

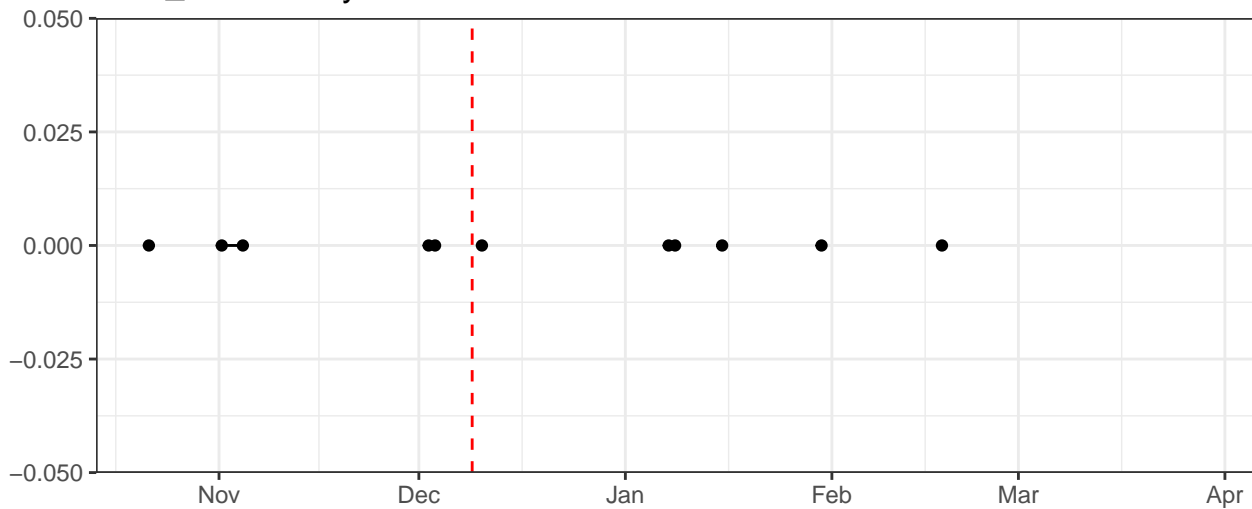
The figure is a line plot showing the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands from November to April. The x-axis represents time, with labels for November, December, January, February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid but no numerical labels. A vertical dashed red line is positioned at the end of February, indicating the start of the period from February 26 to March 15, 2020. The data shows a significant increase in cases starting in late February, peaking in early March, and then fluctuating at a higher level than the previous months.

The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The x-axis represents time, with labels for November, December, January, February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid but no numerical labels. A vertical dashed red line is positioned at the start of January 2020. The data shows a period of low case counts from November through early December, followed by a sharp increase starting in late December. The number of cases continues to rise through January and February, reaching a peak in early March, and then begins to decline towards the end of the period shown.

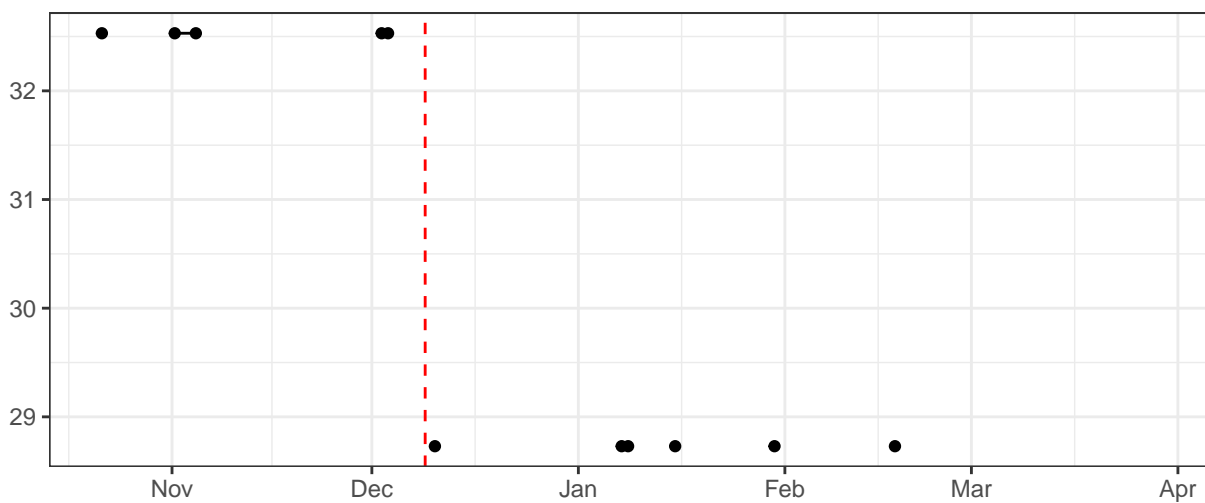
The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The x-axis represents time, with labels for November, December, January, February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. A vertical dashed red line is positioned at the end of December, indicating the start of the period of rapid increase. The data shows a sharp rise in cases starting in late December, peaking in early March at approximately 100,000 cases, and then declining towards April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time from November to April, and the y-axis represents the number of cases. A vertical dashed red line is positioned at the beginning of the data series in early December. The data shows a period of relative stability in November, followed by a sharp increase in early December. The case count continues to rise through January, peaking in late January, and then fluctuates with a general downward trend through February. A significant drop occurs in early March, followed by a sharp recovery and another peak in late March, before a final decline in April.

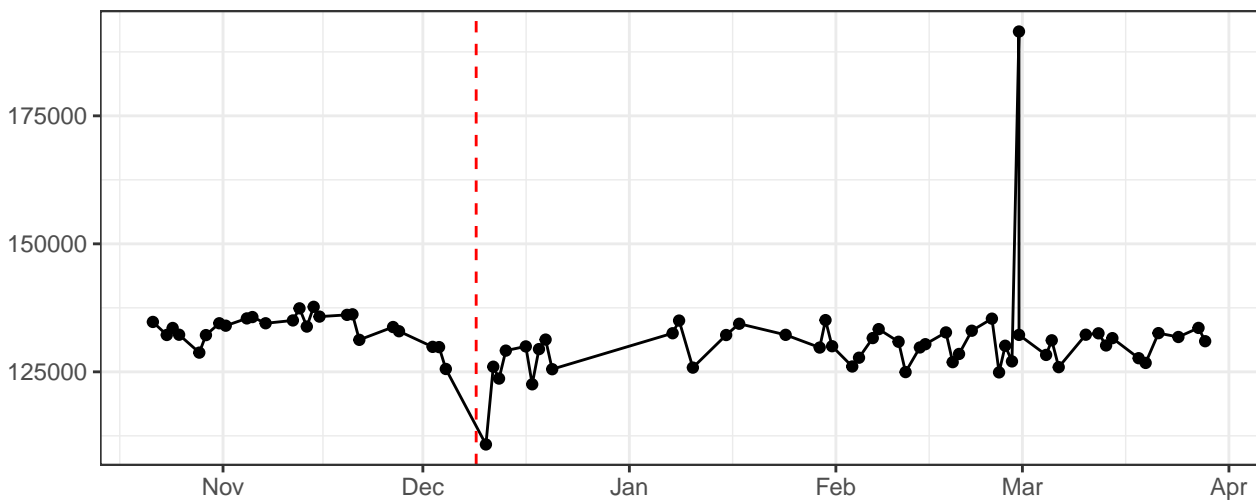
Blue_LaserDelay



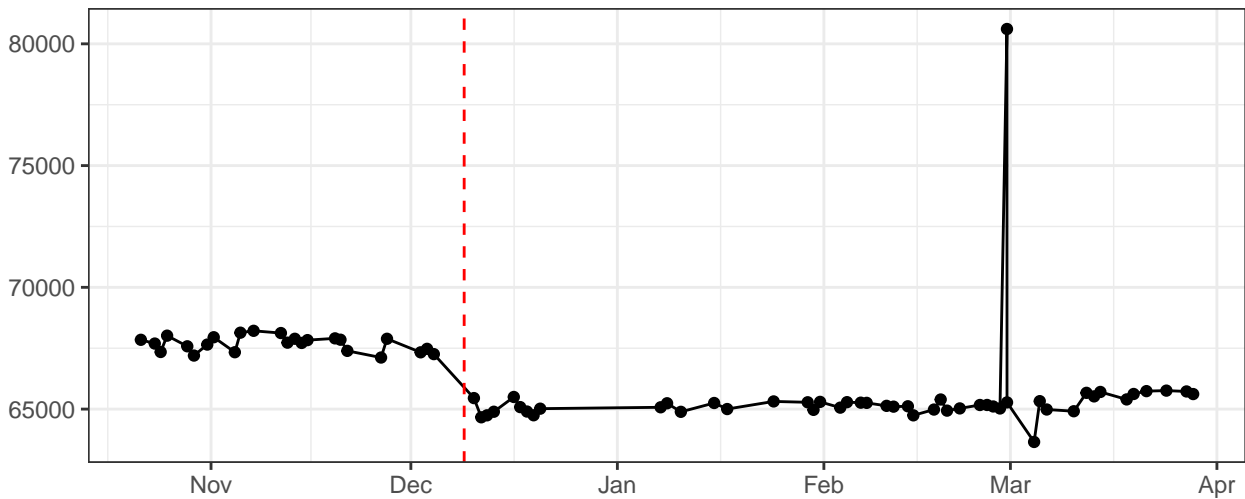
Red_LaserDelay



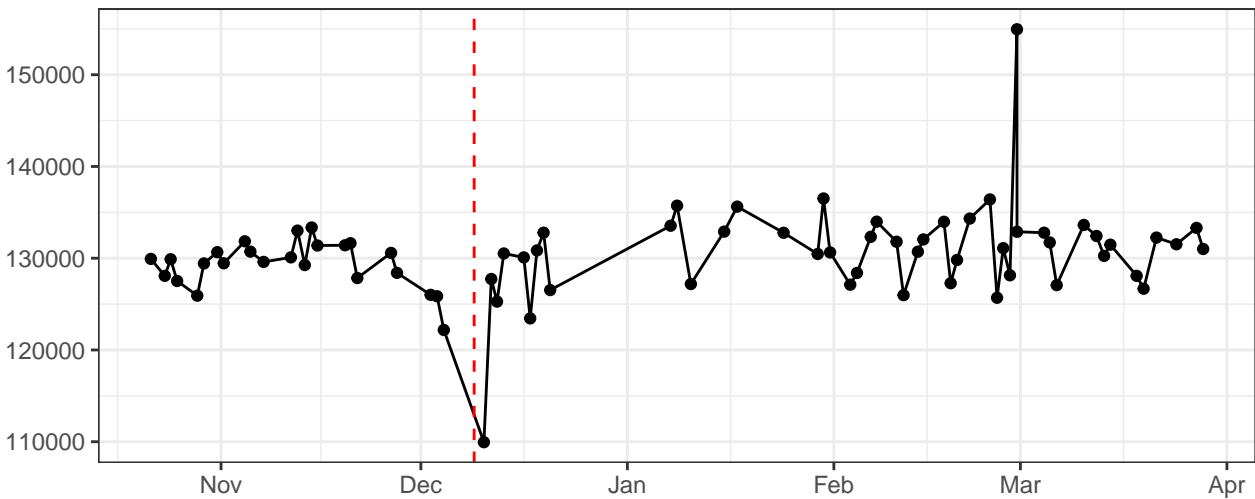
FSC-A



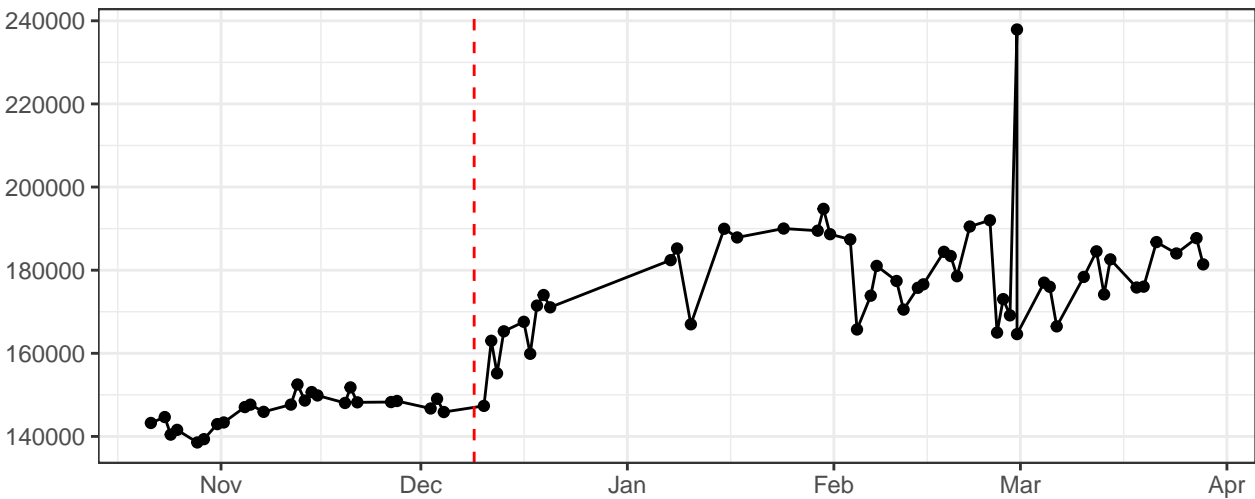
FSC-H



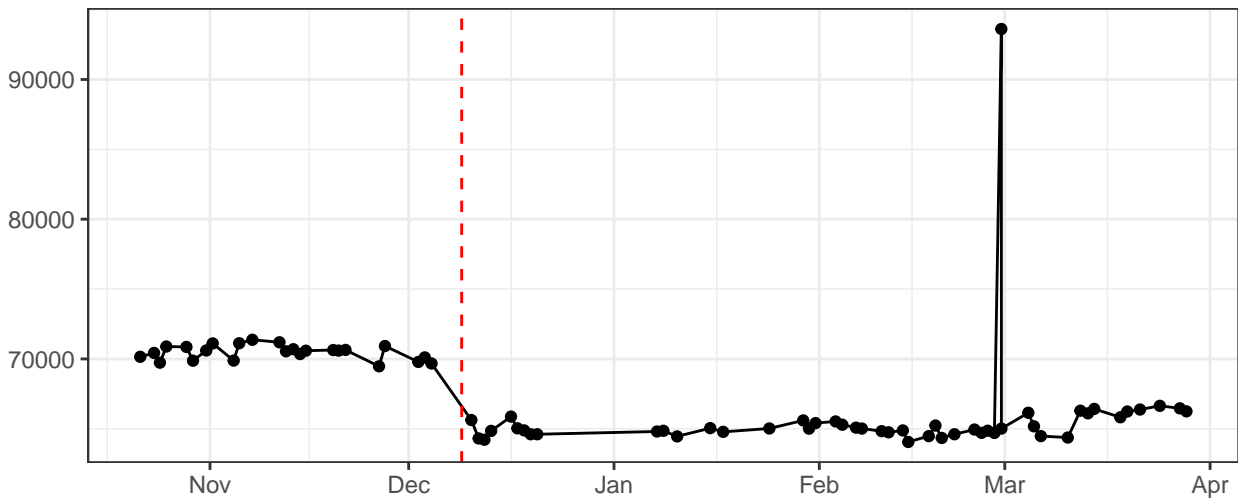
FSC-W



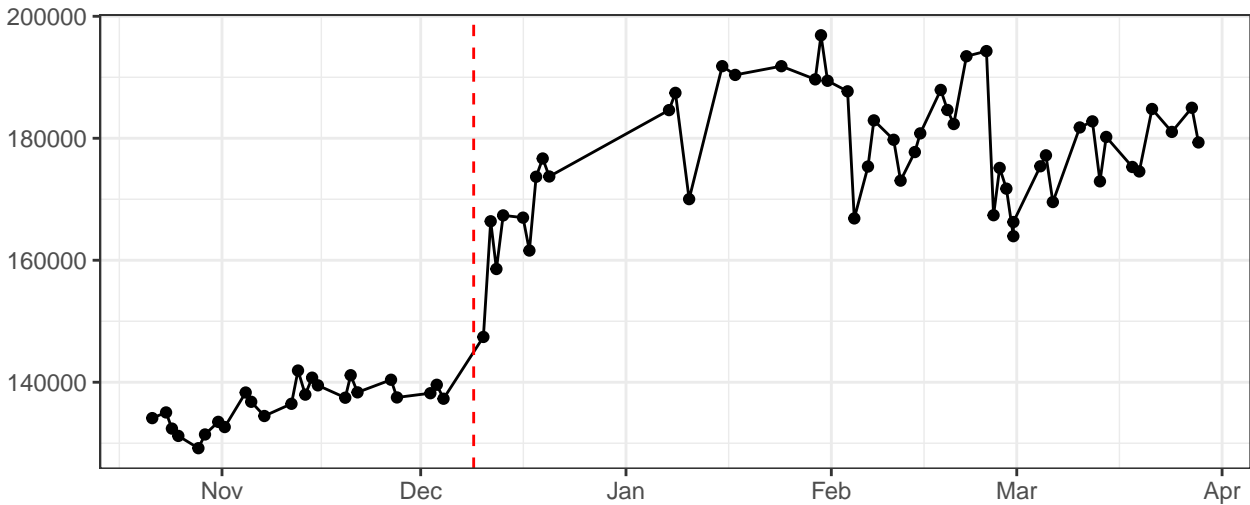
SSC-A



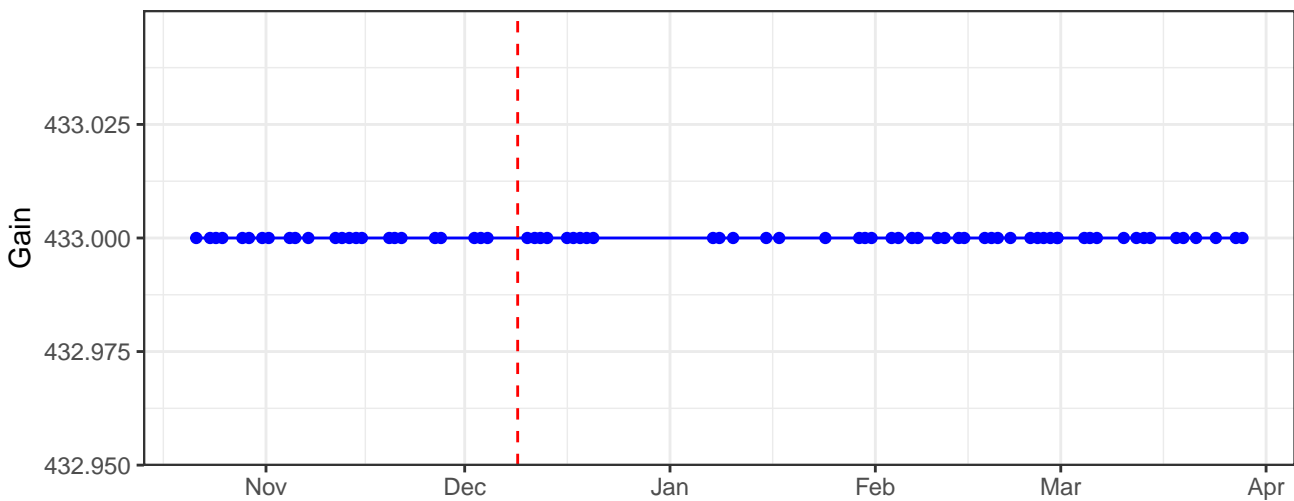
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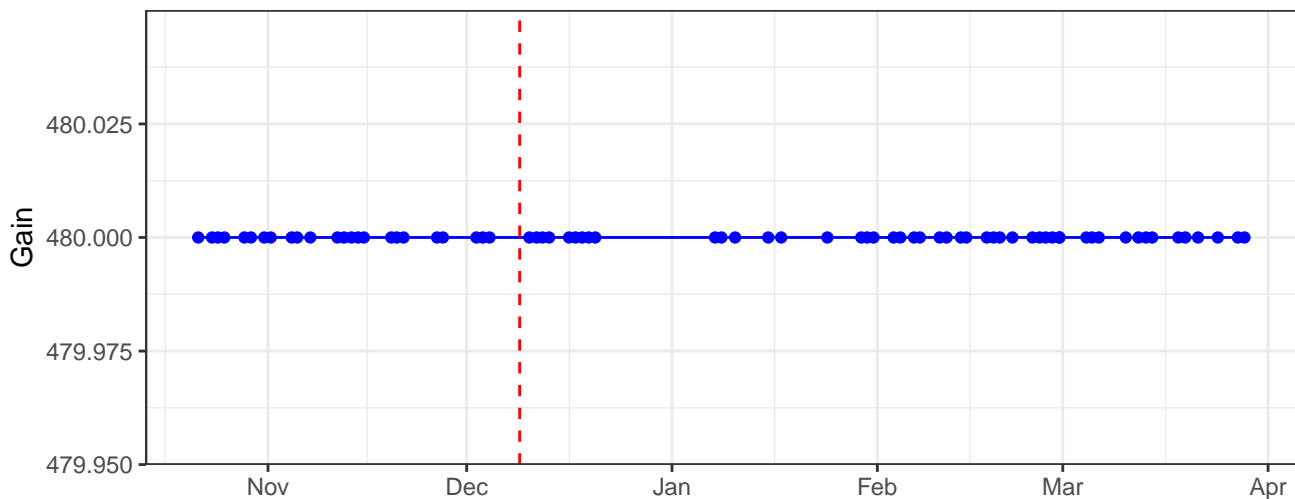
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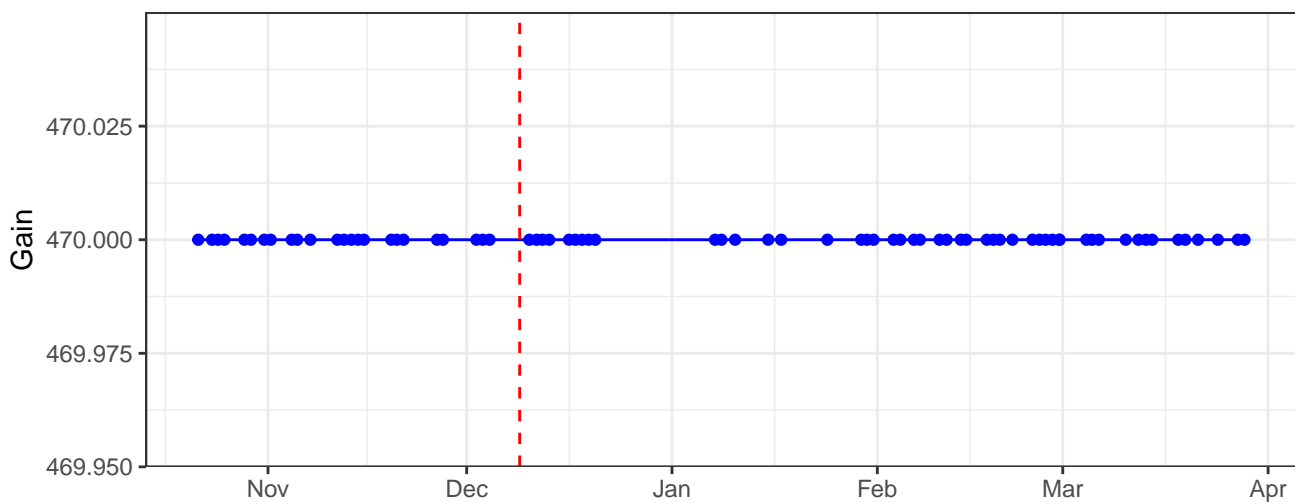
B530-A_Gain



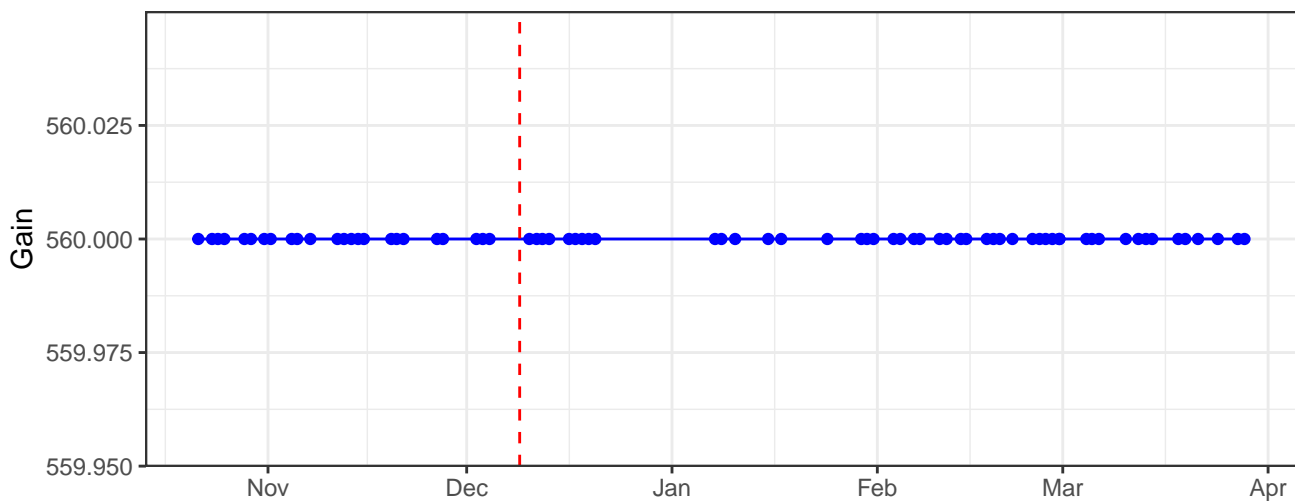
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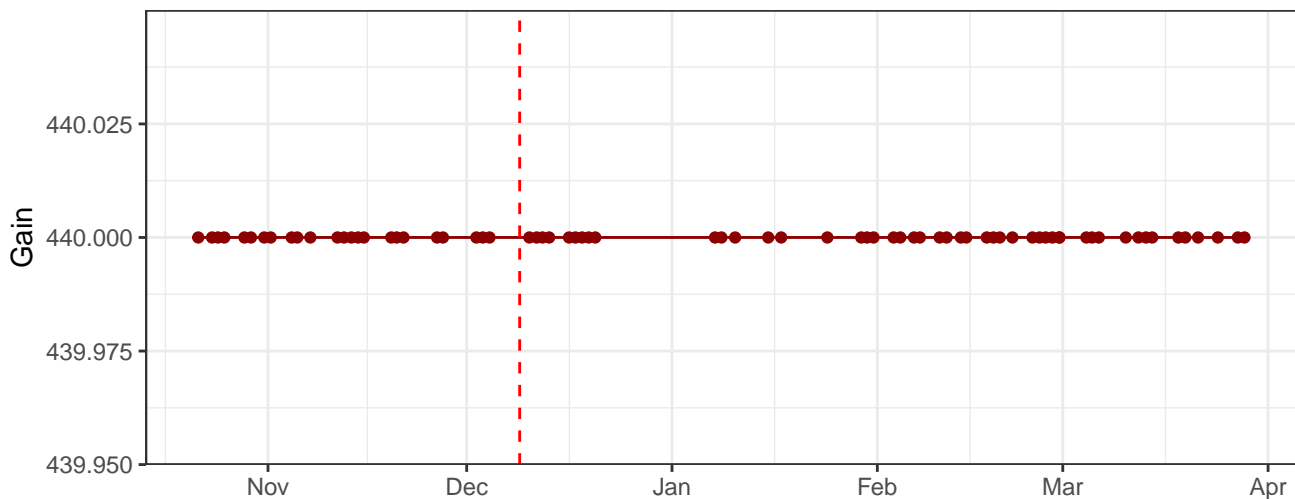
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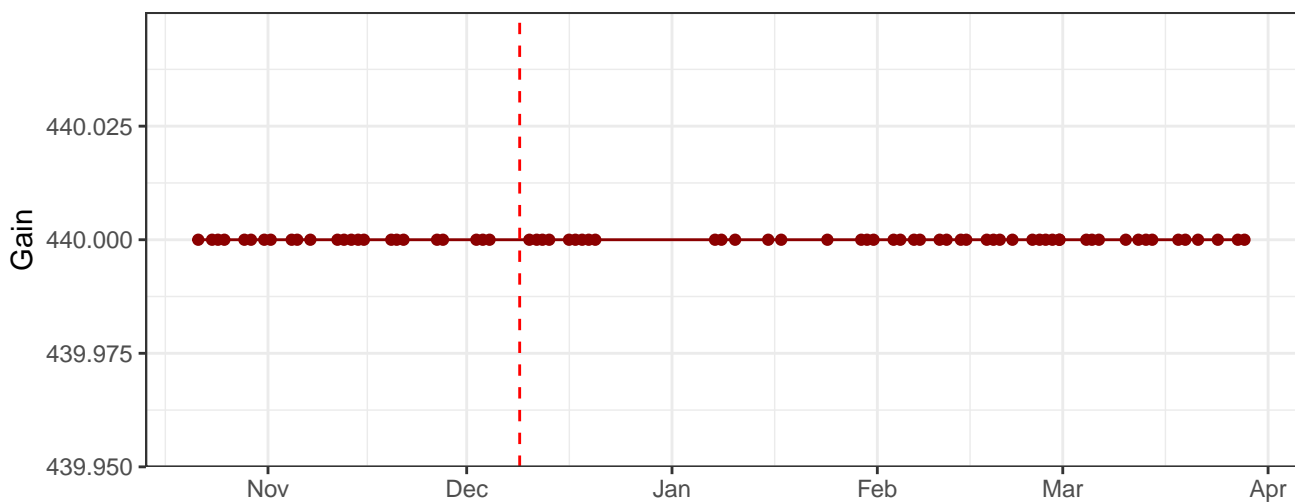
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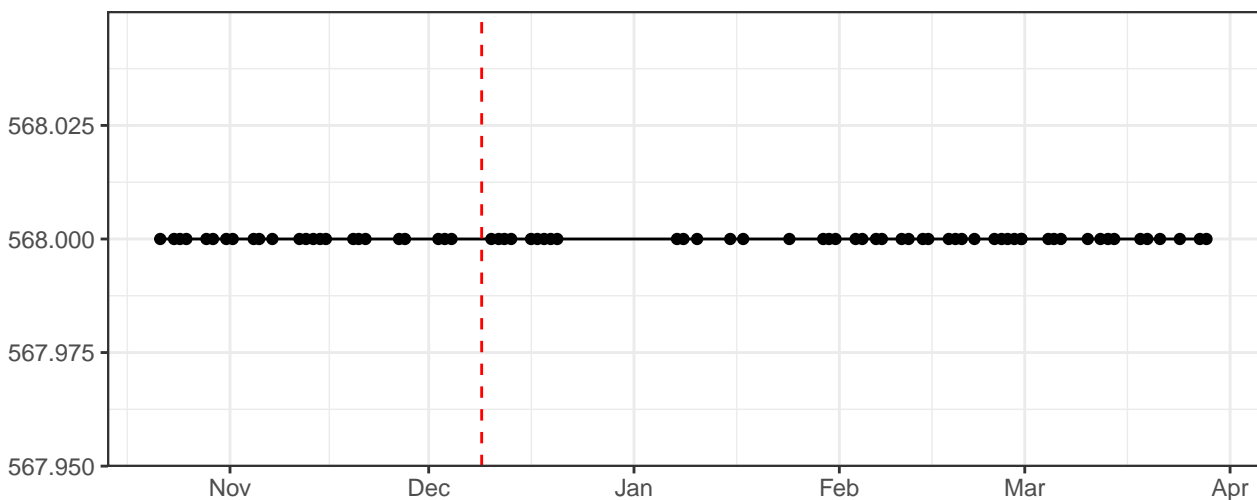
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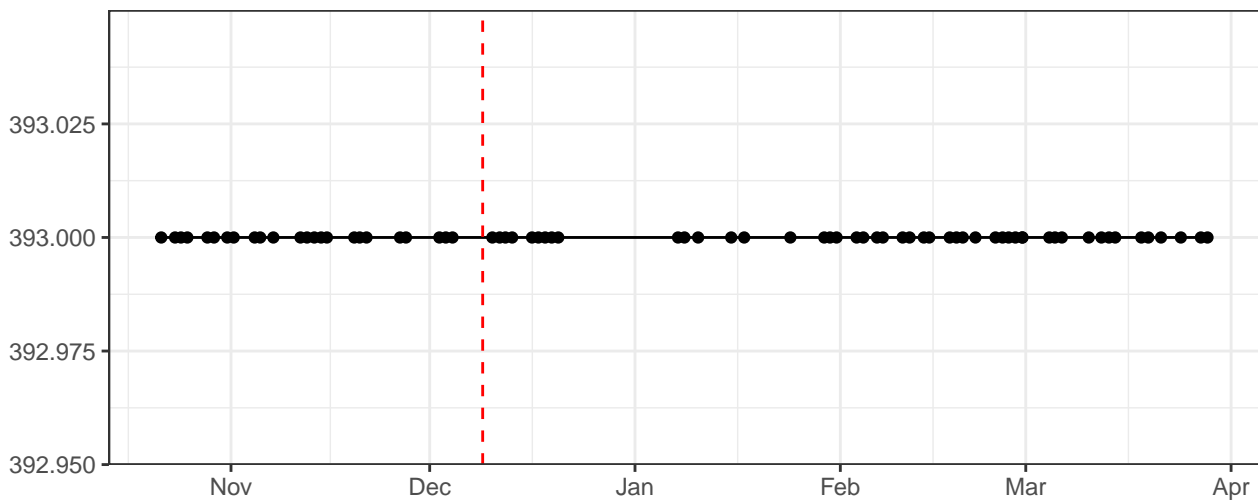
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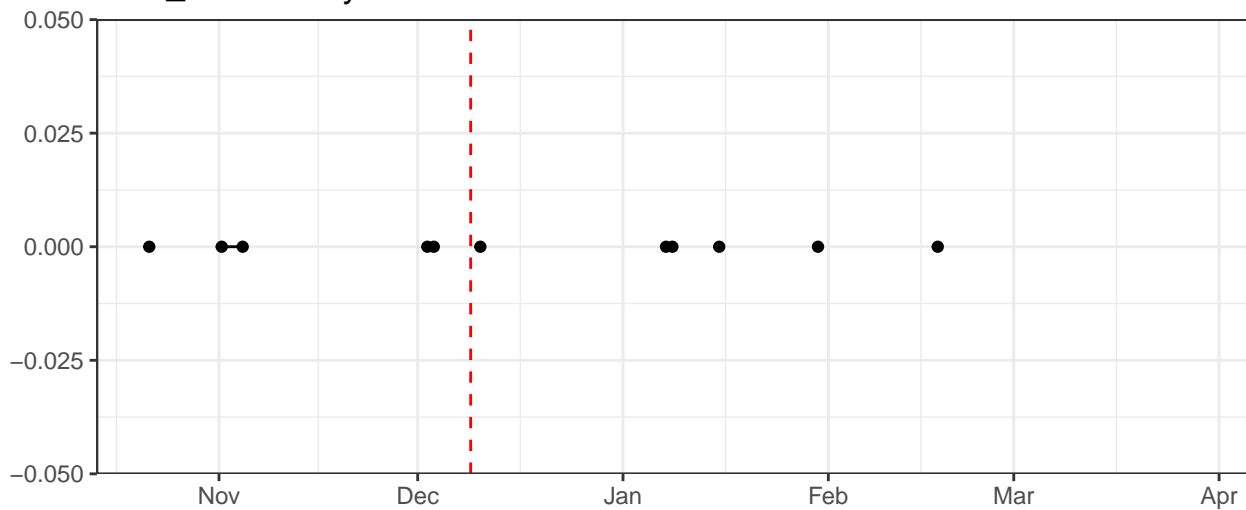
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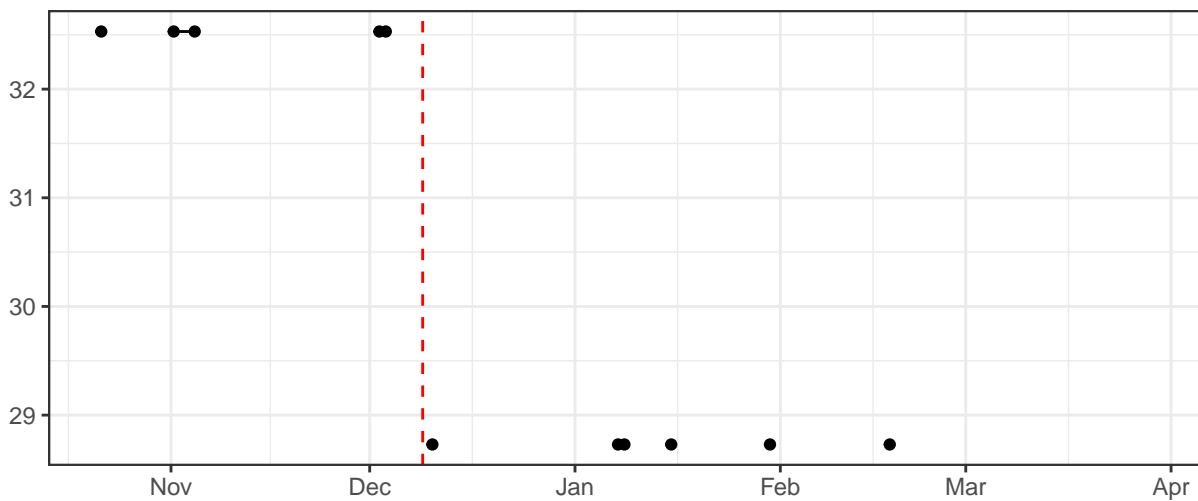
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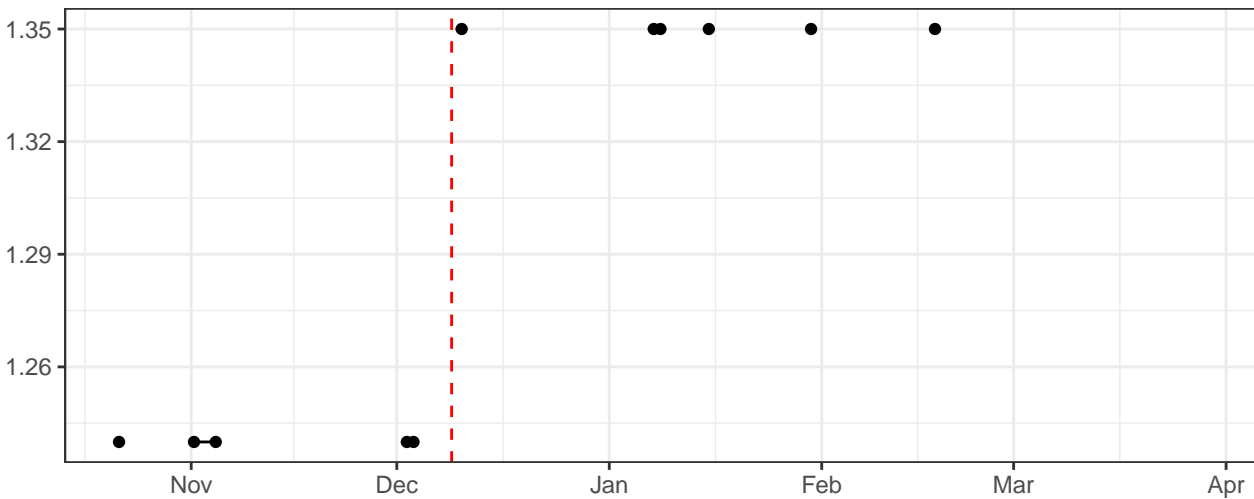
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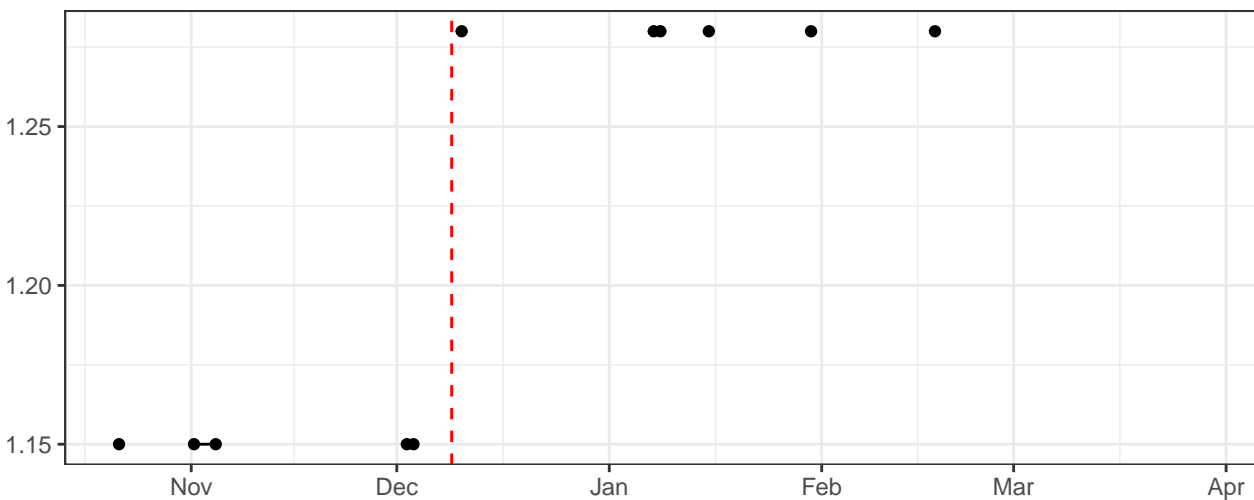
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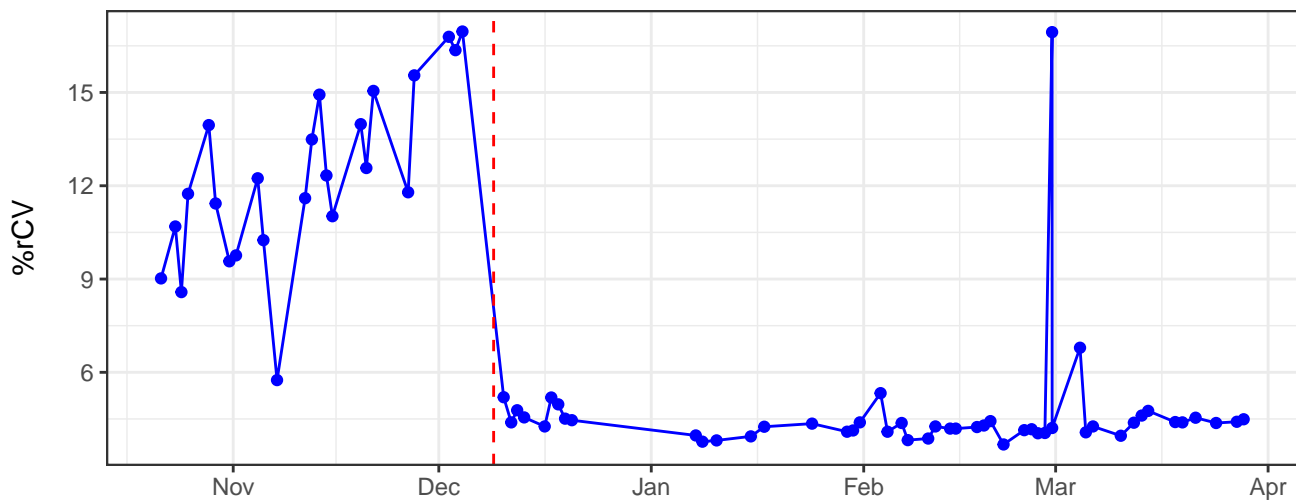
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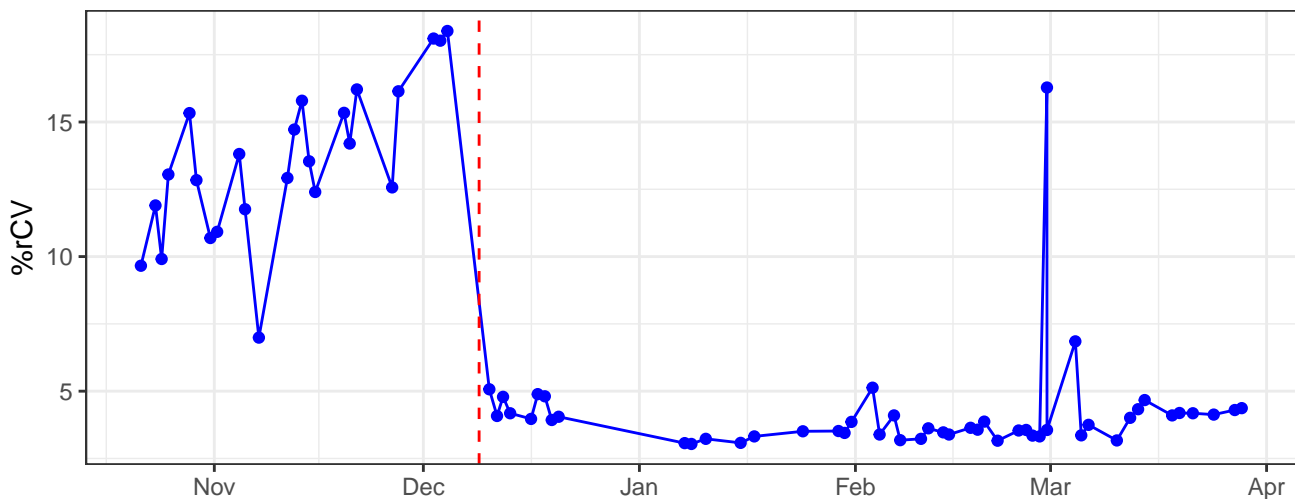
Red_AreaScalingFactor



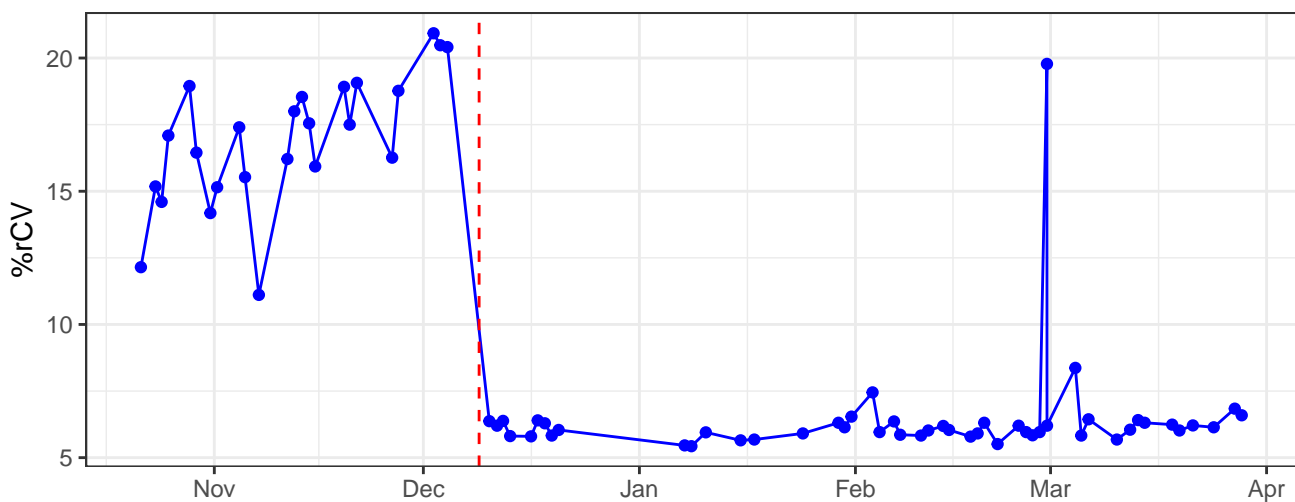
B530-A-% rCV



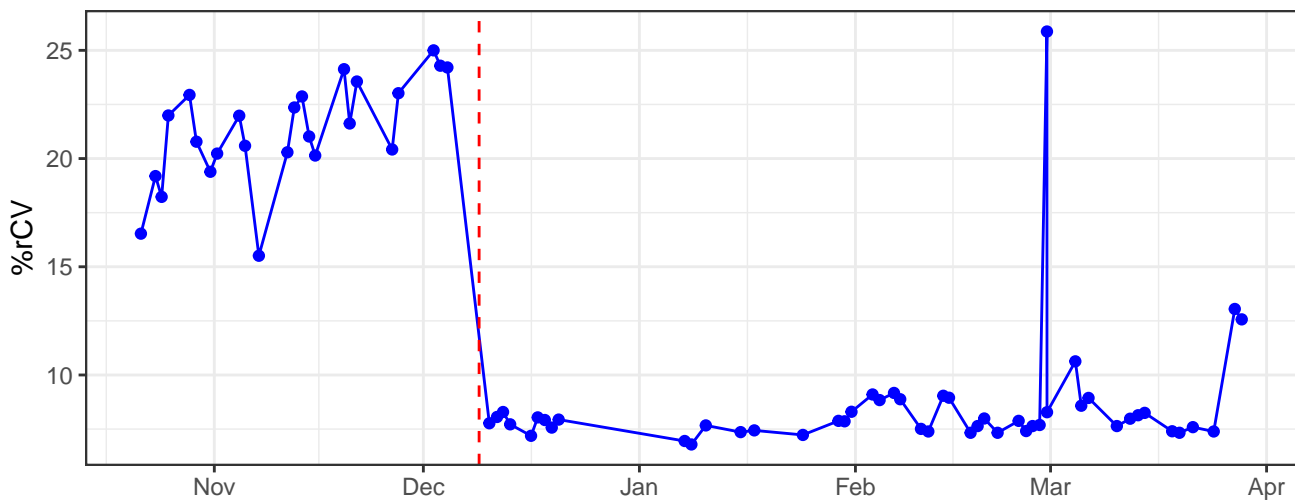
B585-A-% rCV



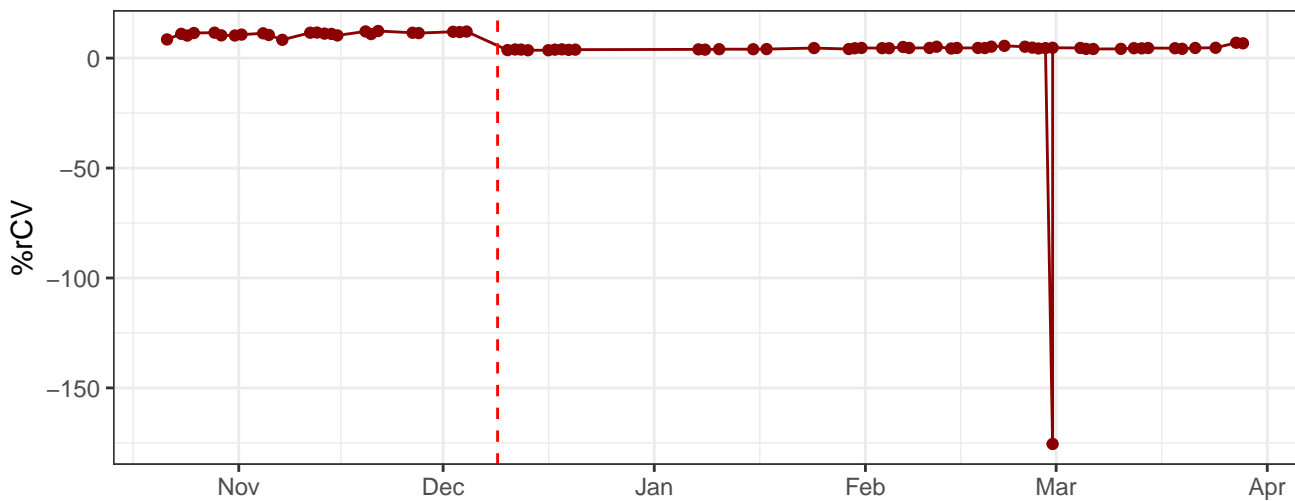
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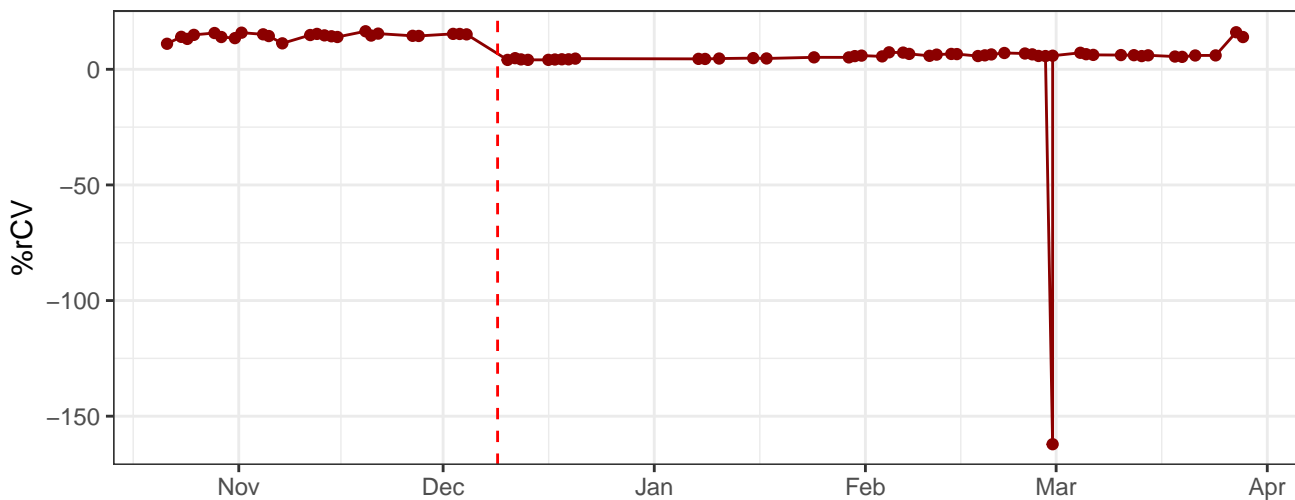
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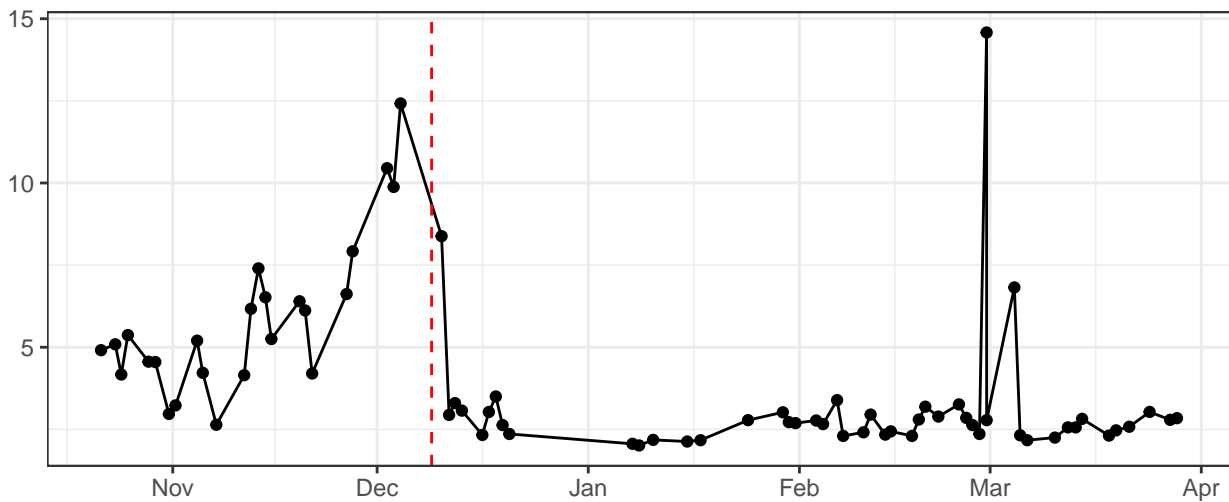
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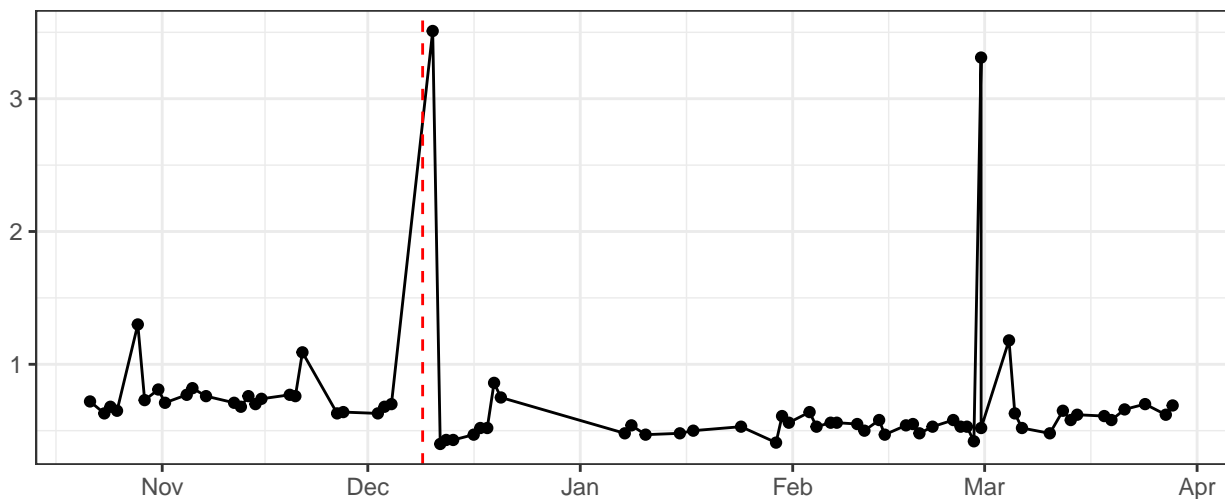
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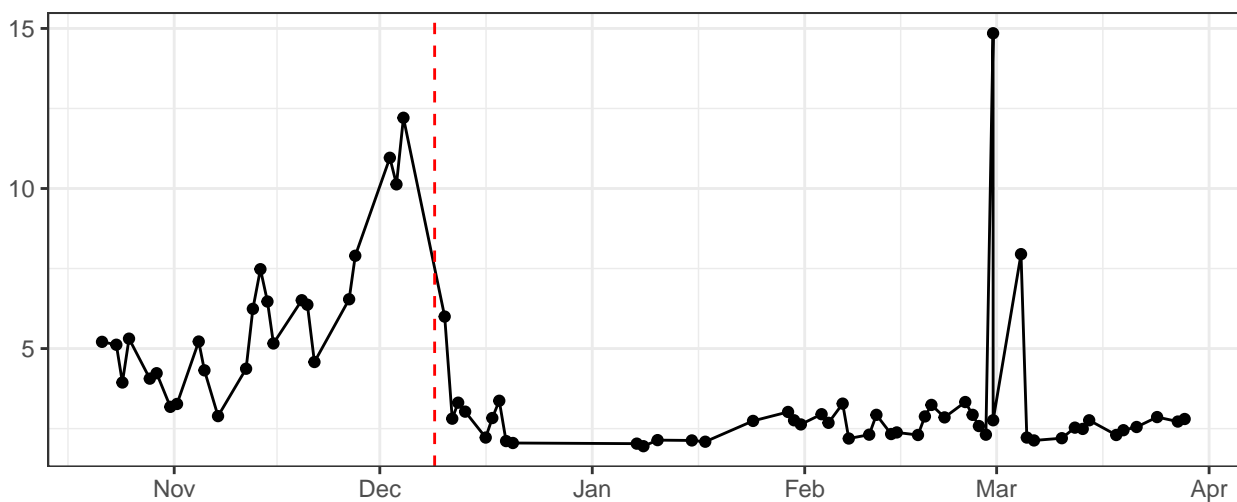
FSC-A-% rCV



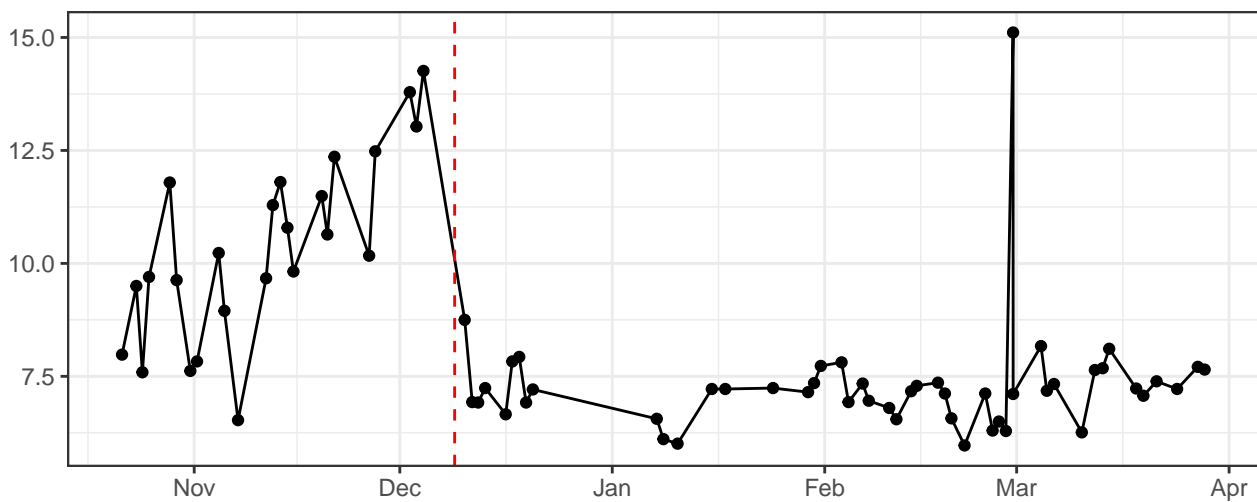
FSC-H-% rCV



FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 0 to 100,000 in increments of 20,000. The x-axis shows months from November to April. A red dashed vertical line is positioned at the beginning of December, indicating the start of the second wave. The data shows a first wave peaking in late October at approximately 60,000 cases, followed by a decline and then a second, much larger wave peaking in late February/early March at over 100,000 cases.

The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands from November to April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, ranging from 0 to 20. The x-axis represents time in months, with labels for Nov, Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. A vertical dashed red line is positioned at the beginning of December, indicating the start of the second wave. The data shows a period of relative stability in November, followed by a sharp increase in early December. The number of cases remains relatively low through January and February, but there is a significant spike in early March, reaching over 20 cases, followed by a period of fluctuation and a slight decline in April.

Month	Day	Cases
Nov	1	8
Nov	2	9
Nov	3	8
Nov	4	9
Nov	5	12
Nov	6	10
Nov	7	8
Nov	8	10
Nov	9	9
Nov	10	6
Nov	11	10
Nov	12	11
Nov	13	12
Nov	14	10
Nov	15	11
Nov	16	12
Nov	17	10
Nov	18	12
Nov	19	13
Nov	20	14
Nov	21	13
Nov	22	14
Nov	23	9
Nov	24	7
Nov	25	7
Nov	26	7
Nov	27	8
Nov	28	7
Nov	29	7
Nov	30	7
Dec	1	7
Dec	2	7
Dec	3	7
Dec	4	7
Dec	5	7
Dec	6	7
Dec	7	7
Dec	8	7
Dec	9	7
Dec	10	7
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Jan	1	7
Jan	2	7
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Mar	26	7
Mar	27	7
Mar	28	7
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Mar	30	7
Mar	31	7
Apr	1	7
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Apr	8	7</