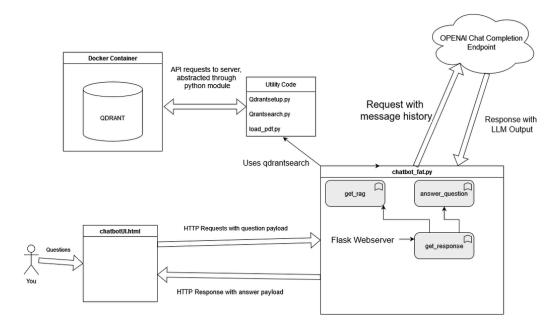
Design Overview



1. User Interface (chatbotUI.html)

- Purpose: This is the front-end interface where users interact with the chatbot.
- Process:
 - Users send their questions as input.
 - The interface sends HTTP requests (in the form of question payloads) to the Flask web server.
 - $\circ~$ It receives HTTP responses containing the chatbot's answer.

2. Flask Web Server (chatbot fat.py)

- Purpose: Acts as the backend, orchestrating communication between the user interface, the Qdrant vector database, and the OpenAI API.
- Key Functions:
 - a. get_response:
 - Handles incoming requests from the chatbotUI and processes the question payload.
 - b. get_rag :
 - Retrieves information relevant to the query using the Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) approach, which involves querying
 the Qdrant database for context.
 - C. answer_question:
 - Sends the combined question and retrieved context (message history) to the OpenAl Chat Completion Endpoint for generating a final answer.

3. OpenAI Chat Completion Endpoint

- Purpose: Provides the natural language generation capability.
- Process:
 - Receives the user question along with any relevant context retrieved from Qdrant.
 - o Generates a detailed, coherent response using its large language model (LLM).
 - o Sends the response back to the Flask server.

4. Qdrant (Docker Container)

- Purpose: A vector database used for storing and retrieving semantically meaningful information.
- Process:
 - The chatbot stores processed document data (e.g., PDFs) as vector embeddings in this database.
 - · When a query comes in, Qdrant searches for the most relevant context based on semantic similarity to the question.

5. Utility Code (Python Modules)

- These Python scripts handle various backend tasks:
 - o Qdrantsetup.py:
 - Sets up and manages the connection to the Qdrant vector database.
 - o Qdrantsearch.py:
 - Handles search queries to retrieve relevant context from the database.
 - o load_pdf.py:
 - Processes and loads PDFs into Qdrant by converting document content into vector embeddings.

Flow of Data:

- 1. User Query: The user enters a question in the chatbotUI.
- 2. HTTP Request: The question is sent as an HTTP request to the Flask server.
- 3. Context Retrieval:
 - Flask server uses <code>Qdrantsearch.py</code> to query Qdrant and retrieve relevant document context.
- 4. LLM Response:
 - The server sends the user query + retrieved context to the OpenAI endpoint.
 - o OpenAl generates the final answer.

5. HTTP Response:

• The Flask server sends the generated answer back to chatbotUI for display.