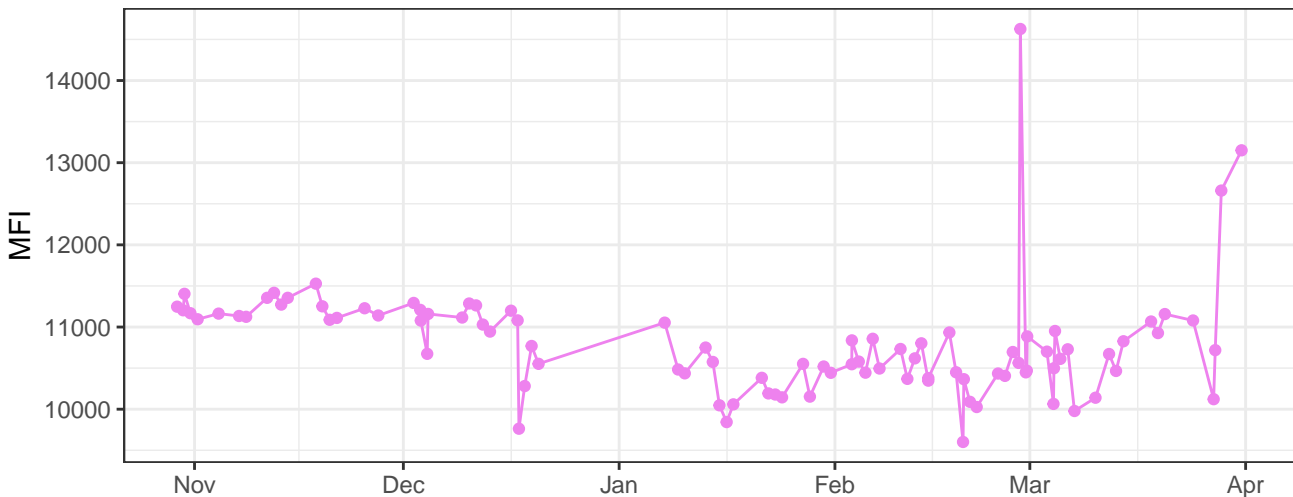
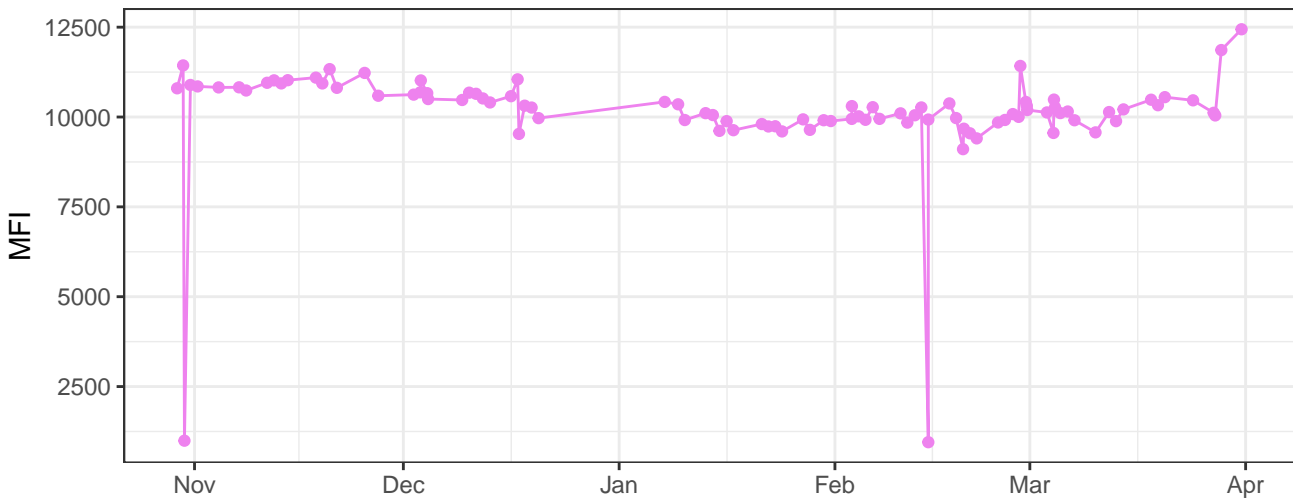


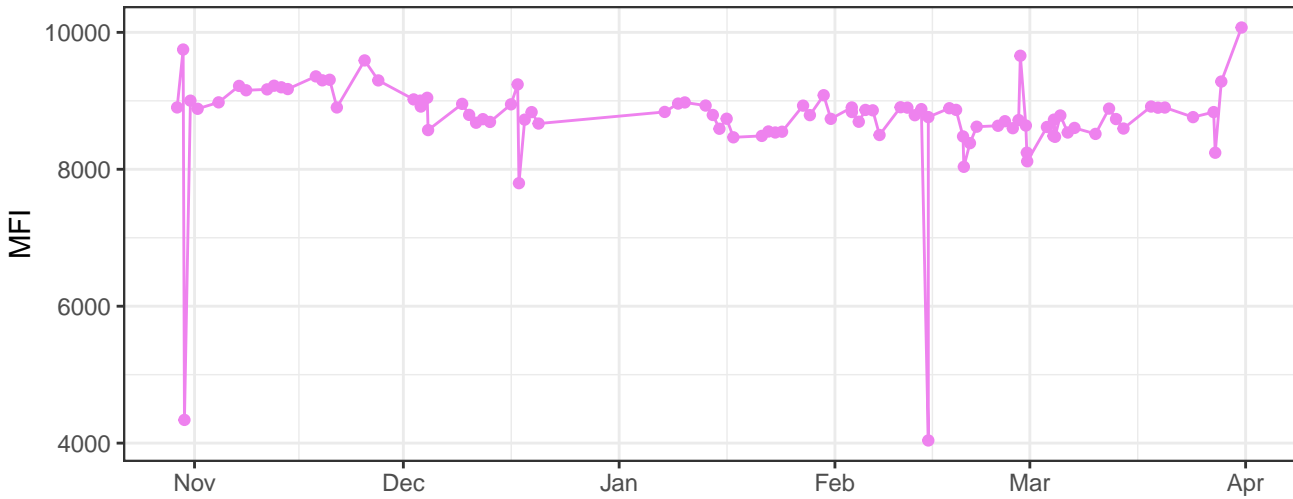
V450-A



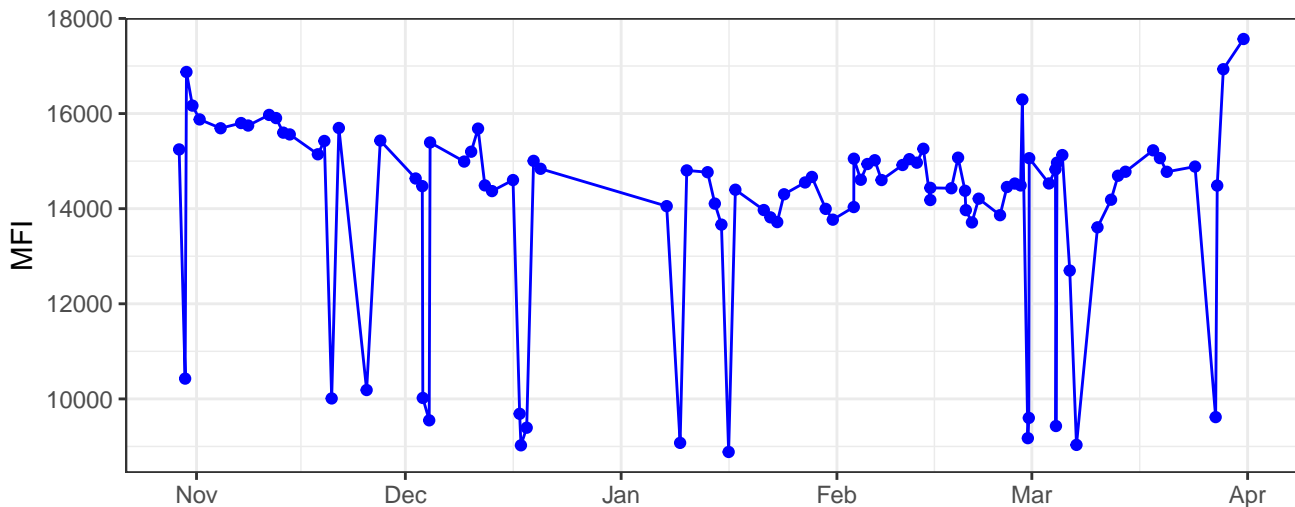
V530-A



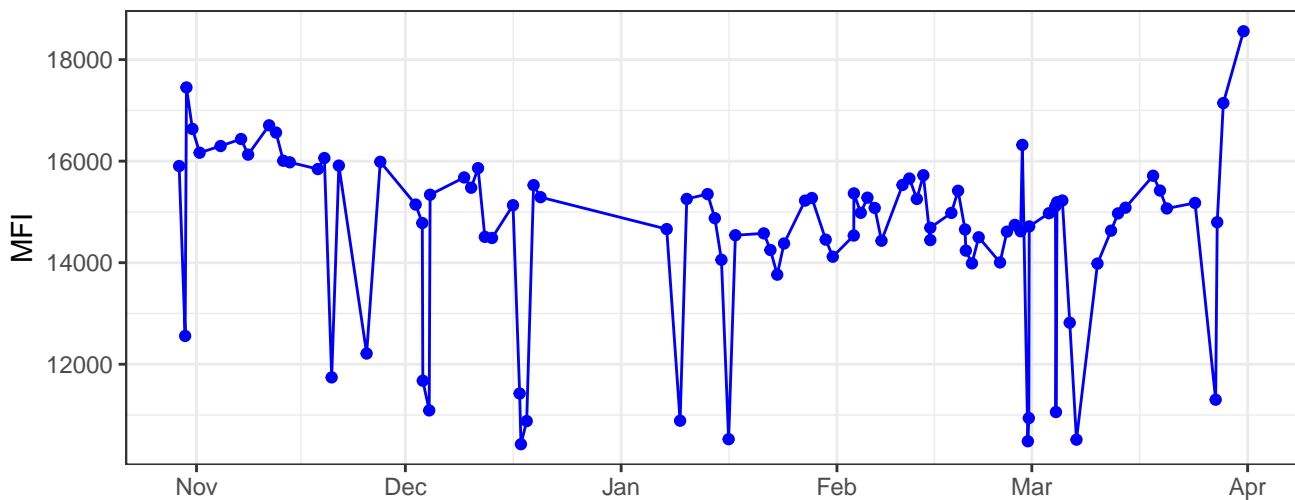
V710-A



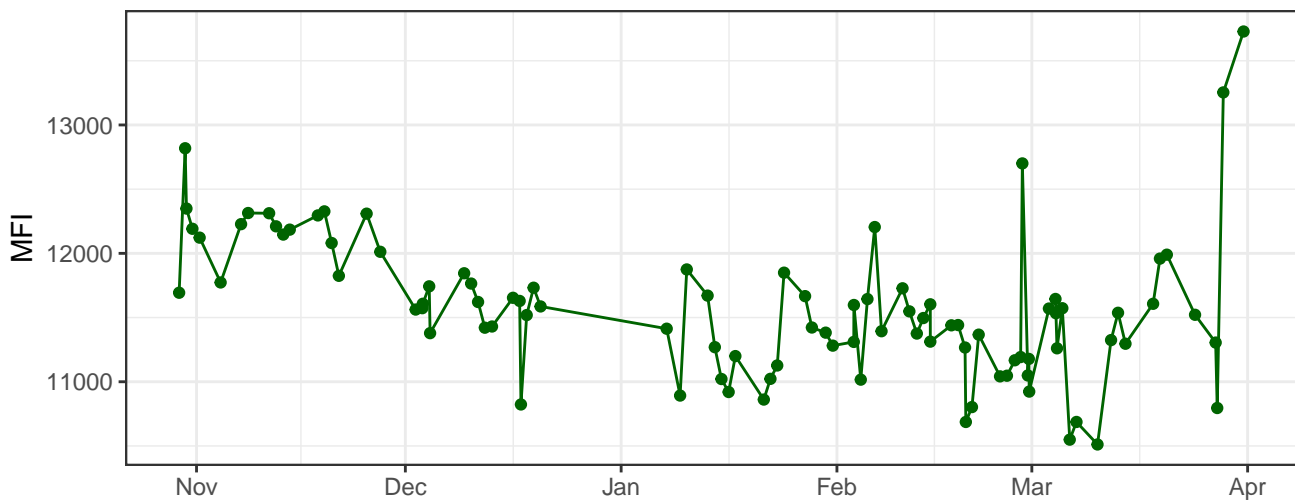
B530-A



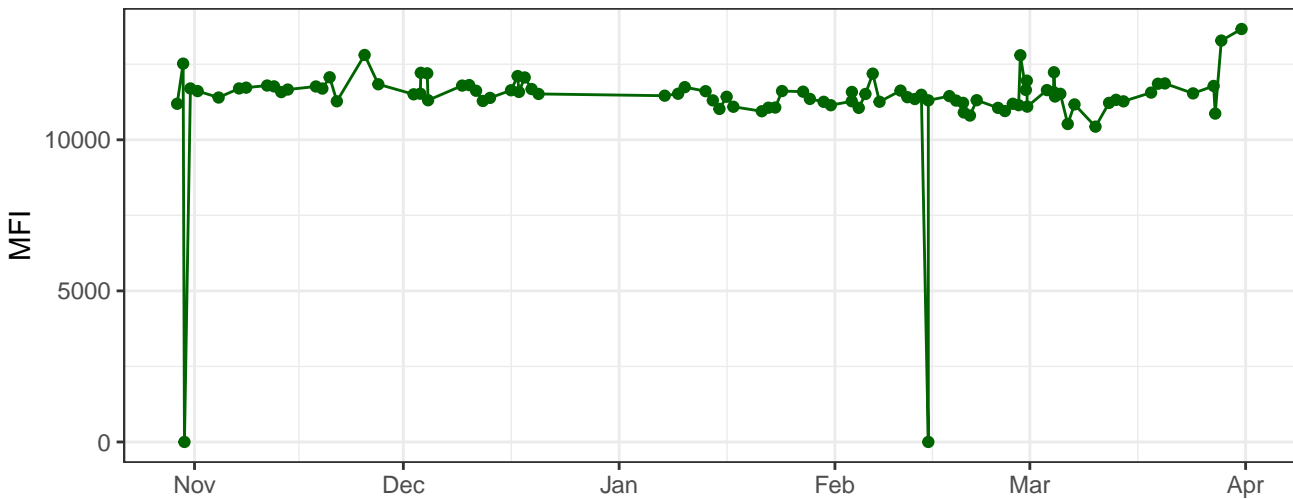
B695-A



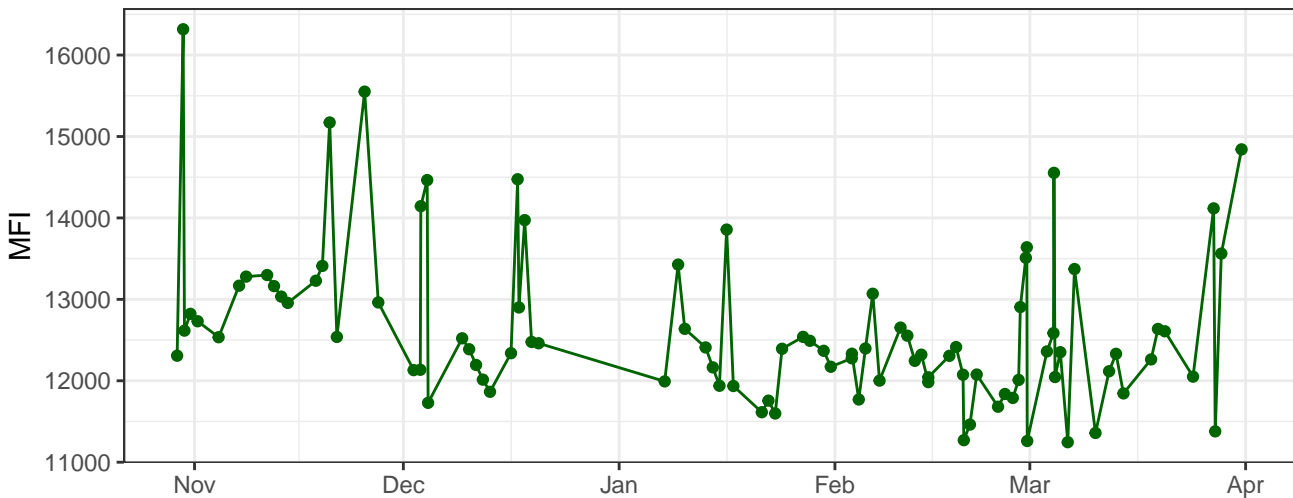
Y590-A



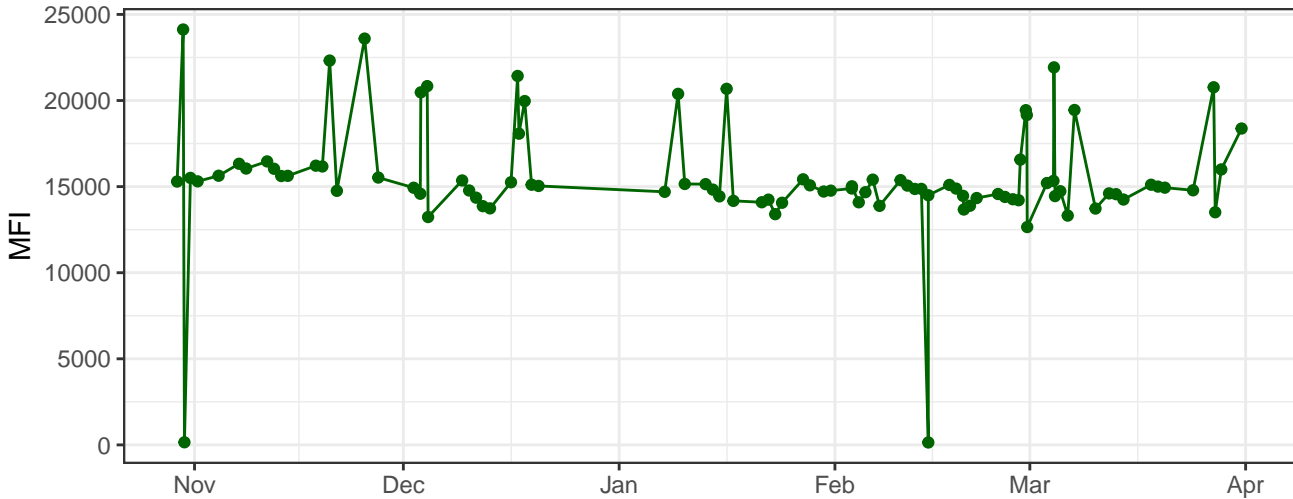
Y610-A



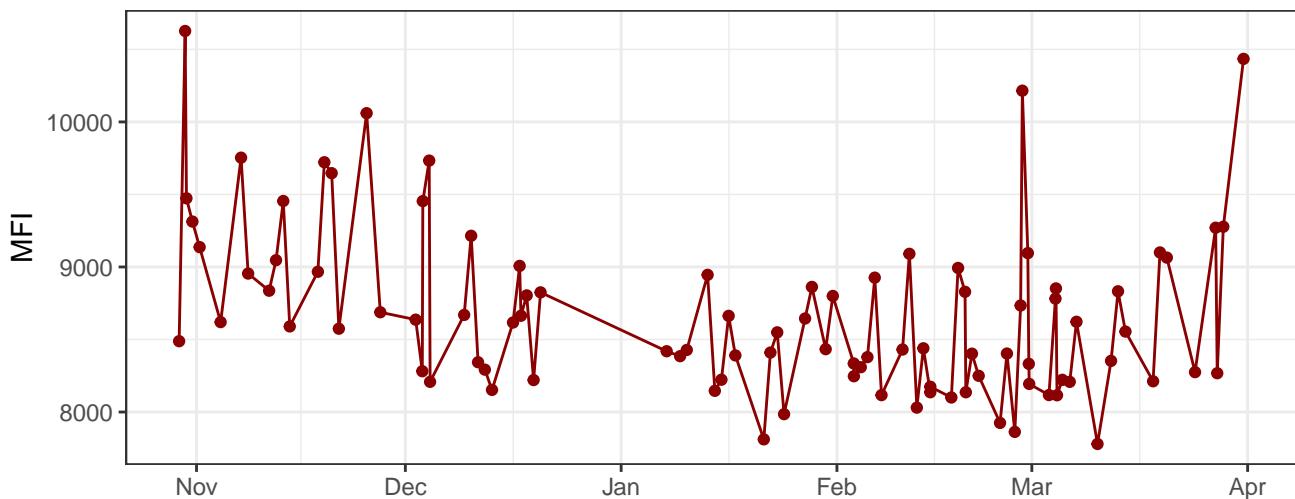
Y670-A



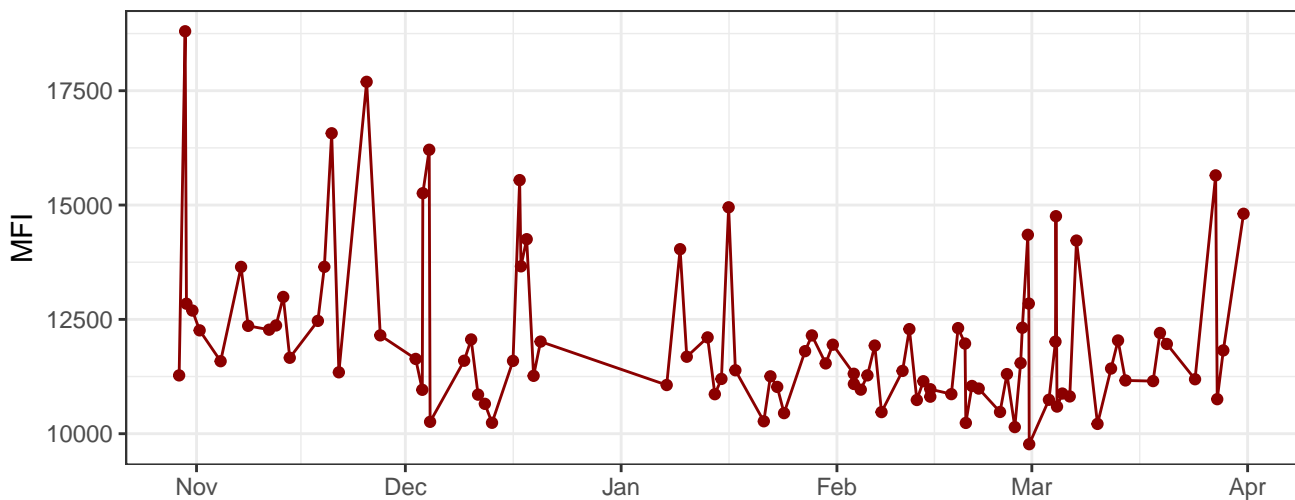
Y780-A



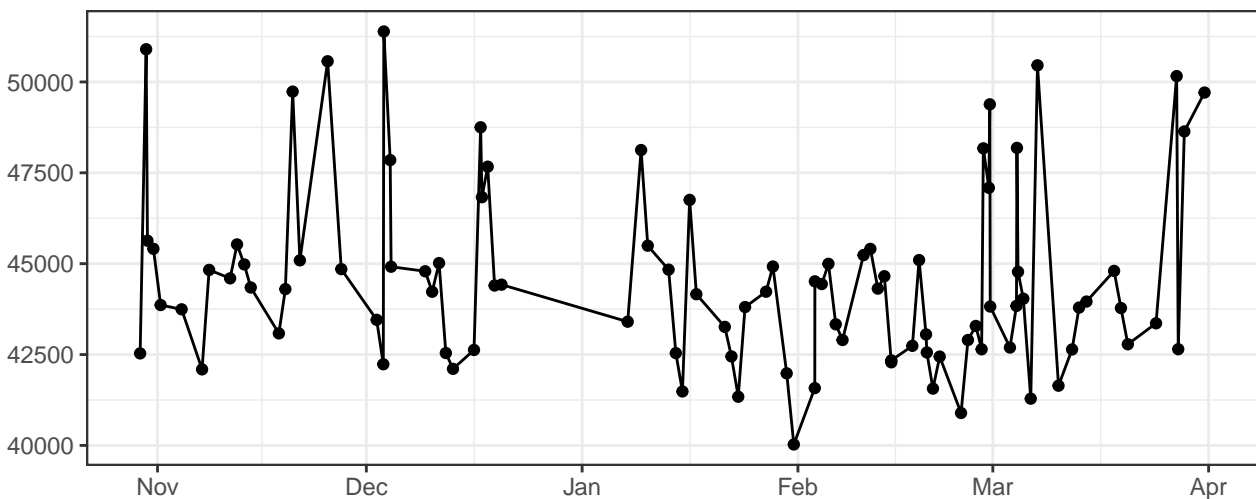
# R660-A



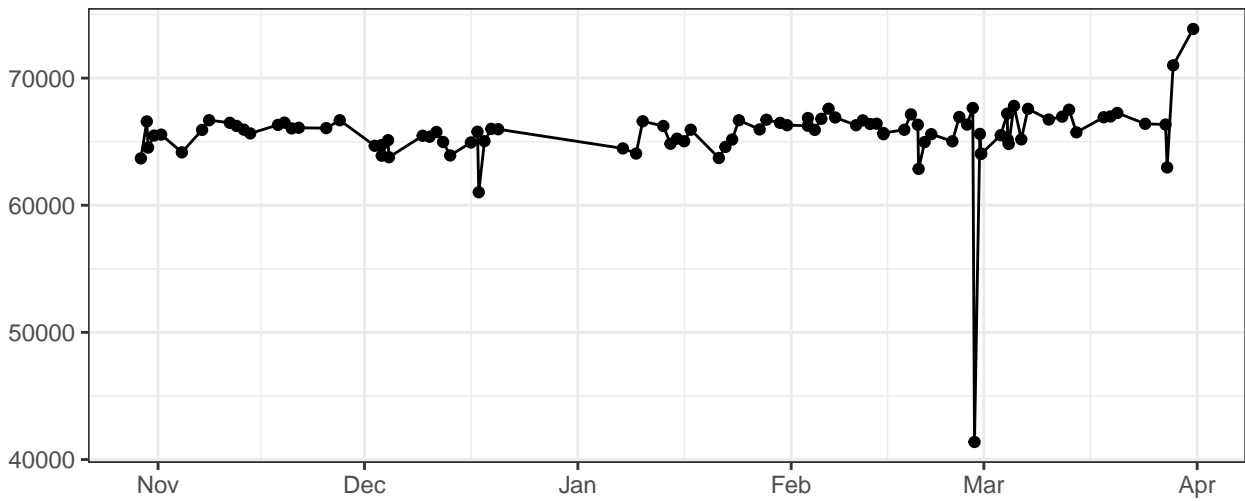
# R780-A



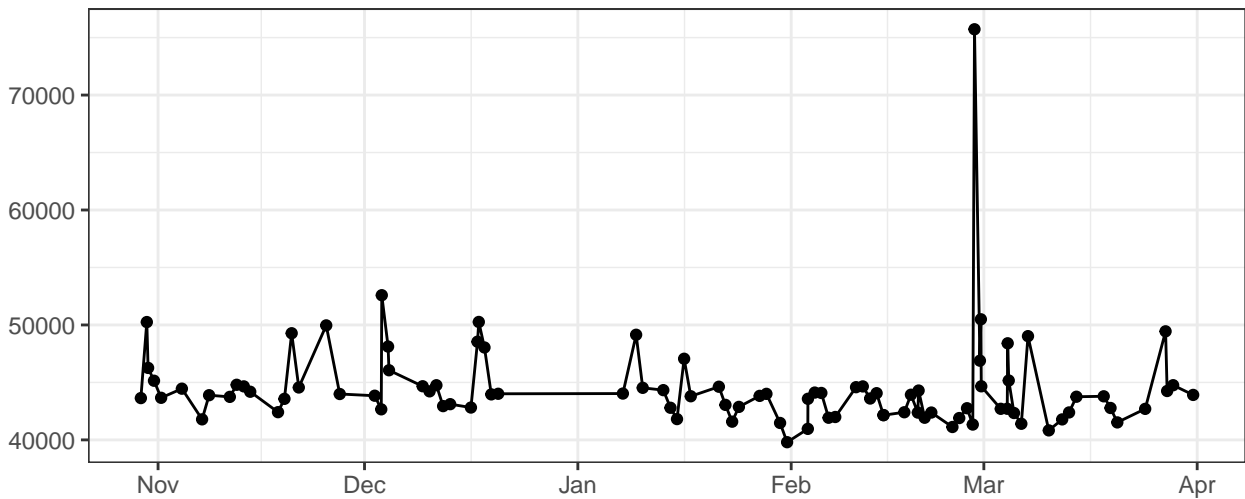
# FSC-A



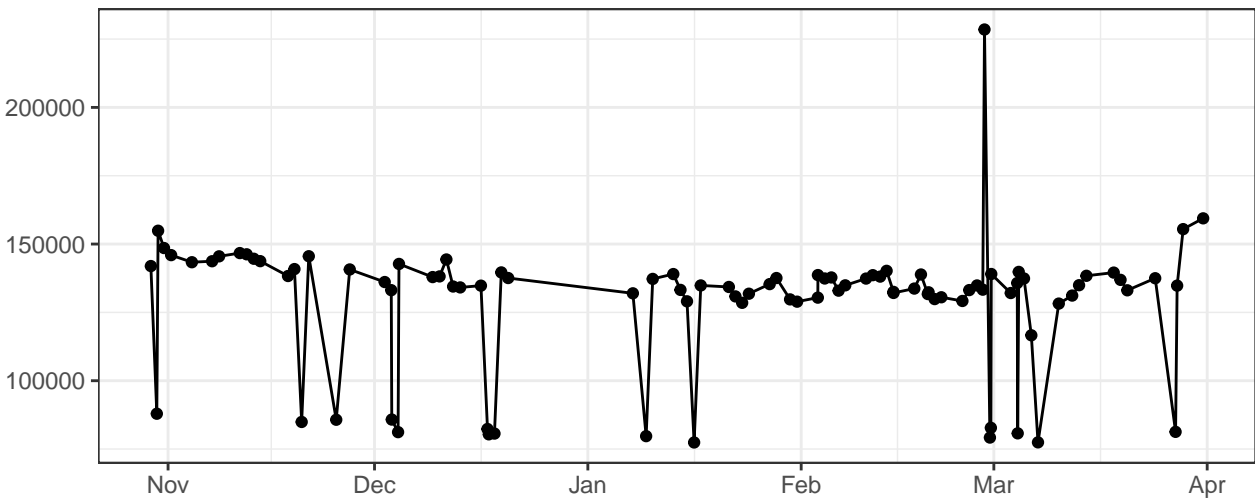
### FSC-H



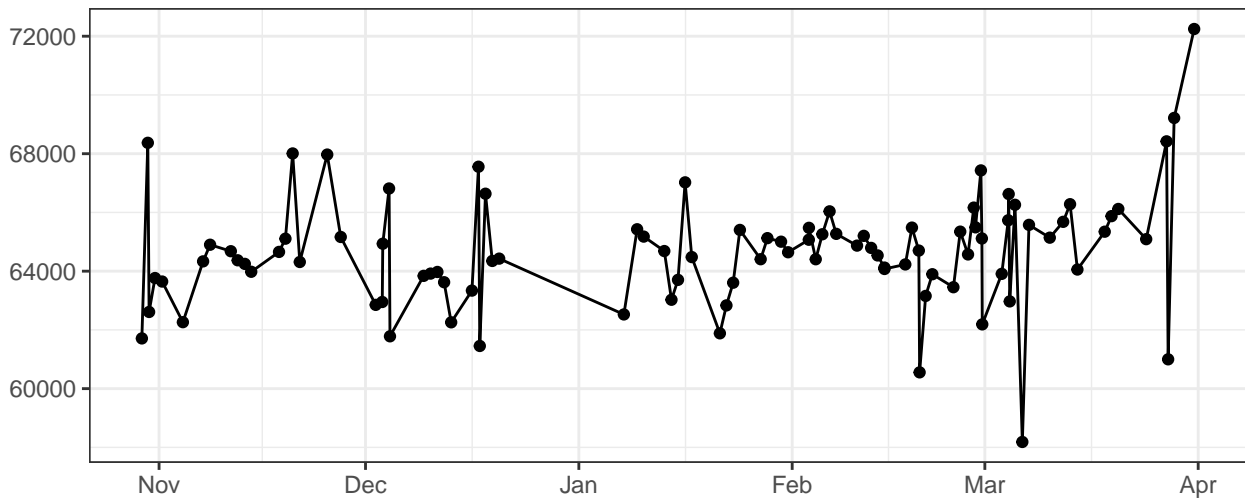
### FSC-W



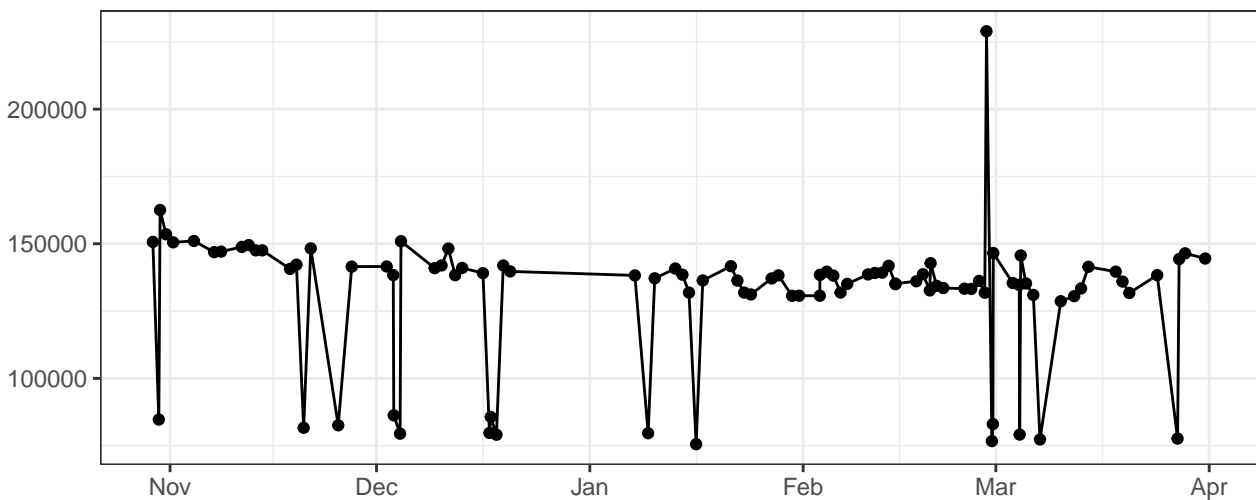
### SSC-A



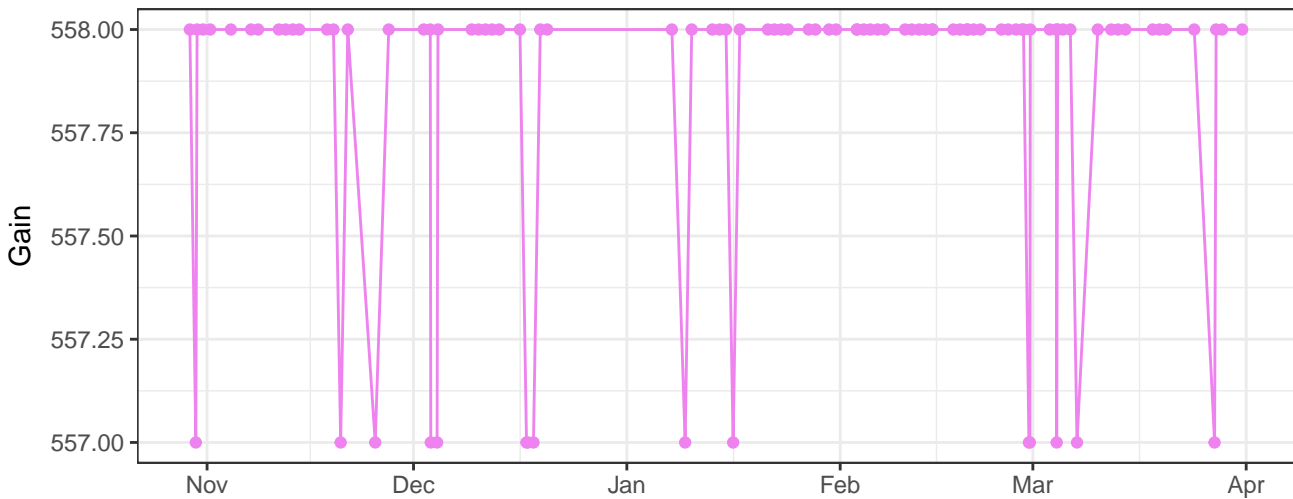
SSC-H



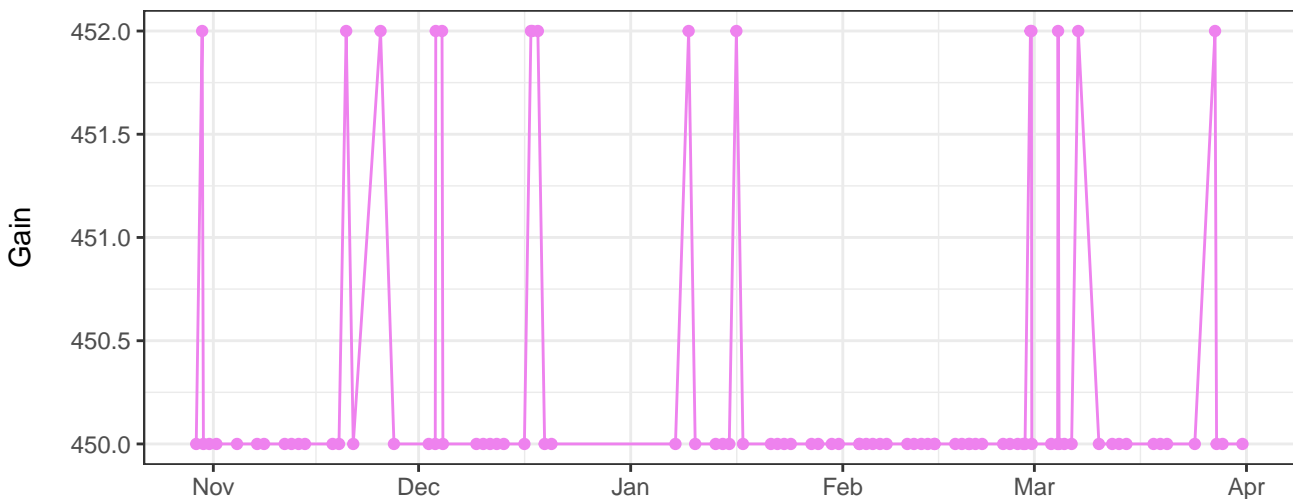
SSC-W



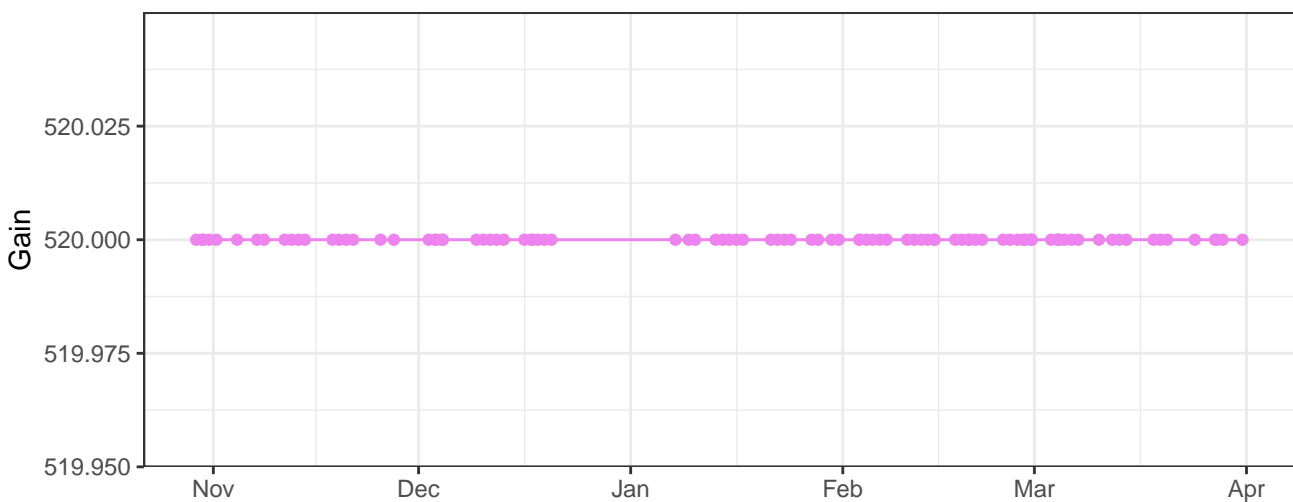
V450-A\_Gain



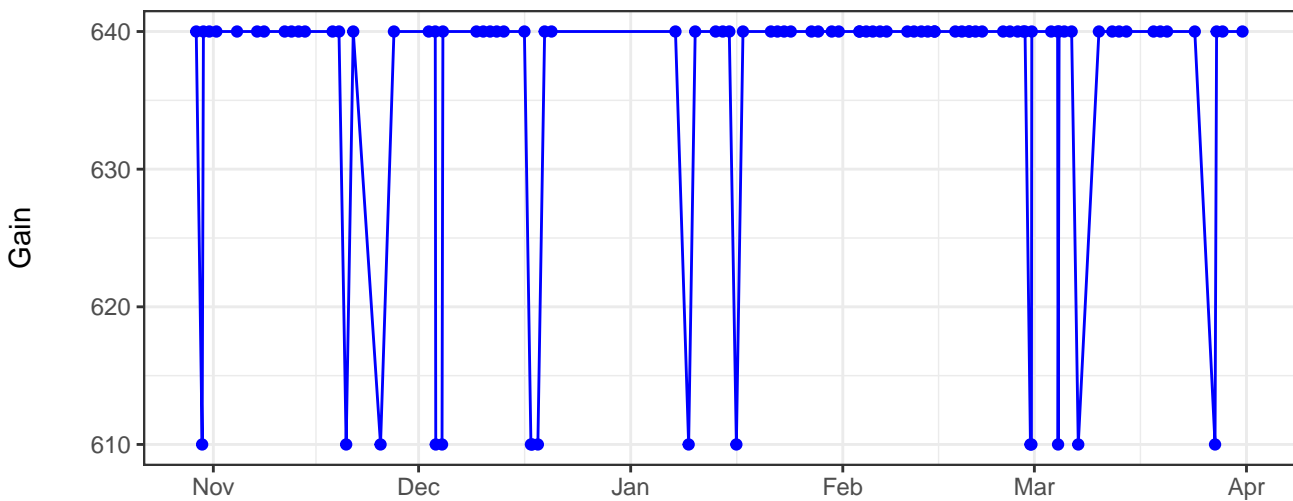
### V530-A\_Gain



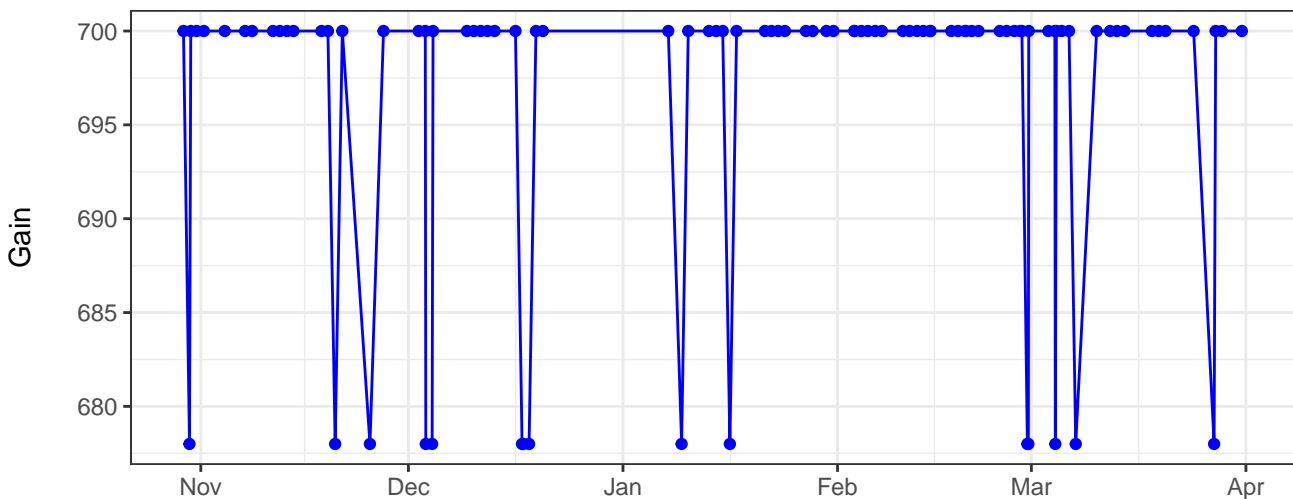
### V710-A\_Gain



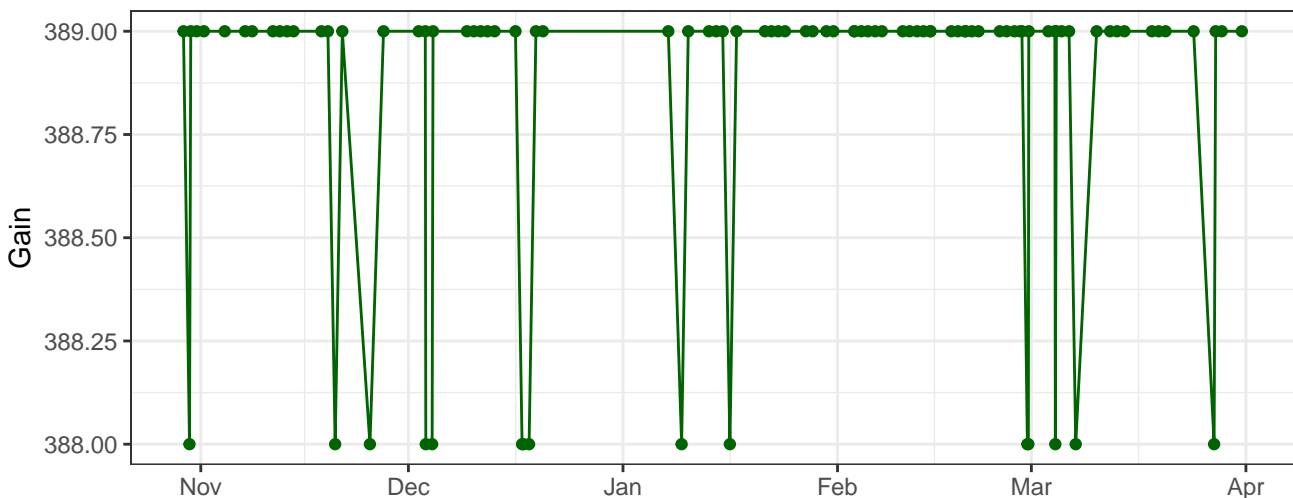
### B530-A\_Gain



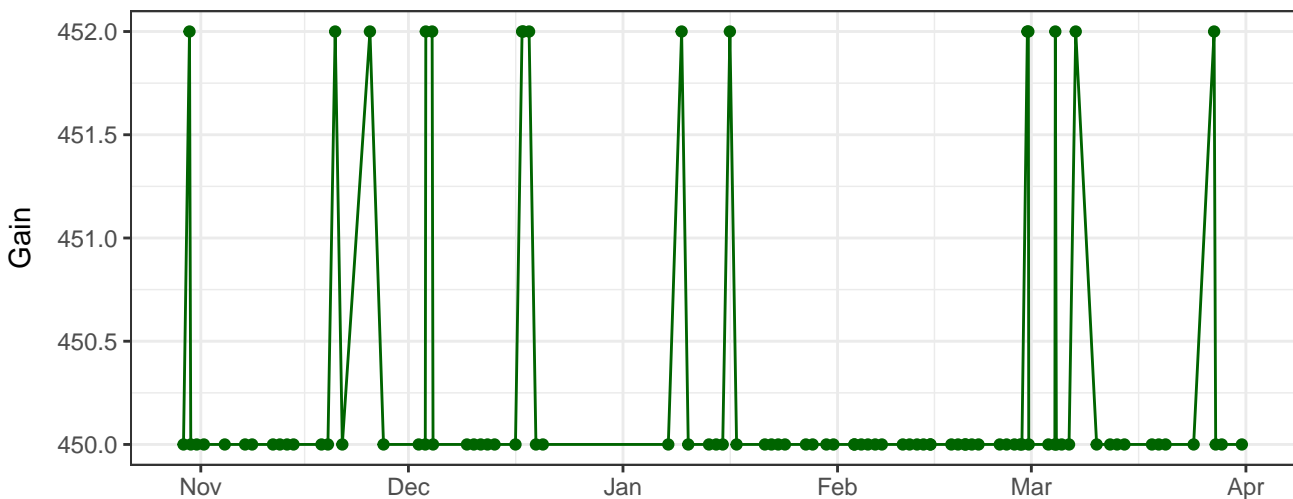
# B695-A\_Gain



# Y590-A\_Gain

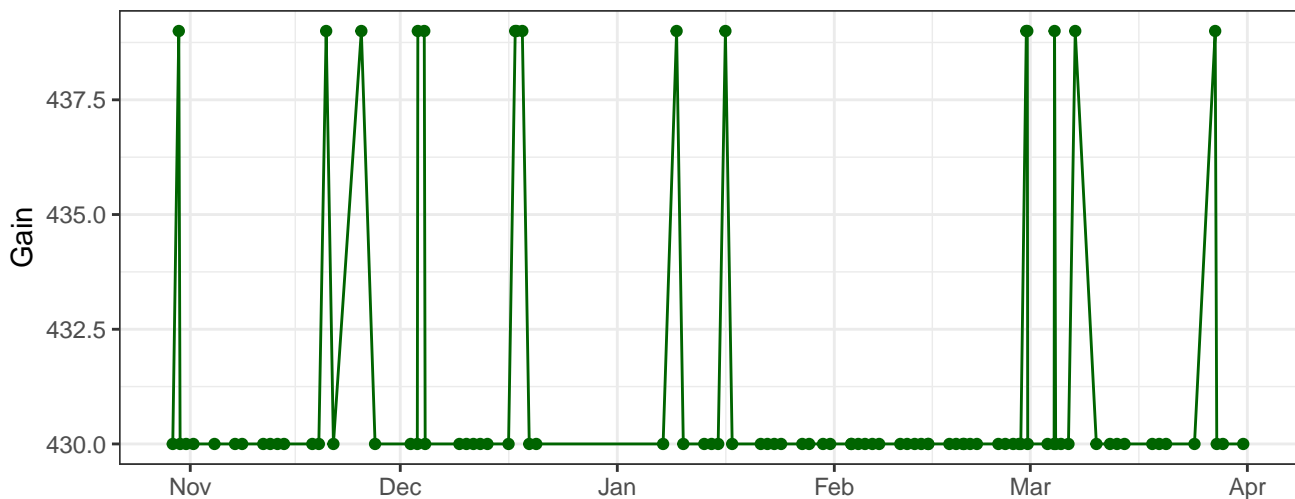


# Y610-A\_Gain

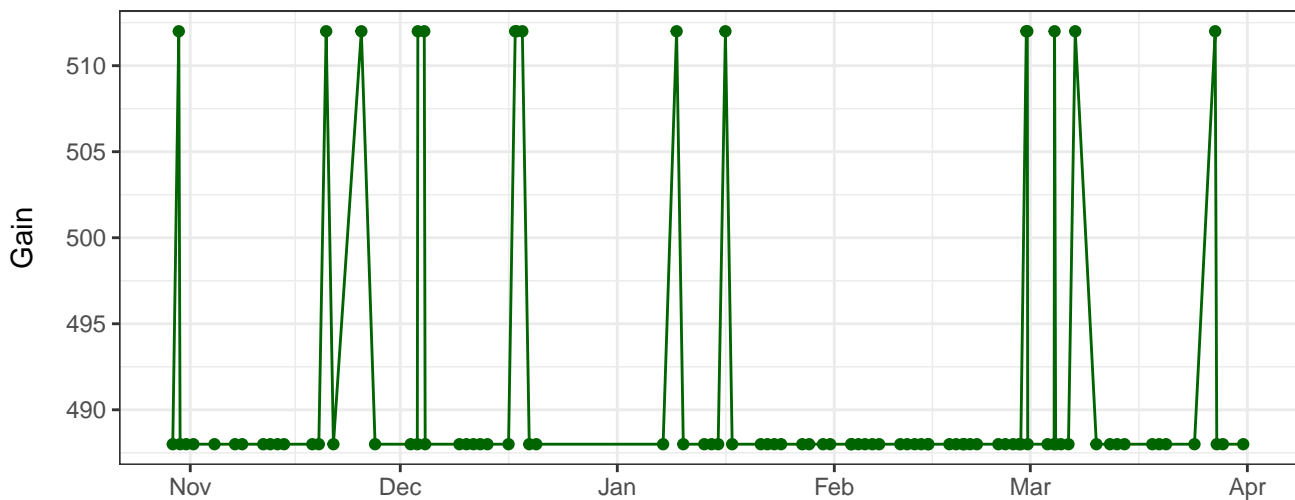




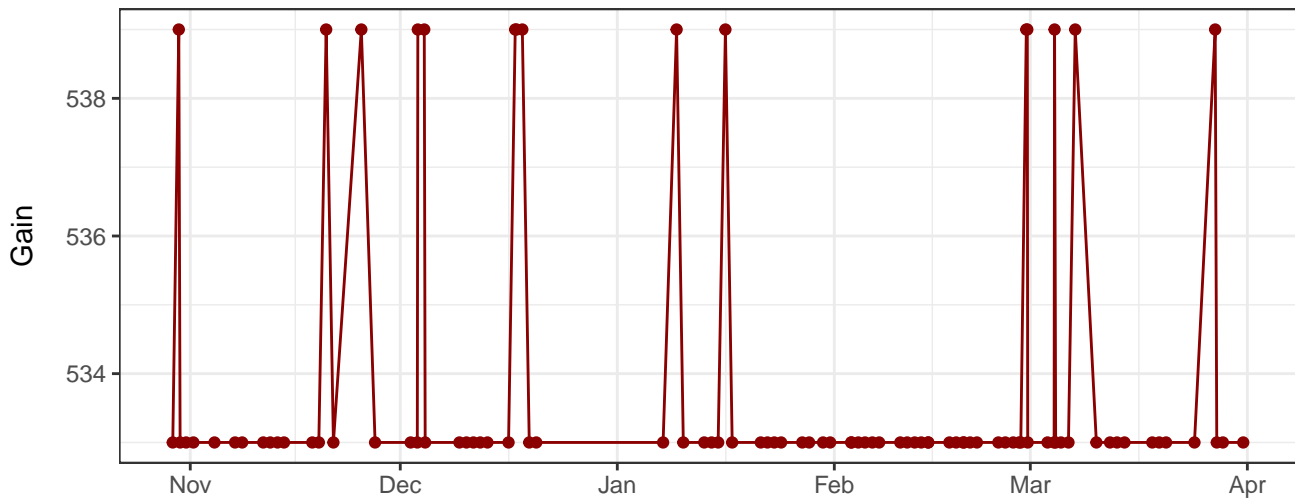
Y670-A\_Gain



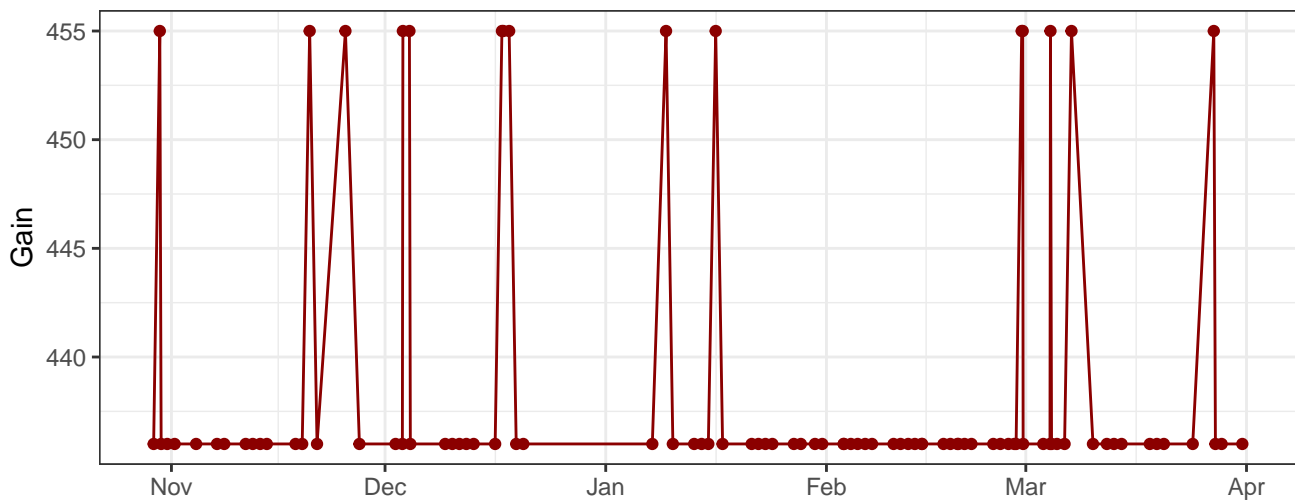
Y780-A\_Gain



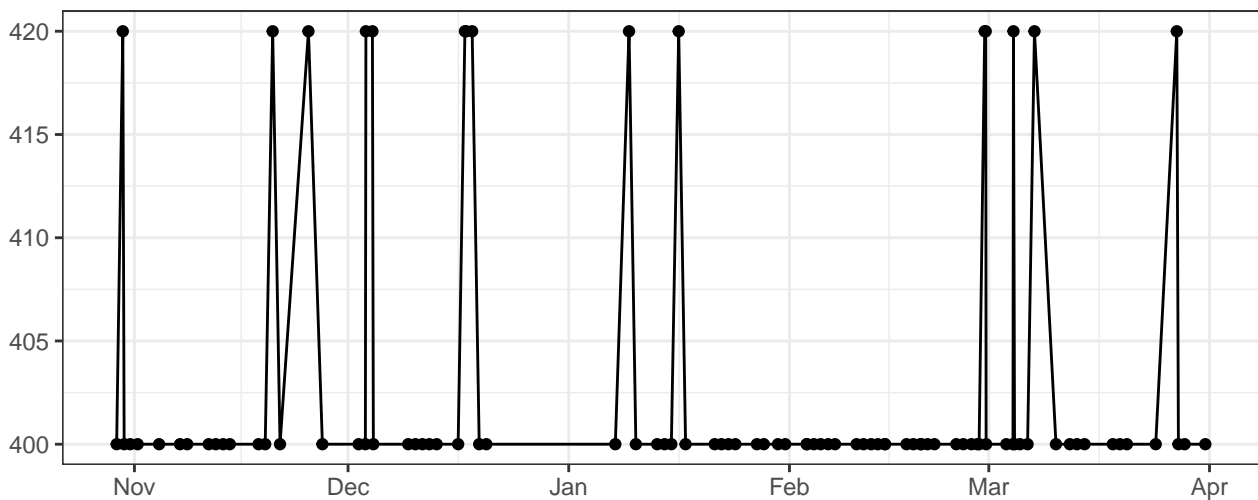
R660-A\_Gain



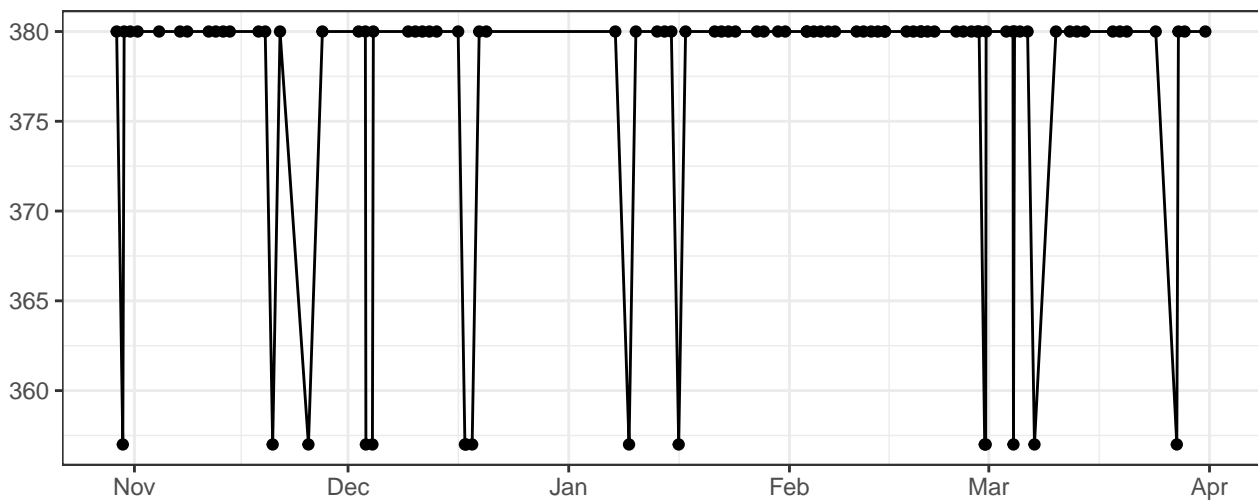
# R780-A\_Gain



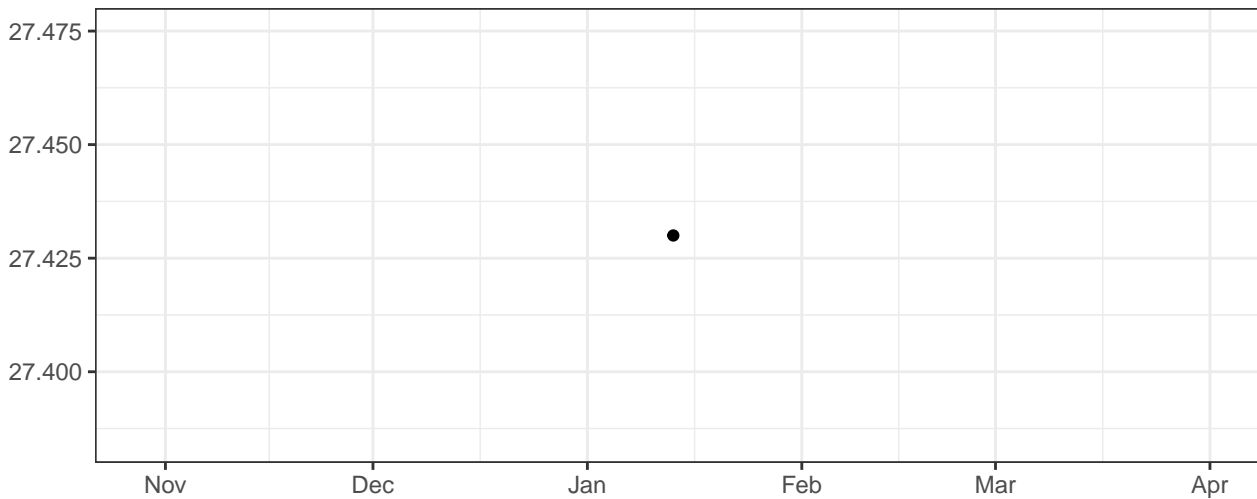
# FSC-A\_Gain



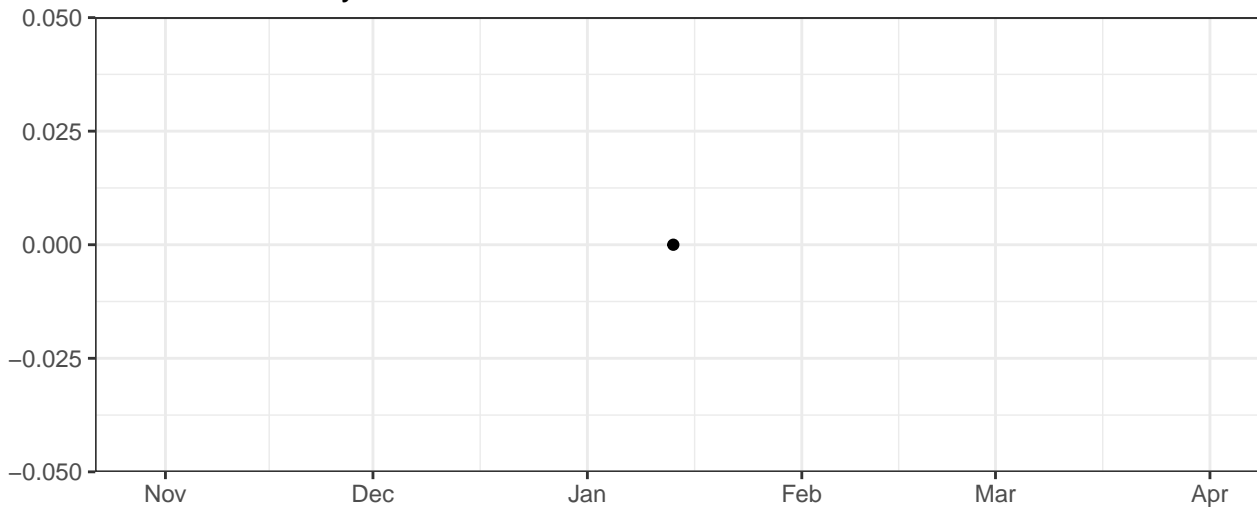
# SSC-A\_Gain



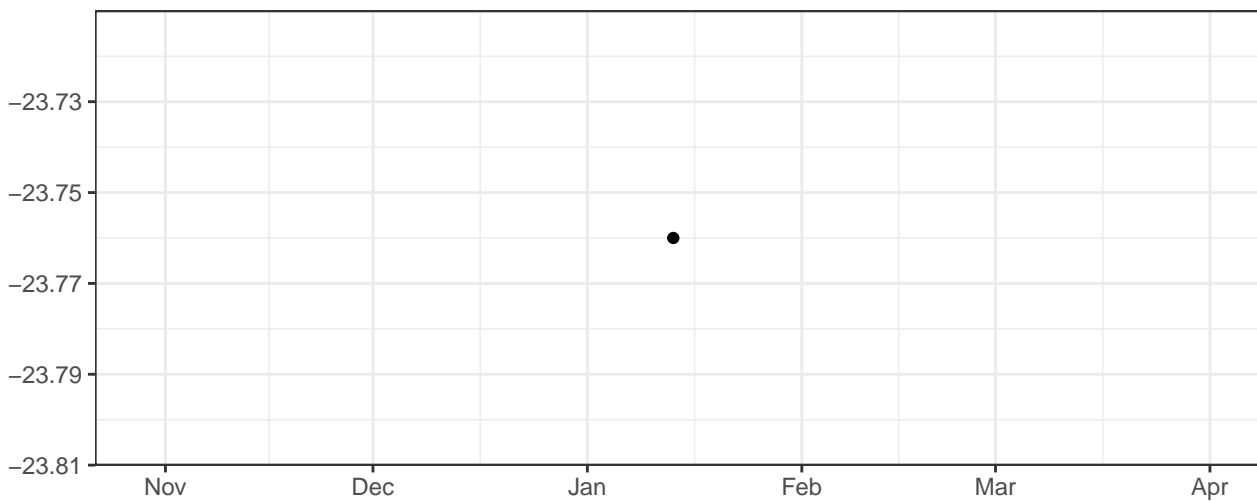
Violet\_LaserDelay



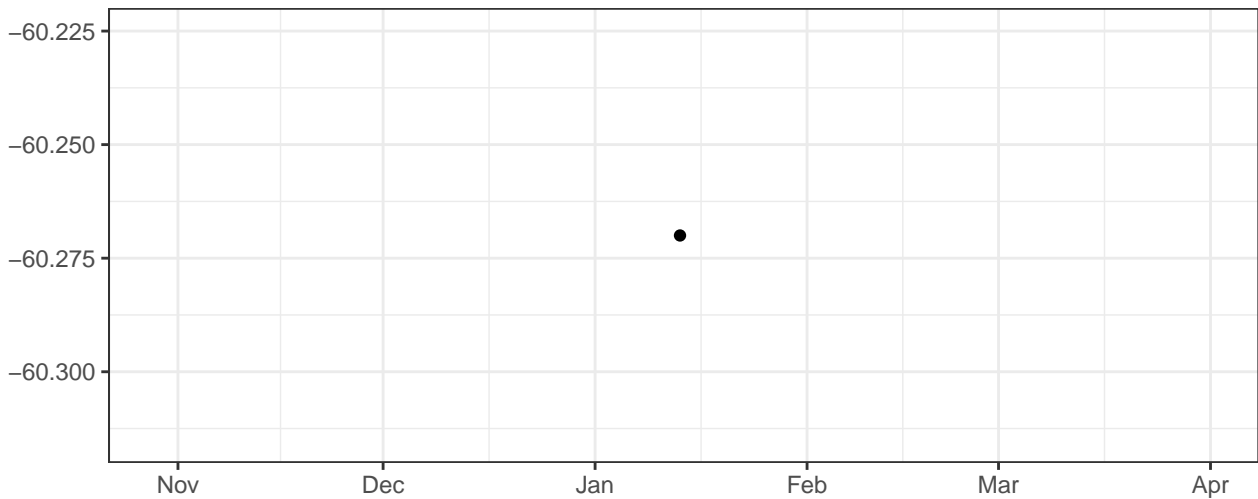
Blue\_LaserDelay



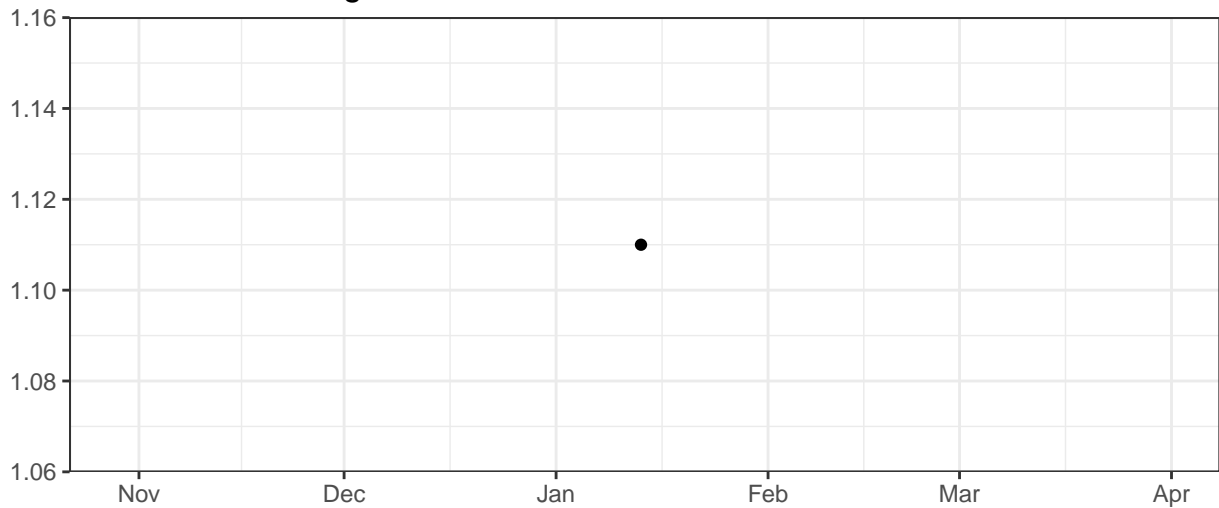
Yellow\_LaserDelay



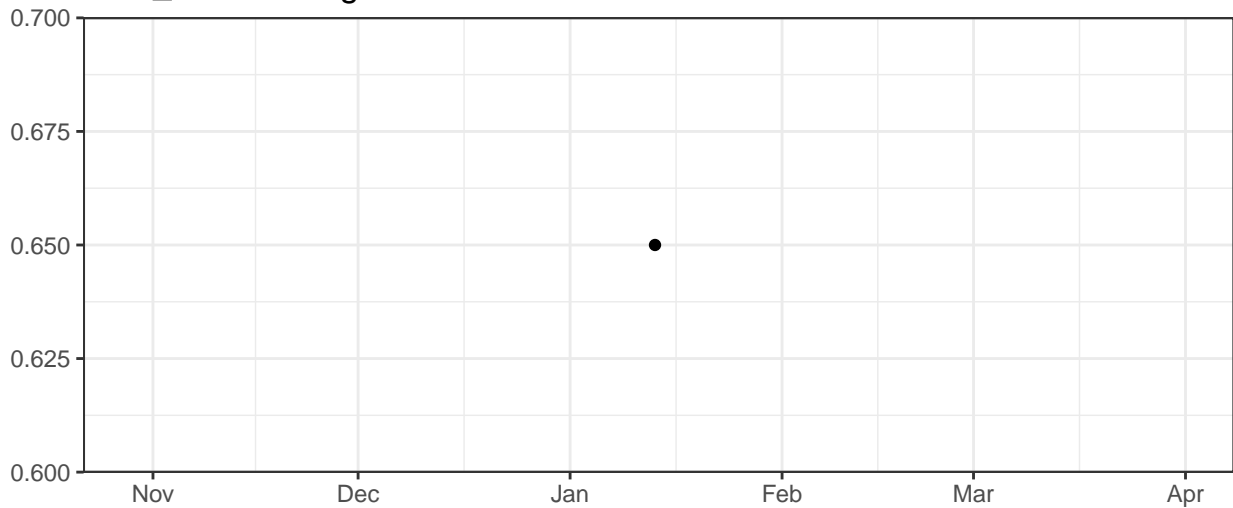
Red\_LaserDelay



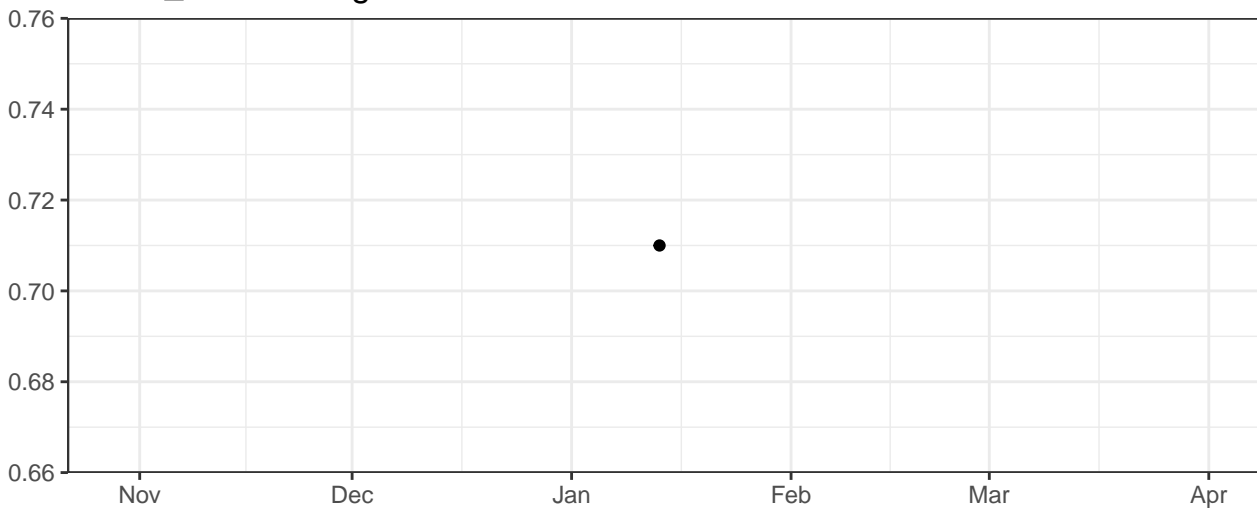
Violet\_AreaScalingFactor



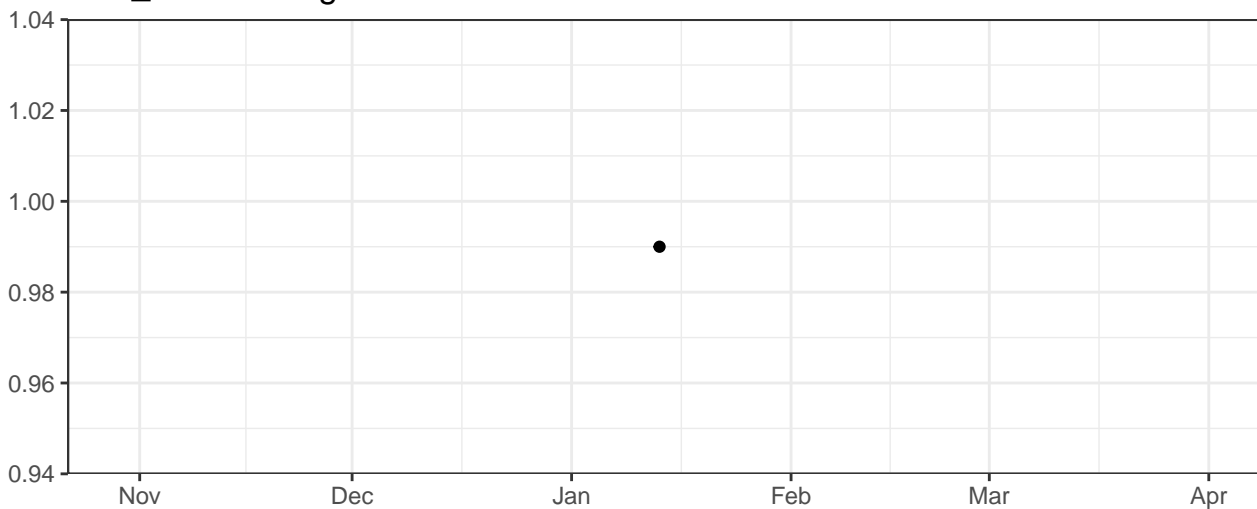
Blue\_AreaScalingFactor



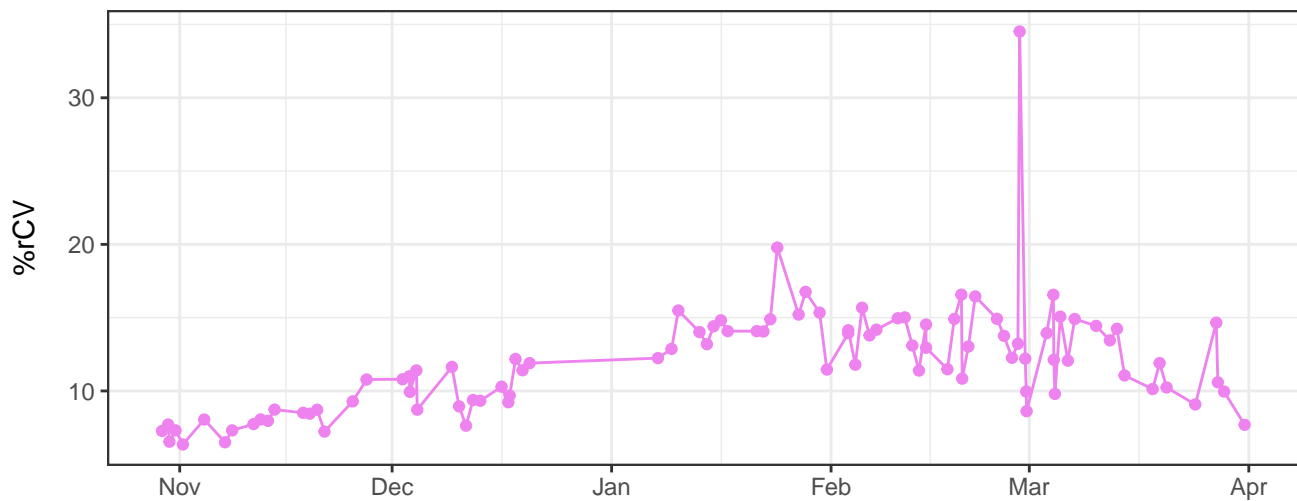
Yellow\_AreaScalingFactor



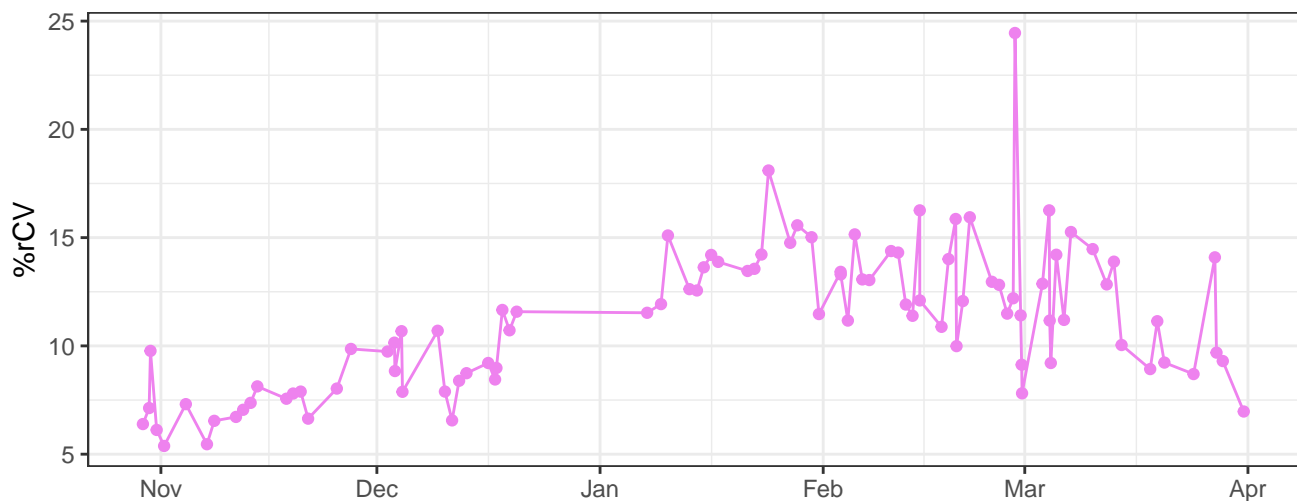
Red\_AreaScalingFactor



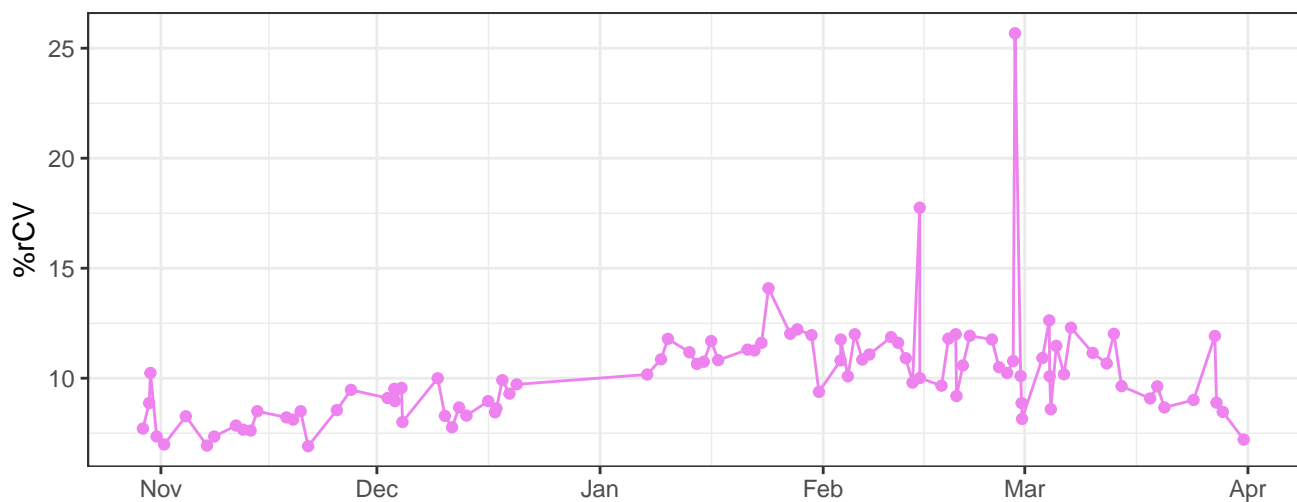
V450-A-% rCV



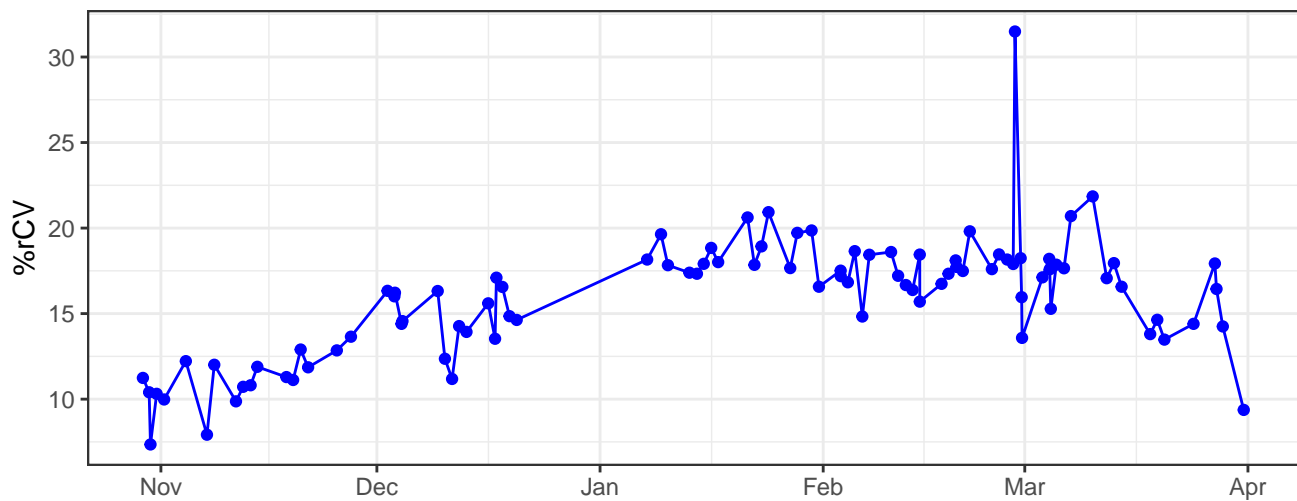
V530-A-% rCV



V710-A-% rCV



B530-A-% rCV



The line graph illustrates the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The x-axis represents time in months, with labels for Nov, Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid extending up to 100,000. The data shows a general upward trend with significant daily fluctuations. A major peak occurs in early March, where the case count exceeds 100,000. Following this peak, there is a sharp decline and then a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until April, where the case count drops significantly.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The x-axis represents time in months, and the y-axis represents the number of cases. The data shows a general upward trend from November through February, with a major peak occurring in early March. Following this peak, there is a sharp decline in cases, which then begins to rise again in April.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The y-axis is labeled 'Number of cases' and ranges from 0 to 100,000 in increments of 10,000. The x-axis is labeled with the months: Nov, Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The data shows two major peaks: one in late November reaching nearly 90,000 cases, and a second, higher peak in early February reaching approximately 100,000 cases. Between these peaks and after the second peak, the number of cases remains consistently low, generally below 10,000.

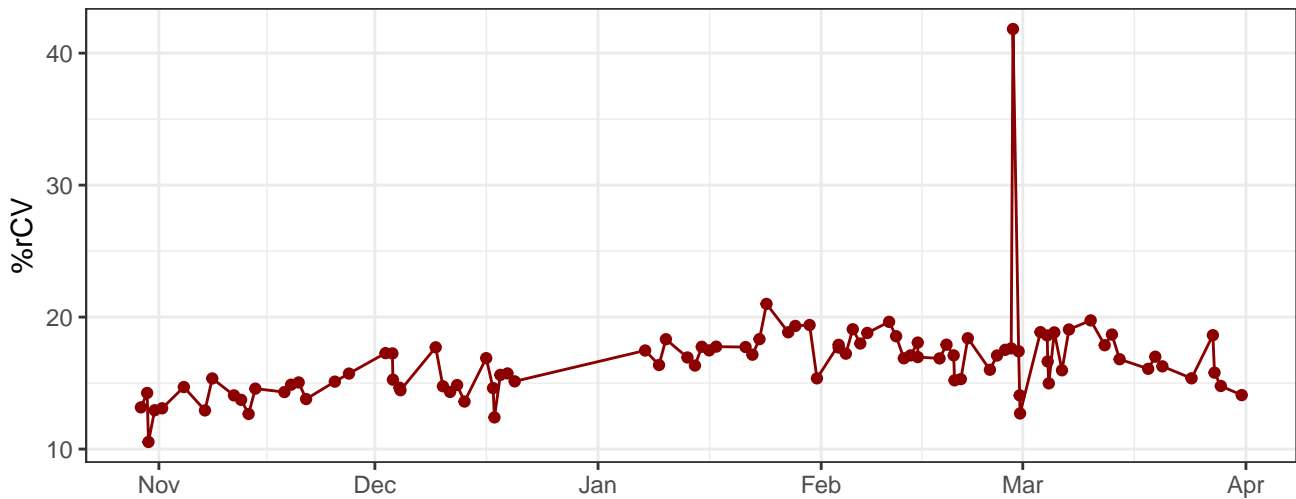
The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The x-axis represents time in months, and the y-axis represents the number of cases. The data shows a general upward trend with significant fluctuations. A major peak occurs in early March, reaching approximately 105,000 cases. Following this peak, there is a period of decline and stabilization, followed by a sharp increase in late March, reaching about 60,000 cases by the end of the period shown.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The x-axis represents time in months, and the y-axis represents the number of cases. The data shows a general upward trend with significant daily fluctuations. A major peak occurs in early March, exceeding 100,000 cases. Following this peak, there is a sharp decline, and the case count stabilizes at a lower level through April.

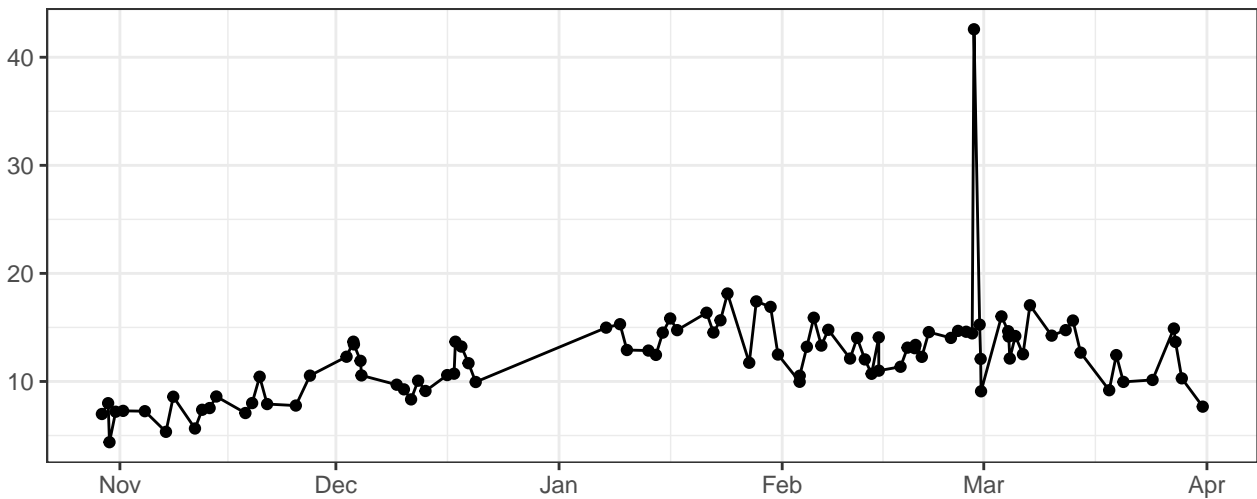
The line graph displays the daily number of COVID-19 cases in the United States from November to April. The x-axis represents time, with labels for November, December, January, February, March, and April. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a grid line at 100,000. The data shows a general upward trend with significant daily fluctuations. A major peak occurs in early March, where cases exceed 100,000. Following this peak, there is a sharp decline and then a period of relative stability with minor fluctuations until April.



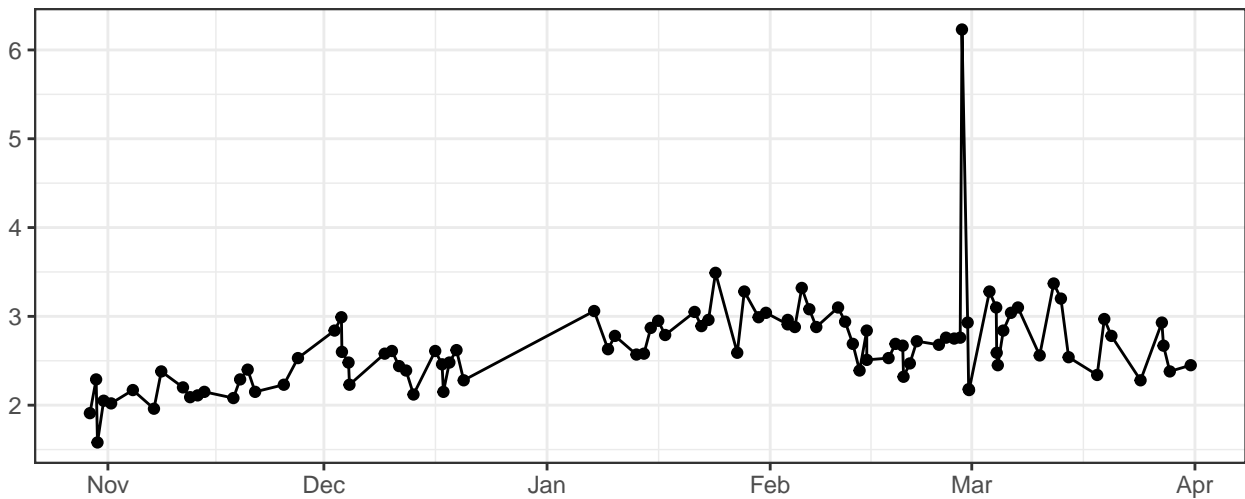
R780-A-% rCV



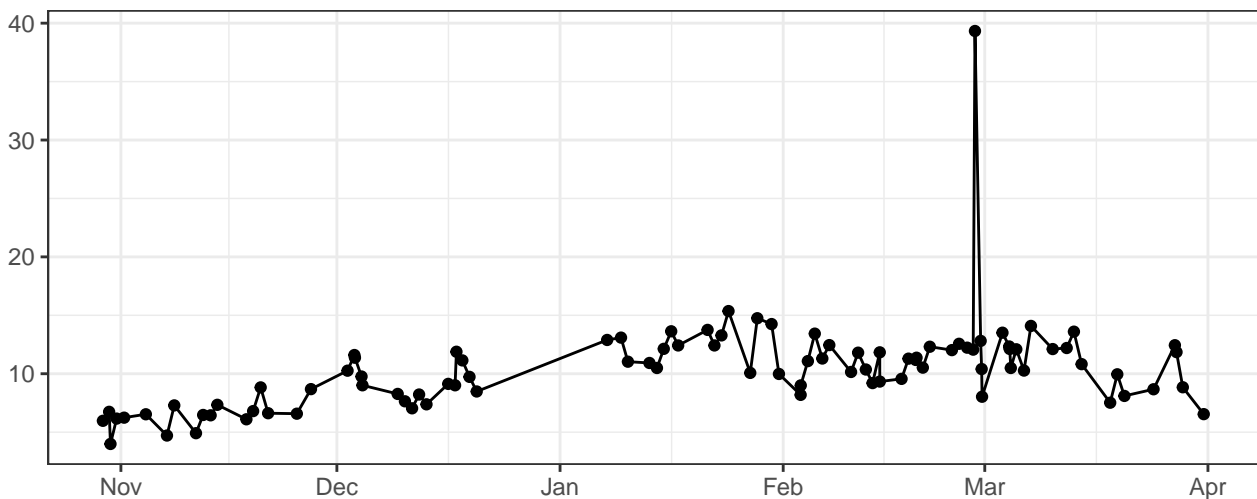
FSC-A-% rCV



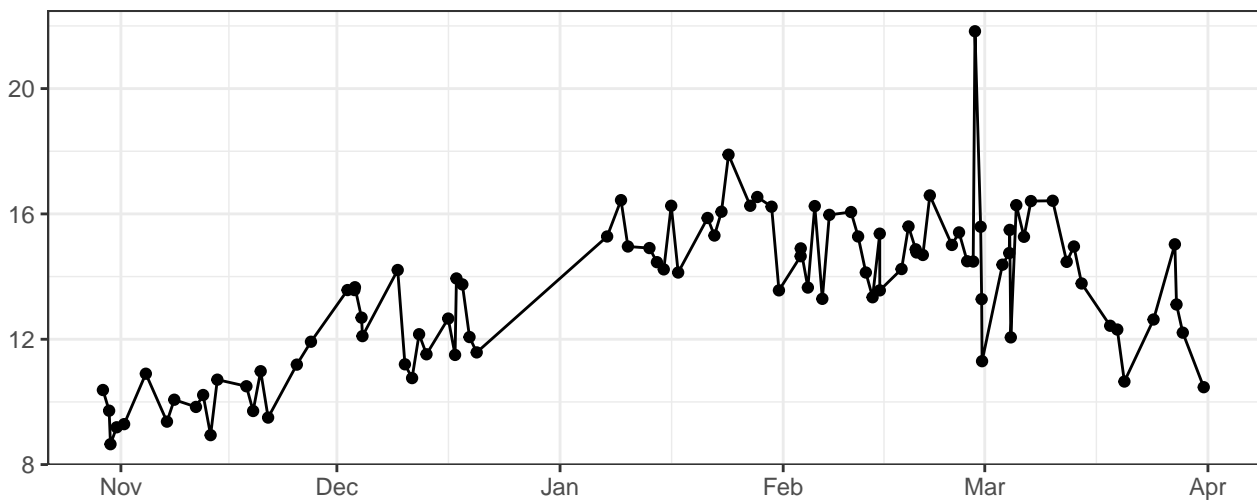
FSC-H-% rCV



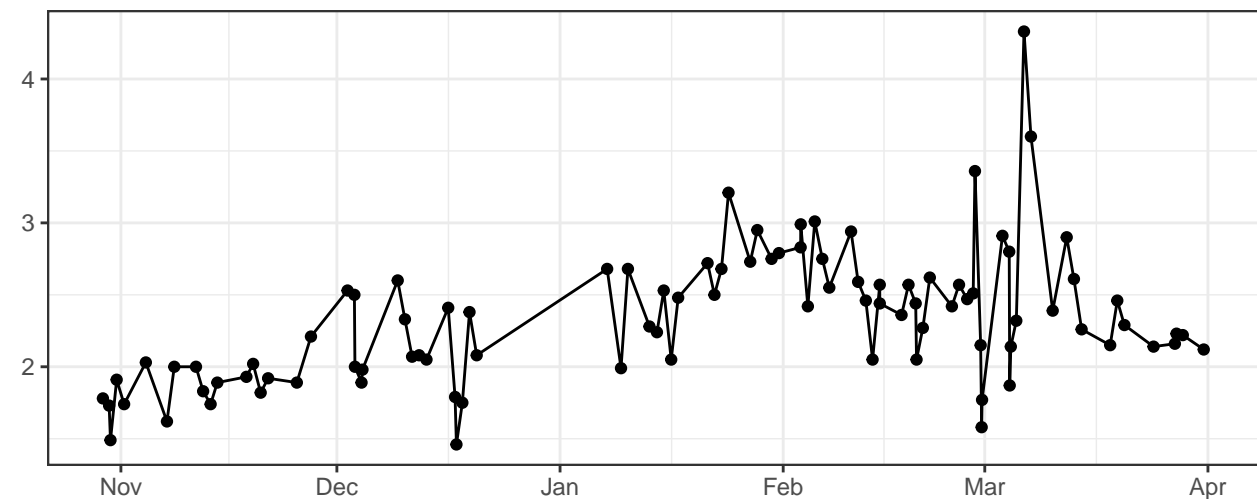
FSC-W-% rCV



SSC-A-% rCV



SSC-H-% rCV



SSC-W-% rCV

