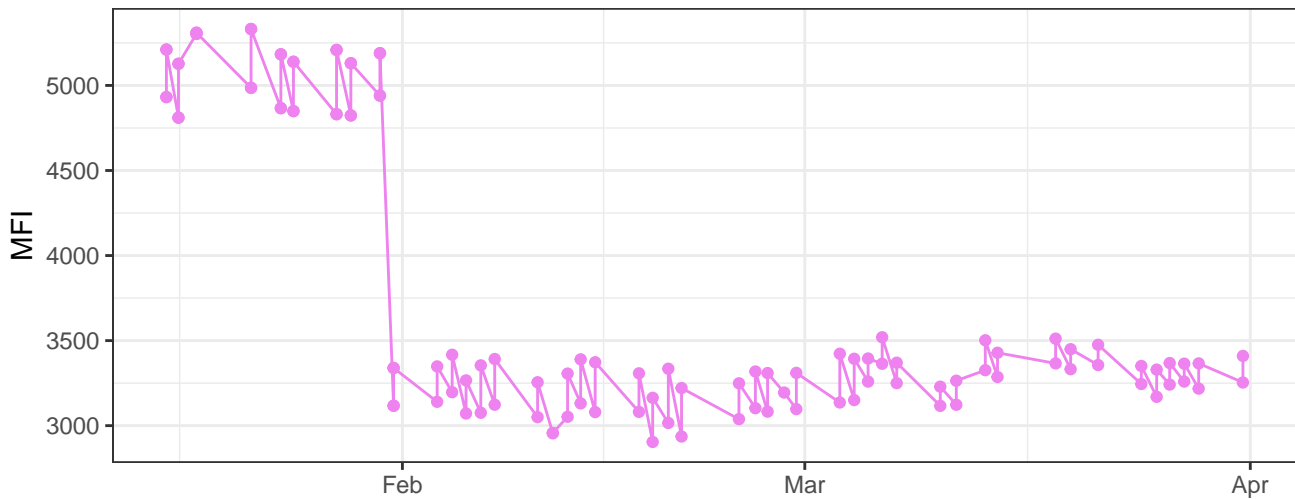
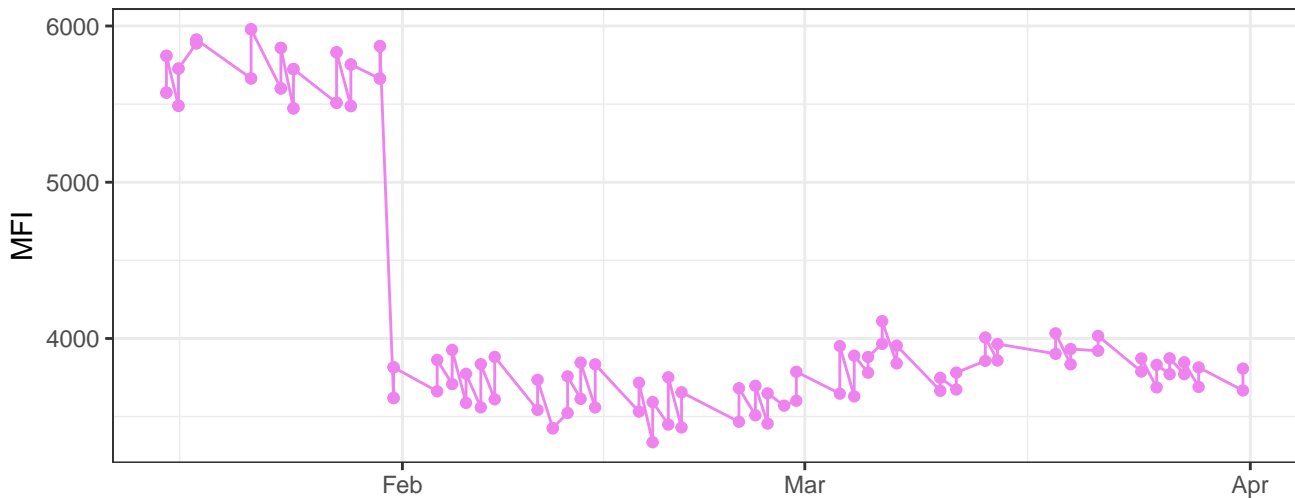


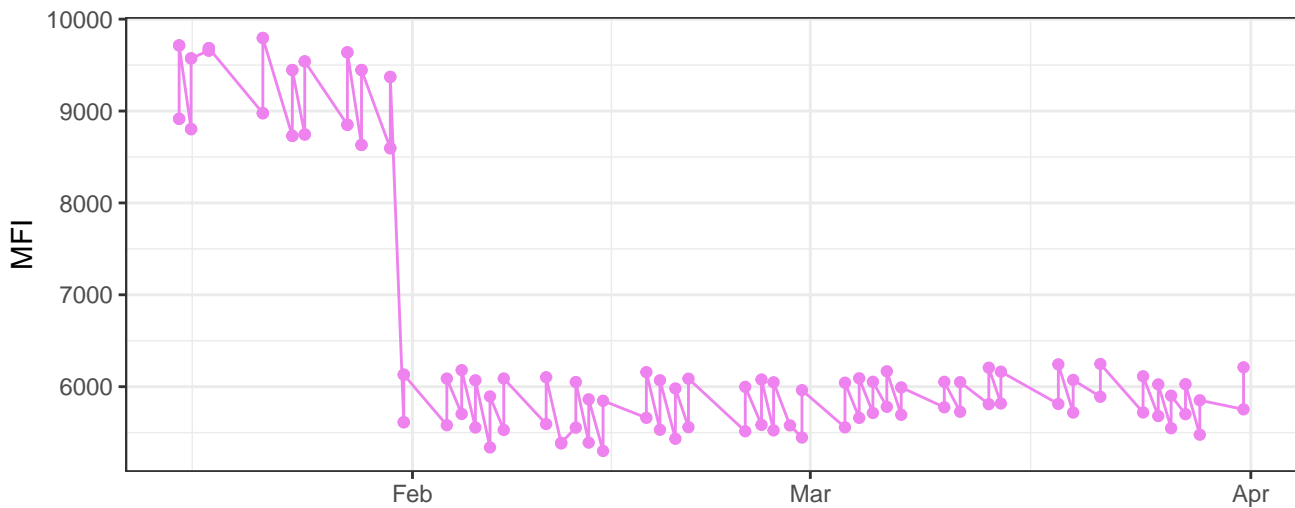
V450-A



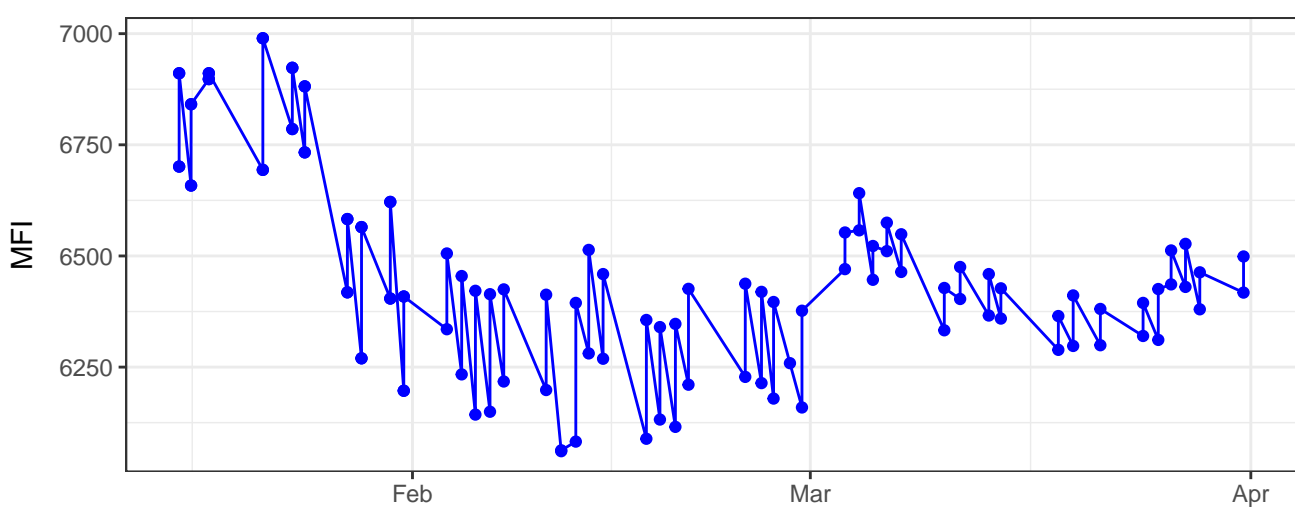
V525-A



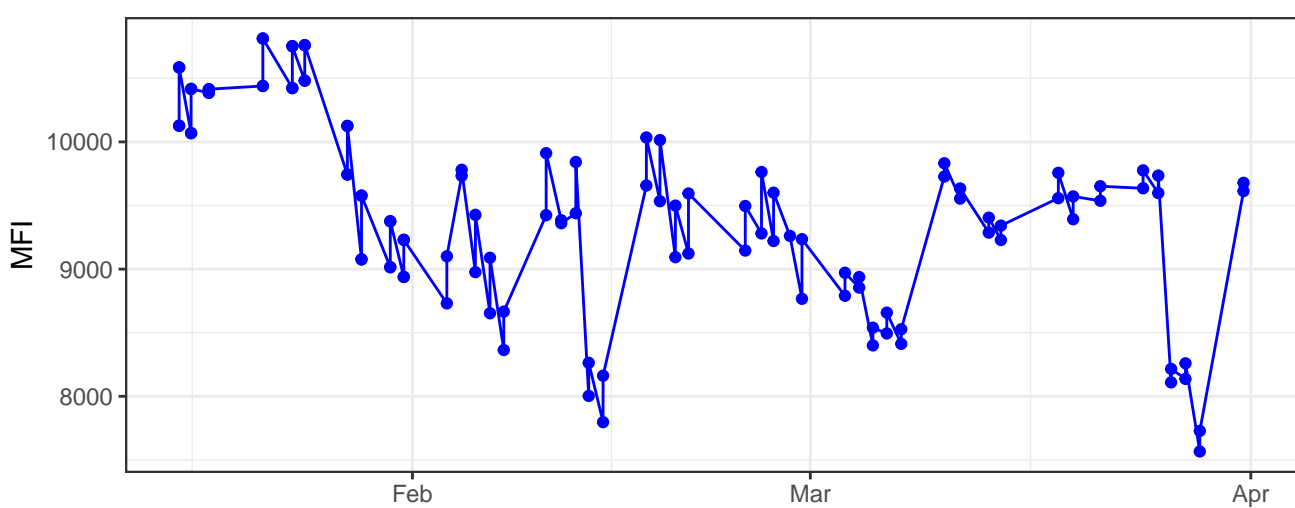
V670-A



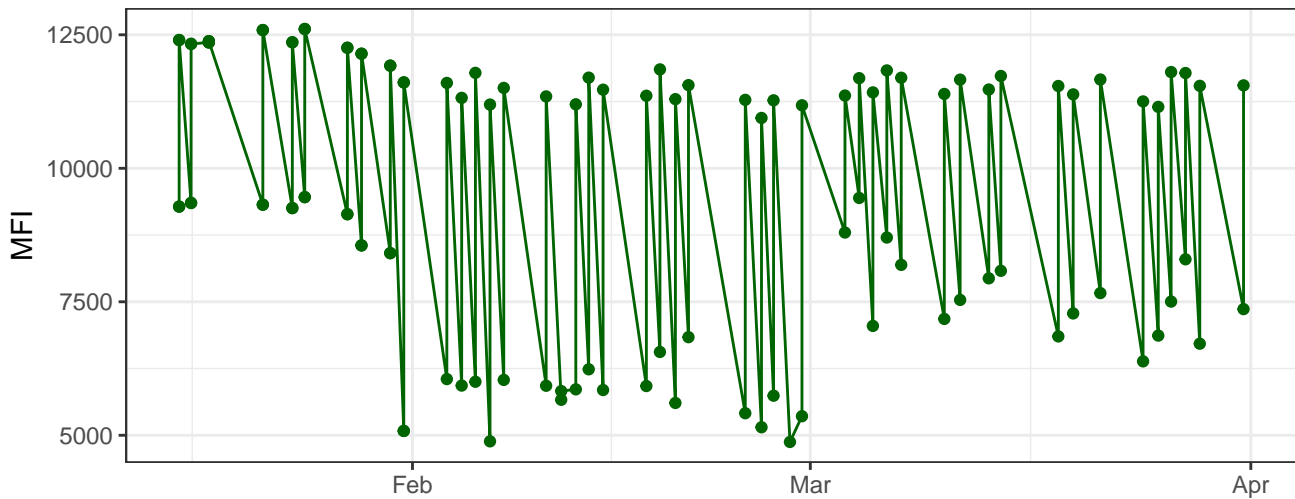
B530-A



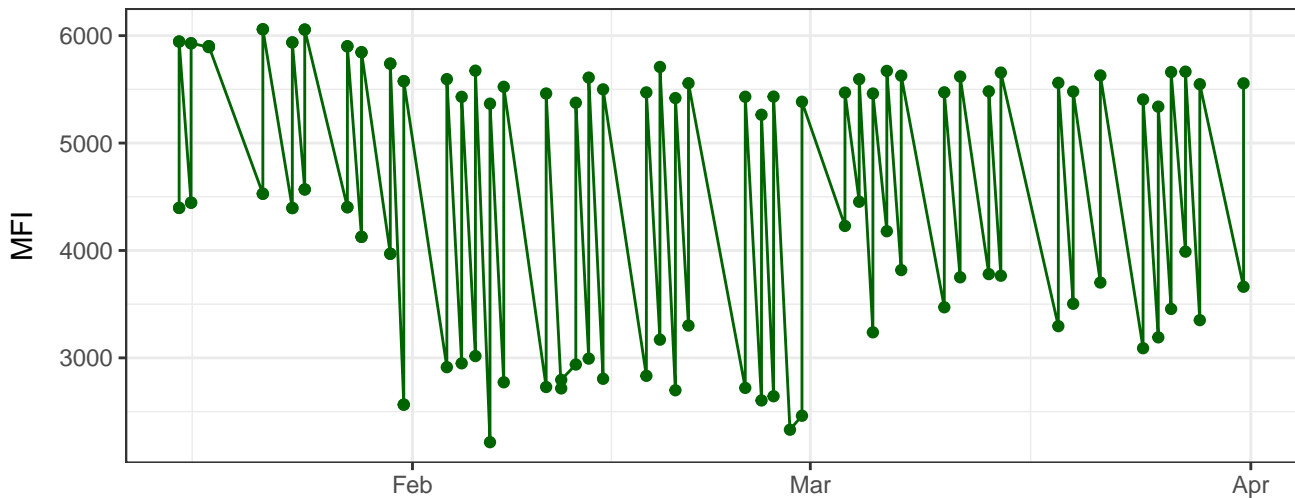
B710-A



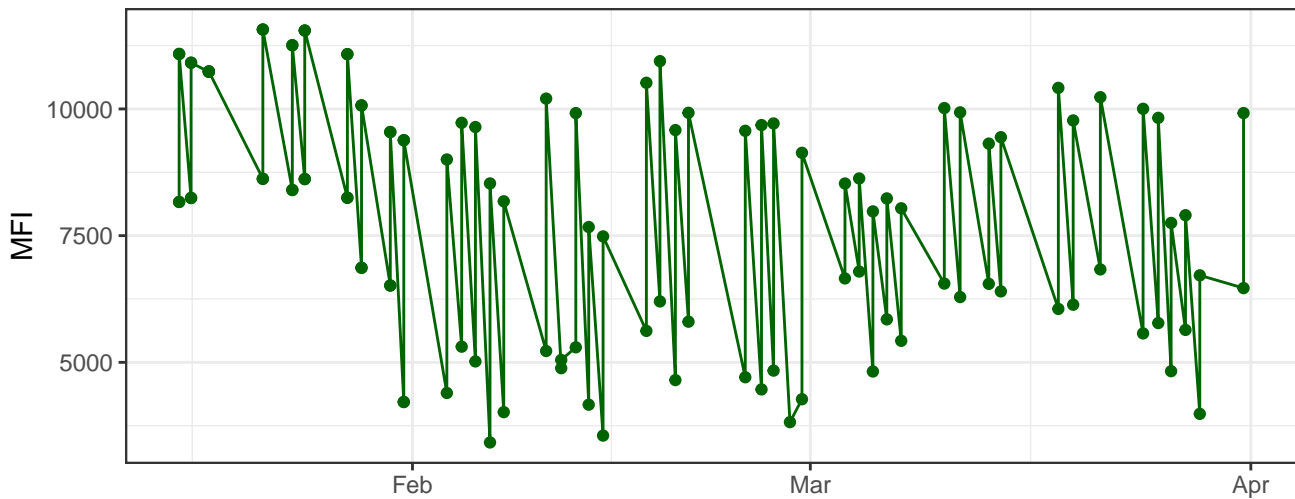
Y590-A



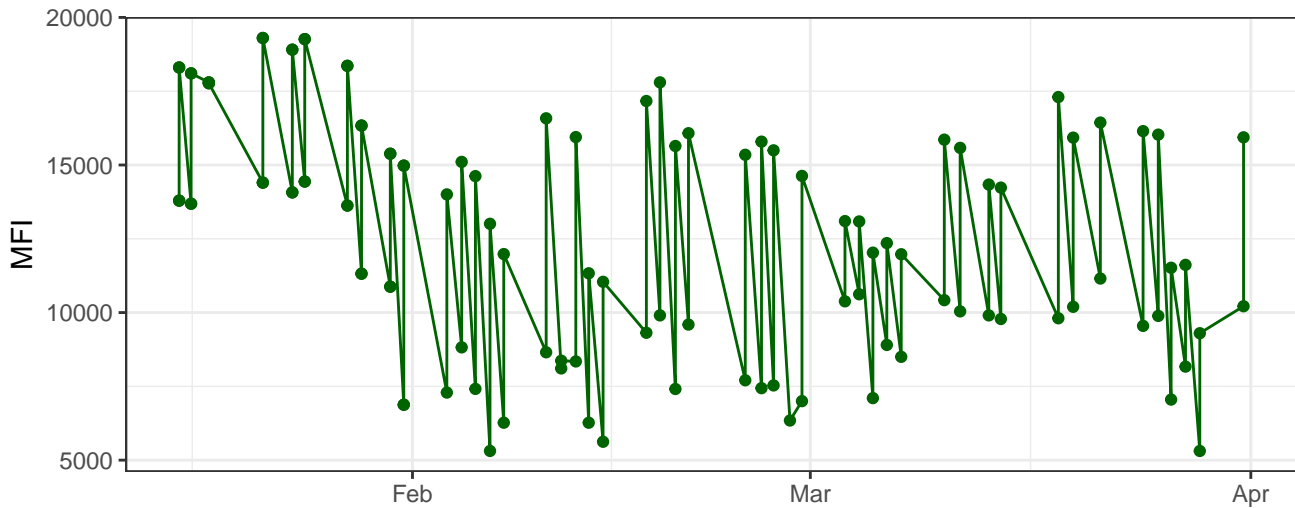
Y615-A



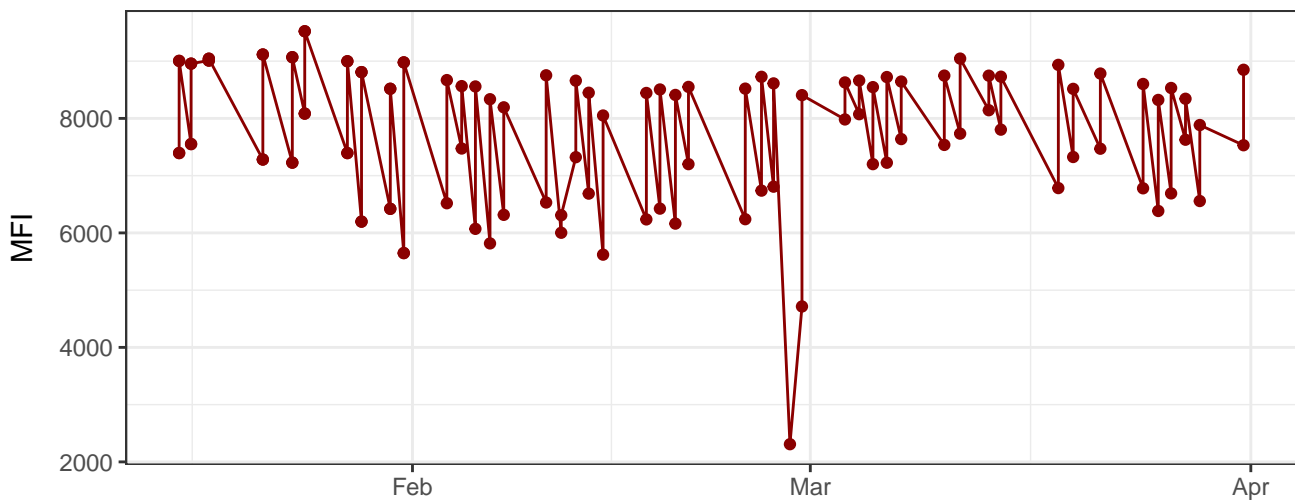
Y710-A



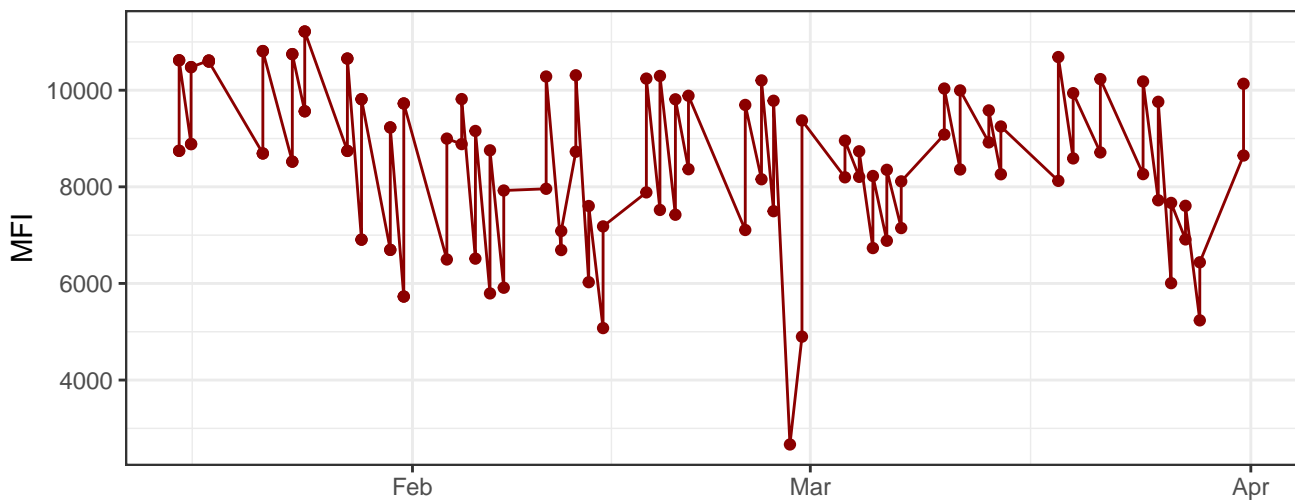
Y780-A



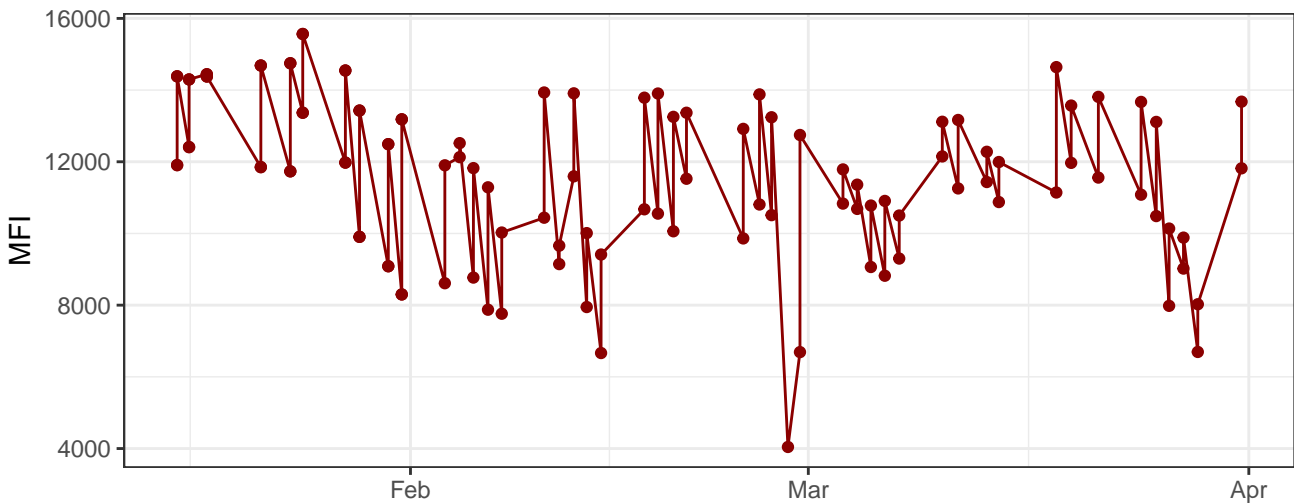
R670-A



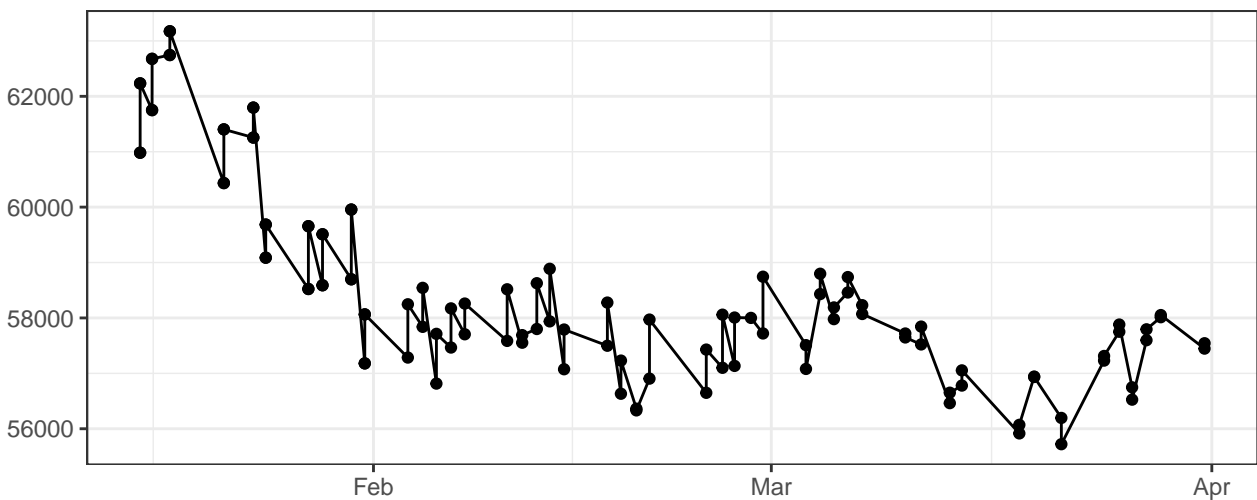
R730-A



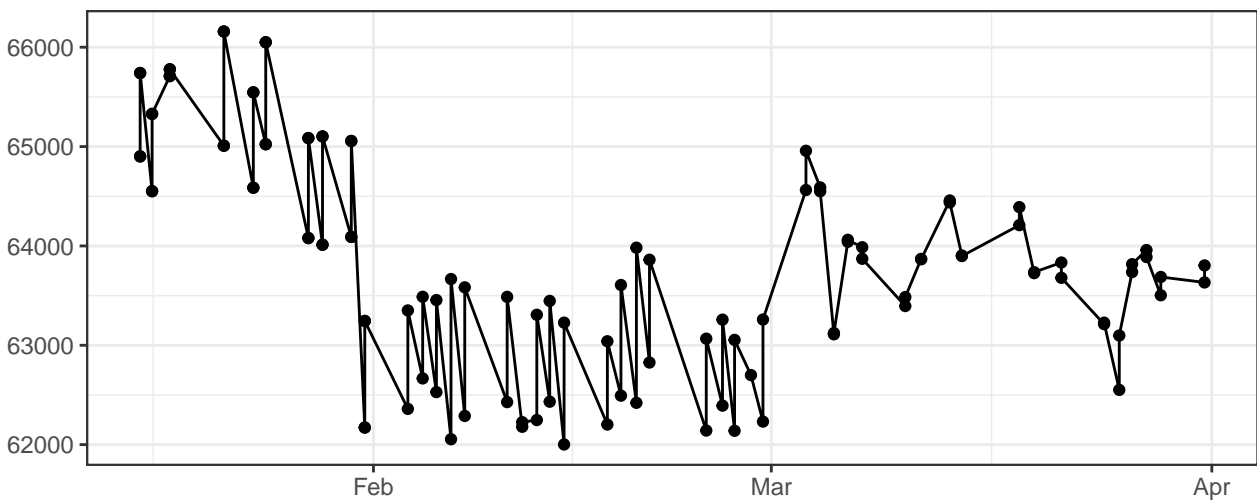
R780-A



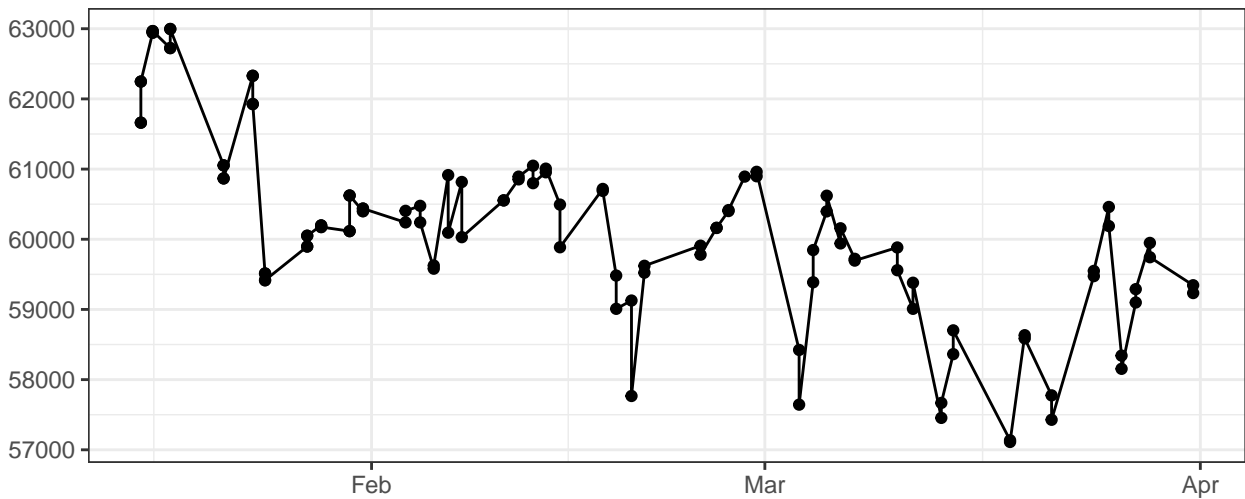
FSC-A



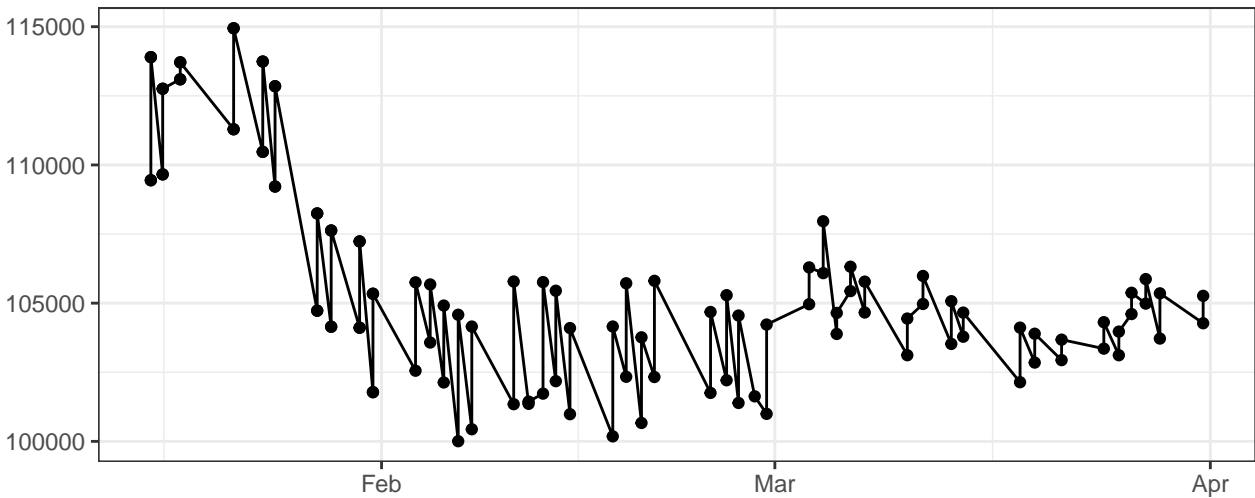
FSC-H



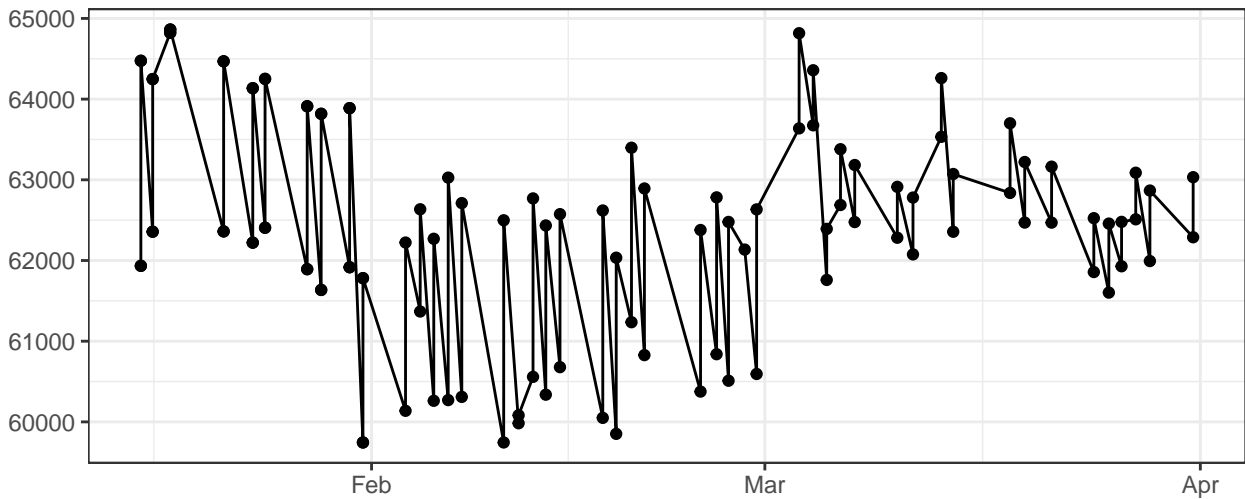
FSC-W



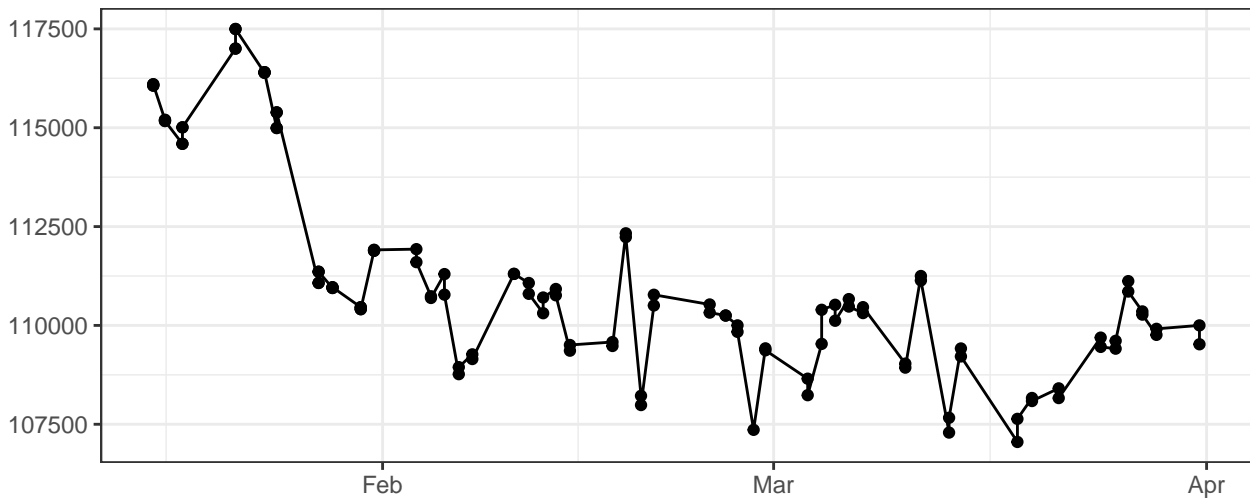
SSC-A



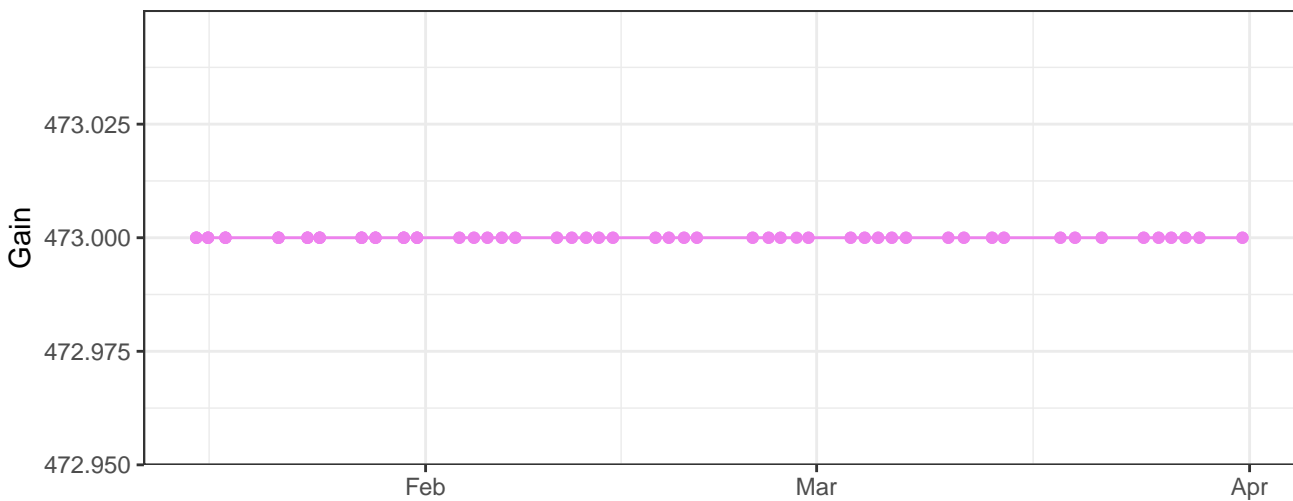
SSC-H



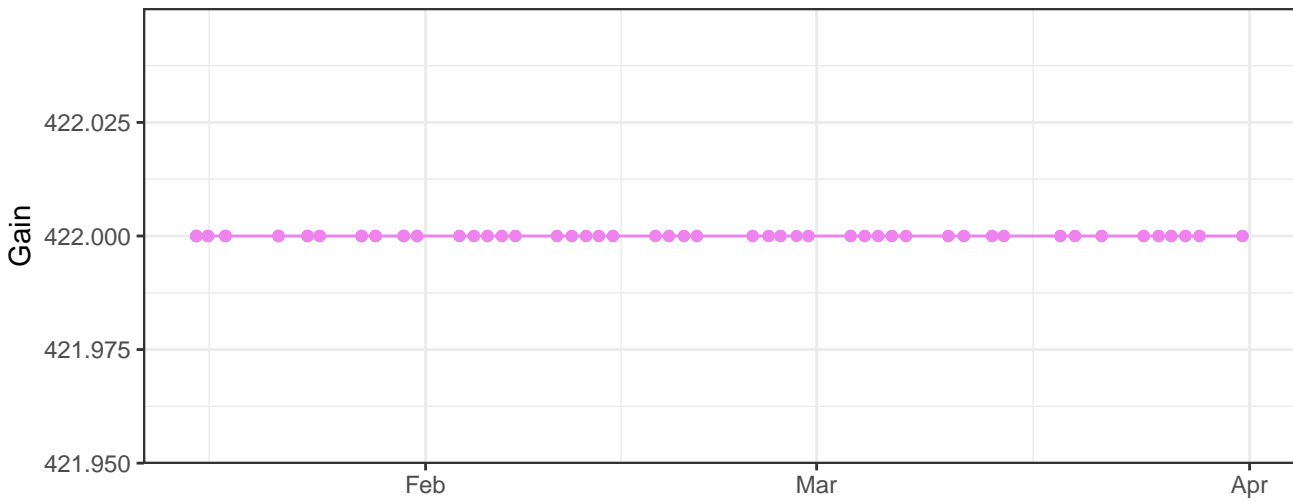
SSC-W



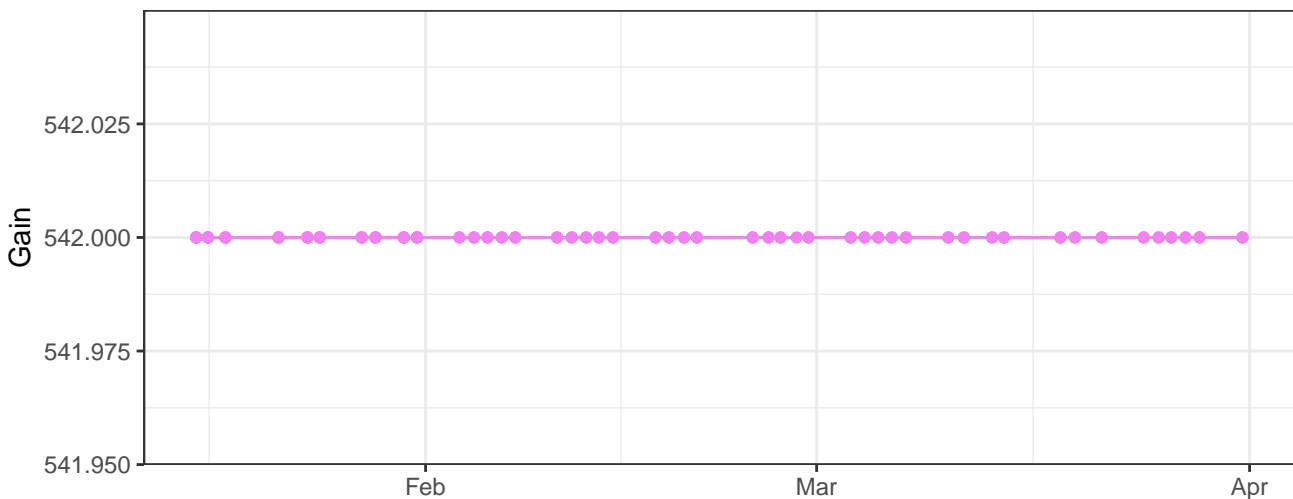
V450-A_Gain



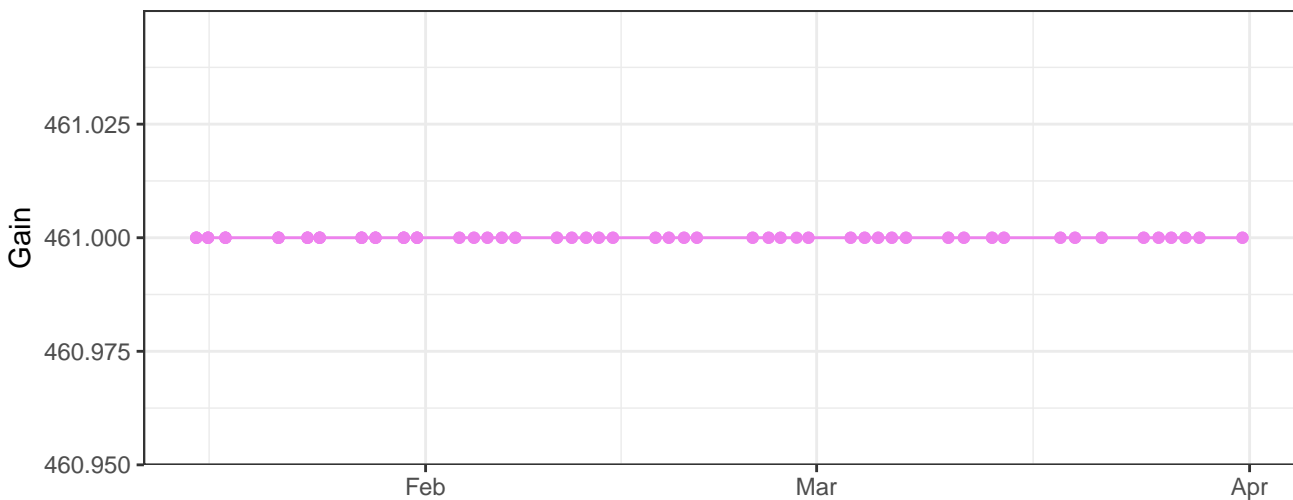
V525-A_Gain



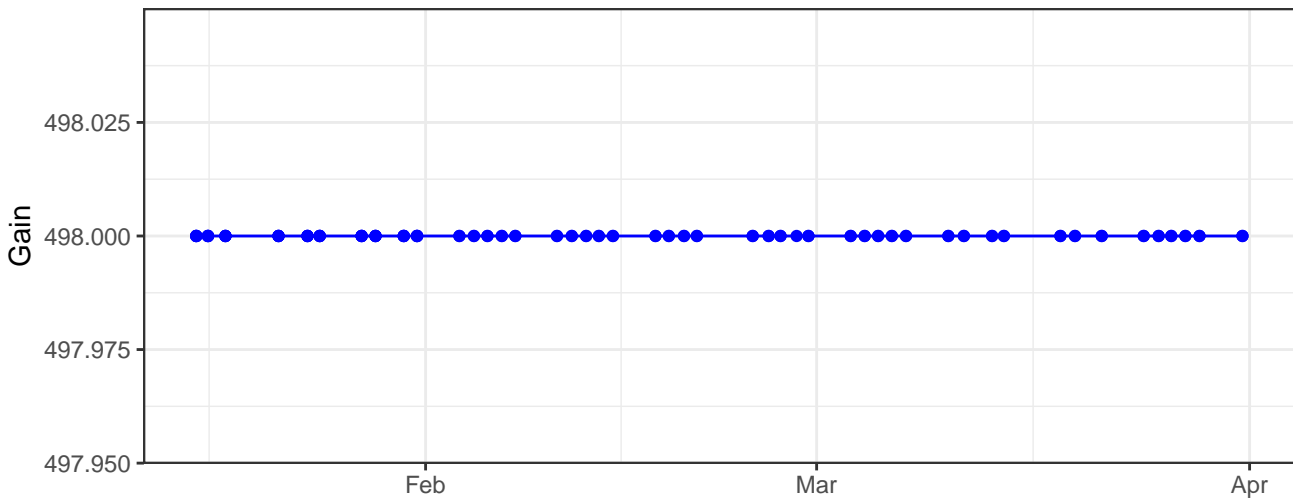
V610-A_Gain



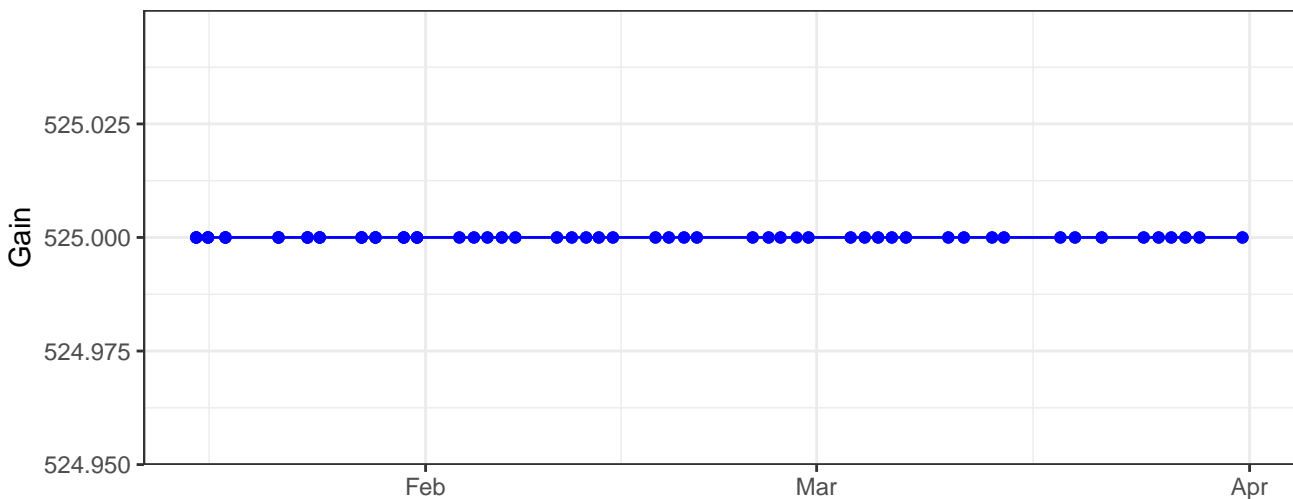
V670-A_Gain



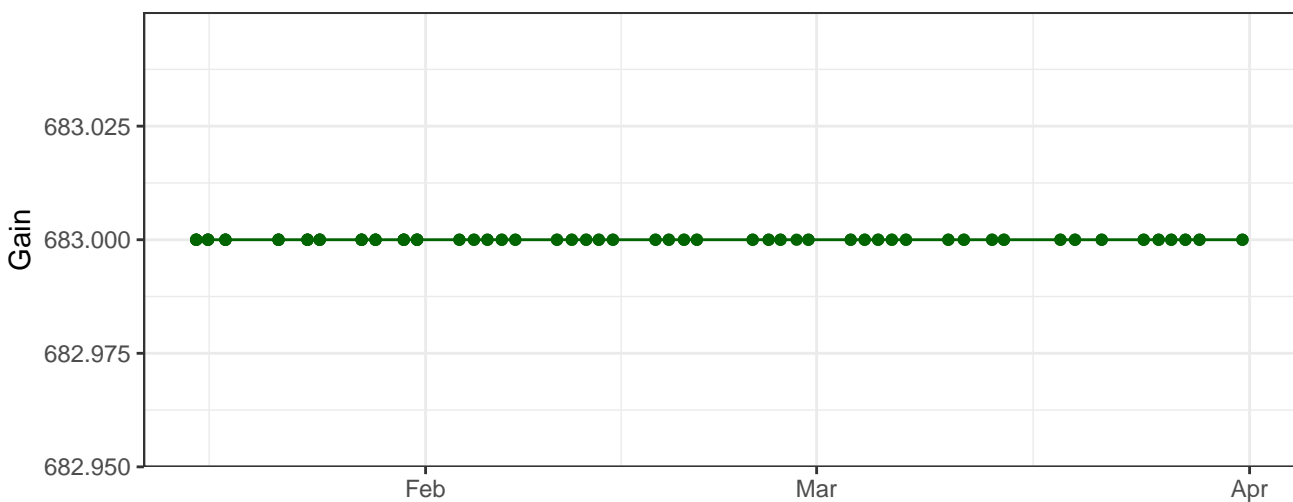
B530-A_Gain



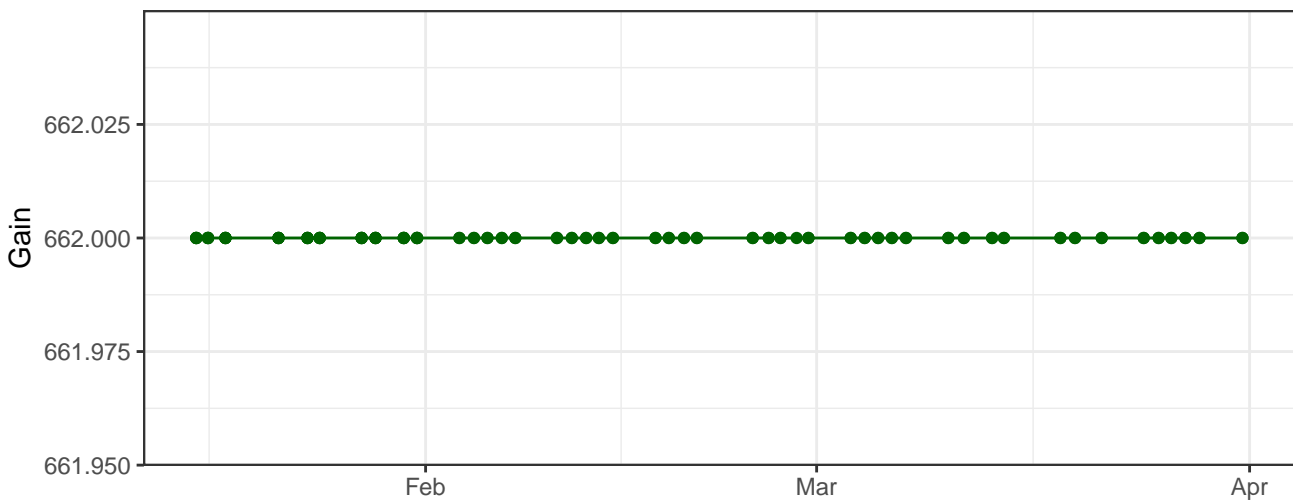
B710-A_Gain



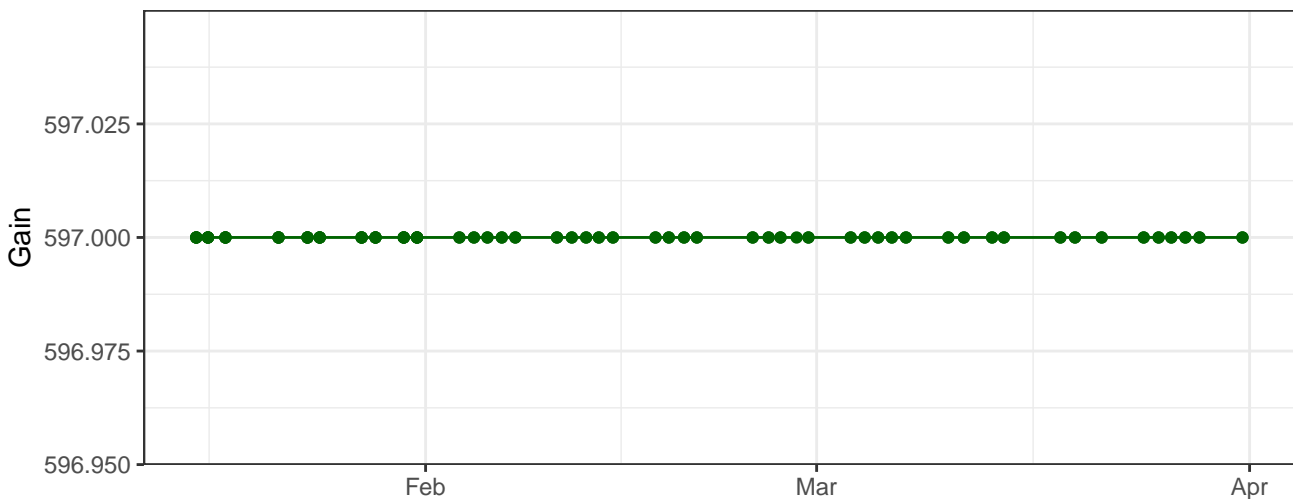
Y590-A_Gain



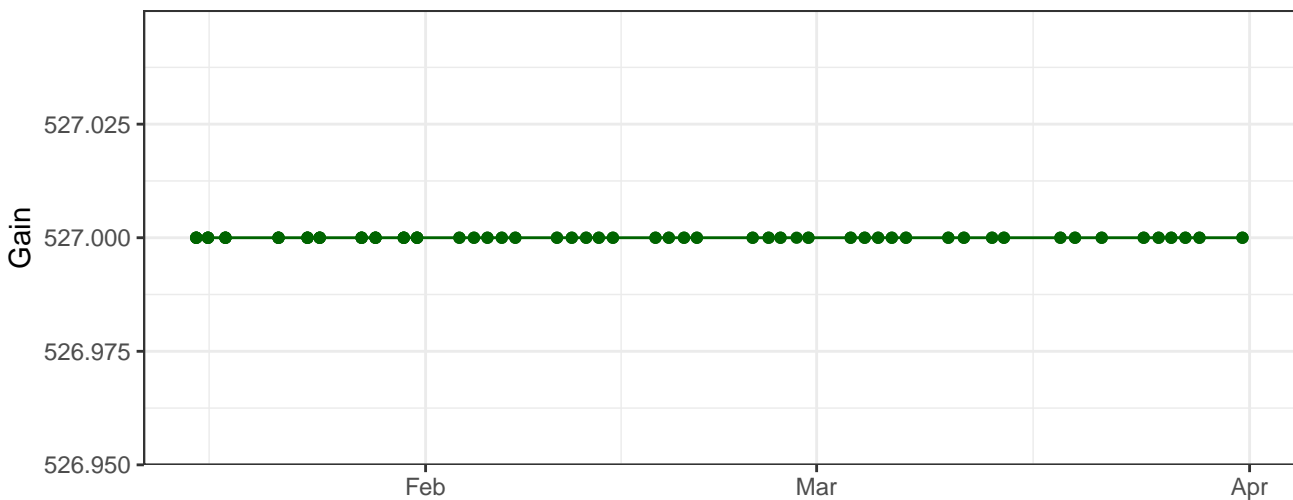
Y615-A_Gain



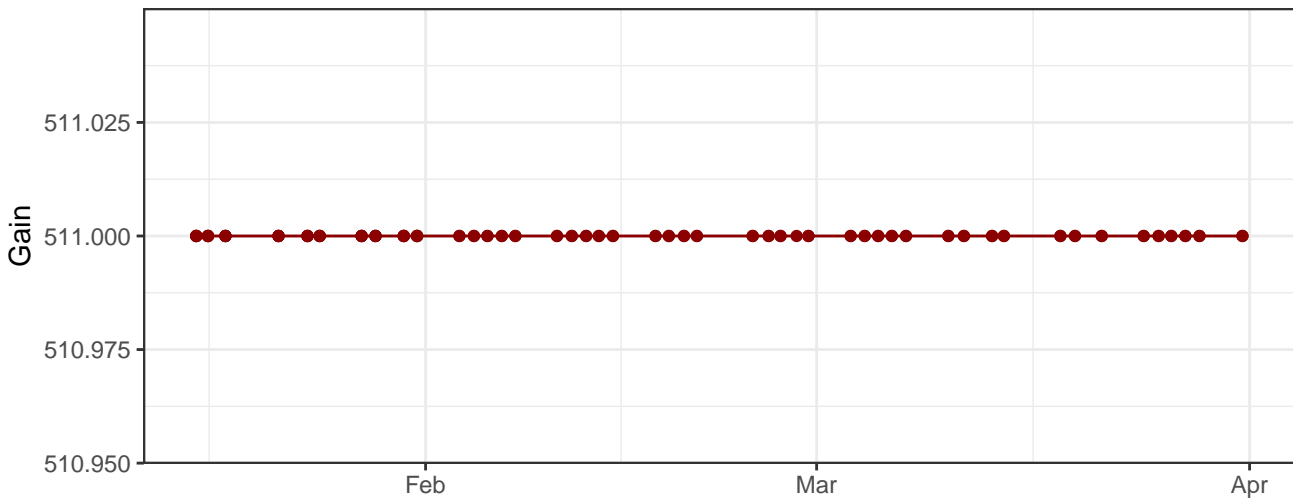
Y710-A_Gain



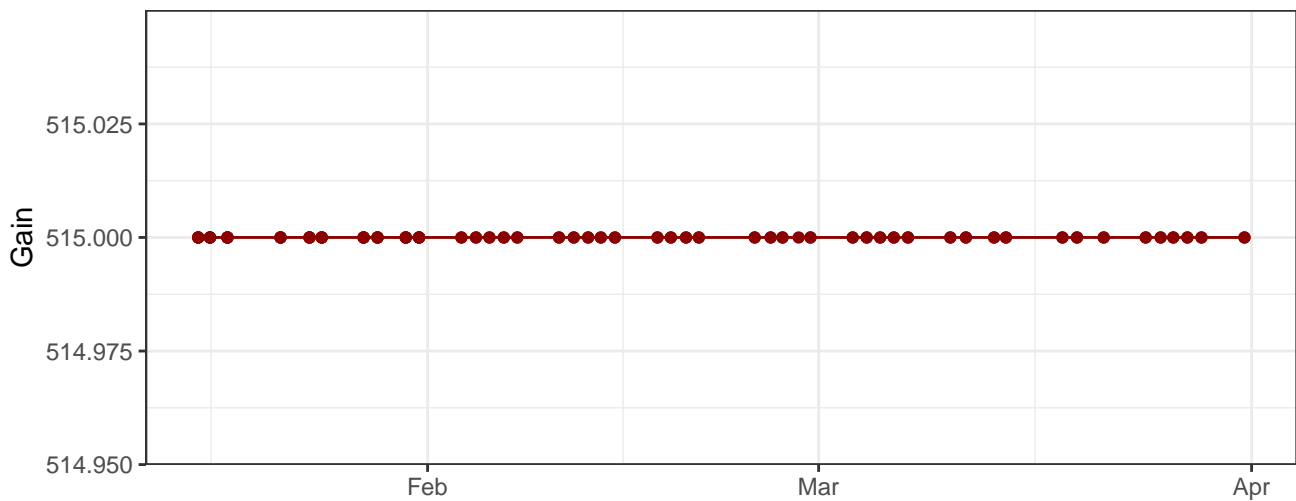
Y780-A_Gain



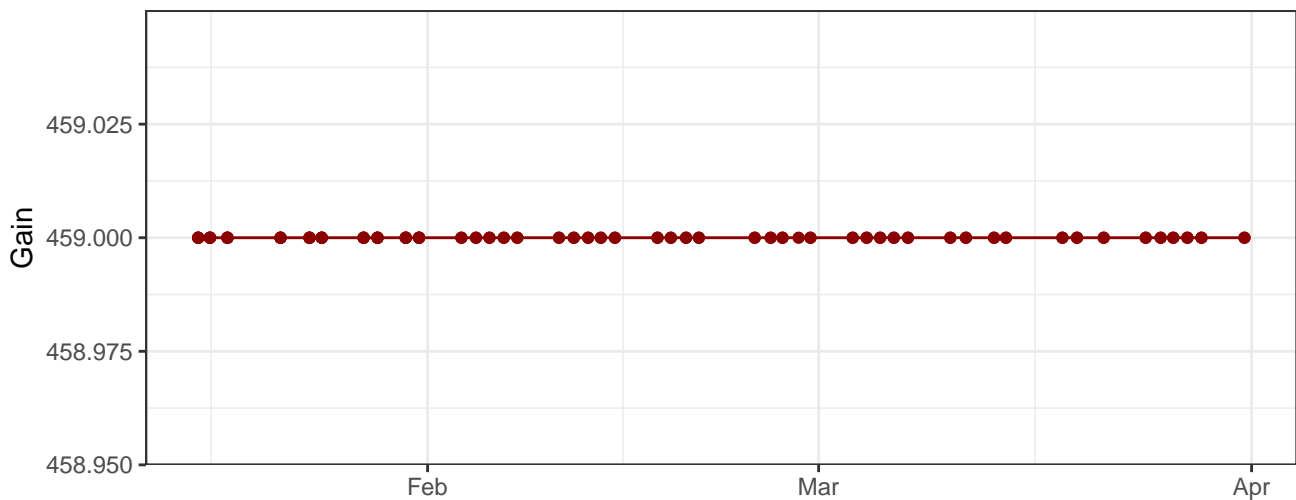
R670-A_Gain



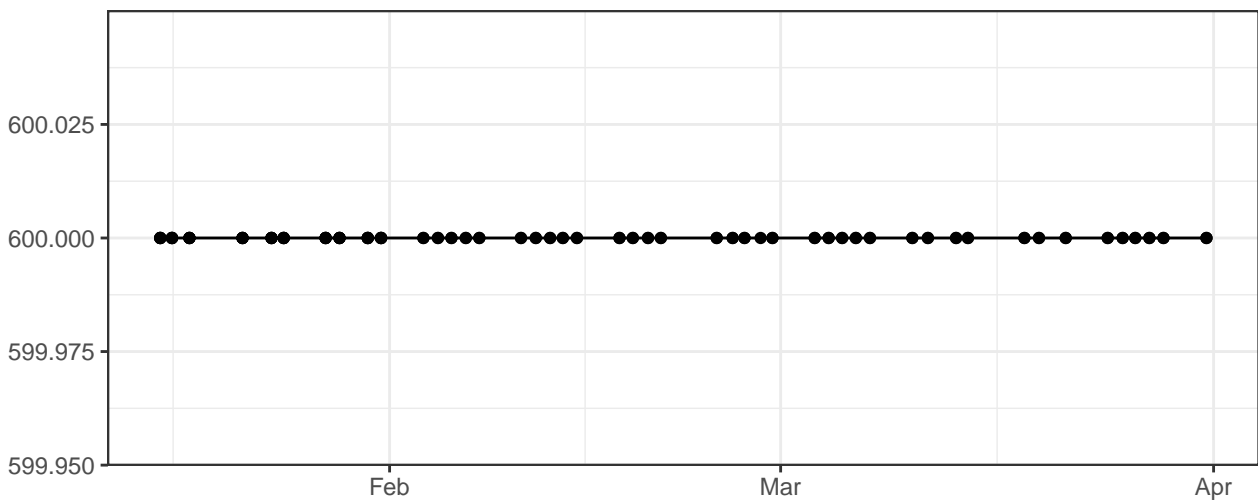
R730-A_Gain



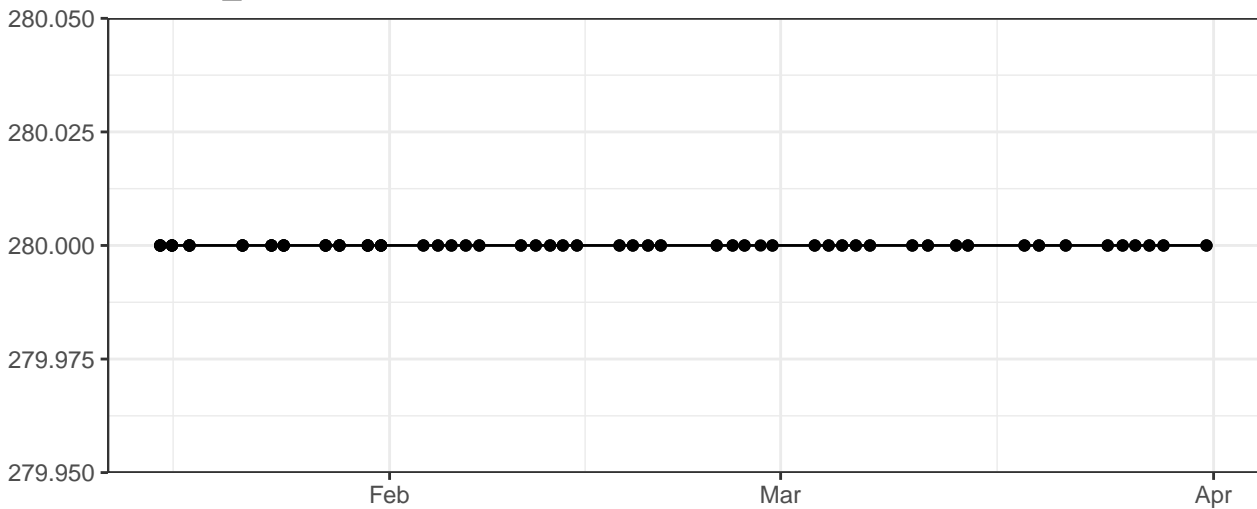
R780-A_Gain



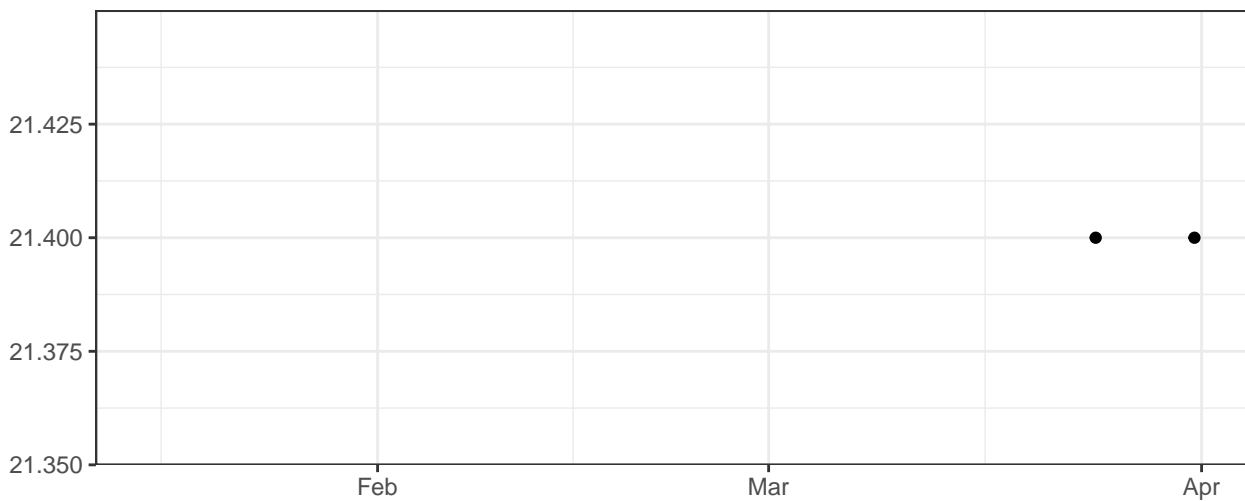
FSC-A_Gain



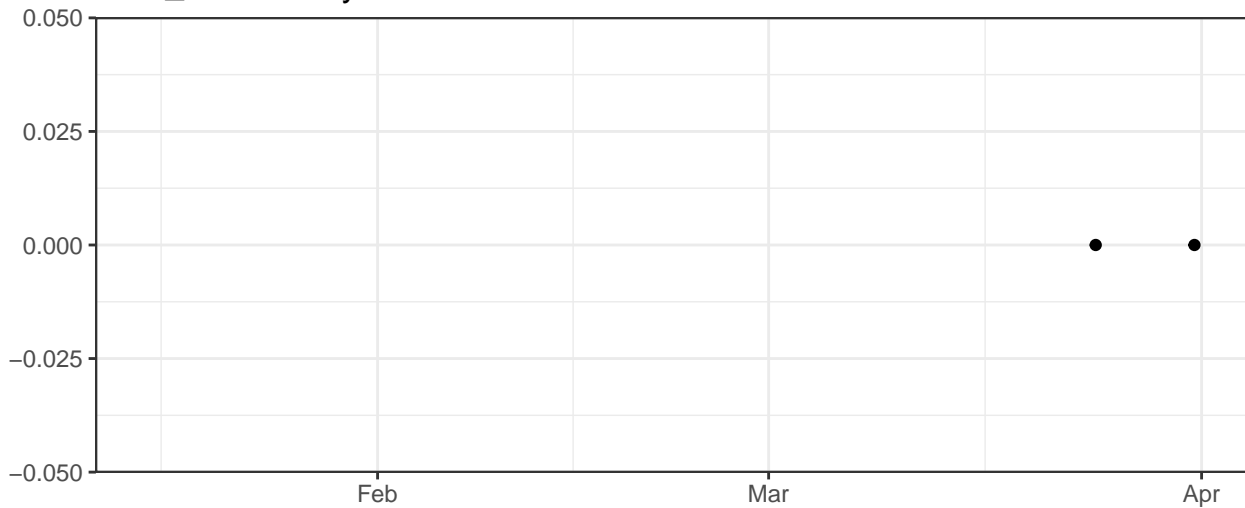
SSC-A_Gain



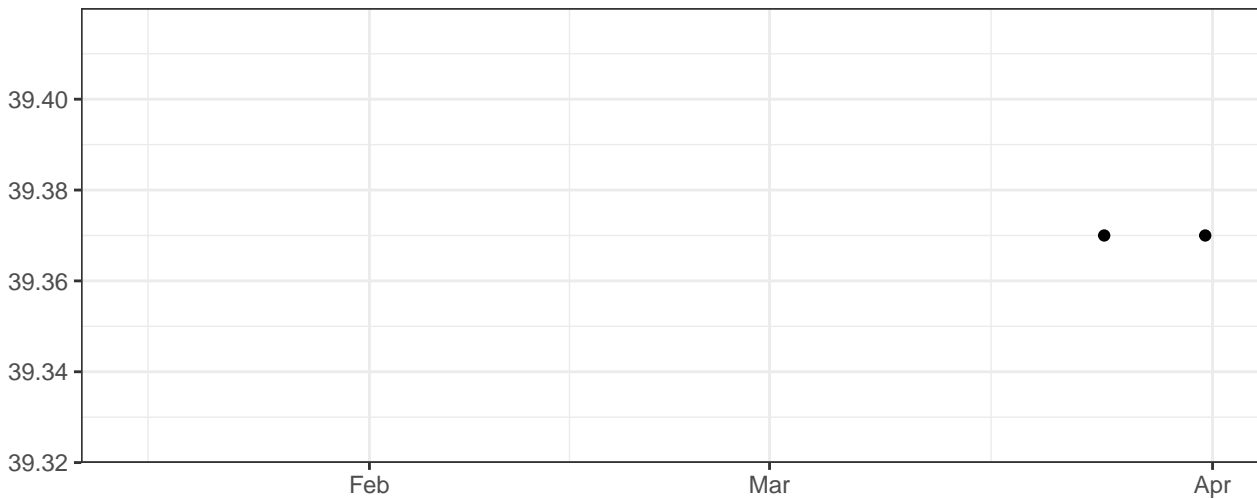
Violet_LaserDelay



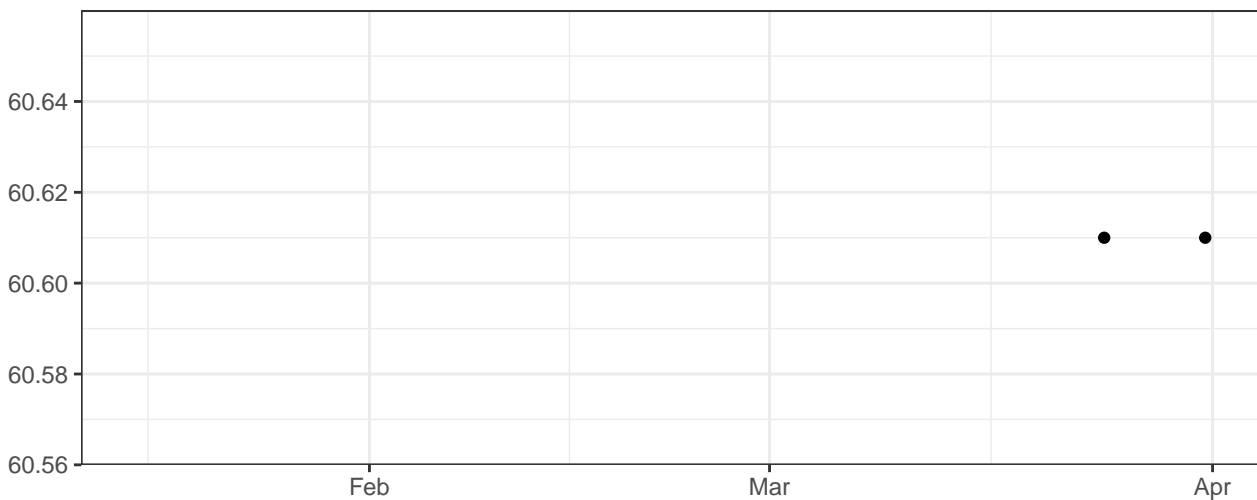
Blue_LaserDelay



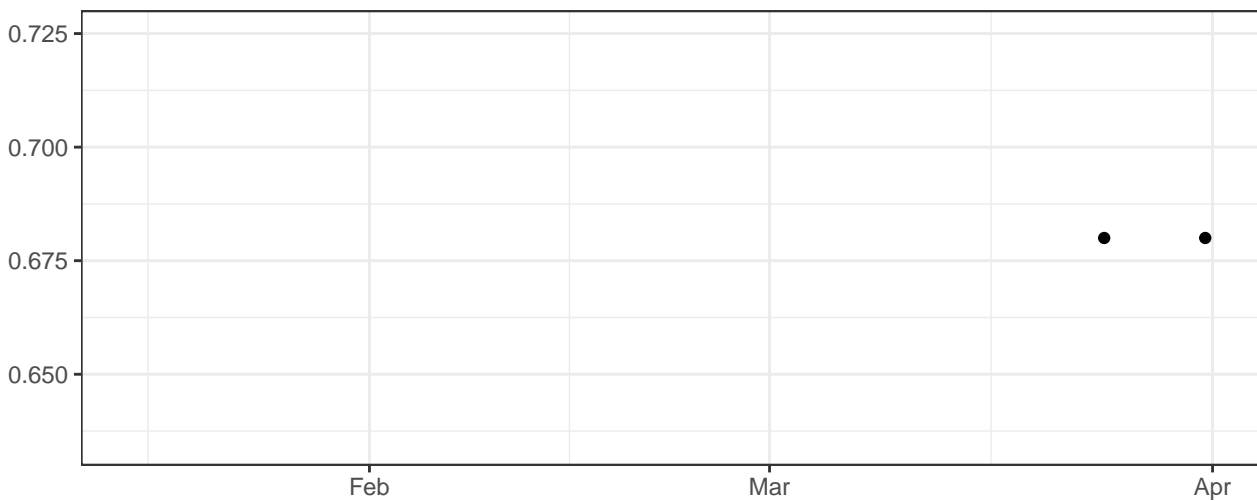
yellow green_LaserDelay



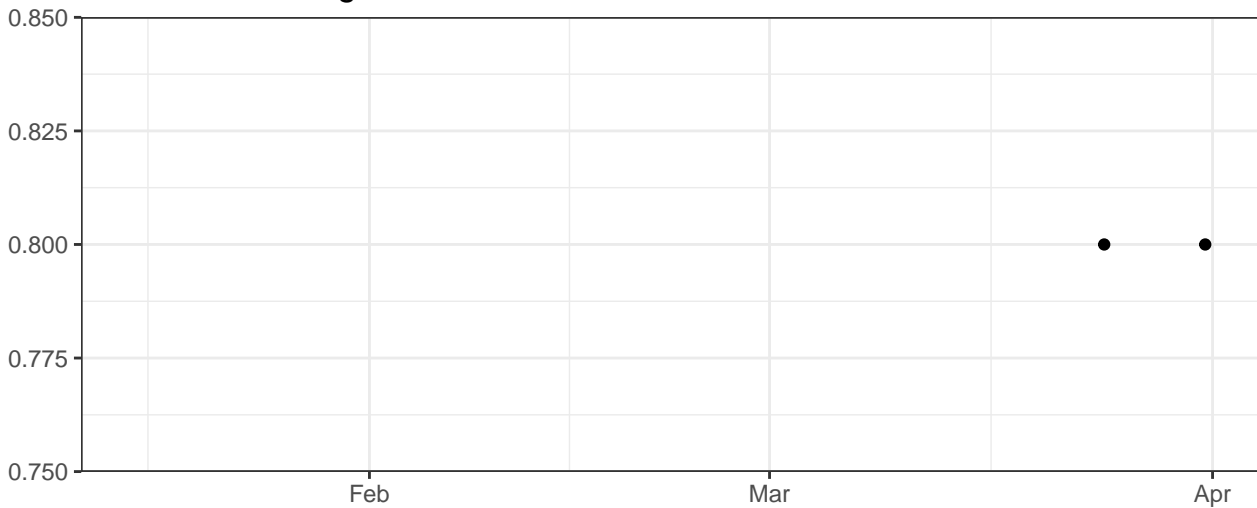
Red_LaserDelay



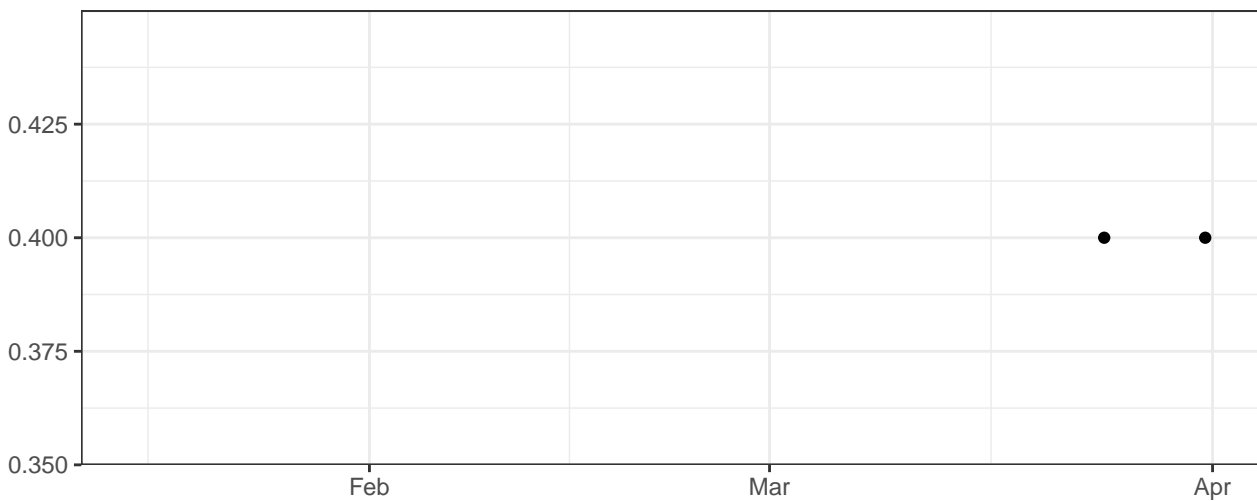
Violet_AreaScalingFactor



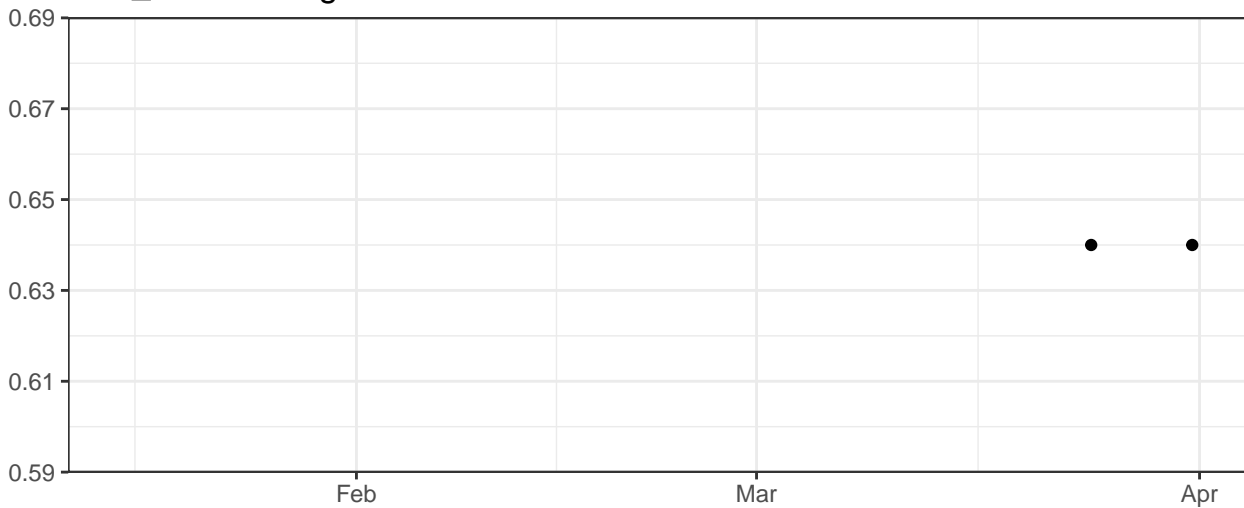
Blue_AreaScalingFactor



yellow green_AreaScalingFactor



Red_AreaScalingFactor

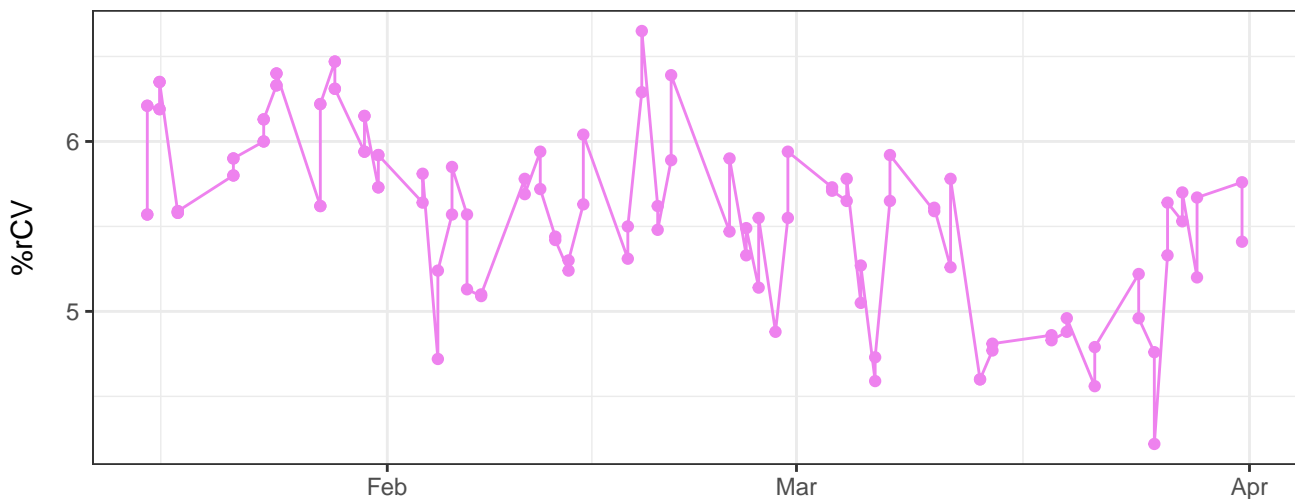


The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 1 to April 1, 2020. The y-axis represents the number of cases, ranging from 0 to 100,000. The x-axis shows the timeline with labels for February, March, and April. The data is characterized by extreme volatility, with several sharp peaks and troughs. A major peak occurs in late February, reaching nearly 100,000 cases. Another significant peak is seen in late March, also approaching 100,000 cases. The graph shows a general upward trend in cases starting in late February, followed by a period of high volatility and a final decline towards the end of the period shown.

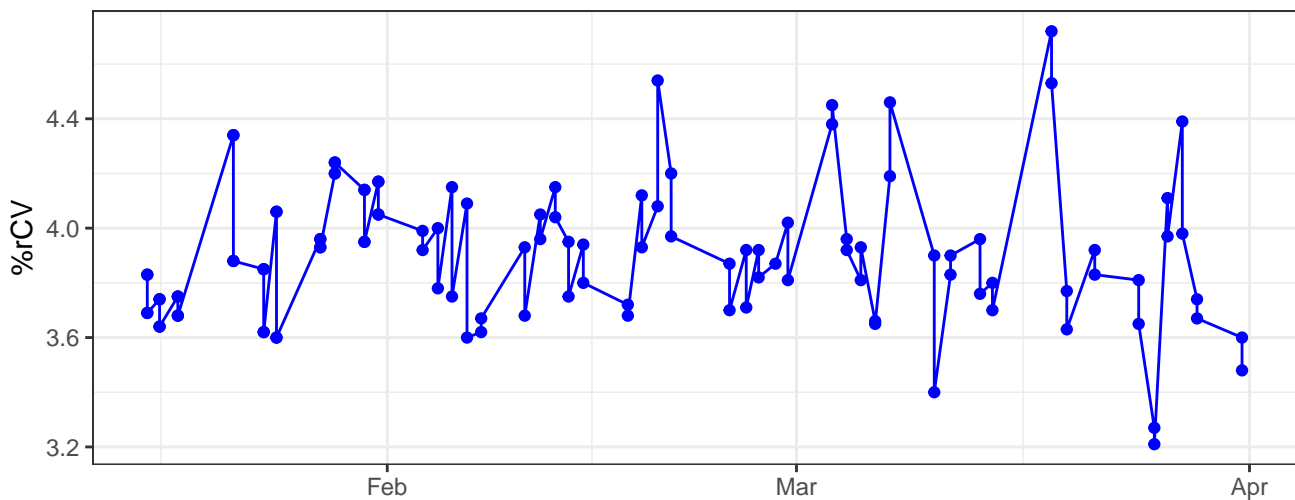
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending to 100,000. The data shows a significant peak in early February, followed by a period of high volatility with multiple smaller peaks and troughs. A notable sharp decline occurs in late March, reaching a low point around March 25th, before a slight recovery in early April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The x-axis represents time, with labels for February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a significant rise in cases starting in late January, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early February. Following this peak, the number of cases fluctuates, with a notable dip in mid-February, followed by another rise and then a general decline through March and April. The graph ends with a sharp drop in cases in early April, likely due to reporting changes or a temporary halt in data collection.

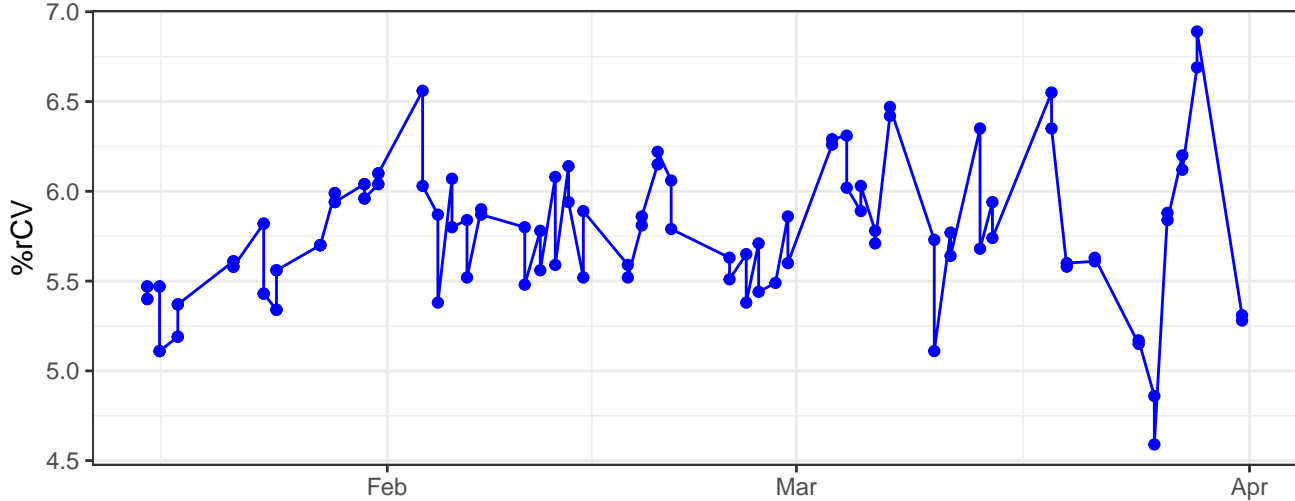
V670-A-% rCV



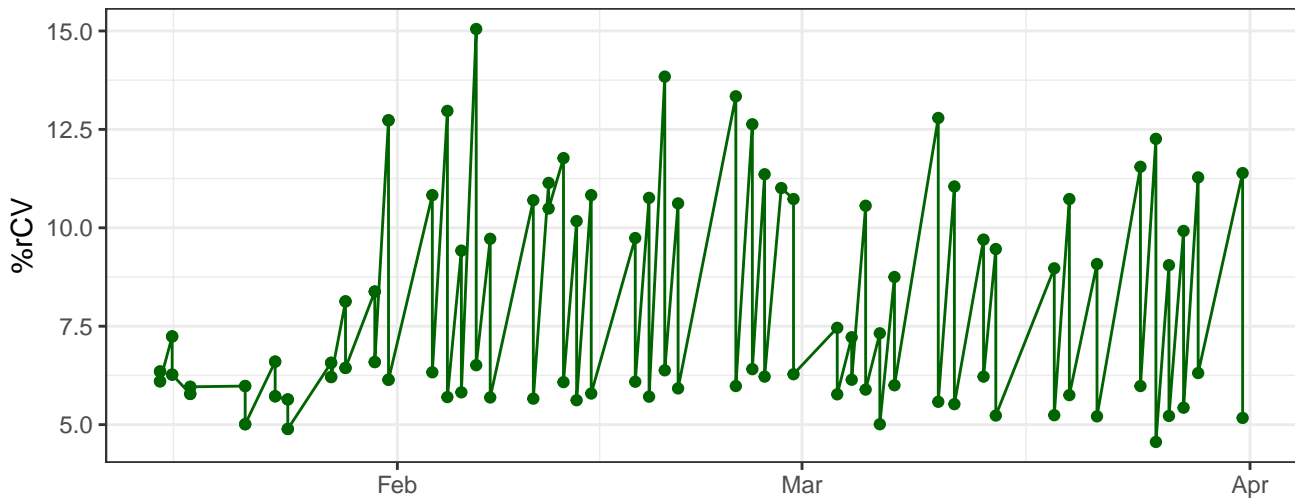
B530-A-% rCV



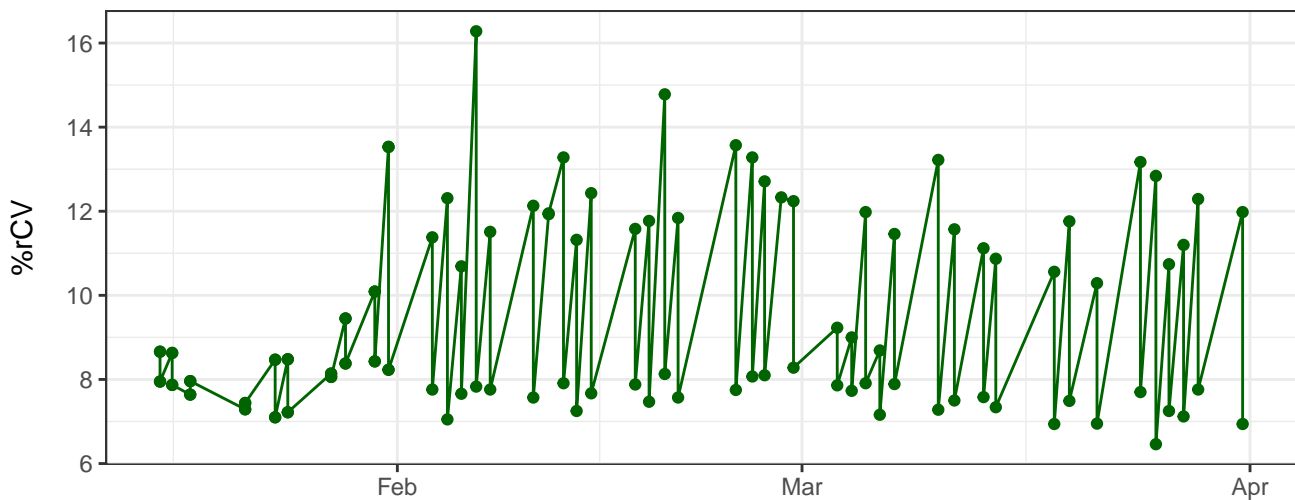
B710-A-% rCV



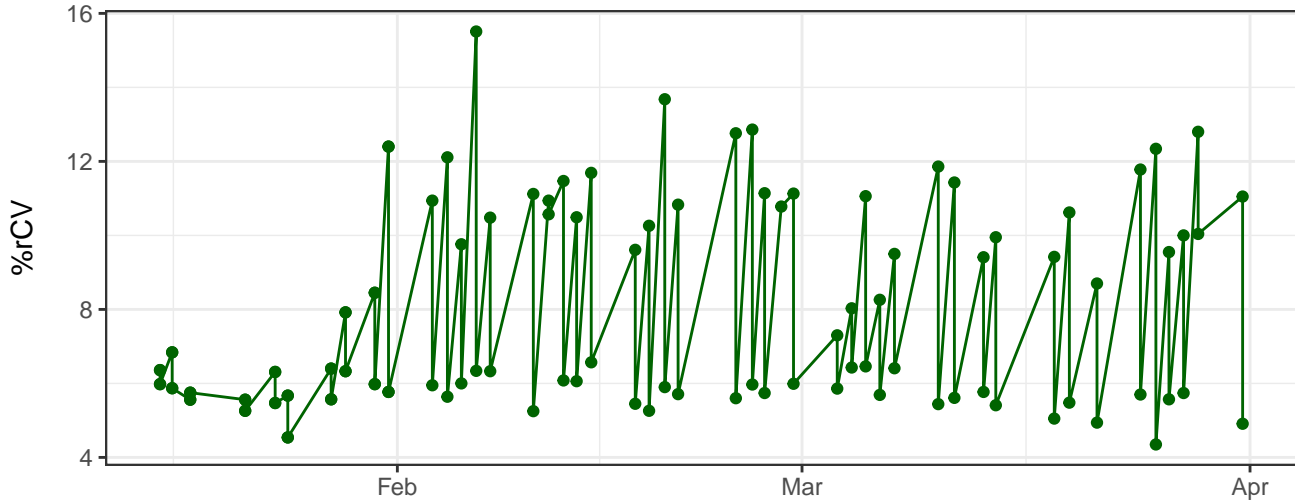
Y590-A-% rCV



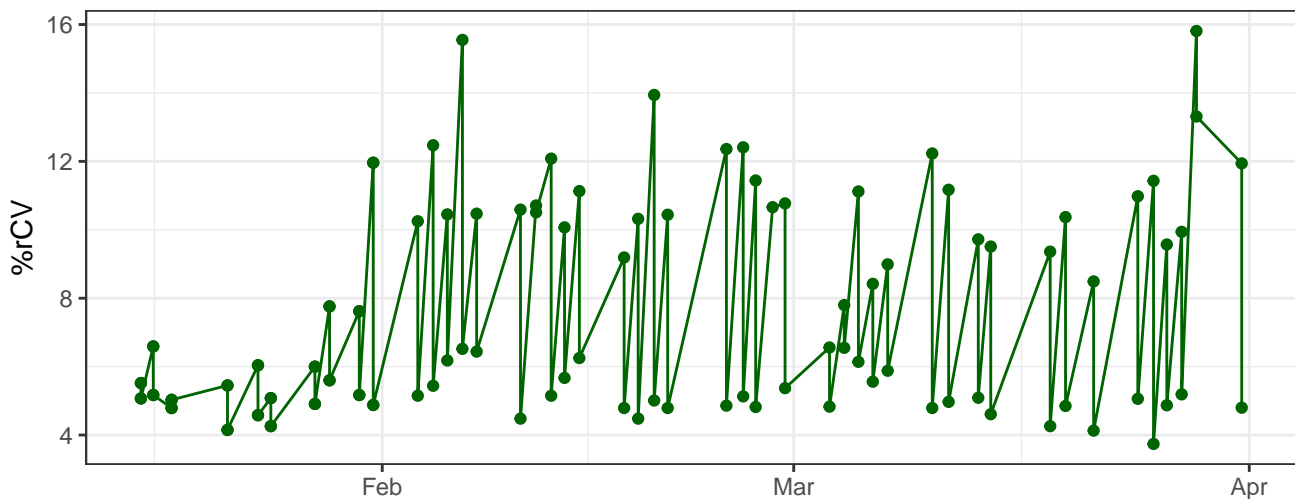
Y615-A-% rCV



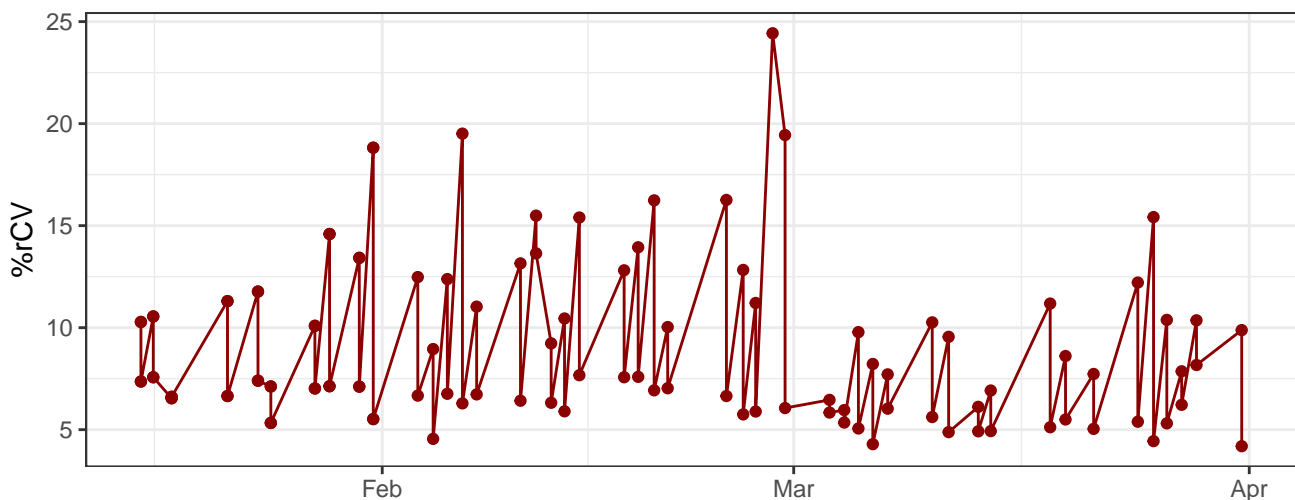
Y710-A-% rCV



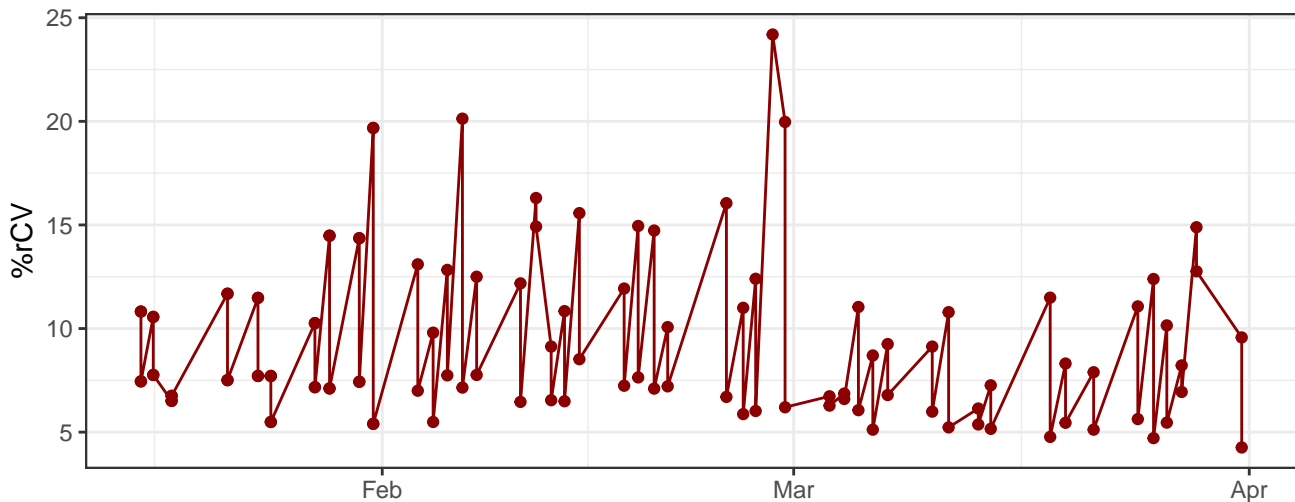
Y780-A-% rCV



R670-A-% rCV



R730-A-% rCV

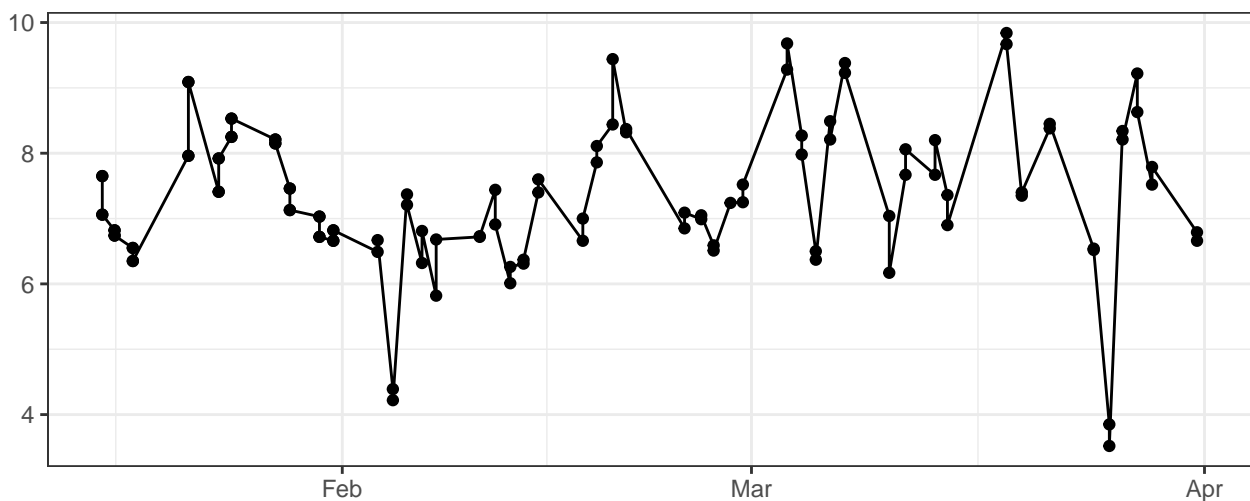


The graph displays the percentage of relative coefficient of variation (%rCV) over a period from January to April. The y-axis is labeled '%rCV' and ranges from 5 to 20. The x-axis shows months: Feb, Mar, and Apr. The data is highly volatile, with several sharp peaks. Notable peaks occur around February 1st (approx. 18.5), February 10th (approx. 19), February 25th (approx. 23.5), and March 1st (approx. 20.5). There are also several troughs where the value drops to around 5 or below.

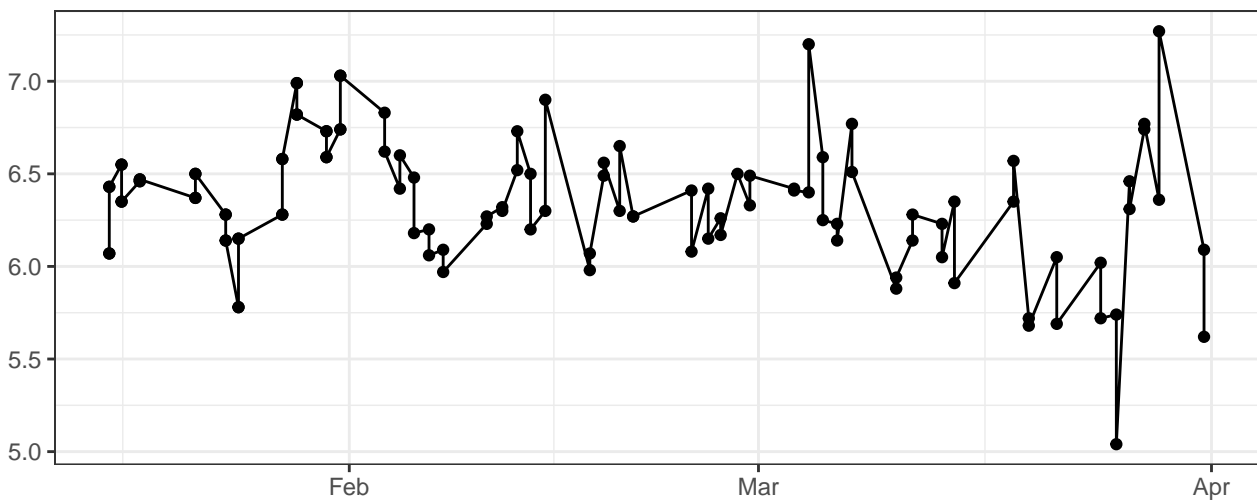
The graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the Netherlands from January 1, 2020, to April 1, 2020. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with major grid lines at 4, 6, and 8. The x-axis shows the months of Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The data is represented by a black line with circular markers at each data point. The graph shows a highly volatile trend with multiple peaks and troughs, indicating significant fluctuations in daily case counts. Notable peaks occur in late January, early March, and late March, while significant troughs are seen in early February and late March.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 1, 2020, to April 1, 2020. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 1.4 to 2.4. The x-axis is labeled 'Date' and shows the months of Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The data is represented by a black line with circular markers at each data point. The graph shows a highly volatile trend with significant daily fluctuations. Key features include a major peak in early February reaching approximately 2.3, a sharp decline in late March to around 1.4, and a subsequent rise in April back towards 2.2.

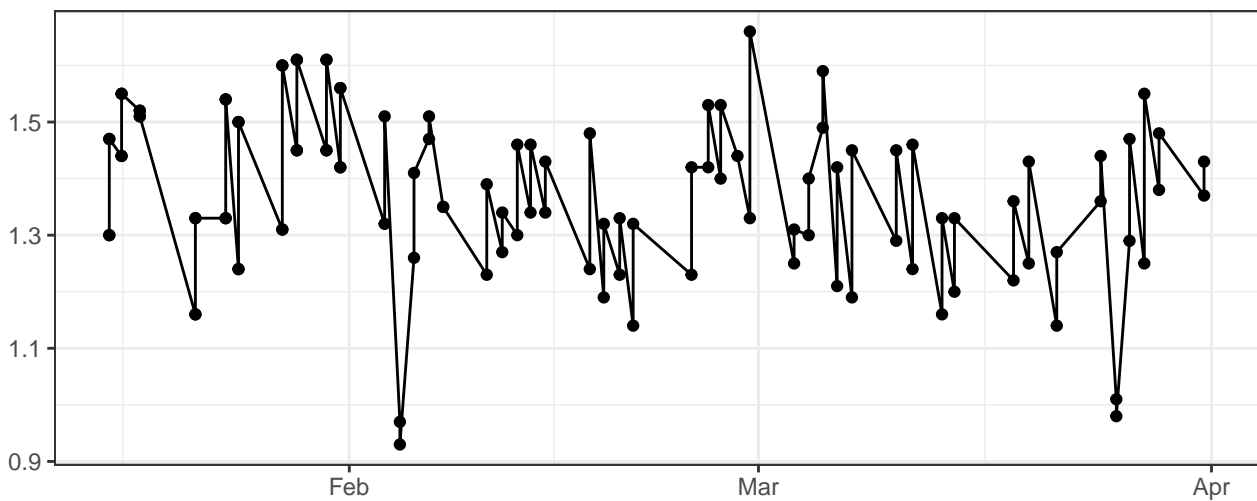
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

