



#### DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA E SCIENZA DELL'INFORMAZIONE

- KnowDive Group -

# Tourist Events

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# 1 Knowledge Graph Codebook

The first of the two sections, in the current document, contains the codebook of the whole KG (Knowledge Graph), including the description of all the data and information that it contains.

# 1.1 Knowledge Graph general description

This sub section aims to give a general description of the KG, reporting:

- the context/domain in which the KG lives and works;
- The Problem the KG aims to solve;
- How the KG can solve *The Problem*

#### 1.2 Data level

The data level section aims to describe in details the (final version of) datasets collected and managed by the KG, with a description of each variable involved.

#### 1.2.1 Datasets general details

In this section are reported the metadata at datasets level, so the metadata regarding the sources, the authors, the collection methods, and so on.

#### 1.2.2 Datasets metadata documentation

In this section are reported the metadata at dataset attribute level, through a description of each variable involved in the datasets collected, specifying the variable types, meanings, value-set (possible values), and every other meaningful variable information.

### 1.3 Ontology level

The ontology level section aims to describe the underlying KG ontology, through the description of its elements at each level, reporting so the language, conceptual and schema resources used within it.

## 1.3.1 Ontology general details

This first sub section of the ontology level description, report the general details such as authors, sources and the description of external ontology eventually adopted to generate the final one.

## 1.3.2 Ontology metadata documentation

In this section instead, are reported the more specific metadata describing the single elements of the ontology (terms, concepts, ETypes and relations).

# 1.4 Knowledge Graph Evaluation

In the final section of this first chapter, the KG Evaluation is reported. It aims to describe, through specific metrics, the quality of the overall KG on different aspect, like domain coverage, usability, domain representation, and other meaningful aspects.

# 2 Knowledge Graph Development Process

The second chapter of this document aims to describe, in a detailed way, the KG development process. The sections below describe each phase of the KG building project, reporting for each phase, the description of the datasets and their evolution respect the previous phases, the schema construction which will generate the KG ontology in the end, as well as the description of the procedures adopted to manage the data and finally achieve those results. Moreover for each phase is reported an evaluation section, which aims to evaluate the quality of the results achieved at the end of each phase.

# 2.1 Scope Definition

## 2.1.1 Purpose

Aside from experiencing beautiful sights of nature, a tourist is supposed to be amused and entertained by local festivals, concerts, visiting historical areas, monuments, restaurants and any other engaging events organized inside the territory he or she is travelling. To pick up the best set of events for a tourist to participate can be achieved by inspecting the adequate reviews from the previous tourists for each event. Nonetheless, this gives rise to two significant challenges. First, the tourist, for a given period, has to stack up the activities corresponding to his or her interest, as a result of choosing the most compatible ones from each of the event categories, such as points of interest to visit, films to watch, restaurants to dine at, community meetings, and other events. Second, assuming the combination the tourist favors the most is found, optimal arrangement of those events in the best possible chronological order is needed. For instance, one cannot be expected to leave for another event while the current activity is still ongoing or the location of the next one is too far. With a simple observation, it is effortless to tell a pair of combinatorial and permutation tasks by a machine could solve these manual optimizations as long as there is a coherently schematized knowledge graph associated to a different set of datasets concerning diverse event contexts. Therefore, this project is aimed at coming up with a solution to the data heterogeneity problem described above by means of designing a knowledge graph which will integrate data about various tourism events, basing on the locality, time, individual behaviour patterns and interaction preferences in order for the tourist to easily enlist a perfect sequence of events.

#### 2.1.2 Scope of work

Considering the amount of data we have found, size of the end application, time we are assigned, we have decided to integrate datasets, on the scope of only the city of Trento, composed of points of interests, restaurants, shops, hotels, monuments to visit, their ratings and reviews from TripAdvisor, movies from cinemas, special public events, festivals, concerts and sport activities.

#### 2.1.3 Scenarios of usages

Tourist events are one of the exciting experiences everyone would love to explore during their lifetime. Getting to feed your eyes with what you may have never seen or what your eyes love to see most, one can receive a sense of refreshment and containment at a personal level depending on an individual idiosyncrasies. However, this experience can be more memorable if the answers of what, when, why and how to attain them are fully tackled. Let us discover more with the help of the following personas we present:

- Sofia: An international student to study at University of Trento through the Erasmus+ program, being always busy on weekdays throughout the day. She always decides to go the theater near the train station of Trento, to watch night films on Friday nights as a way to refreshing her mind after a long week of class work. She is fond of two activities at weekend: patronizing flea markets to collect merchandises, which would later become reminiscent of the particular local areas she had visited to and being entertained by different theatrical performances depending on the mood she is in. For the five months period, the catalogues of merchandises up for sale, whose arrangements are organized on a certain day in a specific commune in Trentino, and the typologies of theatrical events with the associated descriptions would facilitate her scheduling while keeping her academic development intact. In addition, her lack of familiarity with the language and the country's historical contexts would deter her comprehensive understanding of some performances, a few categories such as ballet, opera or circus events which don't require prior information and are mostly universally interpreted activities could be optimal. Lastly, while attending events wherein varieties of local hand-made products not to be found on websites like amazon are available for sale, she is also captivated by cuisine exhibitions being organized close to the area where she is.
- Tojo: a Japanese novelist, a tourist who happens to come to the province of Trentino Alto-Adige in hopes of discovering fresh sources of materials to serve as an essential foundation in his creation of new character personalities and subtle environmental atmosphere. Unfortunately, he is stay in here all November, leaving him no choice, but to detect art exhibitions to be organized in this region during his stay, in diversity of forms like monuments, scientific installations, abstract arts, and geometric abstractions, from different times such as S.P.Q.R legacies, religious extremism of dark ages, renaissance, enlightenment and contemporary arts. On top of that, he is expecting to participate in guided excursions like a bicycle trip or a hiking around the mountainous areas in an effort not to lose the precious time exploring which could be the most favourable paths, and to receive interactive explanations from the tour guide regarding the places of which he would stop to take pictures. Although the ideal travel routes he prioritizes would be better off being compact, the randomness of context would play a huge part in giving him an authentic novel inspirations
- Davide: Davide is a single working man he lives in Archo at the heart of Garda Trentino, being a single man he boasts his social life away from work by attending most of the events organised within as a way of beating boredom and making friends. Staying in Archo has even made this easier and more interesting since it is one the destinations for one of the refreshing holiday events. However, this leaves him with a dilemma of which event to attend as regards time, venue ,ambience hence he is always confused and sometimes makes wrong decisions. He prefers going for mountain biking over the Saturday since it is his day off from work. One day he missed it yet it's one of his favourite events, just because he forgot the start time. Being a curious passion Davide wants to know more about his culture and history, so once in while to attends cultural exhibitions where he is able to have a taste of different people's way of life. Christmas shopping is one of the things he enjoys doing and since he prefers celebrating this season with his family which is far away from the prominent

Christmas markets, he decides to do his shopping earlier and takes the items shopped along with him. While in the eve of Christmas Davide enjoys taking having a memorable time with his family and friends so he organises them and takes them out on family festivals within his locality. With this he has to find out the most convenient and available means of transport for all of them to and from the event.

• Antonio: A married man with three kids, he is an Italian native working and living in Trento together with his family, his wife works in Rovereto. Every after three months the couple gets work leaves to spend some precious time together with their children, after a long period of hectic schedules. They prefer attending most of the tourist events available during that period when they are free as a way of bonding more with their children and creating precious memories to remember. His wife shopping from flea markets mostly clothing for their children and some domestic stuff for the family which she does once every two weeks. During the Christmas period they enjoy going to shop in different markets in hunt for the best and affordable items to make their celebrations colourful and fun. The family enjoys movie nights too most especially over on Saturdays, however they prefer a movie which does not take too long to become boring and besides that they don't wish to travel with their children late at night during the cold. Sometimes they invite their friend their international friends to join them, so for this case they would prefer to watch a movie that is translated to English or fully in English since they too understand English. As a way of bonding with other families they once in while attend family festivals were their kids can get to interact with others and they also share family experiences and learn from each other.

Name	Age	Interests	Usages	Description
Sofia	20	Movies, Market exhibitions,	Detecting public expos dis-	Sophia, as expected from an
		dance and opera perfor-	played nearby, categorizing	international student, cannot
		mances	theatrical performances set	speak Italian that well, also
			by different aspects	she's devoid of any cultural
				background. So, she could
				use the system for determin-
				ing which performances are
				more universally understand-
				able as well as quite enjoyable
				within the tight budget of a
				regular student.
Tojo	42	Guided tour, museum and	Using the system to identify	Optimization of his time can
		other art exhibitions, gallery	most productive, yet the least	be easily resolved by the sys-
		tour	time-consuming guided tours	tem. But he also might want
				to use the typology of event
				and a certain keyword to suit
				the application for his best
				need.

Davide	30	Italian cultural events, family	Event division by topics of	To be enjoyed by public
		meetings, public events	discussion, detecting family	events doesn't require any-
			meetings, overcoming lan-	thing linguistic. However,
			guage barrier	it is substantial that people
				coming to the meetings whose
				topics might interest him can
				comprehend and communi-
				cate to him.
Antonio	39	Weekly, monthly or flea mar-	Searching local expos, cata-	The system may be utilized
		ket expo, hand-made product	loguing movie list for his fam-	for finding variety of types
		demonstration, movies	ily	of movies for all age groups
				within a given period. Also,
				it would be useful to pick
				up shows and entertainment
				for children while on a tour
				around the city.

# 2.2 Inception

This section is dedicated to the Inception phase description. Here are reported the initial definitions for CQs (Competency Queries), initial datasets collected and the relative metadata. For each of those elements the procedures and the tools adopted to achieve the results, have to be reported in the sections below.

# 2.2.1 Competency Queries

In order to round up a collection of **etypes** and their properties, we will make use of the following table of competency queries as to what could possibly be question instances parameterized in terms of generic questions by persona and its systemized implementations.

Persona	№	Generalized Question	Action
Sofia	1.1	Give the list of all flea market events being	Retrieve a set of all records categorized un-
		organized in Trentino next day.	der flea market given the current date and no
			constraint for the selection of commune.
Sofia	1.2	Process the trade fair market available nearby	Return the trade fair market to be available
			within the closest vicinity of Trento geograph-
			ically by tomorrow
Sofia	1.3	Process the list of weekly market being orga-	Some markets operate on one specific day of
		nized at the weekends	weeks. Restriction on a day would definitely
			reduces the number of choices to visit.
Sofia	1.4	Process the markets to be in attendance until	Return the list of markets in descending order
		the evening.	of being closed the latest to the earliest before
			8:00PM.

Sofia	1.5	Process whether there are ballet performances in Auditorium Fausto Melotti Rovereto	Suggest, if there exists any, entertainment events with type equal to the number corresponding to 'ballet' and the property nameTheatre set to 'Auditorium Fausto Melotti Rovereto'.
Sofia	1.6	Process and order the stack of theatrical performances in the next week according to their durations in the descending order	After the selection of entertainment events within the interval of next Monday and next Sunday, there would be subtraction of start-Date from endDate to extract durations, which would be ordered and returned.
Sofia	1.7	Process the average costs associated with generic event organizers.	Group all the events according to their organizers in order to aggregate and average their costs for every organizer.
Sofia	1.8	Process the top 5 exhibitions scheduled in terms of spatial and temporal proximity	Extract and retrieve the top 5 records containing the pairs of differences of the current time and location from the ones of the events whose category falls under 'exhibition/mostre'.
Sofia	1.9	Process the cheapest plays in the Teatro di Villazzano in November	Not all the plays have their price metadata extracted. Therefore, return the top 5 shows having the minimum prices in a specified theatre or a place chosen.
Sofia	1.10	Process the dance and performances whose cast include Michela Murgia.	Return the records if the director, music composer, conductor, or production attributes contain the name provided, 'Michela Murgia'.
Sofia	1.11	Process the list of movies shown on Friday night in Trento.	A list of movies shown between 19:00 o'clock and 24:00 o'clock on Friday in Trento theater, ranked by price.
Sofia	1.12	Process the locations and availability of the markets where local delicacies and handicraft products are presented.	Extract all the events with types belonging to 'mercati', in combination with market entities to be filtered for the handcrafted items sold there.
Sofia	1.13	Process the expositions to be arranged in Le Gallerie di Piedicastello next month.	Return all the details, including title, descriptions, cost, contact information, subject matters, regarding the exhibitions/mostre to be displayed in the given building structure for the following month.

Sofia	1.14	Process the locations of the buildings hosting scientific meetings.	Derive the geographical locations of struc- tures with respect to events whose subject matters are mapped to one of: archeology, astrophysics, scientific conferences or gadget expositions.
Sofia	1.15	Process a pair of events which can be attended successively in one day.	Although most of the events are held in Trento, there are several communes to be taken into account. Thus, excluding some special events like markets, the procedure can derive combinations of dual events, whose periods are not overlapped.
Sofia	1.16	Process the distributions of theatrical performance types being arranged in the following 3 months.	Cluster the events with respect to each of three following months, calculating the fre- quencies of each event type for every month, and return the density bars for each cluster.
Sofia	1.17	Process all the painting demonstrations concerned with contemporary and modern arts.	Judging from the apparent absence of critical entries in the dataset, the abstract or description fields must be closely monitored on whether they contain the keywords and their synonyms.
Sofia	1.18	Process distributions of average costs of performances over host buildings and retrieve the buildings whose mean costs are under 20 euro.	Return the building info, the average cost and its standard deviation for every grouped structured having mean prices under 20 euro.
Tojo	2.1	Process all the buildings within the vicinity of 500-metre radius.	Upon extracting the current location, find and return all the hosting construction information with Euclidean displacement lower than 500 metres.
Tojo	2.2	Process frequencies of events according to buildings and weeks in the next month.	Calculate the joint event-counts of a particular hosting structure in a given week of all the 4 weeks of the following month.
Tojo	2.3	Process the events with thematic background revolving around war, sorrow and despair.	Prepare a set of synonymous terms reflecting sorrow and despair and find demonstrations with descriptions accommodating any of those labels.
Tojo	2.4	Process and sort the number of points to visit in 6-hour tour for each of the guided events.	Filtering out the events whose duration last lesser than 360 minutes, the system would count the points of visit in the route for every tour, and return the sorted list of the events according to the frequencies.

Tojo	2.5	Process and identify all the guided tours that	From the sequence of routes along the tour,
		contain museums and order by the times dif-	number of types of museums to be visited are
		ferent types of museums appear.	counted, weighting each guided tour event to
			be ordered in a descending way.
Tojo	2.6	Process all the guided tour events with sunny	Depending on the seasons, the system could
		weather and above 10 degree celcius.	adjust degrees differently, giving only the
			dates whose weather is above that certain
			threshold, with their respective tour specifi-
			cations.
Tojo	2.7	Process guided tours leading to the moun-	Assuming there is no obvious label such as
		tainous areas and transpiring within not more	'mountain', it would be better to search
		than 4 hours.	along the mountain name list we prepare and
			roughly match the destination or the interme-
			diary stops.
Tojo	2.8	Process transport means between the selected	Extract ending time of the first and the start-
		concert and the festival.	ing time of the second after which one is the
			first play, find the identifications of buses to
			reach the nearest bus location to the destina-
			tion of the second event.
Tojo	2.9	Process and order the tourist sites residing at	Upon discovery of the sites at the mountains,
		the mountains according to their rankings.	extract their ratings and number of reviewers
			who voted and return them with the rating
			variances.
Tojo	2.10	Process feasible transport means and return	Assuming the system can manage to pinpoint
		them in combination with their prices and ex-	the nearest bus or train stations to the des-
		pected travel duration.	tination, then it must return the transport
			vehicles with their ids, prices, and duration
			time for travel in an ascending order.
Davide	3.1	Give the list of hiking events within Trento.	Returns a list all hiking events by listing the
	0.0	0.1.0 0	mountain and dates and time
Davide	3.2	Give the list of Hiking events that take place	Retrieves the events under category hiking
201100	3.2	over the weekends.	and date equal to Saturday or Sunday.
Davide	3.3	Give the list of cultural Exhibitions in Trento	Returns a list of event category Exhibitions
201100	3.0	in the month of December	by name, venue and date for the month of
			December
Davide	3.4	Give the list of bus stations nearest to a given	Suggests the possible bus stations by station
Davide	0.4	Christmas Market to my residence	"name", "bus number" and "time" for the
		Chilabilias Market to my residence	next bus
Davide	2 5	Cive the list of mountain biling events within	
Davide	3.5	Give the list of mountain biking events within	Retrives all the events with type "mountain biline"
		Trentino	biking".

Davide	3.6	Give me the list of all mountains within	Retrieves all the mountains only within
		Trentino.	Trentino that are not so high and more convenient for hiking.
Davide	3.7	Give a list of family festivals in the month of	Retrieves all the events with type family fes-
		December	tival from the list of family events.
Davide	3.8	Give a list of family festivals in the month of	Retrieves all the events with type family fes-
		December	tival from the list of family events.
Davide	3.9	Give a list of all events in Trentino in the	Retrieves all the events with type family fes-
		month of December	tival from the list of family events.
Antonio	4.1	List all the Christmas markets in Trentino	Displays all the Christmas markets by return-
			ing attributes "name" , "date" and "loca-
			tion".
Antonio	4.2	Give a list of Christmas markets in Rovereto	Displays the attributes "name" and "loca-
		that take place over the weekend	tion" of only the Christmas markets that take
			place on Sunday and Saturday
Antonio	4.3	Give the closest Christmas market from my	Suggests the nearest Christmas markets de-
		residence	pending on the location of the user by listing
			their name and "location", "date" and "du-
			ration".
Antonio	4.4	Give the list of Christmas markets that oper-	The system retrieves only the markets with
		ate beyond midday	duration greater than 12:00 o clock
Antonio	4.5	Give the list of other weekly markets within	Display all the markets that take place every
		Trento?	week coupled with their location and duration
Antonio	4.6	Locate the market running on Thursdays?	The system will show a map directing them
			to the market on that particular day.
Antonio	4.7	Give the list of cultural festivals within	A list of cultural festivals will be displayed
		Trentino?	which will include the regions they are taking
			place, the date and time.
Antonio	4.8	Give the list of theatrical events within Trento	Retrieves a list of concerts, movie nights , ac-
			cording to their titles, venue and time
Antonio	4.9	Give a list of movies that do not take more	Retrieves all movies whose duration is less
		than 2 hours to watch	than 2 hours to watch by movie title.
Antonio	5.0	Give a list of movies that are translated to	Retrieves all the list of event type movies lan-
		English	guage is both Italian and English
Antonio	5.1	Give a list of family events that take place	Retrieves all the list of events with type Fam-
		over the weekends	ily that are to occur either on Sunday of Sat-
			urday
Antonio	5.2	Give list of available public transport means	Retrieves train, bus stations from a given
		to the nearest Family event	point to the nearest family event.

NUM TYPES PROPERTIES
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1:1-2-3-4-5	Market	type
1:11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18	Movie	genre, price
1:1-2-3-4-5-9-11-17-18, 2:1-2-3-7	Address	province, city, village, street, number, CAP
1:1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-11 2:5-6	Period	starting date, ending date
1:4-14, 2:8	Duration	duration per day
1:6-7-8-9-10	Performance	type, price
1:10-16-18	Actor/Actress/director	name
2:2	Shop	type, offer
2:1-5-7-8-9	Exhibition	type, content
2:3-4-6	Cycle Route	type

## 2.2.2 Initial Datasets description

Since we are focusing on the events being organised in Trento, we decided to work with the local datasets. To retrieve the local events we have chosen the website <a href="www.trentino.com">www.trentino.com</a>, listing various events like 'Farmer's markets', 'Festivals', 'Guided tours' etc. being held in the Trento area on a given date. The listed events contain information on the dates, timings and location with exact longitudes and latitudes of the event with the relevant contact information. Another important category of tourist event is cinema. So, we utilized the website <a href="www.crushsite.it">www.crushsite.it</a>. It is an on-line agenda of culture, art and entertainment. It contains the events organized in Trentino and the main initiatives of Alto Adige, some sector news, the files of over ninety regional cultural subjects involved in the project. The website provides details of the cinema being released in the local theatres with the details on the movie's cast, director, language, genre, duration in minutes and the most important address of the theatre and the ticket booking information. To gather more data on the evnets organized in Trento we used another website <a href="www.visittrentino.info">www.visittrentino.info</a> which presents a list of events with their start and end dates, timings, address, type of the events, organizer's contact information, location in lat/long etc.

#### 2.2.3 Datasets metadata documentation

#### 2.2.4 Datasets collection process

The data required for building a knowledge graph on the tourist events is not readily available on the web, hence we decided to use web-scraping techniques to retrieve the data from the websites listed in section 2.2.2 by writing a script in Python. To do so we have used the 'BeautifulSoup' package which is a Python package for parsing HTML and XML documents. As the first step we identified the relevant websites which have information on local events. We narrowed down to three websites as explained in section 2.2.2 and decided to extract a list of all the events till December 2020. In the second step we collected all the hyperlinks of all the events in a list. These hyperlinks contain detailed information of the event which we need to extract. Now, as the final step we identified the important attributes like the name, place, time, location, type of the event etc. from these hyperlinks which will define our queries and the script extracted the values of these attributes one by one from the hyperlinks. This assured systemic data extraction and uniformity in the datasets.

#### 2.2.5 Inception level evaluation

As a result of having comparisons between the datasets currently at our disposal that we have scraped and the competency query sets, we have estimated that the coverage is around 0.23% and the flexibility 76.31%.

# 2.3 Informal Modeling

This section is dedicated to the Informal Modeling phase description. The Section is divided in Schema and Data level in order to report the details of the elements involved in the generation of the schema, as well as the description of the datasets evolution in this phase. Moreover a specif section, one for each level, reports the difference between the elements defined in this phase and the definitions in the previous phase, analyzing in this way the variance in the different phases.

#### 2.3.1 Schema level

The schema level in this phase report the first informal definition of the ETypes and of the EER model constructed using them.

#### 2.3.1.1 ETypes and EER Model definition

This section reports an informal definition of the ETypes involved in the datasets collected in the previous phase. This section includes a list of metadata associated to each of the elements generated.

#### 2.3.1.2 Variance respect CQs definition

This section aims to define the variance between the schema elements produced in this phase, and the definition of the CQs reported in the previous phase. This a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

#### 2.3.2 Data level

The data level section in this phase reports the evolution of the datasets collected previously, reporting the metadata information for each new data, or new version of data, obtained.

#### 2.3.2.1 Datasets management process

During the Informal Modeling phase the datasets collected in the previous phase are filtered and managed in order to obtain more suitable sets of data. In this section are described the procedures adopted to obtain that result.

#### 2.3.2.2 Datasets metadata documentation

In this section is reported a list of new metadata in order to describe the modification performed on each datasets and attribute, to achieve the new version of the datasets. The meta data for the various datasets collected is described as below;

#### Trentino Events

This dataset contains several events covering the Trentino region. These events consists of the following attributes, event title, event type, event date, duration, location,

Information	Description	
Dataset Identifier		
Dataset Publisher	Name: Trentino Marketing S.r.l ,Tax code and VAT: 02341860225	
Geographical coverage	Trentino Region	
Date of Modification		
Language	Italian	
Ownership	Autonomous Province of Trento	
Author	Trentino Sviluppo S.p.A.	
URL	https://www.visittrentino.info/en/guide/events	
Licence		
Format	JSON	

# Rovereto Events

Information	Description	
Dataset Identifier		
Dataset Publisher	Name: Peer S.r.l ,VAT code: IT02654890215	
Geographical coverage	Rovereto Region	
Date of Modification	Mon, 13 Jul 2020 07:59:07 GMT	
Language	Italian	
Ownership		
Author		
URL	https://www.trentino.com/en/trentino/vallagarina/rovereto/events/	
Licence		
Format	JSON	

# Flea Markets

Information	Description	
Dataset Identifier		
Dataset Publisher	Name: Peer S.r.l ,VAT code: IT02654890215	
Geographical coverage	Trentino Regions	
Date of Modification		
Language	English	
Ownership		
Author		
URL	https://www.trentino.com/en/leisure-activities/markets-fairs-and-shopping/events/	
Licence		
Format	JSON	

# Family Events

Information	Description	
Dataset Identifier	http://www.trentinofamiglia.it/api/opendata/v2/classes/event	
Dataset Publisher		
Geographical coverage	Trentino Regions	
Date of Modification	2019-11-19	
Language	Italian	
Ownership	Chiara Sartori	
Author		
URL	http://www.trentinofamiglia.it/api/opendata/v2/content/read/48703	
Licence		
Format	JSON	

## Theatrical Events

Information	Description
Dataset Identifier	
Dataset Publisher	
Geographical coverage	
Date of Modification	
Language	
Ownership	
Author	
URL	
Licence	
Format	

#### 2.3.2.3 Variance respect Inception datasets

This section aims to define the variance between the data elements (datasets and attributes within them) produced in this phase, and the initial datasets collected in the previous phase. This a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

#### 2.3.3 Informal Modeling Evaluation

The last section of the Informal Modeling phase report the evaluation of the outcomes obtained in this phase, through specif evaluation metrics.

## 2.4 Formal Modeling

This section is dedicated to the Formal Modeling phase description. The Section is divided in Schema and Data level in order to report the details regarding both the ontology generated and the datasets version in the current phase.

#### 2.4.1 Schema level

The schema level section in the current phase, reports the detailed description of the ontology generation.

## 2.4.1.1 Ontology definition

This section reports in details how the ontology is generated stating from the informal schema of the previous phase, which tools are used to do that, as well as usage of external ontology resources adopted to obtain the final KG ontology. Moreover a list of metadata is reported in this section, in order to describe all the elements of the ontology defined.

#### 2.4.1.2 Variance respect to the EER Model

Once the ontology has been built, this section report the differences, and so the variance, respect the EER model defined in the previous phase. This a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

#### 2.4.2 Data level

As in the previous phase the data level section here, reports the description of the new version of the datasets, after formatting operations.

## 2.4.2.1 Formal Modeling datasets management

In this section are reported the operations and the tools adopted to format the dataset collected, in order to align them to the ontology definitions generated at schema level.

#### 2.4.2.2 Datasets metadata documentation

In this section eventually new metadata information are added in order to describe the evolution of the datasets.

## 2.4.2.3 Variance respect Informal Modeling datasets

This section aims to define the variance between the data elements (datasets and attributes within them) produced in this phase, and the initial datasets collected in the previous phase. This a way to define the quality of the outcomes for the current phase as well as the alignment of the overall project development process.

#### 2.4.3 Formal Modeling Evaluation

The last section of the Formal Modeling phase report the nnnnnnnn evaluation of the outcomes obtained in this phase, through specif evaluation metrics.

## 2.5 Data integration

This section is dedicated to the Data Integration phase description.

## 2.5.1 Data integration operations and tool

This section is dedicated to the description of the usage of the data integration tool that allows to map the datasets generated and well formatted in the previous phases, with the final ontology generated. The last datasets adaptation performed using the tool, as well as the mapping operation are here detailed.

## 2.5.2 Variance respect Formal Modeling datasets

The last section of the data integration phase aims to describe the variance, analyzing the differences, between the datasets integrated with the ontology, in the data integration platform which contain the KG, and the datasets collected in the previous phase. This analysis can highlight the results of the operations performed during the final phase of the data integration process.