# M13: What makes MQ on z/OS so special?

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**IBM Cloud** 



#### IBM MQ for z/OS V9.1.1 announcement

#### **Statement of general direction**

IBM intends to deliver the following new capabilities within future Continuous Delivery releases:

- The ability to apply and remove Advanced Message Security policies transparently between Advanced Message Security (AMS) and non-AMS enabled queue managers
- An enhanced z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition service provider for MQ to add support for the Build and API Toolkits, and also automated service deployment
- zHyperwrite support for MQ log files

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#### IBM MQ simplifies the challenges of connecting systems



## **Connects Virtually Everything**

Reduces the time and cost of connecting applications



#### Secure

Protects sensitive messages from all forms of intrusion or attack



#### Reliable

Once-and-once-only transaction processing - no loss and no duplication



#### **Flexible**

Loosely coupled connectivity to avoid application changes



#### **Scalable**

Seamlessly manages changes and spikes in transaction volumes



#### **Robust**

Hardened over many years to support the most demanding environments



#### Why MQ for z/OS?

#### **Connect**



- Strong integration with z/OS platform and subsystems
- Hybrid connectivity to public and private clouds
- Bridge to new technologies such as Kafka or Blockchain

#### **Protect**



- Connectivity that protects data end-to-end
- Policy-based control for encryption and signing
- Establish a "firewall" with external environments

#### **Optimize**



- The gold standard for resilient and highly available connectivity
- Exploit the z/OS platform for maximum performance

#### A perfect partnership

## Best of breed messaging



Underpinning global industry for 25 years

Best of breed hardware

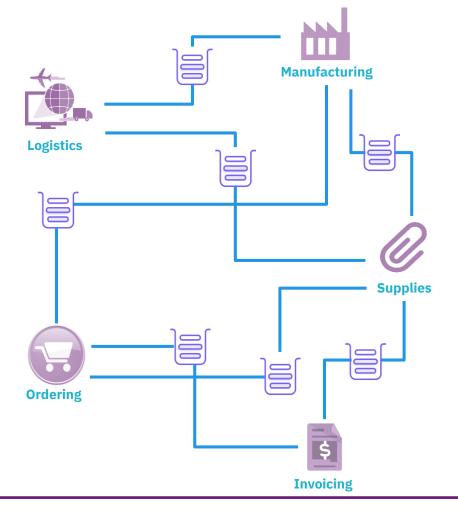
The most trusted hardware platform

Resilient

Secure

Strong





#### Connect on z/OS



## Natural and non-invasive connectivity

Inbound: MQ drives work in a subsystem
Outbound: subsystem sends MQ messages

#### Unlock data held in files

File conversion to transport as messages Utilize existing MQ teams, infrastructure, security

## Simplify access to MQ resources and operations

Built-in APIs for applications using Messaging

MQ service provider for z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition for generic access

#### Unlock data held in files

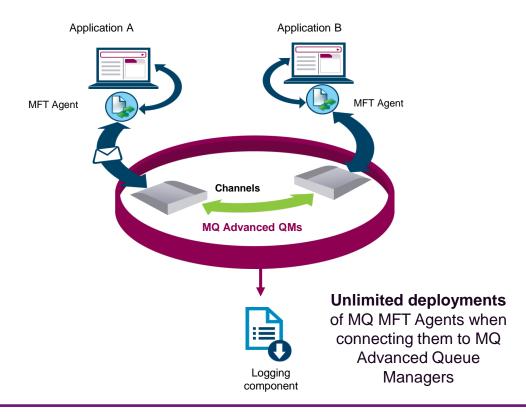
A consistent approach to transporting application data and file data as messages

#### Utilize existing MQ infrastructure to extend benefit of investment

- Integrate file workloads using existing teams, skills & tools
- Same security, reliability, scalability...





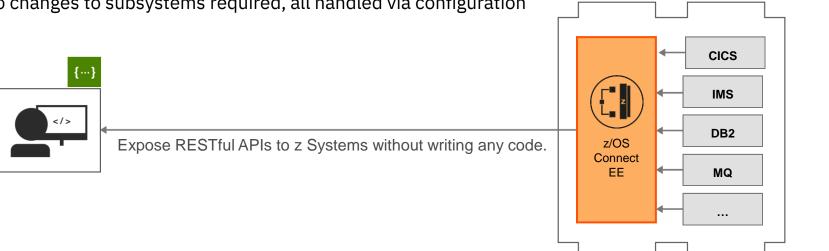


#### Simplify access to MQ resources and operations

#### z/OS Connect EE

- IBM z/OS Connect EE provides a single, RESTful entry point to your z systems assets and data
- Enables reuse of existing assets, exposing them to environments where it is natural to use REST
- Those new consumers do not need to understand or be aware of the specifics of the subsystems

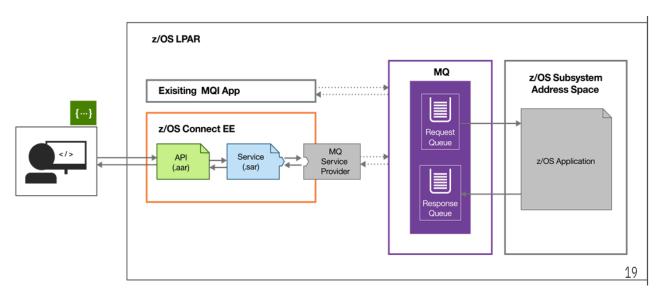
No changes to subsystems required, all handled via configuration



Service Providers

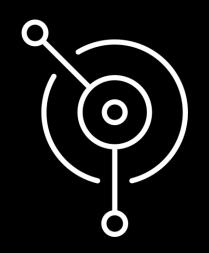
#### MQ service provider for IBM z/OS Connect EE

- Free of charge z/OS Connect service provider allows existing services fronted by MQ to be accessed via a RESTful front end
- Users need have no knowledge of MQ
- Advanced users can specify some MQ attributes using HTTP headers
- Coming soon: MQ SARs can be built as part of an automated build pipeline (using zCEE build toolkit)



- Expose bespoke REST
   APIs to new consumers,
   who don't understand
   COBOL copybooks or PL/I
- Backend is hidden and invoked using JSON / HTTP

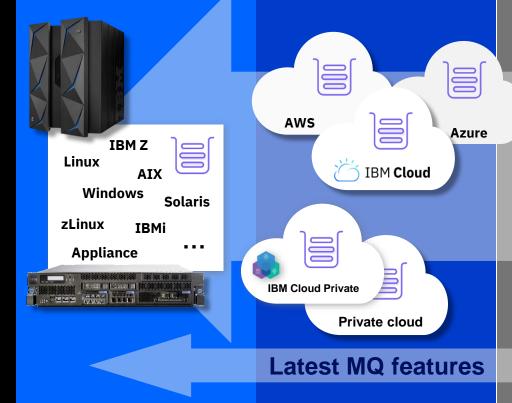
**Extend reach of** mainframe to public and private clouds



On-premise, software and the MQ Appliance Run it yourself in any

cloud, public or private

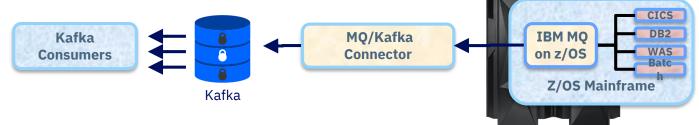
Let IBM host it for you with its managed SaaS MQ service in public clouds





## **Connect and leverage Kafka connectivity**

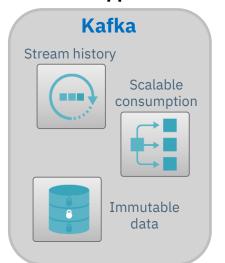
- MQ often handles messages that represent changes to the state of the applications, systems and services it is connecting together
- Gain valuable insights by sending notifications of these operations to Event streaming platforms such as Apache Kafka
- Send messages simply from MQ to Kafka applications with the Kafka Connect source connector



#### Work that needs to be done



#### Things that have happened





## Average cost of data breach: \$3.94 million

Average time to identify breach: 191 days Average time to contain breach: 66 days

## Average cost per incident: **over \$1 million**

Average cost per minute for partial outages: \$5,600.00 Average cost per hour for partial outages: \$300,000.00

#### GDPR cost per incident: 4% of annual global turnover, or €20 Million

– whichever is greater

#### **Protect: a paradigm shift**

#### From selective encryption to pervasive encryption

#### The practice of pervasive encryption can:

- Reduce risk associated with undiscovered or misclassified sensitive data
- Make it more difficult for attackers to identify sensitive data
- Help protect all of an organization's digital assets
- Significantly reduce the cost of compliance

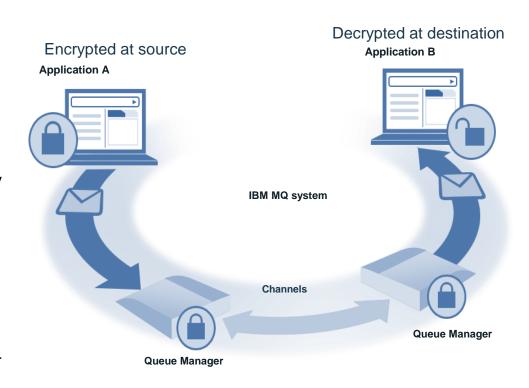
Pervasive encryption is the new standard

Encrypting only the data required to achieve compliance should be viewed as a *minimum threshold*, not a best practice

#### Protect end-to-end

Secure data at rest, in-flight and in-memory to guarantee privacy of message contents

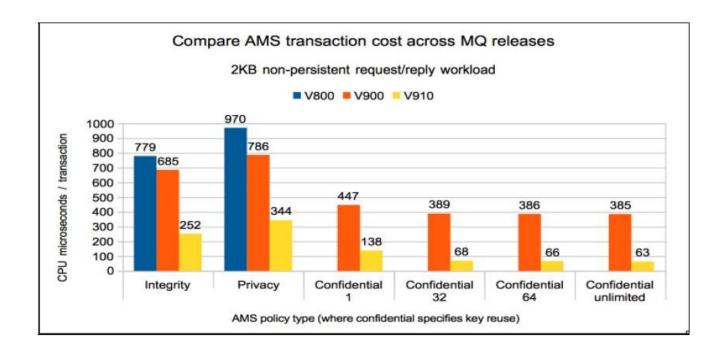
- Apply end-to-end encryption to existing messaging infrastructure easily and with no application changes
- Authenticate and protect messages across the enterprise making audit simple
- Reduce time and skills needed to comply with aspects of common security standards
- Confidentiality option for encryption has minimal performance impact
- Coming soon: AMS policies can be applied and removed as messages move between queue managers, allowing easier interactions with business partners who don't have AMS



Protecting your **business**, your **reputation**, and your **customers** 

#### Reducing the costs of protection

AMS policies provide flexibility to configure encryption and digital signing as needed



A cost comparison between v9.1.0 and v9 shows:

- **Integrity: 45%** of the equivalent v9 measurement
- **Privacy: 40%** of the equivalent v9 measurement
- **Confidentiality: 15- 25%** of the equivalent v9 measurements

What's Confidentiality?

Encryption only with configurable amount of symmetric key reuse between same producer and consumer

#### **Optimize**



## ITIC 2017-18 Server OS Reliability Report

"IBM's Z Systems Enterprise is in a class of its own"

"IBM mainframe continues to exhibit peerless reliability besting all competitors"

#### Optimize high availability

Queue sharing groups are the **gold standard** for high availability

#### Main advantages of queue sharing groups:



**Scalable:** a single profile and security definition

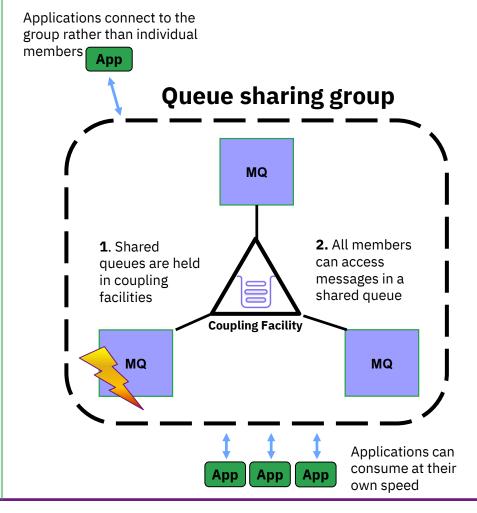


**Highly available:** multiple queues accessing the same messages

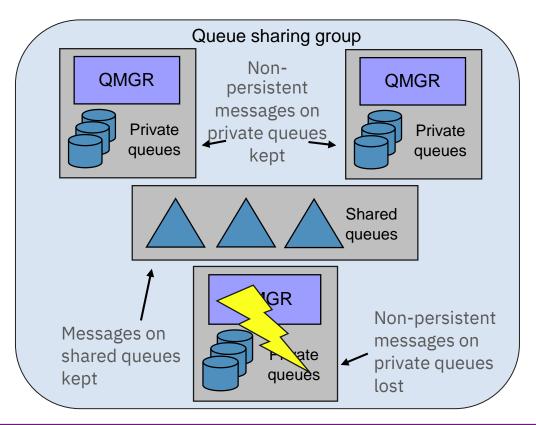


**Workload balancing:** distributes workload between queues in group

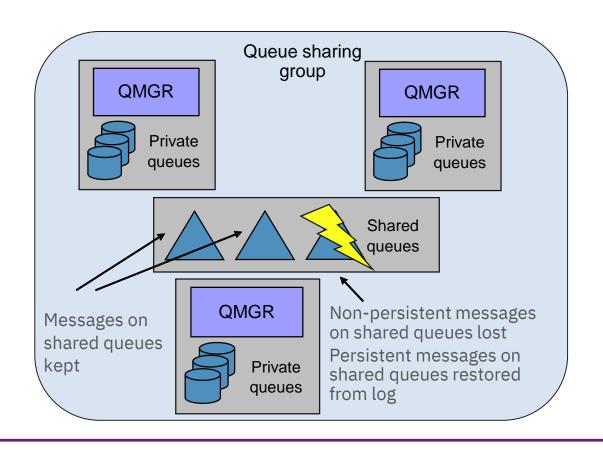
The original uniform cluster!



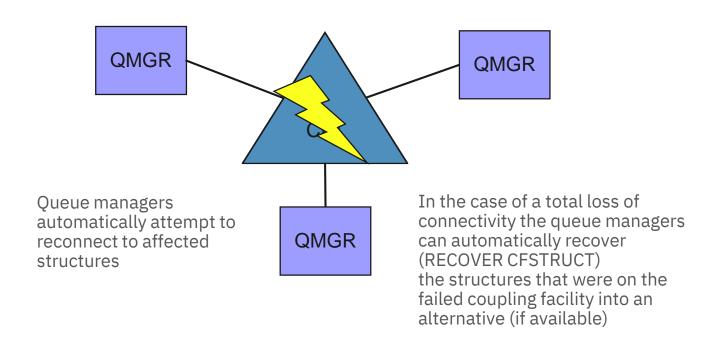
## Messages remain available if individual queue managers or LPARs fail



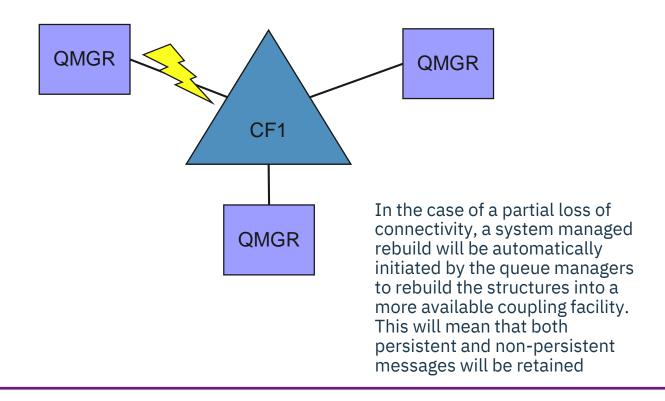
#### Resilient to structure failure



## Resilient to coupling facility connectivity failure: total



## Resilient to coupling facility connectivity failure: partial

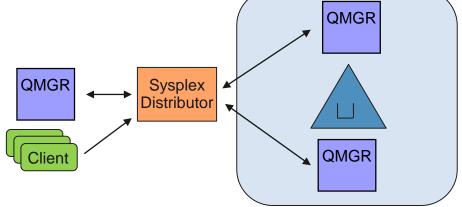


#### Peer recovery for inflight work

- Individual queue managers perform operations (PUT/GET) on messages on shared queues
- If these operations are performed in a unit of work, then state information about the operations is also stored in the structure
- If the queue manager fails, other queue managers in the queue sharing group will detect the failure and use the state information to resolve in-flight units of work
- This process is known as peer recovery
- Benefits:
  - Units of work resolved even if failing queue manager can't be restarted
  - Message availability not affected by queue manager failure
  - XA transactions can be resolved by any queue manager in queue sharing group

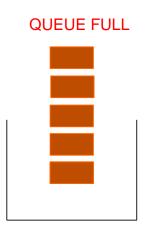
#### **Shared channels**

- Channels provide network connectivity to MQ
  - Allow applications (clients) to send and receive messages
  - Allow messages to be sent between queue managers
- Normally channels are owned by a particular queue manager
- In a queue sharing group channels can be shared
- Channel can run in any queue manager in queue sharing group
  - State information in held in structures, and Db2, so recovery can be done by any queue manager
- Benefits:
  - Connectivity provided at queue sharing group level, not at individual queue manager
  - Failure of individual queue manager requires application reconnect, not application outage
  - Load balanced over queue sharing group



#### Resilient to application failure

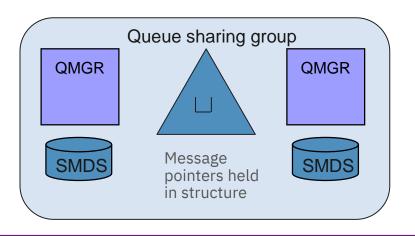






#### Resilient to application failure

- Messages on private queues are stored in pageset (DASD): 64GB limit
- Messages on shared queues stored in coupling facility structure: 1TB max
  - Stored in real memory, which is a relatively scarce resource, so customers never go anywhere near the limit low 10s of GB is a common upper limit
- SMDS Shared Message Datasets
  - Message data held on DASD, pointer to message held in structure
  - Each SMDS can be up to **16TB**
  - Used for:
    - messages that are too large for storing in structure (> 63 KB)
    - messages affected by offload rules



#### Summary of high availability characteristics of shared queues

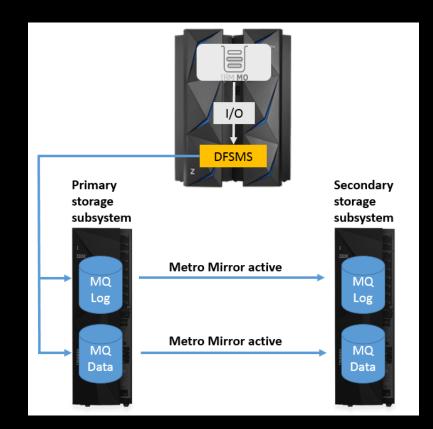
- Messages remain available if individual queue managers or LPARs fail
- Applications and queue managers can continue to connect into queue sharing group if individual queue managers or LPARs fail (shared channels)
- Resilient to structure failure
- Resilient to coupling facility connectivity failure
- Peer recovery for inflight work
- Resilient to application failure

## Optimize by exploiting zHyperWrite

Many customers use Metro Mirror (Synchronous PPRC) with MQ to mirror their datasets

This protects against storage subsystem failure, and can be part of an HA/DR strategy

Mirroring has a performance impact, even at zero distance because the write from MQ doesn't complete until the writes to both primary and secondary complete, and these happen in series



## Optimize by exploiting zHyperWrite

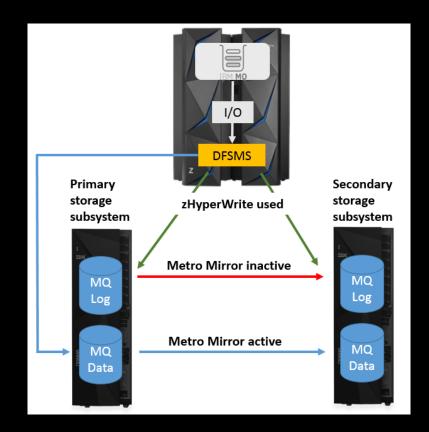
zHyperWrite was introduced to minimize the performance impact of Metro Mirror

Collaboration between DS8K and DFSMS, originally done for Db2

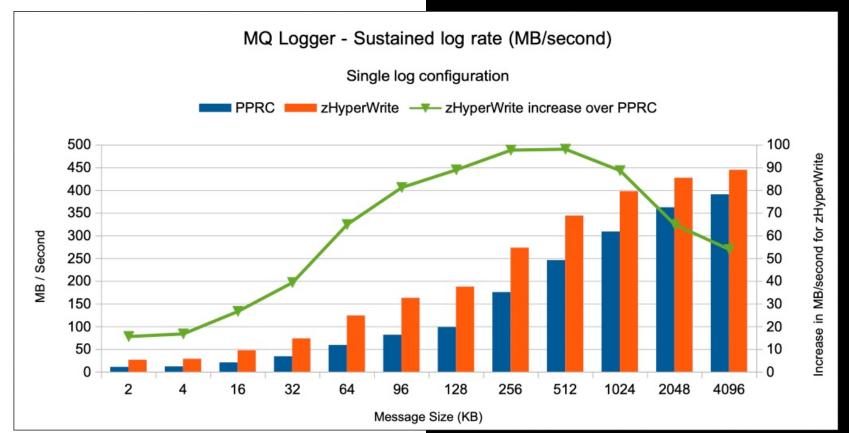
With zHyperWrite the writes to primary and secondary are issued in parallel at the DFSMS level, meaning the write can complete earlier

If a zHyperWrite write fails then it falls-back transparently to Metro Mirror

In 9.1.2 MQ has added support for zHyperWrite for active log datasets



## Optimize by exploiting zHyperWrite



#### Get the support, strength, and longevity that you need







IBM offers world-class support 24/7
IBM MQ has a thriving online community of responsive experts

IBM MQ is known for its **robustness Stability** and **reliability** are cited time and again as its strengths

IBM MQ is 25 years young, yet **forever evolving** to support changes in use cases, platforms and development practices

I know a lot of people are talking about going out and buying open-source things or trying open-source things. I say, "Stick to products that have been around, that have been proven, and that you have the support of a vendor behind you who's willing to look at these things and develop around you."

**Connect** 



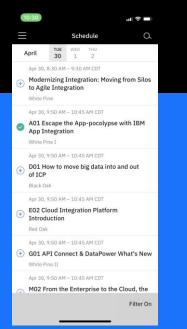
**Protect** 

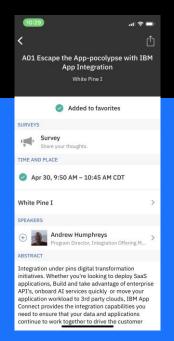


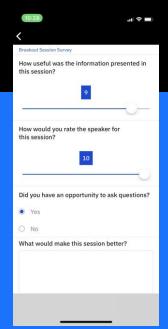
#### **Optimize**



With IBM MQ for z/OS







### Don't forget to fill out the survey!

Select your session, select survey, rate the session and submit!

#### Thank You

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