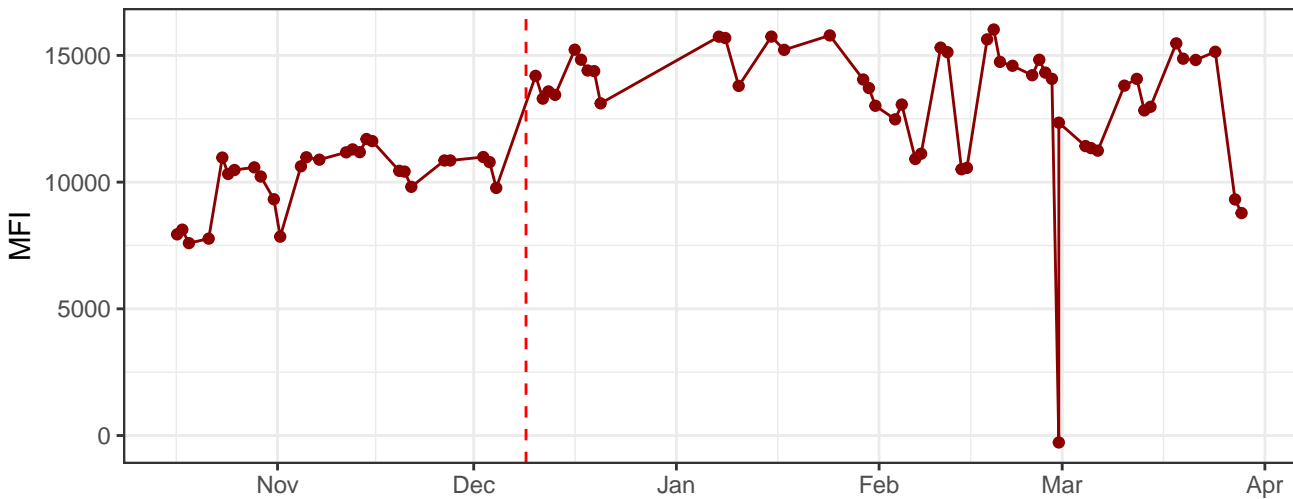
B780-A



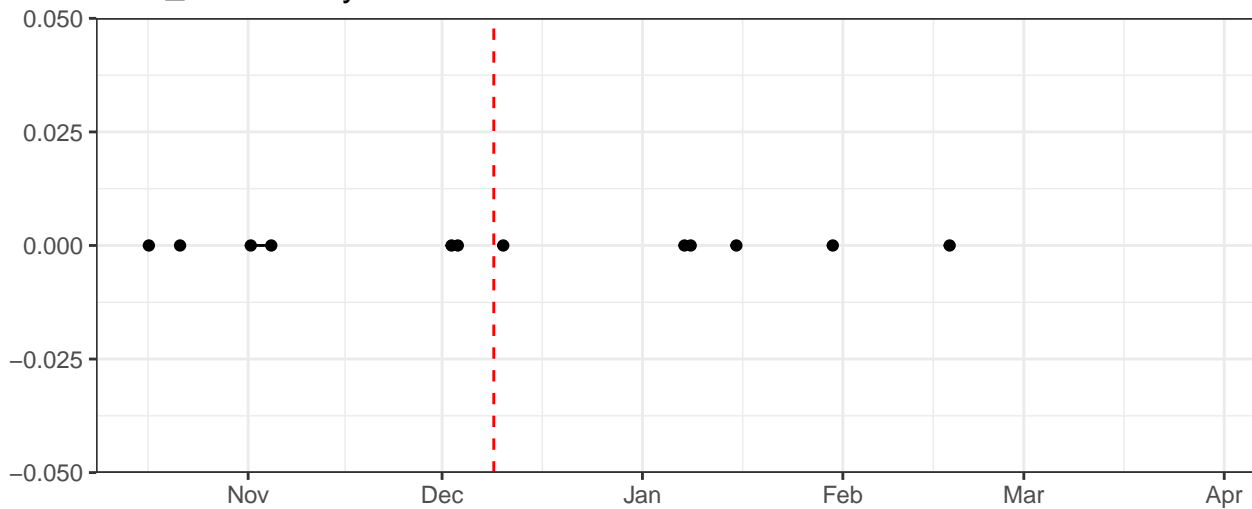
R670-A



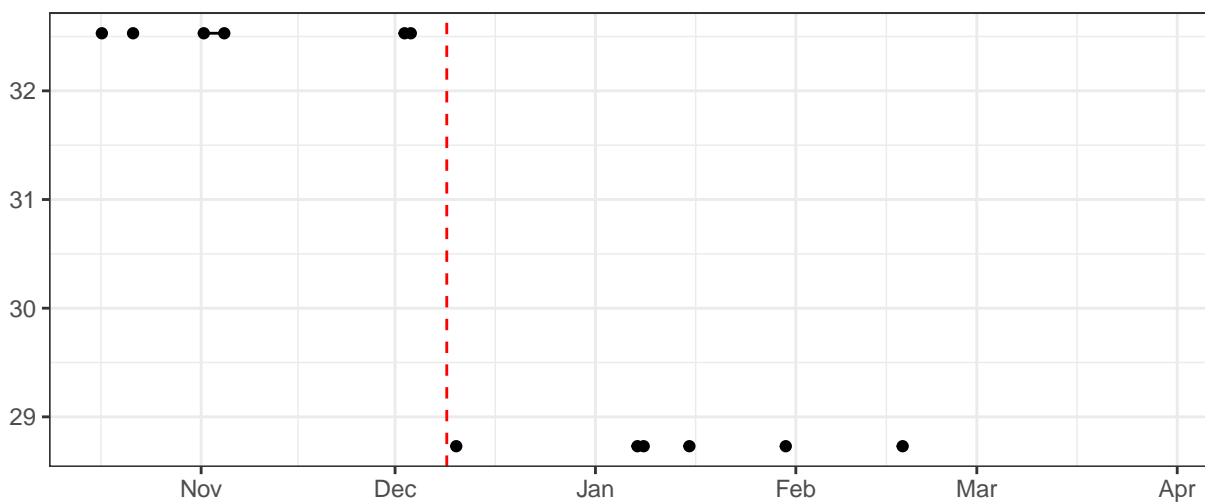
R780-A



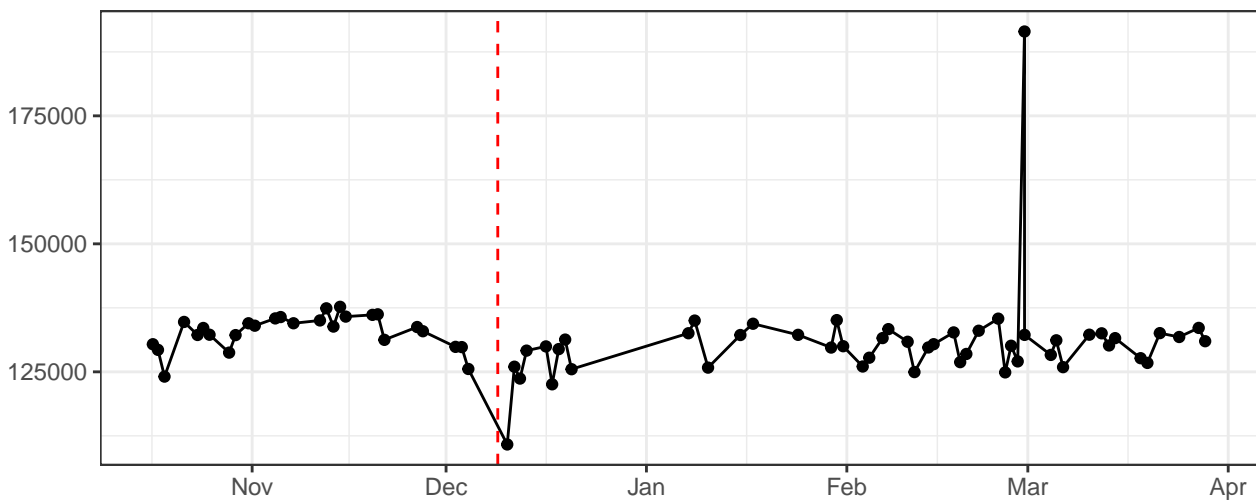
Blue\_LaserDelay



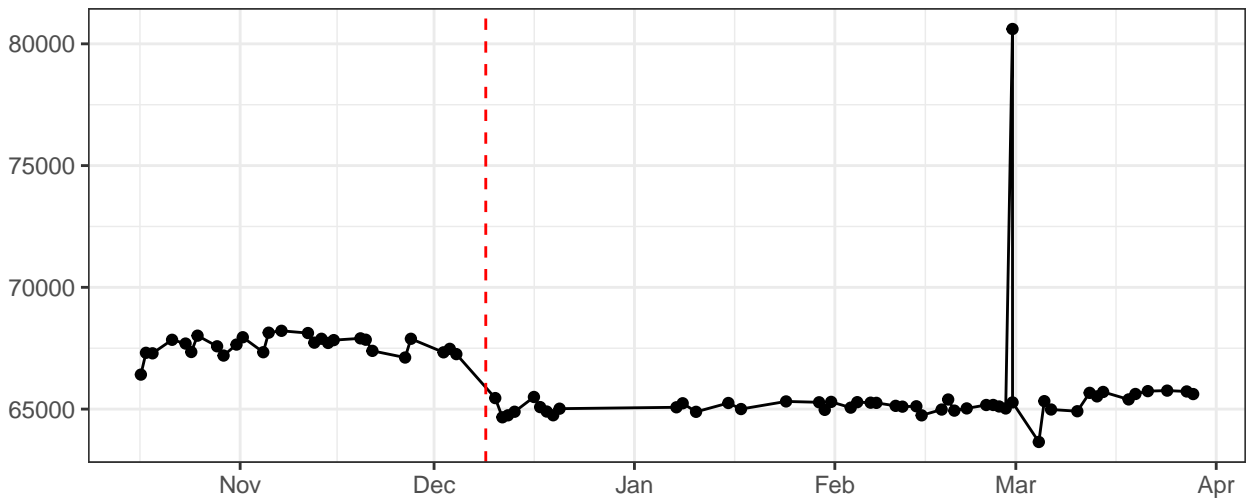
Red\_LaserDelay



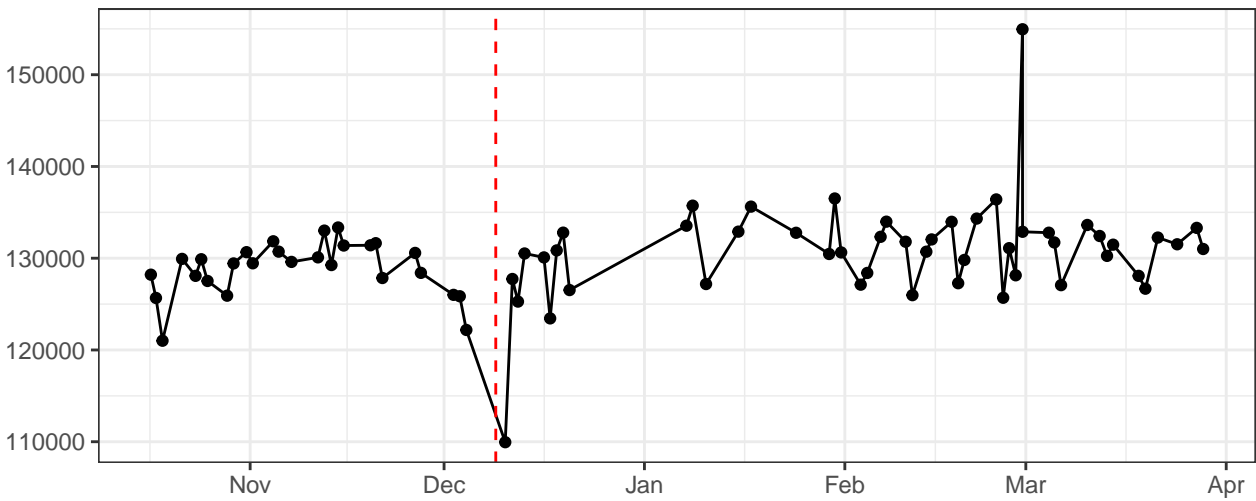
FSC-A



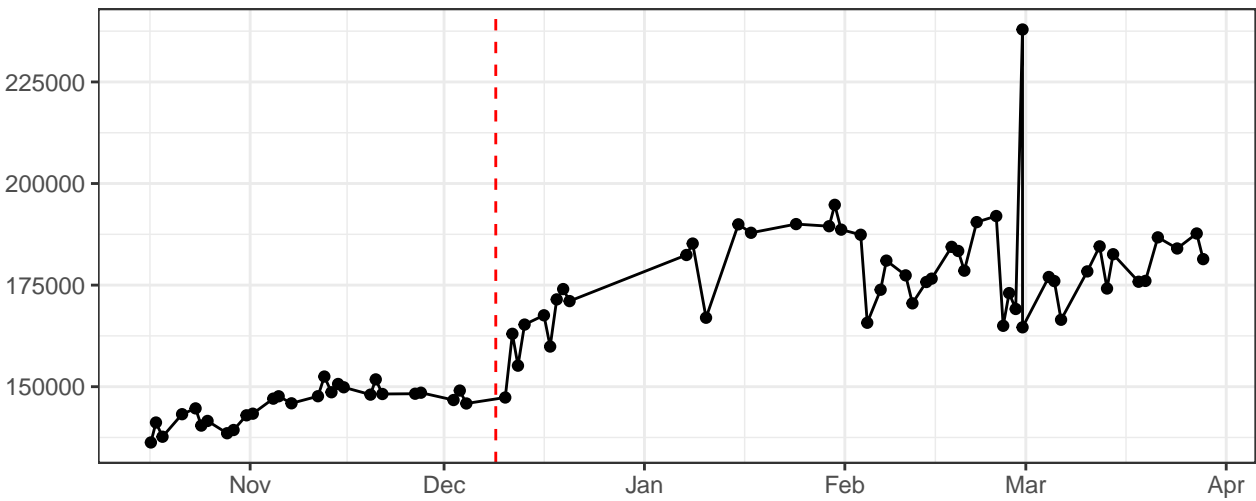
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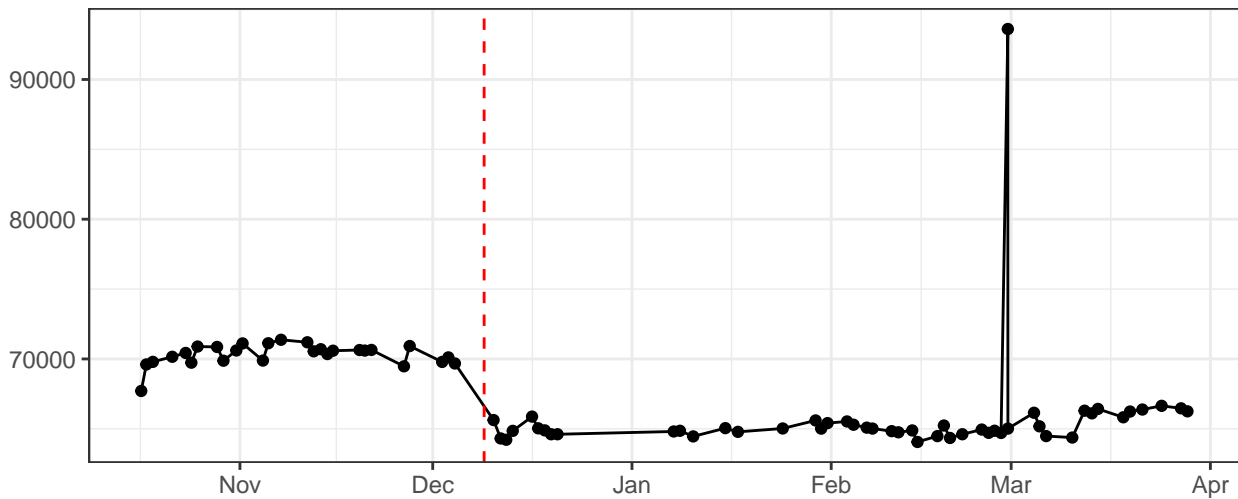
### FSC-W



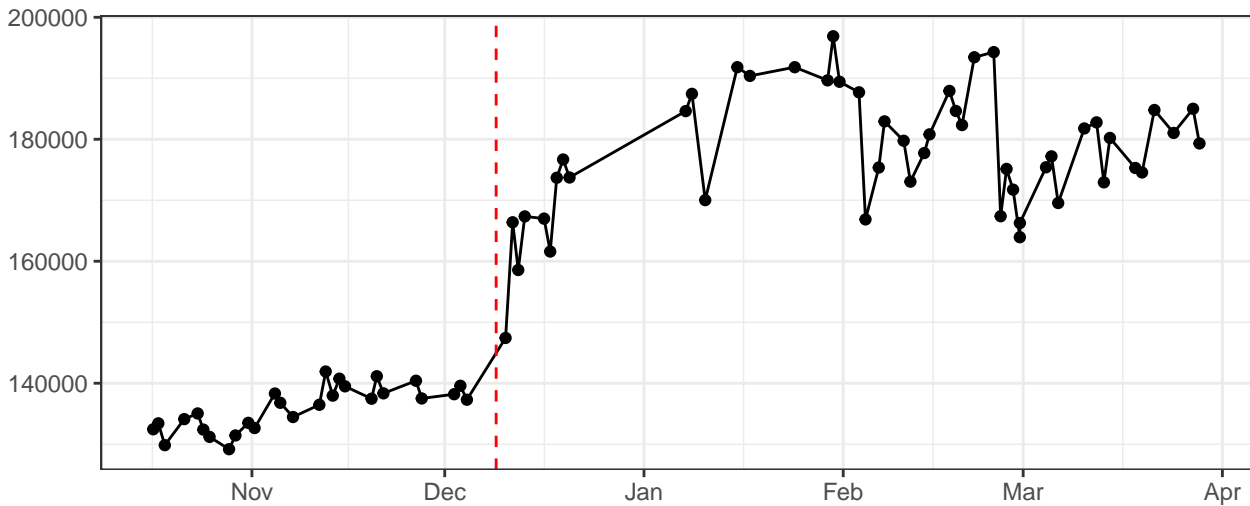
### SSC-A



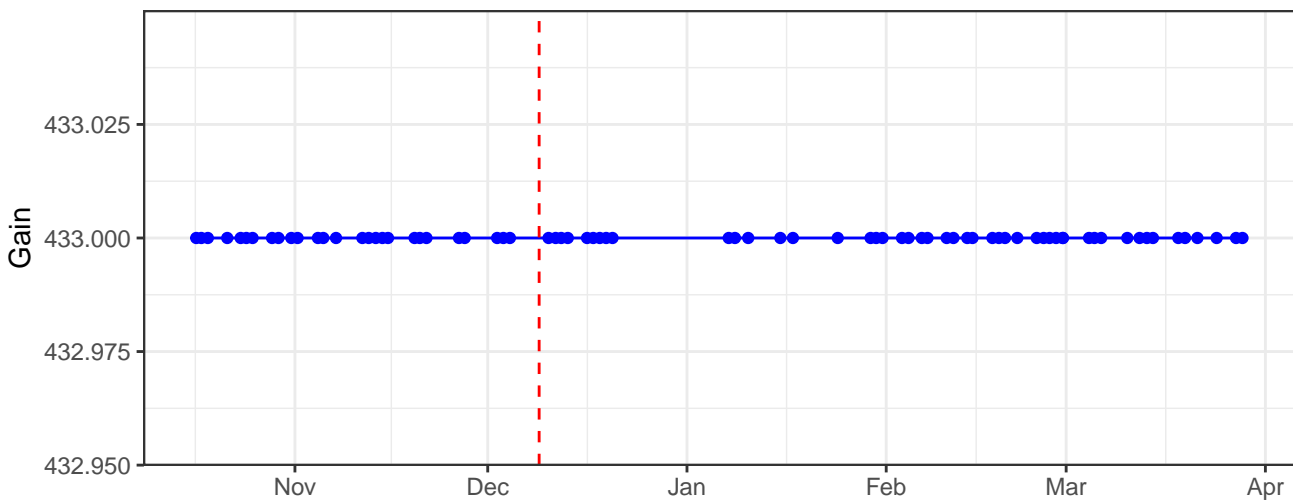
SSC-H



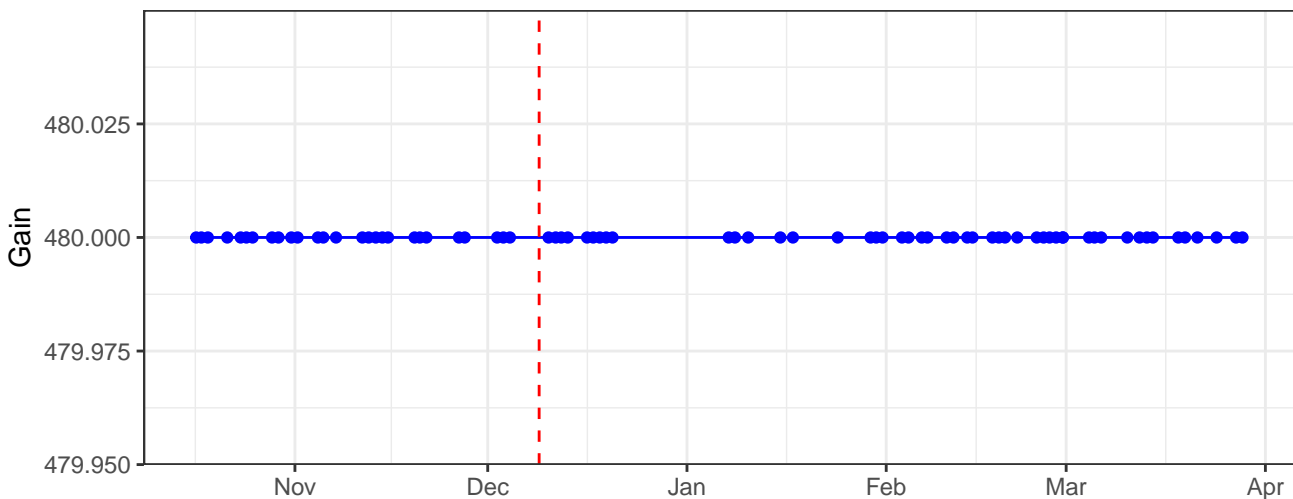
SSC-W



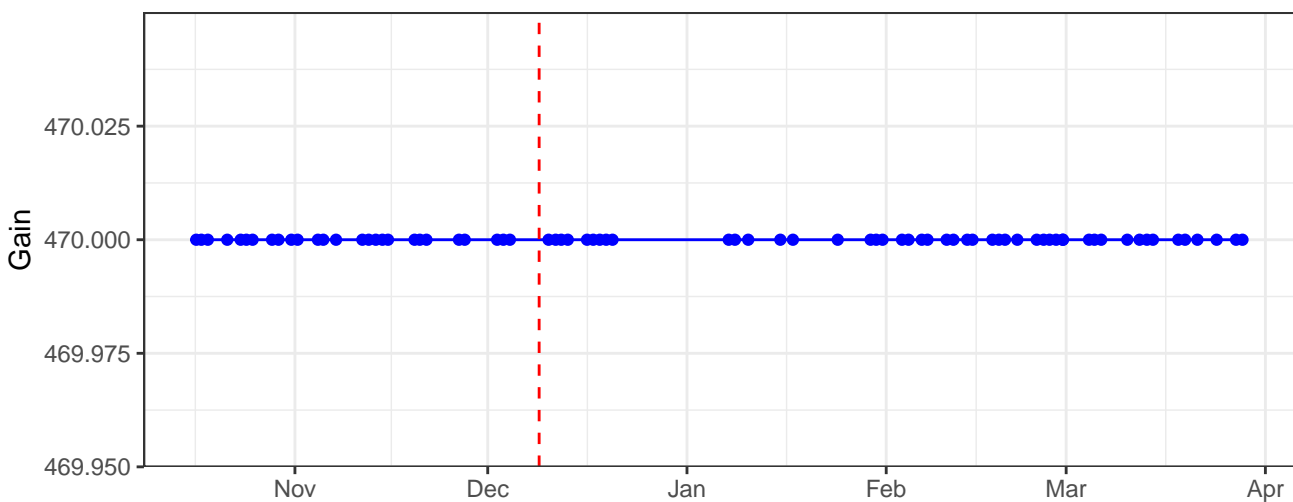
B530-A\_Gain



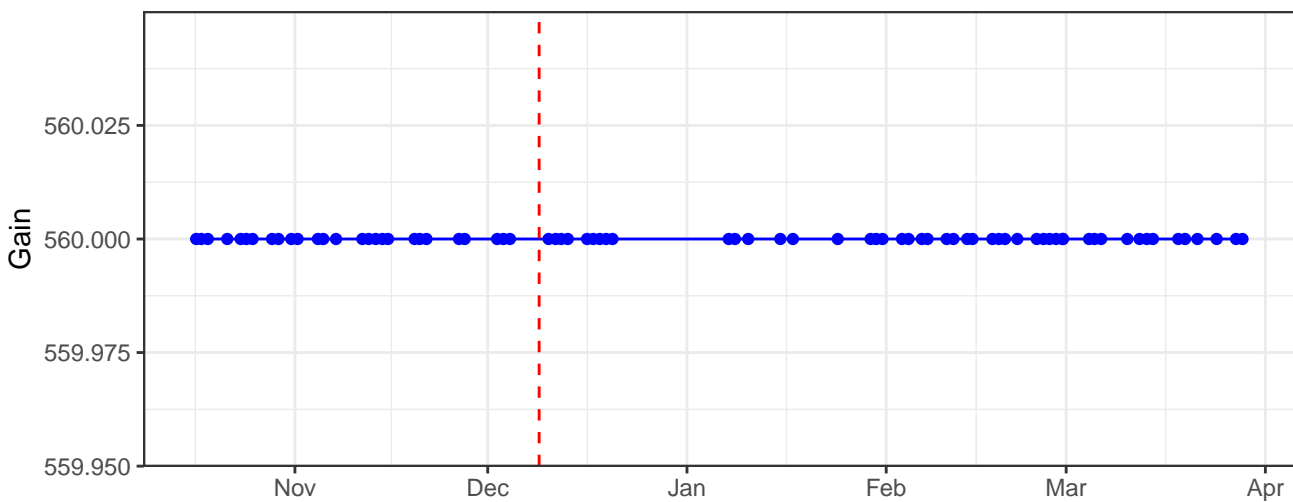
B585-A\_Gain



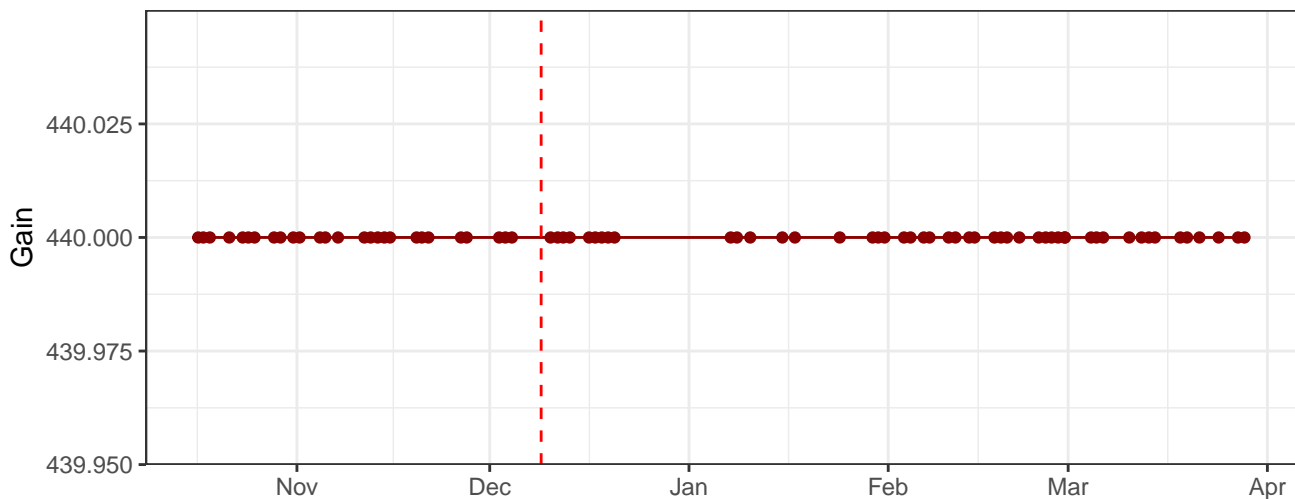
B695-A\_Gain



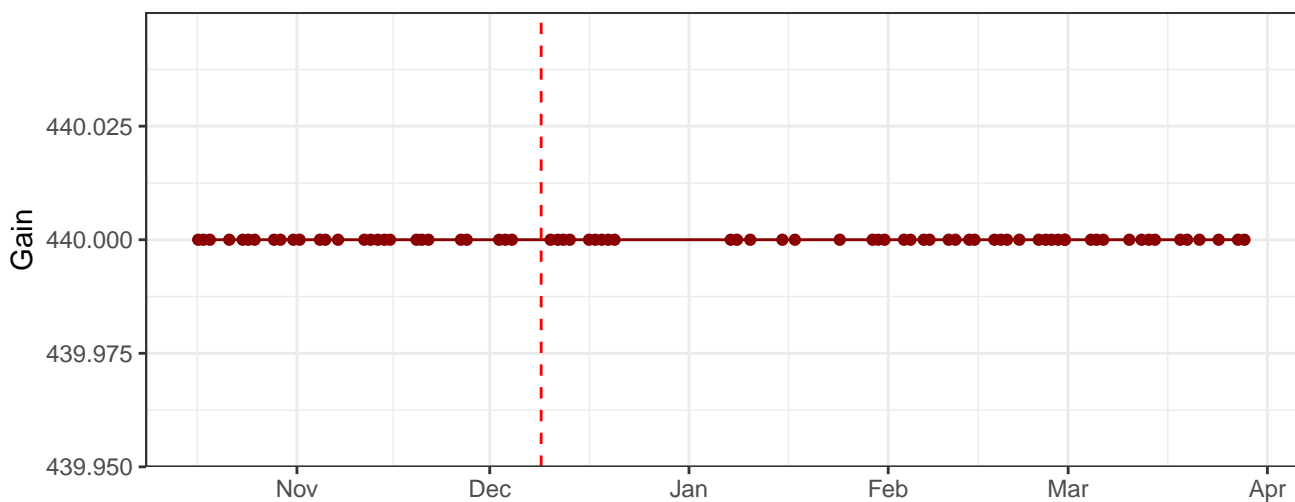
B780-A\_Gain



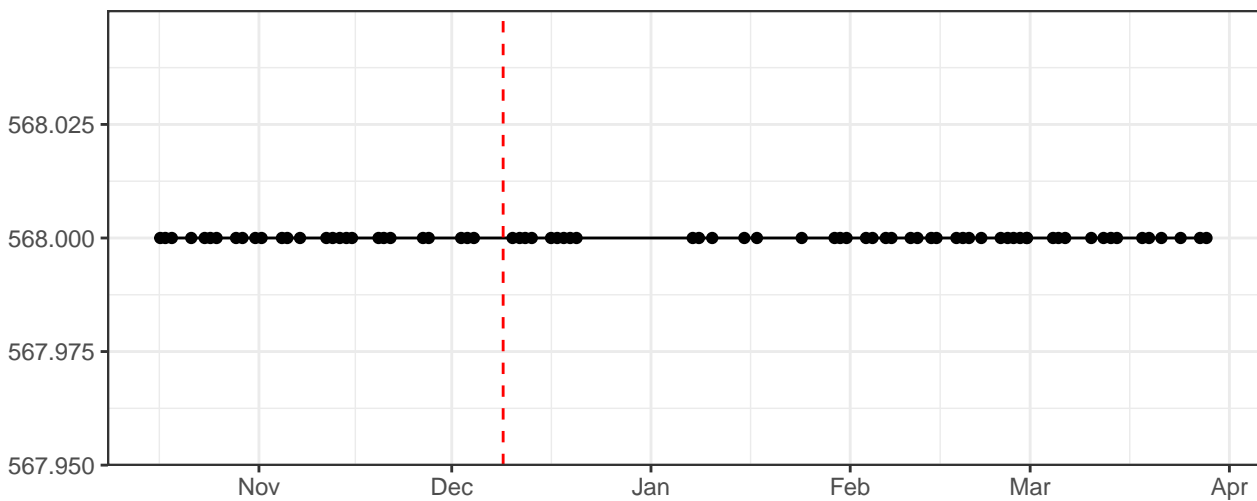
R670-A\_Gain



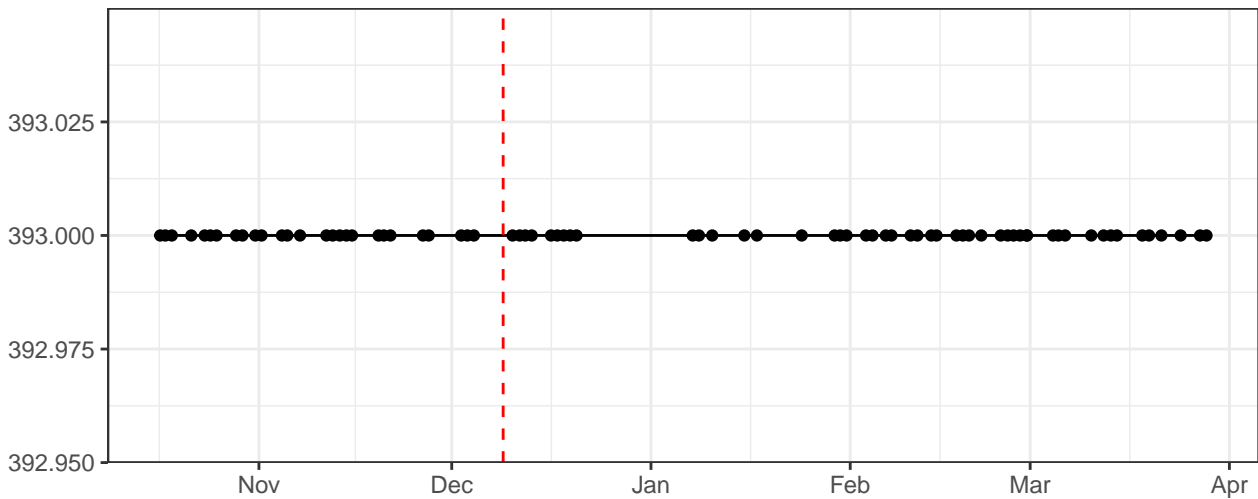
R780-A\_Gain



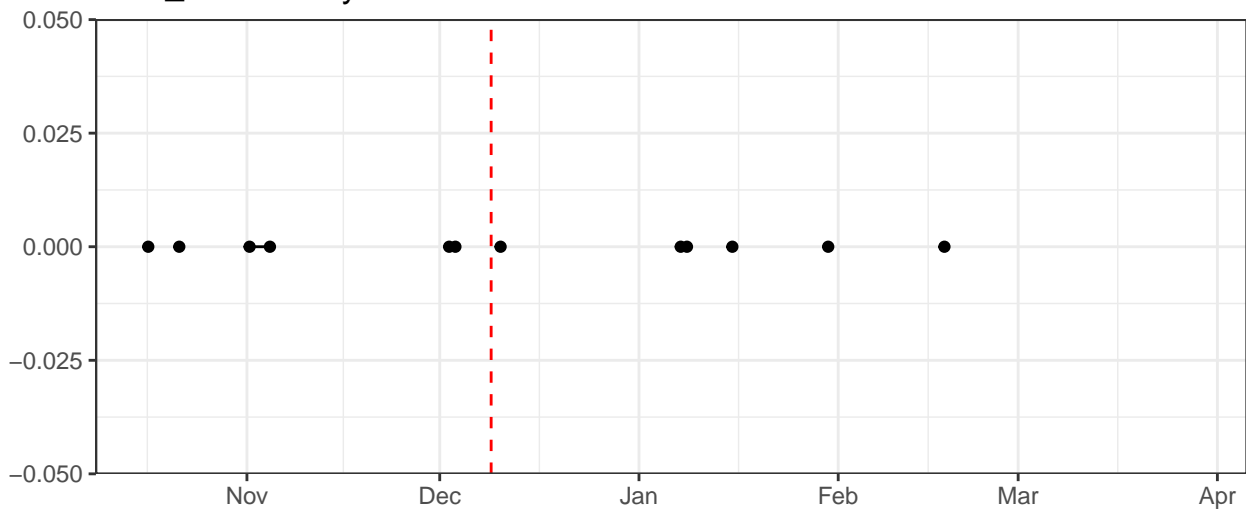
FSC-A\_Gain



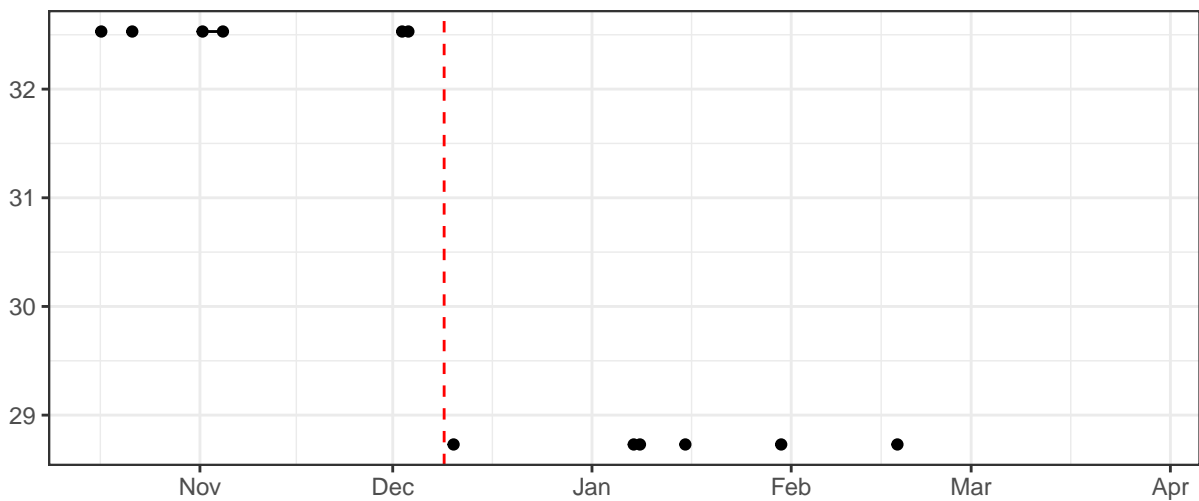
SSC-A\_Gain



Blue\_LaserDelay

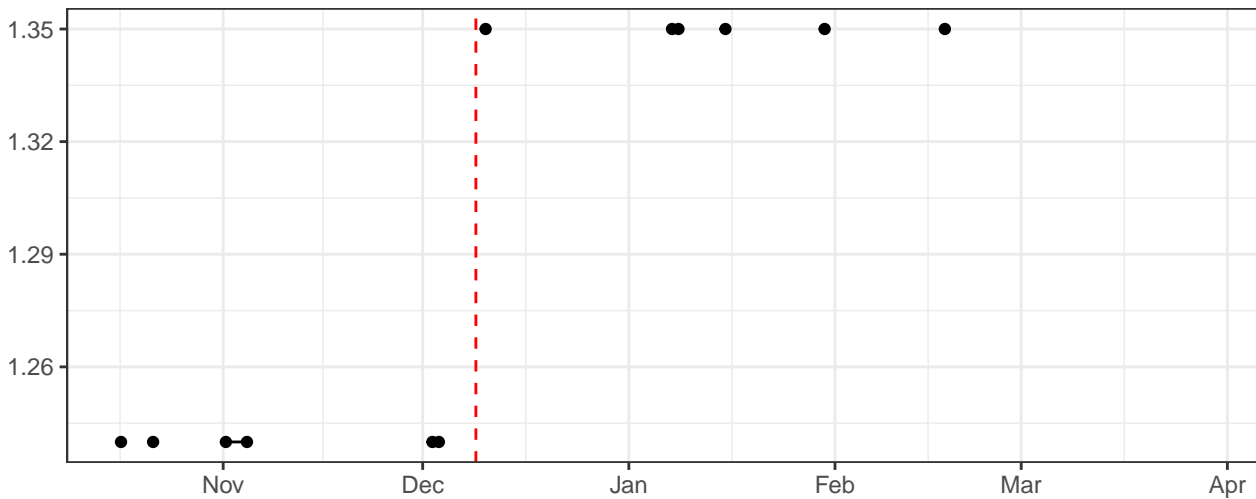


Red\_LaserDelay

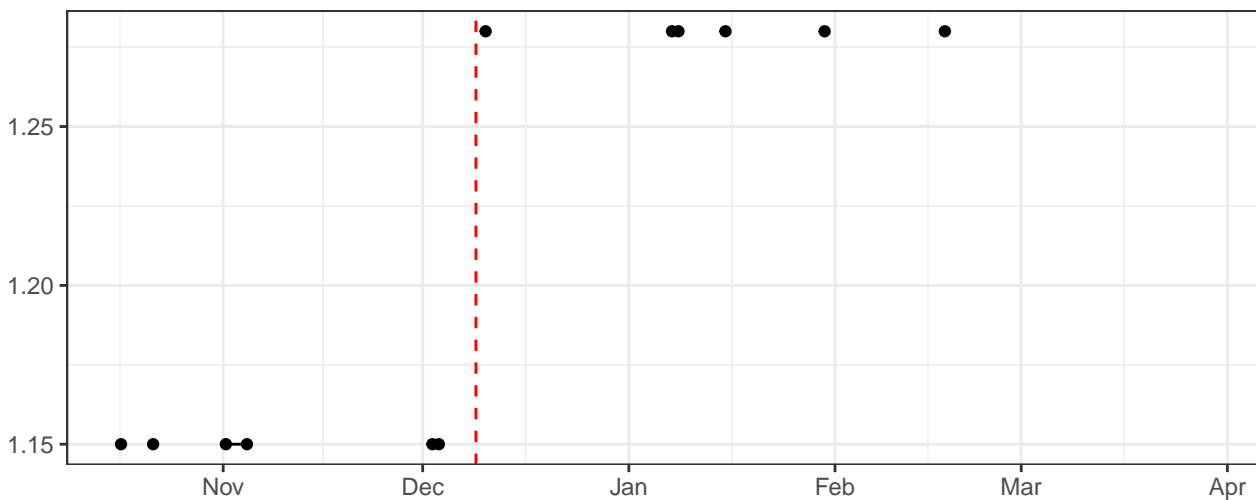




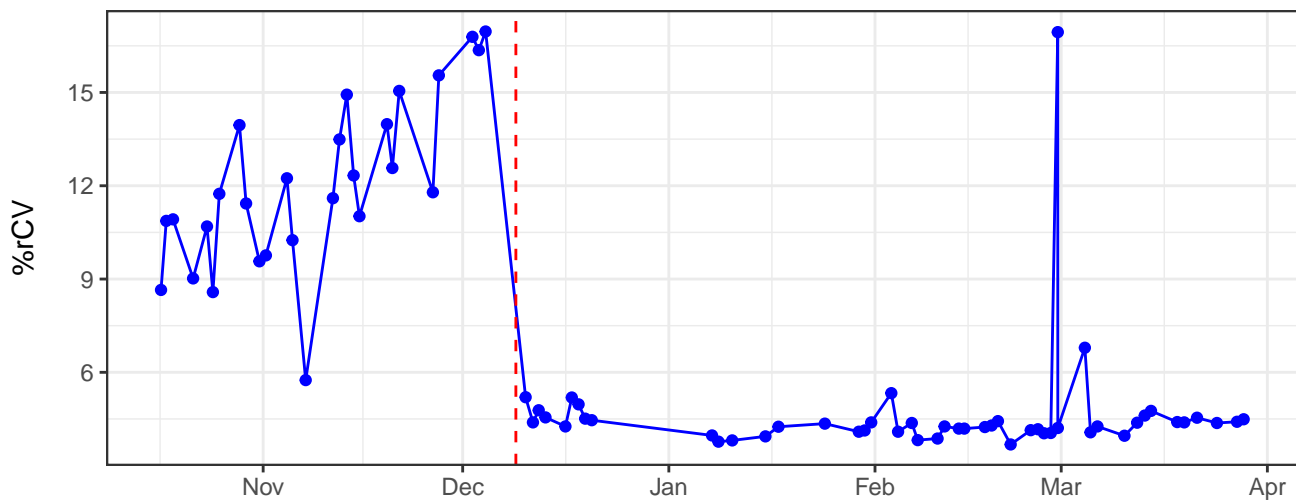
# Blue\_AreaScalingFactor



# Red\_AreaScalingFactor



# B530-A-% rCV

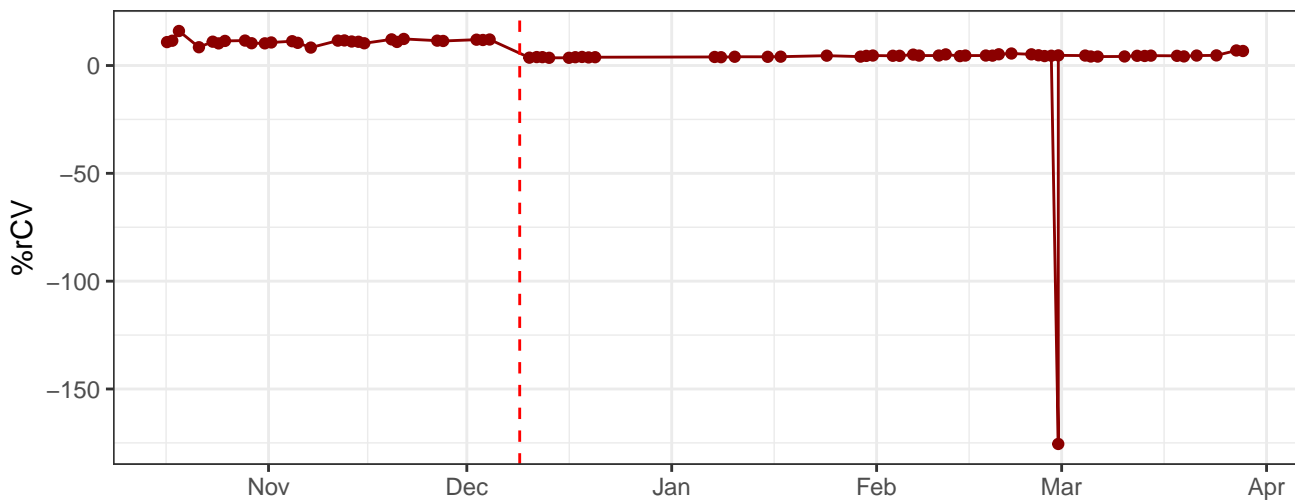


The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands from November to April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with major grid lines at 0, 2,000, 4,000, 6,000, 8,000, and 10,000. The x-axis shows the months from November to April. A red dashed vertical line is positioned at the beginning of December, indicating the start of the second wave. The data shows a first wave peaking in late November at approximately 8,000 cases, followed by a decline. The second wave begins in early December, reaching a peak of nearly 10,000 cases in late December. After a period of relative stability, there is a sharp spike in early March, reaching approximately 9,000 cases, followed by a decline and then a slight increase in April.

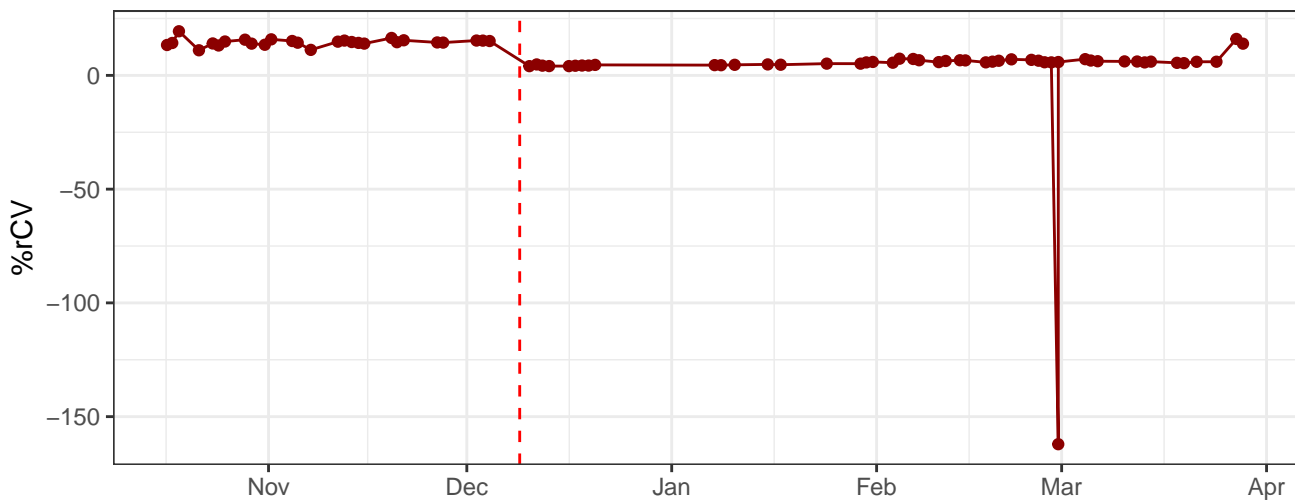
The graph illustrates the progression of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands. The data shows a period of high volatility and relatively high case counts (up to 10,000) from October through late December. A vertical dashed red line at approximately December 20th indicates the implementation of the lockdown. Immediately following the lockdown, there is a sharp decline in daily case counts, which stabilize at a very low level (near zero) from January through early March. A significant outlier occurs in early March, where cases spike back up to nearly 10,000. After this spike, the case counts remain low and stable through April.

The graph illustrates the progression of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands. The data shows a period of fluctuating case counts from October through late December, with a notable peak in late December. Following the implementation of the lockdown (marked by the dashed red line), the number of cases dropped significantly. A major surge occurred in early March, peaking at approximately 95,000 cases. After this peak, the number of cases declined and remained relatively low until a small uptick in late April.

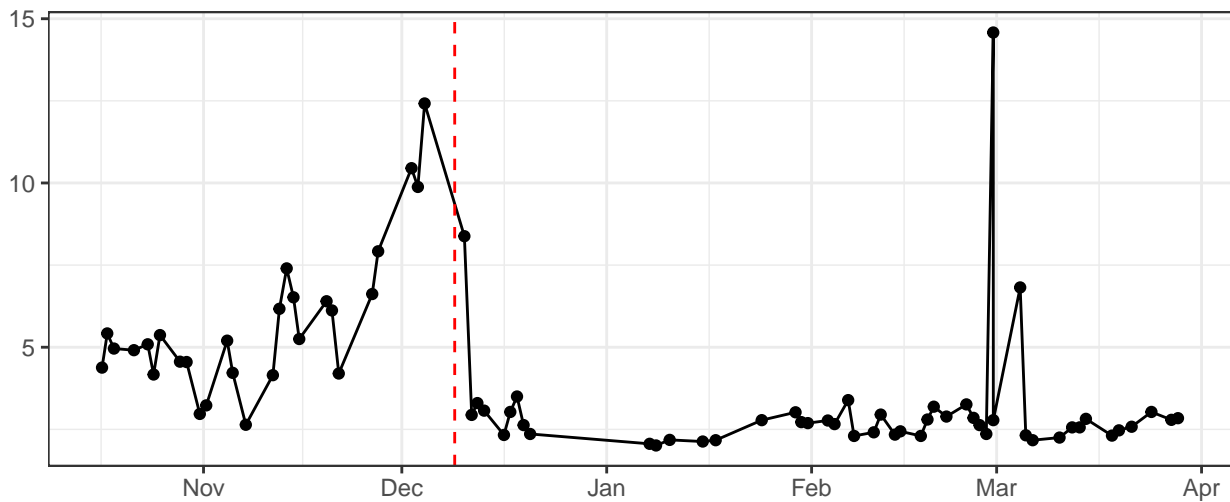
R670-A-% rCV



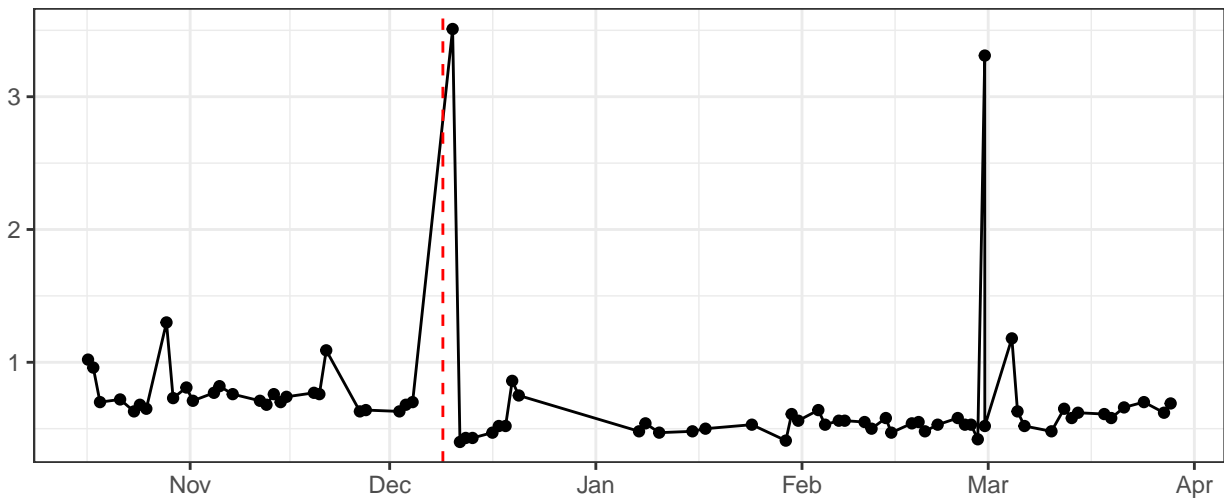
R780-A-% rCV



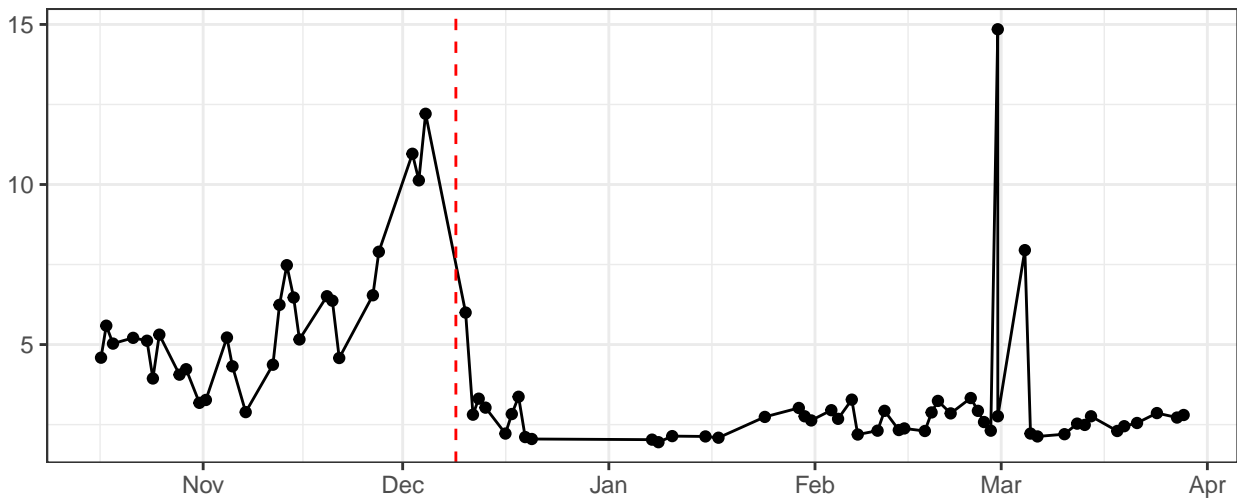
FSC-A-% rCV



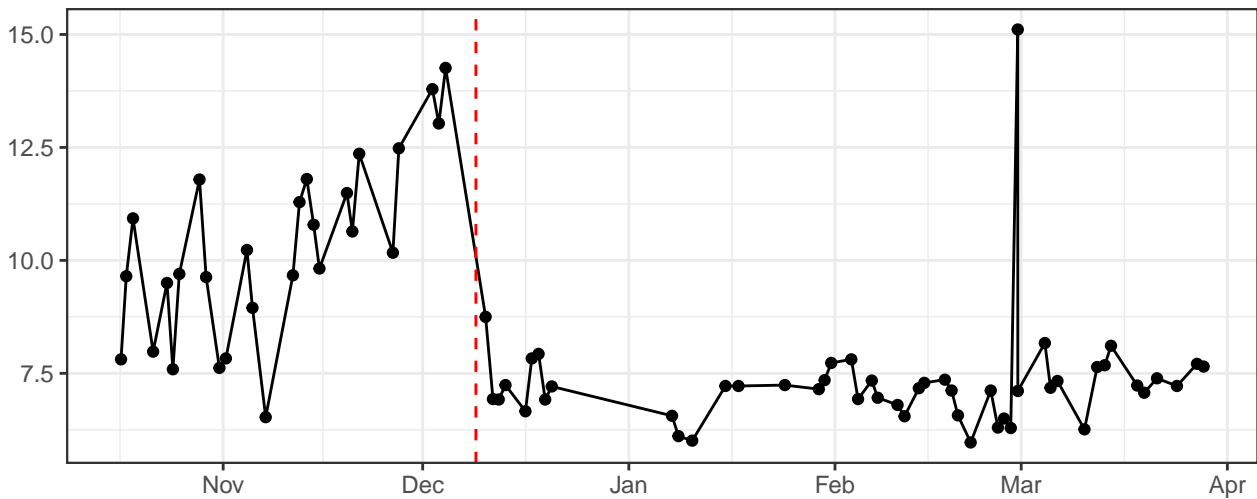
FSC-H-% rCV



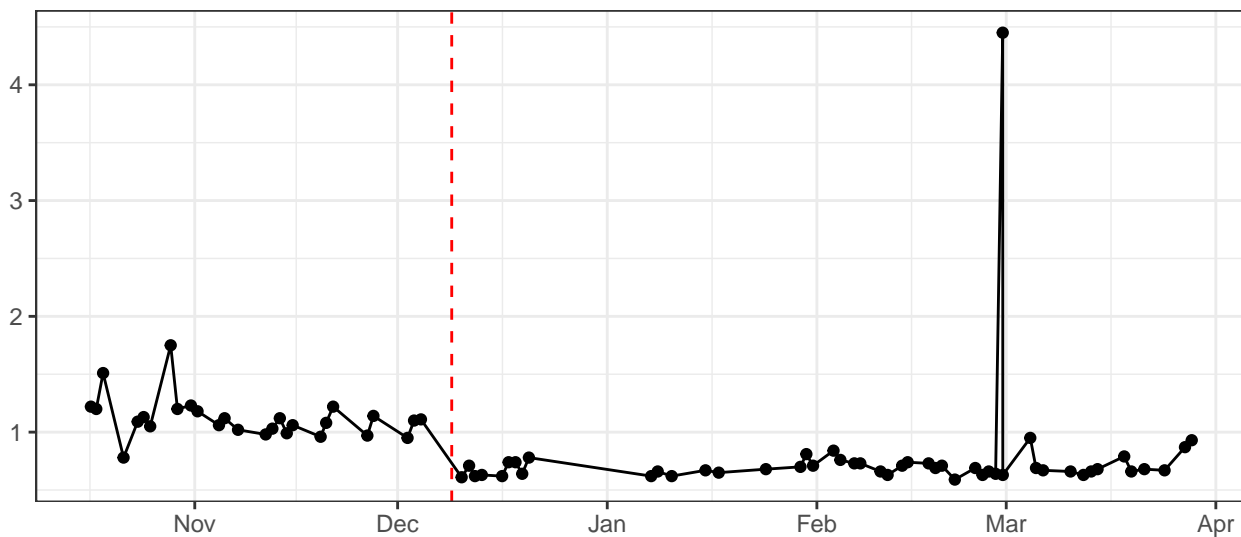
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

