

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

20 Marks – Architecture Ranking

$$QP = 20 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

30 Marks – College Ranking

$$QP = 30 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

40 Marks – Engineering Ranking

$$QP = 40 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

30 Marks – Law Ranking

$$QP = 30 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

40 Marks – Management Ranking

$$QP = 40 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

40 Marks – Medical Ranking

$$QP = 40 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

40 Marks – Pharmacy Ranking

$$QP = 40 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.

Combined metric for Quality of Publications (QP) -

35 Marks – Overall Ranking

$$QP = 35 \times f(CC/P)$$

Here CC is Total Citation Count over previous three years.

P is as computed for PU.

Sources: Third Party Sources.