



$$\mathbf{r}_1 = l_1 (\sin\theta_1, -\cos\theta_1)$$

$$\mathbf{r}_2 = l_1 (\sin\theta_1, -\cos\theta_1) + l_2 (\sin\theta_2, -\cos\theta_2)$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{\mathbf{r}}_1^2 = (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1)^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{\mathbf{r}}_2^2 = (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1)^2 + (l_2 \dot{\theta}_2)^2 + 2l_1 l_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_2 - \theta_1) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) (l_1 \dot{\theta}_1)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (l_2 \dot{\theta}_2 + 2l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_2 - \theta_1))$$

$$V = -mgh_1 - mgh_2 = -(m_1 + m_2)gl_1 \cos\theta_1 - m_2 gl_2 \cos\theta_2$$

$$\mathcal{L} = T - V$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} \right) = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_1} ; \quad \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right) = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta_2}$$

after doing the mathematics we will have:

$$A_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + B_1 \ddot{\theta}_2 = C_1 - D_1$$

$$A_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + B_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 = C_2 - D_2$$

in which:

$$\begin{cases} A_1 = l_1(m_1 + m_2) \\ B_1 = m_2 l_2 \cos(\theta_2 - \theta_1) \\ C_1 = m_2 l_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_1) \\ D_1 = (m_1 + m_2)g \sin \theta_1 \\ A_2 = l_2 \\ B_2 = l_1 \cos(\theta_2 - \theta_1) \\ C_2 = -l_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_1) \\ D_2 = g \sin(\theta_2) \end{cases}$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_1 = \frac{B_2(C_1 - D_1) - A_1(C_2 - D_2)}{B_1 B_2 - A_1 A_2} = G_1$$

$$\ddot{\theta}_2 = \frac{A_2(C_1 - D_1) - B_1(C_2 - D_2)}{A_1 A_2 - B_1 B_2} = G_2$$

$$\vec{\theta} = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{\Psi} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_0 \\ \psi_1 \\ \psi_2 \\ \psi_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \theta_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{\vec{\Psi}} = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\psi}_0 \\ \dot{\psi}_1 \\ \dot{\psi}_2 \\ \dot{\psi}_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ G_1 \\ \psi_3 \\ G_2 \end{pmatrix} = F(t, \vec{\Psi})$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{\vec{\Psi}} = F(t, \vec{\Psi})$$

$$F_0 = F(t, \vec{\Psi}(t))$$

$$F_1 = F\left(t + \frac{h}{2}, \vec{\Psi}(t) + \frac{F_0 h}{2}\right)$$

$$F_2 = F\left(t + \frac{h}{2}, \vec{\Psi}(t) + \frac{F_1 h}{2}\right)$$

$$F_3 = F(t+h, \vec{\Psi}(t) + F_2 h)$$

$$\vec{\Psi}(t+h) = \vec{\Psi}(t) + \frac{h}{6} (F_0 + 2F_1 + 2F_2 + F_3)$$