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Geospatial Knowledge Graph

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1 Knowledge Graph Development Process

This part of the document aims to describe the development process of the knowledge graph. For the development of the knowledge graph, we decided to use iTelos methodology because it will guide us step by step during the development process. At the start we describe the context and the problem we need to solve and the personas that can benefit from our knowledge graph. In the inception phase we describe the Competence Query and a initial list and description of the datasets used.

1.1 Scope Definition

In this section we describe the context of the knowledge graph and some stereotypes of person that represent some potential user of our knowledge graph.

1.1.1 Problem context definition

With GeoSpatial data we intend all the data that are explicit or implicit connect to a location. And without thinking about it a lot of our everyday life are connected to location information, at example where has my wife gone or when we want to try a new restaurant. The public administration is one of the entities that mostly used geospatial data, a business estimate that 90% of the PA data are bound with a location. ¹

While the Geospatial field is very large, we decide to focus on the real estate market. In Italy, based on the report from the Italian Tax Bureau, in 2019 603'541 residential real estate units were sold and bought ^{2 3}. Combined they are equal to the surface of the city of Bolzano. The real estate trading sector is valued 97.5 billions of euros per year. These numbers do not consider the market of the rents. In 2019 the new rents agreements touch the staggering amount of 1 million and 7 hundred units. In 2019 the 10% of residential rental units in Italy was rented, generating a market of around 10 billion per year. ⁴

In Italy, the biggest part of residential real estate units rented and traded are owned by physical persons. The Italian real estate market status is very different from other nations in Europe, where rented and traded residential buildings are mostly owned by enterprises. In particular, these include banks or investment funds, normally behind the shields of ad-hoc front company. This difference has taken in Italy to the proliferation of the real estate agents. To make a comparison in Italy there are 43'698 real estate agents for 59 million people, while in Germany where most of the building is rent or buy from businesses the agents are 23'780 for a population of 80 million ⁵. Searching between a large number of real estate operators can represent a considerable expenditure of energy for who want to rent or buy a unit. For resolve this problem various intermediation portal was born. In these portals, the real estate agents (or also the owner directly) list the house. These portals are mainly own and operate from national companies if compared to other sectors like search engines where near all the companies are foreign.

Listings on this portals normally describe very well the features of the real estate unit, but they normally failed to describe the connected services. Connected services include, for example, the internet connectivity available, the quality of schools in the nearby of the real estate unit or the presence of parking where leave the car. These data are sometimes sparse and difficult to retrieve, as a consequence the real estate agents sometimes do not know or have

¹<https://philly.curbed.com/2017/11/7/16617296/philadelphia-properties-land-vacant-lot-atlas-map-tool>

²https://www.agenziaentrate.gov.it/portale/documents/20143/262485/StatisticheOMI_RES1202020200605.pdf/3af07746-906c-45af-5853-da521605de03

³The given data do not include the Italian territories that use the Grundbuch (at the moment they are the provinces of Trento and Bolzano)

⁴<https://www.idealista.it/news/immobiliare/residenziale/2020/05/07/140165-affitti-italia-focus-su-trend-del-mercato-proprietari-e-riduzione-del-canone-di>

⁵<https://www.liberopensieroimmobiliare.com/evoluzione-di-un-agente-immobiliare-italiano-dati-e-considerazioni/>

little knowledge about these connected services. Sometimes agents know the information but avoid to give them to the customer because they can lower the value of the property. These considerations can in some case represent the decisive factor for the choosing of a unit over another.

Our idea for the project is to build a knowledge graph that can help the people in search of to buy or rent a real estate unit to easily consult the list and quality of these connected services. While the knowledge graph can be useful in near every location in the world (excluding Antarctica), we decide to focus to the province of Trento in Italy, in the first phase, for the amounts of publicly available datasets. For some type of data we decide to focus only on the city of Trento, because they are not available at the province level. Our user for the project is the people that want to rent or buy a real estate unit. Because collecting the money from multiple clients can be difficult, we target the intermediation portals as a potential customer for our knowledge base. The intermediation portals can use our knowledge base to help the customers compare the various listings available on the portal, potentially taking to AI-based tools that suggest the best unit for the customer needs.

As a future development the knowledge base can be extended to be used by the other figures in the buy or rent of a real estate unit.

1.1.2 Personas

In this subsection is presented the scenario of competence of the project and in particular the different types of Personas that could be the actors of this scenario. All the 4 different types of user presented are characterized by the need to look for an apartment or house to buy or rent in the geographical area of competence of the project having, however, different attitudes and consequently different needs.

Giuseppe is 24 years old, he is a student of industrial engineering at the University of Trento in Povo. Despite attending university in Povo, it would be very important for Giuseppe to find accommodation in the city in order to be close to the essential services and university social life, without neglecting the need to move with public transport every day to reach the university outside the city. Giuseppe is not able to have a constant source of income and his accommodation expenses are borne entirely by his family, for this reason he is looking for a very economical situation and like most of his fellow students he is easily satisfied with a place in a room shared by other students and since he does not have a private transport he is not looking for an apartment with a private or public parking nearby. In choosing the apartment to share his priorities are guided by his university life and his hobbies. He would prefer to find accommodation in a home away from elementary schools and kindergartens and possibly away from the railway to have a quiet place to study. To be effective in the studio Giuseppe would need the house to be equipped with a broadband internet connection allowing him to increase his productivity in studying together with quick access to the many online multimedia content he watches in his spare time. Giuseppe also has a passion for fitness and is used to training 3 times a week. For this reason he would like to live near a gym.

Paola and Mario, respectively 43 and 45 years old, are the parents of Luigi and Angela twins of 8 years old and need to find a new housing near the city to get closer to the workplace. Paola is a lawyer in a firm based in the city center and prefers to move with his private vehicle having a covered parking near work, even his spouse Mario, a computer consultant, is used to go to work by car even if during the summer months would be inclined to take advantage of bike-sharing services offered in the city due to its strong sporting nature. For this reason the couple is looking for accommodation with a large garage but at the same time not too far from the bike-sharing services possibly. The couple's children are lively twins and for this reason Paola would like to find a house with a private garden and possibly in a quiet and safe area near the essential services for children (playground, elementary and middle school). Economically, the family is wealthy and prefers to spend an important amount of money for their

new home as long as it meets their safety, size and proximity of services for children. Mario would also like the house to be located in a geographically interesting location for evening excursions, in fact he is a fan of running and trekking and after work would have the pleasure of leaving home a couple of hours to keep trained and run in a natural and unpolluted environment.

Giovanna is 35 years old and works remotely for a large software house in Milan. Giovanna, having the possibility to stay at home and work, is used to change house periodically and would like to find an apartment in the surroundings of Trento, which is a very dear place for her family origins. The accommodation she is looking for is an apartment to rent where she can work remotely and invite many guests. Giovanna loves to meet people and have many social interactions, she thinks that social scmbas enrich her person. For these reasons Giovanna is looking for an apartment in an area full of people and with many possibilities to create communities and social exchanges of the city and has no needs for private or public parking as she is a lover of a green lifestyle and would prefer to have the essential services within walking or cycling. For this reason she is looking for a home that is well equipped with essential services such as supermarkets and pharmacies but would also like, given her innate passion for art and culture, that places of culture such as libraries, cinemas and theaters were easily accessible from her home. Given her working position, it is essential for Giovanna that her home be equipped with good network coverage and Internet connection. Last but not least, Giovanna loves outdoor sports and in particular she has been practicing climbing for a few years. For this reason a useful information when buying the house would be to have an overview of the rock cliffs from the nearest to the most distant in Trentino Alto Adige.

Luciana and Corrado are a loving elderly couple, she seventy-three years old and he seventy-five years old, retired. The couple are looking for a setting for their winter and summer vacations in Trentino-Alto Adige. The house they are looking for is not a classic vacation home, but a place where they can feel at home even when they go on vacation as they plan to spend almost a third of the year in this residence. The couple, being very well off, are looking for a spacious and comfortable house in a quiet neighborhood and as panoramic as possible because, although they have their own means of transport in Trentino, they want to relax and enjoy the peace of a small town. In the search for a house some features are very important to them. In addition to a house in a quiet area and with a private or public parking nearby they would like to find an accommodation well equipped with essential services and with some ad hoc services to make them feel at home. For Luciana and Corrado, given their strong faith, it is in fact important that the house is close to a church so that they can participate in Christian community life. In addition, they would like to have a few old people's homes nearby to spend a few days in company and participate in the activities organized by these centers. Luciana and Corrado have been passionate about winter sports since their youth and this was one of the reasons why I want to look for a house in Trentino-Alto Adige. In particular, in order to choose a house, they are interested in knowing where they are and what ski facilities are available within a few dozen kilometers from their future vacation home.

In the following a table that summarize the personas is presented.

Persona	Description	Usage
<i>Giuseppe</i>	24 y.o. engineering student that loves university social life and going to the gym but he hasn't a private car.	Giuseppe is looking for a student room in a quiet environment in the city (away from the railway and main roads) where he can study, with a fast internet connection and with the following facilities nearby: essential services (supermarket, bank, pharmacy); the bus stop 5/; a gym; library and nightclubs

<i>Paola and Mario</i>	Paola and Mario, respectively 43 and 45 years old, are the parents of Luigi and Angela twins of 8 years old.	Paola and Mario are, together with their children, looking for a house in the city in an uncrowded place. When choosing a house, the couple carefully assess whether the services nearby meet their needs as parents and their hobbies. In particular, they would like to have them nearby: playground, elementary and middle schools, public parking and bike-sharing service to facilitate their mobility, routes and excursions to do after work
<i>Giovanna</i>	Giovanna is 35 years old and works remotely for a large software house in Milan. She loves culture.	Giovanna works from home, that's why she doesn't need a car and prefers to reach interesting places for her on foot or by bicycle. Besides having a good Internet connection and being located in an area of the city where there is a chance to meet many people. She loves social and cultural exchanges. She would like to look for a house close to essential services (supermarkets, drugs, banks) and close to the places she prefers to attend in her free time: cinemas, theaters and theaters. To keep fit Giovanna practises climbing and it would therefore be very useful for her to know which cliffs are available in Trentino in order to plan her weekend adventures.
<i>Luciana and Corrado</i>	Luciana and Corrado are a loving elderly couple, she seventy-three years old and he seventy-five years old, retired. They search for a vacation home.	Luciana and Corrado are looking for a vacation home that is in an uncrowded place. They would like the house to be close to a parking lot, churches and old people's centers. In addition, the couple has a passion for skiing and would like to know which skiing areas are near their home. In addition, given their age, the couple would like to live in a well-served area of emergency health services.

1.2 Inception

This section first describe the Competency Queries in a informal format, then the datasets collected and the relative metadata will be described.

1.2.1 CQs definition

In this section we try to think what our example users can ask to the knowledge graph. Based on the datasets selected, we formalized a complete list of competency queries. This queries describe the need of the people as write in the storytelling.

Person	Number	Question	Action
Giuseppe	1.1	Where is the closest library ?	The system given the unit position, returns the position of the nearest library
Giuseppe	1.2	How many library are there within a 5km radius ?	The system given the unit position, returns the number of library within the 5 km
Giuseppe	1.3	What are the nearest supermarket in the area ? What size is it ?	The system given the unit position, returns the distance of the nearest supermarket and it's size

Giuseppe	1.4	What kind of internet connection is available in the apartment?	The system given the unit position, returns the level of available internet connection
Giuseppe	1.5	Is there a pharmacy within a radius of 1Km?	The system given the unit position, returns the presence or absence of a pharmacy within a radius of 1Km
Giuseppe	1.6	Is the house in a quiet enough place ?	The system given the unit position, returns the major roads and railways closest to the house indicating the distance from the house.
Giuseppe	1.7	How far is it to the nearest bus stop where bus number 5 runs?	The system, given the location of the unit, returns the distance to the nearest bus stop where bus number 5 goes by. For this bus stop and line the system returns also the timetable.
Giuseppe	1.8	Where is the closest gym?	The system given the unit position, returns the position of the nearest gym
Giuseppe	1.9	What bank branches with an ATM are available in the nearby?	The system given the unit position, returns the distance of the nearest branch for each bank
Giuseppe	1.10	Where is the nearest bar ?	The system given the unit position, returns the position of the nearest bar
Giuseppe	1.11	How far is the train station ?	The system given the unit position, returns the distance of the train station
Giuseppe	1.12	Is there a bus station nearby where in the morning the line 5 passes ?	The system given the unit position, returns the position of the nearest bus stop where in the morning the line 5 passes and for this bus stop and line returns also the timetable
Paola and Mario	2.1	Is the apartment in a quiet place?	The system given the unit position, returns the major roads and railways closest to the house indicating the distance from the house.
Paola and Mario	2.2	Where is the closest elementary school to the house?	The system given the unit position, returns the position of the nearest elementary school
Paola and Mario	2.3	How far is the nearest middle school?	The system given the unit position, returns the distance of the nearest middle school
Paola and Mario	2.4	How many playgrounds are there within 2 km from the house?	The system, given the location of the unit, returns the number of playing fields within 2 km and for each playground it lists the present games
Paola and Mario	2.5	Is the house in a crowded area?	The system given the unit position, counts the number of house in 3 km
Paola and Mario	2.6	Is there a bike-sharing service nearby?	The system given the unit position, returns the presence or absence of a bike-sharing service within a radius of 1Km and returns also the number of available bike in those racks
Paola and Mario	2.7	What are the bike paths within 1 km?	The system given the unit position, returns the bike paths within 1km
Paola and Mario	2.8	How many excursion or bike paths are there in the vicinity of the house (maximum 3 km)?	The system given the unit position, returns the number of different excursion and bike paths within 3 km.
Paola and Mario	2.9	What are the excursion paths within a radius of 3 km with a estimated duration of less that two hours?	The system given the unit position, select all the paths with a estimated duration of less that 2 hours and returns from this list the ones within 3km
Paola and Mario	2.10	Where is the closest parking lot to the house with a hourly fee of less than a 1.00 €?	The system given the unit position, check for all the parking with a fee less than 1.00 €, then return the nearest parking lot.
Paola and Mario	2.11	How far is the center of the city?	The system given the unit position, returns the distance of the city center.
Paola and Mario	2.12	Where is the closest middle school to the house?	The system given the unit position, returns the position of the nearest middle school
Paola and Mario	2.13	Which high schools are within a radius of 2 km ?	The system given the unit position, returns the the name of the high schools within a radius of two kilometers
Paola and Mario	2.9	What are the excursion paths in a radius of 3 km from the unit with a positive height difference of less than 200m ?	The system given the unit position, select all the paths with a height difference of less that 200m and returns from this list the ones within 3km

Giovanna	3.1	Know what type of Internet is available in the apartment	The system given the unit address, return the level of available internet connection
Giovanna	3.2	I want to live in place full of people to develop social exchanges. How many people live near the house ?	The system given the unit position, returns the number of people within 1 km.
Giovanna	3.3	What banks have a branch in the neighbourhood?	The system given the unit position and address, search the nearest bank branches, maximum one for each bank
Giovanna	3.4	What are the post offices and their timetables within a radius of 3 km ?	The system given the unit position, search for all the post offices within 3 km and their opening hours
Giovanna	3.5	Where is the nearest ambulatory?	The system given the unit position and address, returns the position of the nearest ambulatory
Giovanna	3.6	Which are the supermarkets within a radius of 2 km ? How big they are?	The system given the unit position, search the supermarkets within the 2km and returns a list of supermarket and for each one the area and the name
Giovanna	3.7	How far is the nearest pharmacy?	The system given the unit position, returns the distance of the nearest pharmacies
Giovanna	3.8	Which libraries are the closest?	The system given the unit position, returns the library within 1 km
Giovanna	3.9	Where is the nearest cinema?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest cinemas
Giovanna	3.10	Where is the nearest theaters?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest theaters
Giovanna	3.11	What are the cliffs within a radius of 20 km ?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest cliffs and return the position of the cliffs within of 20 km
Luciana and Corrado	4.1	I want to live in a quiet place. Where is the nearest railway line ?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest piece of rail and return the distance between the unit and it
Luciana and Corrado	4.2	I want to live in a quiet place. Where are the nearest main roads ?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest pieces of major road and return the distance between the unit and it
Luciana and Corrado	4.3	i want live in a small neighborhood	The system given the unit position, count the number of house in 5 km
Luciana and Corrado	4.4	How far is the nearest public parkings?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest parkings with no fee or fee equal to zero and return the distance between the unit and the parking. It also return the capacity of the parking.
Luciana and Corrado	4.5	Where is the closest church?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest church and return the position of the church
Luciana and Corrado	4.6	Ho far is the nearest center for elderly?	The system given the unit position, search for the center for elderly and return the distance between the unit and the center for elderly
Luciana and Corrado	4.7	Which ski areas are available within a radius of 35 km ?	The system given the unit position, search for ski area within 35 km and return the position and the distance between the unit and the ski area. For each ski area in order to provide more information the system returns also the website of the ski area. Moreover the system returns also the price of a daily. ticket
Luciana and Corrado	4.8	Which are the hospitals in Trentino ?	The system returns all the hospitals in Trentino and for each of them return the name, the position and the distance to the unit position.
Luciana and Corrado	4.9	Are there ambulatory clinics within 3km from the house ?	The system given the unit position, check if there are some ambulatory clinics within 3km. If there are any ambulatory clinics return the name and position for each of them.

Luciana and Corrado	4.10	How far is the nearest hospital ?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest hospital and return the distance between the hospital and the unit position.
Luciana and Corrado	4.11	Which are the 3 ski areas with the greatest number of kilometers of red slopes ? For each of these ski areas I would need to know the location, the website to know more about the location and the distance from the house.	The system given the unit position, search for the 3 ski areas with the highest number of black ski slopes and return a list with the name of the area, the location, the website and the distance from the location.
Luciana and Corrado	4.12	What kind of slopes are there in the ski area closest to the house ?	The system given the unit position, search for the nearest skiarea and return the and for that returns the various types of difficulty of slopes present and their respective kilometers.
Luciana and Corrado	4.13	What are the nordic skiing trails within 35 km ?	The system given the unit position, returns a list with all the nordic skiing trails within 35 km. For each of them returns also the difficulty.

Each query consult one or more type of data. The types of data needed to resolve the query and the connection between each type and the query that use it are given in the following table:

Types:	Properties:	Notes:	CQ using the type:
<i>Library</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		1:1,2 3:9
<i>Pharmacy</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Opening hours [string]		1:5 3:8
<i>School</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Type [enum]		2:2,12,13
<i>Sports Facility</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		1:8
<i>Bar</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		1:10
<i>Building</i>	Position [coordinate]		2:5 4:3
<i>Park</i>	Position [coordinate], types of games [list of string]		2:4
<i>Bike path</i>	Initial Point [coordinate], End point [coordinate]	It combine dataset of province of Trento with that of the city of Trento	2:7,8
<i>Excursion path</i>	Initial Point [coordinate], End Point [coordinate], Height difference in m [int], Estimated duration [duration], Length in m [int]		2:8,9
<i>City Center</i>	Position [coordinate], name [string]		2:11
<i>Major Road</i>	Name [string], Initial Point [coordinate], End Point [coordinate], Type [enum]		1:6 2:3 3:3 4:2
<i>Post Office</i>	Position [coordinate], Opening hours [string]		3:5
<i>Ambulatory</i>	Position [coordinate]		3:6
<i>Theater</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		3:11
<i>Church</i>	Position [coordinate]		4:5
<i>Elderly center</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		4:6
<i>Ski area</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Total lenght [float], Km Blue slopes [float], Km Red slopes [float], Km Black slopes [float], Price [decimal]		4:7,11,12
<i>Cinema</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string]		3:10
<i>Bank Branch</i>	Position [coordinate], Name of the bank [string], ATM [bool]		1:9 3:4
<i>Internet</i>	Address [composed field], Level.at.2019 [enum]		1:4 3:1
<i>Supermarket</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Area [double]		1:3 3:7
<i>Train line</i>	Initial Point [coordinate], End Point [coordinate]		1:6 2:1 3:2 4:1
<i>Train Station</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Tratta [Train line]		1:11
<i>Bus Stop</i>	Position [coordinate], Name [string], Lines [list of string]	Lines are the bus lines that go through this stop	1:7,12
<i>Bike-sharing</i>	Position [coordinate], rack slots [int]		2:6
<i>Cliff</i>	Position [coordinate]		3:12
<i>Car parking</i>	Position [coordinate], capacity [int], fee [decimal]		2:10 4:4
<i>Ski slopes</i>	Pointchains [coordinate], name [string], type [string], difficulty [string]		4:13
<i>Stop Times (GTFS)</i>	arrivalTime [timestamp], departureTime [timestamp], stopSequence [int], calendar [Calendar GTFS]		2:7,12

1.2.2 Initial Datasets description

The first source of datasets considered, *OPENdata Trentino*⁶, is a big web portal with a lot of different public data of the province of Trento. From there we took these datasets:

- 257 datasets (for 149 municipalities) of the **locations and points of interest**⁷: for every town in the province of Trento is provided a list in json of the relevant public locations like schools, parks, libraries, parking lots etc. with some additional information attached (name, coordinates, address, descriptions, photos, telephone number) and a GEO version (not present in all towns) with a lot more locations but with less information (only name, coordinates, address). Because of the high number of datasets to download, it has been written a script in python to automate the operation, and another to manage the files.
- 7 datasets of **Bikesharing stations**⁸: the list in json of all the bikesharing stations in 7 towns of Trentino provided by the public transport service containing the name, position, address and the number of bike slots for every station.
- 3 datasets with **nursery**,⁹ **elementary**¹⁰ and **middle school**¹¹ information: the list of Trento's school with name, position, address, number of subscribers, number of staff for every school.
- piste_ciclabili.csv for the **bike trails**¹² in Trento with the position, type, address and the length of the paths.
- civici_web.json for **civic numbers**¹³ of buildings in the Municipality of Trento.

However the **high school** data is not present in the openData Trentino website, and to complete the missed data we did scraping in *comunicità.it*¹⁴ containing less but still relevant informations (private or public school information, study paths) and saving the content in csv format.

The second big source of datasets used to get a large amount of geo-spatial informations is *OpenStreetMap*¹⁵, the biggest free license world map collaborative project. All the data were extracted using *Overpass Turbo*¹⁶: a tool to make query for specific data extraction from OpenStreetMap. The datasets extracted (all exported in geojson):

- **areaski.geojson**: all the areas where is possible to make ski activities in Trentino.
- **bank.geojson**: all the banks located in Trentino.
- **building.geojson**: the buildings polygons divided in municipality
- **busstops.geojson**: all the bus stops with coordinates, the operator and (sometimes) the bus line.
- **cinema.geojson**: the list of the Trentino's cinema with coordinates and some relevant information where present (3D available, contact informations, number of rooms and other)
- **citycenter.geojson**: provide informations about cities or villages boundary in Trentino and where each city centre is located.
- **climb.geojson**: the cliffs in Trentino where is possible to do climbing activities.
- **parking.geojson**: car parks with the capacity.
- **park.geojson**: all different types of public parks (also dog parks).
- **pharmacy.geojson**: list pf pharmacies with position and (where present) the timetables.
- **post_office.geojson**: post offices with position and (where present) the timetables
- **railway.geojson**: train stations and railways of Trentino.
- **roads.geojson**: all the roads of Trentino.
- **skislopes.geojson**: the ski slopes location in the Trentino.

⁶dati.trentino.it

⁷dati.trentino.it/dataset?tags=luoghi+e+punti+di+interesse

⁸dati.trentino.it/dataset/stazioni-bike-sharing-emotion-trentino

⁹dati.trentino.it/dataset/scuole-dinfanzia

¹⁰dati.trentino.it/dataset/scuole-elementari

¹¹dati.trentino.it/dataset/scuole-media-inferiori

¹²dati.trentino.it/dataset/piste-ciclabili-open-data

¹³dati.trentino.it/dataset/comune-di-trento-numeri-civici

¹⁴www.comunicitta.it/scuole-secondarie-di-secondo-grado/comune-di-trento-22205

¹⁵www.openstreetmap.org

¹⁶overpass-turbo.eu

- **supermarket.geojson**: supermarkets of Trentino.
- **trails.geojson**: list of path (open to all non-motorized vehicles) or trails of Trentino

In order to satisfy the request of a good internet connection of some personas, we took a dataset from *Infratel Italia s.p.a.*¹⁷ with all the information about the availability and the **quality of internet**¹⁸ per home in Trentino.

1.2.3 Datasets metadata documentation

Here the metadata documentation of the fields of the datasets. However, the number of fields in some dataset is very high (up to 193), then the tables shows a max of the 25 most important fields per dataset:

- **locations and point of interest**:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>Titolo</i>	string	name of the location
<i>address</i>	string	street address
<i>description</i>	string	short description of the location
<i>image</i>	image	image of the location
<i>email</i>	string	official email of the location
<i>phone number</i>	string	official phone contact of the location
<i>url</i>	string	website of the location
<i>info</i>	string	short infos
<i>gps</i>	string	coordinates and accurate address

- **locations and point of interest (GEO version)**:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>id</i>	int	identification code
<i>coordinates</i>	float[2]	latitude and longitude of the location
<i>properties</i>	object	main properties of the location (name, address)

- **bikesharing_METADATA.json**:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>name</i>	string	name of the bike station
<i>address</i>	string	geographical address of the bike station
<i>id</i>	string	identifier
<i>bikes</i>	int	realtime data with the number of the present bikes
<i>slots</i>	int	realtime data with the number of the free slots
<i>totalSlots</i>	int	total number of slot bikes
<i>position</i>	int[2]	coordinates of the station

- **piste_ciclabili_METADATA.json**:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>WKT</i>	list int	coordinates of the paths
<i>tipo</i>	string	name of the typology of path (not useful)
<i>fumetto</i>	string	name of the path
<i>descrizione</i>	string	name of the path (equivalent to 'fumetto')
<i>tipologia</i>	string	path dedicated only to cycle or also pedestrian
<i>tratto isolato ciclabile</i>	int	meters without path dedicated to cycle
<i>tratto isolato ciclopedonale</i>	int	meters without path dedicated to cycle or pedestrian
<i>anno</i>	int	building year of cycle path

¹⁷www.infratelitalia.it

¹⁸www.infratelitalia.it/archivio-documenti/documenti/esiti-consultazione-2020-conclusa-una-prima-analisi-dei-dati-forniti-dagli-operatori

- `nursery_elementary_and_middle_school_METADATA.json`:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>WKT</i>	string	position in WKT system
<i>civico_alf</i>	int	civic number
<i>destra</i>	string	address
<i>sobborgo</i>	string	suburb
<i>scuola</i>	string	name of the school
<i>fumetto</i>	string	name of the school
<i>iscritti</i>	int	number of subscribers
<i>personale</i>	int	number of staff
<i>mail</i>	string	e-mail information
<i>telefono</i>	string	telephone number

- `high_school_METADATA.json`:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>name</i>	string	name of the school
<i>address</i>	string	address
<i>school type</i>	string	private or public school
<i>study paths</i>	string	study path offers

- `internet_quality_trento_METADATA.json`:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>cod_egonciv</i>	int	EGON civic code
<i>regione</i>	string	Only the TRENTINO-ALTO ADIGE region
<i>provincia</i>	string	only Trento province
<i>comune</i>	string	town
<i>frazione</i>	string	fraction of the town
<i>via</i>	string	street address
<i>civico</i>	int	civic code
<i>barrato</i>	char	sub-civic code
<i>class_19</i>	string	2019 internet coverage
<i>class_22</i>	string	2022 internet coverage estimation

- `areaski_METADATA.json`:

Fields	Type	Description
<i>@id</i>	string	name that identifies a unique object
<i>landuse</i>	string	describes the primary use of areas of land
<i>description</i>	string	describes the type of object
<i>area</i>	string	date rarely existing (value - <i>yes/no</i>)
<i>name</i>	string	name of data
<i>alt_name</i>	string	Another name or names by which the feature is known
<i>name:de</i>	string	german name of data
<i>name:it</i>	string	italian name of data
<i>name:lld</i>	string	Ladin name of data
<i>type</i>	string	type of data
<i>website</i>	string	website
<i>wikidata</i>	string	The ID of the Wikidata item about the feature
<i>ref:pat:cat</i>	string	identification
<i>ref:pat:id</i>	string	identification
<i>@relations</i>	map	describes the commercial relations with other ski areas

- `bank_METADATA.json`:

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
building	string	type fo building
name	string	name of the facility
type	string	type of element
atm	boolean	indicate the presence of an atm
automated teller machine	boolean	see atm
operator	string	indicate the operator of the facility
brand	string	indicate the brand of the facility
addr:housenumber	string	the house number component of the address
addr:street	string	the street component of the address
source	string	the source of the data
opening_hours	string	the opening hours of the facility
contact:website	string	the website where contact the facility
building:levels	integer	the level above ground of the facility
brand:wikidata	string	wikidata identifier code
brand:wikipedia	string	the wikipedia page of the bank branch
wheelchair	boolean	describe if it is accesible for wheelchair users
addr:city	string	the city component of the address
addr:postcode	string	the postcode component of the address
roof:levels	integer	the level of the roof
roof:shape	string	the shape of the roof
drive_through	boolean	describe if the facility offer drive through
addr:full	string	the full address of the facility
addr:country	string	the country component of the address
website	string	the website of the facility
phone	string	the phone of the facility

- **busstop.METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	name that identifies a unique object
highway	string	name that identifies objective type
public_transport	string	name that denotes stop positions and platforms of public transport
name	string	name that identifies the name of the bus-stop
shelter	boolean	identifies the presence or absence of the shelter
bus	boolean	Access values describe restrictions or not of the bus in the bus-stop
bench	boolean	identifies the presence or absence of the shelter
alt_name:lld	string	another unofficial but locals feequntly name in local dialects
name:it	string	Italin name of the bus-stop
name:lld	string	Ladin name of the bus-stop
departures_board	string	name that identifies the type of time table or departures present in the bus stop
operator:old_name	string	name that identifies company who is in charge of the service at the bus stop
route_ref	liststring	name that identifies a list of all bus lines that serve the stop
bus_routes	liststring	name that identifies a list of Flixbus that serve the stop
created_by	string	name that identifies the computer program (editor or script) which made the changes
wheelchair	string	identifies if the bus stop is suitable to be used with a wheelchair and a person with a disability who uses another mobility device (like a walker)
note:tactile_paving	boolean	identifies if there is Tactile paving
covered:source	string	identifies how the information was collected
ref	liststring	name that identifies a list of all bus lines that serve the stop
name:de	string	German name of the bus stop

<i>addr:city</i>	string	name identifying the name of the city where the bus stop is located
<i>addr:postcode</i>	int	number identifying the postcode of the city where the bus stop is located
<i>addr:street</i>	string	name identifying the name of the street where the bus stop is located
<i>alt_name</i>	string	alternative name of the bus stop
<i>amenity</i>	string	Describes useful and important facilities for visitors and residents
<i>bin</i>	boolean	identifies presence or absence of a waste basket

- **cinema_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
<i>@id</i>	string	Identifies univocally the object
<i>amenity</i>	string	Describes useful and important facilities for visitors and residents
<i>building</i>	boolean	Is used to mark a given object as a building
<i>name</i>	string	Identifies the name of the cinema
<i>email</i>	string	Identifies the e-mail related to the cinema
<i>phone</i>	string	Identifies the e-mail related to the cinema
<i>source</i>	string	Identifies the information source
<i>website</i>	string	Identifies the website related to the cinema
<i>addr:city</i>	string	Identifies in term of cities the position of the cinema
<i>addr:country</i>	string	Identifies in term of state the position of the cinema
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	int	Identifies the housenumber of the cinema
<i>addr:postcode</i>	int	Identifies the postcode of the cities where the cinema is located
<i>addr:street</i>	string	Identifies the street name where the cinema is located
<i>cinema:3D</i>	boolean	Identifies the possibility or not to watch 3D projection
<i>contact:phone</i>	string	Identifies the housenumber of the cinema
<i>contact:website</i>	string	Identifies the website related to the cinema
<i>drive_in</i>	boolean	Indicate if a cinema is a drive-in cinema
<i>operator</i>	string	Indicate the main operator of the cinema
<i>ref:vatin</i>	string	VAT identification number of an object
<i>screen</i>	int	identifies the number of screen
<i>wheelchair</i>	string	Identifies the possibility or not to access with a wheelchair

- **city_center_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
<i>admin_level</i>	integer	the level of the administration roles tree
<i>boundary</i>	string	the type of boundary
<i>name</i>	string	the name of the area
<i>ref:ISTAT</i>	string	the reference to the ISTAT code
<i>ref:catasto</i>	string	the reference to the codice catastale
<i>type</i>	string	the type of the object
<i>wikidata</i>	string	link to the related wikidata object
<i>wikipedia</i>	string	the wikipedia page of the facility
<i>@id</i>	string	name that identifies a unique object
<i>name:cim</i>	string	the name in Cimbro
<i>name:it</i>	string	the name in Italian
<i>population</i>	string	the population of this administrative area
<i>old_name:de</i>	string	the old name in german
<i>natural</i>	string	describe the type of nature inside the boundary
<i>name:de</i>	string	the new name in german
<i>name:mhn</i>	string	the name in mócheno
<i>alt_name:de</i>	string	an alternative name in german
<i>reg_name</i>	string	the name of the region
<i>name:lld</i>	string	the name in ladin

<i>postal_code</i>	string	the postal code of the administrative area
<i>old_name</i>	string	the old name of the administrative area
<i>name:left</i>	string	the name from the left side
<i>name:right</i>	string	the name from the right side
<i>source</i>	string	the source of the information
<i>created_by</i>	string	who created this set

- **climb_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
<i>@id</i>	string	Used to univocally identifies the object
<i>climbing:rock</i>	string	Identifies the typology of rock
<i>name</i>	string	Identifies the name of the climb
<i>natural</i>	string	Is used to describe wide variety of physical geography, geological and landcover features
<i>sport</i>	string	Is used to identify one or more sports which can be played
<i>type</i>	string	Is used to set a relation's type
<i>building</i>	string	Indicates the presence or abesnce and the type of a bulding.
<i>leisure</i>	string	is for places people go in their spare time.
<i>addr:country</i>	string	Indicates the city in the address information
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	string	Indicates the housenumber in the address information
<i>addr:postcode</i>	int	Indicates the postcode in the address information
<i>addr:street</i>	string	Indicates the postcode in the address information
<i>email</i>	string	Indicates the email ralted to the climb
<i>fax</i>	string	Indicates the fax ralted to the climb
<i>opening_hours</i>	string	Indicates the openning hours of the climb spot
<i>phone</i>	string	Indicates the phone ralted to the climb
<i>tourism</i>	string	Indentidies the specific interest to tourists including places to see, places to stay, things and places providing information and support to tourists.
<i>website</i>	string	Indicates the website ralted to the climb
<i>climbing:bolted</i>	string	Provides a first indication how well the routes are secured in terms of anchors
<i>climbing:multipitch</i>	string	Indicates if there are multi-pitch routes and how many multi-pitch routes there is
<i>climbing:orientation</i>	string	Identifies orientation of the rock/wall face.
<i>climbing:quality</i>	string	Indentifies the quality of the rock/ice.
<i>climbing:sport</i>	string	Indicates the practicable sports
<i>fee</i>	boolean	Indciates the presence or absensce of fee
<i>outdoor</i>	boolean	Indicate if the climb is outside or not
<i>climbing:boulder</i>	boolean	Indicates the presence or absence of boulder

- **park_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
<i>@id</i>	string	name that identifies a unique object
<i>leisure</i>	string	type of facility inside
<i>type</i>	string	type of data
<i>name</i>	string	the name of the facility
<i>wikidata</i>	string	link to the related wikidata object
<i>landuse</i>	string	describe the usage of the land
<i>access</i>	string	describe the access description
<i>operator</i>	string	the operator of the facility
<i>area</i>	boolean	describe if the area do not have any physical boundary
<i>source</i>	string	the source of the data
<i>alt_name</i>	string	an alternative name for the park
<i>short_name</i>	string	a short name for the park
<i>start_date</i>	date	the opening date of the facility
<i>amenity</i>	string	this variable describe the facility present at the park

<i>created_by</i>	string	the person that created the facility in openstreetmap
<i>old_name</i>	string	the old name of the facility
<i>barrier</i>	string	indicate the type of barrier that limit the facility
<i>tourism</i>	string	indicate why this facility can be of particular interest for the tourist
<i>wikipedia</i>	string	the reference to the wikipedia page
<i>ele</i>	integer	the elevation on the sea level
<i>natural</i>	string	describe the type of nature inside the boundary
<i>sport</i>	string	describe one or more sport that can be played in the facility
<i>surface</i>	string	type of surface in the park
<i>leaf_type</i>	string	describe the type of leave in the facility
<i>wheelchair</i>	boolean	wheelchair service is present
<i>baby</i>	string	specify if the item is tag friendly

- **parking_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
<i>@id</i>	string	identification code
<i>amenity</i>	string	For describing useful and important facilities for visitors and residents. Facilities include for example toilets, telephones, banks, pharmacies, prisons and schools.
<i>fee</i>	boolean	The fee tag is for specifying whether a fee is usually charged for a service, or for access.
<i>parking</i>	string	specify the type of parking facility.
<i>access</i>	string	describe restrictions on the use of highways and other transportation routes
<i>park_ride</i>	boolean	Park and ride facilities are parking lots with public transport connections that allow commuters and other people heading to city centres to leave their vehicles and transfer to a bus, rail system (rapid transit, light rail, or commuter rail), or carpool for the remainder of the journey.
<i>surface</i>	string	provide additional information about the physical surface
<i>capacity</i>	int	max capacity of the parking lot
<i>name</i>	string	name of the location
<i>barrier</i>	string	type of barrier of the parking lot
<i>source</i>	string	source of the data
<i>capacity:disabled</i>	boolean	Defines whether or not dedicated disabled parking spaces are available
<i>highway</i>	string	main key used for identifying any kind of road, street or path
<i>operator</i>	string	company of the parkig lot
<i>supervised</i>	string	indicates that there is a person who supervises the place
<i>wheelchair</i>	boolean	is wheelchair accessible?
<i>service</i>	string	describe details about types of 'service' roads, railways or waterways; or the service or services offered by a business.
<i>layer</i>	int	describe vertical relationships between crossing or overlapping features
<i>landuse</i>	string	describe the primary use of land by humans
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	int	civic code
<i>addr:postcode</i>	int	postal code of the location
<i>addr:street</i>	string	street address of the location
<i>opening_hours</i>	string	day and hours of opening
<i>smoothness</i>	string	a classification scheme regarding the physical usability of a way for wheeled vehicles, particularly regarding surface regularity/flatness.
<i>website</i>	url	wbsite of the location
<i>motorcycle</i>	string	Legal access restriction for motorcycles.

- **pharmacy_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
amenity	string	For describing useful and important facilities for visitors and residents. Facilities include for example toilets, telephones, banks, pharmacies, prisons and schools.
building	string	type of building
name	string	name of the location
addr:city	string	city of the location
addr:housenumber	int	civic code
addr:postcode	int	postcode of the location
addr:street	string	street address of the location
drive_through	boolean	do it has the drive through?
healthcare	string	type of healthcare service
dispensing	boolean	specify whether a pharmacy dispenses prescription drugs or not
opening_hours	string	day and hours of opening
operator	string	name of the company
ref:vatn	string	VAT identification code
wheelchair	boolean	is wheelchair accessible?
addr:country	string	country of the location
email	string	email of contact
phone	string	phone number contact
contact:website	url	website of the location
source	string	source of the data
website	url	website of the location

- **post_office_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	name that identifies a unique object
addr:city	string	city component of the address
addr:country	string	the country component of the address
addr:housenumber	string	the house number component of the address
addr:postcode	string	the postal code component of the address
addr:street	string	the street component of the address
amenity	string	this variable describe the usage of the building
building	boolean	describe if the facility is a building
contact:website	string	the website where contact the facility
name	string	the name of the facility
operator	string	the name of the facility operator
atm	boolean	if the facility have an atm
building:colour	string	the colour of the building
building:levels	integer	the number of above-ground levels of the buildings
building:part	string	describe a part of the building where the attribute are different
height	double	the height of the building
opening_hours	string	the opening hours of the facility
roof:colour	string	the color of the facility roof
roof:shape	string	the shape of the facility roof
brand	string	brand of the post office
brand:wikidata	string	wikidata identifier code
brand:wikipedia	string	brand associated with country
addr:suburb	string	the suburb component of the address
contact:fax	string	the fax to contact the facility
contact:phone	string	the phone to contact the facility
description	string	a description of the building

- **railway_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
addr:city	string	city of the locaiton
addr:postcode	string	postcode of the location
addr:street	string	street address of the location
building	string	type of building
name	string	name of te location
network	string	network administration name
operator	string	operator administration name
railway	string	railway or station classification
public.transport	string	type of public transport of the location
train	boolean	it's a trainstation
electrified	string	description of the object electrified
maxspeed	int	speed limit of the railway
name:de	string	name in German
passenger.lines	int	number of lines
railway:track_class	string	The Track class of the railway line
railway:traffic_mode	string	Lines dedicated to passenger trains (might have some exceptions, especially temporally i.e. freight only during 0200-0330).
ref	int	The reference number of the railway line the track belongs to.
usage	string	usage of the rail line
voltage	int	Voltage of the railway electrification system
bridge	string	What kind of bridge carrying the track is
layer	int	To describe the vertical relationship to other bridges and features.
start_date	string	Date the Interlocking Tower was put into service
embankment	boolean	Is the track elevated using earth or concrete dam
service	string	type of the track
tunnel	boolean	The track is in a tunnel

- roads_METADATA.json:

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
highway	string	type of road (primary, secondary, tertiary)
name	string	name of the road
oneway	boolean	is oneway
ref	string	road code
junction	string	type of junction (roundabout)
surface	string	type of road surface (asphalt, paved)
lanes	int	number of lanes
maxspeed	int	speed limit
nat_ref	string	road code
toll	boolean	toll present
cycleway:both	boolean	have 2 way cycleway
old_ref	string	road code
bridge	string	it has a bridge
source:maxspeed	string	source of the speed limit data
maxweight	float	max weight in tons
tunnel	boolean	it has a tunnel
foot	boolean	can go by foot
tunnel:name	string	name of the tunnel
access	string	type of access
horse	boolean	horse can go
length	int	length of the road in mt
incline	string	road inclination information
tunnel:length	int	tunnel length in mt
disabled	boolean	the road is disable

- skislopes_METADATA.json:

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
colour	color	graphic color
name	string	name of the ski slopes
network	string	network administration of the ski slopes
piste:type	string	type of the skiing available (nordic, downhill)
website	url	link of the website of the skislope
name:de	string	name in German
operator	string	operator of the skislope
distance	float	distance between skislopes
piste:difficulty	string	difficulty level of the skislope (easy, intermediate, advanced)
piste:grooming	string	type of skiing available (classing, skating)
source	string	source of the data
piste:name	string	name of the piste
sport	string	sport available in the location
bridge	boolean	it's present a bridge

- supermarket_METADATA.json:

Fields	Type	Description
@id	string	identification code
building	string	type of supermarket
name	string	name of the supermarket
opening_hours	string	days and hours of opening
payment:cash	boolean	accept cash
payment:debit_cards	boolean	accept debit card
shop	string	type of shop
source	string	source of data
addr:city	string	city of the location
addr:country	string	country if the location
addr:housenumber	int	civic code
addr:postcode	int	postcode
addr:street	string	street of the location
operator	string	operator of the supermarket (coop, conad, despar ...)
ref:vatin	string	value added tax identification number
brand	string	brand of the supermarket (coop, conad, despar ...)
brand:wikidata	string	wikidata identifier code
brand:wikipedia	string	brand associated with country
toilets:wheelchair	boolean	wheelchair toilets is present
wheelchair	boolean	wheelchair service is present
website	url	official website of the brand
addr:province	string	province of the location
addr:state	string	state code of the location
building:levels	int	number of levels of the building
parking	string	type of parking (underground)
toilets	boolean	it has toilets

- trails_METADATA.json:

Fields	Type	Description
id	string	name that identifies a unique object
cai_scale	string	Identifies the cai scale difficulty classification
distance	int	Identifies the distance of the trials
duration:backward	string	Identifies the duration of the backward
duration:forward	string	Identifies the duration of the backward
foot	boolean	identifies the possibility to complete the path by foot
from	string	Indicates the start position

<i>highway</i>	string	path which has been look for these dataset
<i>mtb</i>	bool	Indicates if the path is practicable of mtb
<i>mtb:scale</i>	int	Indicates the difficult scale of the mtb path
<i>network</i>	string	specifies the hiking route as a local route (=lwn)
<i>note:project_page</i>	string	Indicates the project page url
<i>operator</i>	string	The name of the organization that maintains the path
<i>osmc:symbol</i>	string	describe route symbol that is used as waymarker or on guideposts
<i>sac_scale</i>	int	A difficulty rating scheme for hiking trails.
<i>source</i>	string	where these data came from
<i>to</i>	string	where the path ends
<i>trail_visibility</i>	string	describes attributes regarding trail visibility (not route visibility) and orientation
<i>type</i>	string	type of the path
<i>website</i>	string	link to the website of the organization
<i>@id</i>	string	identification number
<i>ascent</i>	int	meters of ascent
<i>descent</i>	int	meters of descent
<i>name</i>	string	name of the path
<i>surface</i>	string	Surface values provide additional information about the physical surface of roads/footpaths.
<i>bicycle</i>	bool	affordable for bycicle

- **building_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
<i>id</i>	string	identification code
<i>amenity</i>	string	For describing useful and important facilities for visitors and residents. Facilities include for example toilets, telephones, banks, pharmacies, prisons and schools.
<i>building</i>	string	The building tag is used to mark a given object as a building
<i>name</i>	string	name of the location
<i>type</i>	string	The key type is commonly used to set a relation's type
<i>wikidata</i>	string	The ID of the Wikidata item about the feature
<i>@id</i>	string	identification code
<i>historic</i>	string	used to identify features that are of historic interest
<i>addr:city</i>	string	city of the location
<i>addr:country</i>	string	country of the location
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	string	civic code
<i>addr:postcode</i>	string	postcode of the location
<i>addr:street</i>	string	street address
<i>contact:email</i>	string	email contact
<i>contact:fax</i>	string	fax contact
<i>contact:phone</i>	string	phone number contact
<i>contact:website</i>	url	website of the location
<i>email</i>	string	email contact
<i>operator</i>	string	used to name a company, corporation, person or any other entity who is directly in charge of the current operation of a map object.
<i>ref:vatin</i>	string	VAT code information
<i>castle_type</i>	string	used to distinguish between the various type of historic castles - stately vs defensive etc
<i>building:levels</i>	string	used for marking the number of above-ground levels of a building
<i>building:use</i>	string	describes what kind of function a building=* serves
<i>roof:levels</i>	string	For stating the number of levels in the roof of a building
<i>access</i>	string	describe restrictions on the use of highways and other transportation routes (railways, waterways), as well as facilities such as buildings, building entrances, amenities and leisure entities.

<i>layer</i>	string	one of several methods used to describe vertical relationships between crossing or overlapping features
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- **civici_web_METADATA.json:**

Fields	Type	Description
<i>civico_num</i>	string	civic number (without slash)
<i>civico_let</i>	string	slash, if exist
<i>civico_alf</i>	string	numero civico con barra (se presente)
<i>desvia</i>	string	street description
<i>strada</i>	string	street code
<i>cap</i>	int	postal code
<i>tipo_num</i>	string	type of civic: 'principale' or 'secondaria' (language: italy)
<i>tipo_en</i>	string	type of civic: 'principal' or 'secondary' (language: english)
<i>ingresso</i>	string	entrance type: 'abitazione', 'cancello' or 'altro' (language: italy)
<i>ingr_en</i>	string	entrance type: 'abitation', 'gate' or 'other' (language: english)
<i>fumetto</i>	string	complete adress
<i>url</i>	string	not useful
<i>sobborgo</i>	string	Cadastral community

1.2.4 Datasets collection process

In order to download the 257 locations and point of interests datasets from open data Trentino we made a script in python to automate the process: the script "points_of_interests_download.py"¹⁹ looks in the search page of the website with the tag "luoghi e punti di interesse"; starting from page 1 and going to 8, it looks all the datasets containing "luoghi" and "interesse" in the title, then for every dataset found it download in the dataset page the json, (half of the times) the GEO version of the dataset (which it has more records) and the metadata. After the download process it's been used "points_of_interests_reorganize.py"²⁰ to move the metadata files in the right folder.

Because of the missing high school data in open data Trentino, we made scraping in comunicittá.it: the script "comunicittà_download.py"²¹ it take all the information in the main page (name, address, if it's private or public) and then for every school it take the study path information. Finally the script saves the data in csv format.

The information has been exported from **OpenStreenMap** thanks to **Overpass turbo**, a web based data mining tool for OpenStreetMap.

1.2.5 Inception level evaluation

Considering the dimension of the group on the work on this project (4 persons), we had maintained a near-constant communication between the knowledge group and the data scientist group. This result that before developing the CQs both the components of the knowledge team have a very good knowledge of the datasets available. This has permitted to model the query based on it, with only a couple of queries out of 43 developed CQs (around 4%) that we had to rewrite to fit the metadata available inside the dataset.

Our main concern is instead in the quality of the data we collected, as an example while the metadata inside the data objects is present for near all the collected data, other possible useful metadata are at end available only for one or two data row.

1.3 Informal Modeling

This section describe the steps of the informal modelling phase of the iTelos methodology. This include a first section that describe the schema of the data (including the ER and variance respect to CQs) and a second section describing the data management and describe in detail the metadata.

1.3.1 Schema level

The schema level in this phase report the first informal definition of the ETypes and of the EER model constructed using them.

¹⁹https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/points_of_interests_download.py

²⁰https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/points_of_interests_reorganize.py

²¹https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/comunicittà_download.py

1.3.1.1 ETypes and EER Model definition

We have divided the ETypes in three categories, common that contain all the ETypes shared by the elements inside the core category. The core category contains all the ETypes key to answer to the competency questions describe above. The last category is the contextual ones that contain all the elements that are not strictly necessary to answer the CQs and are related to element into the core category. These ETypes are useful to help the CQs to be more complex and / or complete. In the ER schema we identify the common ETypes in blue, the core ones in green and the contextual in red. You can find the complete ER schema in fig. 1.

The presence of a line with a empty arrow at the end of a line inside the diagram means that the connected entities have a hierarchical dependency and the one with the arrow is the father. We use the empty rhombus form to identify a element where the maximum cardinality is 1, instead a full rhombus is used when the maximum cardinality is n . The connection reference is always stored inside the side without the rhombus. If the filled rhombus is present in both side of the line this mean that the relation have a cardinality n-n.

The central element of the common category is the etype point each point is a real world 3D space coordinate. Then a series of this point contribute to forming a chain. The point chain can be divided in paths (that group all the paths travelled for pleasure or more generally using human locomotion) and in transportation ways (that normally contains all the chain travelled for necessity and with the help of machines). Each point can be the position of an address, while we try to maintain a generic approach to the problems when possible, the address format is specific to each country, considering our context is the Province of Trento, we adopt the Italian format. Each point then can be a point of interest, exist various types of point of interest each one with different attributes, that are necessary to resolve the CQs, for this reason they are inserted inside the core category.

The core category contain all the various derivations of the points of interest. This include as an example the pharmacies, the libraries, the bars, ecc. The fields depend mostly on the type of the point of interest and are better describe in detail in the paragraph 1.3.2.2. A point can also represent the position of a building and we use this information aggregated together to estimate the density of a particular area. The last group of etypes inside the core category are the ones that are identifiable with a line, like for example the bike path. This one are divided into two group the first that inheritance from the path etype and the second that inheritance from the transportation way. The first group include the ski slopes, bike paths and excursion path. Transportation way include the roads and the train lines. Ski resort and excursion paths with the related entities are taken from the tourist facility group. The bus stop, stop time, calendar and calendar dates are taken from the transportation group. The metadata are described inside the ER.

The last category is represented by the contextual etypes. This category include a series of enumerator that describe the various values that the connected field can assume. For a detail description of the values please see the paragraph 1.3.2.2. Considering they are not critical for the resolution of the main problem also the stop times and route tables are inside the contextual category.

1.3.1.2 Variance respect CQs definition

This section aims to define the variance between the schema elements produced in this phase, and the definition of the CQs reported in the previous phase. This a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

During the development of this phase we have revised and integrated some CQs from the last phase. This process was done to add complexity to the proposed Cqs to make the project more complete and interesting for our purpose. Specifically, this enrichment of the questions has happened thanks to two different specific actions:

- More in-depth exploration of the previously recovered datasets allowing us to add to some interested etypes in the QCs made more complex others attributed initially discarded.
- Integration of our project with some parts of two projects developed by our colleagues. In particular, we have created a collaboration and exchange of data in a standardized and fully integrated way with the group "Transportation Tomorrow" and the group "Tourist facilities".

Specifically, thanks to the actions listed above, the Cqs relating to the ski areas, ski slopes, hiking trails to playgrounds, Bank Branch and bus stops have been deepened. Thanks to the deeper exploration of the datasets now in fact the system is designed to answer much more detailed questions about these categories, for example:

- Which games are present in the nearest playground?
- Where is the bank with an available ATM?
- What are the Nordic skiing trails within 35 k?
- Which are the 3 ski areas with the greatest number of kilometers of red slopes?
- What are the excursion paths in a radius of 3 km from the unit with a positive height difference of less than 200m?

1.3.2 Data level

The data level section in this phase reports the evolution of the datasets collected previously, reporting the metadata information for each new data, or new version of data, obtained.

1.3.2.1 Datasets management process

All the datasets have been filtered using a script in python: `data_filtering.py`²² read a configuration file (`data_filtering_config.json`²³) to understand for every dataset what fields to keep in the new datasets. We decided which attributes were useful by looking at the output provided by `count_json.m`²⁴: it shows for each attributes how many objects contain them. Therefore, only attributes which were not sparse in the datasets has been selected. Then, the script read every dataset in the configuration file, it compares the fields and it select the ones appearing in the configuration file and finally it writes the selected data in a new file in the Informal Modeling folder. The "luoghi e punti di interesse per comune" and "building" datasets, because of the number of files, are directly filtered in the script without using the configuration file. Since there are two types of datasets in "luoghi e punti di interesse per comune" (the GEO version and the "rich" version), the files are been merged with only the filtered attributes. All the files are converted in json and each record is listed in the same way in every file.

Using the same configuration file, the script `metadata_filtering.py`²⁵ applies the changes of the fields of the data in the metadata. All the metadata of "luoghi e punti di interesse per comune" are been merged in a single file `luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune.METADATA.json`²⁶.

1.3.2.2 Datasets metadata documentation

These are the new metadata of the filtered data with some enrichment (like source, format or timestamp):

areaski.METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>copyright</i>	The data included in this document is from www.openstreetmap.org. The data is made available under ODbL.		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T19:05:03Z		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	name that identifies a unique object	string	
<i>name</i>	name of data	string	
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	

luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune.METADATA.json:

Since this includes 147 datasets and metadatas, here are reported the common properties and fields. The different values are set with *. The full metadata are in the repository ²⁷

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>source</i>	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/ *		
<i>format</i>	json		
<i>Identificativo del dataset</i>	*		
<i>Data di rilascio</i>	*		
<i>Data di modifica</i>	*		
<i>Lingue del dataset</i>	italiano		
<i>Titolare</i>	*		
<i>Frequenza di aggiornamento</i>	in continuo aggiornamento		
<i>Autore</i>	*		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	name that identifies a unique object	string	Common
<i>name</i>	name of data	string	Core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	Common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	Common

bank.METADATA.json:

²²https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/data_filtering.py
²³https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/data_filtering_config.json
²⁴https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/count_json.m
²⁵https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/code/metadata_filtering.py
²⁶https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/dataset/Informal%20Modeling/metadata/luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune.METADATA.json
²⁷https://github.com/UNITN-KDI-2020/GeoSpatial-Domain-project/blob/master/dataset/Informal%20Modeling/metadata/luoghi_e_punti_di_interesse_per_comune.METADATA.json

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T13:50:02Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	common
<i>name</i>	name of the facility	string	core
<i>atm</i>	indicate the presence of an atm	boolean	core
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	the house number component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:street</i>	the street component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:city</i>	the city component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:postcode</i>	the postcode component of the address	string	common
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

busstop_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>copyright</i>	The data included in this document is from www.openstreetmap.org. The data is made available under ODbL.		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T10:54:03Z		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	name that identifies a unique object	string	Common
<i>name</i>	name that identifies the name of the bus-stop	string	Core
<i>addr:city</i>	name identifying the name of the city where the bus stop is located	string	Common
<i>addr:postcode</i>	number identifying the postcode of the city where the bus stop is located	int	Common
<i>addr:street</i>	name identifying the name of the street where the bus stop is located	string	Common
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	Common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	Common

cinema_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>copyright</i>	The data included in this document is from www.openstreetmap.org. The data is made available under ODbL.		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T15:03:03Z		
Attributes			
<i>name</i>	Identifies the name of the cinema	string	Core
<i>addr:city</i>	Identifies in term of cites the position of the cinema	string	Common
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	Identifies the housenumber of the cinema	int	Common
<i>addr:postcode</i>	Identifies the postcode of the cites where the cinema is located	int	Common
<i>addr:street</i>	Identifies the street name where the cinema is located	string	Common
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	Common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	Common

city_center_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T10:54:03Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>name</i>	the name of the area	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

climb_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T15:21:03Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	Used to univocally identifies the object	string	core
<i>name</i>	Identifies the name of the climb	string	core
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	Indicates the housenumber in the address information	string	common
<i>addr:postcode</i>	Indicates the postcode in the address information	int	common
<i>addr:street</i>	Indicates the postcode in the address information	string	common
<i>opening_hours</i>	Indicates the opening hours of the climb spot	string	core
<i>height</i>	Indicates the height of the climbing	int	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

park_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T19:30:02Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	name that identifies a unique object	string	core
<i>leisure</i>	type of facility inside	string	core
<i>name</i>	the name of the facility	string	core
<i>playground</i>	describe the type of playground available	string	contextual
<i>playground:basketswing</i>	describe if the facility have a basketswing	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:chain_ladder</i>	describe if the facility have a chain ladder	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:slide</i>	describe if the facility have a slide	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:swing</i>	describe if the facility have a swing	boolean	contextual
<i>opening_hours</i>	the opening hours of the park	string	contextual
<i>addr:city</i>	the city component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	the house number component of the address	string	common

<i>addr:postcode</i>	the postal code component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:street</i>	the street component of the address	string	common
<i>playground:aerialrotator</i>	describe if the facility have an aerialrotator	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:basketball_backboard</i>	describe if a zone where play basketball is available	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:exercise</i>	describe if an equipment are for the exercise is present	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:horizontal_bar</i>	describe if an horizontal bar is present	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:seesaw</i>	describe if an seesaw is present	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:tunnel_tube</i>	describe if an tunnel tube is present	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:climbingframe</i>	describe if a climbing frame is present	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:multi_play</i>	describe if a multiple usage surface is available	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:sandpit</i>	describe if a sandpit is present	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:theme</i>	describe the theme of the park	string	contextual
<i>playground:skate_equipment</i>	describe if the park is equipment to play with the skate-board	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:teenshelter</i>	describe if a teen shelter is available	boolean	contextual
<i>playground:water</i>	describe if a water playground is available	boolean	contextual
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

parking_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-ide		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T09:57:03Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	core
<i>fee</i>	The fee tag is for specifying whether a fee is usually charged for a service, or for access.	boolean	core
<i>capacity</i>	max capacity of the parking lot	int	core
<i>name</i>	name of the location	string	core
<i>addr:city</i>	name of the city	string	common
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	civic code	int	common
<i>addr:postcode</i>	postal code of the location	int	common
<i>addr:street</i>	street address of the location	string	common
<i>opening_hours</i>	day and hours of opening	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

pharmacy_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-ide		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T15:28:02Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	core
<i>name</i>	name of the location	string	core
<i>addr:city</i>	city of the location	string	common
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	civic code	int	common

<i>addr:postcode</i>	postcode of the location	int	common
<i>addr:street</i>	street address of the location	string	common
<i>opening_hours</i>	day and hours of opening	string	common
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

post_office_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T15:26:03Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	name that identifies a unique object	string	core
<i>addr:city</i>	city component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:housenumber</i>	the house number component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:postcode</i>	the postal code component of the address	string	common
<i>addr:street</i>	the street component of the address	string	common
<i>name</i>	the name of the facility	string	core
<i>opening_hours</i>	the opening hours of the facility	string	core
<i>addr:province</i>	the province component of the address	string	common
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

railway_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T18:07:02Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	core
<i>name</i>	name of te location	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

roads_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-id		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-20T07:44:03Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	core
<i>highway</i>	type of road (trunk,primary, secondary, tertiary)	string	contextual

<i>name</i>	name of the road	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

skislopes_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-ide		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T19:07:02Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	core
<i>name</i>	name of the ski slopes	string	core
<i>piste:type</i>	type of the skiing available (nordic, downhill)	string	core
<i>piste:difficulty</i>	difficulty level of the skislope (easy, intermediate, advanced)	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

supermarket_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-ide		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T13:28:02Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	core
<i>name</i>	name of the supermarket	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

trails_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-ide		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T20:02:05Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification number	string	core
<i>name</i>	name of the path	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

building_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>type</i>	FeatureCollection		
<i>generator</i>	overpass-ide		
<i>source</i>	www.openstreetmap.org		
<i>copyright</i>	ODbL		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-19T13:50:02Z		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>@id</i>	identification code	string	core
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

civici_web_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>Dataset ID</i>	4f474fc8-181d-4b15-9ee4-60b3f54f4068		
<i>Source</i>	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/comune-di-trento-numeri-civici		
<i>Release date</i>	22-02-2013		
<i>Modification date</i>	08-05-2019		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	comune di Trento		
<i>Temporal extension</i>	'From': '22-02-2013'		
<i>Holder</i>	'Name': 'Comune di Trento', 'Code IPA/IVA': 'c.l378'		
<i>Update frequency</i>	daily		
<i>Format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>civico_num</i>	civic number (without slash)	string	common
<i>desvia</i>	street description	string	common
<i>fumetto</i>	complete adress	string	common
<i>sobborgo</i>	Cadastral community	string	common
<i>type</i>	type of geometry	string	common
<i>coordinates</i>	array the points which compose the polygon	array	common

piste_ciclabili_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>Dataset ID</i>	c.l378-1129110		
<i>Holder</i>	'Nome': 'Comune di Trento', 'Code IPA/IVA': 'c.l378'		
<i>Release date</i>	09-11-2017		
<i>Modification date</i>	08-05-2019		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Comune di Trento		
<i>Source</i>	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/piste-ciclabili-open-data		
<i>GeoNames URI</i>	http://www.geonames.org/6541469		
<i>Dataset language</i>	italiano		
<i>Update frequency</i>	continuous updating		
<i>Format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>WKT</i>	coordinates of the paths	list int	common
<i>tipo</i>	name of the typology of path (not useful)	string	
<i>fumetto</i>	name of the path	string	common
<i>descrizione</i>	name of the path (equivalent to 'fumetto')	string	common
<i>tipologia</i>	path dedicated only to cycle or also pedestrian	string	core
<i>tratto isolato ciclabile</i>	meters without path dedicated to cycle	int	core
<i>tratto isolato ciclopedonale</i>	meters without path dedicated to cycle or pedestrian	int	core

elementari_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
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<i>Dataset ID</i>	9368a92a-dbe9-4a43-9fc0-66a5f4695e16		
<i>Release date</i>	28-04-2020		
<i>Modification date</i>	31-03-2016		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>Source</i>	https://dati.trentino.it/		
<i>GeoNames URI</i>	http://www.geonames.org/3165243		
<i>Holder</i>	'Nome': 'Provincia autonoma di Trento', 'Code IPA/IVA': 'p-TN'		
<i>Update frequency</i>	unknown		
<i>Format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>WKT</i>	Coordinates in Well-Known Text format	string	Common
<i>civico_alf</i>	civic number	string	Common
<i>destra</i>	street address	string	Common
<i>sobborgo</i>	suburb of the school	string	Common
<i>scuola</i>	name of the school	string	Core

materne_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>Dataset ID</i>	3dd956d1-a376-4e9a-8182-d839de4163dd		
<i>Release date</i>	28-04-2020		
<i>Modification date</i>	31-03-2016		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>Source</i>	https://dati.trentino.it/		
<i>GeoNames URI</i>	http://www.geonames.org/3165243		
<i>Holder</i>	'Nome': 'Provincia autonoma di Trento', 'Code IPA/IVA': 'p-TN'		
<i>Update frequency</i>	unknown		
<i>Format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>WKT</i>	Coordinates in Well-Known Text format	string	Common
<i>civico_alf</i>	civic number	string	Common
<i>destra</i>	street address	string	Common
<i>sobborgo</i>	suburb of the school	string	Common
<i>scuola</i>	name of the school	string	Core

medie_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>Dataset ID</i>	ade37eb8-13af-4584-a965-6765e26f1870		
<i>Release date</i>	28-04-2020		
<i>Modification date</i>	31-03-2016		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>URI di GeoNames</i>	http://www.geonames.org/3165243		
<i>Holder</i>	'Nome': 'Provincia autonoma di Trento', 'Code IPA/IVA': 'p-TN'		
<i>Update frequency</i>	unknown		
<i>Format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>WKT</i>	Coordinates in Well-Known Text format	string	Common
<i>civico_alf</i>	civic number	string	Common
<i>destra</i>	street address	string	Common
<i>sobborgo</i>	suburb of the school	string	Common
<i>scuola</i>	name of the school	string	Core

superiori_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>Release date</i>	19-09-2020		

<i>source</i>	https://www.comunicitta.it/scuole-secondarie-di-secondo-grado/comune-di-trento-22205		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>Update frequency</i>	unknown		
<i>Format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>name</i>	name of the school	string	Core
<i>address</i>	address of the school	string	Common
<i>school type</i>	type of school (public or private)	string	Core
<i>study paths</i>	the study paths offered from the school (comma separated)	string	Core

internet_quality_trento_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>source</i>	www.infratelitalia.it		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-09-09		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>comune</i>	town	string	Common
<i>via</i>	street address	string	Common
<i>civico</i>	civic code	int	Common
<i>barrato</i>	sub-civic code	char	Common
<i>class_19</i>	2019 internet coverage	string	Core
<i>class_22</i>	2022 internet coverage estimation	string	Core

bikesharing_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>source</i>	https://dati.trentino.it/dataset/stazioni-bike-sharing-emotion-trentino		
<i>format</i>	json		
<i>timestamp</i>	2020-10-18		
<i>Dataset ID</i>	p_TN:9b9c14d6-ee20-4802-a274-4c17ac96cdd5		
<i>Temi del dataset</i>	'Trasporti': ['4816 trasporti terrestri', '4806 politica dei trasporti'], 'Energia': ['6626 energia dolce', '6606 politica energetica']		
<i>Dataset publisher</i>	'Nome': 'Servizio Trasporti pubblici', 'Codice IPA/IVA': '00K0PZ'		
<i>Release date</i>	18-11-2014		
<i>Modification date</i>	03-07-2017		
<i>Geographical Coverage</i>	Comune di Trento		
<i>GeoNames URI</i>	http://www.geonames.org/3165241		
<i>Dataset language</i>	italiano		
<i>Holder</i>	'Nome': 'Provincia Autonoma di Trento', 'Codice IPA/IVA': 'p-TN'		
<i>Upload frequency</i>	continuous		
Attributes			
<i>name</i>	name of the bike station	string	Core
<i>address</i>	geographical address of the bike station	string	Common
<i>id</i>	identifier	string	Core
<i>totalSlots</i>	total number of slot bikes	int	Core
<i>position</i>	coordinates of the station	int[2]	Common

stops_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>Dataset Identifier</i>	p-TN: d3c9f167-3271-4a43-b5c1-e0879aa5ad3f		

<i>Dataset Publisher</i>	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT Code': '0OK0PZ'		
<i>Date of modification</i>	2017-10-24		
<i>Geographic coverage</i>	Trento		
<i>URI of GeoNames</i>	https://www.geonames.org/3165241		
<i>Languages of the dataset</i>	Italian		
<i>Holder</i>	Autonomous Province of Trento		
<i>Refresh Rate</i>	Half yearly		
<i>Author</i>	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT': '0OK0PZ'		
<i>Url</i>	https://www.trentinotrasporti.it/opendata/google_transit_urbano.tte.zip		
<i>License</i>	Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)		
<i>License_Type</i>	https://w3id.org/italia/controlled-vocabulary/licences/A21_CCBY40		
<i>Format</i>	txt		
Attributes			
<i>stop_id</i>	identification code of the bus stop	int	Core
<i>stop_code</i>		string	Core
<i>stop_name</i>	name of the bus stop	string	Core
<i>stop_desc</i>		string	Contextual
<i>stop_lat</i>	latitude coordinate of the stop	double	Common
<i>stop_lon</i>	longitude coordinate of the stop	double	Common
<i>zone_id</i>	identification code of the zone	int	Contextual
<i>wheelchair_boarding</i>	number of wheelchair boarding	int	Core

stop_times_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>Dataset Identifier</i>	p.TN: d3c9f167-3271-4a43-b5c1-e0879aa5ad3f		
<i>Dataset Publisher</i>	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT Code': '0OK0PZ'		
<i>Date of modification</i>	2017-10-24		
<i>Geographic coverage</i>	Trento		
<i>URI of GeoNames</i>	https://www.geonames.org/3165241		
<i>Languages of the dataset</i>	Italian		
<i>Holder</i>	Autonomous Province of Trento		
<i>Refresh Rate</i>	Half yearly		
<i>Author</i>	'Name': 'Public Transport Service', 'IPA/VAT': '0OK0PZ'		
<i>Url</i>	https://www.trentinotrasporti.it/opendata/google_transit_urbano.tte.zip		
<i>License</i>	Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)		
<i>License_Type</i>	https://w3id.org/italia/controlled-vocabulary/licences/A21_CCBY40		
<i>Format</i>	txt		
Attributes			
<i>trip_id</i>	identification code of the trip line	int	Contextual
<i>arrival_time</i>	arrival time of the bus in that stop	string	Contextual
<i>departure_time</i>	departure time of the bus in that stop	string	Contextual
<i>stop_id</i>	identification code of the bus stop	int	Core
<i>stop_sequence</i>		int	Core

trails_METADATA.json:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>lastModified</i>	2020-07-02T08:14:00.000Z		
<i>source</i>	www.outdooractive.com		
<i>update_frequency</i>	no update		
<i>geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		

<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>sat_Id</i>	trail id in the SAT registry	string	core
<i>trainType</i>	specifies whether the trail is a hiking, biking or snowshoe trail	string	core
<i>name</i>	name of the trail	string	core
<i>distance</i>	length of the trail	double	core
<i>open</i>	whether the trail is currently open	boolean	core
<i>elevation</i>	contains other 5 attributes (<i>lowestPoint</i> , <i>highestPoint</i> , <i>ascent</i> , <i>descent</i> , <i>chartUrl</i>)	elevationProfile	contextual
<i>estimatedTime</i>	contains other 4 attributes (<i>days</i> , <i>hours</i> , <i>minutes</i> , <i>seconds</i>)	duration	core
<i>startRoute</i>	contains other 2 attributes (<i>altitude</i> , <i>description</i>)	locationPoint	core
<i>endRoute</i>	contains other 2 attributes (<i>altitude</i> , <i>description</i>)	locationPoint	core
<i>route</i>	contains other 2 attributes (<i>description</i> , <i>geoPoints</i>)	route	core
<i>difficulty</i>	description of the trail difficulty	string	contextual
<i>tags</i>	array of tags	array	core
<i>equipment</i>	equipments needed for the trail	String	core
<i>stats</i>	contains other 4 attributes (<i>technique</i> , <i>stamina</i> , <i>experience</i> , <i>landscape</i>)	TrailStats	contextual
<i>grounds</i>	contains other 2 attributes (<i>groundType</i> , <i>percentage</i>)	array	contextual
<i>monthTips</i>	contains other 2 attributes (<i>month</i> , <i>open</i>)	array	core
<i>metadata</i>	contains other 4 attributes (<i>created</i> , <i>lastModified</i> , <i>source</i> , <i>resource</i>)	MetaData	core

skiResorts_currentState_METADATA:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>lastModified</i>	2020-10-24		
<i>source</i>	https://www.skiresort.info/ski-resorts/trentino/		
<i>update_frequency</i>	unknown		
<i>geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>name</i>	contains the name of the ski resort	string	core
<i>open/closed</i>	has the information if the resort is open or noty	string	contextual

skiResorts_static_METADATA:

Dataset Properties	Description	Type	Data Definition
<i>lastModified</i>	2020-10-24		
<i>source</i>	https://www.skiresort.info/ski-resorts/trentino/		
<i>update_frequency</i>	unknown		
<i>geographical Coverage</i>	Provincia di Trento		
<i>format</i>	json		
Attributes			
<i>name</i>	contains the name of the ski resort	string	core
<i>Total lenght</i>	total number of kilometers available in the resort	double	contextual
<i>km blue slope</i>	number of kilometers of blue slopes in the resort	double	contextual
<i>km red slope</i>	number of kilometers of red slopes in the resort	double	contextual
<i>km black slope</i>	number of kilometers of black slopes in the resort	double	contextual
<i>price</i>	Price per person	string	contextual

1.3.2.3 Variance respect Inception datasets

This section aims to define the variance between the data elements (datasets and attributes within them) produced in this phase, and the initial datasets collected in the previous phase. This is a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

Datasets have been filter in order to reduce sparse attributes: in fact, datasets downloaded from Openstreetmap are often messy and many attributes exist only for few objects. Thus, the filtering has been applied manly to Openstreetmap. Also, other information has been taken off in order to remove useless attributes.

A great difference can be also found in park dataset, since it initially included dog parks. It has been chosen to take it off.

Finally, area-ski and bus stop datasets have been integrated with dataset of other groups of work ("Transportation Tomorrow" and "Tourist facilities"). Datasets involved in this collaboration and exchange of data are transportation, ski area and hike path. Particularly, the data provided by transportation group has been integrated with our dataset, which was previously filtered. Actually, datasets that provide information about bus stops are three: `stops.json`, `stop_time.json` and `busstop.json`. On the other hand, ski area and trails datasets have been replaced by the ones provided by tourist facilities group.

The following table shows the difference between dataset in the Scope Definition Inception phase and Informal modeling one.

Dataset	Initial nr. of attributes	Final nr. of attributes
areaski	17	5
bank	71	9
bikesharing	7	5
building	162	3
busstop	43	7
stop time	/	5
stops	/	8
cinema	23	7
city center	28	3
civici web	14	5
climb	73	9
internet quality	15	15
luoghi e punti d'interesse	21	5
school: nursery	12	5
school: elementary	12	5
school: middle	12	5
school: high	4	4
park	82	28
parking	116	11
pharmacy	51	9
piste ciclabili	8	8
post office	49	10
railway	50	4
roads	153	5
skislopes	69	6
supermarket	66	4
trails	193	29

1.3.3 Informal Modeling Evaluation

The last section of the Informal Modeling phase report the evaluation of the outcomes obtained in this phase, through specific evaluation metrics.