

Upendhar
Single Point Solution

Software Developer Intern

Objectives



Manual Testing

Test Plan

Test Case

Test Case Review

Defect Report



Automation Testing

Login Functionality

Folder Structure

Data Driven Testing

HTML Reports

Allure Reports



Mobile Testing

Android studio

VYsor

AVD & APK



CI/CD

Jenkins

GIT

GIT Hub

Setups

Selenium P	ython	4.26.1
------------	-------	--------

- ☐ PyCharm 2024.3
- ☐ Allure Reports 2.29.0
- ☐ Unit Test 4.1.2
- ☐ PYTest 7.10.2
- ☐ Node JS v23.4.0



Manual Testing

Manual testing is a software testing approach where testers manually evaluate software or application quality without the help of automated testing tools or test scripts. Testers interact with the system like how an end user would identify bugs, defects, and issues in the software that create friction in user experience.

Test Deliverables

- 1.Test Plan
- 2.Test Case
- 3.Defect Report

Features

Join now

Sign in

Sending connection Request

Creating post

Job search

Add Skills

URL customization

LinkedIn Portal

1. Test Plan Identifier

File Name: 1.0_LinkedIn_tplan_v1.0.doc

Location: Hyderabad

2. Document History

REV	Author	Edits	Date
1.0	Upendhar,Team Leader,Project Manager	Initial Draft	12/12/2024
			_

3. Intorduction

LinkedIn is the world's largest professional networking platform. It is designed to connect professionals across industries, allowing them to showcase their skills, experience, and accomplishments while building relationships with others in their field.

Launched in **2003**, LinkedIn is widely used for professional networking, job searching, and sharing industry insights.

4. Features to be Tested

Medium priority features are features that have been stable and High Priority features are features that have been recently changed.

Feature To be Tested	Priority	Comments
Join now	High	
Sign in	High	
Sending Connection Request	Medium	
Creating Post	High	
Job Search	High	
Add Skills	Medium	
URL Customization	Low	

5.Features NOT to be Tested

Help contents will not be tested.

Installation and presentation will not be tested.

Support of the other architecture also will not be tested

6.Test Strategy

The test strategy for LinkedIn.1.0 will include manual testing with automated testing where time/need permits. Automated testing selenium with python will be used to test the basic Interface objects, keyboard and mouse naviga-

tion or any redundant tasks best translated to automation. Automated testing will be limited to a Win-64 platform because of Automation tool limitations.

- Sanity test will include an very short battery of tests to ensure the LinkedIn1.0 runs/launches and can connect to the back end database.
 Test execution will happen as individual component testing. These tests will be fully automated.
- Acceptance tests will include a short battery of tests that will only touch major features to ensure LinkedIn1.0 will operate smoothly at a basic level. These tests will be executed on Windows 11, Windows NT 4, The goal will be to automate all of these tests.
- Full Functional tests will include a comprehensive test of all features listed in this document. These test will include automation with time allowing.

Functionality Testing

- Profile management: Creating, updating, and deleting profiles.
- Connections: Sending, accepting, and rejecting connection requests.
- Messaging: Sending, receiving, and managing messages.
- Job search: Applying for jobs, saving jobs, and viewing recommendations.
- Content sharing: Posting updates, articles, and multimedia.

Usability Testing

The usability testing will be accomplished by verifying the information in each window are accurate. Menus, icons and toolbar functionality will be tested as applicable to the navigation and results panes. Multi Window Overlapping will be tested because product supports opening of multiple documents.

Robustness/Reliability Testing

Test the GUI for correct keyboard and mouse navigation, windows, menus, buttons, etc. These tests will include Keyboard only navigation of LinkedIn. 1.0, Mouse only navigation. Correctness and existence of warning/error dialog boxes. The correct/expected functionality of buttons, icons and menus **Stress Testing**

Not applicable

7. Test Deliverables

Test plan 1.0_LinkedIn_tplan.doc
Test Specification 1.0_LinkedIn_tspec.doc

Test Automation Testing is Used TBD
Test Checklist TBD
Test Logs TBD

Test tools Selenium Suite, JIRA

8. Testing Tasks & Resource Needs

Use of MS ACCESS database.

Write Manual Test plan.

Write Test Scenario.

Write Test Cases

Setup workspace.

Develop Test script.

Intel: Intel ~400mz, with 96mb* of Ram for NT workstation client. Intel ~400mz, with 64mb *of Ram for 98 workstation client. (* Automation needs an additional 128MBs to function)

9.Schedule

Test Documentation

Document	Develop	ment Time	Sign-off Date	Dependencies	
	Person-Days	Completion Date			
Test Plan	1 day	Today	09/12/24	Functional Spec. Review	
Test Specifications	1days			Test plan, Functional Spec, Review	
Test Logs TBD					
Test Summary Report	TBD				
Checklist	TBD				

Test Development

Deliverable	Develop	ment Time	Dependencies
	Person-Days	Completion Date	
Functional Test Suite	1		
Automation build			

Test Execution

Test Activity	Execu	Dependencies		
	Alpha	Beta	FCS	
Acceptance	1 Days	1 Days	1 Days	

	Test Activity	Ехеси	Execution Time (Person-Days)			
Functional	Functionality	1	1			
	Usability	All High to				
	Robustness	Medium test cases				
	Stress					
	Multi Inst.					
Regression						
Documentation Review		1?	1?	1?		
Total Test Cycle		1	1	1		

10.Issues/Risk and Contingencies

Risks:

Environment Instability: Delays in setting up the test environment could impact the schedule- VM is not working port no.-5103

Resource Availability: Limited availability of testers could delay test execution.

Late Requirement Changes: Changes in requirements during the testing phase could lead to additional testing efforts.

Contingencies:

Backup Resources: Have backup resources ready to join the testing effort if required.

Flexible Schedule: Allocate buffer time in the schedule to accommodate unexpected delays.

Regular Communication: Hold daily stand-up meetings to quickly address any issues that arise

11.Approvals

POSITION	NAME	SIGNATURE	REVIEWED	APPROVAL
*Approval required				
Tech Lead	Upendhar		Raghavendra BN	Raghavendra BN
Project Manager	Upendhar		Raghavendra BN	Raghavendra BN
Client Approval	Upendhar		Raghavendra BN	Raghavendra BN

Presented By:

A.Upendhar

End of document

Test Case Document

	А	В	C	D	E	F	G	н		J
1	Requirement ID	Scenario ID	Test Case ID	Test Case Title	Precondition	Test Data	Test Steps	Expected Result	Actual result	Status
2	S1_001	T_001	T_001 A	Verify Join now functionality	User Should have valid Email Id	URL- https://www.linkedin.com/signup Email - aaa@gmail.com Password - ***** First name - Upendhar Last name - A	1.open the chrome wrobser 2.Enter the URL 3.click join now hyperlink 4.Enter the Email 5.Enter the password 6.click agree button 7.Enter the first name and last name 8.Solve the puzzle for security verification 9.Enter the Location 10.click next Button 11.Enter most Recent Job title 12.click continue Button 13.Enter the code sent to the Email 14.Click Agree and continue check box 15.click Next 16.Enter the job title and job location 17.Click the I'm open to remote work Check box 18.click the next button 19.Account has been created Successfully	User's account should crated Successfully		Passed
3	S2_001	T_002	T_002 A	Verify Sign in functionality using Email or Phone number	User is registered in LinkedIn	URL- https://www.Linkedin.com/login Email - aaa@gmail.com Password - *****	1.Open the chrome browser 2.Enter the URL 3.Click on the sign in button in the top right corner 4.Enter the Email or phone number	User is successfully logged in and can access their account		

\$3_00 4	1 Т_003	T_003 A	Verify Job Search Functionality	User should Signed into LinkedIn	URL - https://www.Linkedin.com/feed Email - aaa@gmail.com	1. Open the Chrome browser 2. Enter the URL 3. Sign in to the LinkedIn account 4. Click the job tab 5. Enter the location	Job Search done Successfully and results shown	Passed
\$4_00	1 T_004	T_004 A	Verify Creating Post	User should Signed into LinkedIn	URL - https://www.Linkedin.com/feed Email - aaa@gmail.com	1.Open the chrome browser 2.Enter the URL 3.Sign in to the LinkedIn account 4.Scroll until you find "start a post by writing with AI" 5.Click the options 6.Create a post by typing the content and add attachment if needed 7.click post button 8.post Created Successfully	User should Have created post Successfully	Passed
S5_00	1 T_005	T_005 A	Verify Saved Item	User should Signed into LinkedIn	URL - https://www.Linkedin.com/my.items	1.Open the chrome browser 2.Enter the URL 3.Sign in to LinkedIn account 4.Go to the feed Section 5.Click "Saved items" in the left corner 6.You can find the saved items in "My items" section	User can find saved items Successfully	Passed

Test Case - Peer Review



Raghavendra Bn <raghu.astepahead@gmail.com>

to me ▼









Dear Upendhar Ambati,

I hope this message finds you well. I wanted to take a moment to thank you for sharing the documents related to the MakeMyTrip project. I have received the Test Cases, Bug Report, and Test Plan Document that you have prepared. I truly appreciate the effort and detail you have put into compiling these documents, as they are crucial for the project's success.

I will be reviewing the documents thoroughly to ensure that all aspects of the project are covered and that the quality standards are met. Once I have completed my review, I will provide you with detailed feedback and any suggestions for improvement if necessary. If I come across any points that require clarification or further input from your side, I will make sure to reach out to you promptly.

Thank you once again for your hard work and dedication to this project. Your contributions are highly valued, and I look forward to collaborating with you further to achieve our goals.

Good To GO

Best regards, Raghavendra Bn

Defect Report

4	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1								
2		Make Linkediln defect report- Cycle 1 Testing						
3		Prepared By	Upendhar ambati					
4								
5								
6	Defect ID	Defect Description	Steps to reproduce	Severity	Status	Created by	Assigned to	Screenshot
	1	"The job application form does not submit when using	1.Login to the LinkedIn mobile app.	1-Medium	Open	Upendhar	RaghavendraBN	
		the LinkedIn mobile app on Android devices."	2.Navigate to a job posting.					
7			3.Fill out the application form and click "Submit"					
	2	"When typing in the search bar on Safari, no suggestions	1.Open LinkedIn on Safari.	1- Medium	Open	Upendhar	RaghavendraBN	
8		appear, even for common queries."	2.Start typing a keyword in the search bar.					
	3	"The 'Who's viewed your profile' section displays	Open LinkedIn.	1-Medium	Open	Upendhar	RaghavendraBN	
9		fewer views than the email notification reports."	Navigate to "Who's viewed your profile."					
10								

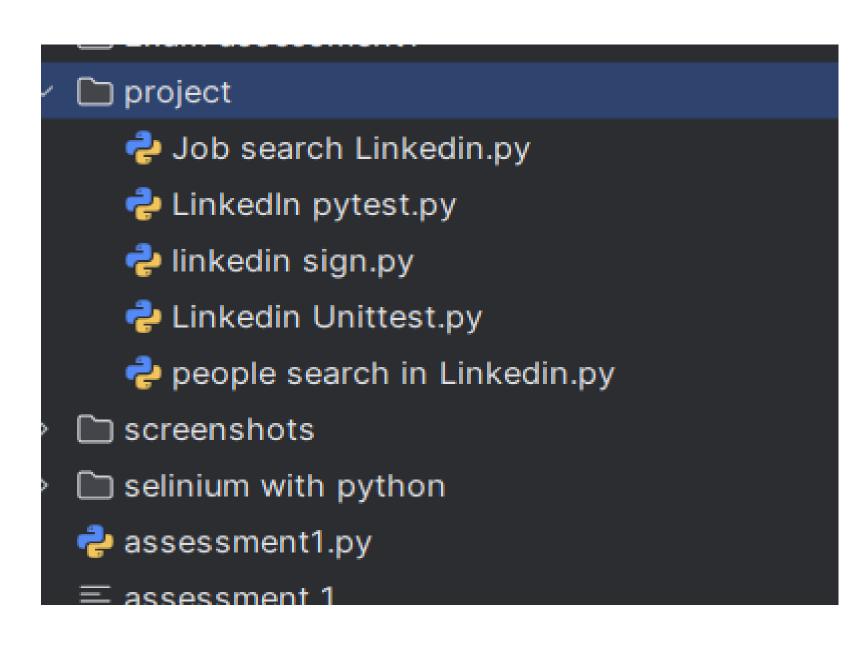
Automation Testing &

Page Object Model

Automation testing involves using software tools to execute prescripted tests on a software application before it is released into production. This helps in identifying defects, ensuring the software behaves as expected, and improving efficiency by reducing manual testing efforts.

The Page Object Model (POM) is a design pattern in automation testing that creates an object repository for web UI elements. It enhances test maintenance and reduces code duplication by encapsulating the page elements and actions in separate classes, making the tests more readable and easier to manage.

Folder Structure



sign.py

```
linkedin sign.py ×

✓ from selenium import webdriver
       from selenium.webdriver import Keys
       from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
       import time
       driver = webdriver.Chrome()
       driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/signup/cold-join")
       driver .maximize_window()
       driver.find_element(By.ID, value: "email-or-phone").send_keys("208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com")
       driver.find_element(By.NAME, value: "password").send_keys("Lasmaiah@5014")
       driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "/html/body/div[1]/main/div[2]/div[1]/form/div[4]/button")
       time.sleep(15)
       actual_title = driver.title
       expect_title = "Sign in to your account, for the best experience"

    if actual_title==expect_title:
           print("login is successful.....well done python")
     v else:
           print("login sucessfully....very god my boy")
18
```

.

Job search.py

```
dinkedin.py ×
                                                                                                                          # Enter job search keywords
       from selenium import webdriver
       from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
                                                                                                                          job_search_input.send_keys("Software Engineer")
                                                                                                                          # Enter location
       # Set up the webdriver
       driver = webdriver.Chrome()
                                                                                                                          location_input.send_keys("New York")
      driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/signup/cold-join")
       # Login to LinkedIn
                                                                                                                          # Click on search button
      username = "208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com"
      password = "Lasmaiah@5014"
                                                                                                                          search_button.click()
      username_input = driver.find_element(By.ID, value: "email-or-phone").send_keys("208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com")
                                                                                                                          # Verify job search results
      password_input = driver.find_element(By.NAME, value: "password").send_keys("Lasmaiah@5014")
       login_button = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//button[text()='Sign in']")
       login_button.click()
                                                                                                                          print("Job search results found")
      # Navigate to job search page
                                                                                                                          # Close the browser
       job_search_link = driver.find_element(By.LINK_TEXT, value: "Jobs")
                                                                                                                          driver.quit()
       job_search_link.click()
```

```
job_search_input = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//input[@aria-label='Search by keyword']")
location_input = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//input[@aria-label='Search by location']")
search_button = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//button[text()='Search']")
job_search_results = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//h3[text()='Job search results']")
```

Connectppl.py

```
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
# Set up the webdriver
driver = webdriver.Chrome()
driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/signup/cold-join")
username = "208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com"
password = "Lasmaiah@5014"
username_input = driver.find_element(By.ID, value: "email-or-phone").send_keys("208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com")
password_input = driver.find_element(By.NAME, value: "password").send_keys("Lasmaiah@5014")
login_button = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//button[text()='Sign in']")
login_button.click()
people_search_link=driver.find_element(By.LINK_TEXT, value: "People")
people_search_link.click()
```

people search in Linkedin.py

```
# Enter people search keywords

people_search_input = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//input[@aria-label='Search by name, keyword, or title']")

people_search_input.send_keys("_Jyothika")

# Click on search button

search_button = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//button[text()='Search']")

search_button.click()

# Verify people search results

people_search_results = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//h3[text()='People search results']")

print("People search results found")

# Close the browser

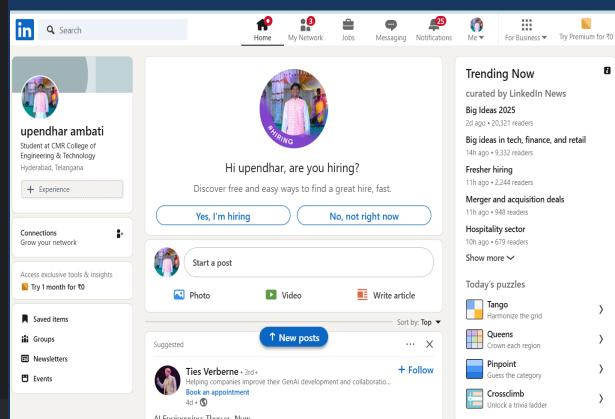
driver.quit()
```

Sign Test.py

```
🝦 linkedin sign.py 🗵

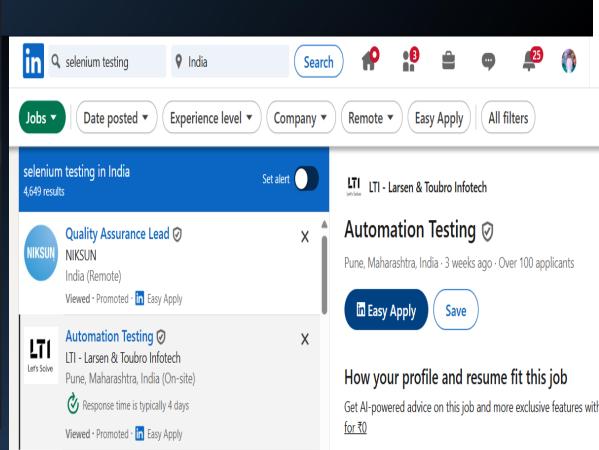
√ from selenium import webdriver

       from selenium.webdriver import Keys
       from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
       import time
       driver = webdriver.Chrome()
       driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/signup/cold-join")
       driver .maximize_window()
       driver.find_element(By.ID, value: "email-or-phone").send_keys("208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com")
       driver.find_element(By.NAME, value: "password").send_keys("Lasmaiah@5014")
       driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "/html/body/div[1]/main/div[2]/div[1]/form/div[4]/button")
       time.sleep(15)
       actual_title = driver.title
       expect_title = "Sign in to your account, for the best experience"
     vif actual_title==expect_title:
          print("login is successful.....well done python")
     ∨else:
          print("login sucessfully.....very god my boy")
```



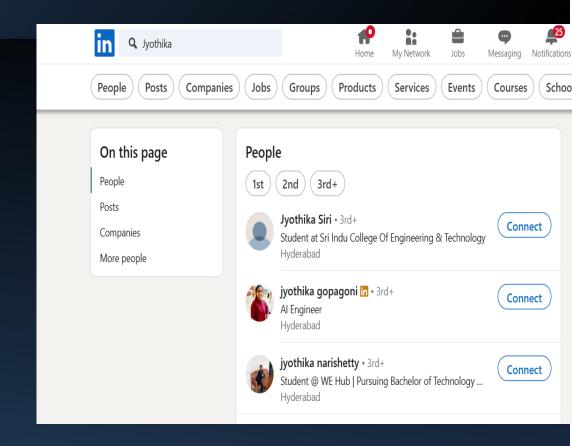
Job searchTest.py

```
Job search Linkedin.py ×
       from selenium import webdriver
       from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
       # Set up the webdriver
       driver = webdriver.Chrome()
       driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/signup/cold-join")
       # Login to LinkedIn
       username = "208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com"
       password = "Lasmaiah@5014"
       username_input = driver.find_element(By.ID, value: "email-or-phone").send_keys("208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com")
       password_input = driver.find_element(By.NAME, value: "password").send_keys("Lasmaiah@5014")
       login_button = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//button[text()='Sign in']")
       login_button.click()
       job_search_link = driver.find_element(By.LINK_TEXT, value: "Jobs")
       job_search_link.click()
```

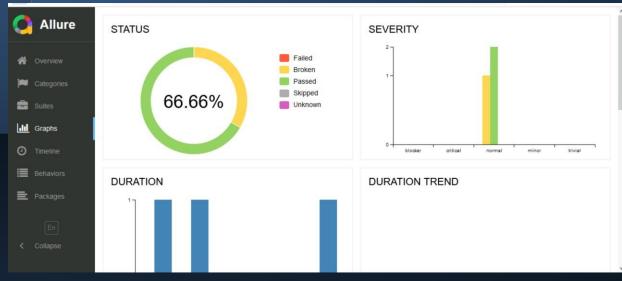


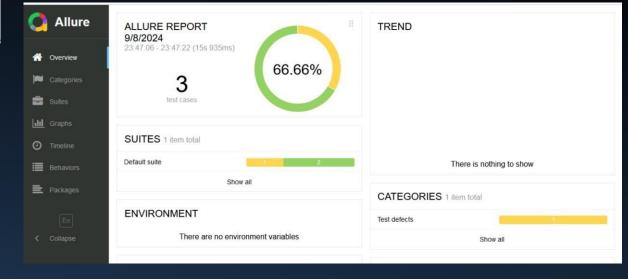
Connect ReqTest.py

```
people search in Linkedin.py ×
       from selenium import webdriver
       from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
      # Set up the webdriver
      driver = webdriver.Chrome()
      driver.get("https://www.linkedin.com/signup/cold-join")
      username = "208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com"
      password = "Lasmaiah@5014"
      username_input = driver.find_element(By.ID, value: "email-or-phone").send_keys("208r1a05i2cse@gmail.com")
      password_input = driver.find_element(By.NAME, value: "password").send_keys("Lasmaiah@5014")
       login_button = driver.find_element(By.XPATH, value: "//button[text()='Sign in']")
       login_button.click()
      people_search_link=driver.find_element(By.LINK_TEXT, value: "People")
      people_search_link.click()
```



Allure Report





Mobile Testing

Mobile Automation Testing is the process of using automation tools and frameworks to test mobile applications for functionality, usability, performance, and reliability. It involves creating automated test scripts to validate the behavior of a mobile app on various platforms (e.g., Android, iOS) and devices (e.g., smartphones, tablets, emulators, simulators).

Key Aspects of Mobile Automation Testing

1. Platforms:

- Android
- > iOS

2. Application Types:

- > Native Apps: Built specifically for a platform using platform-specific tools (e.g., Swift for iOS, Kotlin for Android).
- > Web Apps: Accessed via a mobile browser.
- Hybrid Apps: Combine elements of both native and web apps.

Android Studio

Android Studio is the official Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for Android app development, created by Google. It is built on JetBrains' IntelliJ IDEA software and is designed specifically for creating Android applications. It provides developers with tools and features to write, debug, test, and deploy Android apps efficiently.

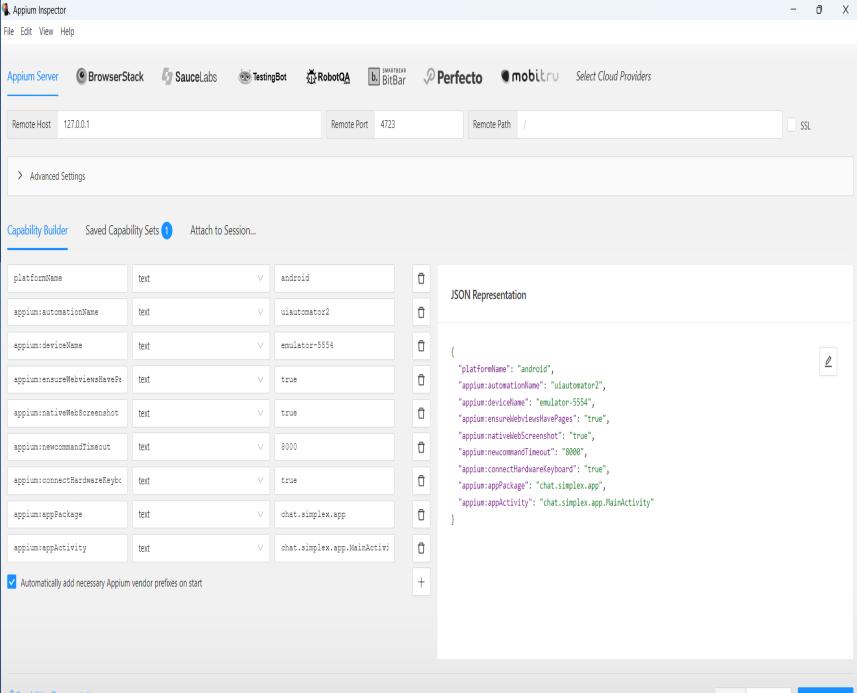
Key Features:

- **1.Code Editor:** Offers advanced code completion, refactoring, and syntax highlighting for Kotlin, Java, and C++.
- **2.Layout Editor:** Includes a drag-and-drop interface for designing app layouts with real-time preview functionality.
- **3.Emulator:** A built-in Android Emulator allows developers to test apps on virtual devices with various configurations.
- 4.Build System: Uses Gradle for managing project dependencies and building APKs.

lunching Appium Server

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. X
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4541]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\ambat>appium
[Appium] Welcome to Appium v2.13.1
[Appium] The autodetected Appium home path: C:\Users\ambat\.appium
[Appium] Attempting to load driver uiautomator2...
[Appium] Requiring driver at C:\Users\ambat\.appium\node_modules\appium-uiautomator2-driver\build\index.js
[Appium] AndroidUiautomator2Driver has been successfully loaded in 2.664s
[Appium] Appium REST http interface listener started on http://0.0.0.0:4723
[Appium] You can provide the following URLs in your client code to connect to this server:
        http://192.168.1.62:4723/
        http://127.0.0.1:4723/ (only accessible from the same host)
[Appium] Available drivers:
         - uiautomator2@3.9.1 (automationName 'UiAutomator2')
[Appium] No plugins have been installed. Use the "appium plugin" command to install the one(s) you want to use.
```

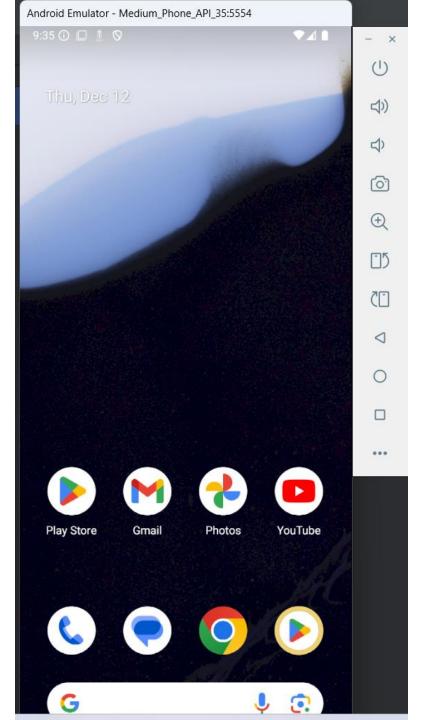
Appium Inspector



Capabilities Documentation

Save As...

Android Emulator



Continuous Integration(CI):

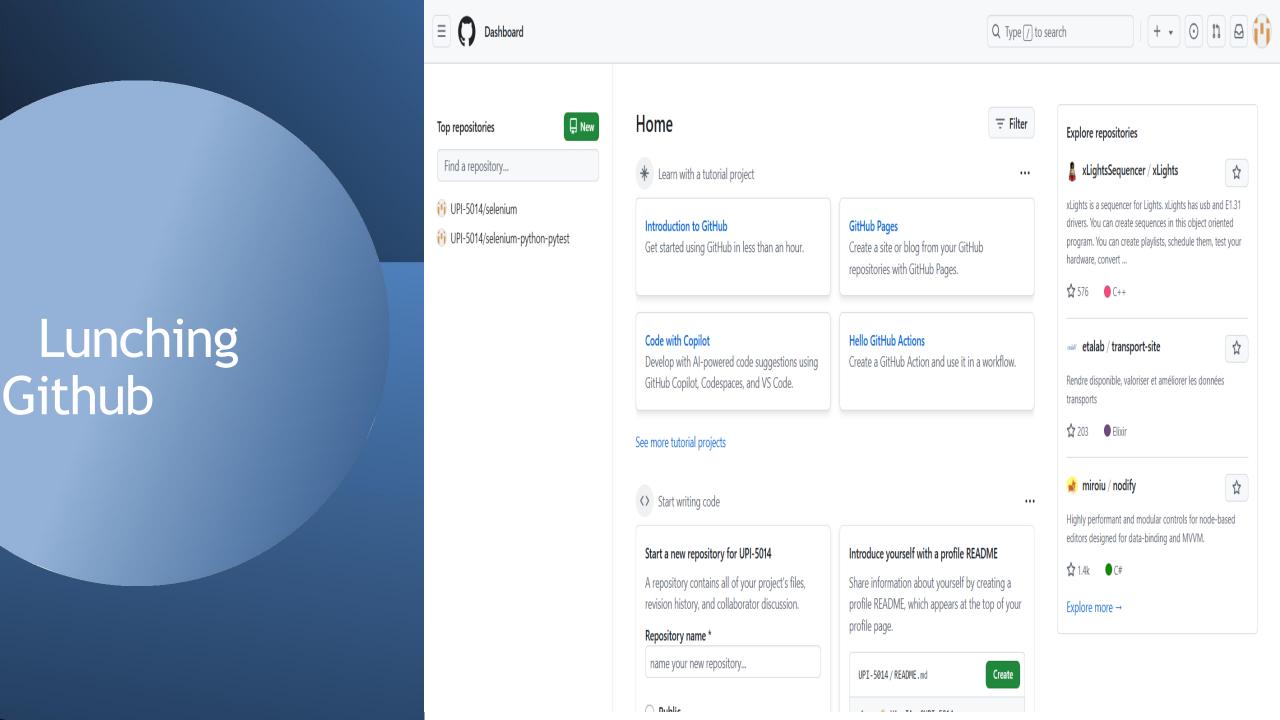
Continuous Integration (CI) is a software development practice where developers frequently integrate code changes into a shared repository. Each integration is automatically verified by building the application and running automated tests to detect issues early. CI aims to improve software quality and reduce the time required to deliver updates by catching integration errors as soon as they occur.

Key Components of CI:

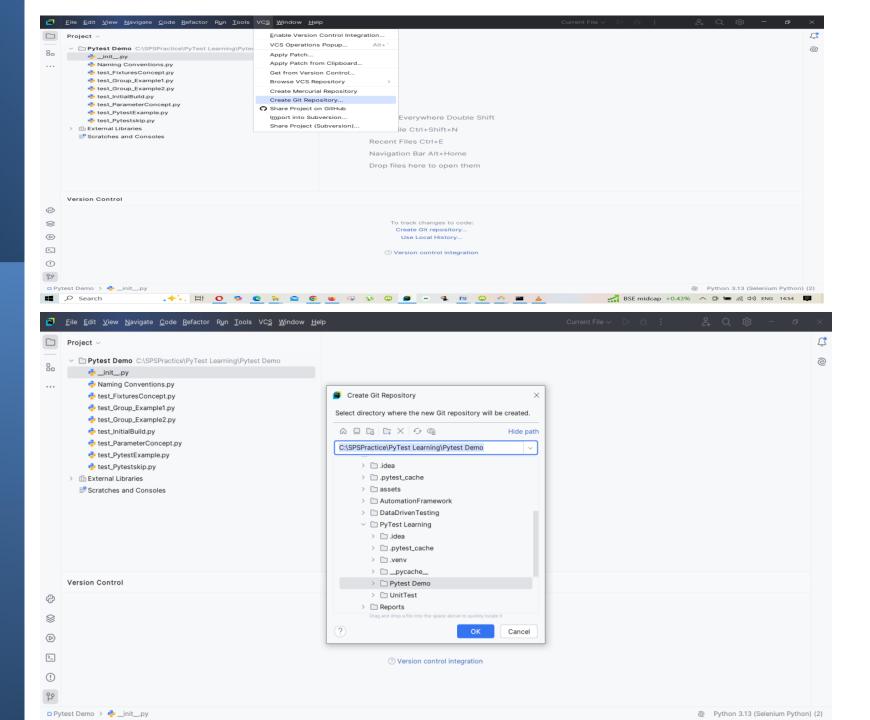
- **1.Version Control System (VCS):** Code changes are pushed to a shared repository (e.g., GitHub, GitLab, or Bitbucket).
- **2.Build Automation:** A CI server (like Jenkins, GitHub Actions, or CircleCI) triggers automated builds whenever new code is committed.
- 3. Automated Testing: Unit, integration, and sometimes functional tests are executed to validate the new changes.
- **4.Feedback:** Developers receive immediate feedback on the status of their code (build success, test results, or errors).

Continuous Development

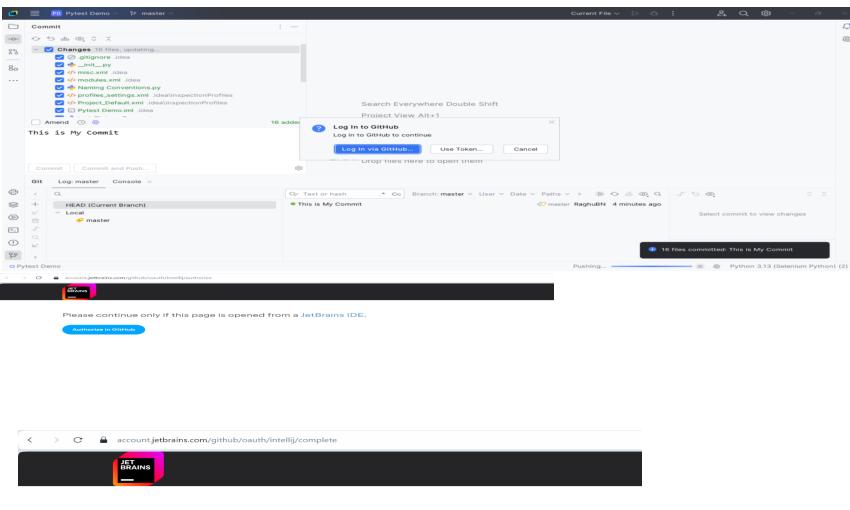
Continuous Development is a software engineering approach that extends Continuous Integration (CI) to include Continuous Delivery (CD) and sometimes Continuous Deployment. It focuses on automating the entire software delivery pipeline, from code integration to testing, deployment, and feedback collection. The goal is to enable faster, more reliable software updates and ensure new features or fixes reach users quickly and efficiently.



Push the code to Github

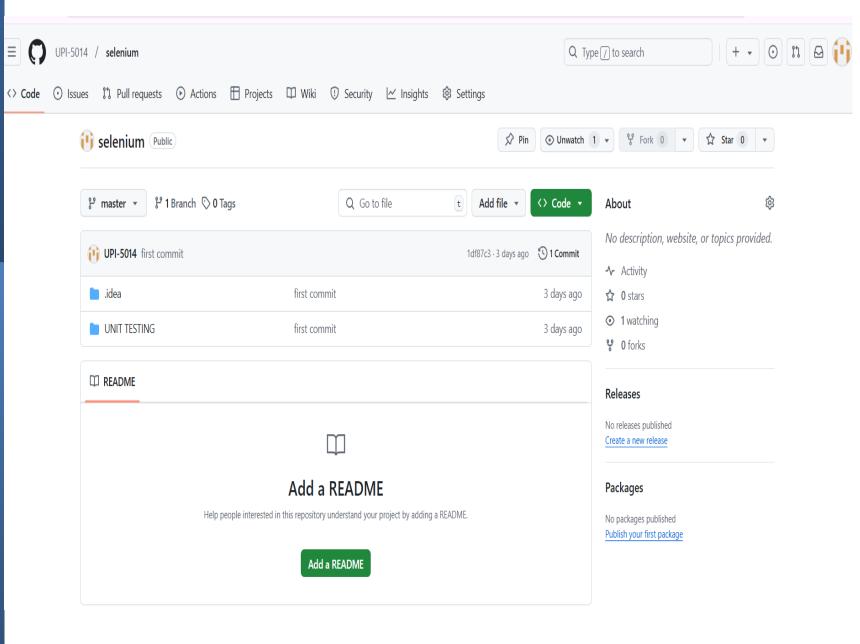


Push the code to Github

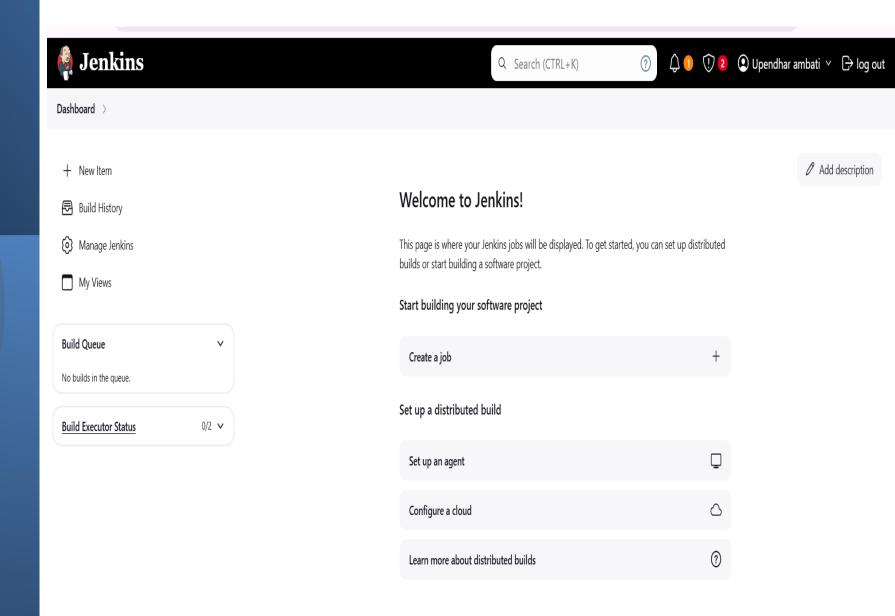


You have been successfully authorized in GitHub. You can close the page.

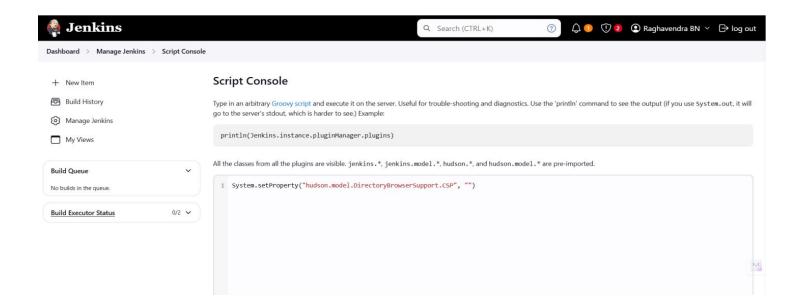
Successfully code is pushed into the Github



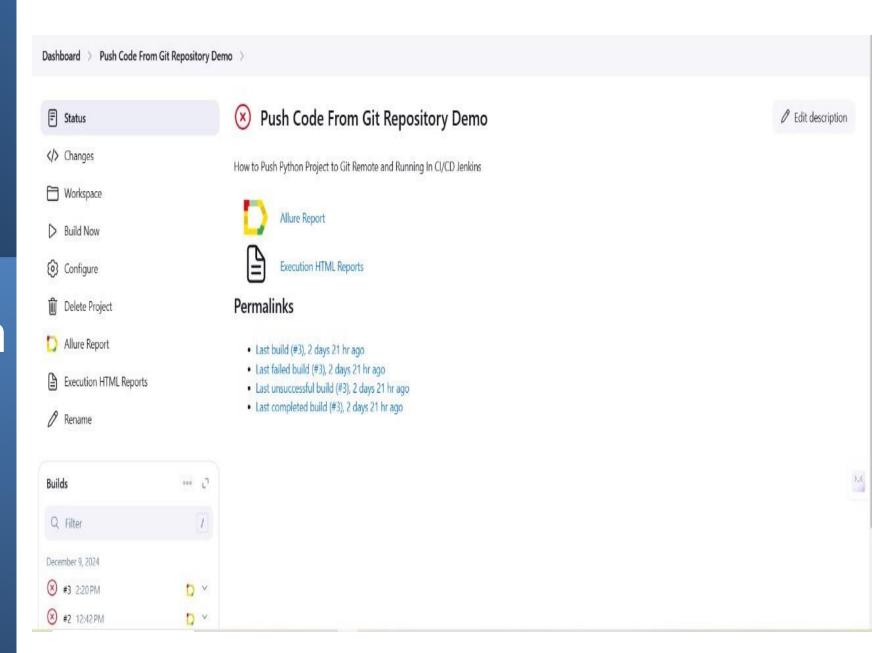
Lunching Jenkins



Jenkins script console



Push Code From Git Repository





Thank You