Canada

Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere

* The proportion of the population living below the extreme poverty line was approximately 0.5% in 2013.

Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

* The proportion of the population suffering from hunger was less than 2.5% in 2015.
* The share of overweight children under age 5 was 10% in 2004.

Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

* The maternal mortality ratio was 7 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2015.
* The mortality rate of children under age 5 was 5.1 per 1,000 live births in 2017.
* The risk of dying between the ages of 30 and 70 from one of four main non-communicable diseases (NCDs) - cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease - fell from 14% in 2000 to 9.8% in 2016.

Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

* The proportion of seats held by women in single or lower houses of parliament increased from 21% in 2000 to 27% in 2018.

Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

* In 2015, 77% of the population used a "safely managed" sanitation service - a basic facility that safely disposes of human waste, up from 73% in 2000.

Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

* The proportion of the population with access to electricity was 100% in 2016.
* In 2016, more than 95% of the population relied primarily on clean fuels and technology.

Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

* The annual growth rate of real gross domestic product (GDP) per capita was 0.52% in 2016.
* The total unemployment rate was 7% in 2016.

Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

* The carbon dioxide emissions per unit of GDP decreased from 0.46 kilograms in 2000 to 0.36 kilograms in 2015.
* In 2014, investment in research and development (R&D) stood at 1.6% of GDP, a decline from 1.9% in 2000.
* In 2016, 99% of the population was in range of at least a second-generation (2G) cellular signal, up from 90% in 2000.

Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries

* In 2017, 55% of GDP was from labour, comprising wages and social protection transfers, a decline from 56% in 2000.

Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

* In 2016, the annual population-weighted average mean concentration of fine suspended particles of less than 2.5 microns in diameters (PM2.5) was about 6.5 micrograms per cubic metre. This is below the maximum level for safety set by WHO of 10 micrograms per cubic metre.

Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

* As of 2013, Canada has developed national and local disaster reduction strategies.

Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

* In 2017, 0.87% of the marine environment under national jurisdiction (up to 200 nautical miles from shore) was under protection.

Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

* Land area covered by forest was 38% in 2015.
* The average proportion of freshwater key biodiversity areas (KBAs) covered by protected areas was 21% in 2018.
* The average proportion of terrestrial key biodiversity areas (KBAs) covered by protected areas was 26% in 2018.

Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

* In 2016, the intentional homicide rate was 1.7 per 100,000 population.
* In 2011, there were about 100% of children under age 5 whose births were registered with a civil authority.

Goal 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

* As of 2017, Canada has developed national statistical plans that are fully funded.
* In 2016, the inflow of personal remittances was 0.09% of GDP.
* In 2016, fixed-broadband internet penetration reached 37% of the population, up from 4.6% in 2000.

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Note (1): This fact sheet was prepared by the UN Statistics Division on selected indicators. More data and information are available in the Sustainable Development Goal Indicators Database (http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/).

Note (2): Some Goals may have been omitted from this profile due to a lack of data availability.