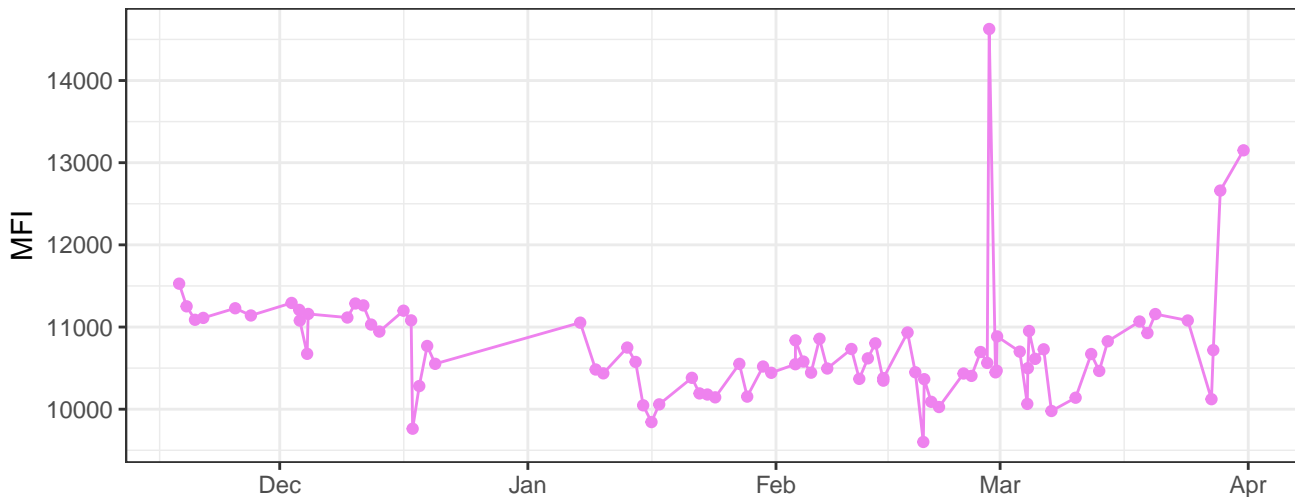
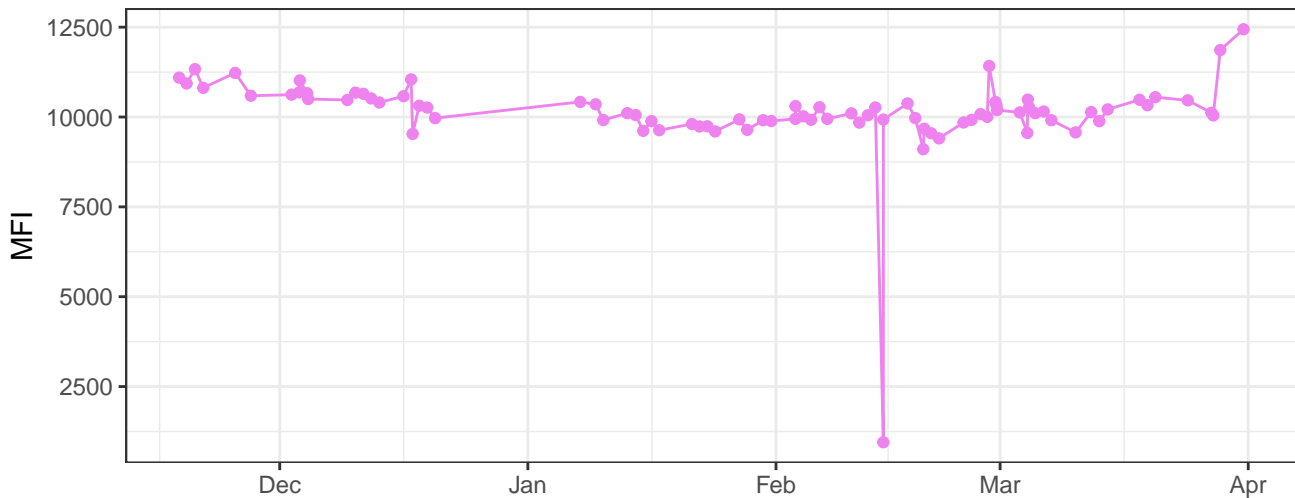


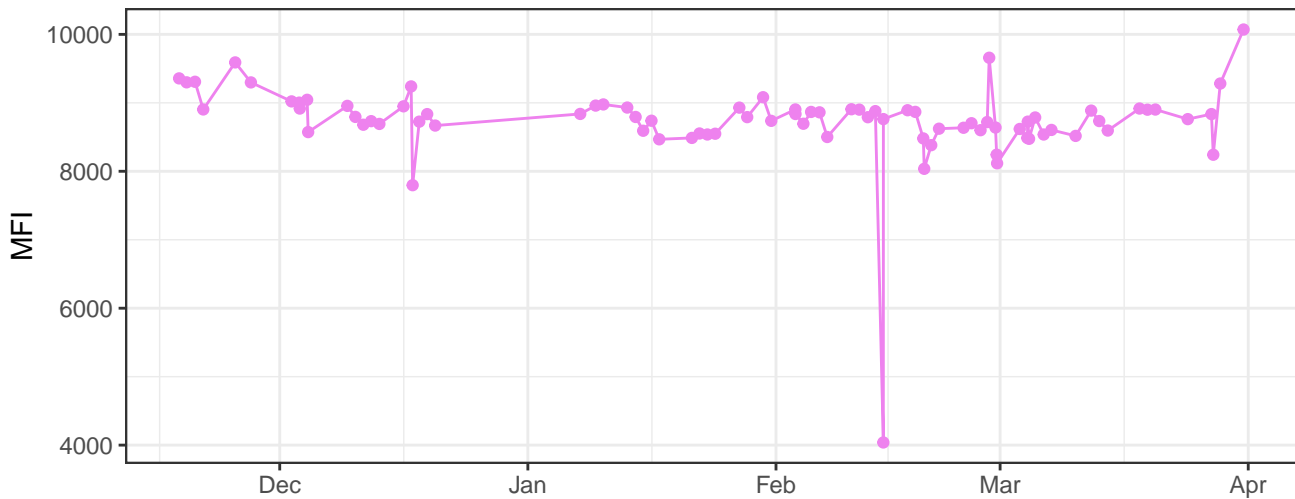
V450-A



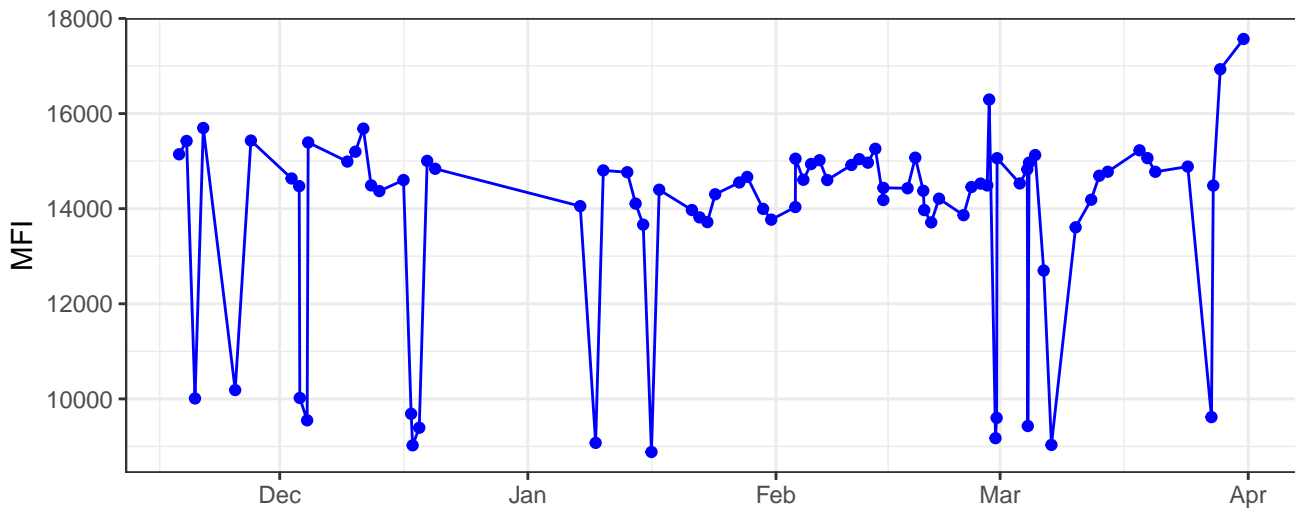
V530-A



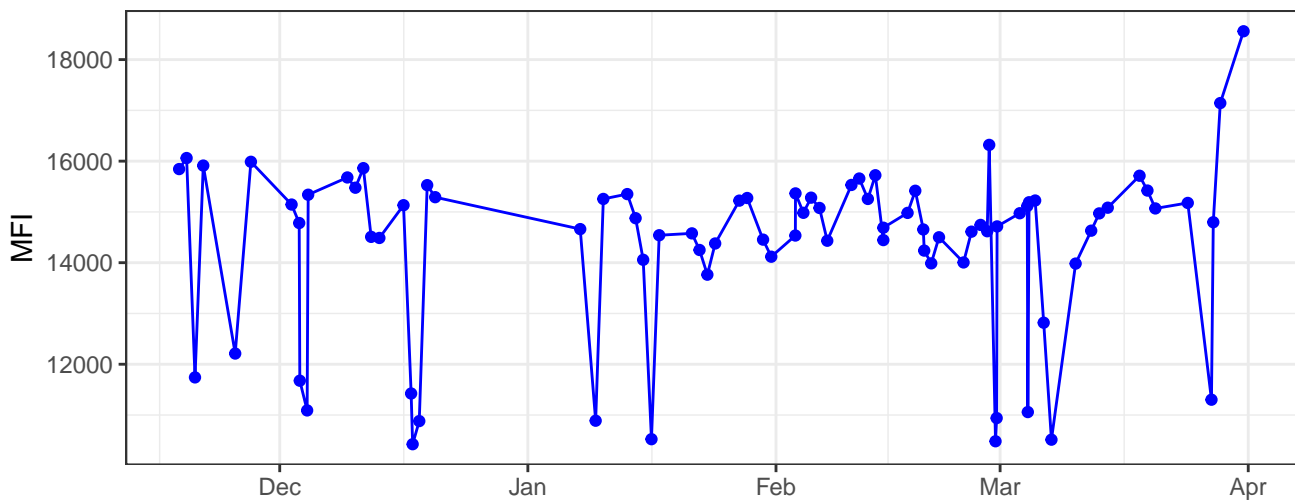
V710-A



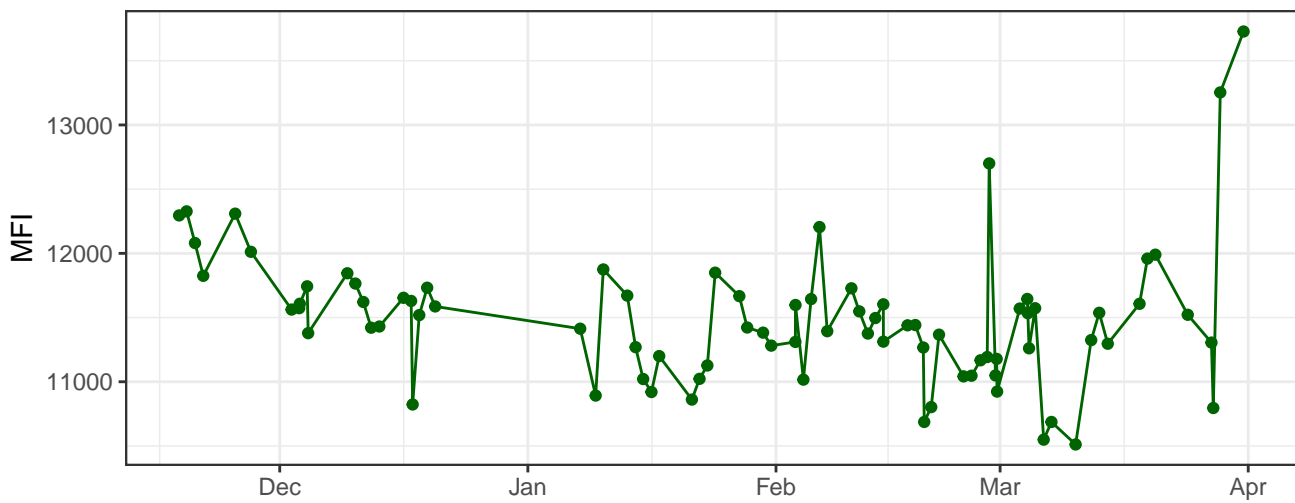
B530-A



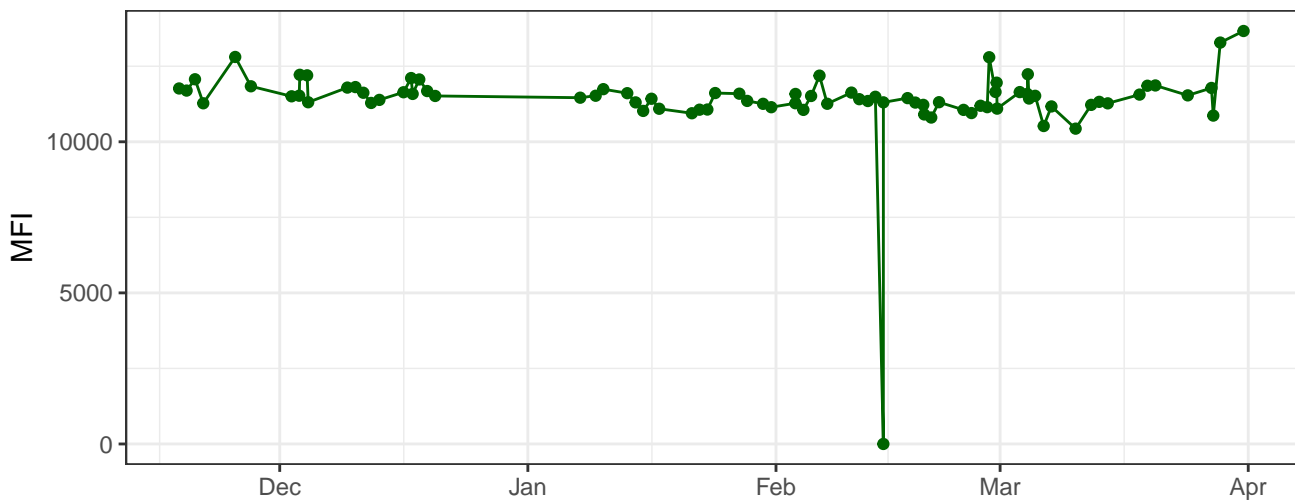
B695-A



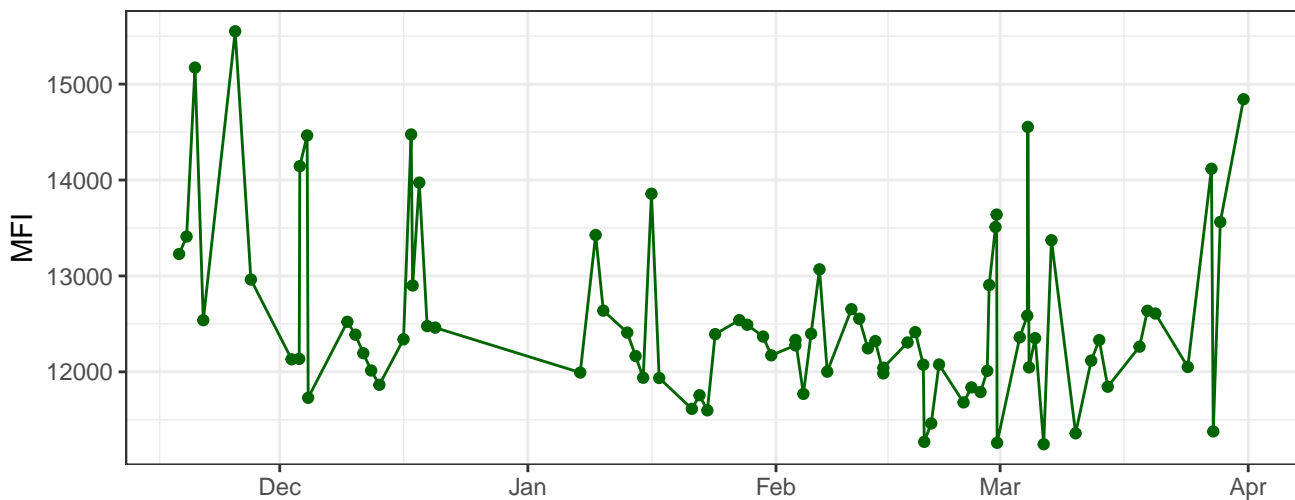
Y590-A



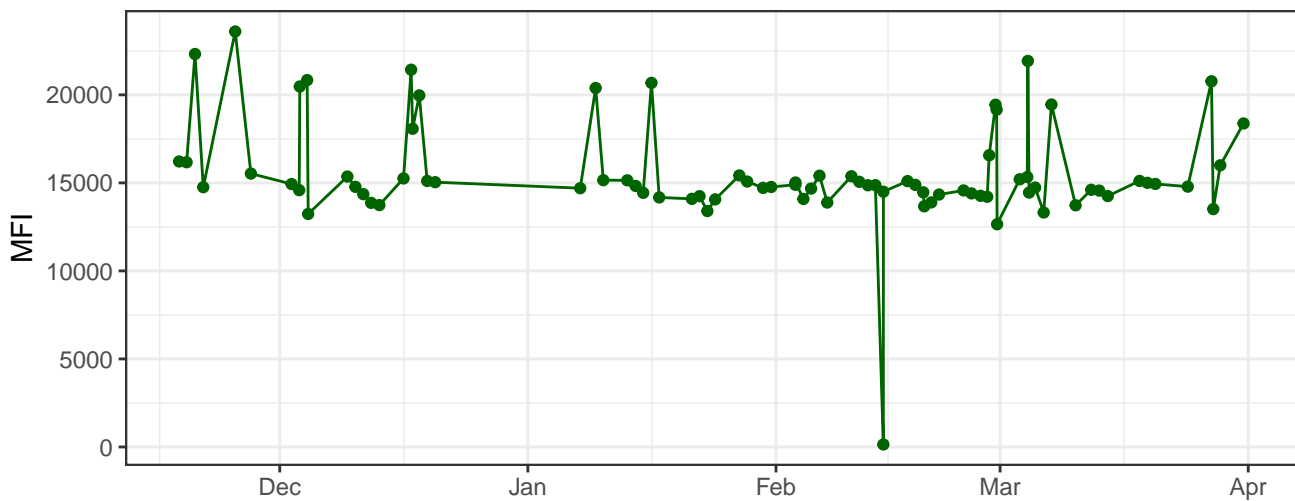
Y610-A



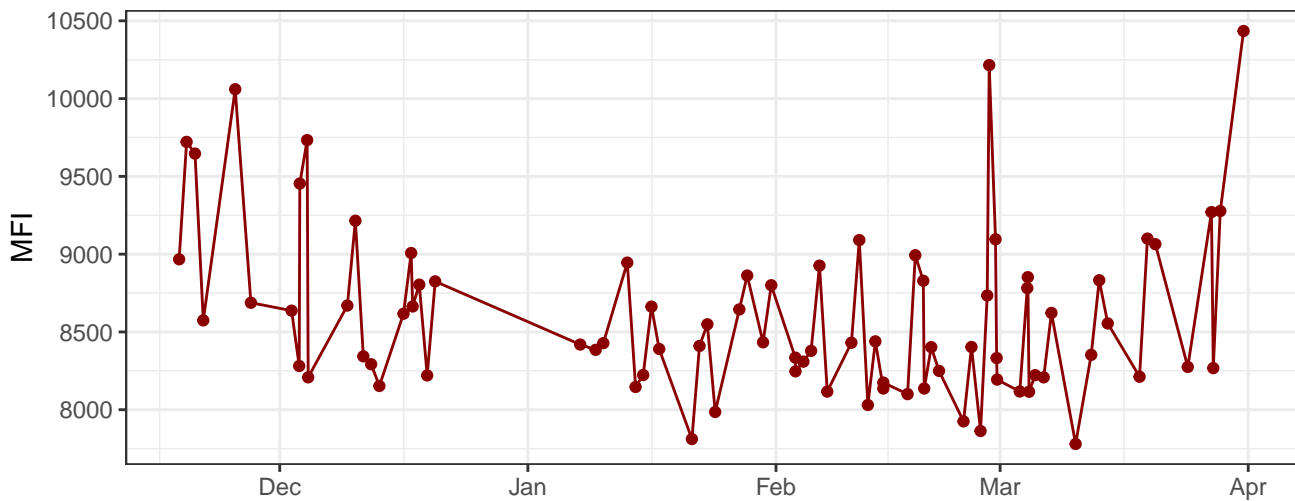
Y670-A



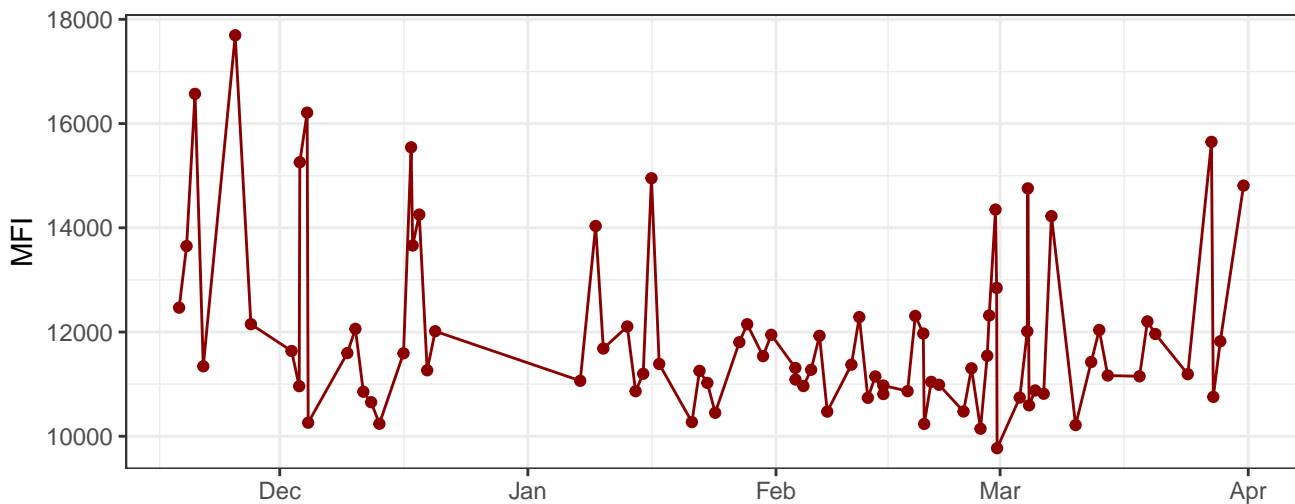
Y780-A



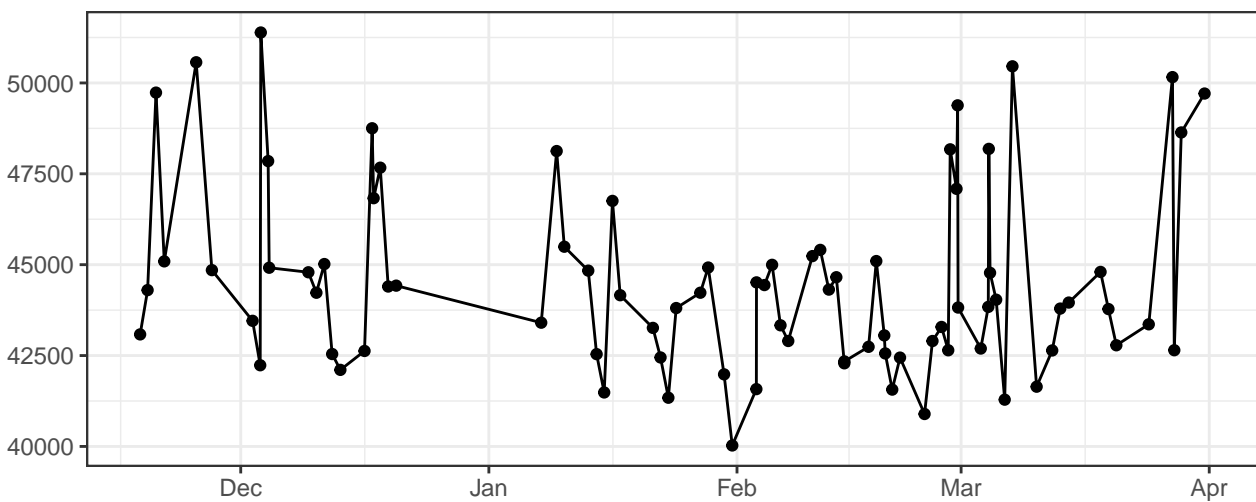
R660-A



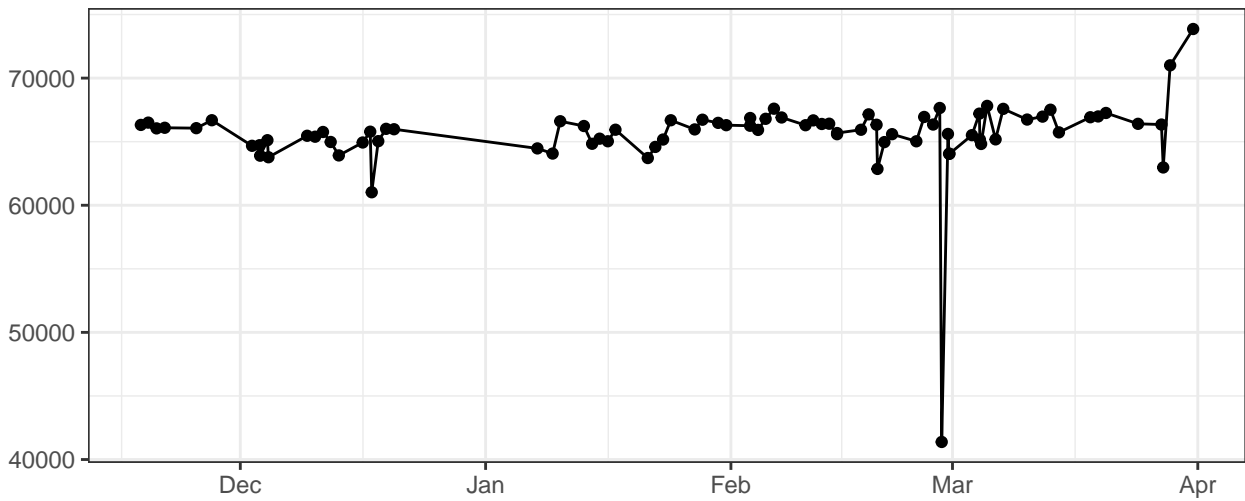
R780-A



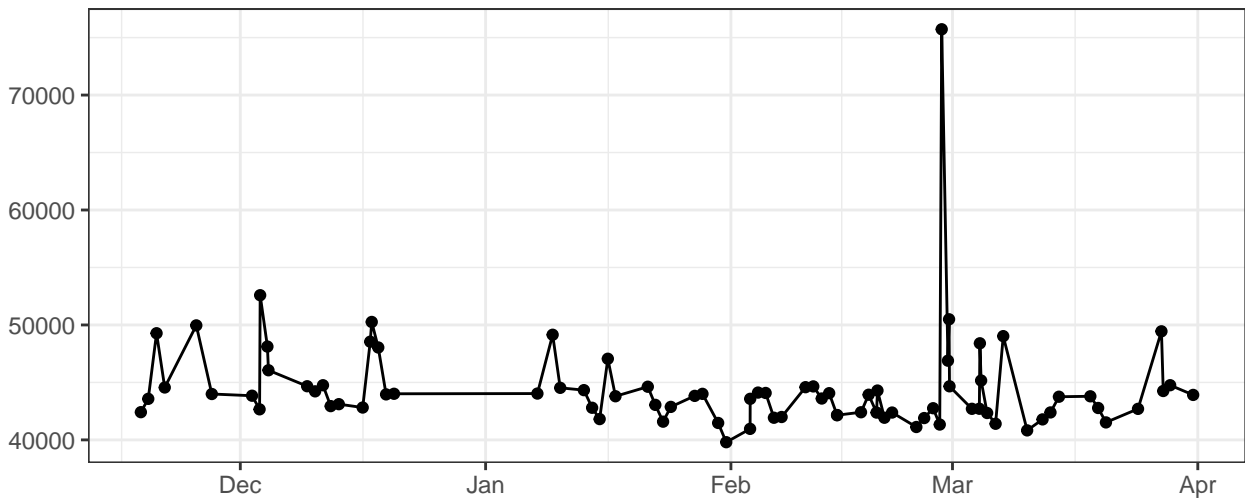
FSC-A



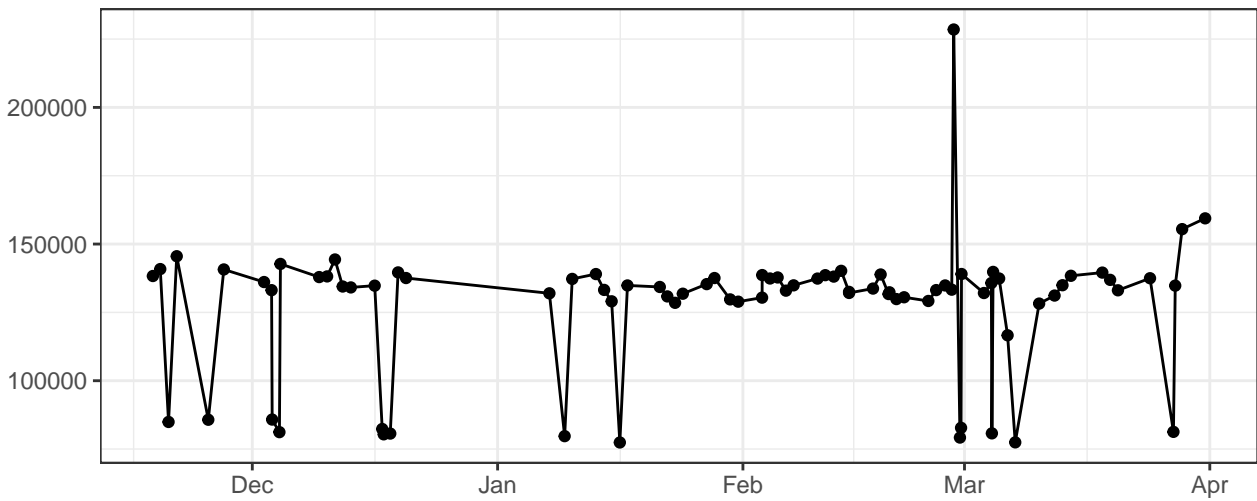
FSC-H



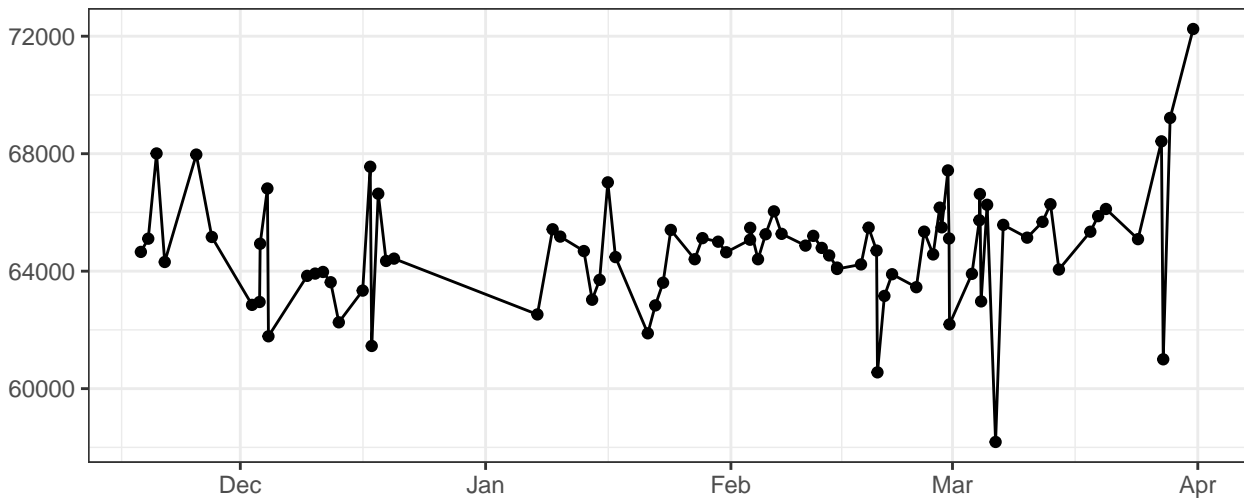
FSC-W



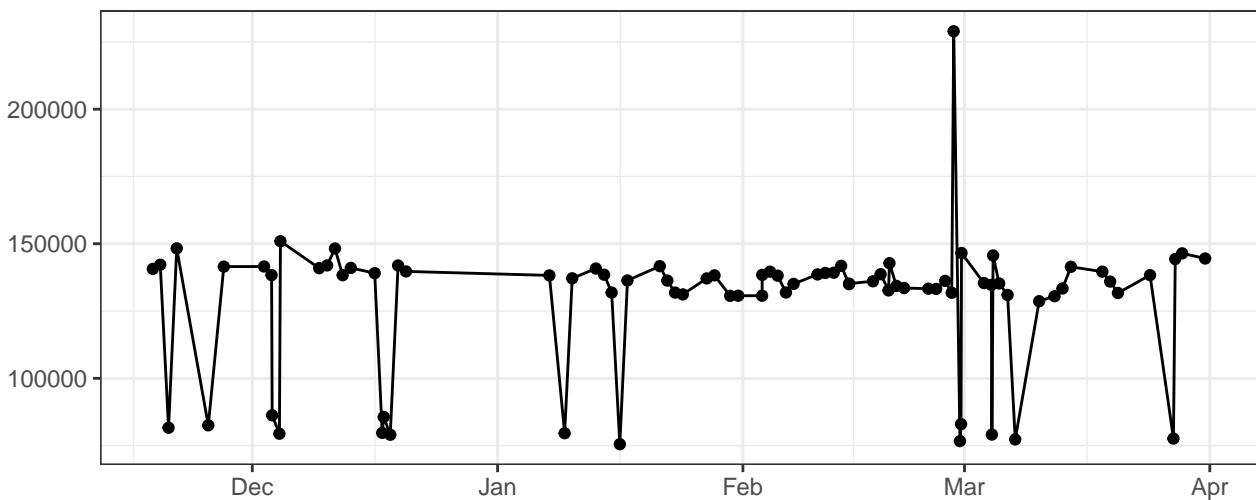
SSC-A



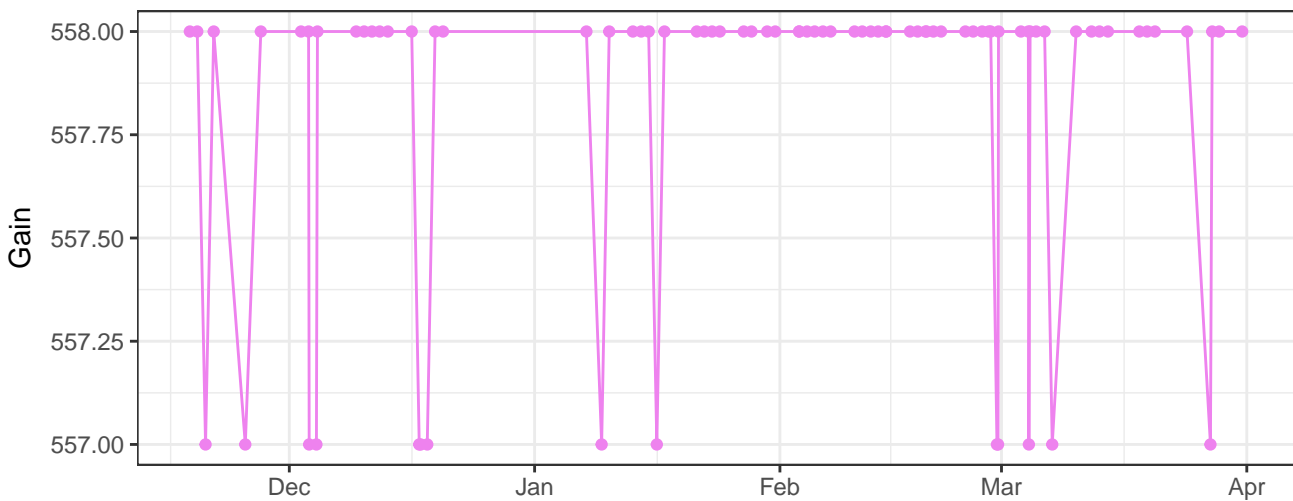
SSC-H



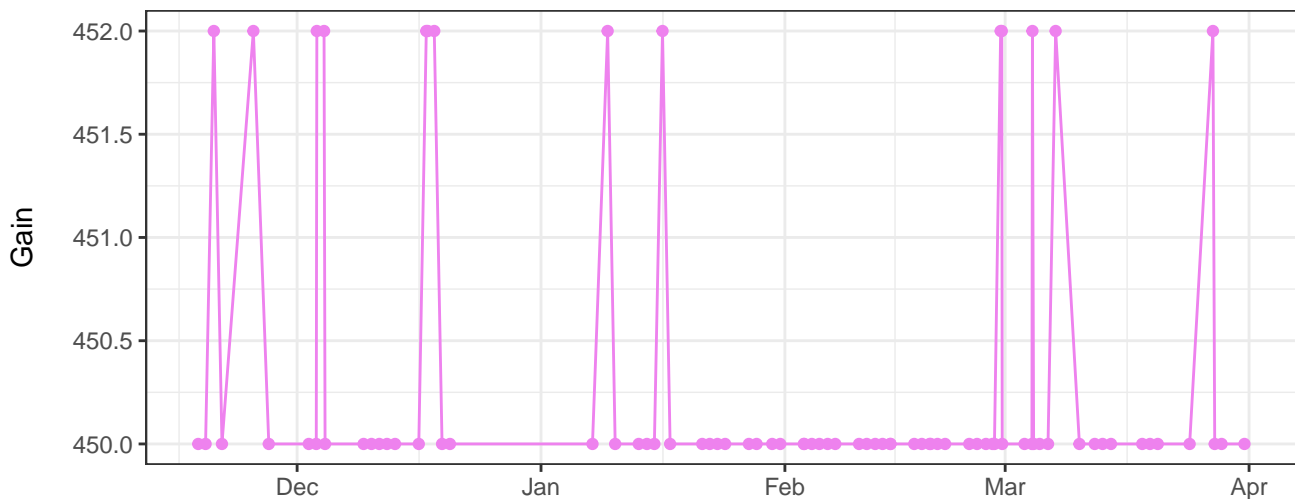
SSC-W



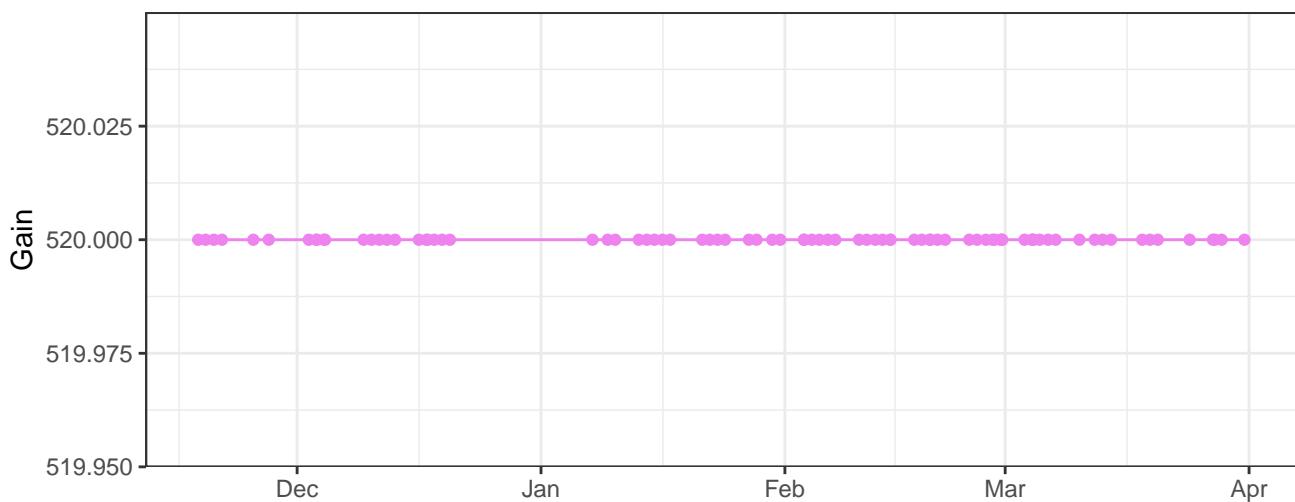
V450-A_Gain



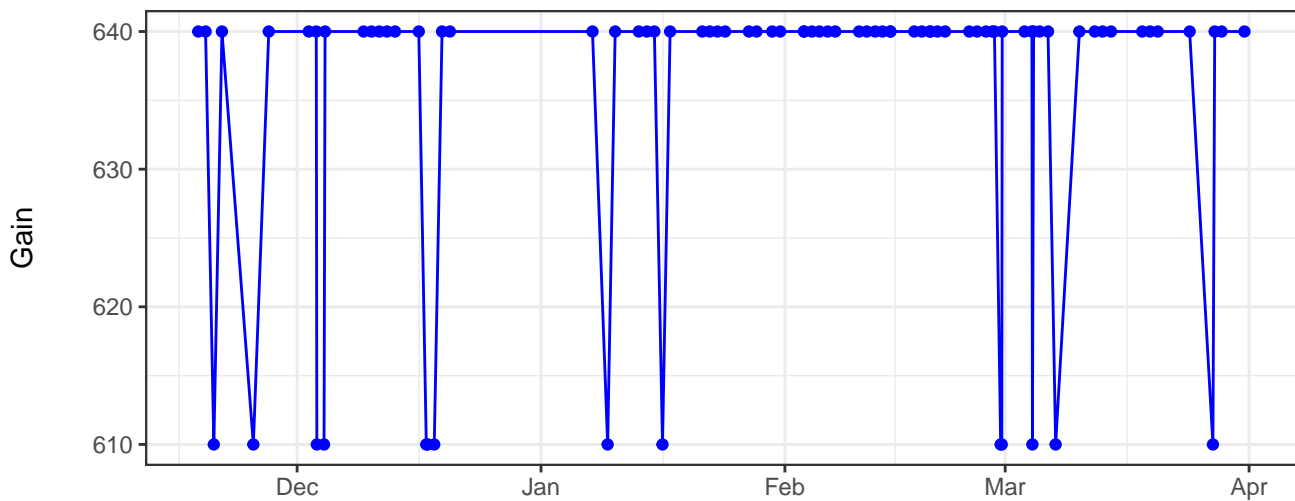
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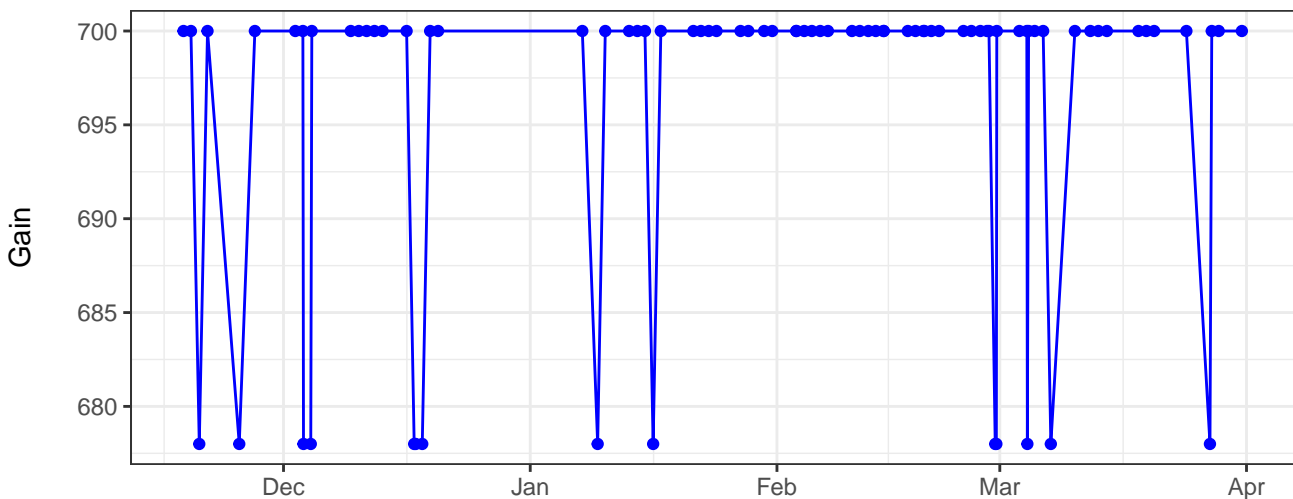
V710-A_Gain



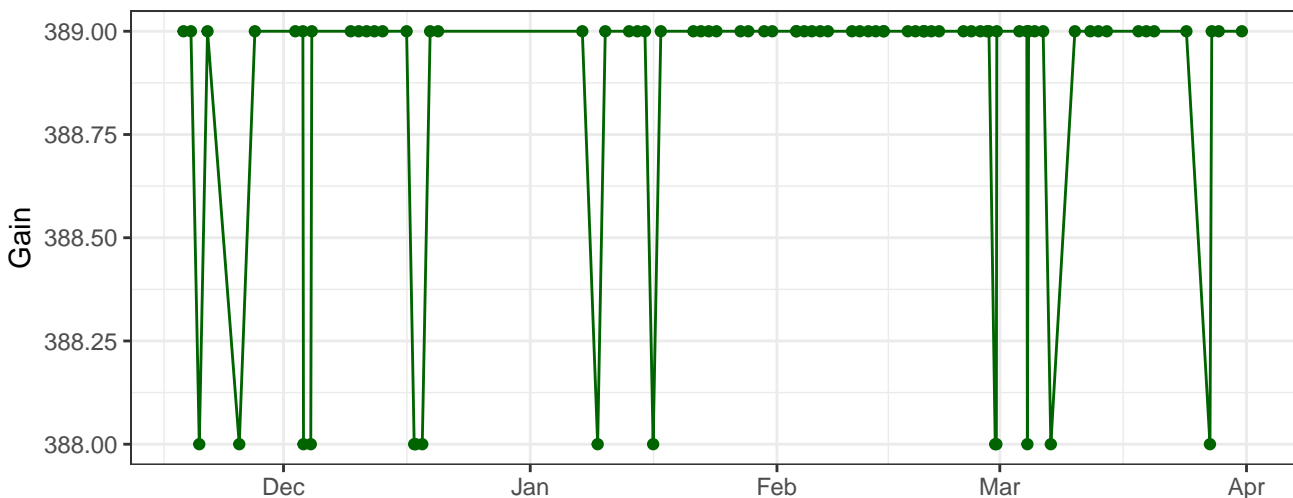
B530-A_Gain



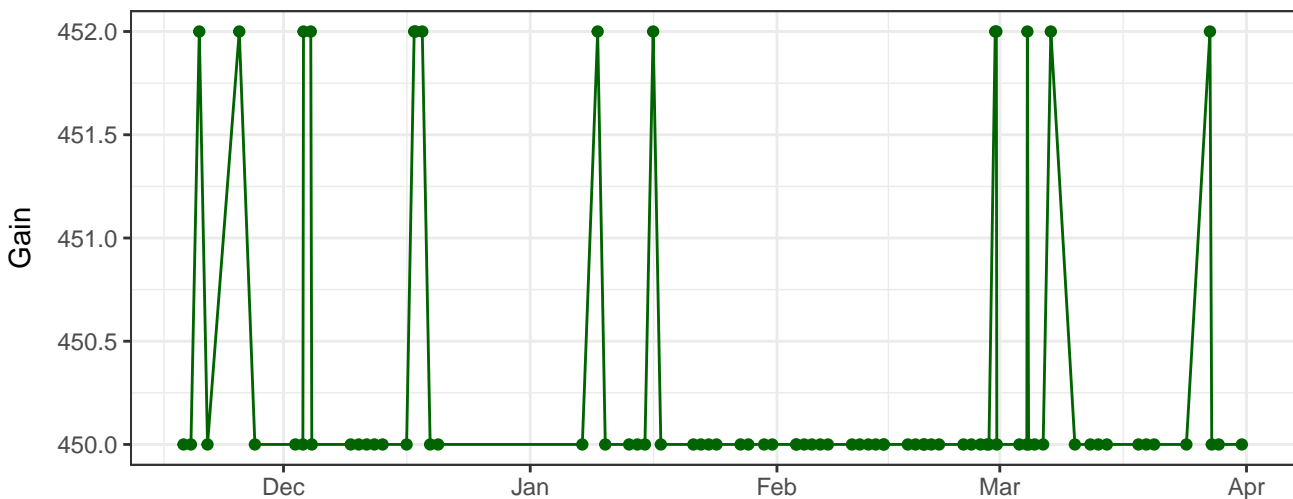
B695-A_Gain



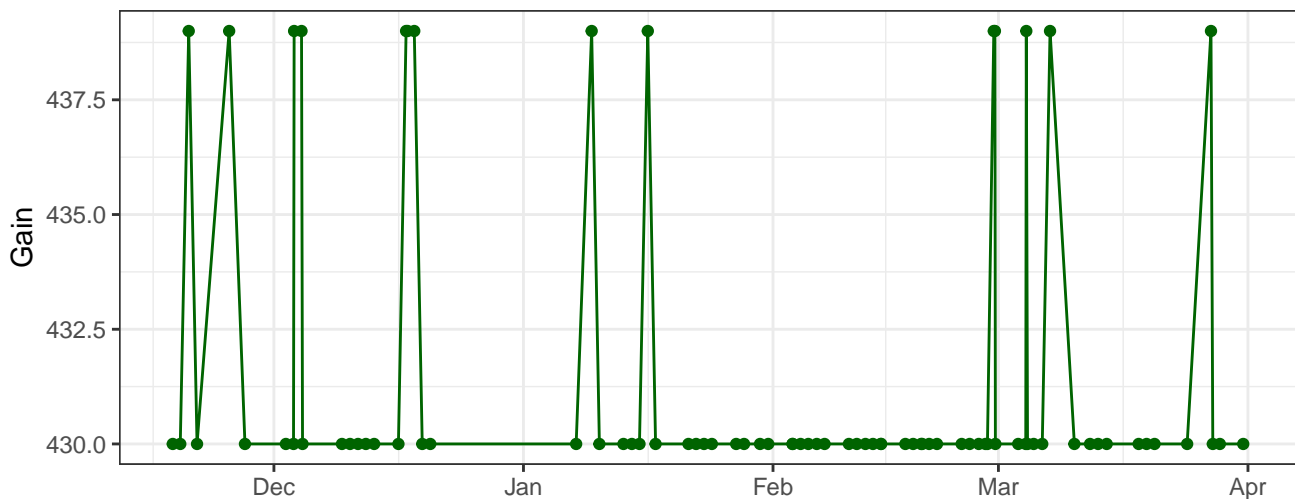
Y590-A_Gain



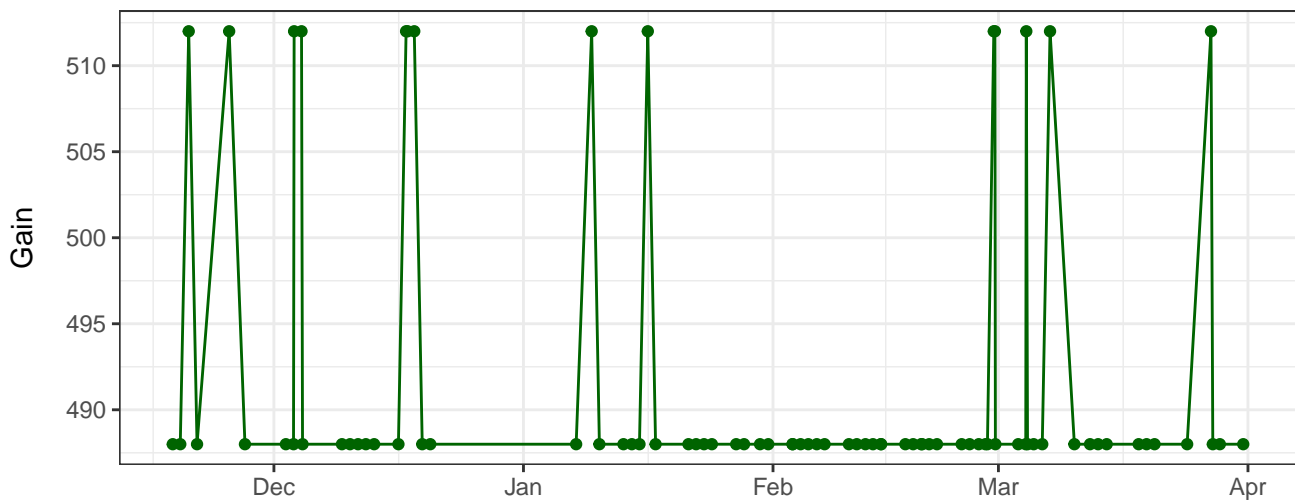
Y610-A_Gain



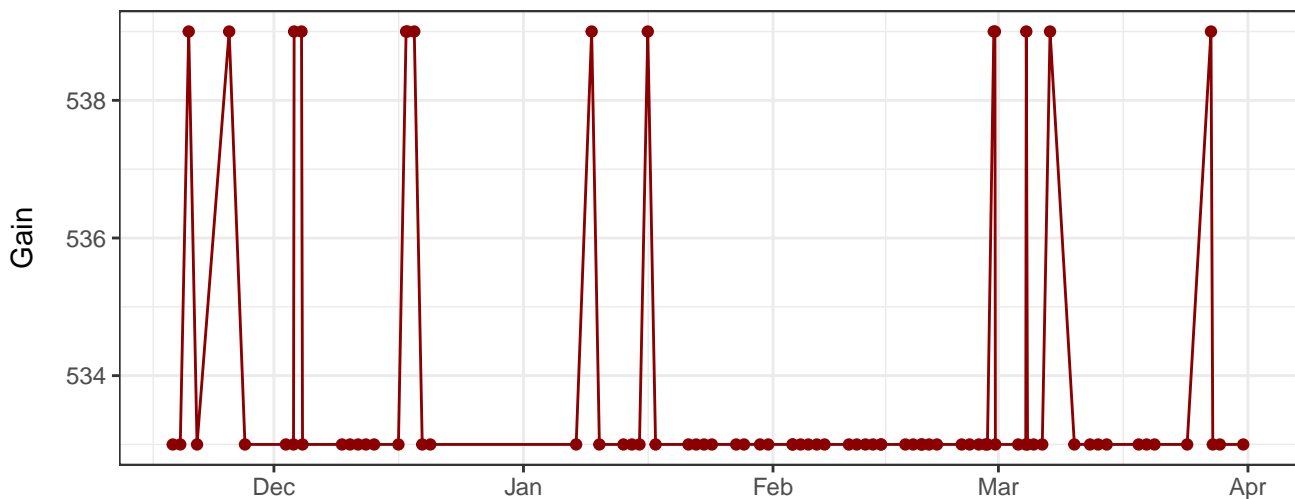
Y670-A_Gain



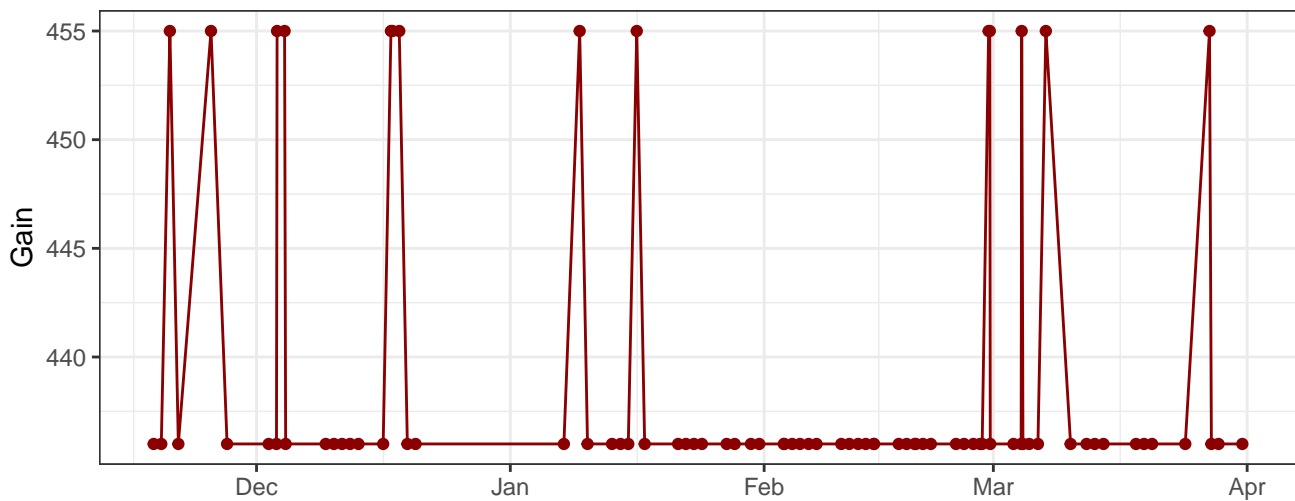
Y780-A_Gain



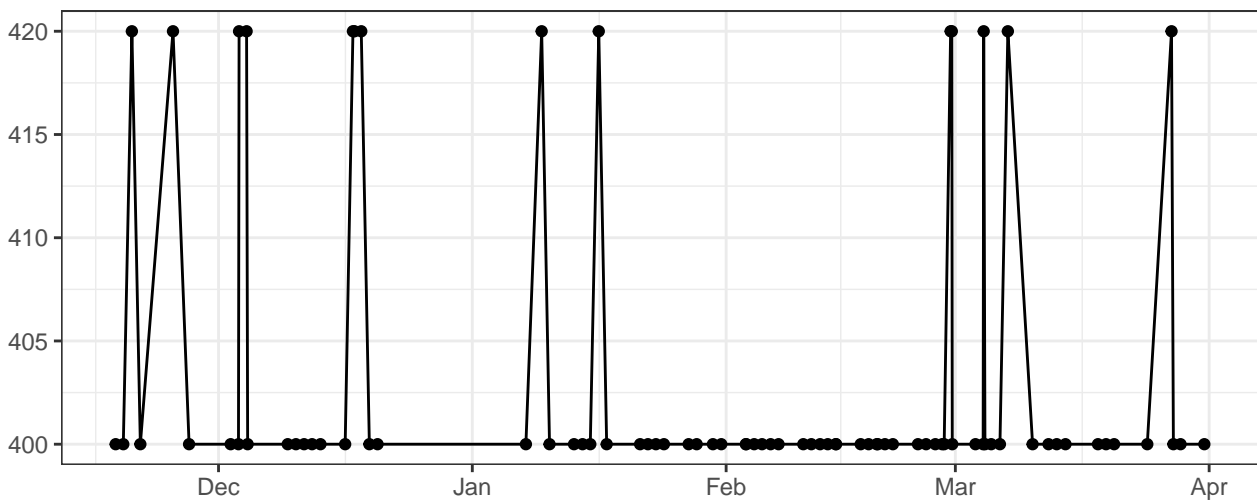
R660-A_Gain



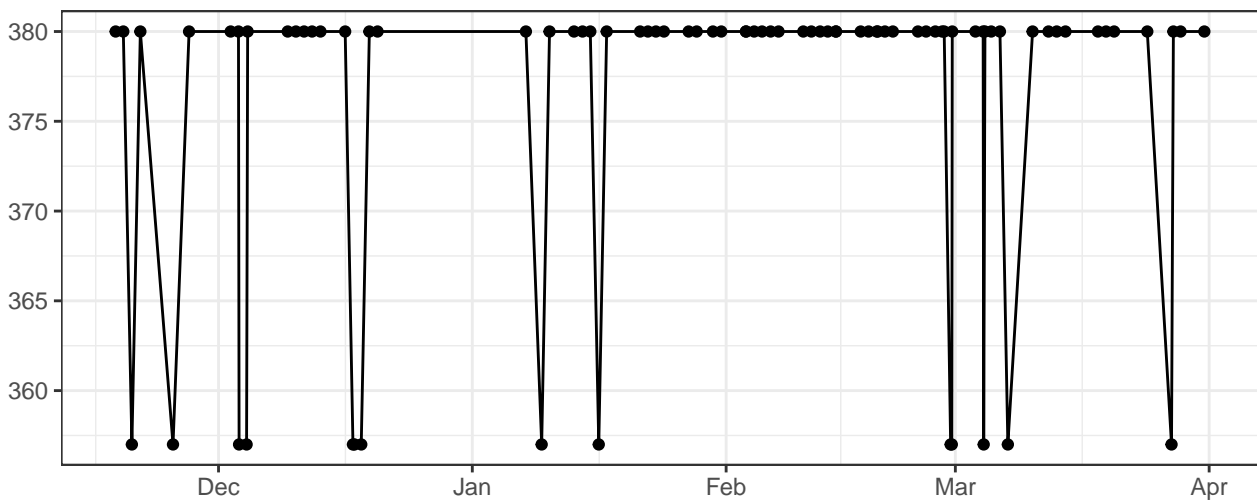
R780-A_Gain



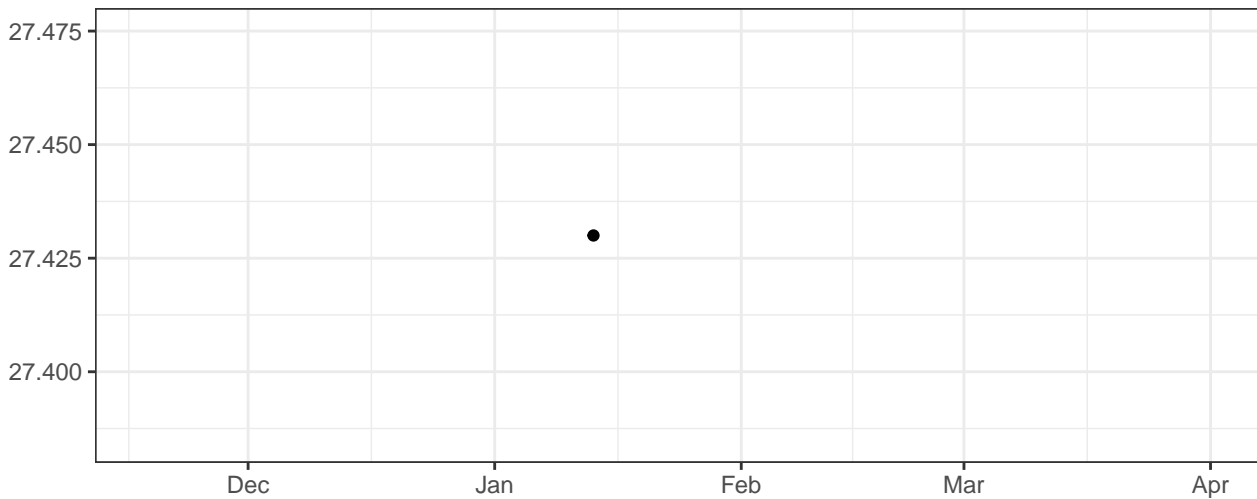
FSC-A_Gain



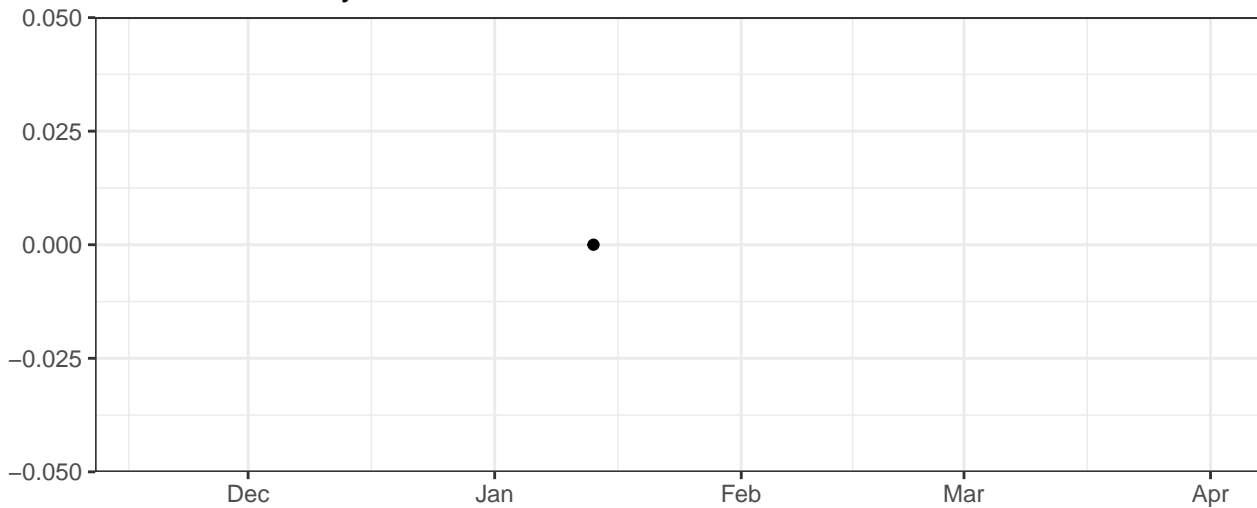
SSC-A_Gain



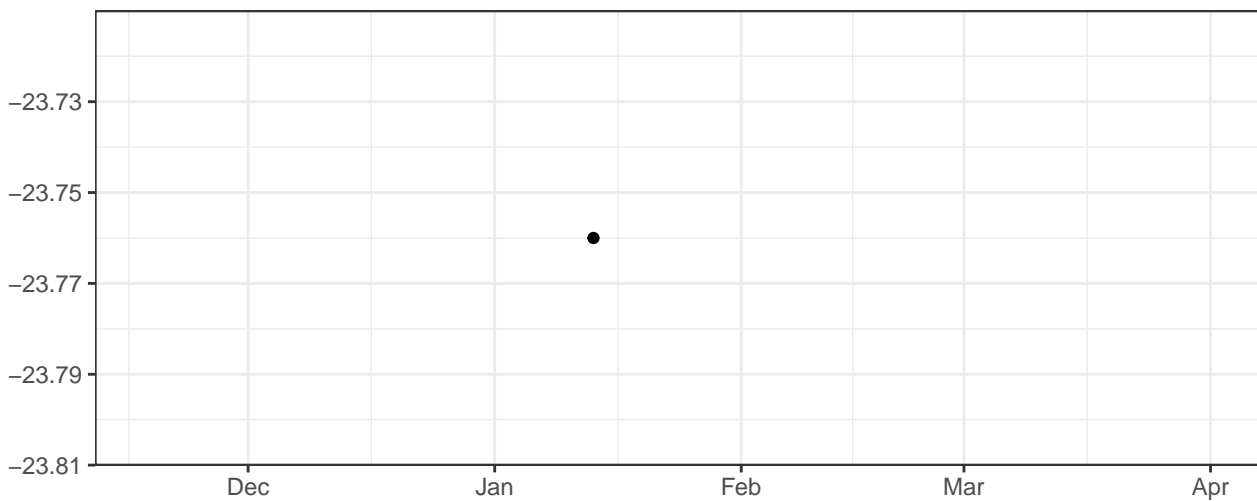
Violet_LaserDelay



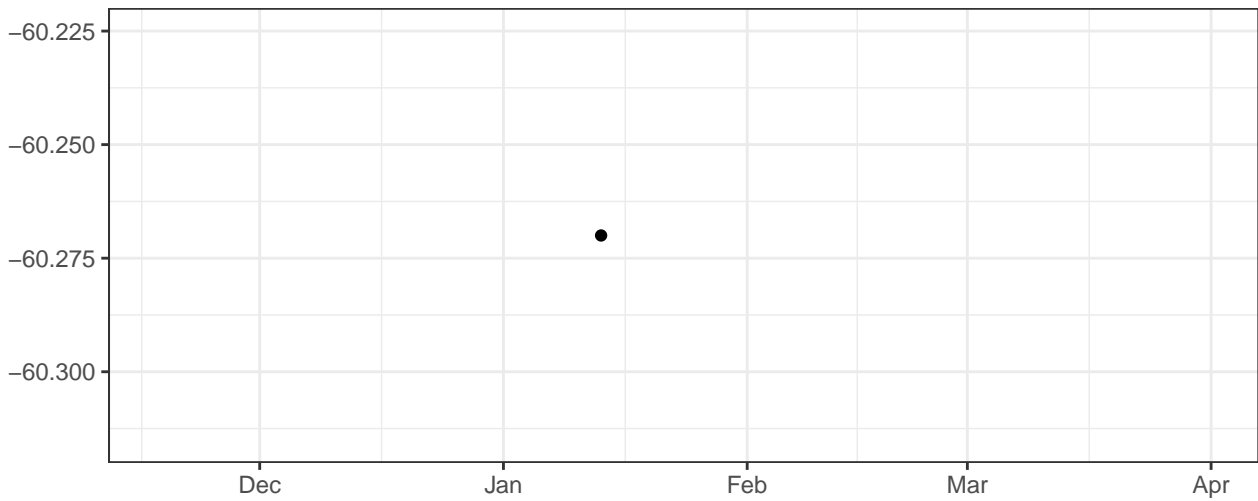
Blue_LaserDelay



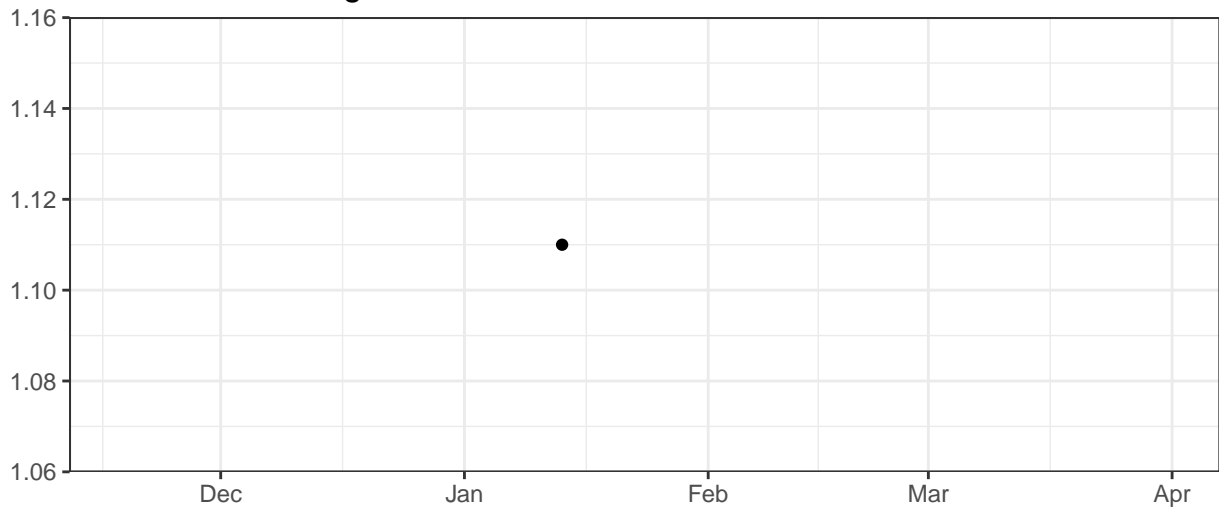
Yellow_LaserDelay



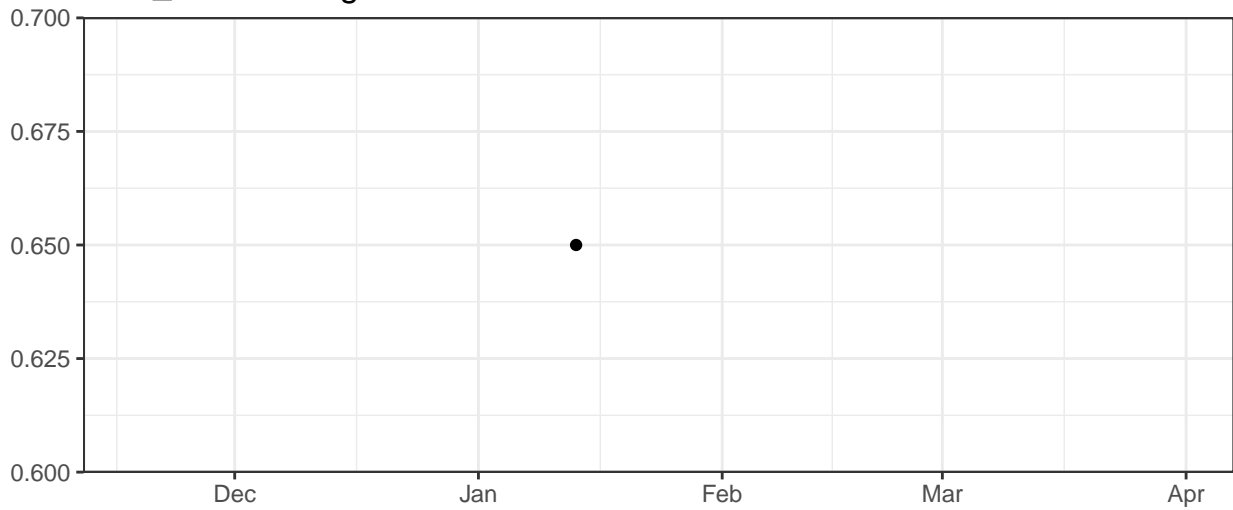
Red_LaserDelay



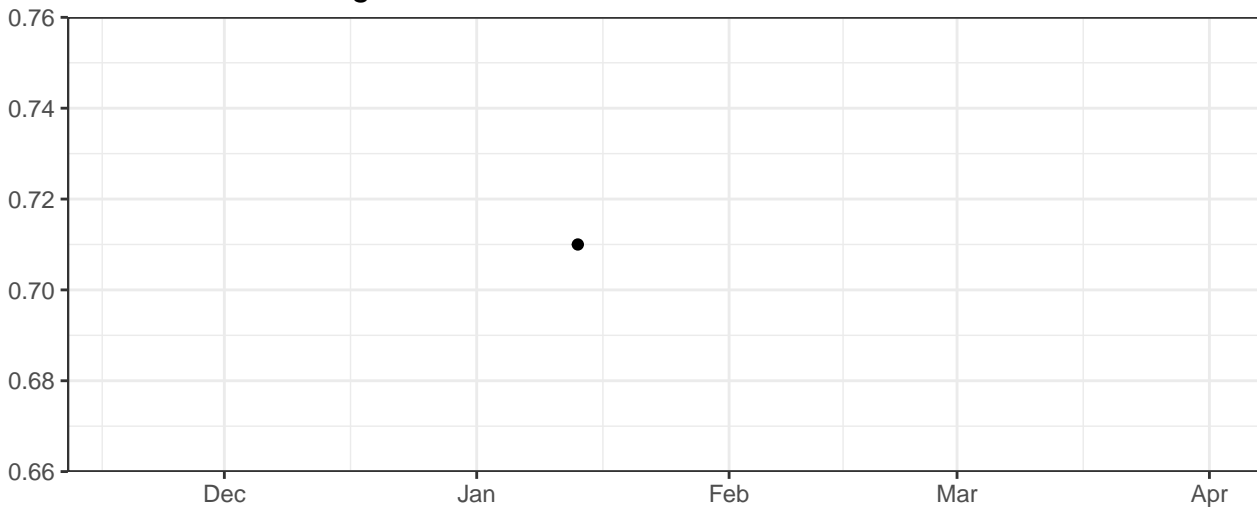
Violet_AreaScalingFactor



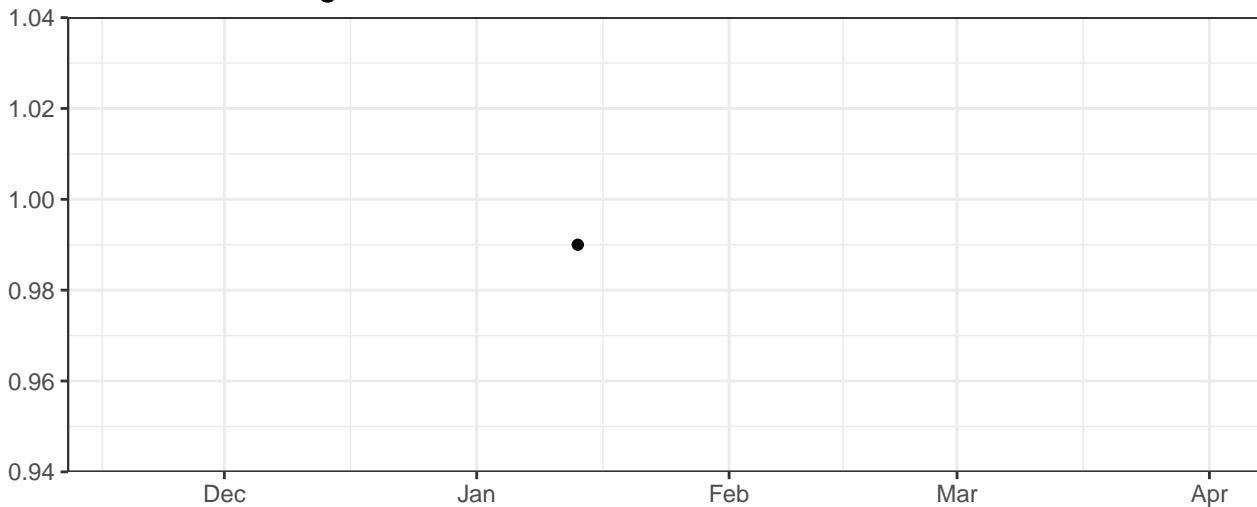
Blue_AreaScalingFactor



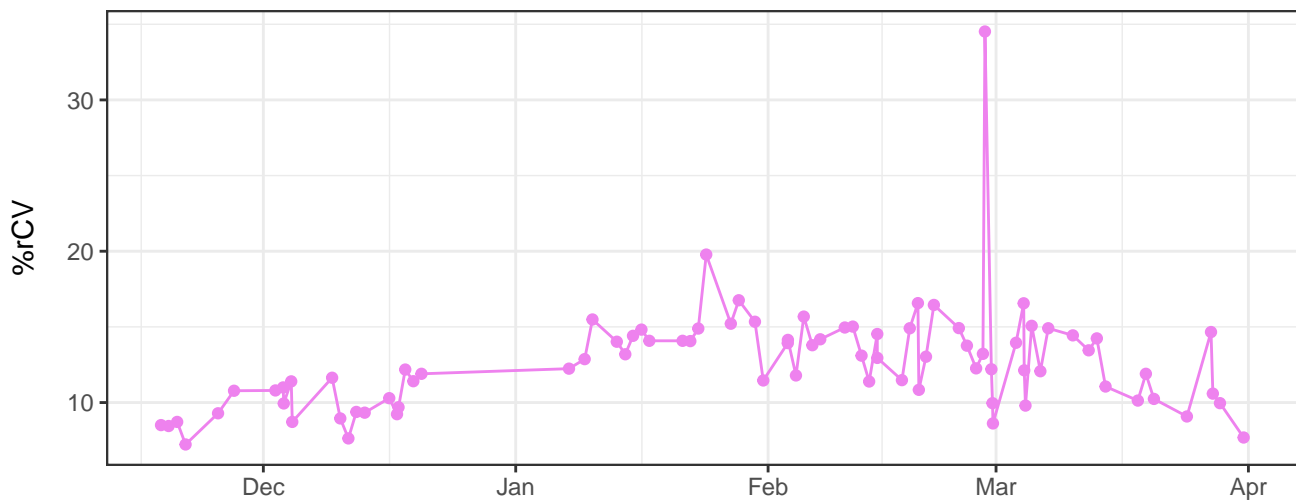
Yellow_AreaScalingFactor



Red_AreaScalingFactor



V450-A-% rCV



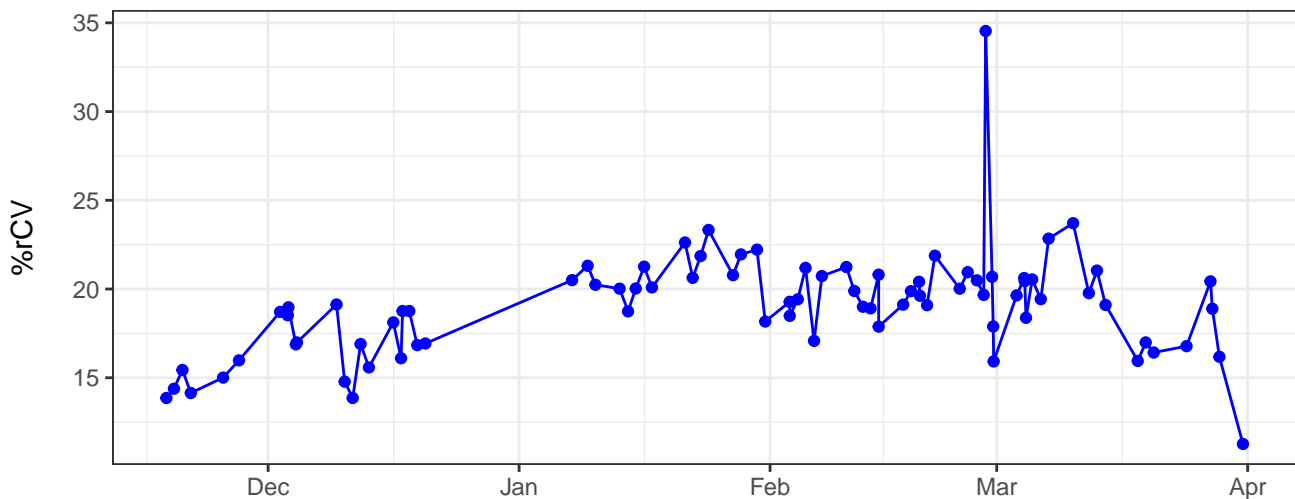
The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December to April. The x-axis represents time, with labels for Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid line at 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts in December and January, followed by a significant rise starting in late February. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching over 200,000 cases. After this peak, the number of cases declines but remains elevated through April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December 1st to April 1st. The y-axis represents the number of cases, ranging from 0 to 1,000,000. The x-axis shows the months of the year. The data points are connected by a blue line, and each point is marked with a blue dot. The graph shows a significant increase in cases starting in late February, peaking in early March at approximately 1,000,000 cases, and then declining.

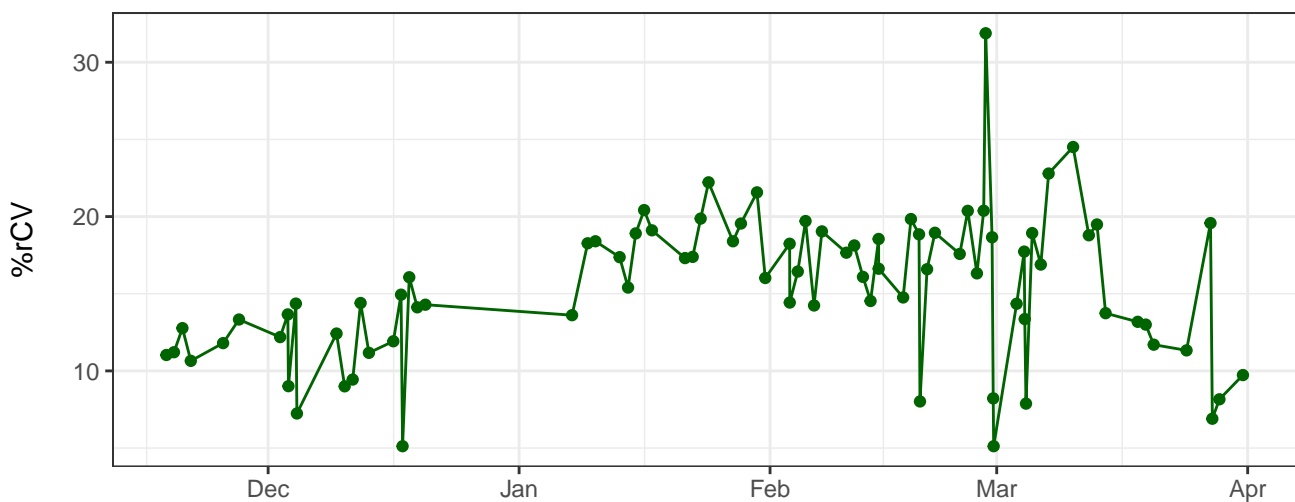
The line graph illustrates the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from December to April. The x-axis represents time, with labels for Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 120,000. The data shows a general upward trend with significant daily fluctuations. A major peak occurs in early March, where cases exceed 100,000. Following this peak, there is a period of relative stability around 40,000 cases, followed by a sharp decline in late March and a very low point in early April.

Date	Number of Cases (Approximate)
Dec 1	10,000
Dec 15	25,000
Dec 25	40,000
Jan 1	45,000
Jan 15	55,000
Jan 25	65,000
Feb 1	40,000
Feb 15	50,000
Feb 25	60,000
Mar 1	110,000
Mar 15	45,000
Mar 25	35,000
Apr 1	10,000

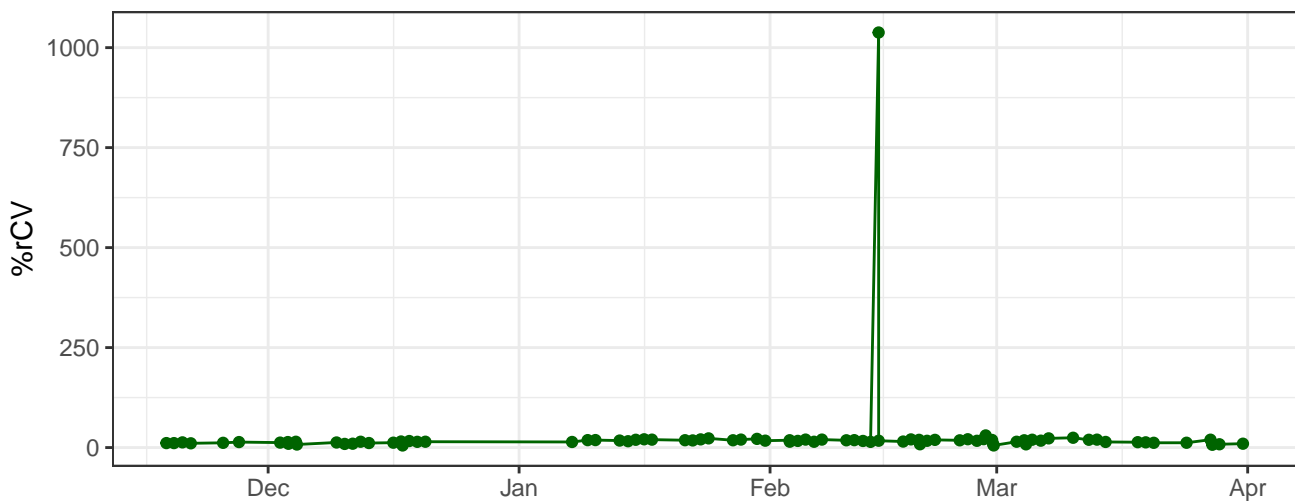
B695-A-% rCV



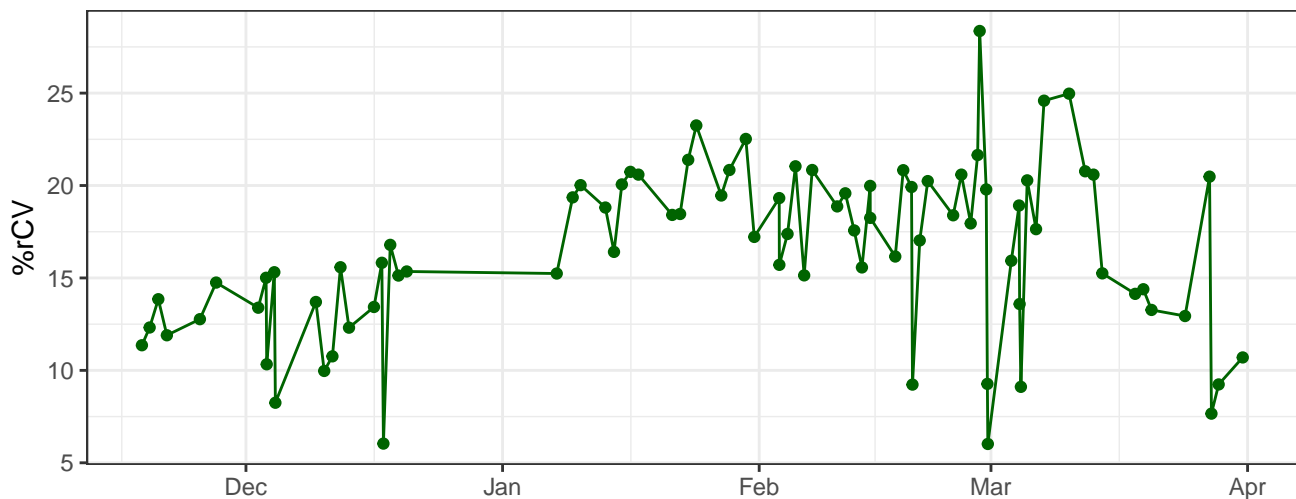
Y590-A-% rCV



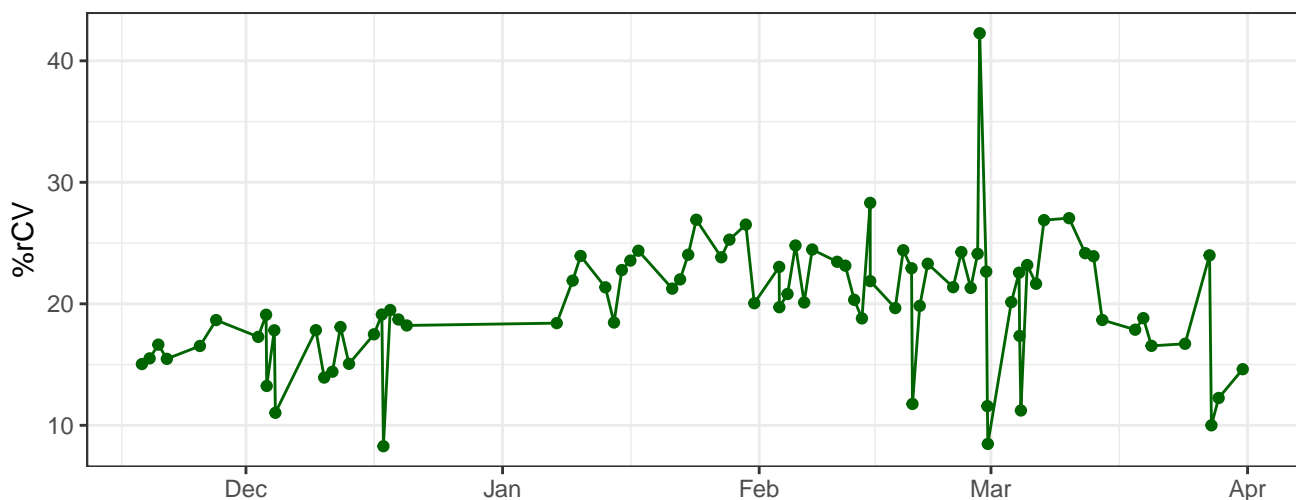
Y610-A-% rCV



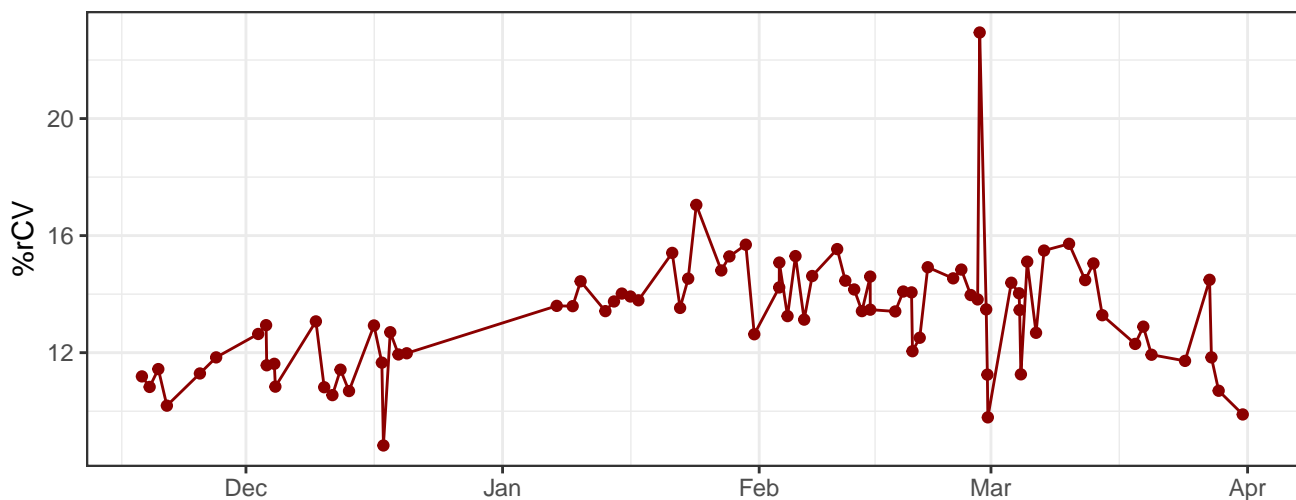
Y670-A-% rCV



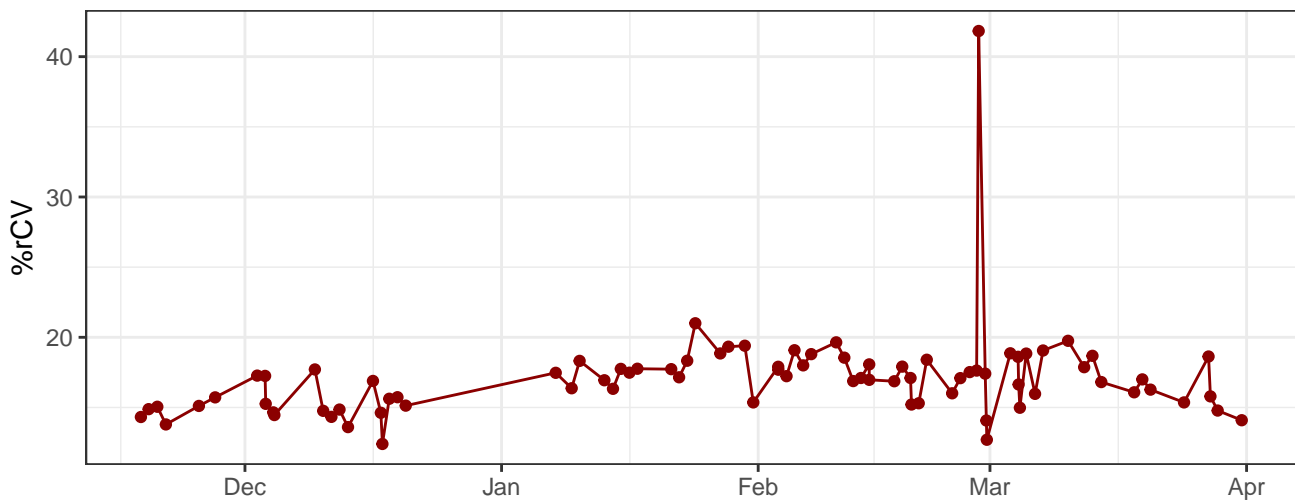
Y780-A-% rCV



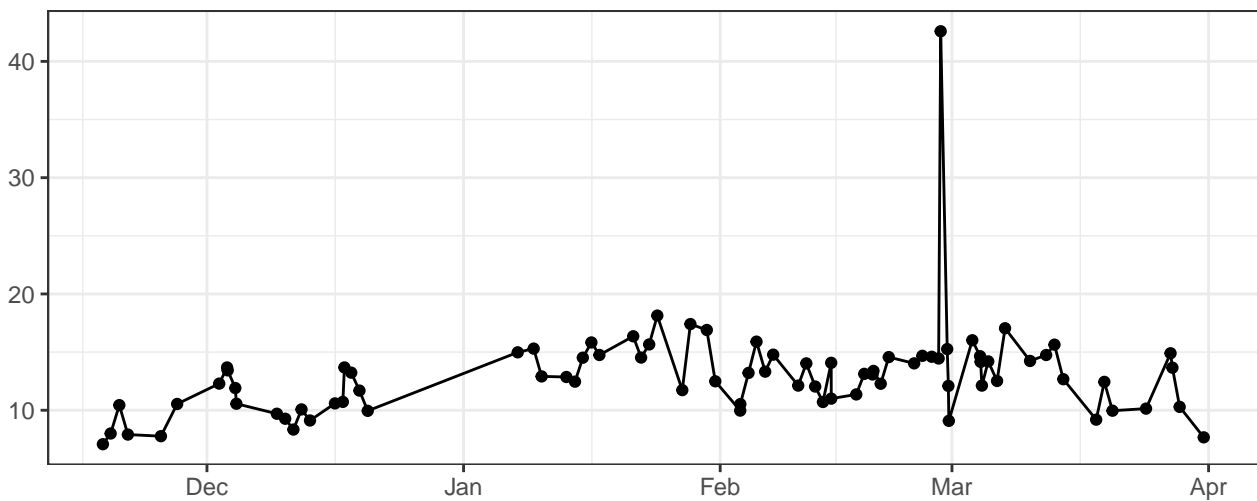
R660-A-% rCV



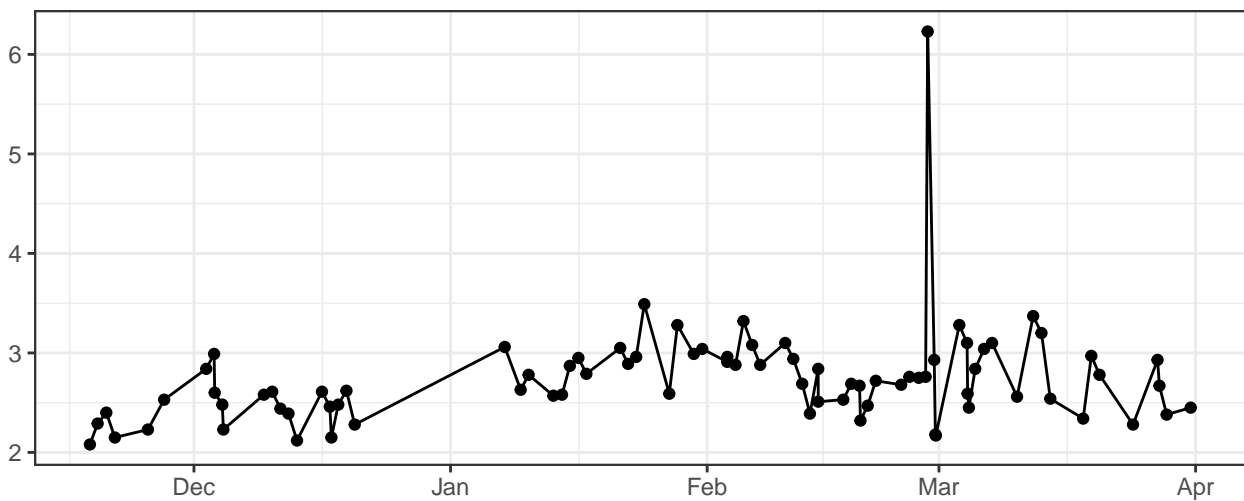
R780-A-% rCV



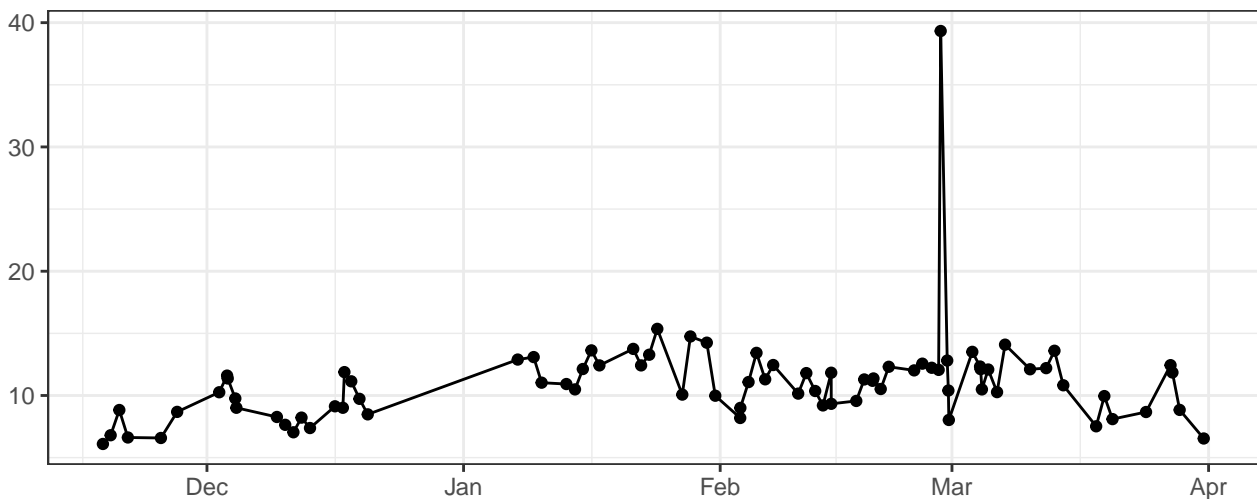
FSC-A-% rCV



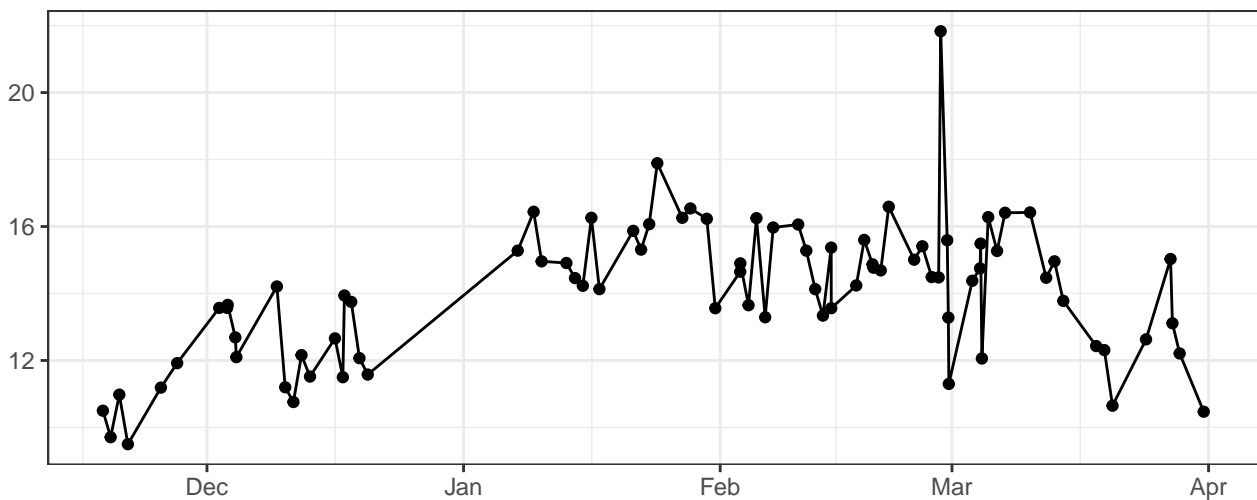
FSC-H-% rCV



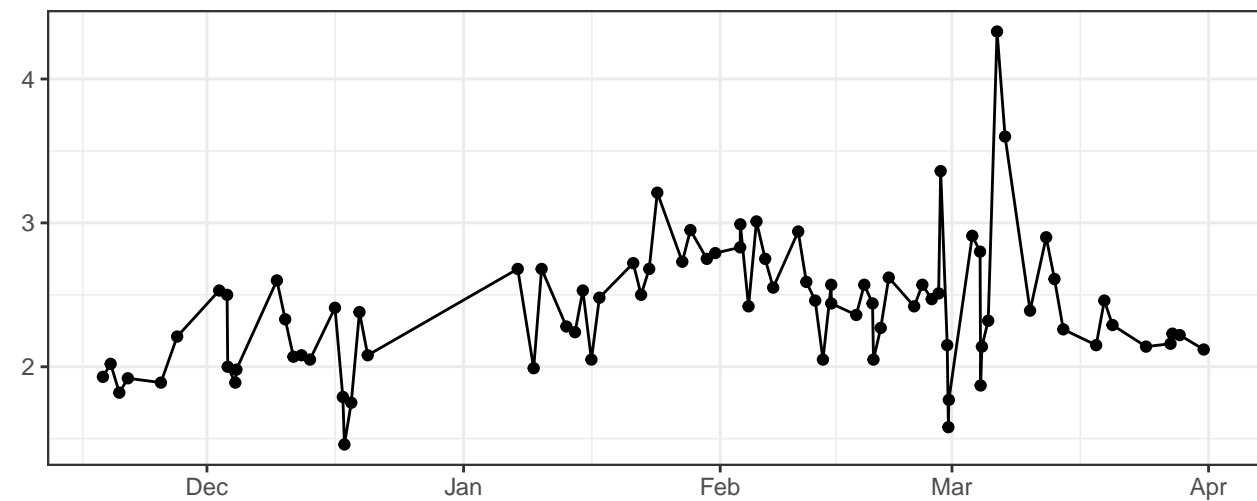
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

