Tuvalu

Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

* The mortality rate of children under age 5 fell from 42 per 1,000 live births in 2000 to 25 per 1,000 live births in 2017.

Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

* In 2015, 96% of children participated in pre-primary or primary education in the year prior to the official entrance age for primary school.

Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

* In 2007, 9.9% of women aged 20 to 24 reported that they were married before their eighteenth birthday.
* The proportion of seats held by women in single or lower houses of parliament increased from 0% in 2000 to 6.7% in 2018.

Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

* In 2015, 9% of the population used a "safely managed" sanitation service - a basic facility that safely disposes of human waste.

Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

* The proportion of the population with access to electricity increased from 94% in 2000 to 99% in 2016.
* In 2016, 50% of the population relied primarily on clean fuels and technology.

Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

* The annual growth rate of real gross domestic product (GDP) per capita declined from 12% in 2000 to 2.1% in 2016.
* The total unemployment rate was 6.5% in 2002.

Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

* In 2016, the annual population-weighted average mean concentration of fine suspended particles of less than 2.5 microns in diameters (PM2.5) was about 11 micrograms per cubic metre. This is above the maximum level for safety set by WHO of 10 micrograms per cubic metre.

Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

* In 2017, 0.01% of the marine environment under national jurisdiction (up to 200 nautical miles from shore) was under protection.

Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

* Land area covered by forest was 33% in 2015.

Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

* In 2012, the intentional homicide rate was 19 per 100,000 population.
* In 2007, there were about 50% of children under age 5 whose births were registered with a civil authority.

Goal 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

* In 2016, the inflow of personal remittances was 12% of GDP, down from 32% in 2001.
* In 2016, fixed-broadband internet penetration reached 9% of the population, up from 0.52% in 2004.

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Note (1): This fact sheet was prepared by the UN Statistics Division on selected indicators. More data and information are available in the Sustainable Development Goal Indicators Database (http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/).

Note (2): Some Goals may have been omitted from this profile due to a lack of data availability.