

# UNIT Relay Module Product Brief

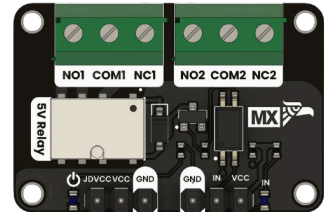
This dual-channel relay module safely interfaces microcontrollers with higher-voltage or high-current loads by separating control from power.

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## Introduction

This dual-channel relay module isolates high-power operations from sensitive MCU logic. It supplies a dedicated 5V rail (JDVCC) for relay coils while using the VCC pin to match the MCU's operating voltage (3.3V or 5V). A digital high on the IN pin triggers an optocoupler that switches the NO, NC, and COM contacts. LED indicators provide immediate feedback on power and control status.



## Functional Description

- The module includes two independent electromechanical relays, each controlled through optocouplers for complete electrical isolation between control logic and relay coil voltage.
- A dedicated power rail (JDVCC) provides 5V specifically to energize the relay coils, while a separate VCC pin supplies 3.3V or 5V to the optocoupler input stage.
- Each relay channel is triggered via an active-high digital input signal (IN1, IN2) from the microcontroller.
- The relay outputs provide access to a set of contacts: Normally Open (NO), Normally Closed (NC), and Common (COM).
- When triggered, the relay switches the contacts, allowing control of external AC/DC loads while protecting the MCU from high-voltage transients.
- LED indicators (LED PWR and LED IN) provide immediate visual feedback of power and activation status.

## Electrical Characteristics

- Operating voltage (logic side): 3.0 V – 5.5 V (via VCC pin)
- Relay coil voltage: 5 V nominal (via JDVCC)
- Trigger current per channel: 2–15 mA depending on input logic level
- Contact rating: Up to 0.3 A - 125 VAC or 1 A - 30 VDC
- Optocoupler logic threshold: Compatible with 3.3 V and 5 V logic

## Features

- Dual-channel electromechanical relay outputs
- Optical isolation between control and power stages
- Dedicated 5V relay coil supply (JDVCC)
- 3.3V or 5V logic compatibility (VCC)
- LED indicators for control signal and power presence
- Breakout access to NO, NC, and COM terminals per channel

## Applications

- Home automation and IoT-based appliance control
- Industrial machinery switching
- Smart lighting systems
- Motor or actuator control
- Security and alarm systems

## Settings

### Interface Overview

Interface	Signals / Pins	Typical Use
Power	JDVCC, VCC, GND	Power relay coils and optocoupler driver circuit
Control	IN1, IN2	Trigger signals from MCU
Output	NO1, COM1, NC1 / NO2, COM2, NC2	Switching terminals for AC/DC load
Indicators	LED (PWR), LED (IN)	Visual status of power and input activation

### Supported Pins

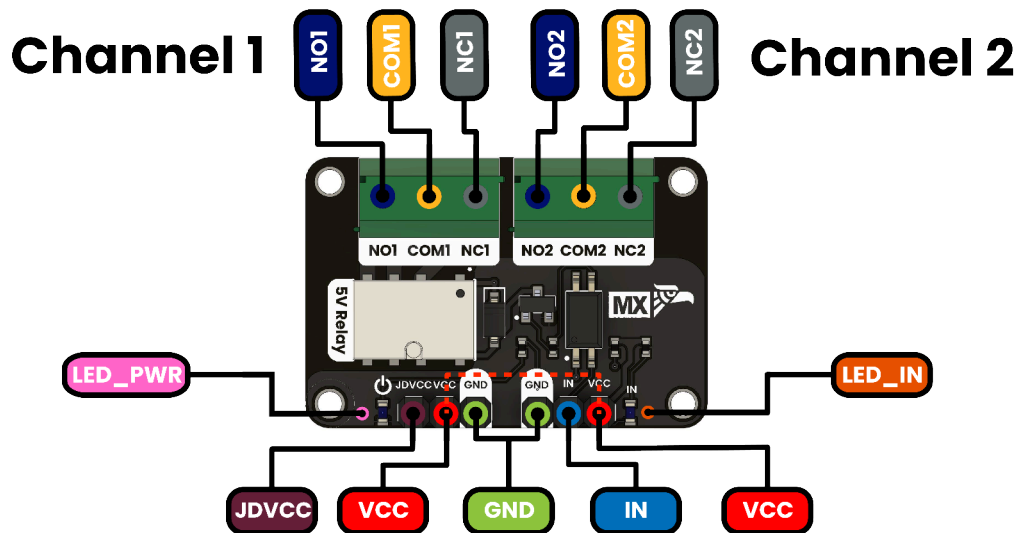
Symbol	I/O	Description
JDVCC	Input	5V supply input for relay coil energization
VCC	Input	Logic voltage input (3.3V or 5V)
GND	Input	Shared ground for logic and relay power
IN1	Input	Control signal to activate relay 1
IN2	Input	Control signal to activate relay 2
NOx	Output	Normally open contact (connected when active)
NCx	Output	Normally closed contact (disconnected when active)
COMx	Output	Common terminal for relay switching

### Pin & Connector Layout

Signal	Description
JDVCC	+5V supply to energize relay coils
VCC	MCU logic voltage (3.3V or 5V) for the optocoupler/driver circuit
IN	MCU input to activate relay channel 1
NO1	Relay 1 normally open contact
COM1	Relay 1 common terminal
NC1	Relay 1 normally closed contact
NO2	Relay 2 normally open contact
COM2	Relay 2 common terminal
NC2	Relay 2 normally closed contact
LED PWR	Indicator LED for power (active when JDVCC is present)
LED IN	Indicator LED showing active input from the MCU

## Block Diagram

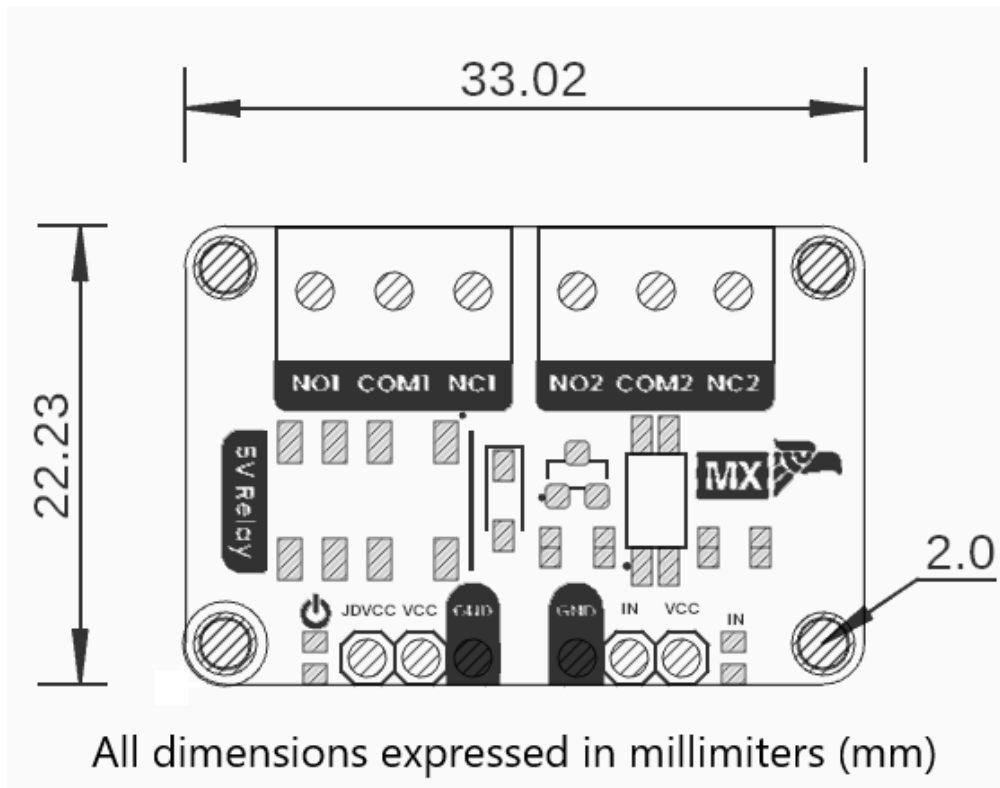
# Relay Module



<b>JDVCC</b>	Relay supply voltage +5V	<b>NO</b>	Normally open
<b>IN</b>	Input signal	<b>NC</b>	Normally closed
<b>VCC</b>	+3V3/5V	<b>COM</b>	Common

**!** VCC depends on the microcontroller's supply voltage

## Dimensions



## Usage

- Arduino AVR
- Raspberry Pi RP2040
- STM32
- NRF
- PY32
- MAX II

## Downloads

- Schematic PDF

## Purchase

- Buy from UNIT Electronics