

## Topics 6-7 Study Guide

**I. Things to memorize.** On the test you will be given a blank space where you will be asked to reproduce the following information from memory.

**A. Definitions**

- Work:  $W = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{x}$ , often it is sufficient to use  $W = F_{\parallel} \Delta x$
- Kinetic Energy:  $KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$
- Power:  $P = \frac{dW}{dt}$

**B. Units:**

- The SI unit for both work and energy is the Joule (J) which is equivalent to a  $kg \cdot m^2/s^2$
- The SI unit for power is the Watt (W) which is equivalent to a  $J/s$

**C. (Partial) list of conservative forces and their corresponding potential energy functions:**

- Gravity:  $PE_g = mgh$
- Springs:  $PE_s = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$

**II. Proofs:**

- Starting with Hooke's Law ( $F_s = -kx$ ) and the definition of work, show that the work done by a spring in moving an object from  $x_1$  to  $x_2$  is  $W = \frac{1}{2}kx_1^2 - \frac{1}{2}kx_2^2$
- Show that  $W = \Delta KE$  by starting with  $W = \int F dx$  where  $F = ma = m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$  and  $dx = v dt = \frac{dx}{dt} dt$ . Use u-substitution and let  $u = \frac{dx}{dt}$  and therefore  $du = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} dt$  and the integral becomes  $W = m \int u du$ .

**III. Problem solving.** There will be 1 or 2 questions directly from the HW and 1 or 2 original questions.