



IBM Software Group

# JDBC Connectivity using WebSphere Message Broker v6.1

Kailash Peri ([perik@us.ibm.com](mailto:perik@us.ibm.com))  
WebSphere Message Broker L2 Support



WebSphere® Support Technical Exchange



# Agenda

- Overview
  - ▶ JDBC Primer
  - ▶ Requirements
  - ▶ JDBC Driver Types
  - ▶ Supported Databases
  - ▶ WebSphere Message Broker Nodes
    - DatabaseRetrieve Node
    - DatabaseRoute Node
    - Java Compute Node



# Agenda (contd.)

- JDBC Administration Tasks
  - ▶ JDBC Setup
    - Create Configurable Service
    - Setting up Security Identity
    - Modify existing JDBC Providers
    - Query JDBC Providers
  - ▶ XA Coordination
- Implementing JDBC



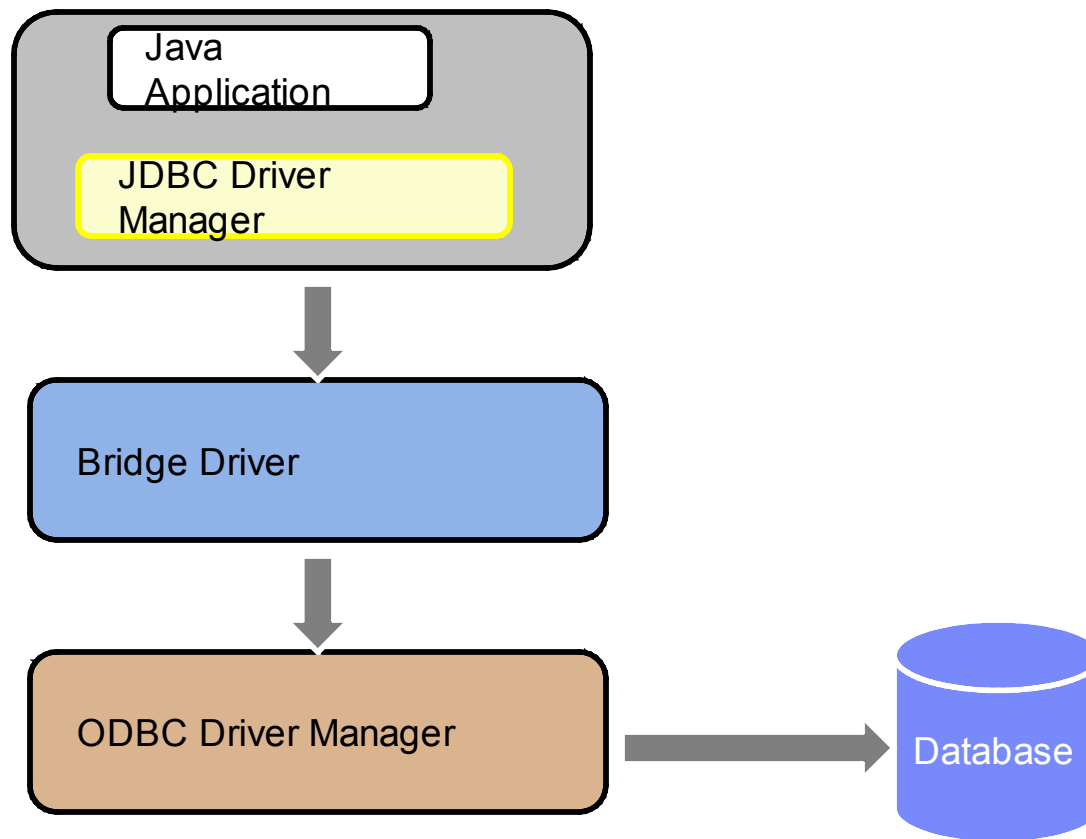
# JDBC Primer

- What is JDBC?
  - ▶ The Java™ Database Connectivity (JDBC) is an API that defines how a client can access a database
- Why JDBC?
  - ▶ JDBC API is an industry standard for database independent connectivity between the Java programming language and a wide range of databases
- Requirements
  - ▶ JRE 1.4.2 or greater
  - ▶ Database
  - ▶ JDBC Driver



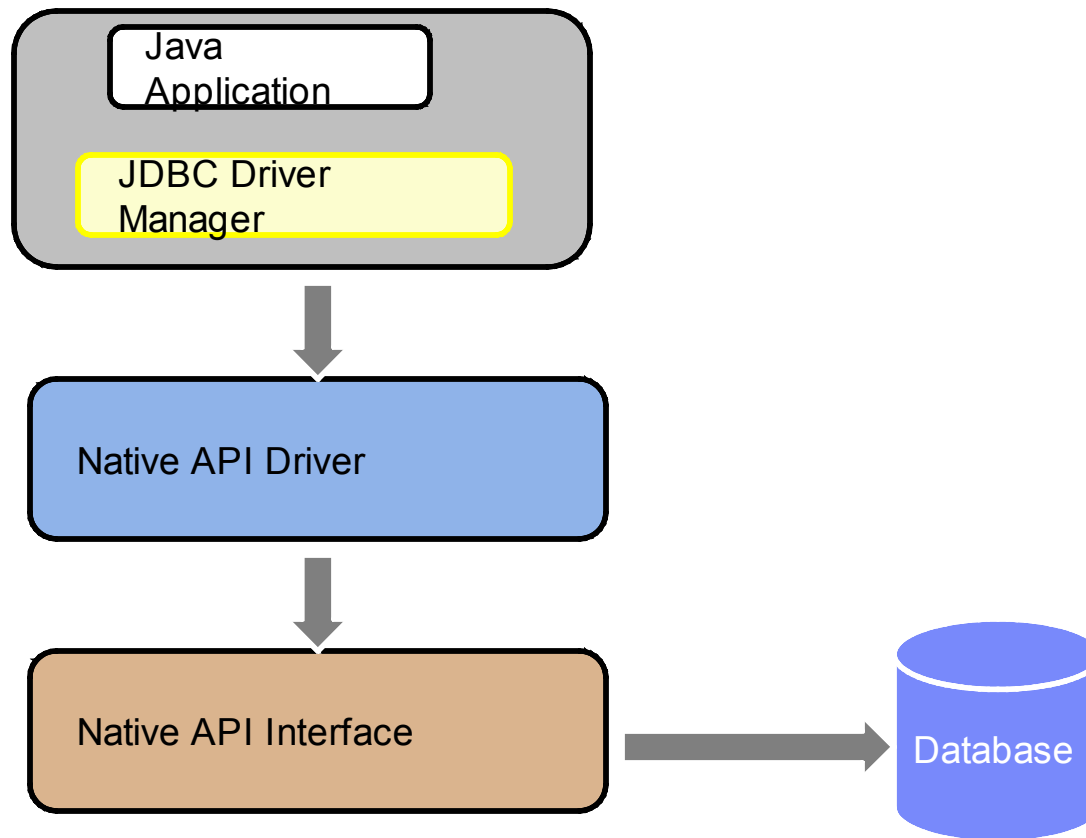
# JDBC Driver Types

- Type 1 (JDBC – ODBC Bridge Driver)



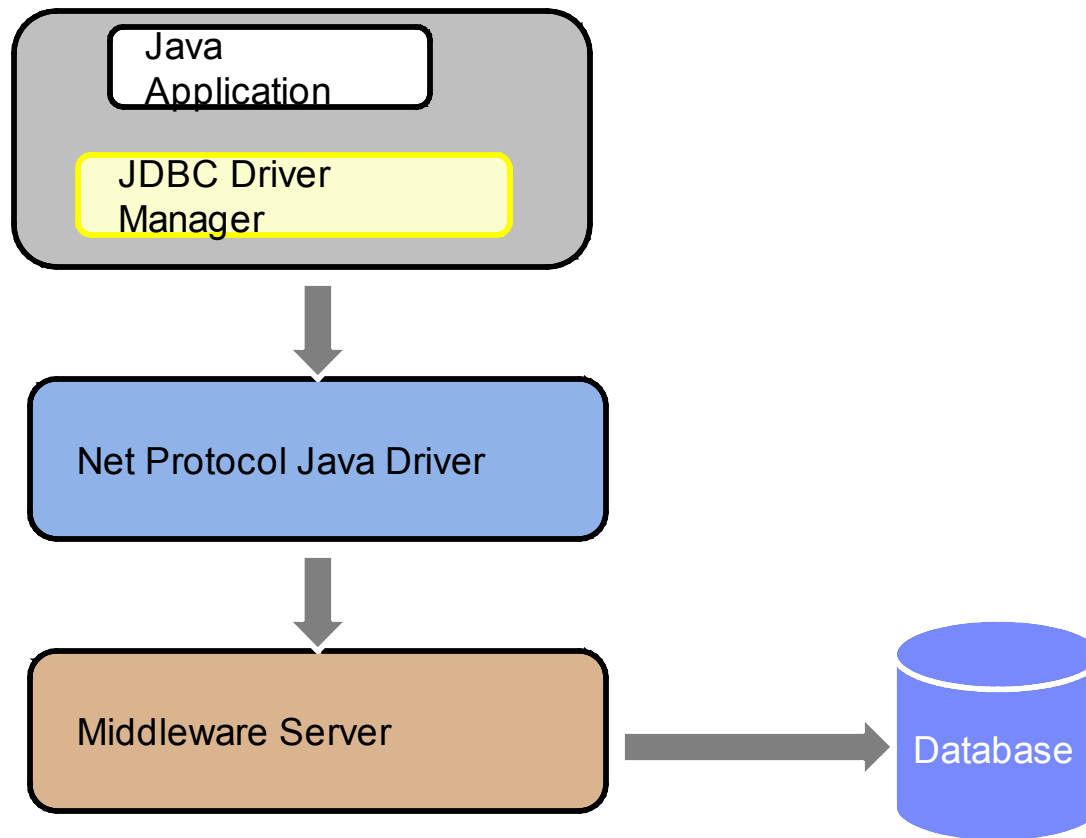
# JDBC Driver Types

- Type 2 (Native API Interface - Partial Java Driver)



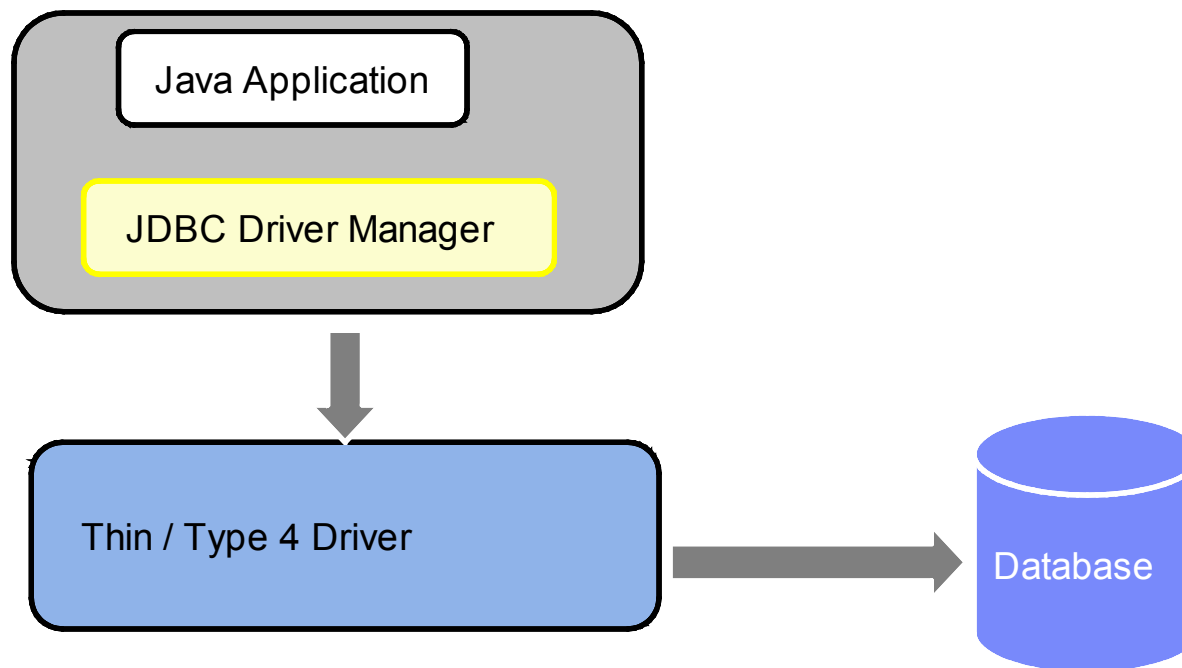
# JDBC Driver Types

- Type 3 (Pure Java driver for database middleware)



# JDBC Driver Types

- Type 4 (Pure Java Driver – Direct DB interface)





# Supported Databases

WebSphere Message Broker v6.1 supports the following JDBC type 4 drivers

- IBM® DB2 Driver for JDBC and SQLJ Version 9.1 and 9.5
- Microsoft® SQL Server 2005 JDBC driver 1.1 (non-XA only)
- Oracle 10gR2 or 11gR1 JDBC Driver
- Sybase jConnect for JDBC 6.05
- IBM Informix JDBC 3.00.JC3

Note: On all distributed platforms, JDBC type 4 transaction support that uses DB2 requires DB2 Version 9.1 Fix Pack 3 or later; support for DB2 Version 8 is not available.



# WebSphere Message Broker Nodes

- The following nodes can be configured for JDBC connectivity
  - ▶ DatabaseRetrieve node
  - ▶ DatabaseRoute node
  - ▶ Java Compute
  - ▶ Java UDN



# JDBC Administration Tasks

- Creating a Configurable Service
  - ▶ A JDBC Provider configurable service must be defined to provide the broker with the necessary information to establish a connection to the database
  - ▶ Connection to only one database is allowed per configurable service
  - ▶ JDBC connections are supported only to DB2, Informix, Oracle, SQL Server and Sybase
  - ▶ Check the list of available JDBC providers

`mqjsireportproperties Broker Name -c JDBCProviders -a -o AllReportableEntityNames`



# JDBC Administration Tasks (contd.)

- Creating a new Configurable Service

Command Syntax:

```
mqsicreateconfigurableservice <Broker Name>  
-c JDBCProviders  
-o <ProviderName>  
-n <List of Properties>  
-v <Property Values>
```

Eg: mqsicreateconfigurableservice KPV61BK  
-c JDBCProviders  
-o DB2  
-n connectionURLFormat  
-v "jdbc:db2://[serverName]:[portNumber]/[databaseName]:user=  
[user];password=[password];"



# JDBC Administration Tasks (contd.)

- JDBC Provider Properties

- ▶ **connectionUrlFormat** – a pattern that represents a connection URL
- ▶ **connectionUrlFormat Attr1-5** – any non-standard attributes in URL format
- ▶ **databaseName** - Name of the database – eg. SAMPLE
- ▶ **databaseType** - The database type – eg. DB2
- ▶ **databaseVersion** - The database version; eg. 9.1
- ▶ **description** - An optional property to describe the data source definition
- ▶ **jarsURL** – local directory path where the JAR file containing the driver is located
- ▶ **portNumber** - port number on which the database server is listening
- ▶ **serverName** - The name of the server
- ▶ **securityIdentity** - A unique security key to perform a broker registry lookup to find an entry under the broker's DSN entries, which store the encrypted password for the user on their associated host system – eg. jdbc::DB2DataSource1
- ▶ **type4DriverClassName** – JDBC driver class name – eg.  
com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2Driver
- ▶ **type4DatasourceClassName** -Name of JDBC DataSource class- eg.  
com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2DataSource

# JDBC Administration Tasks (contd.)

- Modifying an existing JDBC Provider

Command Syntax:

```
mqschangeproperties <Broker Name>  
                    -c <ConfigurableServiceType>  
                    -o <ServiceName>  
                    -n <Property>  
                    -v <Value>
```

Eg: mqschangeproperties KP61BK

```
-c JDBCProviders  
-o DB2  
-n databaseName,jarsURL,securityIdentity,serverName  
-v SAMPLE,C:\Program Files\IBM\DB2v9.5\java,  
db2Sample,localhost
```

# JDBC Administration Tasks (contd.)

- Query existing JDBC Providers

Command Syntax:

```
mqsireportproperties <Broker Name> -c JDBCProviders  
-o AllReportableEntityNames -a
```

## JDBC Providers

DB2

Informix

Informix\_With\_Date\_Format

Microsoft\_SQL\_Server

Oracle

Sybase\_JConnect6\_05



## JDBC Administration Tasks (contd.)

- Display existing JDBC Provider properties

Eg: `mqsireportproperties <Broker Name> -c JDBCProviders -o DB2 -r`

JDBCProviders - DB2

```
connectionUrlFormat='jdbc:db2://[serverName]:[portNumber]/[databaseName]:user=
[user];password=[password];'
connectionUrlFormatAttr1=""
connectionUrlFormatAttr3=""
connectionUrlFormatAttr5=""
databaseName='jdbctest '
databaseType='DB2 Universal Database'
description='default_Description'
jarsURL='C:\Program Files\IBM\DB2v9.5\java'
securityIdentity='default_User@default_Server'
serverName='default_Database_Server_Name'
type4DatasourceClassName='com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2XADataSource'
type4DriverClassName='com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2Driver'

connectionUrlFormatAttr2=""
connectionUrlFormatAttr4=""

databaseVersion='9.1'

portNumber='50000'
```



# Securing JDBC Connections

- Identify the userid to be associated with the JDBC connection
- Associate the userid with the security identity
  - `mqsisetdbparms <Broker Name> -n security_identity -u userID -p password`
- Update the corresponding securityIdentity property for the JDBCProvider configurable service to associate the connection with the security identity that you have just defined.

`mqsichangeproperties <Broker Name> -c JDBCProviders -o <Provider> -n securityIdentity -v <Value>`



# XA Coordination

To configure the database that is accessed through a Type 4 JDBC connection to participate in globally coordinated transactions use the following steps:

- Ensure that the JDBCProvider service definition is appropriate for coordinated transactions
- Edit the qm.ini file (UNIX® and Linux®) or Queue Manager properties in MQExplorer (Windows®) and add the following stanza for each database:

```
XAResourceManager:  
Name=Database_Name  
SwitchFile=JDBCSwitch  
XAOpenString=JDBC_DataSource  
ThreadOfControl=THREAD
```



# XA Coordination (contd.)

- On Windows copy the switch file from <WMB>\bin to <WMQ>\exits directory
- On UNIX and Linux systems create a symbolic link to the switch file in <WMB InstallDir>/lib directory to /var/mqm/exits/<SwitchFileName> and /var/mqm/exits64/<SwitchFileName>

Platform	32-bit Switch File	64-bit Switch File
AIX	libJDBCSwitch.so	libJDBCSwitch64.so
HP-UX / Itanium		libJDBCSwitch.so
HP-UX/ PA-RISC	libJDBCSwitch.sl	libJDBCSwitch64.sl
Linux / PPC		libJDBCSwitch.so
z/Linux		libJDBCSwitch.so
Linux / x86-64	libJDBCSwitch.so	
Solaris / SPARC	libJDBCSwitch.so	libJDBCSwitch64.so
Solaris / x86-64		libJDBCSwitch.so

# XA Coordination (contd.)

- To configure a MessageFlow for XA coordination
  - ▶ Open the toolkit
  - ▶ In the BAR editor, add the message flow
  - ▶ In the Configure tab, select Coordinated Transaction checkbox



# JDBC Implementation

- Below is a simple example that demonstrates a Type 4 JDBC connection using a Java Compute Node
- Environment
  - ▶ WMB v6.1.0.3 (Runtime / Toolkit)
  - ▶ DB2 v9.5
  - ▶ Database Employees
- Define JDBC Security Identity

`mqsisetdbparms KP61BK -n jdbc::employees -u perik -p PASSWORD`
- Create / Modify a JDBC Provider Configurable Service



# JDBC Implementation (contd.)

- Create a Message Flow as shown under:



- Below is the code for the Java Compute Node's evaluate method:

```
import java.sql.Connection;  
import java.sql.ResultSet;  
import java.sql.SQLException;  
import java.sql.Statement;  
  
import com.ibm.broker.javacompute.MbJavaComputeNode;  
import com.ibm.broker.plugin.*;
```

## JDBC Implementation (contd.)

```
public class QueryJDBC_JavaCompute extends MbJavaComputeNode
{
    public void evaluate(MbMessageAssembly assembly) throws MbException
    {
        MbOutputTerminal out = getOutputTerminal("out");
        MbMessage newMsg = new MbMessage(assembly.getMessage());
        MbMessageAssembly newMsgAsembly = new MbMessageAssembly(assembly, newMsg);

        try
        {
            // get the SQL connection
            Connection conn = this.getJDBCType4Connection(
                "DB2",
                JDBC_TransactionType.MB_TRANSACTION_AUTO);

            // create a SQL Statement object
            Statement st = conn.createStatement(ResultSet.TYPE_SCROLL_INSENSITIVE,
                ResultSet.CONCUR_READ_ONLY);
        }
    }
}
```

# JDBC Implementation (contd.)

```
// select the EmployeeNumber and Bonus columns
ResultSet rs = st.executeQuery("Select EMPNO, NAME, SALARY From EMPLOYEE");

// process the rows of the result set
while(rs.next())
{
    // do some processing
}
}
catch (SQLException e)
{
    e.printStackTrace();
}

if (out.isAttached())
{
    out.propagate(new MsgA smbly);
}

new Msg.clearMessage();
}
}
```



# JDBC Tracing

- DB2

- ▶ IBM\_JAVA\_OPTIONS=-Ddb2.jcc.propertiesFile=<Path/jccProps.properties>
- ▶ Edit jccProps.properties file and add the following entries

```
db2.jcc.override.traceDirectory=/tmp  
db2.jcc.override.traceFile=jccTrace.out  
db2.jcc.override.traceFileAppend=true  
db2.jcc.override.traceLevel=-1
```

- Oracle

- ▶ IBM\_JAVA\_OPTIONS=-Doracle.jdbc.Trace=true



# Notes

- Samples gallery has an example with DatabaseRoute Node
- APARs of interest
  - ▶ IC60625 - JDBCType4connection doesn't reconnects after network failure/DB restart
  - ▶ IC58607 – Unable to get a Type 4 JDBC connection with Informix
  - ▶ IC59641 – Unable to set additional DB2 JDBC Type 4 properties
- To test JDBC connectivity outside WebSphere Message Broker use the JDBC Test Tool

[http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=71&q1=JDBC+connectivity&uid=swg24001799&loc=en\\_US&cs=utf-8&la](http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=71&q1=JDBC+connectivity&uid=swg24001799&loc=en_US&cs=utf-8&la)



# Summary

To enable JDBC connectivity

- ▶ Create a new configurable service or
- ▶ Modify the existing configurable service
- ▶ Enable security identity
- ▶ Configure the BAR file properties (if using XA)



# Additional WebSphere Product Resources

- Discover the latest trends in WebSphere Technology and implementation, participate in technically-focused briefings, webcasts and podcasts at: <http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/websphere/community/>
- Learn about other upcoming webcasts, conferences and events: [http://www.ibm.com/software/websphere/events\\_1.html](http://www.ibm.com/software/websphere/events_1.html)
- Join the Global WebSphere User Group Community: <http://www.websphere.org>
- Access key product show-me demos and tutorials by visiting IBM Education Assistant: <http://www.ibm.com/software/info/education/assistant>
- View a Flash replay with step-by-step instructions for using the Electronic Service Request (ESR) tool for submitting problems electronically: <http://www.ibm.com/software/websphere/support/d2w.html>
- Sign up to receive weekly technical My Notifications emails: <http://www.ibm.com/software/support/einfo.html>



# IBM Support Wants to Hear From You!

## Tell us about your support needs and wants

1. Visit any product support pages on IBM.com.
2. Click on “Participate in Questionnaire” on top right of page.
3. Takes 5-10 minutes to complete.



# Questions and Answers

