

DEEP, Secondary Data Review (SDR) Project

Overview







COUNCIL



DEEP Secondary Data Review Project







Data Entry and Exploratory Platform

Global Information Management, Assessment and Analysis Cell on COVID-19

Funded by U.S Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance

www.thedeep.io www.usaid.gov

What is GIMAC?

Co-leads: OCHA, UNHCR, IOM, WHO and Global Health Cluster



www.GIMAC.info

The Global Information Management, Assessment and Analysis Cell (GIMAC) is a humanitarian multi-stakeholder initiative, proposed jointly by several United Nations and international NGO partners; operational since May 2020.

GIMAC aims to coordinate, structure, collate, manage and analyse COVID-19 related information; and to provide technical support and services to prioritised countries and global decision making based on a request.

- GIMAC Overview
- GIMAC Concept Note
- GIMAC Field Request Mechanism
- GIMAC Projects

DEEP SDR Project

The project aims improve the Inter-Cluster Coordination Groups (ICCGs) ability to conduct joint analysis and monitor changes in the humanitarian situation by conducting secondary data review and analysis.

> Start date: 1st November 2020 End date: End of April 2021





Funding available to support seven countries.

Consultations ongoing to select seventh country. In second round Sudan and Nigeria are being consulted.



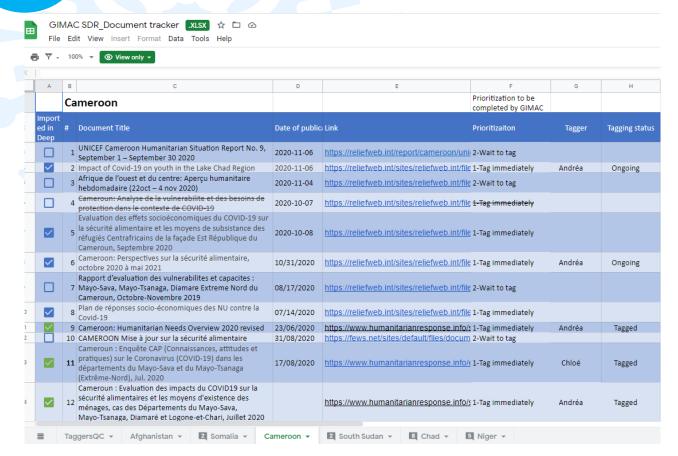
Outputs of the project

The outputs of the project include:

- A Secondary Data Review word/excel document providing monthly data collation using GIMAC Analysis Framework
- 2. A **summary of key findings** will be developed by the GIMAC Joint Analysis Team.
- 3. An assessment registry (on DEEP) with an overview of information gaps.
- Request additional services from GIMAC via field request mechanism.

1

Organizes the information related to humanitarian situation in the country.

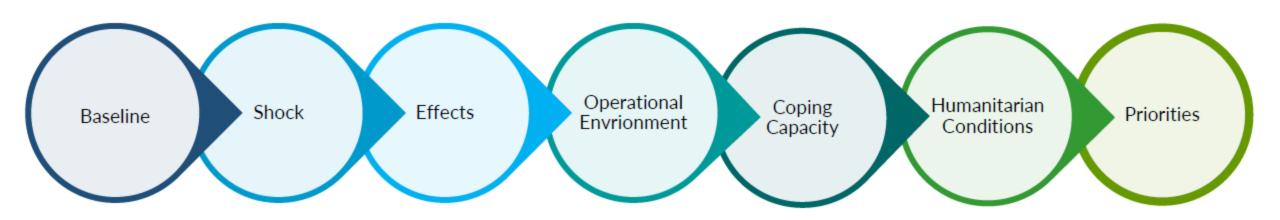




Tags relevant information from these sources via Data Entry and Exploratory Platform (DEEP)

Identify secondary data sources from publicly available and country sources.

GIMAC Analysis Framework



Adapted from Joint Inter-sectoral Framework *JIAF

Information is tagged using GIMAC Analytical Framework

High level tags

General Information gap Response gap

Stakeholder Lessons learned

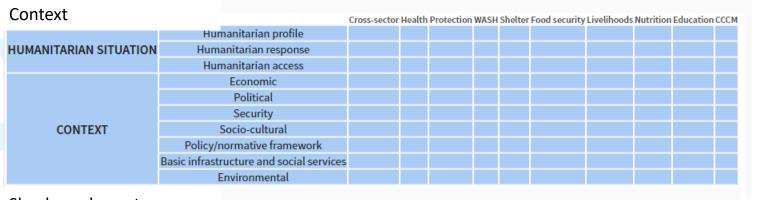
Risk

Direct effect | Indirect effect

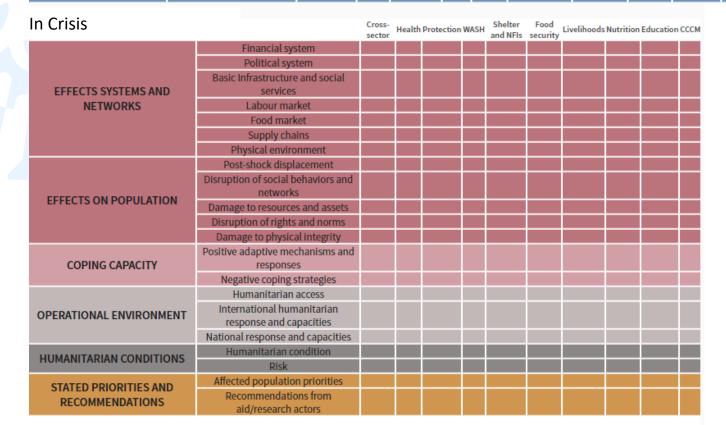
Humanitarian conditions

Negative coping mechanism

Information is tagged using GIMAC Analytical Framework and by Sectors, Population Group, Geo Locations.



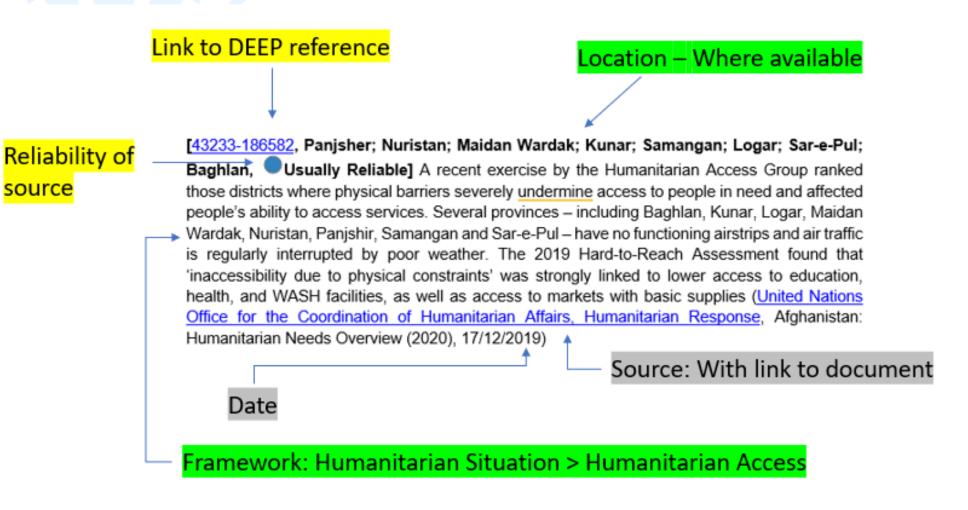
Shocks and events Cross-sector Health Protection WASH Shelter Food security Livelihoods Nutrition Education CCCM Event characteristics Aggravating factors Mitigating factors Government measures



GIMAC Framework – Expanded view

Afghanistan: Example of information tagging by analytical framework and other tags

source



1

Organizes the information related to humanitarian situation in the country.

Example of tagging and

output



Categorize using framework Shocks > Primary Shock

[43402-189022, Usually Reliable] The first cases were reported on March 6. Cameroon continue to record daily increases in the number of COVID-19, but at a reduced rate since end-July. (International Monetary Fund, IMF Policy Tracker - Policy Responses to COVID19, 05/11/2020)

Secondary Data Source



Categorize using framework Shocks > Secondary Shock

[43395-191628, Extrême-Nord, Usually Reliable] Selon les résultats du cycle 21 du projet de suivi des déplacements de l'OIM (DTM round 21), plus de 322,000 PDI ont été enregistrés dans l'Extrême-Nord du fait du conflit armé et des chocs climatiques. Les principaux besoins de ces personnes déplacées concernent les vivres, les abris, les produits de première nécessité (NFI) et l'accès à l'eau et à l'assainissement. (United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, Humanitarian Response, CAMEROUN: Extrême-Nord Situation Report No. 01 Mai – Juin 2020, 14/07/2020)

Secondary Data Source



Organizes the information related to humanitarian situation in the country.



Rapport de l'évaluation des impacts du Covid 19 sur la sécurité alimentaire et les moyens d'existence des ménages, cas des Départements du Mayo Sava, Mayo Tsanaga, Diamaré et Logone et Chari, Région de l'Extrême-Nord, Cameroun

Secteurs : Relèvement Economique et Développement (ERD), Localités : Mora, Mozogo, Maroua, Biamo, Bodo, Kousséri Date de collecte des données : Du 24 Juin au 02 Juillet 2020

Contact Persons : Kouadio Drissa Akou, ERD Program Coordinator, KouadioDrissa.Akou@rescue.org



Photo 1 : Domicile d'un ménage enquêté, Mozogo, 24 Juin 2020

Secondary Data Source

Example of tagging and output

Categorize using framework
Coping Capacity > Negative Coping Capacity > Food Insecurity

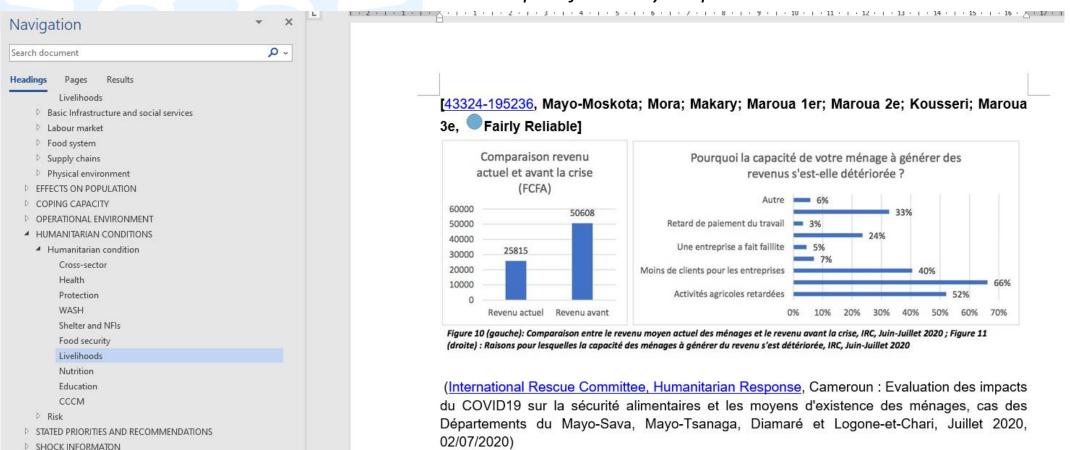
[43324-195241, Mayo-Moskota; Mora; Makary; Maroua 1er; Maroua 2e; Kousseri; Maroua 3e, Fairly Reliable] 14,5% des ménages sont en situation alimentaire de « Crise » c'est-àdire, que ces personnes ont au cours des 30 derniers jours ayant précédé l'enquête fait recours aux mécanismes de survie suivants :

- Vente des actifs productifs ou des moyens de transport (machine à coudre, brouette, vélo, voiture, etc.);
- Consommation des stocks de semences à conserver pour la saison suivante
- Retrait des enfants de l'école. (<u>International Rescue Committee, Humanitarian Response,</u> Cameroun : Evaluation des impacts du COVID19 sur la sécurité alimentaires et les moyens d'existence des ménages, cas des Départements du Mayo-Sava, Mayo-Tsanaga, Diamaré et Logone-et-Chari, Juillet 2020, 02/07/2020)

1

Organizes the information related to humanitarian situation in the country.

Example of monthly output in Word



Organizes the information related to humanitarian situation in the country. Lead Priority Assignee Entry Id Lead-Entry Id Modified Excerpt Navigation Au Cameroun • 20 712 cas confirmés • 418 décès Search document 19 440 personnes guéries (94%) Districts affectés 161/190 (84.7%) • 31 hospitalisés dont 01 sous oxygène Taux de létalité : 2% Taux de sévérité : 0.1 % ■ DEEP Export — Dec 15, 2020 — GIMAC Cameroon anitarian Response Low 216155 45600-216155 • Taux d'occupation des lits : 0,9% Legend ▶ General HUMANITARIAN SITUATION EFFECTS SYSTEMS AND NETWORKS ▶ EFFECTS ON POPULATION COPING CAPACITY DOPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT ▶ STATED PRIORITIES AND RECOMMENDATIONS Uncategorized Bibliography es) sur le Coronavirus (COVID-19) dans les départements du Mayo-Saus et du Mayo-143484 words T English (United States)

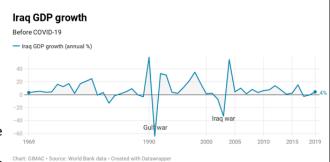
Updated Monthly Secondary Data Review - SDR is provided in MS Word format and Excel to project countries

2

Summary and key findings – based on country schedule (only once)

Substantial strain on the economy

- The Covid-19 has put significant strain on Iraq's economy.
- Oil prices crashed earlier this year, cutting govt revenue
- A drop in oil revenue of this magnitude generates a significant fiscal deficit.
 According to some projections, Iraq's net income will drop 65 percent in 2020 compared to the previous year.
- According to the World Bank, the economy is projected to contract by 9.7 percent in 2020, down from a real GDP growth of 4.4 percent in 2019.



Key findings Iraq and Ethiopia Example – Maximum 10 to 15 pages – can be scheduled once during project duration

Mobility Restrictions

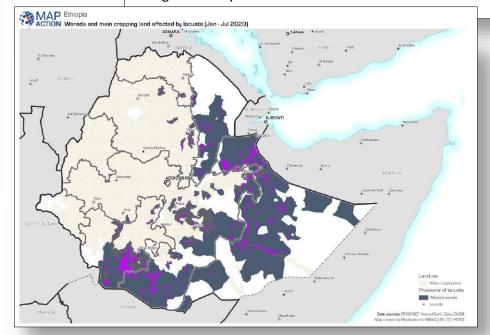
- Two airports still closed, only 3 are operational
- 22 land boarders are still closed only one operational.
- Mobility restrictions imposed on travelers entering from over 170 countries.
- As of 8th September, Iraq has begun to ease internal restrictions.
- From mid-August people in Iraq have started to go out more.
 Google mobility trends.

Iran: Change in mobility

Google mobility trends for places like restaurants, cafes, shopping centers, theme parks, museums, libraries, and movie theaters I Grocery
PhaseMobility trends for places like recovery markets, food warehouses, farmers markets, specially food shops, drug stores, and pharmacies I
Mobility trends for places like hartional parks, public beaches, marinas, dop parks, plazas, and public gardens I Mobility trends for places like public trends for places like public transport hubs such as aubway, bus, and tran stational to Mobility trends for places of work I Mobility

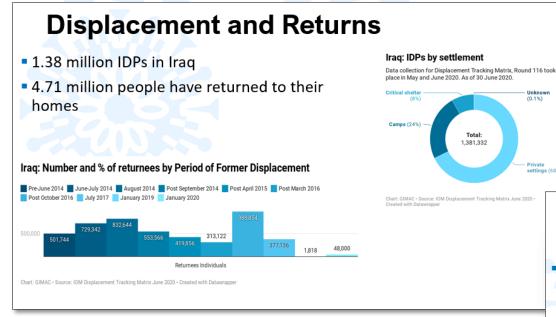


This dataset is intended to help remediate the impact of COVID-19. It si Chart: GIMAC - Source: Google Mobility Data · Created with Datawrapper



2

Summary and key findings -based on country schedule (only once)

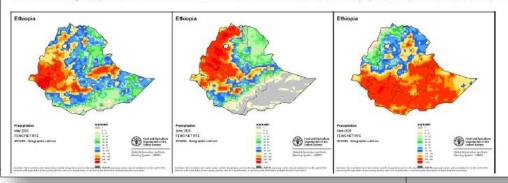


Key findings Iraq an Ethiopia Example – Maximum 10 to 15 pages – can be scheduled once during project duration

Floods

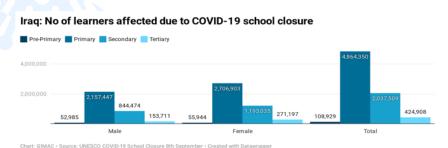
During the months of April and May 2020, heavy and prolonged belg/gu rains led to flooding and landslide incidents in Somali, Oromia, Afar, SNNP and Dire Dawa. Latest National Disaster Risk Management Commission (NDRMC) reports indicate that close to 470,163 people are affected due to floods and displaced 301,284 people.

The following maps show cumulative rainfall volumes over a month (April, May and June 2020)²⁵.



Disruption of education

- There are 10 million students (7.43 million in schools) who have lost access to education because of school closures. Could be exposed to risks, such as child labour, child marriage or recruitment into armed groups
- Schools in Iraq have already been closed for over 3 months, and many children have lost out on learning.



3

Assessment registry and info gaps

♦ TITLE		CREATED BY	ACTIONS
South Sudan — Flow Monitoring Dashboard (August 2020)	20-01-2021	Ichchha Ghale	î 🛭 🖊
South Sudan Displacement Crisis - Camp Coordination and Camp Management, Assessment of Hard-to-Reach Areas in South Sudan, March 2020	13-01-2021	Ichchha Ghale	î 🗹 🖊
IOM South Sudan Displacement Training Matrix 2020 Quarter 2 Report	07-01-2021	Prinisha Baidya	î 🗹 🖊
South Sudan Displacement Tracking Matrix 2020 Quarter 1 Report (5th July 2020)	06-01-2021	Prinisha Baidya	i 2 /
RNA of communities affected by floods in Awerial County, Lakes State	31-12-2020	Prinisha Baidya	i 2 /
South Sudan — WASH II (Hygiene) Summary: Site And Village/Neighborhood Assessment — Mobility Tracking R8 (February - March 2020)	29-12-2020	Prinisha Baidya	i 2 /
South Sudan — WASH I (Water) Summary: Site And Village/Neighborhood Assessment — Mobility Tracking R8 (February – March 2020)	29-12-2020	Prinisha Baidya	i 2 /
Wau Shilluk, Upper Nile Inter-Cluster Assesment Report	28-12-2020	Prinisha Baidya	i 2 /
Rapid Floods Assessment Report For Wulu And Cueibet Counties, Lakes State 3rd – 10th September 2020	23-12-2020	Nika Shakya	i 2 /
South Sudan: July 2020 COVID-19 rapid needs assessment of older people	22-12-2020	Prinisha Baidya	i 2 /
South Sudan — Health Summary: Site And Village/Neighborhood Assessment — Mobility Tracking R8 (February – March 2020)	17-12-2020	Ichchha Ghale	i 🛭 🖊
South Sudan — Education Summary: Site And Village/Neighborhood Assessment — Mobility Tracking R8 (February – March 2020)	16-12-2020	Ichchha Ghale	i 🛭 🖊
IRNA Report: Terekeka State South Sudan	15-12-2020	Nika Shakya	i 🛭 /

Example of metadata on assessments collected and shared with countries

- Stakeholders
- Methodology
- Language
- → □Type of Assessment
 - Location
 - □ Data Collection start/end
 - Publication
 - ■Objectives

4

Request additional GIMAC services

GIMAC Field Support Mechanism

https://www.gimac.info/field-support/

Field Support

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GIMAC continues to provide targeted technical support and services based on field requests. This support is available to 25 countries which are implementing Humanitarian Response Plans. The geographical scope of this initiative may expand based on resources of the cell. The list of countries where the GIMAC support is available is updated periodically.

For more information, please see the GIMAC field request mechanism. The document provides information on support modalities and technical scope of the field requests.

GIMAC Field Request Mechanism

DOWNLOAD

Offline GIMAC Field Request Form

DOWNLOAD





End