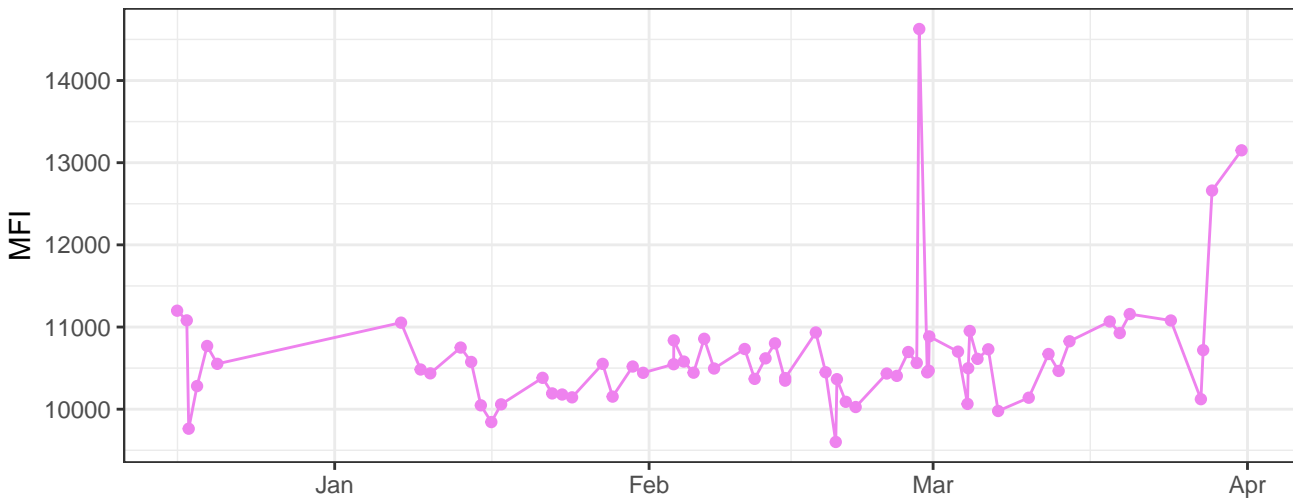
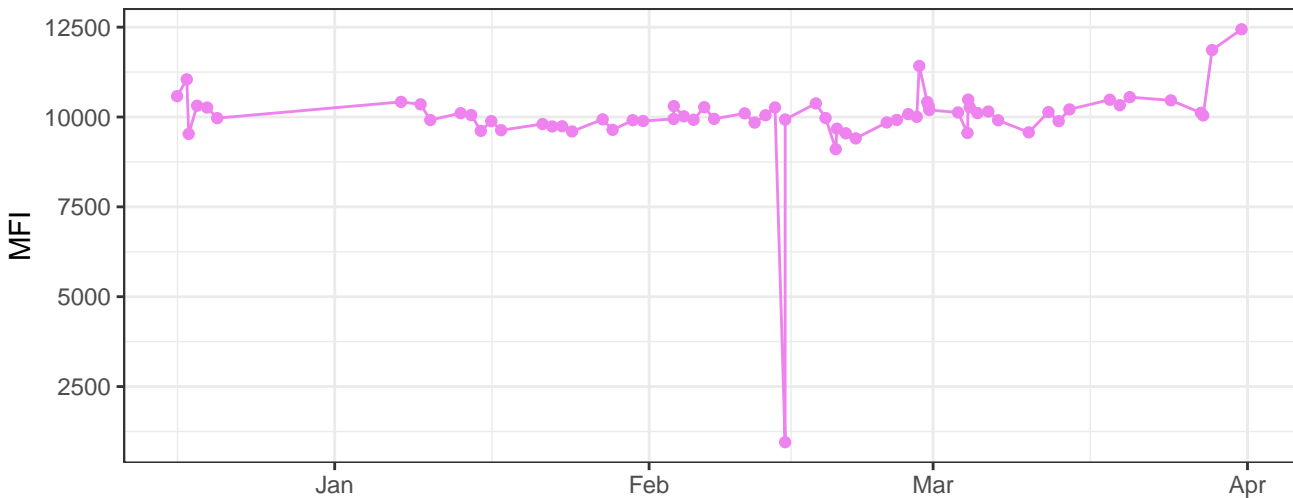


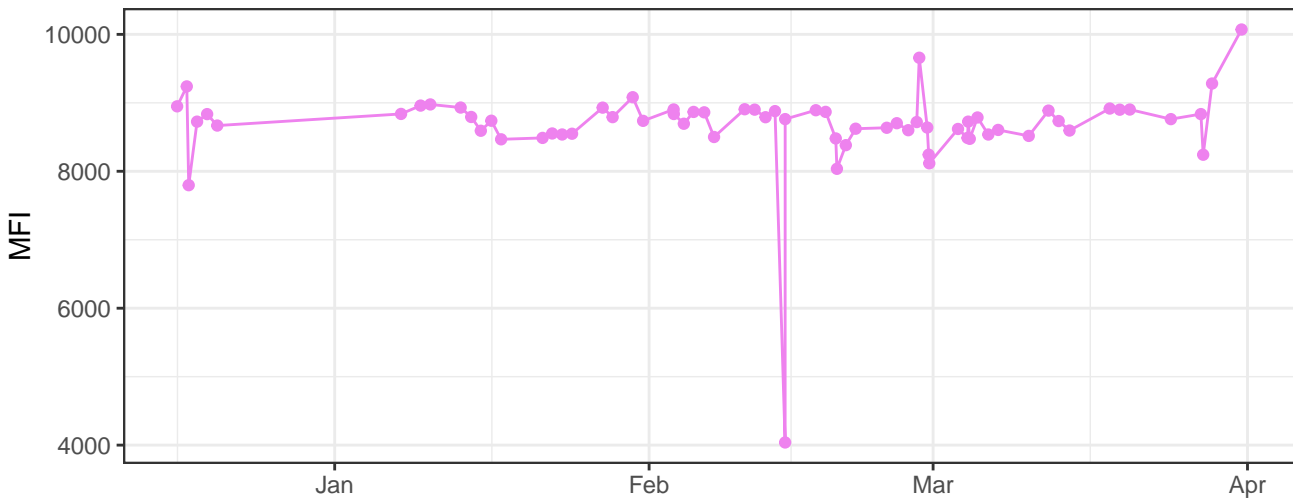
V450-A



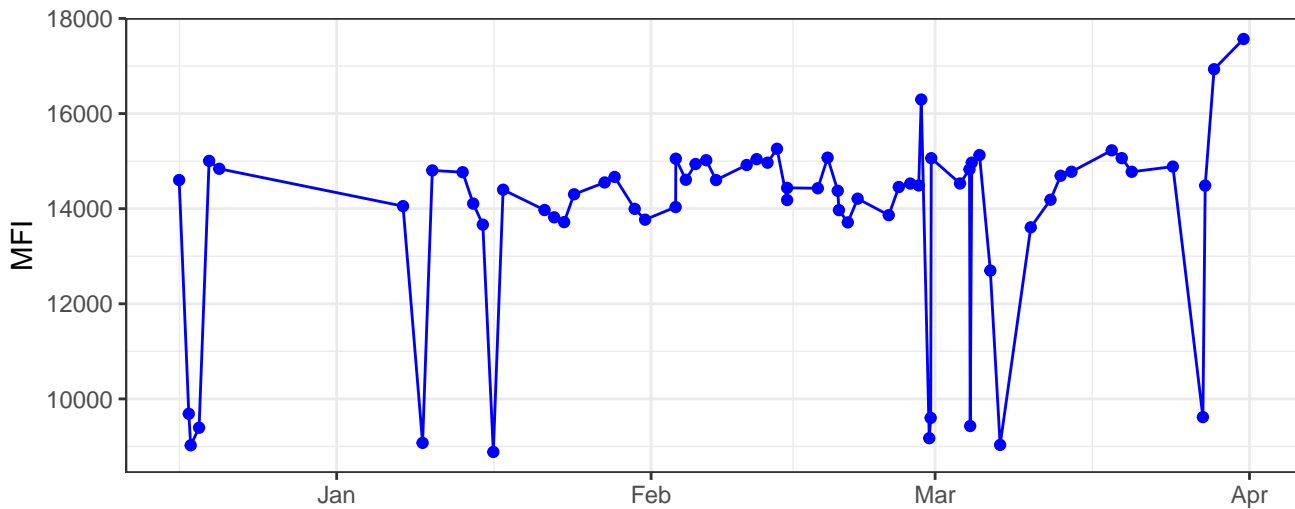
V530-A



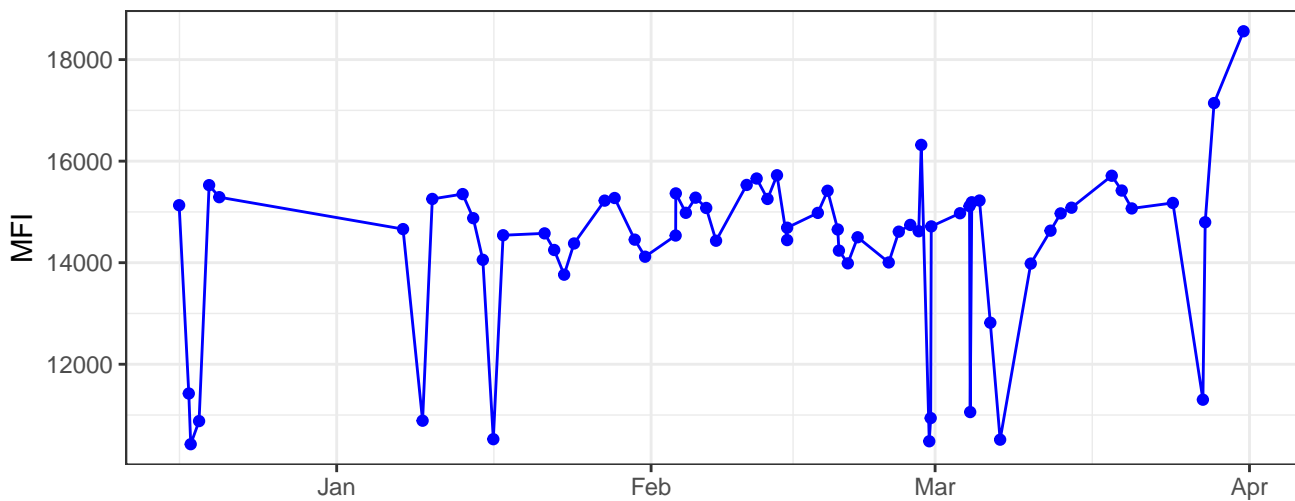
V710-A



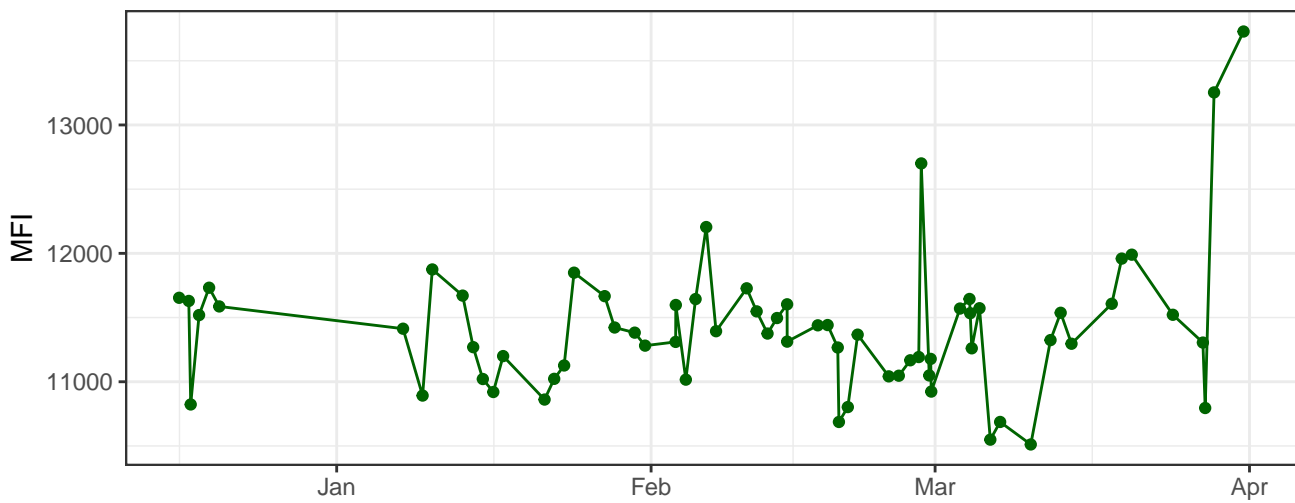
B530-A



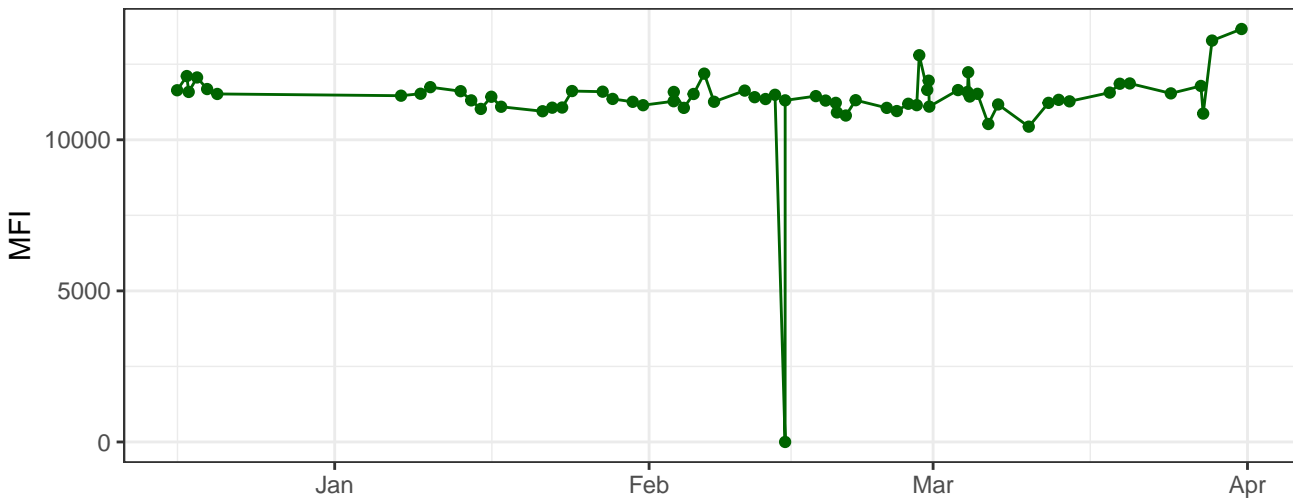
B695-A



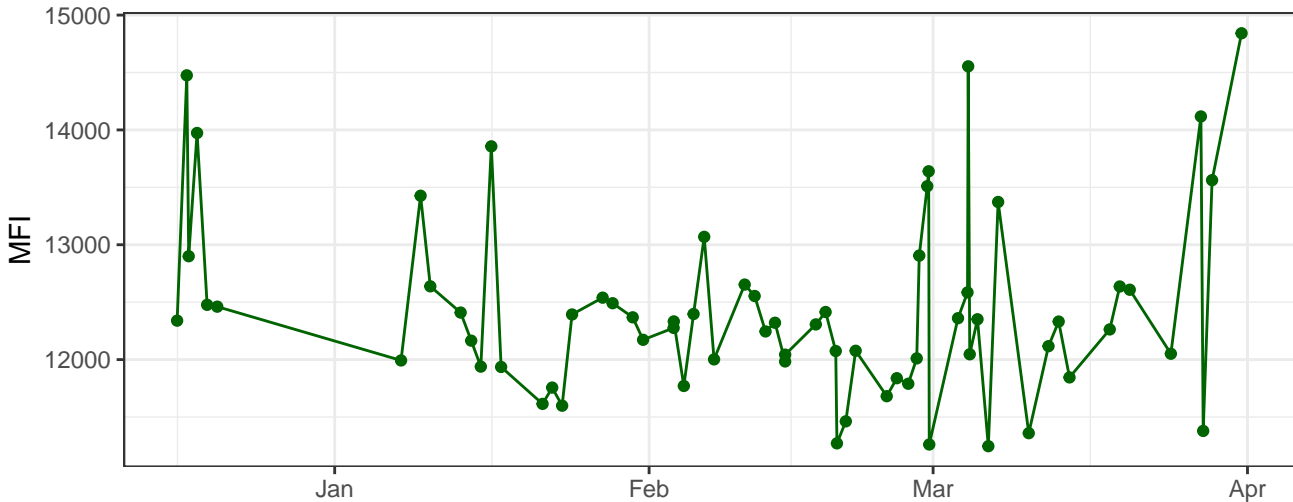
Y590-A



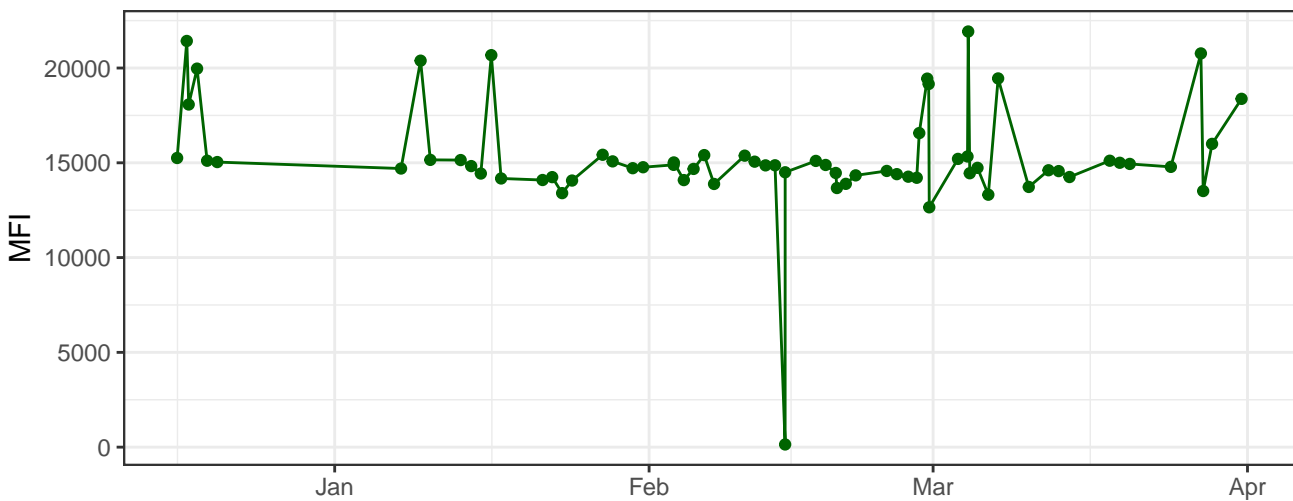
Y610-A



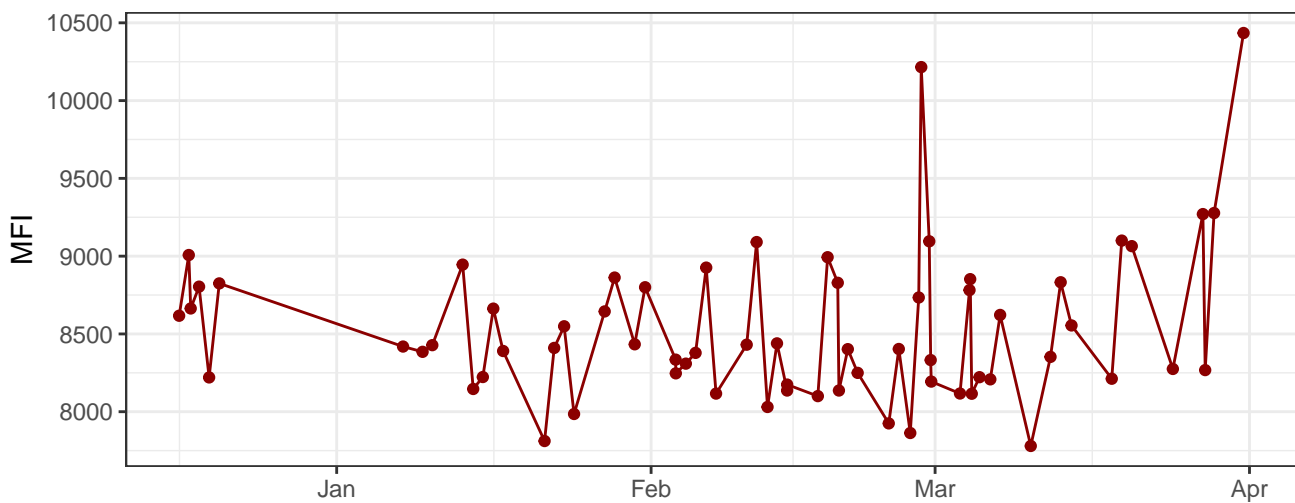
Y670-A



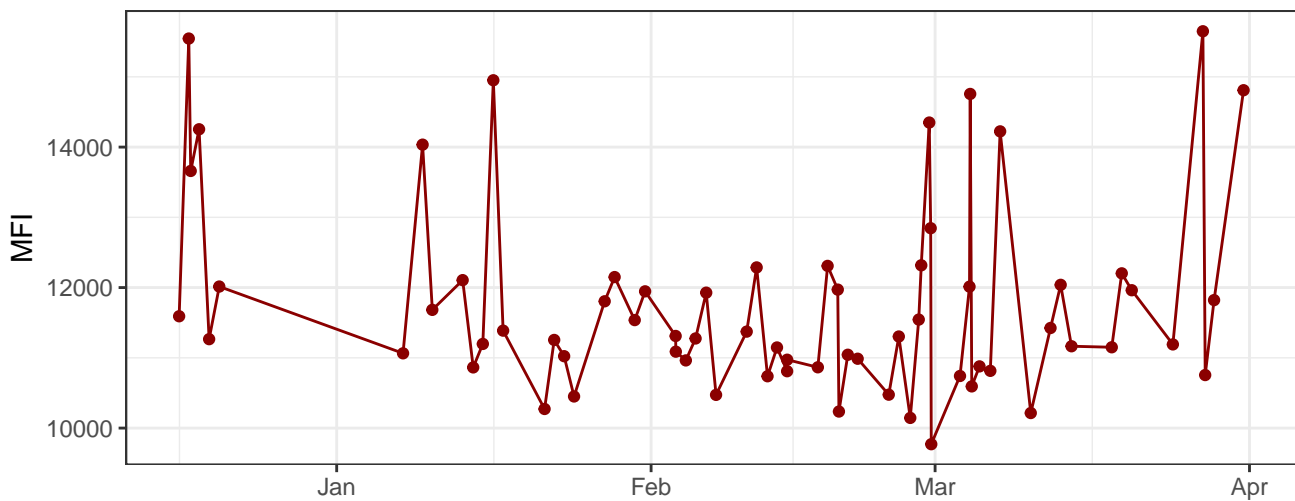
Y780-A



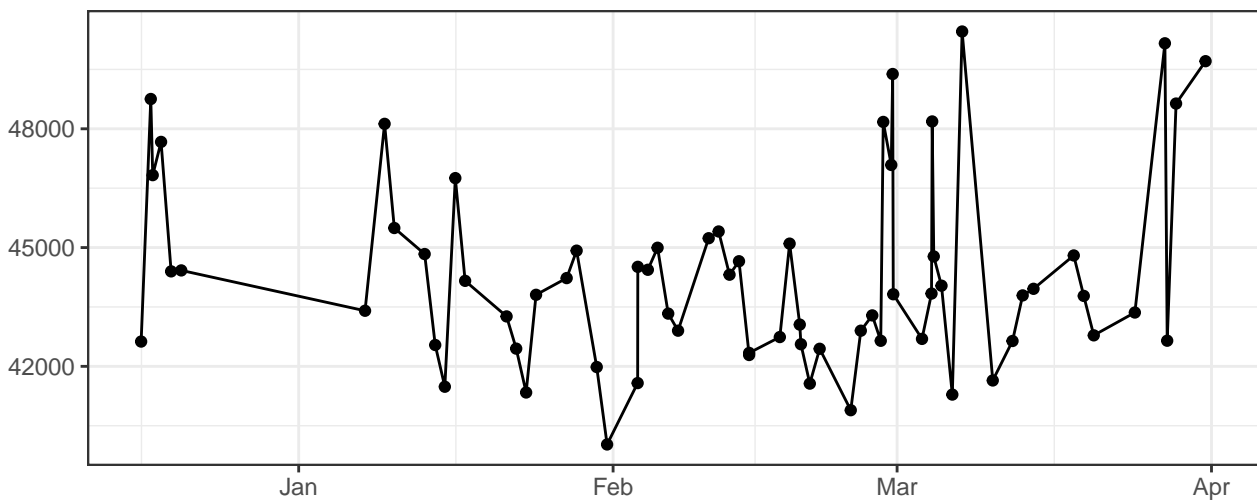
R660-A



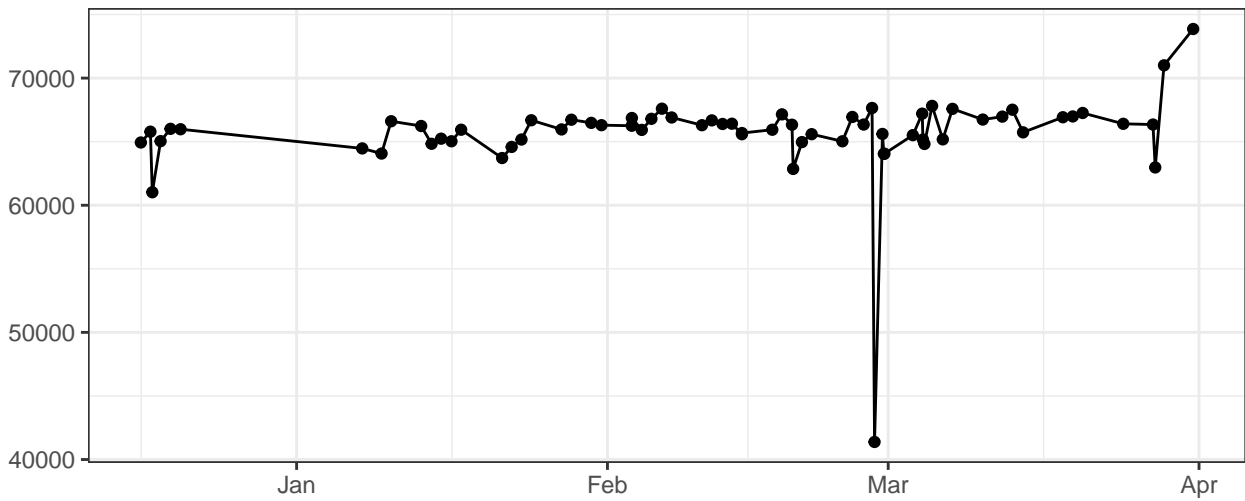
R780-A



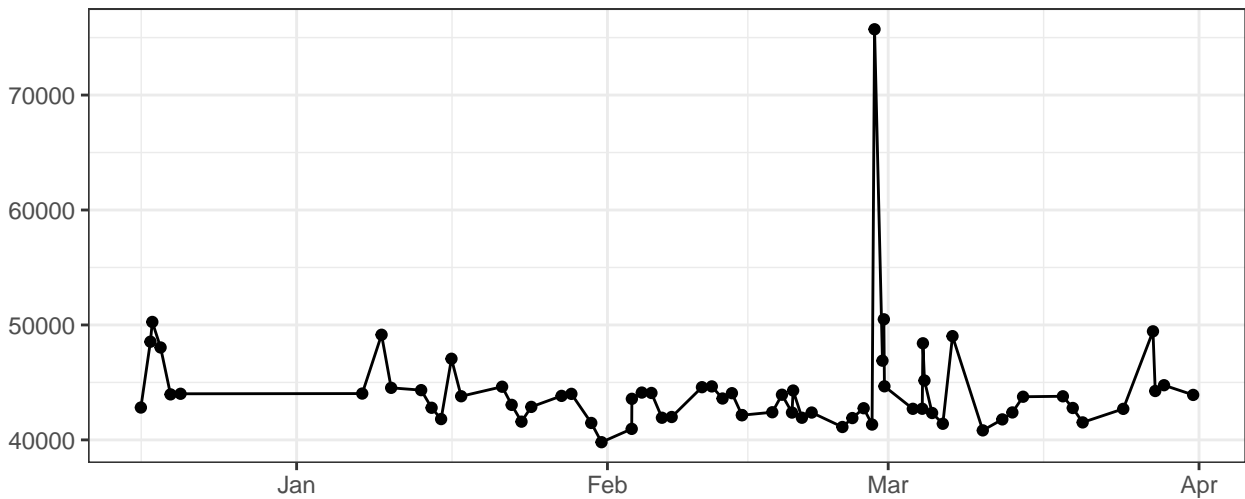
FSC-A



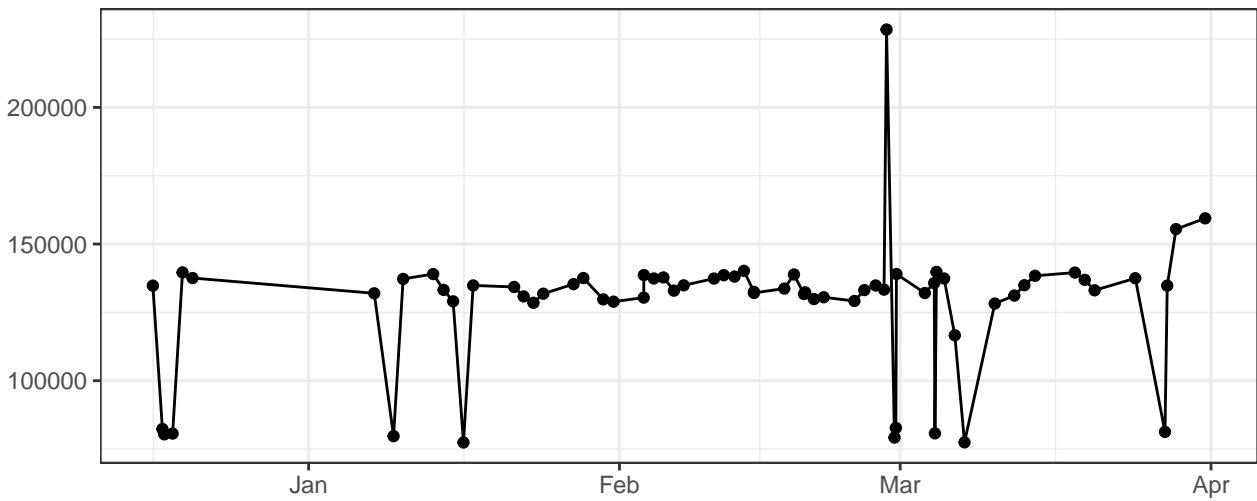
FSC-H



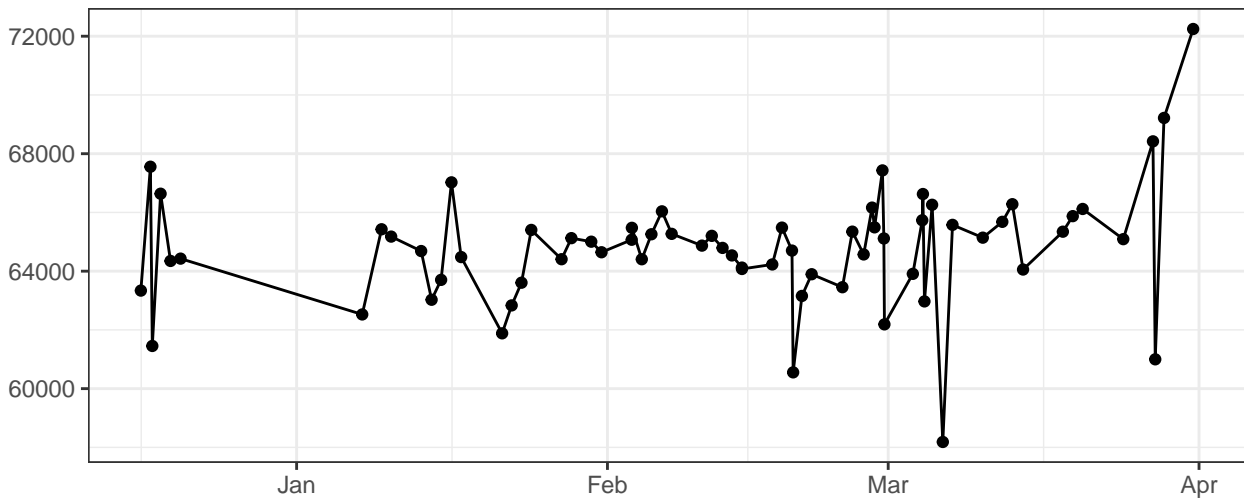
FSC-W



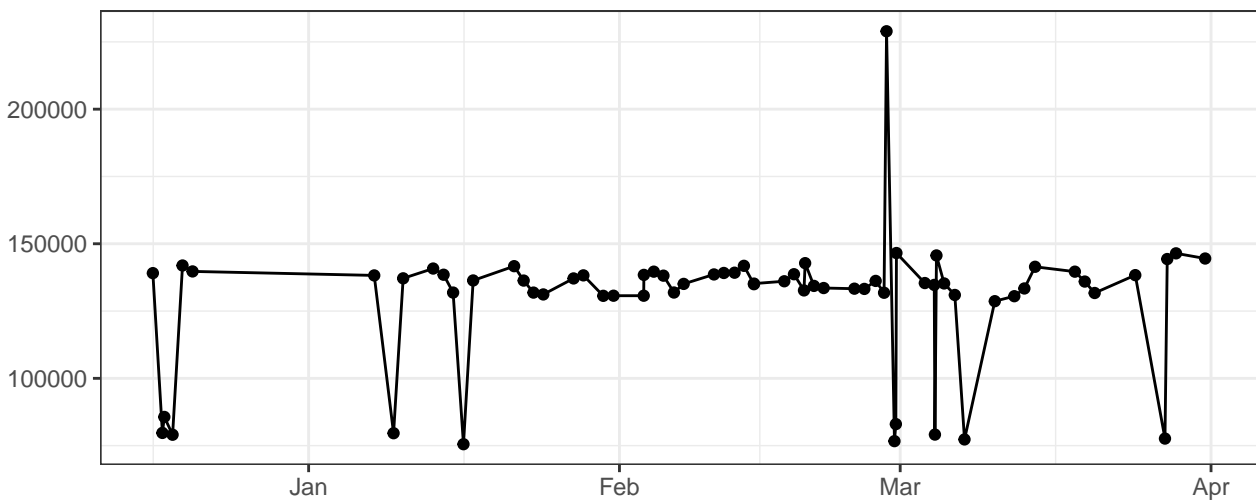
SSC-A



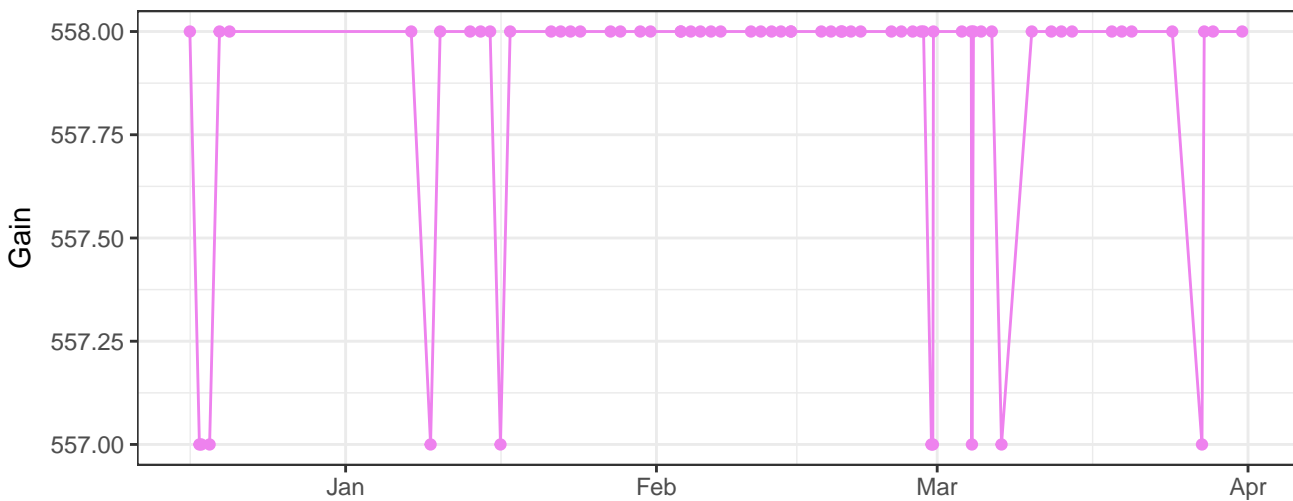
SSC-H



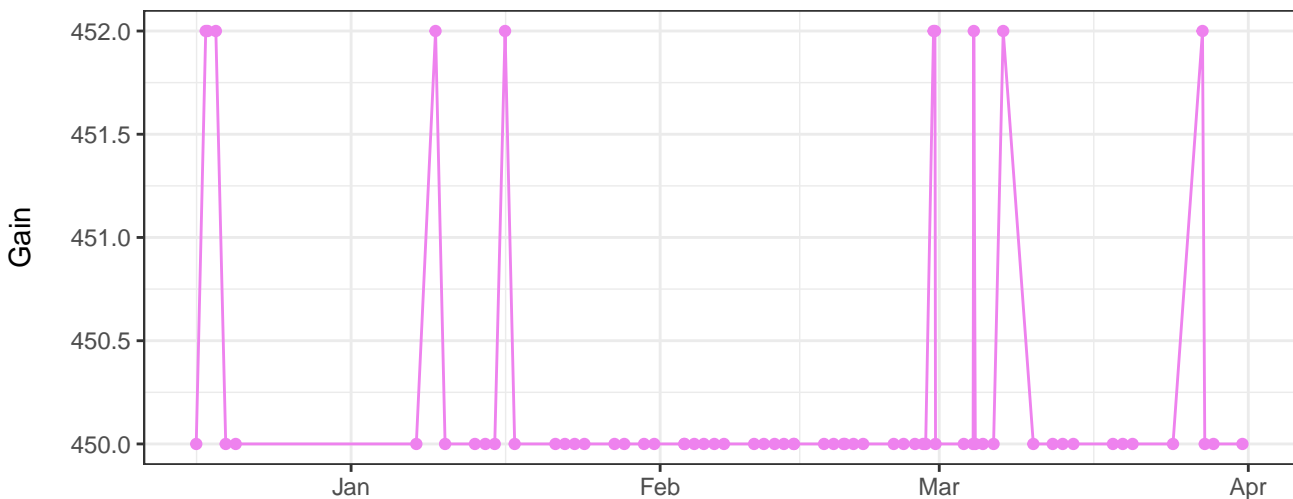
SSC-W



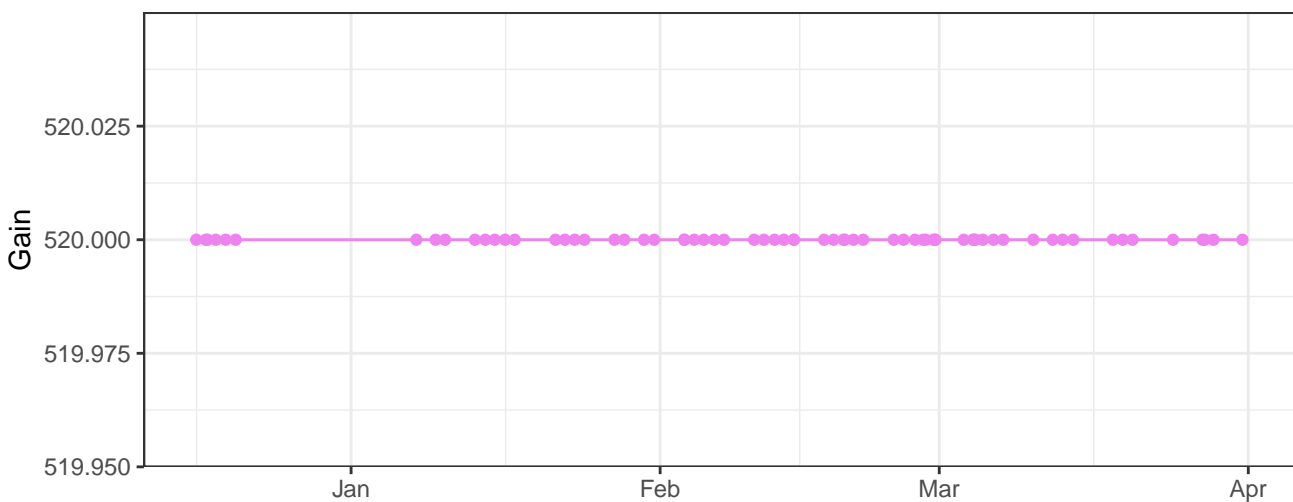
V450-A_Gain



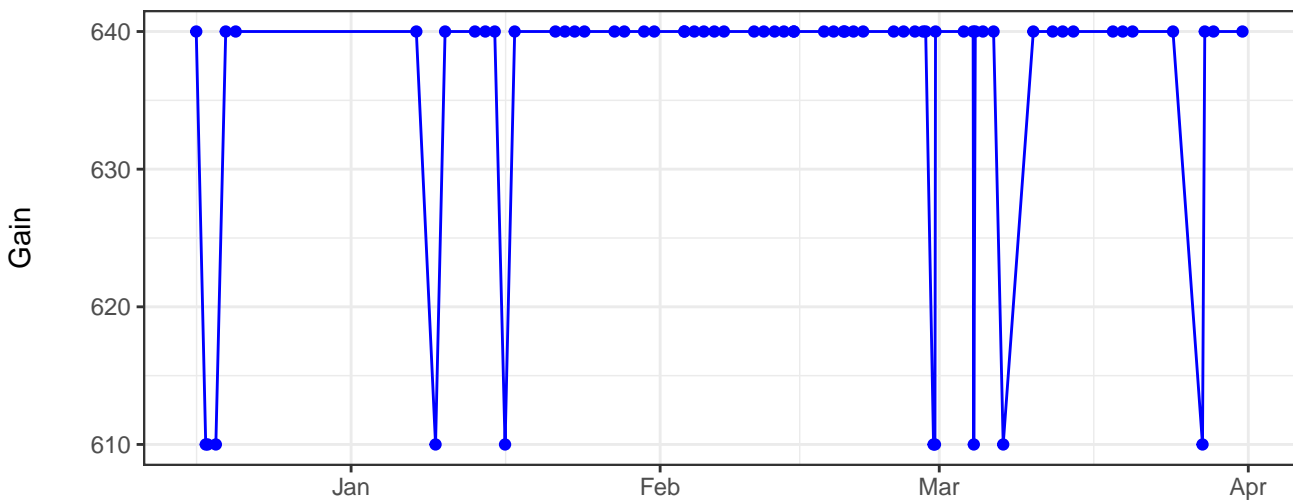
V530-A_Gain



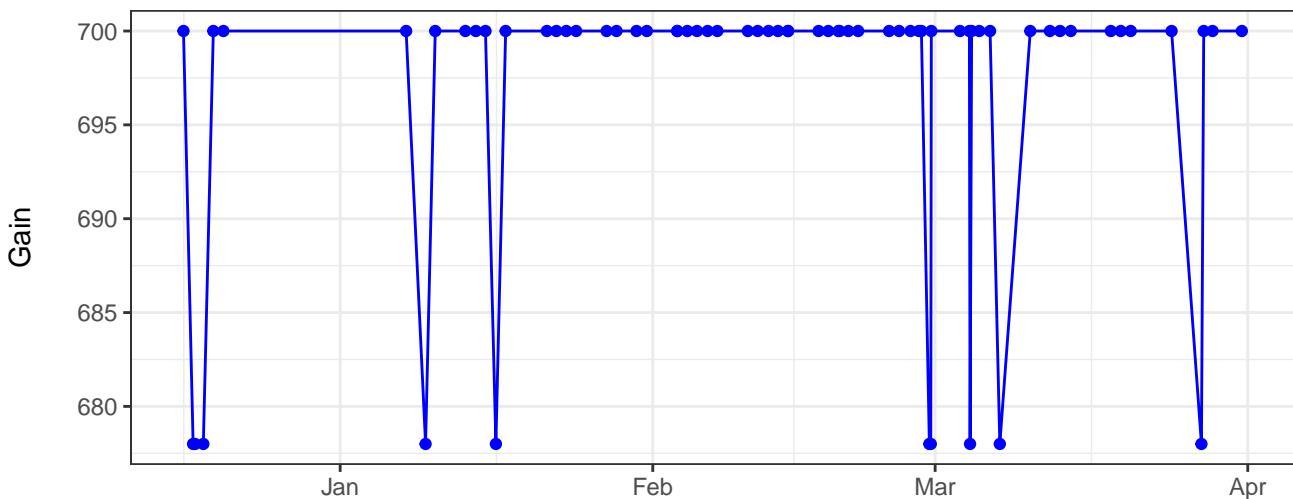
V710-A_Gain



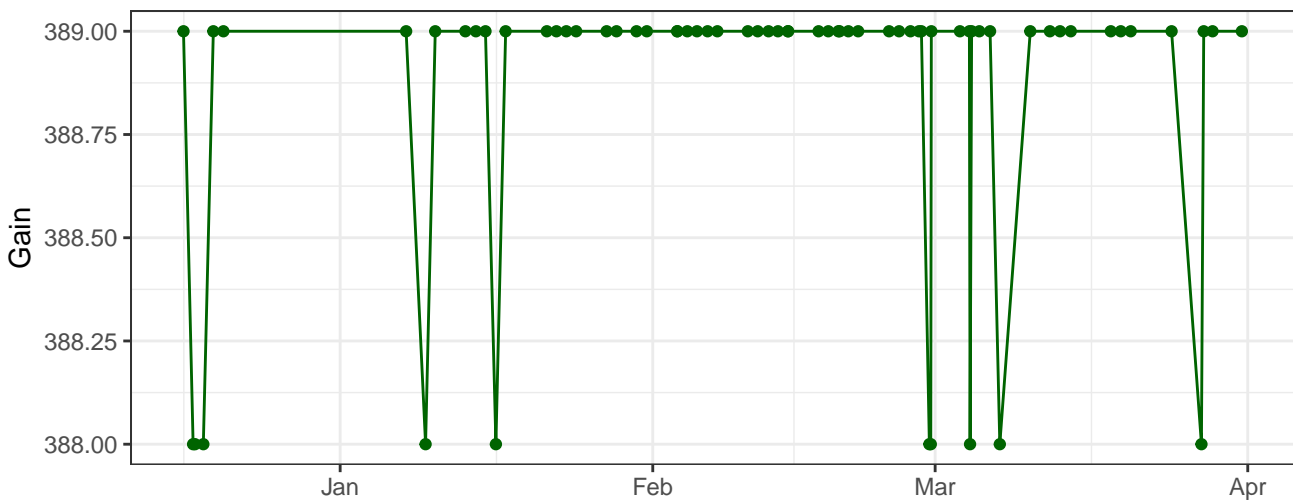
B530-A_Gain



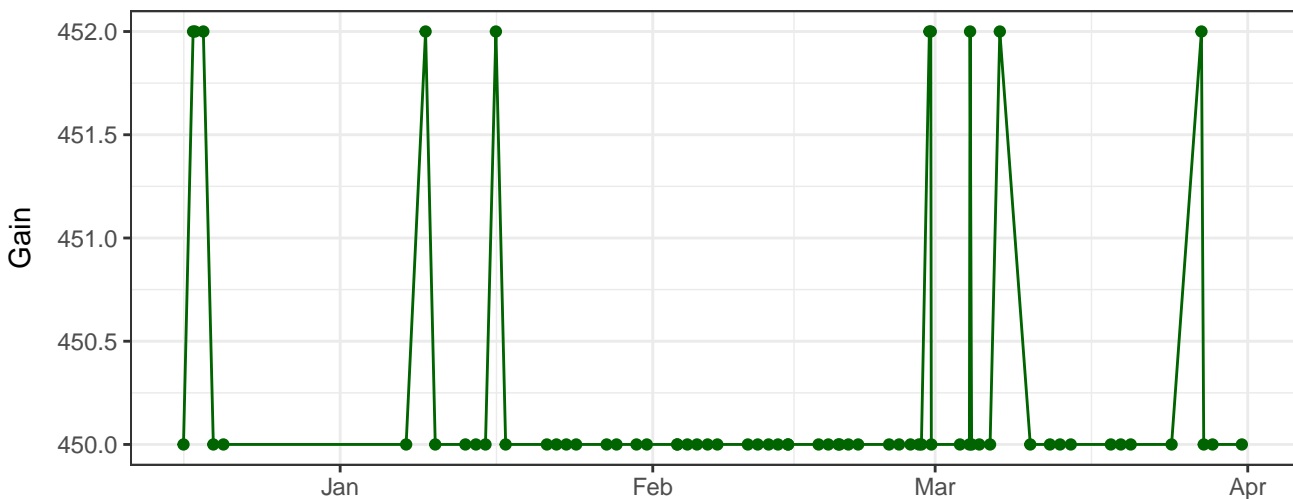
B695-A_Gain



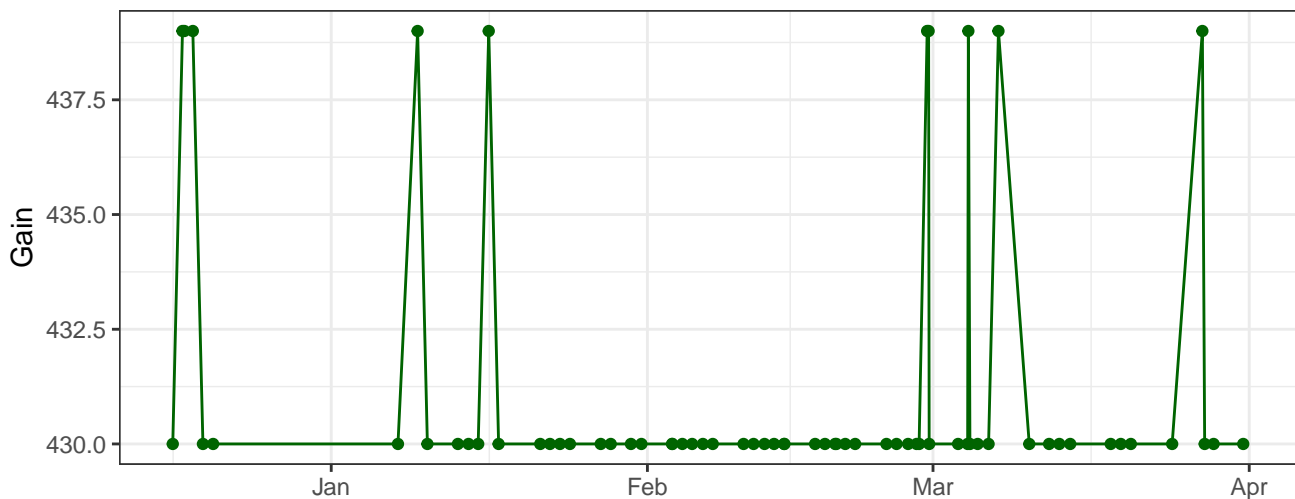
Y590-A_Gain



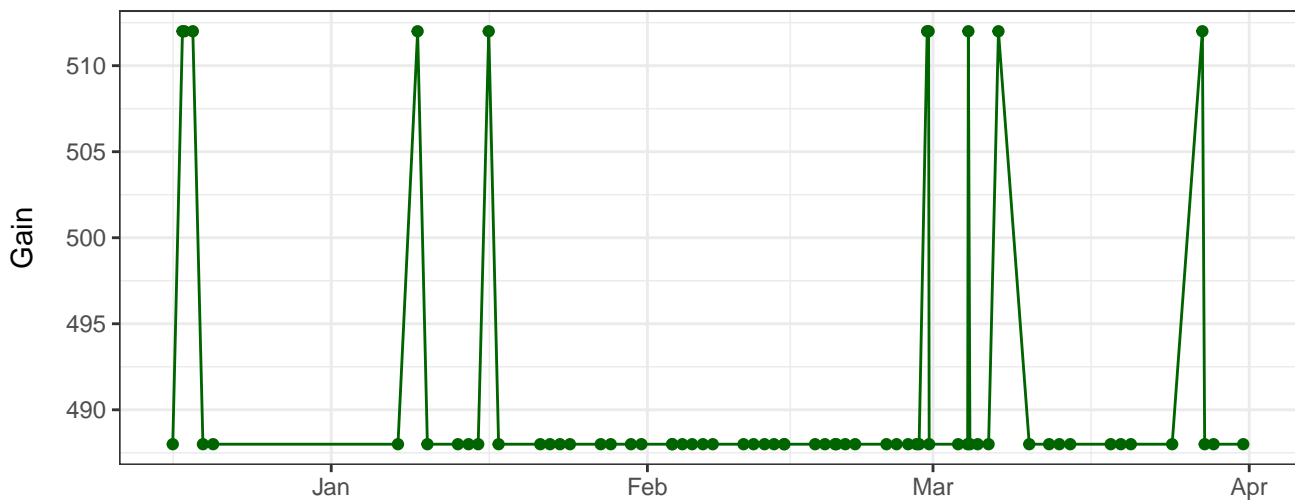
Y610-A_Gain



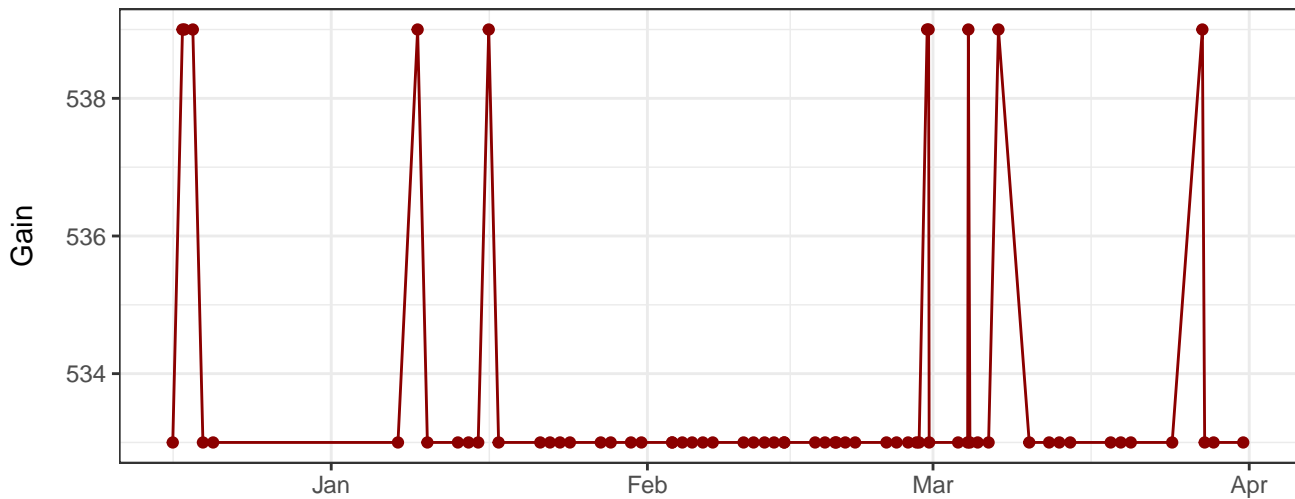
Y670-A_Gain



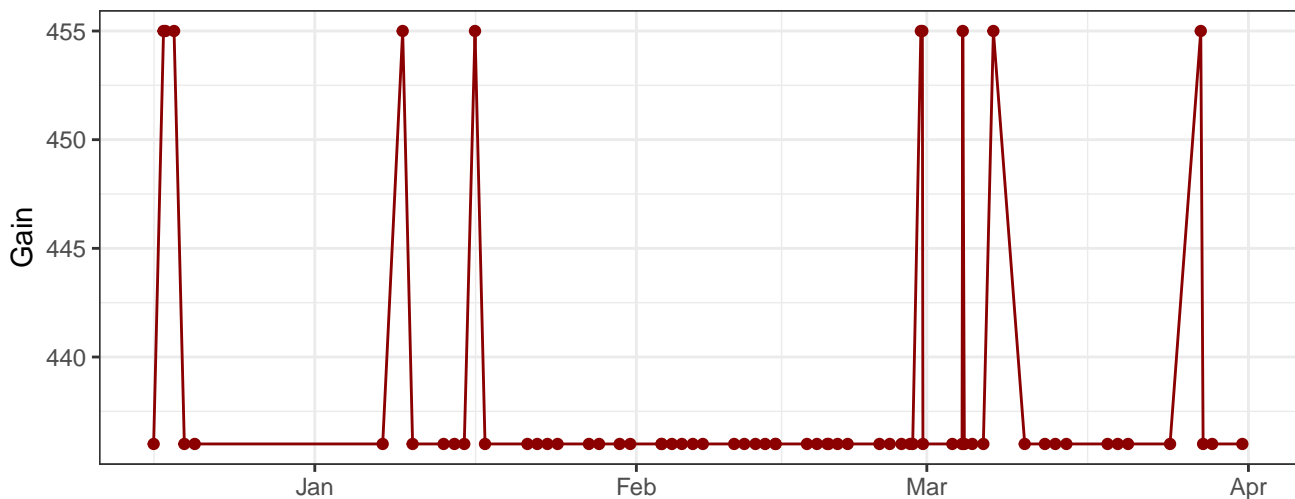
Y780-A_Gain



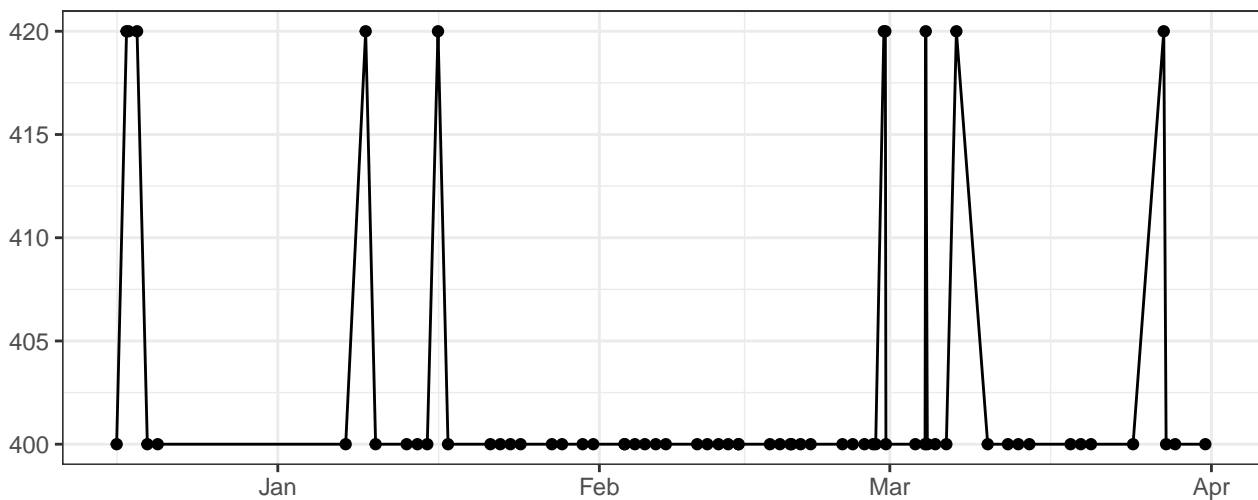
R660-A_Gain



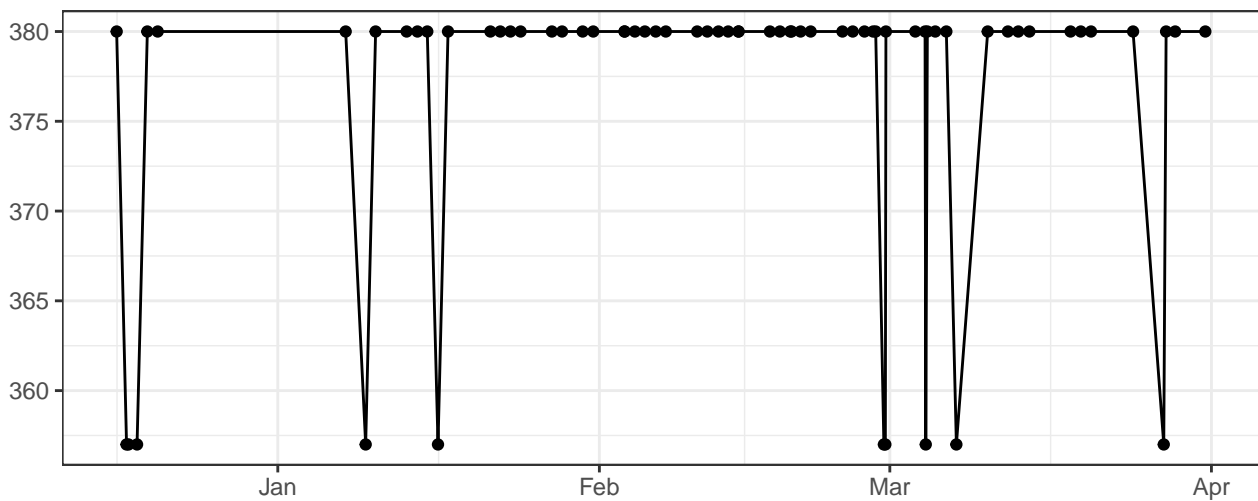
R780-A_Gain



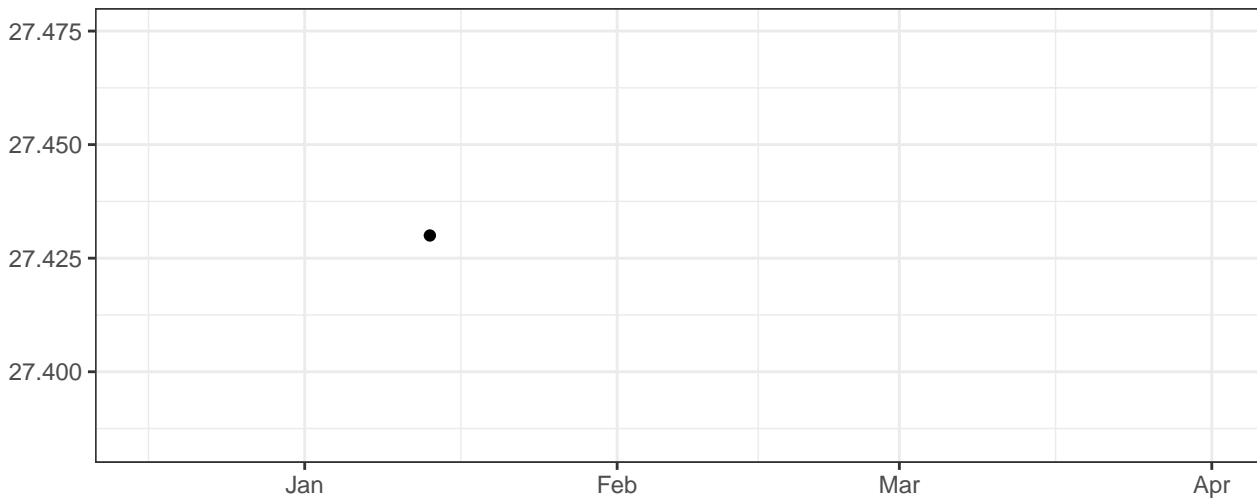
FSC-A_Gain



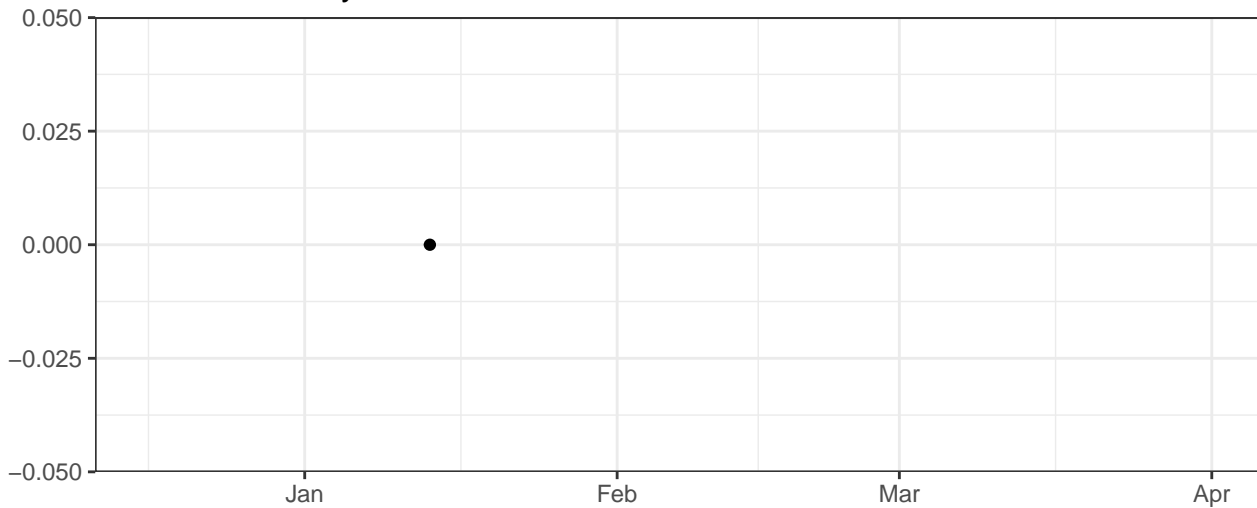
SSC-A_Gain



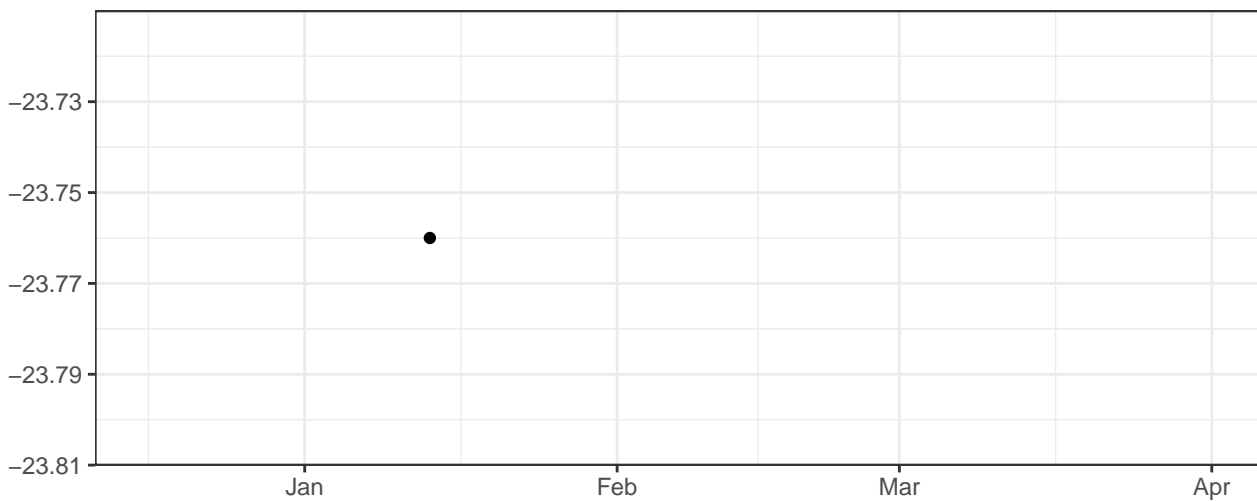
Violet_LaserDelay



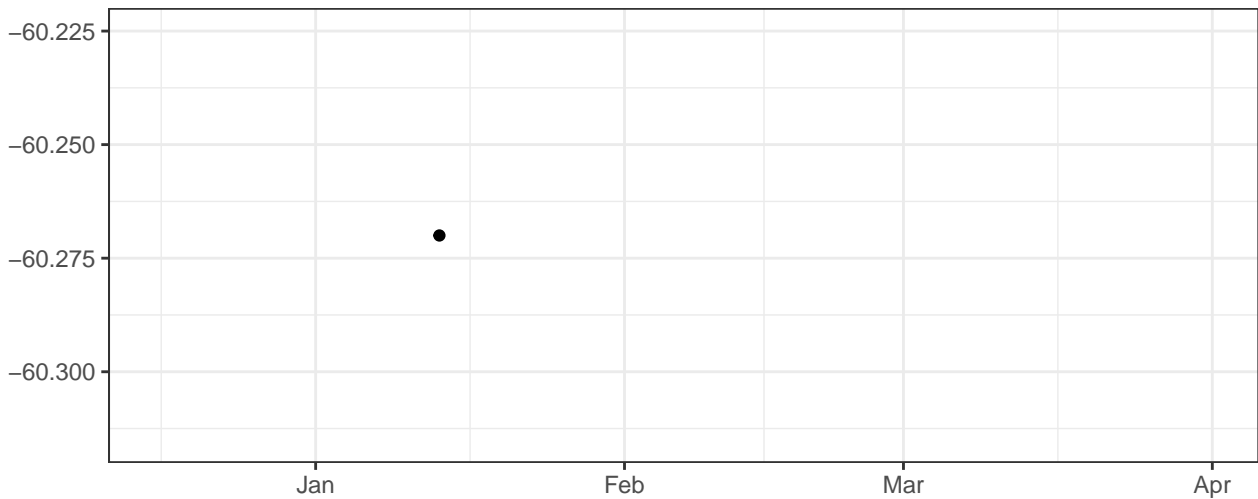
Blue_LaserDelay



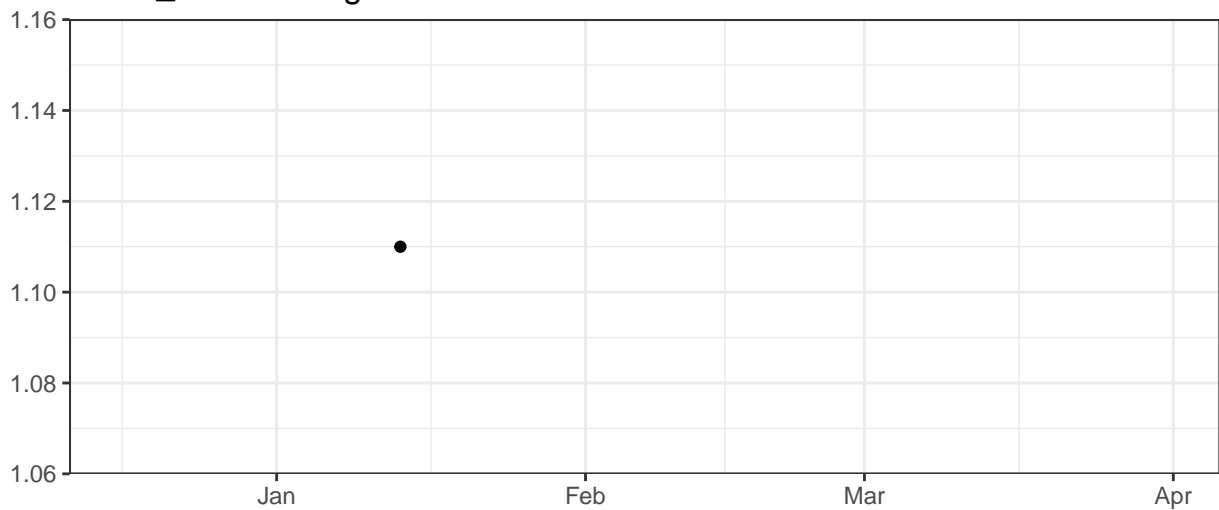
Yellow_LaserDelay



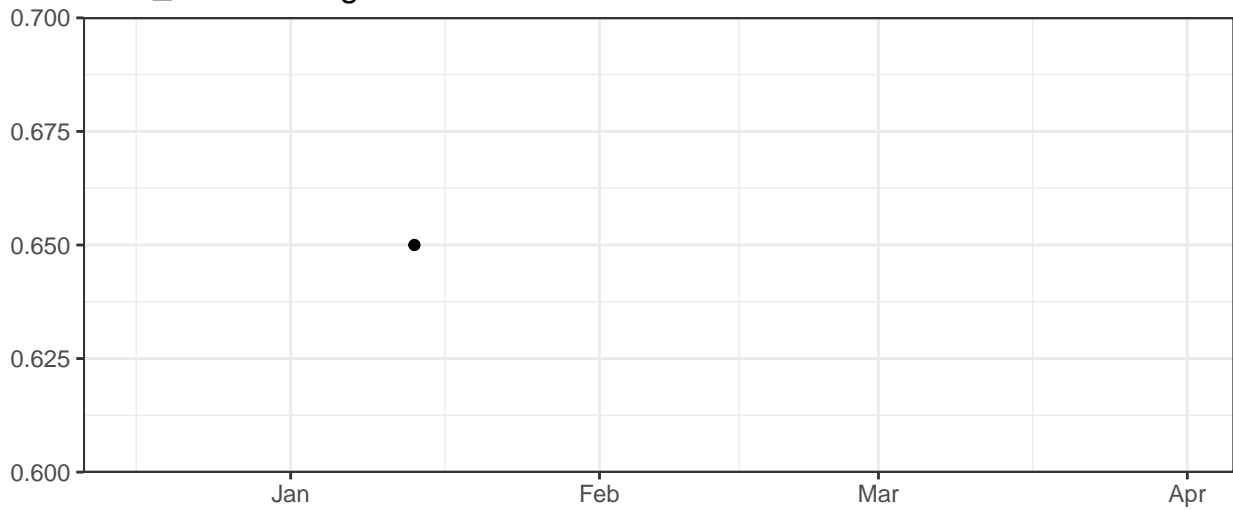
Red_LaserDelay



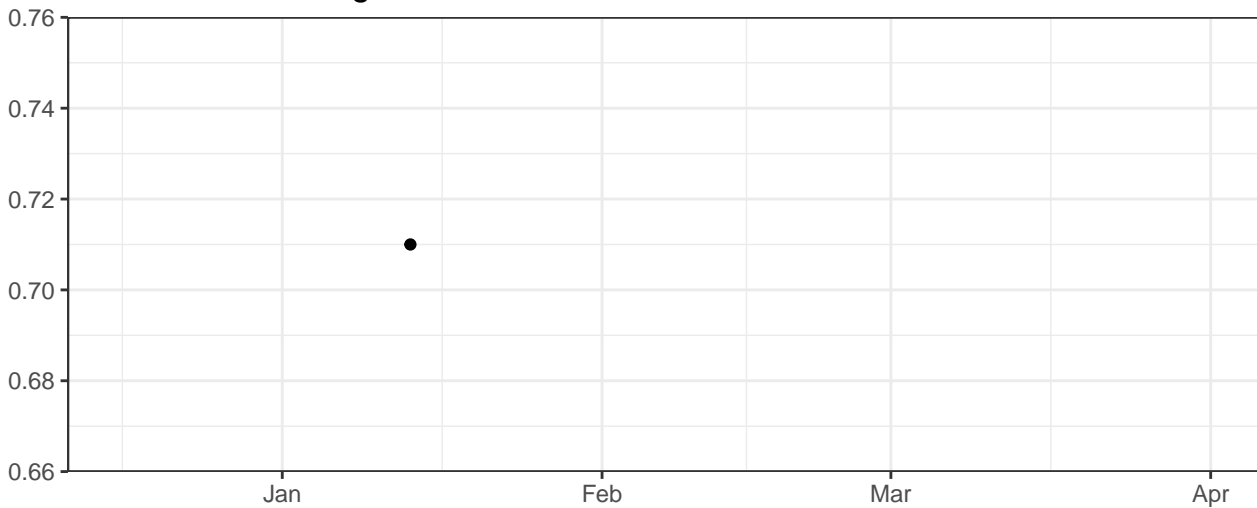
Violet_AreaScalingFactor



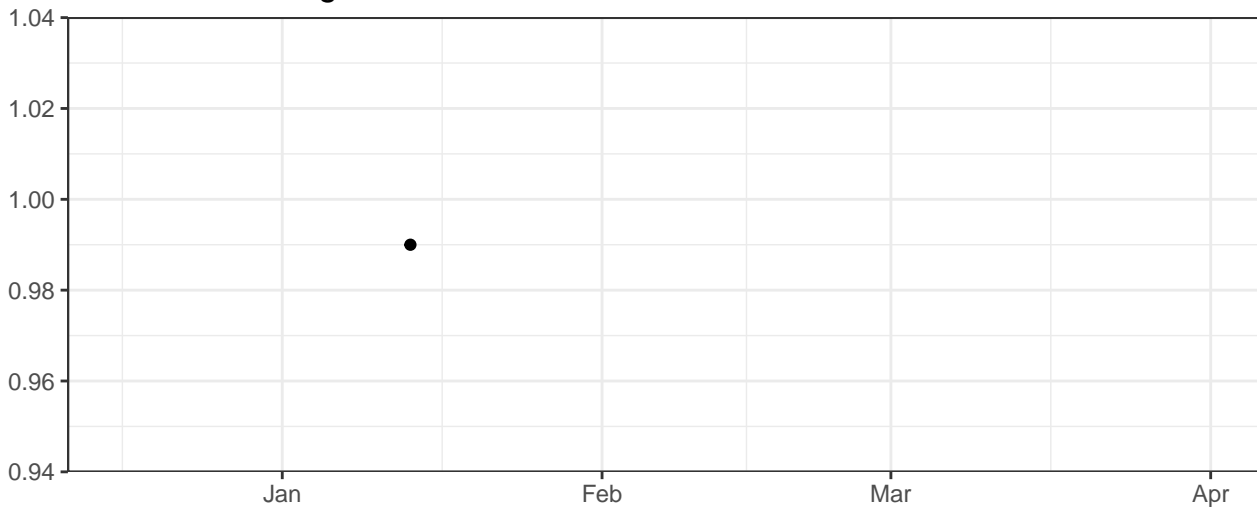
Blue_AreaScalingFactor



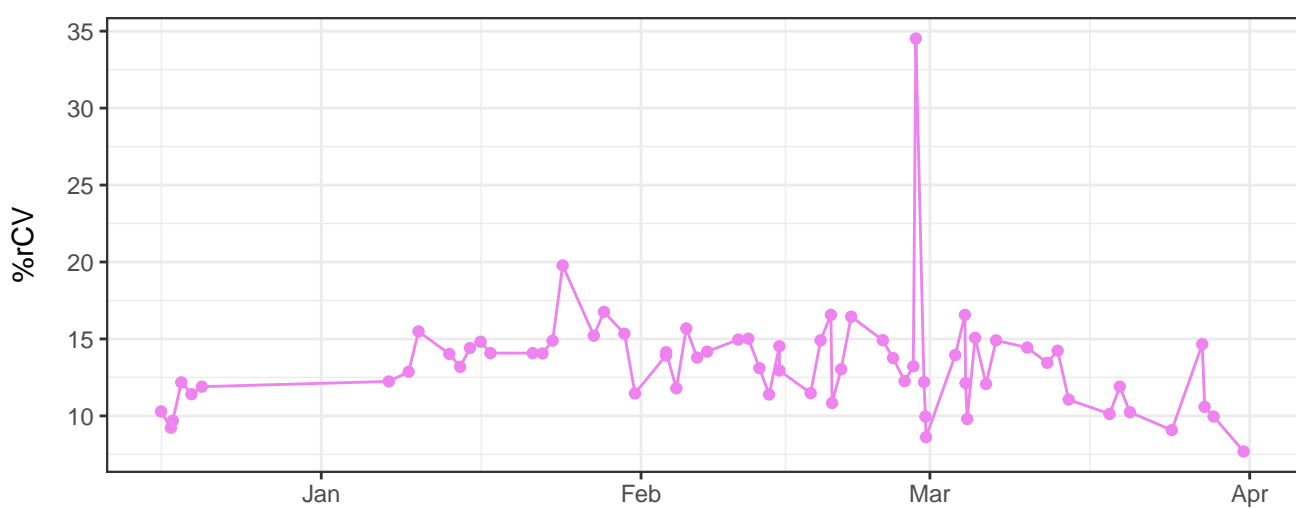
Yellow_AreaScalingFactor



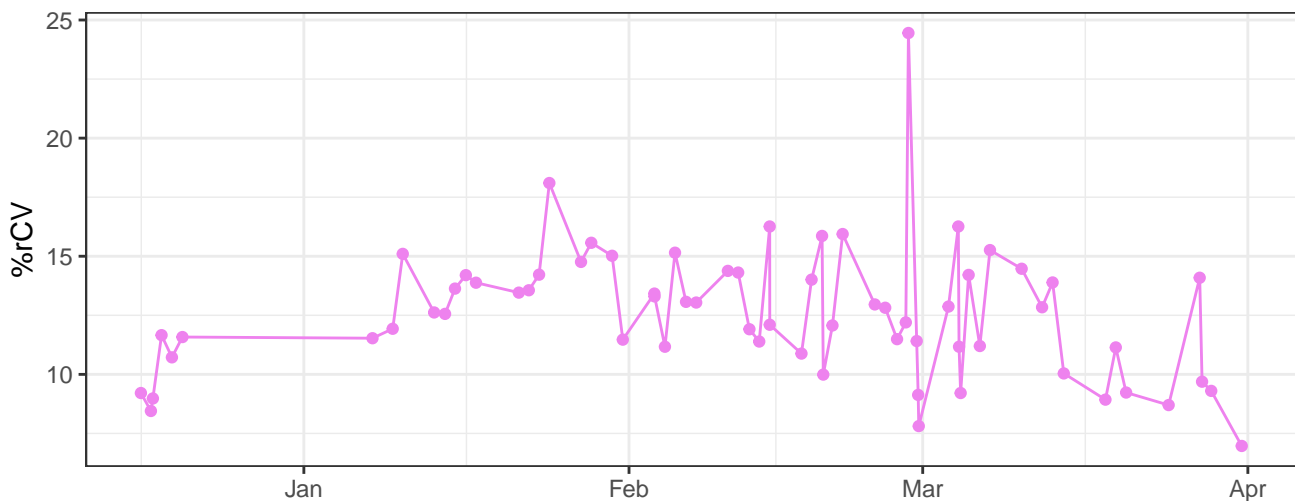
Red_AreaScalingFactor



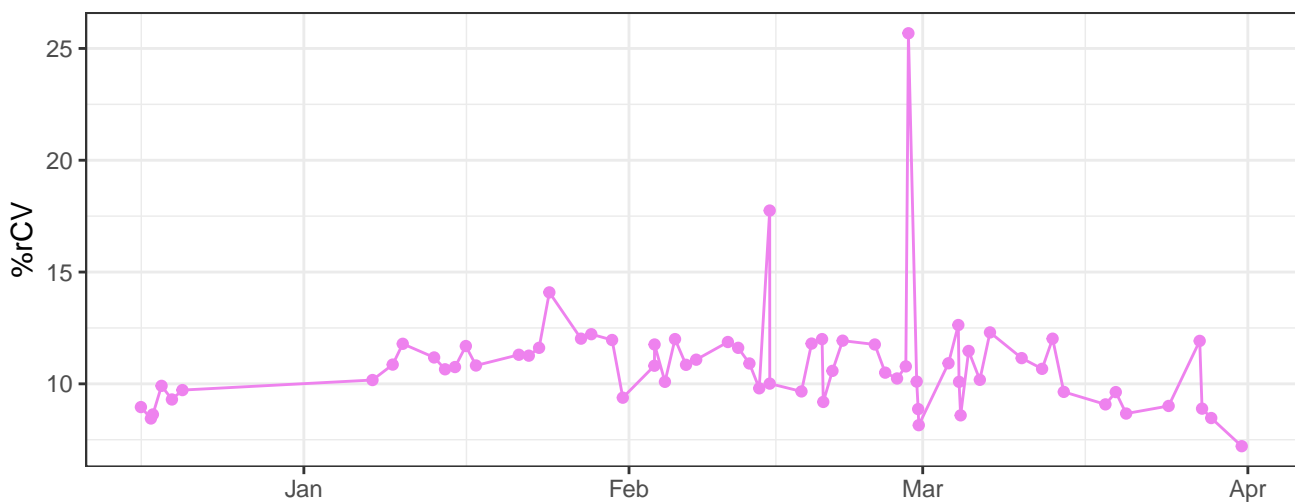
V450-A-% rCV



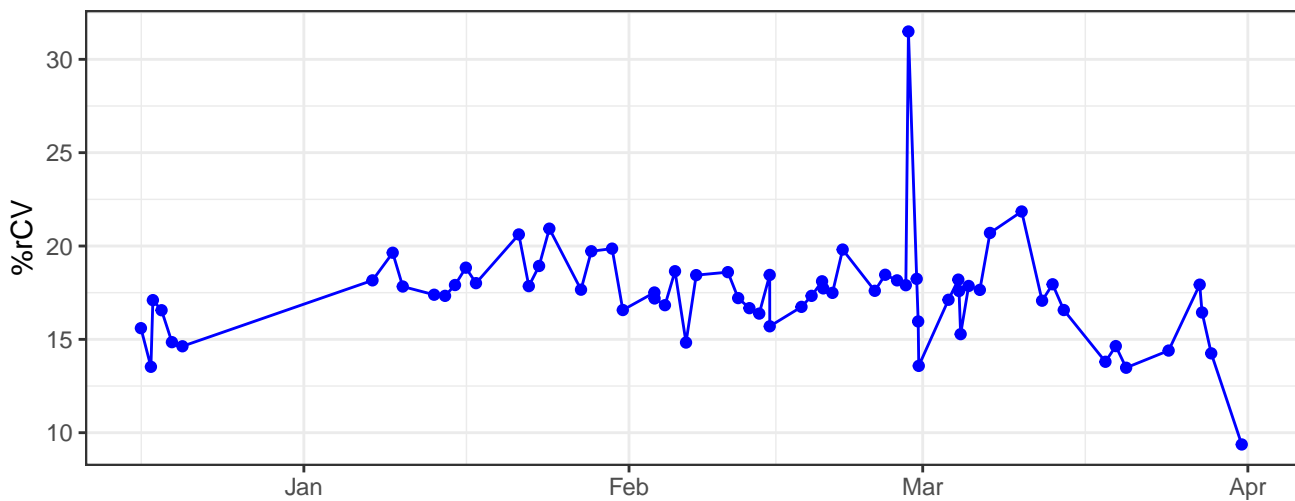
V530-A-% rCV



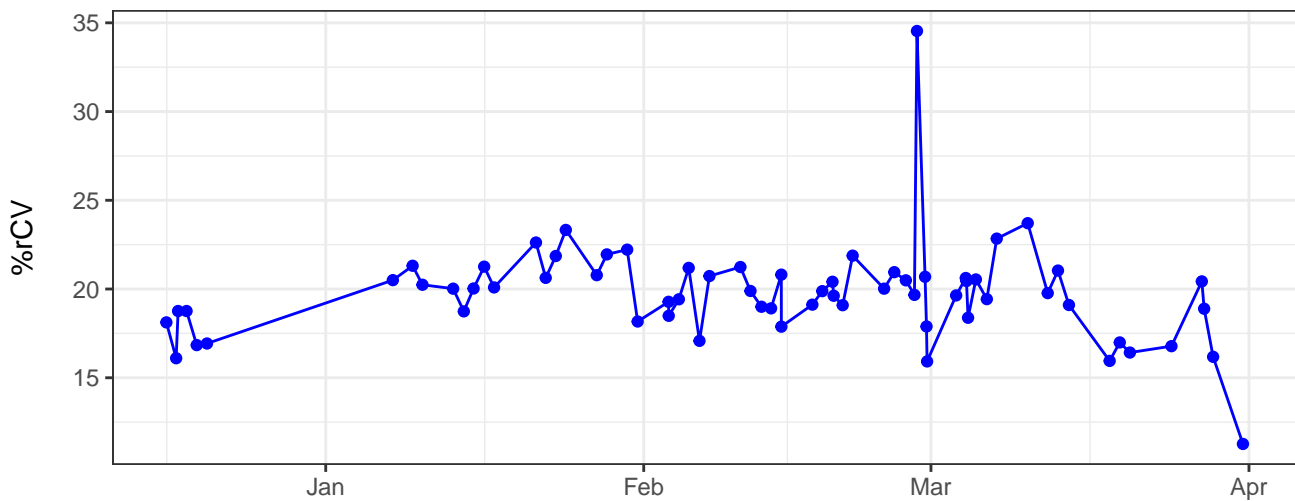
V710-A-% rCV



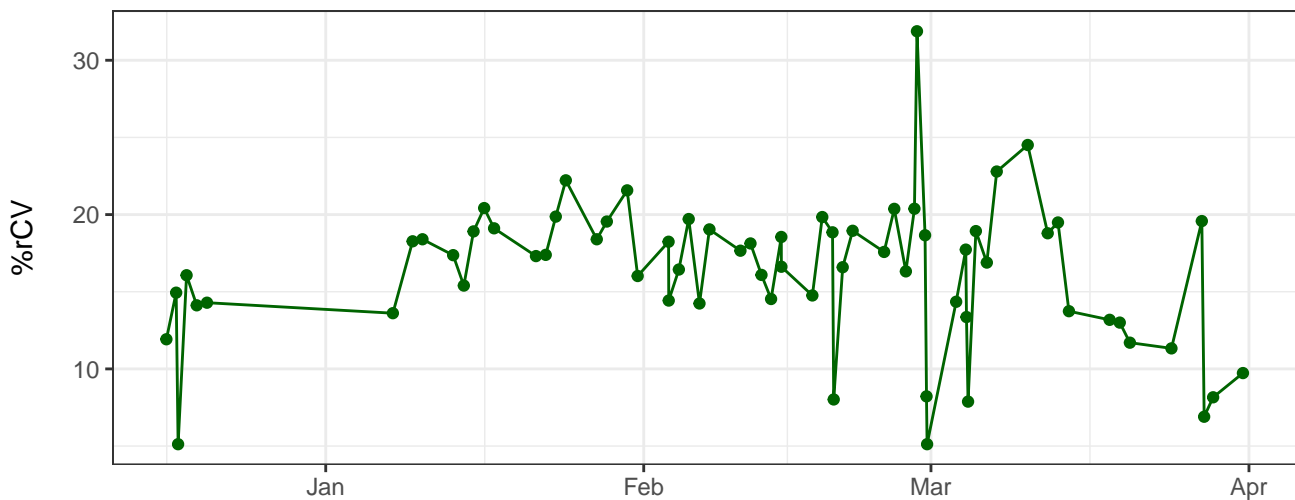
B530-A-% rCV



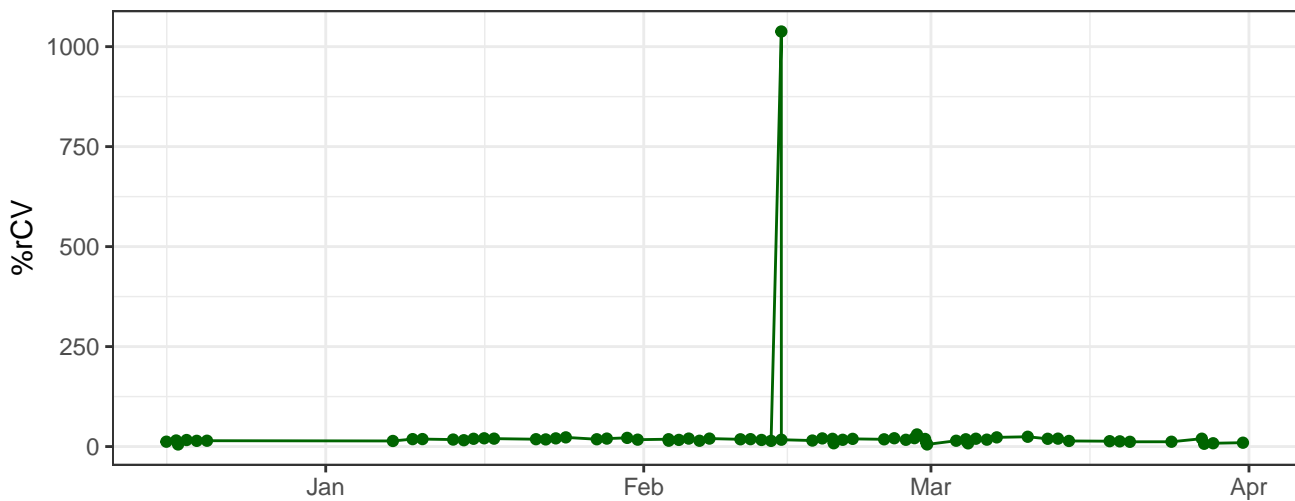
B695-A-% rCV



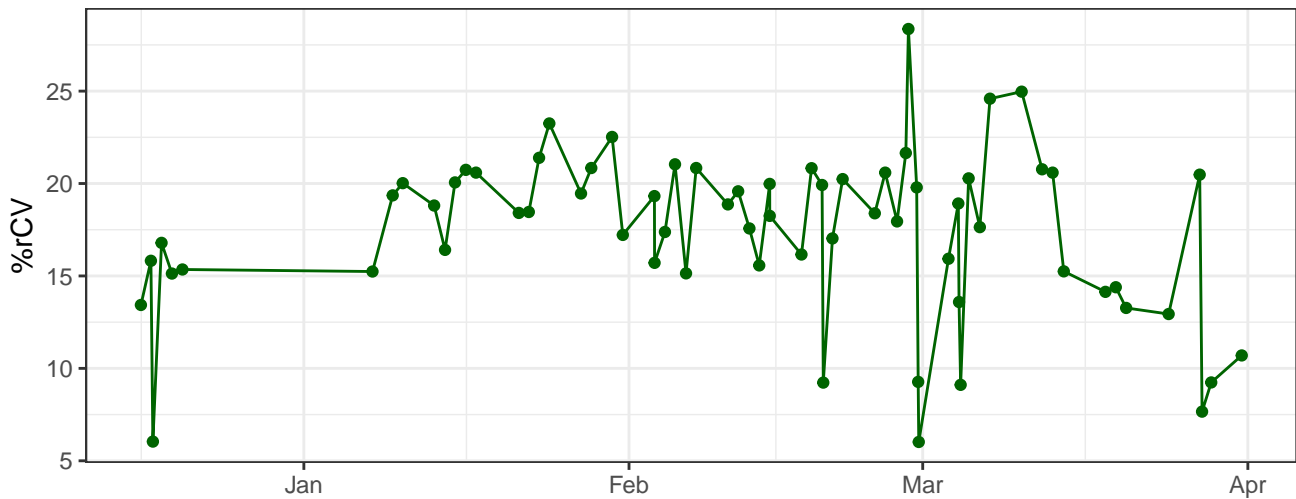
Y590-A-% rCV



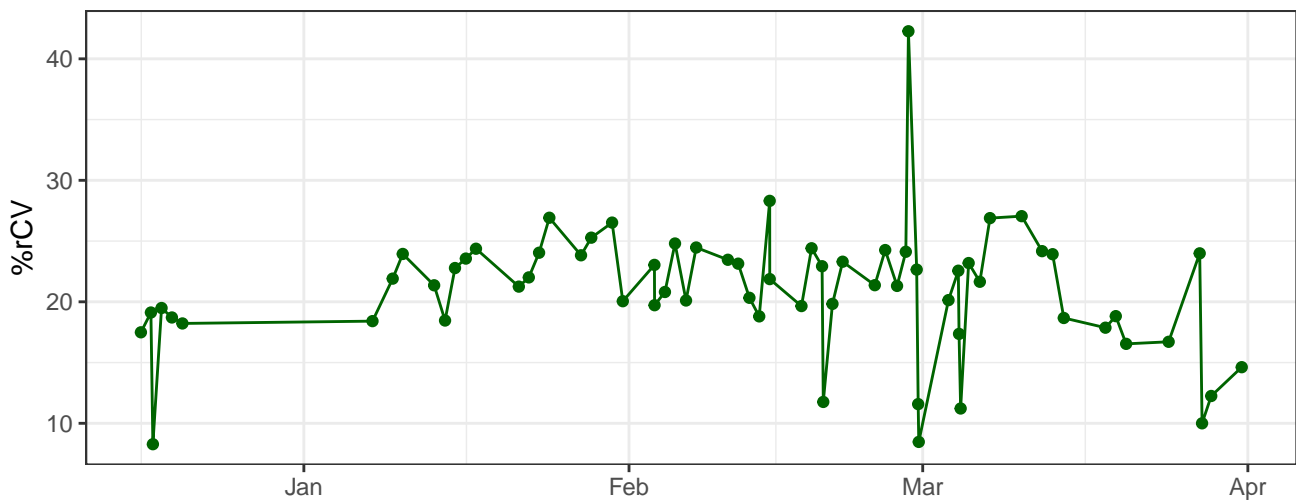
Y610-A-% rCV



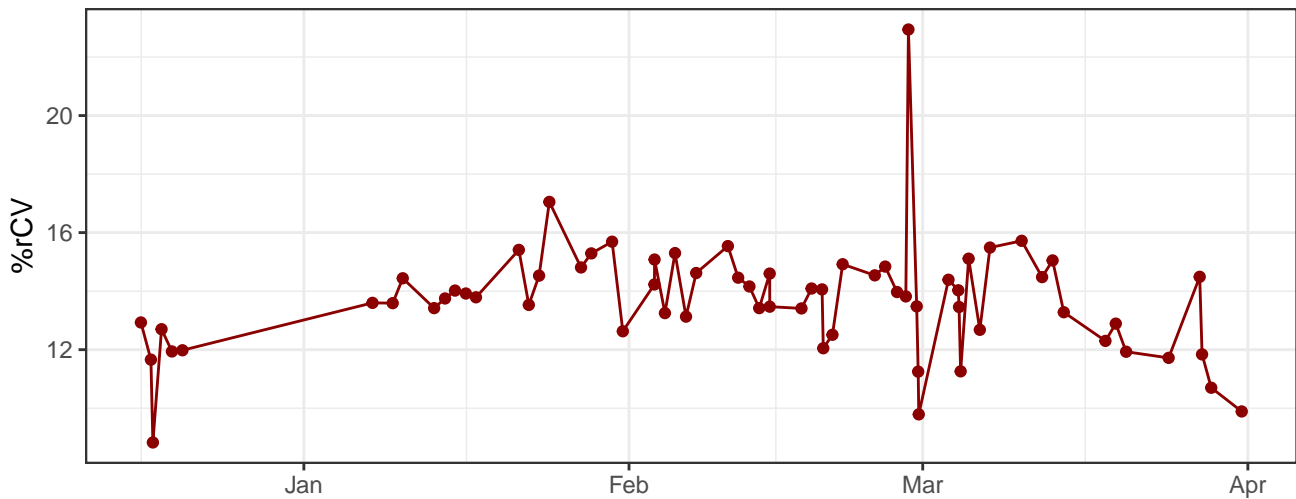
Y670-A-% rCV



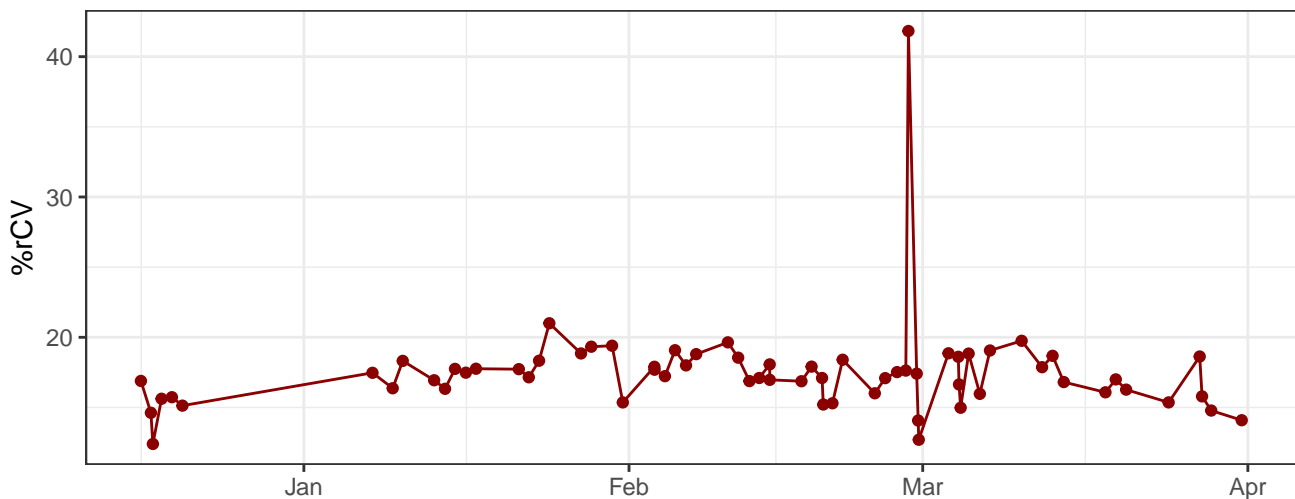
Y780-A-% rCV



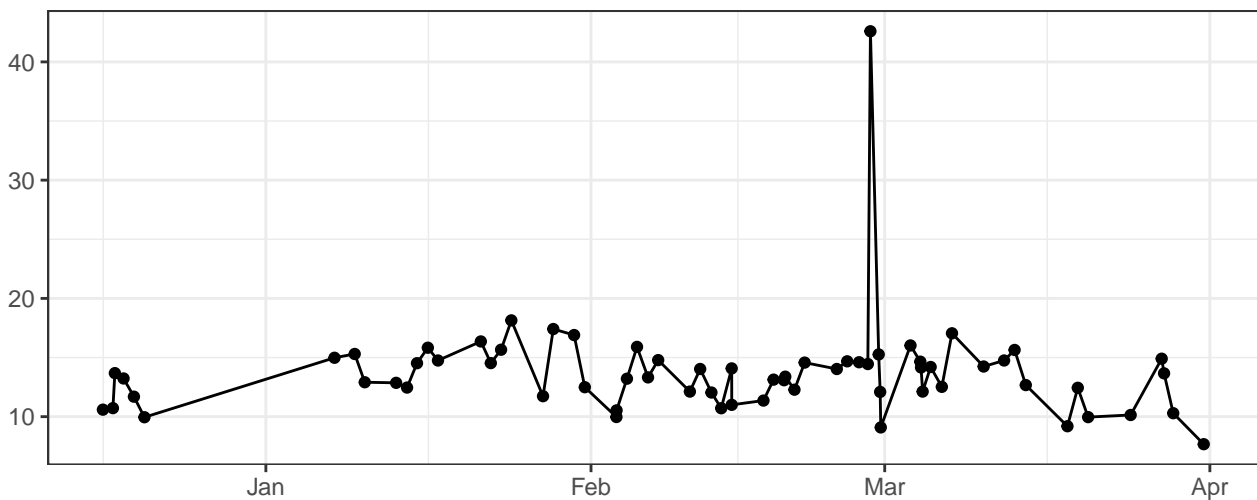
R660-A-% rCV



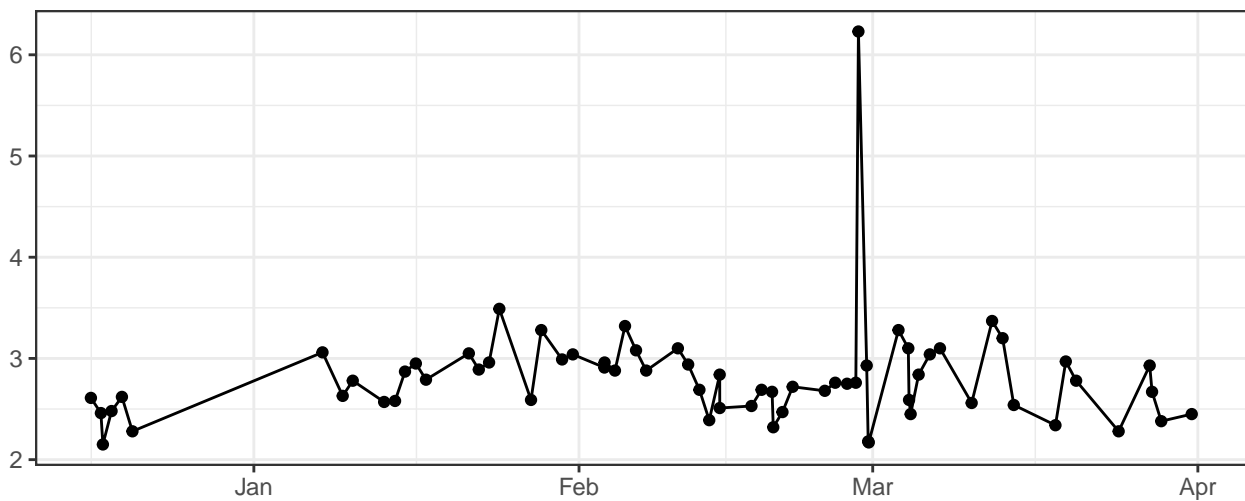
R780-A-% rCV



FSC-A-% rCV



FSC-H-% rCV



The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States from January 1, 2020, to April 1, 2020. The x-axis represents time, with labels for Jan, Feb, Mar, and Apr. The y-axis represents the number of cases, with a scale from 0 to 100,000. The data shows a period of low case counts (mostly below 10,000) from January through early February. Starting in late February, there is a significant and rapid increase in cases, reaching a peak of approximately 100,000 cases in early March. Following the peak, the number of cases begins to decline, showing a downward trend through April, though some daily fluctuations are visible.

The graph displays the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The data shows a period of relative stability around 12-15 cases in January, followed by a rise to a peak of about 18 cases in late February. A massive spike occurs in early March, reaching over 22 cases. This is followed by a period of high volatility with cases fluctuating between 11 and 17, and a final decline to around 10 cases by the end of the period shown.

The graph illustrates the daily count of COVID-19 cases in the United States. The data shows a period of relative stability around 2 cases per day from December through January. A significant upward trend begins in late February, reaching a peak of over 4 cases in early March. Following this peak, there is a period of fluctuation with a general downward trend, ending at approximately 2.1 cases by the end of April.

SSC-W-% rCV

