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- KnowDive Group -

Geospatial Knowledge Graph

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1 Knowledge Graph Development Process

This part of the document aims of describe the development process of the knowledge graph. For the development of the knowledge graph, we decided to use iTelos methodology because it will guide us step by step during the development process. At the start we describe the contest and the problem we need to solve and the personas that can benefit from our knowledge graph. In the inception phase we describe the Competence Query and a initial list and description of the datasets used.

1.1 Scope Definition

In this section we describe the contest of the knowledge graph and some stereotypes of person that represent some potential user of our knowledge graph.

1.1.1 Problem contest definition

With GeoSpatial data we intend all the data that are explicit or implicit connect to a location. And without thinking about it a lot of our everyday life are connected to location information, at example where has my wife gone or when we want to try a new restaurant. The public administration is one of the entities that mostly used geospatial data, a business estimate that 90% of the PA data are bound with a location. ¹

While the Geospatial field is very large, we decide to focus on the real estate market. In Italy, based on the report from the Italian Tax Bureau, in 2019 603'541 residential real estate units were sold and bought ² ³. Combined they are equal to the surface of the city of Bolzano. The real estate trading sector is valued 97.5 billions of euros per year. These numbers do not consider the market of the rents. In 2019 the new rents agreements touch the staggering amount of 1 million and 7 hundred units. In 2019 the 10% of residential rental units in Italy was rented, generating a market of around 10 billion per year. ⁴

In Italy, the biggest part of residential real estate units rented and traded are owned by physical persons. The Italian real estate market status is very different from other nations in Europe, where rented and traded residential buildings are mostly owned by enterprises. In particular, these include banks or investment funds, normally behind the shields of ad-hoc front company. This difference has taken in Italy to the proliferation of the real estate agents. To make a comparison in Italy there are 43'698 real estate agents for 59 million people, while in Germany where most of the building is rent or buy from businesses the agents are 23'780 for a population of 80 million ⁵. Searching between a large number of real estate operators can represent a considerable expenditure of energy for who want to rent or buy a unit. For resolve this problem various intermediation portal was born. In these portals, the real estate agents (or also the owner directly) list the house. These portals are mainly own and operate from national companies if compared to other sectors like search engines where near all the companies are foreign.

Listings on this portals normally describe very well the features of the real estate unit, but they normally failed to describe the connected services. Connected services include, for example, the internet connectivity available, the quality of schools in the nearby of the real estate unit or the presence of parking where leave the car. These data are sometimes sparse and difficult to retrieve, as a consequence the real estate agents sometimes do not know or have

 $^{{}^{1}} https://philly.curbed.com/2017/11/7/16617296/philadelphia-properties-land-vacant-lot-atlas-map-toological control of the control of$

 $^{{}^2 \}text{https://www.agenziaentrate.gov.it/portale/documents/20143/262485/StatisticheOMI}_R ES_{12} 020_2 0200605.pdf/3af07746 - 906c - 45af - 5853 - da521605de03$

³The given data do not include the Italian territories that use the Grundbuch (at the moment they are the provinces of Trento and Bolzano)

 $^{^4} https://www.idealista.it/news/immobiliare/residenziale/2020/05/07/140165-affitti-italia-focus-su-trend-del-mercato-proprietari-eriduzione-del-canone-di$

 $^{^{5}} https://www.liberopensieroimmobiliare.com/evoluzione-di-un-agente-immobiliare-italiano-dati-e-considerazioni/$

little knowledge about these connected services. Sometimes agents know the information but avoid to give them to the customer because they can lower the value of the property. These considerations can in some case represent the decisive factor for the choosing of a unit over another.

Our idea for the project is to build a knowledge graph that can help the people in search of to buy or rent a real estate unit to easily consult the list and quality of these connected services. While the knowledge graph can be useful in near every location in the world (excluding Antarctica), we decide to focus to the province of Trento in Italy, in the first phase, for the amounts of publicly available datasets. For some type of data we decide to focus only on the city of Trento, because they are not available at the province level. Our user for the project is the people that want to rent or buy a real estate unit. Because collecting the money from multiple clients can be difficult, we target the intermediation portals as a potential customer for our knowledge base. The intermediation portals can use our knowledge base to help the customers compare the various listings available on the portal, potentially taking to AI-based tools that suggest the best unit for the customer needs.

As a future development the knowledge base can be extended to be used by the other figures in the buy or rent of a real estate unit.

1.1.2 Personas

In this subsection is presented the scenario of competence of the project and in particular the different types of Personas that could be the actors of this scenario. All the 4 different types of user presented are characterized by the need to look for an apartment or house to buy or rent in the geographical area of competence of the project having, however, different attitudes and consequently different needs.

Giuseppe is 24 years old, he is a student of industrial engineering at the University of Trento in Povo. Despite attending university in Povo, it would be very important for Giuseppe to find accommodation in the city in order to be close to the essential services and university social life, without neglecting the need to move with public transport every day to reach the university outside the city. Giuseppe is not able to have a constant source of income and his accommodation expenses are borne entirely by his family, for this reason he is looking for a very economical situation and like most of his fellow students he is easily satisfied with a place in a room shared by other students and since he does not have a private transport he is not looking for an apartment with a private or public parking nearby. In choosing the apartment to share his priorities are guided by his university life and his hobbies. He would prefer to find accommodation in a home away from elementary schools and kindergartens and possibly away from the railway to have a quiet place to study. To be effective in the studio Giuseppe would need the house to be equipped with a broadband internet connection allowing him to increase his productivity in studying together with quick access to the many online multimedia content he watches in his spare time. Giuseppe also has a passion for fitness and is used to training 3 times a week. For this reason he would like to live near a gym.

Paola and Mario, respectively 43 and 45 years old, are the parents of Luigi and Angela twins of 8 years old and need to find a new housing near the city to get closer to the workplace. Paola is a lawyer in a firm based in the city center and prefers to move with his private vehicle having a covered parking near work, even his spouse Mario, a computer consultant, is used to go to work by car even if during the summer months would be inclined to take advantage of bike-sharing services offered in the city due to its strong sporting nature. For this reason the couple is looking for accommodation with a large garage but at the same time not too far from the bike-sharing services possibly. The couple's children are lively twins and for this reason Paola would like to find a house with a private garden and possibly in a quiet and safe area near the essential services for children (playground, elementary and middle school). Economically, the family is wealthy and prefers to spend an important amount of money for their

new home as long as it meets their safety, size and proximity of services for children. Mario would also like the house to be located in a geographically interesting location for evening excursions, in fact he is a fan of running and trekking and after work would have the pleasure of leaving home a couple of hours to keep trained and run in a natural and unpolluted environment.

Giovanna is 35 years old and works remotely for a large software house in Milan. Giovanna, having the possibility to stay at home and work, is used to change house periodically and would like to find an apartment in the surroundings of Trento, which is a very dear place for her family origins. The accommodation she is looking for is an apartment to rent where she can work remotely and invite many guests. Giovanna loves to meet people and have many social interactions, she thinks that social scmabs enrich her person. For these reasons Giovanna is looking for an apartment in an area full of people and with many possibilities to create communities and social exchanges of the city and has no needs for private or public parking as she is a lover of a green lifestyle and would prefer to have the essential services within walking or cycling. For this reason she is looking for a home that is well equipped with essential services such as supermarkets and pharmacies but would also like, given her innate passion for art and culture, that places of culture such as libraries, cinemas and theaters were easily accessible from her home. Given her working position, it is essential for Giovanna that her home be equipped with good network coverage and Internet connection. Last but not least, Giovanna loves outdoor sports and in particular she has been practicing climbing for a few years. For this reason a useful information when buying the house would be to have an overview of the rock cliffs from the nearest to the most distant in Trentino Alto Adige.

Luciana and Corrado are a loving elderly couple, she seventy-three years old and he seventy-five years old, retired. The couple are looking for a setting for their winter and summer vacations in Trentino-Alto Adige. The house they are looking for is not a classic vacation home, but a place where they can feel at home even when they go on vacation as they plan to spend almost a third of the year in this residence. The couple, being very well off, are looking for a spacious and comfortable house in a quiet neighborhood and as panoramic as possible because, although they have their own means of transport in Trentino, they want to relax and enjoy the peace of a small town. In the search for a house some features are very important to them. In addition to a house in a quiet area and with a private or public parking nearby they would like to find an accommodation well equipped with essential services and with some ad hoc services to make them feel at home. For Luciana and Corrado, given their strong faith, it is in fact important that the house is close to a church so that they can participate in Christian community life. In addition, they would like to have a few old people's homes nearby to spend a few days in company and participate in the activities organized by these centers. Luciana and Corrado have been passionate about winter sports since their youth and this was one of the reasons why I want to look for a house in Trentino-Alto Adige. In particular, in order to choose a house, they are interested in knowing where they are and what ski facilities are available within a few dozen kilometers from their future vacation home.

In the following a table that summarize the personas is presented.

Persona	Description	Usage
Giuseppe	24 y.o. engineering stu-	Giuseppe is looking for a student room in a quiet environ-
	dent that loves university	ment in the city (away from the railway and main roads)
	social life and going to the	where he can study, with a fast internet connection and with
	gym but he hasn't a pri-	the following facilities nearby: essential services (supermar-
	vate car.	ket, bank, pharmacy); the bus stop 5/; a gym; library and
		nightclubs

Paola and Mario	Paola and Mario, respectively 43 and 45 years old, are the parents of Luigi and Angela twins of 8 years old.	Paola and Mario are, together with their children, looking for a house in the city in an uncrowded place. When choosing a house, the couple carefully assess whether the services nearby meet their needs as parents and their hobbies. In particular, they would like to have them nearby: playground, elementary and middle schools, public parking
		and bike-sharing service to facilitate their mobility, routes and excursions to do after work
Giovanna	Giovanna is 35 years old and works remotely for a large software house in Milan. She loves culture.	Giovanna works from home, that's why she doesn't need a car and prefers to reach interesting places for her on foot or by bicycle. Besides having a good Internet connection and being located in an area of the city where there is a chance to meet many people. She loves social and cultural exchanges. She would like to look for a house close to essential services (supermarkets, drugs, banks) and close to the places she prefers to attend in her free time: cinemas, theaters and theaters. To keep fit Giovanna practises climbing and it would therefore be very useful for her to know which cliffs are available in Trentino in order to plan her weekend adventures.
Luciana and Corrado	Luciana and Corrado are a loving elderly couple, she seventy-three years old and he seventy-five years old, retired. They serach for a vacation home.	Luciana and Corrado are looking for a vacation home that is in an uncrowded place. They would like the house to be close to a parking lot, churches and old people's centers. In addition, the couple has a passion for skiing and would like to know which skiing areas are near their home. In addition, given their age, the couple would like to live in a well-served area of emergency health services.

1.2 Inception

This section first describe the Competency Queries in a informal format, then the datasets collected and the relative metadata will be described.

1.2.1 CQs definition

In this section we try to think what our example users can ask to the knowledge graph. Based on the datasets selected, we formalized a complete list of competency queries. This queries describe the need of the people as write in the storytelling.

Person	Number	Question	Action
Giuseppe	1.1	Where is the closest library?	The system given the unit position, returns the
			position of the nearest library
Giuseppe	1.2	How many library are there within a 5km radius	The system given the unit position, returns the
		?	number of library within the 5 km
Giuseppe	1.3	What are the nearest supermarket in the area?	The system given the unit position, returns the
		What size is it?	distance of the nearest supermarket and it's size

Cinconno	1.4	What hind of internet connection is conslable in	The costone vives the soit section setume the
Giuseppe	1.4	What kind of internet connection is available in	The system given the unit position, returns the
Ci	1.5	the apartment?	level of available internet connection
Giuseppe	1.5	Is there a pharmacy within a radius of 1Km?	The system given the unit position, returns the presence or absence of a pharmacy within a radius of 1Km
Giuseppe	1.6	Is the house in a quiet enough place?	The system given the unit position, returns the
			major roads and railways closest to the house indicating the distance from the house.
Giuseppe	1.7	How far is it to the nearest bus stop where bus	The system, given the location of the unit, re-
олаворро	1	number 5 runs?	turns the distance to the nearest bus stop where
			bus number 5 goes by. For this bus stop and line
			the system returns also the timetable.
Giuseppe	1.8	Where is the closest gym?	The system given the unit position, returns the
	-10	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	position of the nearest gym
Giuseppe	1.9	What bank branches with an ATM are available	The system given the unit position, returns the
Славорро	1.0	in the nearby?	distance of the nearest branch for each bank
Giuseppe	1.10	Where is the nearest bar?	The system given the unit position, returns the
Ставерре	1.10	Where is the nearest bar.	position of the nearest bar
Giuseppe	1.11	How far is the train station?	The system given the unit position, returns the
Стиверре	1.11	now far is the train station :	distance of the train station
Giuseppe	1.12	Is there a bus station nearby where in the morn-	The system given the unit position, returns the
Giuseppe	1.12	ing the line 5 passes?	position of the nearest bus stop where in the
		ing the line 5 passes:	morning the line 5 passes and for this bus stop
			and line returns also the timetable
Paola and Mario	2.1	Is the anostroom in a mist place?	
raoia and Mario	2.1	Is the apartment in a quiet place?	The system given the unit position, returns the
			major roads and railways closest to the house in-
Paola and Mario	2.2	Where is the closest elementary school to the	dicating the distance from the house.
raoia and Mario	2.2	house?	The system given the unit position, returns the
Paola and Mario	2.3	How far is the nearest middle school?	position of the nearest elementary school
raoia and Mario	2.3	now far is the hearest middle school:	The system given the unit position, returns the
D 1 1M 1	- 0.4	TT 1 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	distance of the nearest middle school
Paola and Mario	2.4	How many playgrounds are there within 2 km	The system, given the location of the unit, re-
		from the house?	turns the number of playing fields within 2 km
Deals and Mark	0.5	To the house to come to house?	and for each playground it lists the present games
Paola and Mario	2.5	Is the house in a crowded area?	The system given the unit position, counts the
D 1 1M 1	0.0	T (1 12 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	number of house in 3 km
Paola and Mario	2.6	Is there a bike-sharing service nearby?	The system given the unit position, returns the
			presence or absence of a bike-sharing service
			within a radius of 1Km and returns also the num-
D 1 1M 1		W71 4 41 121 41 41 2	ber of available bike in those racks
Paola and Mario	2.7	What are the bike paths within 1 km?	The system given the unit position, returns the
D 1 1M 1		TT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	bike paths within 1km
Paola and Mario	2.8	How many excursion or bike paths are there in	The system given the unit position, returns the
		the vicinity of the house (maximum 3 km)?	number of different excursion and bike paths
D 1 116 1			within 3 km.
Paola and Mario	2.9	What are the excursion paths within a radius of	The system given the unit position, select all the
		3 km with a estimated duration of less that two	paths with a estimated duration of less that 2
		hours?	hours and returns from this list the ones within
			3km
Paola and Mario	2.10	Where is the closest parking lot to the house with	The system given the unit position, check for all
		a hourly fee of less than a 1.00 €?	the parking with a fee less than 1.00 €, then re-
			turn the nearest parking lot.
Paola and Mario	2.11	How far is the center of the city?	The system given the unit position, returns the
			distance of the city center.
Paola and Mario	2.12	Where is the closest middle school to the house?	The system given the unit position, returns the
			position of the nearest middle school
Paola and Mario	2.13	Which high schools are within a radius of 2 km?	The system given the unit position, returns the
			the name of the high schools within a radius of
			two kilometers
Paola and Mario	2.9	What are the excursion paths in a radius of 3 km	The system given the unit position, select all the
		from the unit with a positive height difference of	paths with a height difference of less that 200m
		less than 200m ?	and returns from this list the ones within 3km

Giovanna	3.1	Know what type of Internet is available in the apartment	The system given the unit address, return the level of available internet connection
Giovanna	3.2 I want to live in place full of people to develop social exchanges. How many people live near the house?		The system given the unit position, returns the number of people within 1 km.
Giovanna	3.3	What banks have a branch in the neighbourhood?	The system given the unit position and address, search the nearest bank branches, maximum one for each bank
Giovanna	3.4	What are the post offices and their timetables within a radius of 3 km ?	The system given the unit position, search for all the post offices within 3 km and their opening hours
Giovanna	3.5	Where is the nearest ambulatory?	The system given the unit position and address, returns the position of the nearest ambulatory
Giovanna	3.6	Which are the supermarkets within a radius of 2 km? How big they are?	The system given the unit position, search the supermarkets within the 2km and returns a list of supermarket and for each one the area and the name
Giovanna	3.7	How far is the nearest pharmacy?	The system given the unit position, returns the distance of the nearest pharmacies
Giovanna	3.8	Which libraries are the closest?	The system given the unit position, returns the library within 1 km
Giovanna	3.9	Where is the nearest cinema?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest cinemas
Giovanna	3.10	Where is the nearest theaters?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest theaters
Giovanna	3.11 What are the cliffs within a radius of 20 km? The system given the unit position		The system given the unit position, search for the nearest cliffs and return the position of the cliffs within of 20 km
Luciana and Corrado	4.1	I want to live in a quiet place. Where is the nearest railway line?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest piece of rail and return the distance between the unit and it
Luciana and Corrado	4.2	I want to live in a quiet place. Where are the nearest main roads?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest pieces of major road and return the dis- tance between the unit and it
Luciana and Corrado	4.3	i want live in a small neighborhood	The system given the unit position, count the number of house in 5 km
Luciana and Corrado 4.4 How far is the nearest public parkings?		The system given the unit position, search for the nearest parkings with no fee or fee equal to zero and return the distance between the unit and the parking. It also return the capacity of the parking.	
Luciana and Corrado 4.5 Where is the closest church? The system given the the nearest church and the nearest church are nearest church and the nearest church are nearest church.		The system given the unit position, search for the nearest church and return the position of the church	
Luciana and Corrado	4.6	Ho far is the nearest center for elderly? The system given the unit position, search for center for elderly and return the distance bet the unit and the center for elderly	
Luciana and Corrado	4.7	Which ski areas are available within a radius of 35 km ?	The system given the unit position, search for ski area within 35 km and return the position and the distance between the unit and the ski area. For each ski area in order to provide more information the system returns also the website of the ski area. Moreover the system returns also the price of a daily. ticket
Luciana and Corrado	4.8	Which are the hospitals in Trentino?	The system returns all the hospitals in Trentino and for each of them return the name, the position and the distance to the unit position.
Luciana and Corrado 4.9 Are there ambulatory clinics within 3km from the house?		_	The system given the unit position, check if there are some ambulatory clinics within 3km. If there are any ambulatory clinics return the name and position for each of them.

Luciana and Corrado	4.10	How far is the nearest hospital ?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest hospital and return the distance between the hospital and the unit position.
Luciana and Corrado	4.11	Which are the 3 ski areas with the greatest number of kilometers of red slopes? For each of these ski areas I would need to know the location, the website to know more about the location and the distance from the house.	The system given the unit position, search for the 3 ski areas with the highest number of black ski slopes and return a list with the name of the area, the location, the website and the distance from the location.
Luciana and Corrado	4.12	What kind of slopes are there in the ski area closest to the house ?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest skiarea and return the and for that returns the various types of difficulty of slopes present and their respective kilometers.
Luciana and Corrado	4.13	What are the nordic skiing trails within 35 km?	The system given the unit position, returns a list with all the nordic skiing trails within 35 km. For each of them returns also the difficulty.

Each query consult one or more type of data. The types of data needed to resolve the query and the connection between each type and the query that use it are given in the following table:

Types:	Properties:	Notes:	CQ using the type:
Library	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		1: 1,2 3: 9
Pharmacy	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Opening hours [string]		1: 5 3: 8
School	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Type [enum]		2: 2,12,13
Sports Facility	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		1:8
Bar	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		1:10
Building	Position [coordinate]		2: 5 4: 3
Park	Position [coordinate], types of games [list of string]		2:4
Bike path	Initial Point [coordinate], End point [coordinate]	It combine dataset of province of Trento with that of the city of Trento	2: 7,8
Excursion path	Initial Point [coordinate], End Point [coordinate], Height difference in m [int], Estimated duration [duration], Length in m [int]		2:8,9
City Center	Position [coordinate], name [string]		2:11
Major Road	Name [string], Initial Point [coordinate], End Point [coordinate], Type [enum]		1:6 2:3 3:3 4:2
Post Office	Position [coordinate], Opening hours [string]		3: 5
Ambulatory	Position [coordinate]		3:6
Theater	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		3: 11
Church	Position [coordinate]		4:5
Elderly center	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		4:6
Ski area	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Total length [float], Km Blue slopes [float], Km Red slopes [flaot], Km Black slopes [float], Price [decimal]		4:7,11,12
Cinema	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		3: 10
Bank Branch	Position [coordinate], Name of the bank [string], ATM [bool]		1:9 3:4
Internet	Address [composed field], Level_at_2019 [enum])		1:4 3:1
Supermarket	Position [coordinate], Name[string], Area [double]		1:3 3 :7
Train line	Initial Point [coordinate], End Point [coordinate]		1:6 2:1 3:2 4:1
Train Station	Position [coordinate], Name[string], Tratta [Train line]		1:11
Bus Stop	Position [coordinate], Name[string], Lines [list of string]	Lines are the bus lines that go through this stop	1:7,12
Bike-sharing	Position [coordinate], rack slots [int]		2:6
Cliff	Position [coordinate]		3:12
Car parking	Position [coordinate], capacity [int], fee [decimal]		2: 10 4: 4
Ski slopes	Pointchains [coordinate], name [string], type [string], difficulty [string]		4:13
Stop Times (GTFS)	arrivalTime [timestamp], departureTime [timestamp], stopSequence [int], calendar [Calendar GTFS]		2: 7,12

1.2.2 Initial Datasets description

The first source of datasets considered, $OPENdata\ Trentino^6$, is a big web portal with a lot of different public data of the province of Trento. From there we took these datasets:

- 257 datasets (for 149 municipalities) of the **locations and points of interest**⁷: for every town in the province of Trento is provided a list in json of the relevant public locations like schools, parks, libraries, parking lots etc. with some additional information attached (name, coordinates, address, descriptions, photos, telephone number) and a GEO version (not present in all towns) with a lot more locations but with less information (only name, coordinates, address). Because of the high number of datasets to download, it has been written a script in python to automate the operation, and another to manage the files.
- 7 datasets of **Bikesharing stations**⁸: the list in json of all the bikesharing stations in 7 towns of Trentino provided by the public transport service containing the name, position, address and the number of bike slots for every station.
- 3 datasets with nursery, 9 elementary 10 and middle school 11 information: the list of Trento's school with name, position, address, number of subscribers, number of staff for every school.
- piste_ciclabili.csv for the bike trails¹² in Trento with the position, type, address and the length of the paths.
- civici_web.json for civic numbers¹³ of buildings in the Municipality of Trento.

However the **high school** data is not present in the openData Tretino website, and to complete the missed data we did scraping in *comuniecittà*.it¹⁴ containing less but still relevant informations (private or public school information, study paths) and saving the content in csv format.

The second big source of datasets used to get a large amount of geo-spatial informations is $OpenStreetMap^{15}$, the biggest free license world map collaborative project. All the data were extracted using $Overpass\ Turbo^{16}$: a tool to make query for specific data extraction from OpenStreetMap. The datasets extracted (all exported in geojson):

- areaski.geojsoni: all the areas where is possible to make ski activities in Trentino.
- bank.geojson: all the banks located in Trentino.
- building.geojson: the buildings polygons divided in municipality
- busstops.geojson: all the bus stops with coordinates, the operator and (sometimes) the bus line.
- cinema.geojson: the list of the Trentino's cinema with coordinates and some relevant information where present (3D available, contact informations, number of rooms and other)
- citycenter.geojson: provide informations about cities or villages boundary in Trentino and where each city centre is located.
- climb.geojson: the cliffs in Trentino where is possible to do climbing activities.
- parking.geojson: car parks with the capacity.
- $\bullet\,$ park.geojson: all different types of public parks (also dog parks).
- pharmacy.geojson: list pf pharmacies with position and (where present) the timetables.
- post_office.geojson: post offices with position and (where present) the timetables
- railway.geojson: train stations and railways of Trentino.
- roads.geojson: all the roads of Trentino.
- skislopes.geojson: the ski slopes location in the Trentino.

 $^{^6}$ dati.trentino.it

⁷dati.trentino.it/dataset?tags=luoghi+e+punti+di+interesse

⁸dati.trentino.it/dataset/stazioni-bike-sharing-emotion-trentino

 $^{^9 {\}it dati.trentino.it/dataset/scuole-dinfanzia}$

 $^{^{10} {\}it dati.trentino.it/dataset/scuole-elementari}$

¹¹dati.trentino.it/dataset/scuole-media-inferiori

¹²dati.trentino.it/dataset/piste-ciclabili-open-data

¹³dati.trentino.it/dataset/comune-di-trento-numeri-civici

 $^{^{14}} www.comuniecitta.it/scuole-secondarie-di-secondo-grado/comune-di-trento-22205$

¹⁵www.openstreetmap.org

¹⁶overpass-turbo.eu

- supermarket.geojson: supermarkets of Trentino.
- trails.geojson: list of path (open to all non-motorized vehicles) or trails of Trentino

In order to satisfy the request of a good internet connection of some personas, we took a dataset from $Infratel\ Italia\ s.p.a.^{17}$ with all the information about the availability and the **quality of internet** 18 per home in Trentino.

1.2.3 Datasets metadata documentation

Here the metadata documentation of the fields of the datasets. However, the number of fields in some dataset is very high (up to 193), then the tables shows a max of the 25 most important fields per dataset:

• locations and point of interest:

Fields	Type	Description
Titolo	string	name of the location
address	string	street address
description	string	short description of the location
image	image	image of the location
email	string	official email of the location
$phone\ number$	string	official phone contact of the location
url	string	website of the location
info	string	short infos
gps	string	coordinates and accurate address

• locations and point of interest (GEO version):

Fields	Type	Description
id	int	identification code
coordinates	float[2]	latitude and longitude of the location
properties	object	main properties of the location (name, address)

$\bullet \ \ bikesharing_METADATA.json:$

Fields	Type	Description
name	string	name of the bike station
address	string	geographical address of the bike station
id	string	identifier
bikes	int	realtime data with the number of the present bikes
slots	int	realtime data with the number of the free slots
totalSlots	int	total number of slot bikes
position	int[2]	coordinates of the station

$\bullet \ piste_cliclabili_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
WKT	list int	coordinates of the paths
tipo	string	name of the typology of path (not useful)
fumetto	string	name of the path
descrizione	string	name of the path (equivalent to 'fumetto')
tipologia	string	path dedicated only to cycle or also pedestrian
tratto isolato ciclabile	int	meters without path dedicated to cycle
tratto isolato ciclopedonale	int	meters without path dedicated to cycle or pedestrian
anno	int	building year of cycle path

¹⁷ www.infratelitalia.it

 $^{^{18}} www.infratelitalia.it/archivio-documenti/documenti/esiti-consultazione-2020-conclusa-una-prima-analisi-dei-dati-forniti-dagli-operatori$

$\bullet \ \ nursery_elementary_and_middle_school_METADATA.json:$

Fields	Type	Description
WKT	string	position in WKT system
civico_alf	int	civic number
destra	string	address
sobborgo	string	suburb
scuola	string	name of the school
fumet to	string	name of the school
iscritti	int	number of subscribers
personale	int	number of staff
mail	string	e-mail information
telefono	string	telephone number

$\bullet \ high_school_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
name	string	name of the school
address	string	address
school type	string	private or public school
study paths	string	study path offers

$\bullet \ \, internet_quality_trento_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
$cod_egonciv$	int	EGON civic code
regione	string	Only the TRENTINO-ALTO ADIGE region
provincia	string	only Trento province
comune	string	town
frazione	string	fraction of the town
via	string	street address
civico	int	civic code
barrato	char	sub-civic code
class_19	string	2019 internet coverage
class_22	string	2022 internet coverage estimation

$\bullet \ \ areaski_METADATA.json:$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	name that identifies a unique object
landuse	string	describes the primary use of areas of land
description	string	describes the type of object
area	string	date rarely existing (value - yes/no)
name	string	name of data
alt_name	string	Another name or names by which the feature is known
name:de	string	german name of data
name:it	string	italian name of data
name:lld	string	Ladin name of data
type	string	type of data
website	string	website
wikidata	string	The ID of the Wikidata item about the feature
ref:pat:cat	string	identification
ref:pat:id	string	identification
@relations	map	describes the commercial relations with other ski areas

$\bullet \ \ bank_METADATA.json:$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
building	string	type fo building
name	string	name of the facility
type	string	type of element
atm	boolean	indicate the presence of an atm
automated teller machine	boolean	see atm
operator	string	indicate the operator of the facility
brand	string	indicate the brand of the facility
addr:housenumber	string	the house number component of the address
addr:street	string	the street component of the address
source	string	the source of the data
$opening_hours$	string	the opening hours of the facility
contact:website	string	the website where contact the facility
building:levels	integer	the level above ground of the facility
brand:wikidata	string	wikidata identifier code
brand:wikipedia	string	the wikipedia page of the bank branch
wheelchair	boolean	describe if it is accesible for wheelchair users
addr:city	string	the city component of the address
addr:postcode	string	the postcode component of the address
roof:levels	integer	the level of the roof
roof:shape	string	the shape of the roof
drive_through	boolean	describe if the facility offer drive through
addr:full	string	the full address of the facility
addr:country	string	the country component of the address
website	string	the website of the facility
phone	string	the phone of the facility

$\bullet \ \ busstop_METADATA.json:$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	name that identifies a unique object
highway	string	name that identifies objective type
$public_transport$	string	name that denotes stop positions and platforms of public
		transport
name	string	name that identifies the name of the bus-stop
shelter	boolean	identifies the presence or absence of the shelter
bus	boolean	Access values describe restrictions or not of the bus in the bus-stop
bench	boolean	identifies the presence or absence of the shelter
$alt_name:lld$	string	another unofficial but locals feequntly name in local di-
		alects
name:it	string	Italin name of the bus-stop
name:lld	string	Ladin name of the bus-stop
$departures_board$	string	name that identifies the type of time table or departures
		present in the bus stop
$operator:old_name$	string	name that identifies company who is in charge of the ser-
		vice at the bus stop
$route_ref$	liststring	name that identifies a list of all bus lines that serve the
		stop
bus_routes	liststring	name that identifies a list of Flixbus that serve the stop
$created_by$	string	name that identifies the computer program (editor or
		script) which made the changes
wheelchair	string	identifies if the bus stop is suitable to be used with a
		wheelchair and a person with a disability who uses an-
		other mobility device (like a walker)
note:tactile_paving	boolean	identifies if there is Tactile paving
covered:source	string	identifies how the information was collected
ref	liststring	name that identifies a list of all bus lines that serve the
		stop
name:de	string	German name of the bus stop

addr:city	string	name identifying the name of the city where the bus stop
		is located
addr:postcode	int	number identifying the postcode of the city where the bus
		stop is located
addr:street	string	name identifying the name of the street where the bus
		stop is located
alt_name	string	alternative name of the bus stop
amenity	string	Describes useful and important facilities for visitors and
		residents
bin	boolean	identifies presence or absence of a waste basket

$\bullet \ \, {\tt cinema_METADATA.json:} \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	Identifies univocally the object
amenity	string	Descirbes useful and important facilities for visitors and
		residents
building	boolean	Is used to mark a given object as a building
name	string	Identifies the name of the cinema
email	string	Identifies the e-mail ralated to the cinema
phone	string	Identifies the e-mail ralated to the cinema
source	string	Identifies the information source
website	string	Identifies the website related to the cinema
addr: city	string	Identifies in term of cites the position of the cinema
addr: country	string	Identifies in term of state the position of the cinema
addr:housenumber	int	Identifies the hosenumber of the cinema
addr:postcode	int	Identifies the postcode of the cites where the cinema is
		located
addr:street	string	Identifies the street name where the cinema is located
cinema:3D	boolean	Indentifies the possibility or not to watch 3D projection
contact: phone	string	Identifies the hosenumber of the cinema
contact:website	string	Identifies the website related to the cinema
$drive_in$	boolean	Indicate if a cinema is a drive-in cinema
operator	string	Indicate the main operator of the cinema
ref:vatin	string	VAT identification number of an object
screen	int	indentifies the number of screen
wheelchair	string	Identifies the possibility or not to access with a wheelchair

$\bullet \ \, \mathbf{city_center_METADATA.json:} \\$

Fields	Type	Description
$admin_level$	integer	the level of the administration roles tree
boundary	string	the type of boundary
name	string	the name of the area
ref:ISTAT	string	the reference to the ISTAT code
ref:catasto	string	the reference to the codice catastale
type	string	the type of the object
wikidata	string	link to the related wikidata object
wikipedia	string	the wikipedia page of the facility
@id	string	name that identifies a unique object
name:cim	string	the name in Cimbro
name:it	string	the name in Italian
population	string	the population of this administrative area
$old_name:de$	string	the old name in german
natural	string	describe the type of nature inside the boundary
name:de	string	the new name in german
name:mhn	string	the name in mócheno
$alt_name:de$	string	an alternative name in german
reg_name	string	the name of the region
name:lld	string	the name in ladin

$postal_code$	string	the postal code of the administrative area
old_name	string	the old name of the administrative area
name:left	string	the name from the left side
name:right	string	the name from the right side
source	string	the source of the information
created_by	string	who created this set

$\bullet \ \, {\bf climb_METADATA.json:} \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	Used to univocally identifies the object
climbing:rock	string	Identifies the typology of rock
name	string	Identifies the name of the climb
natural	string	Is used to describe wide variety of physical geography, geological and landcover features
sport	string	Is used to identify one or more sports which can be played
type	string	Is used to set a relation's type
building	string	Indicates the presence or abesnce and the type of a buld-
	_	ing.
leisure	string	is for places people go in their spare time.
addr:country	string	Indicates the city in the address information
addr:housenumber	string	Indicates the housenumber in the address information
addr:postcode	int	Indicates the postcode in the address information
addr:street	string	Indicates the postcode in the address information
email	string	Indicates the email ralted to the climb
fax	string	Indicates the fax ralted to the climb
$opening_hours$	string	Indicates the openning hours of the climb spot
phone	string	Indicates the phone ralted to the climb
tourism	string	Indentidies the specific interest to tourists including
		places to see, places to stay, things and places providing
		information and support to tourists.
website	string	Indicates the website ralted to the climb
climbing:bolted	string	Provides a first indication how well the routes are secured
		in terms of anchors
climbing: multipitch	string	Indicates if there are multi-pitch routes and how many
		multi-pitch routes there is
climbing: orientation	string	Identifies orientation of the rock/wall face.
climbing: quality	string	Indentifies the quality of the rock/ice.
climbing:sport	string	Indicates the practicable sports
fee	boolean	Indciates the presence or absensce of fee
outdoor	boolean	Indicate if the climb is outside or not
climbing:boulder	boolean	Indicates the presence or absence of boulder

$\bullet \ \, park_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	name that identifies a unique object
leisure	string	type of facility inside
type	string	type of data
name	string	the name of the facility
wikidata	string	link to the related wikidata object
landuse	string	describe the usage of the land
access	string	describe the access description
operator	string	the operator of the facility
area	boolean	describe if the area do not have any physical boundary
source	string	the source of the data
alt_name	string	an alternative name for the park
$short_name$	string	a short name for the park
$start_date$	date	the opening date of the facility
amenity	string	this variable describe the facility present at the park

$created_by$	string	the person that created the facility in openstreetmap
old_name	string	the old name of the facility
barrier	string	indicate the type of barrier that limit the facility
tourism	string	indicate why this facility can be of particular interest for
		the tourist
wikipedia	string	the reference to the wikipedia page
ele	integer	the elevation on the sea level
natural	string	describe the type of nature inside the boundary
sport	string	describe one or more sport that can be played in the fa-
		cility
surface	string	type of surface in the park
$leaf_type$	string	describe the type of leave in the facility
wheelchair	boolean	wheelchair service is present
baby	string	specify if the item is tag friendly

$\bullet \ parking_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
amenity	string	For describing useful and important facilities for visitors
		and residents. Facilities include for example toilets, tele-
		phones, banks, pharmacies, prisons and schools.
fee	boolean	The fee tag is for specifying whether a fee is usually
		charged for a service, or for access.
parking	string	specify the type of parking facility.
access	string	describe restrictions on the use of highways and other
		transportation routes
$park_ride$	boolean	Park and ride facilities are parking lots with public trans-
		port connections that allow commuters and other people
		heading to city centres to leave their vehicles and transfer
		to a bus, rail system (rapid transit, light rail, or commuter
		rail), or carpool for the remainder of the journey.
surface	string	provide additional information about the physical surface
capacity	int	max capacity of the parking lot
name	string	name of the location
barrier	string	type of barrier of the parking lot
source	string	source of the data
capacity: disabled	boolean	Defines whether or not dedicated disabled parking spaces
		are available
highway	string	main key used for identifying any kind of road, street or
		path
operator	string	company of the parkig lot
supervised	string	indicates that there is a person who supervises the place
wheel chair	boolean	is wheelchair accessible?
service	string	describe details about types of 'service' roads, railways or
		waterways; or the service or services offered by a business.
layer	int	describe vertical relationships between crossing or over-
		lapping features
landuse	string	describe the primary use of land by humans
addr: house number	int	civic code
addr:postcode	int	postal code of the location
addr:street	string	street address of the location
$opening_hours$	string	day and hours of opening
smoothness	string	a classification scheme regarding the physical usability of
		a way for wheeled vehicles, particularly regarding surface
		regularity/flatness.
website	url	whesite of the location
motorcycle	string	Legal access restriction for motorcycles.

$\bullet \ \, pharmacy_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
amenity	string	For describing useful and important facilities for visitors
		and residents. Facilities include for example toilets, tele-
		phones, banks, pharmacies, prisons and schools.
building	string	type of building
name	string	name of the location
addr:city	string	city of the location
addr:housenumber	int	civic code
addr:postcode	int	postcode of the location
addr:street	string	street address of the location
$drive_through$	boolean	do it has the drive through?
healthcare	string	type of healtcare service
dispensing	boolean	specify whether a pharmacy dispenses prescription drugs
		or not
opening_hours	string	day and hours of opening
operator	string	name of the company
ref:vatin	string	VAT identification code
wheelchair	boolean	is wheelchair accessible?
addr:country	string	country of the location
email	string	email of contact
phone	string	phone number contact
contact:website	url	website of the location
source	string	source of the data
website	url	website of the location

$\bullet \ post_office_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	name that identifies a unique object
addr:city	string	city component of the address
addr:country	string	the country component of the address
addr:housenumber	string	the house number component of the address
addr:postcode	string	the postal code component of the address
addr:street	string	the street component of the address
amenity	string	this variable describe the usage of the building
building	boolean	describe if the facility is a building
contact:website	string	the website where contact the facility
name	string	the name of the facility
operator	string	the name of the facility operator
atm	boolean	if the facility have an atm
building:colour	string	the colour of the building
building:levels	integer	the number of above-ground levels of the buildings
building:part	string	describe a part of the building where the attribute are
		different
height	double	the height of the building
opening_hours	string	the opening hours of the facility
roof:colour	string	the color of the facility roof
roof:shape	string	the shape of the facility roof
brand	string	brand of the post office
brand:wikidata	string	wikidata identifier code
brand:wikipedia	string	brand associated with country
addr:suburb	string	the suburb component of the address
contact:fax	string	the fax to contact the facility
contact:phone	string	the phone to contact the facility
description	string	a description of the building

$\bullet \ \ {\bf railway_METADATA.json:} \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
addr: city	string	city of the locaiton
addr:postcode	string	postcode of the location
addr:street	string	street address of the location
building	string	type of building
name	string	name of te location
network	string	network administration name
operator	string	operator administration name
railway	string	railway or station classification
$public_transport$	string	type of public transport of the location
train	boolean	it's a trainstation
electrified	string	description of the object electrified
maxspeed	int	speed limit of the railway
name:de	string	name in German
$passenger_lines$	int	number of lines
$railway:track_class$	string	The Track class of the railway line
$railway:traffic_mode$	string	Lines dedicated to passenger trains (might have some ex-
		ceptions, especially temporally i.e. freight only during
		0200-0330).
ref	int	The reference number of the railway line the track belongs
		to.
usage	string	usage of the rail line
voltage	int	Voltage of the railway electrification system
bridge	string	What kind of bridge carrying the track is
layer	int	To describe the vertical relationship to other bridges and
		features.
$start_date$	string	Date the Interlocking Tower was put into service
embankment	boolean	Is the track elevated using earth or concrete dam
service	string	type of the track
tunnel	boolean	The track is in a tunnel

$\bullet \ \ roads_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
highway	string	type of road (prymary, secondary, tertiary)
name	string	name of the road
oneway	boolean	is oneway
ref	string	road code
junction	string	type of junction (roundabaout)
surface	string	type of road surface (asphalt, paved)
lanes	int	number of lanes
maxspeed	int	speed limit
nat_ref	string	road code
toll	boolean	toll present
cycleway:both	boolean	have 2 way cycleway
old_ref	string	road code
bridge	string	it has a bridge
source:maxspeed	string	source of the speed limit data
maxweight	float	max weight in tons
tunnel	boolean	it has a tunnel
foot	boolean	can go by foot
tunnel:name	string	name of the tunnel
access	string	type of access
horse	boolean	horse can go
length	int	length of the road in mt
incline	string	road inclination infromation
tunnel:length	int	tunnel length in mt
disabled	boolean	the road is disable

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
colour	color	graphic color
name	string	name of the ski slopes
network	string	network administration of the ski slopes
piste:type	string	type of the skiing available (nordic, downhill)
website	url	link of the website of the skislope
name:de	string	name in German
operator	string	operator of the skislope
distance	float	distance between skislopes
piste:difficulty	string	difficulty level of the skislope (easy, intermediate, ad-
		vanced)
piste:grooming	string	tpye of skiing available (classing, skating)
source	string	source of the data
piste:name	string	name of the piste
sport	string	sport available in the location
bridge	boolean	it's present a bridge

$\bullet \ \, supermarket_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
building	string	type of supermarket
name	string	name of the supermarket
opening_hours	string	days and hours of opening
payment:cash	boolean	accept cash
payment:debit_cards	boolean	accept debit card
shop	string	type of shop
source	string	source of data
addr:city	string	city of the location
addr:country	string	country if the location
addr:housenumber	int	civic code
addr:postcode	int	postcode
addr:street	string	street of the location
operator	string	operator of the supermarket (coop, conad, despar)
ref:vatin	string	value added tax identification number
brand	string	brand of the supermarket (coop, conad, despar)
brand:wikidata	string	wikidata identifier code
brand:wikipedia	string	brand associated with country
toilets:wheelchair	boolean	wheelchair toilets is present
wheelchair	boolean	wheelchair service is present
website	url	official website of the brand
addr:province	string	province of the location
addr:state	string	state code of the location
building:levels	int	number of levels of the building
parking	string	type of parking (underground)
toilets	boolean	it has toilets

$\bullet \ trails_METADATA.json: \\$

Fields	Type	Description
id	string	name that identifies a unique object
cai_scale	string	Identifies the cai scale difficulty classification
distance	int	Identifies the distance of the trials
duration:backward	string	Identifies the duration of the backward
duration:forward	string	Identifies the duration of the backward
foot	boolean	identifies the possibility to complete the path by foot
from	string	Indicates the start position

highway	string	path which has been look for these dataset	
mtb	bool	Indicates if the path is practicable of mtb	
mtb:scale	int	Indicates the difficult scale of the mtb path	
network	string	specifies the hiking route as a local route (=lwn)	
$note:project_page$	string	Indicates the project page url	
operator	string	The name of the organization that maintains the path	
osmc:symbol	string	describe route symbol that is used as waymarker or on	
		guideposts	
sac_scale	int	A difficulty rating scheme for hiking trails.	
source	string	where these data came from	
to	string	where the path ends	
$trail_visibility$	string	describes attributes regarding trail visibility (not route	
		visibility) and orientation	
type	string	type of the path	
website	string	link to the website of the organization	
@id	string	identification number	
ascent	int	meters of ascent	
descent	int	meters of descent	
name	string	name of the path	
surface	string	Surface values provide additional information about the	
		physical surface of roads/footpaths.	
bicycle	bool	affordable for byclicle	

$\bullet \ \ building_METADATA.json:$

Fields	Type	Description	
id	string	identification code	
amenity	string	For describing useful and important facilities for visitors and residents. Facilities include for example toilets, tele- phones, banks, pharmacies, prisons and schools.	
building	string	The building tag is used to mark a given object as a building	
name	string	name of the location	
type	string	The key type is commonly used to set a relation's type	
wikidata	string	The ID of the Wikidata item about the feature	
@id	string	identification code	
historic	string	used to identify features that are of historic interest	
addr:city	string	city of the location	
addr:country	string	country of the location	
addr:housenumber	string	civic code	
addr:postcode	string	postcode of the location	
addr:street	string	street address	
contact:email	string	email contact	
contact:fax	string	fax contact	
contact:phone	string	phone number contact	
contact:website	url	website of the location	
email	string	email contact	
operator	string	used to name a company, corporation, person or any other entity who is directly in charge of the current operation of a map object.	
ref:vatin	string	VAT code information	
$castle_type$	string	used to distinguish between the various type of historic castles - stately vs defensive etc	
building: levels	string	used for marking the number of above-ground levels of a building	
building:use	string	describes what kind of function a building=* serves	
roof:levels	string	For stating the number of levels in the roof of a building	
access	string	describe restrictions on the use of highways and other transportation routes (railways, waterways), as well as facilities such as buildings, building entrances, amenities and leisure entities.	

layer	string	one of several methods used to describe vertical relation-
		ships between crossing or overlapping features

• civici_web_METADATA.json:

Fields	Type	Description	
$civico_num$	string	civic number (without slash)	
$civico_let$	string	slash, if exist	
$civico_alf$	string	numero civico con barra (se presente)	
desvia	string	street description	
strada	string	street code	
cap	int	postal code	
$tipo_num$	string	type of civic: 'principale' or 'secondaria' (language: italy)	
tipo_en	string	type of civic: 'principal' or 'secondary' (language: en-	
		glish)	
ingresso	string	entrance type: 'abitazione', 'cancello' or 'altro' (language:	
		italy)	
$ingr_en$	string	entrance type: 'abitation', 'gate' or 'other' (language: en-	
		glish)	
fumet to	string	complete adress	
url	string	not useful	
sobborgo	string	Cadastral community	

1.2.4 Datasets collection process

In order to download the 257 locations and point of interests datasets from open data Trentino we made a script in python to automate the process: the script "points_of_interests_download.py" ¹⁹ looks in the search page of the website with the tag "luoghi e punti di interesse"; starting from page 1 and going to 8, it looks all the datasets containing "luoghi" and "interesse" in the title, then for every dataset found it download in the dataset page the json, (half of the times) the GEO version of the dataset (which it has more records) and the metadata. After the download process it's been used "points_of_interests_reorganize.py" ²⁰ to move the metadata files in the right folder.

Because of the missing high school data in open data Trentino, we made scraping in comuniecittá.it: the script "comuniecitta_download.py"²¹ it take all the information in the main page (name, address, if it's private or public) and then for every school it take the study path information. Finally the script saves the data in csv format.

 $The information \ has \ been \ exported \ from \ \textbf{OpenStreenMap} \ thanks \ to \ \textbf{Overpass turbo}, \ a \ web \ based \ data \ mining \ tool \ for \ OpenStreetMap.$

1.2.5 Inception level evaluation

Considering the dimension of the group on the work on this project (4 persons), we had maintained a near-constant communication between the knowledge group and the data scientist group. This result that before developing the CQs both the components of the knowledge team have a very good knowledge of the datasets available. This has permitted to model the query based on it, with only a couple of queries out of 43 developed CQs (around 4%) that we had to rewrite to fit the metadata available inside the dataset.

Our main concern is instead in the quality of the data we collected, as an example while the metadata inside the data objects is present for near all the collected data, other possible useful metadata are at end available only for one or two data row.

1.3 Informal Modeling

This section describe the steps of the informal modelling phase of the iTelos methodology. This include a first section that describe the schema of the data (including the ER and variance respect to CQs) and a second section describing the data management and describe in detail the metadata.

1.3.1 Schema level

The schema level in this phase report the first informal definition of the ETypes and of the EER model constructed using them.

¹⁹ https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/points_of_interests_download.py 20 https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/points_of_interests_reorganize.py

 $^{{\}tt 21} {\tt https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/comuniecitta_download.py} \\$

1.3.1.1 ETypes and EER Model definition

This section reports an informal definition of the ETypes involved in the datasets collected in the previous phase. This section includes a list of metadata associated to each of the elements generated.

- We divide the entities inside the ER inside three areas: common core contextual. You can find the final ER in figure 1
- Describe arrow definition
- Describe common elements
- Describe core elements
- Describe contextual elements
- Metadata visibili in eer

We have divided the ETypes in three categories, common that contain all the ETypes shared by the elements inside the core category. The core category contains all the ETypes key to answer to the competency questions describe above. The last category is the contextual ones that contain all the elements that are not strictly necessary to answer the CQs and are related to element into the core category. These ETypes are useful to help the CQs to be more complex and / or complete. In the ER schema we identify the common ETypes in blue, the core ones in green and the contextual in red. You can find the complete ER schema in fig. 1.

The presence of a line with a empty arrow at the end of a line inside the diagram means that the connected entities have a hierarchical dependency and the one with the arrow is the father. We use the empty rhombus form to identify a element where the maximum cardinality is 1, instead a full rhombus is used when the maximum cardinality is n. The connection reference is always stored inside the side without the rhombus. If the filled rhombus is present in both side of the line this mean that the relation have a cardinality n-n.

The central element of the common category is the etype point each point is a real world 3D space coordinate. Then a series of this point contribute to forming a chain. The point chain can be divided in paths (that group all the paths travelled for pleasure or more generally using human locomotion) and in transportation ways (that normally contains all the chain travelled for necessity and with the help of machines). Each point can be the position of an address, while we try to maintain a generic approach to the problems when possible, the address format is specific to each country, considering our context is the Province of Trento, we adopt the Italian format. Each point then can be a point of interest, exist various types of point of interest each one with different attributes, that are necessary to resolve the CQs, for this reason they are inserted inside the core category.

The core category contain all the various derivations of the points of interest. This include as an example the pharmacies, the libraries, the bars, ecc. The fields depend mostly on the type of the point of interest and are better describe in detail in the paragraph 1.3.2.2. A point can also represent the position of a building and we use this information aggregated together to estimate the density of a particular area. The last group of etypes inside the core category are the ones that are identifiable with a line, like for example the bike path. This one are divided into two group the first that inheritance from the path etype and the second that inheritance from the transportation way. The first group include the ski slopes, bike paths and excursion path. Transportation way include the roads and the train lines. Ski resort and excursion paths with the related entities are taken from the tourist facility group. The bus stop, stop time, calendar and calendar dates are taken from the transportation group. The metadata are described inside the ER.

The last category is represented by the contextual etypes. This category include a series of enumerator that describe the various values that the connected field can assume. For a detail description of the values please see the paragraph 1.3.2.2. Considering they are not critical for the resolution of the main problem also the stop times and route tables are inside the contextual category.

1.3.1.2 Variance respect CQs definition

This section aims to define the variance between the schema elements produced in this phase, and the definition of the CQs reported in the previous phase. This a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

During the development of this phase we have revised and integrated some CQs from the last phase. This process was done to add complexity to the proposed Cqs to make the project more complete and interesting for our purpose. Specifically, this enrichment of the questions has happened thanks to two different specific actions:

- More in-depth exploration of the previously recovered datasets allowing us to add to some interested etypes in the QCs made more complex others attributed initially discarded.
- Integration of our project with some parts of two projects developed by our colleagues. In particular, we have created a collaboration and exchange of data in a standardized and fully integrated way with the group "Transportation Tomorrow" and the group "Tourist facilities".

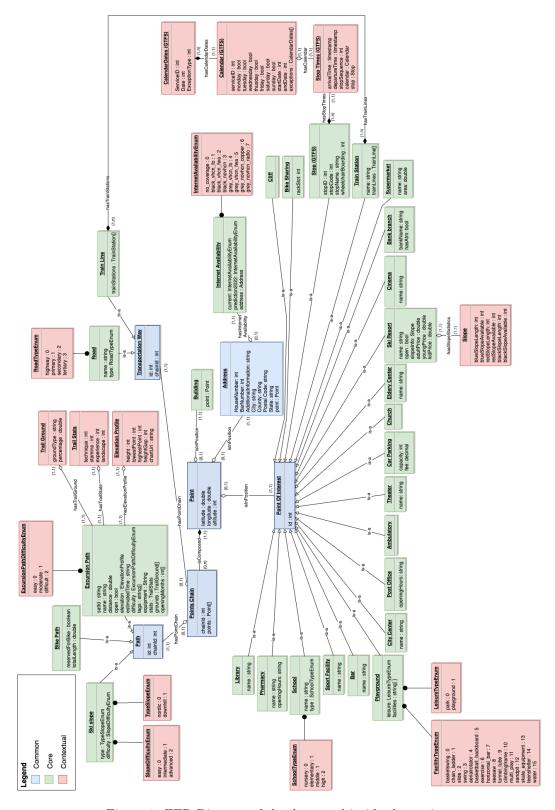


Figure 1: EER Diagram of the data used inside the project

Specifically, thanks to the actions listed above, the Cqs relating to the ski areas, ski slopes, hiking trails to playgrounds, Bank Branch and bus stops have been deepened. Thanks to the deeper exploration of the datasets now in fact the system is designed to answer much more detailed questions about these categories, for example:

- Which games are present in the nearest playground?
- Where is the bank with an available ATM?
- What are the Nordic skiing trails within 35 k?
- Which are the 3 ski areas with the greatest number of kilometers of red slopes?
- What are the excursion paths in a radius of 3 km from the unit with a positive height difference of less than 200m?

1.3.2 Data level

The data level section in this phase reports the evolution of the datasets collected previously, reporting the metadata information for each new data, or new version of data, obtained.

1.3.2.1 Datasets management process

All the datasets have been filtered using a script in python: data_filtering.py²² read a configuration file (data_filtering_config.json²³) to understand for every dataset what fields to keep in the new datasets. We decides which attributes were useful by looking at the output provided by count_json.m²⁴: it shows for each attributes how many objects contain them. Therefore, only attributes which were not sparse in the datasets has been selected. Then, the script read every dataset in the configuration file, it compares the fileds and it select the ones appearing in the configuration file and finally it writes the selected data in a new file in the Informal Modeling folder. The "luoghi e punti di interesse per comune" and "building" datasets, because of the number of files, are directly filtered in the script without using the configuration file. Since there are two types of datasets in "luoghi e punti di interesse per comune" (the GEO version and the "rich" version), the files are been merged with only the filtered attributes. All the files are converted in json and each record is listed in the same way in every file.

Using the same configuration file, the script metadata_filtering.py²⁵ applies the changes of the fields of the data in the metadata. All the metadata of "luoghi e punti di interesse per comune" are been merged in a single file luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune_METADATA.json²⁶.

1.3.2.2 Datasets metadata documentation

These are the new metadata of the filtered data with some enrichment (like source, format or timestamp):

${\bf areaski_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
copyright	The data included in this document is from www.openstreetmap.org. The data is made available under ODbL.		
timestamp	2020-10-19T19:05:03Z		
Attributes			
@id	name that identifies a unique object	string	
name	name of data	string	
type	type of geometry	string	
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	

$luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune_METADATA.json:$

Since this includes 147 datasets and metadatas, here are reported the common properties and fields. The different values are set with *. The full metadata are in the repository ²⁷

 $[\]overline{^{22}} https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/data_filtering.py$

 $^{^{23} \}texttt{https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/data_filtering_config.json}$

²⁴https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/count_json.m

 $^{^{25} \}rm https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/metadata_filtering.py$

²⁶https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/dataset/Informal%20Modeling/metadata/luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune_METADATA.json

²⁷https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/dataset/Informal%20Modeling/metadata/luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune_METADATA.json

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
source	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/ *		
format	json		
Identificativo del dataset	*		
Data di rilascio	*		
Data di modifica	*		
Lingue del dataset	italiano		
Titolare	*		
Frequenza di aggiornamento	in continuo aggiornamento		
Autore	*		
Attributes			
@id	name that identifies a unique object	string	Common
name	name of data	string	Core
type	type of geometry	string	Common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	Common

${\bf bank_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T13:50:02Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	common
name	name of the facility	string	core
atm	indicate the presence of an atm	boolean	core
addr:housenumber	the house number component of the address	string	common
addr:street	the street component of the address	string	common
addr:city	the city component of the address	string	common
addr:postcode	the postcode component of the address	string	common
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

$busstop_METADATA.json:$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
copyright	The data included in this document is from www.openstreetmap.org. The data is made available under ODbL.		
timestamp	2020-10-19T10:54:03Z		
Attributes			
@id	name that identifies a unique object	string	Common
name	name that identifies the name of the bus-stop	string	Core
addr: city	name identifying the name of the city where the bus stop is located	string	Common
addr:postcode	number identifying the postcode of the city where the bus stop is located	int	Common
addr:street	name identifying the name of the street where the bus stop is located	string	Common
type	type of geometry	string	Common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	Common

${\bf cinema_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
copyright	The data included in this document is from		
	www.openstreetmap.org. The data is made available		
	under ODbL.		
timestamp	2020-10-19T15:03:03Z		
Attributes			
name	Identifies the name of the cinema	string	Core
addr:city	Identifies in term of cites the position of the cinema	string	Common
addr:housenumber	Identifies the hosenumber of the cinema	int	Common
addr:postcode	Identifies the postcode of the cites where the cinema is	int	Common
	located		
addr:street	Identifies the street name where the cinema is located	string	Common
type	type of geometry	string	Common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	Common

${\bf city_center_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T10:54:03Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
name	the name of the area	string	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf climb_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T15:21:03Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	Used to univocally identifies the object	string	core
name	Identifies the name of the climb	string	core
addr:housenumber	Indicates the housenumber in the address information	string	common
addr:postcode	Indicates the postcode in the address information	int	common
addr:street	Indicates the postcode in the address information	string	common
opening_hours	Indicates the openning hours of the climb spot	string	core
height	Indicates the height of the cimbing	int	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf park_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		

source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T19:30:02Z		
update_frequency	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	name that identifies a unique object	string	core
leisure	type of facility inside	string	core
name	the name of the facility	string	core
playground	describe the type of playground available	string	contextual
play ground: baskets wing	describe if the facility have a basketswing	boolean	contextual
$playground: chain_ladder$	describe if the facility have a chain ladder	boolean	contextual
playground: slide	describe if the facility have a slide	boolean	contextual
playground:swing	describe if the facility have a swing	boolean	contextual
opening_hours	the opening hours of the park	string	contextual
addr:city	the city component of the address	string	common
addr:housenumber	the house number component of the address	string	common
addr:postcode	the postal code component of the address	string	common
addr:street	the street component of the address	string	common
playground:aerialrotator	describe if the facility have an aerialrotator	boolean	contextual
$play ground: basket ball_back board$	describe if a zone where play basketball is available	boolean	contextual
playground:exercise	describe if an equipment are for the exercise is present	boolean	contextual
$playground:horizontal_bar$	describe if an horizontal bar is present	boolean	contextual
playground:seesaw	describe if an seesaw is present	boolean	contextual
$playground:tunnel_tube$	describe if an tunnel tube is present	boolean	contextual
play ground: climbing frame	describe if a climbing frame is present	boolean	contextual
playground:multi_play	describe if a multiple usage surface is available	boolean	contextual
play ground: sand pit	describe if a sandpit is present	boolean	contextual
play ground: the me	describe the theme of the park	string	contextual
$playground: skate_equipment$	describe if the park is equipment to play with the skate- board	boolean	contextual
play ground: teen shelter	describe if a teen shelter is available	boolean	contextual
playground:water	describe if a water playground is available	boolean	contextual
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf parking_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T09:57:03Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	core
fee	The fee tag is for specifying whether a fee is usually	boolean	core
	charged for a service, or for access.		
capacity	max capacity of the parking lot	int	core
name	name of the location	string	core
addr:city	name of the city	string	common
addr:housenumber	civic code	int	common
addr:postcode	postal code of the location	int	common
addr:street	street address of the location	string	common
$opening_hours$	day and hours of opening	string	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf pharmacy_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T15:28:02Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	core
name	name of the location	string	core
addr:city	city of the location	string	common
addr:housenumber	civic code	int	common
addr:postcode	postcode of the location	int	common
addr:street	street address of the location	string	common
opening_hours	day and hours of opening	string	common
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf post_office_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T15:26:03Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	name that identifies a unique object	string	core
addr:city	city component of the address	string	common
addr: housenumber	the house number component of the address	string	common
addr:postcode	the postal code component of the address	string	common
addr:street	the street component of the address	string	common
name	the name of the facility	string	core
opening_hours	the opening hours of the facility	string	core
addr:province	the province component of the address	string	common
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf railway_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T18:07:02Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	core
name	name of te location	string	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf roads_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-20T07:44:03Z		
update_frequency	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	core
highway	type of road (trunk,primary, secondary, tertiary)	string	contextual
name	name of the road	string	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf skislopes_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T19:07:02Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	core
name	name of the ski slopes	string	core
piste:type	type of the skiing available (nordic, downhill)	string	core
piste: difficulty	difficulty level of the skislope (easy, intermediate, ad-	string	core
	vanced)		
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf supermarket_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T13:28:02Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	core
name	name of the supermarket	string	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

$trails_METADATA.json:$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		

copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T20:02:05Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification number	string	core
name	name of the path	string	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

$building_METADATA.json:$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
type	FeatureCollection		
generator	overpass-ide		
source	www.openstreetmap.org		
copyright	ODbL		
timestamp	2020-10-19T13:50:02Z		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
@id	identification code	string	core
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

${\bf civici_web_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
Dataset ID	4f474fc8-181d-4b15-9ee4-60b3f54f4068		
Source	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/comune-di-trento-		
	numeri-civici		
Release date	22-02-2013		
Modification date	08-05-2019		
Geographical Coverage	comune di Trento		
Temporal extension	'From': '22-02-2013'		
Holder	'Name': 'Comune di Trento', 'Code IPA/IVA': 'c_l378'		
Update frequency	daily		
Format	json		
Attributes			
civico_num	civic number (without slash)	string	common
desvia	street description	string	common
fumetto	complete adress	string	common
sobborgo	Cadastral community	string	common
type	type of geometry	string	common
coordinates	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

$piste_ciclabili_METADATA.json:$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
Dataset ID	c_l378-1129110		
Holder	'Nome': 'Comune di Trento', 'Code IPA/IVA': 'c_l378'		
Release date	09-11-2017		
Modification date	08-05-2019		
Geographical Coverage	Comune di Trento		
Source	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/piste-ciclabili-open-data		
GeoNames URI	http://www.geonames.org/6541469		
Dataset language	italiano		
Update frequency	continuous updating		

Format	json		
Attributes			
WKT	coordinates of the paths	list int	common
tipo	name of the typology of path (not useful)	string	
fumet to	name of the path	string	common
descrizione	name of the path (equivalent to 'fumetto')	string	common
tipologia	path dedicated only to cycle or also pedestrian	string	core
tratto isolato ciclabile	meters without path dedicated to cycle	int	core
tratto isolato ciclopedonale	meters without path dedicated to cycle or pedestrian	int	core

${\bf elementari_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
Dataset ID	9368a92a-dbe9-4a43-9fc0-66a5f4695e16		
Release date	28-04-2020		
Modification date	31-03-2016		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
Source	https://dati.trentino.it/		
GeoNames URI	http://www.geonames.org/3165243		
Holder	'Nome': 'Provincia autonoma di Trento', 'Code		
	IPA/IVA': 'p_TN'		
Update frequency	unknown		
Format	json		
Attributes			
WKT	Coordinates in Well-Known Text format	string	Common
civico_alf	civic number	string	Common
destra	street adress	string	Common
sobborgo	suburb of the school	string	Common
scuola	name of the school	string	Core

${\bf materne_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
Dataset ID	3dd956d1-a376-4e9a-8182-d839de4163dd		
Release date	28-04-2020		
Modification date	31-03-2016		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
Source	https://dati.trentino.it/		
GeoNames URI	http://www.geonames.org/3165243		
Holder	'Nome': 'Provincia autonoma di Trento', 'Code		
	IPA/IVA': 'p_TN'		
Update frequency	unknown		
Format	json		
Attributes			
WKT	Coordinates in Well-Known Text format	string	Common
civico_alf	civic number	string	Common
destra	street adress	string	Common
sobborgo	suburb of the school	string	Common
scuola	name of the school	string	Core

${\bf medie_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	\mathbf{Type}	Data Definition
Dataset ID	ade37eb8-13af-4584-a965-6765e26f1870		
Release date	28-04-2020		
Modification date	31-03-2016		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
URI di GeoNames	http://www.geonames.org/3165243		
Holder	'Nome': 'Provincia autonoma di Trento', 'Code		
	IPA/IVA': 'p_TN'		

Update frequency	unknown		
Format	json		
Attributes			
WKT	Coordinates in Well-Known Text format	string	Common
civico_alf	civic number	string	Common
destra	street adress	string	Common
sobborgo	suburb of the school	string	Common
scuola	name of the school	string	Core

${\bf superiori_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
Release date	19-09-2020		
source	https://www.comuniecitta.it/scuole-secondarie-di-		
	secondo-grado/comune-di-trento-22205		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
Update frequency	unknown		
Format	json		
Attributes			
name	name of the school	string	Core
address	address of the school	string	Common
school type	type of school (public or private)	string	Core
study paths	the study paths offerted from the school (comma sepa-	string	Core
	rated)		

$internet_quality_trento_METADATA.json:$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
source	www.infratelitalia.it		
timestamp	2020-09-09		
$update_frequency$	no update		
Geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
comune	town	string	Common
via	street address	string	Common
civico	civic code	int	Common
barrato	sub-civic code	char	Common
class_19	2019 internet coverage	string	Core
class_22	2022 internet coverage estimation	string	Core

${\bf bike sharing_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
source	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/stazioni-bike-sharing-		
	emotion-trentino		
format	json		
timestamp	2020-10-18		
Dataset ID	p_TN:9b9c14d6-ee20-4802-a274-4c17ac96cdd5		
Temi del dataset	'Trasporti': ['4816 trasporti terrestri', '4806 politica dei		
	trasporti'], 'Energia': ['6626 energia dolce', '6606 politica		
	energetica']		
Dataset publisher	'Nome': 'Servizio Trasporti pubblici', 'Codice IPA/IVA':		
	'0OK0PZ'		
Release date	18-11-2014		
Modification date	03-07-2017		
Geographical Coverage	Comune di Trento		
GeoNames URI	http://www.geonames.org/3165241		
Dataset language	italiano		

Holder	'Nome': 'Provincia Autonoma di Trento', 'Codice		
	IPA/IVA': 'p_TN'		
Upload frequency	continuous		
Attributes			
name	name of the bike station	string	Core
address	geographical address of the bike station	string	Common
id	identifier	string	Core
total Slots	total number of slot bikes	int	Core
position	coordinates of the station	int[2]	Common

${\bf stops_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
Dataset Identifier	p_TN: d3c9f167-3271-4a43-b5c1-e0879aa5ad3f		
Dataset Publisher	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT Code':		
	'0OK0PZ'		
Date of modification	2017-10-24		
Geographic coverage	Trento		
URI of GeoNames	https://www.geonames.org/3165241		
Languages of the dataset	Italian		
Holder	Autonomous Province of Trento		
Refresh Rate	Half yearly		
Author	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT':		
	'0OK0PZ'		
Url	https://www.trentinotrasporti.it/opendata/google_transit_	urbano_tte	.zip
License	Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY		
	4.0)		
License_Type	https://w3id.org/italia/controlled-		
	vocabulary/licences/A21_CCBY40		
Format	txt		
Attributes			
$stop_id$	identification code of the bus stop	int	Core
$stop_code$		string	Core
$stop_name$	name of the bus stop	string	Core
$stop_desc$		string	Contextual
$stop_lat$	latitude coordinate of the stop	double	Common
stop_lon	longitude coordinate of the stop	double	Common
zone_id	identification code of the zone	int	Contextual
$wheelchair_boarding$	number of wheelchair boarding	int	Core

${\bf stop_times_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
Dataset Identifier	p_TN: d3c9f167-3271-4a43-b5c1-e0879aa5ad3f		
Dataset Publisher	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT Code': '0OK0PZ'		
Date of modification	2017-10-24		
Geographic coverage	Trento		
URI of GeoNames	https://www.geonames.org/3165241		
Languages of the dataset	Italian		
Holder	Autonomous Province of Trento		
Refresh Rate	Half yearly		
Author	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT': '0OK0PZ'		
Url	https://www.trentinotrasporti.it/opendata/google_transit_	urbano_tt	e.zip
License	Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)		
License_Type	https://w3id.org/italia/controlled-vocabulary/licences/A21_CCBY40		
Format	txt		
Attributes			

trip_id	identification code of the trip line int		Contextual
$arrival_time$	arrival time of the bus in that stop str		Contextual
$departure_time$	departure time of the bus in that stop string Co.		Contextual
$stop_id$	identification code of the bus stop		Core
stop_sequence		int	Core

${\bf trails_METADATA.json:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
lastModified	2020-07-02T08:14:00.000Z		
source	www.outdooractive.com		
update_frequency	no update		
geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
sat_Id	trail id in the SAT registry	string	core
trainType	specifies whether the trail is a hiking, biking or snowshoe trail	string	core
name	name of the trail	string	core
distance	length of the trail	double	core
open	whether the trail is currently open	boolean	core
elevation	contains other 5 attributes (lowestPoint, highestPoint,	elevationProfile	contextual
	ascent, descent, chartUrl)		
estimated Time	contains other 4 attributes (days, hours, minutes, seconds)	duration	core
startRoute	contains other 2 attributes (altitude, description)	locationPoint	core
endRoute	contains other 2 attributes (altitude, description)	locationPoint	core
route	contains other 2 attributes (description, geoPoints)	route	core
difficulty	description of the trail difficulty	string	contextual
tags	array of tags	array	core
equipment	equipments needed for the trail	String	core
stats	contains other 4 attributes (technique, stamina, experience, landscape)	TrailStats	contextual
grounds	contains other 2 attributes (groundType, percentage)	array	contextual
monthTips	contains other 2 attributes (month, open)	array	core
metadata	contains other 4 attributes (created, lastModified, source, resource)	MetaData	core

${\bf skiResorts_currentState_METADATA:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
lastModified	2020-10-24		
source	https://www.skiresort.info/ski-resorts/trentino/		
$update_frequency$	unknown		
geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
name	contains the name of the ski resort	string	core
open/closed	has the information if the resort is open or noty	string	contextual

${\bf skiResorts_static_METADATA:}$

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
lastModified	2020-10-24		
source	https://www.skiresort.info/ski-resorts/trentino/		
update_frequency	unknown		
geographical Coverage	Provincia di Trento		
format	json		
Attributes			
name	contains the name of the ski resort	string	core
Total lenght	total number of kilimeters available in the resort	double	contextual

km blue slope	number of kilometers of blue slopes in the resort double contextual		contextual
km red slope	red slope number of kilometers of red slopes in the resort double co		contextual
km black slope	number of kilometers of black slopes in the resort double contextual		contextual
price	Price per person	string	contextual

1.3.2.3 Variance respect Inception datasets

This section aims to define the variance between the data elements (datasets and attributes within them) produced in this phase, and the initial datasets collected in the previous phase. This is a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

Datasets have been filter in order to reduce sparse attributes: in fact, datasets downloaded from Openstreetmap are often messy and many attributes exist only for few objects. Thus, the filtering has been applied manly to Openstreetmap. Also, other information has been taken off in order to remove useless attributes.

A great difference can be also found in park dataset, since it initially included dog parks. It has been chosen to take it off.

Finally, area-ski and bus stop datasets have been integrated with dataset of other groups of work ("Transportation Tomorrow" and "Turist facilities"). Datasets involved in this collaboration and exchange of data are transportation, ski area and hike path. Particularly, the data provided by transportation group has been integrated with our dataset, which was previously filtered. Actually, datasets that provide information about bus stops are tree: stops.json, stop.time.json and busstop.json. On the other hand, ski area and trails datasets have been replaced by the ones provided by turist facilities group.

The following table shows the difference between dataset in the Scope Definition Inception phase and Informal modeling one.

areaski	17	5
bank	71	9
bikesharing	7	5
building	162	3
busstop	43	7
stop time	/	5
stops	/	8
cinema	23	7
city center	28	3
civici web	14	5
climb	73	9
internet quality	15	15
luoghi e punti d'interesse	21	5
school: nursery	12	5
school: elementary	12	5
school: middle	12	5
school: high	4	4
park	82	28
parking	116	11
pharmacy	51	9
piste ciclabili	8	8
post office	49	10
railway	50	4
roads	153	5
skislopes	69	6
supermarket	66	4
trails	193	29

1.3.3 Informal Modeling Evaluation

The last section of the Informal Modeling phase report the evaluation of the outcomes obtained in this phase, through specif evaluation metrics.