

Google Cloud Platform – Cloud Architect

Networking



Agenda



- Basics
- ☐ Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)
- Bastion Host
- → VPC Key Concepts
- Network Service Tier
- ☐ Shared VPC
- ☐ Shared VPC
- Connect On-Premise/ Other Cloud to GCP
- ☐ Typical VPN Setup
- ☐ Cloud VPN
- ☐ Routes

- ☐ Internconnect
- ☐ VPN vs Interconnect
- □ OSI
- ☐ Cloud Load Balancer
- Cloud CDN



Basics

Basics - Request for Comment 1918 (RFC 1918)

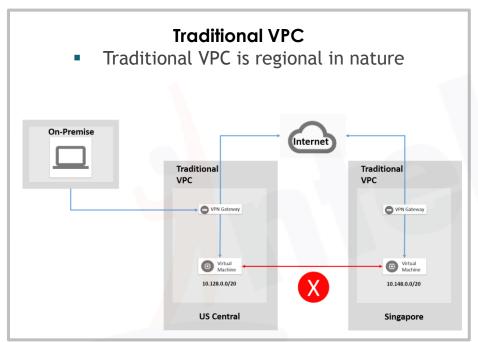


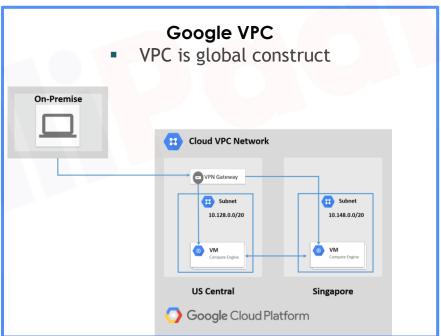
- RFC 1918 was used to create the standards by which networking equipment assigns IP addresses in a private network
- Addresses in one of following ranges are not routed on the Internet backbone. Internet routers immediately discard private addresses

Class/ Block	IP Address Range	CIDR Prefix	No. of Addresses
A/ 24-bit block	10.0.0.0 - 10.255.255.255	10 .0.0.0/8	16,777,216
B/ 20-bit block	172.16.0.0 - 172.31.255.255	172.16. 0.0./12	1,048,576
C/ 16-bit block	192.168.0.0 - 192.168.255.255	192.168. 0.0/ 16	65,536

Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)



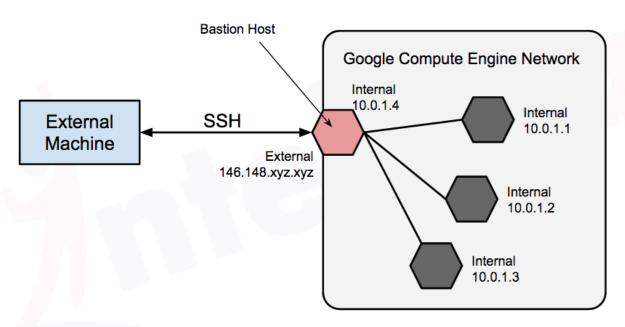




Bastion Host



☐ Isolates your internal traffic from the external world which avoids Denial of Service (DoS) attack



Source: https://cloud.google.com/solutions/connecting-securely

VPC Key Concepts



VPC networks, including their associated routes and firewall rules are global resources.

2 Subnets are regional resources.

Two types of VPC networks available auto and custom based on subnet creation mode.

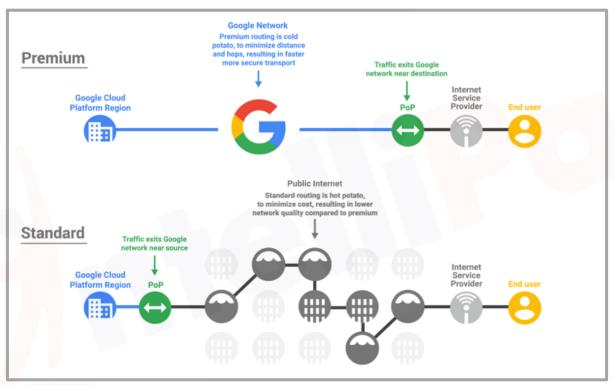
Each project starts with a default auto mode network.

Traffic to and from instances can be controlled with network firewall rules.

6 Every new network has two types of system-generated routes.

Network Service Tier

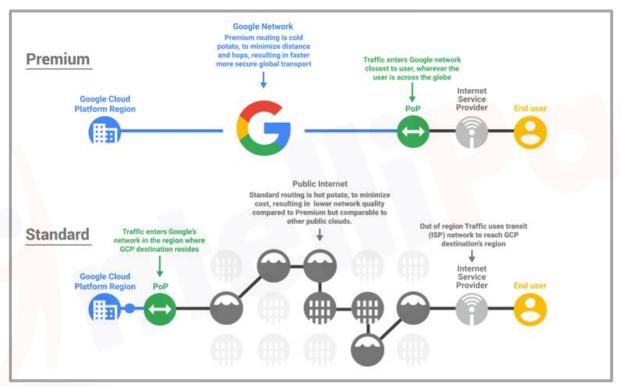




Source: https://cloud.google.com/blog/products/gcp/introducing-network-service-tiers-your-cloud-network-your-way

Network Service Tier





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Shared VPC

ntelliPaat

- VPC & Subnetworks can be shared across GCP Projects
- Typically used in large organizations

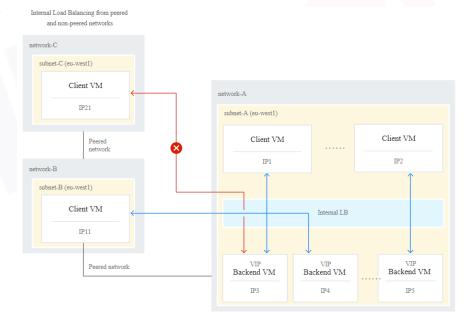
O Google Cloud Platform Host Project Service Project A Shared VPC Network WPC Routing Instance A us-west1 Region us-east1 Region Service Project B 10.0.1.0/24 Subnet 10.15.2.0/24 Subnet Internal IP Address Internal IP Address Instance B for Instance A for Instance B Standalone Project WPC Network WPC Routing us-west1 Region us-east1 Region 10.0.1.0/24 Subnet 10.20.7.0/24 Subnet Standalone

Source: https://cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/shared-vpc

VPC Peering



- □ To connect VPC networks with-in/ across Project/ Organization
- ☐ Traffic can be travelled across GCP Projects only
- Helps to build SaaS
- □ 25 peered networks limit



Source: https://cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/vpc-peering

Connect On-Premise/ Other Cloud to GCP





Cloud VPN

- Tested and a reliable way of interconnecting your networks.
- SLAs of 99.9%
- Bandwidth support up to 3Gbps per tunnel



Cloud Interconnect

- Enterprise grade 10G connections or 50Mbps-10G per VLAN via Partner Interconnect
- Industry leading SLAs of 99.99%
- Ultimate Bandwidth

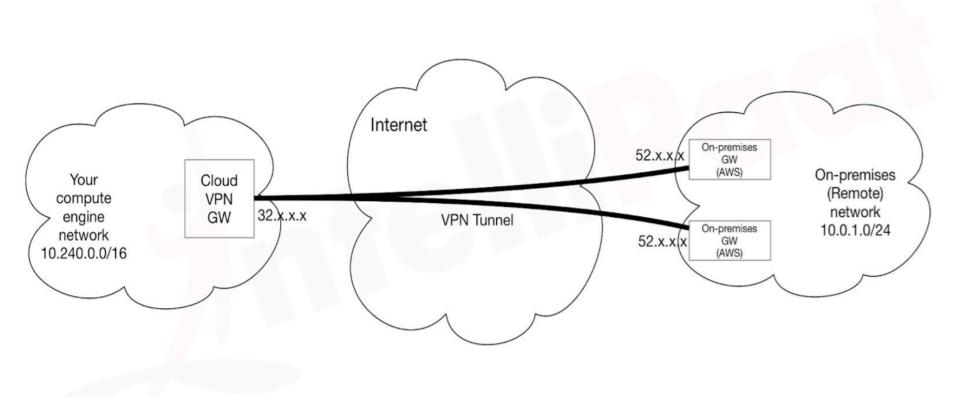


Peering

 If you can meet Google's requirements connect directly using direct peering or pick a partner for partner peering

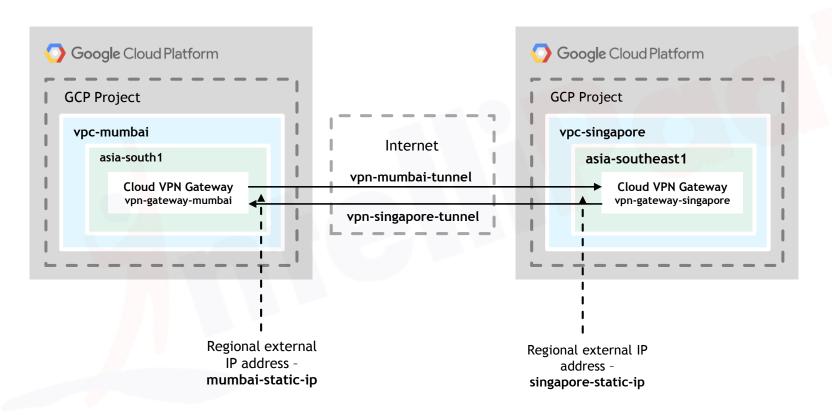
Typical VPN Setup





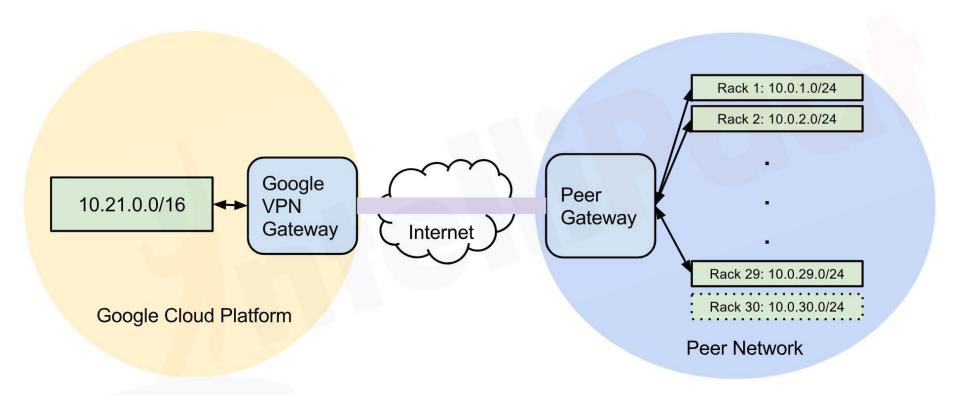
Cloud VPN





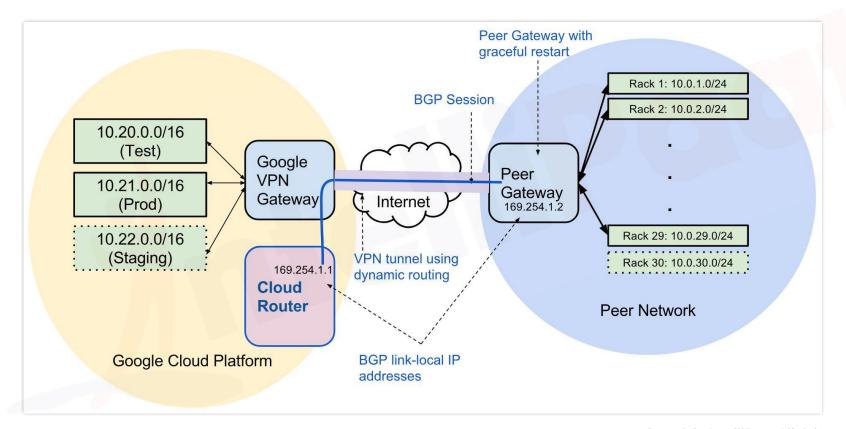
Static Route





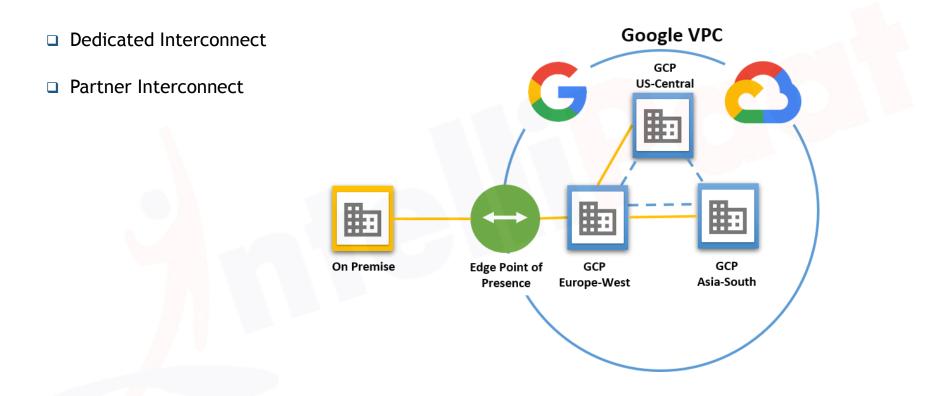
Cloud Router





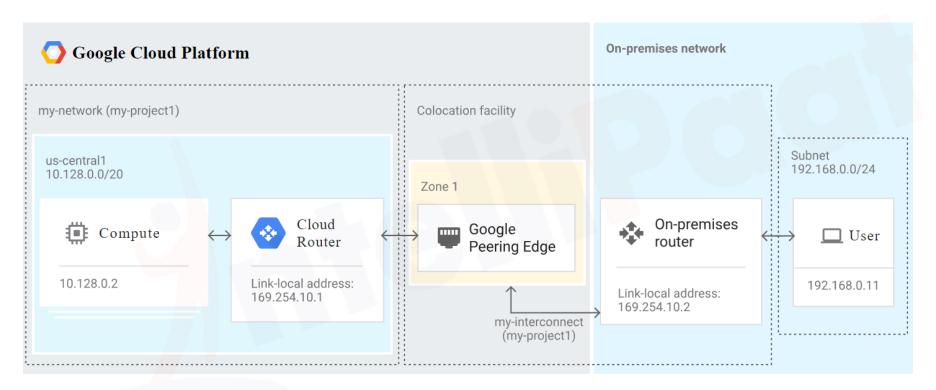
Cloud Interconnect





Dedicated Interconnect





Source: https://cloud.google.com/interconnect/docs/concepts/dedicated-overview





Feature	Cloud VPN	Interconnect	Peering
Access Type	Internal IP address - RFC 1918 address space	Internal IP address - RFC 1918 address space	Public IP addresses
Capacity	1.5 - 3 Gbps per tunnel over an encrypted public internet	Dedicated Interconnect: 10 Gbps per link. With up to eight connections per interconnect, you have 80 Gbps	Direct Peering: 10 Gbps per link.
Capacity Partner		Partner Interconnect: 50 Mbps,100-500 Mbps & 1,2,5,10 Gbps	Carrier Peering: Contact the Network Provider
Price	Egress rateNumber of Tunnels	Egress rateFee for VLAN	 Egress rate Establishing a direct peering connection with Google is free
SLA	99.9%	99.99%	No SLA
OSI Layer	Layer 3	Layer 2	Layer 3

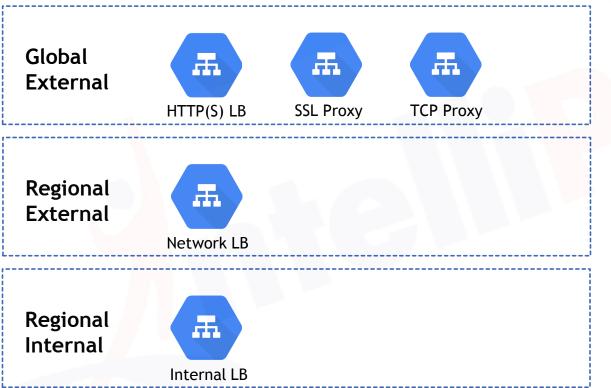


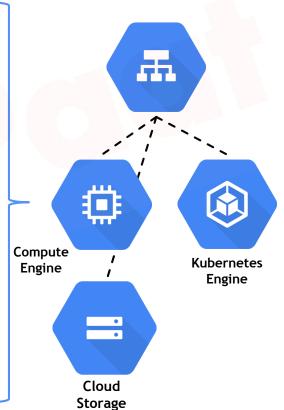


Layers	Description & Protocols		
Application (L7)	 End User Layer HTTP(S), FTP, SSH, DNS 		
Presentation (L6)	Syntax LayerSSL, SSH, IMAP, FTP, MPEG, JPEG		
Session (L5)	Synch & Send to PortAPI's, Sockets, Winsock		
Transport (L4)	 End-to-end connection TCP(Transmission Control Protocol), UDP (User Datagram Protocol) 		
Network (L3)	PacketsIP (IPv4, IPv6), ICMP, IPSec		
Data Link (L2)	FramesEthernet		
Physical (L1)	Physical structureCoax, Fiber, Repeaters		

Cloud Load Balancer







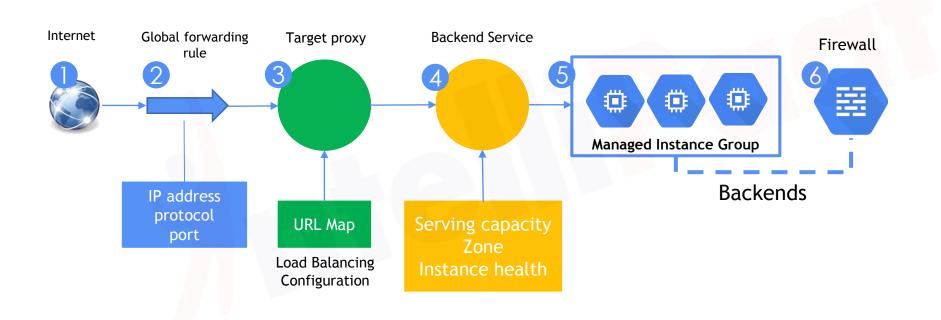
Cloud Load Balancer



Load Balancer	Traffic Type	Global/ Region	External/ Internal	Ports
HTTP(S)	HTTP/ HTTPS	Global	External	80, 8080, 443
SSL Proxy	TCP with SSL Offload	Global	External	25, 43, 110, 143, 195, 443, 465, 587, 700, 993, 995, 1883, and 5222
TCP Proxy	TCP without SSL offload. Does not preserve client IP addresses	Global	External	25, 43, 110, 143, 195, 443, 465, 587, 700, 993, 995, 1883, and 5222
Network TCP/ UDP	TCP/UDP without SSL offload. Preserves client IP addresses	Regional	External	Any
Internal TCP/ UDP	TCP/ UDP	Regional	Internal	Any

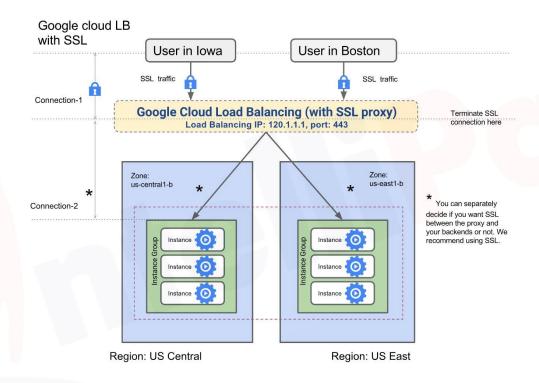
Global HTTP(S) Load Balancing IntelliPaat





Load Balancing with SSL Proxy IntelliPage

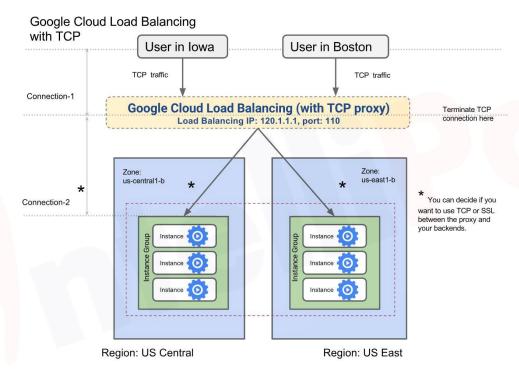




Source: https://cloud.google.com/load-balancing/docs/ssl/

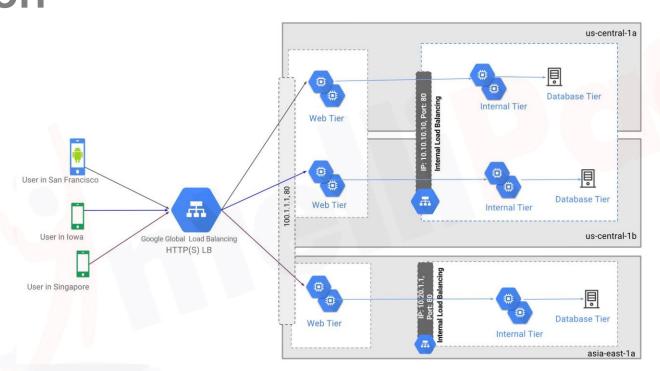
Load Balancing with TCP Proxy IntelliPaat





Source: https://cloud.google.com/load-balancing/docs/tcp/

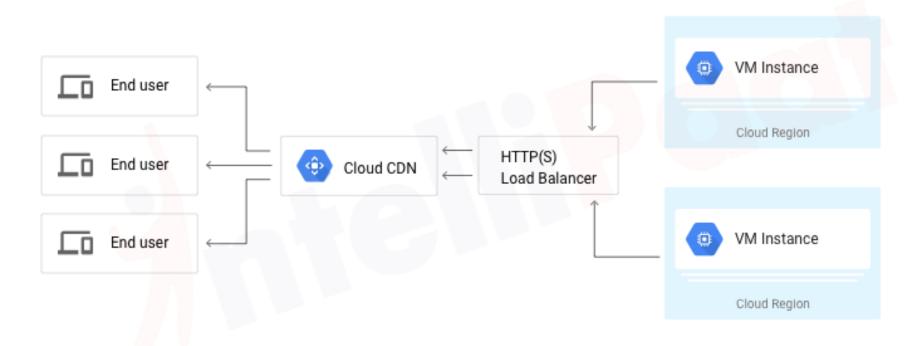
Global HTTP LB + Internal LB in IntelliPaat action



Source: https://cloud.google.com/load-balancing/docs/internal/

Cloud CDN

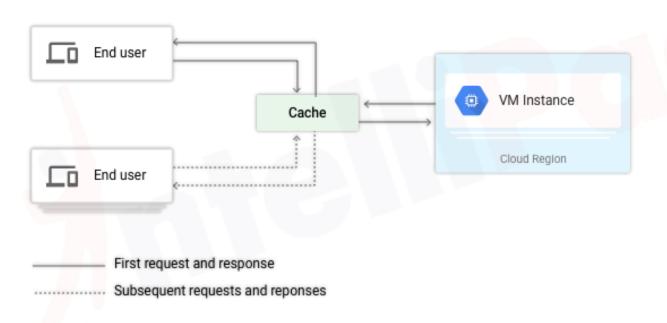




Source: https://cloud.google.com/cdn/docs/overview

Cloud CDN - Cache miss and cache hit

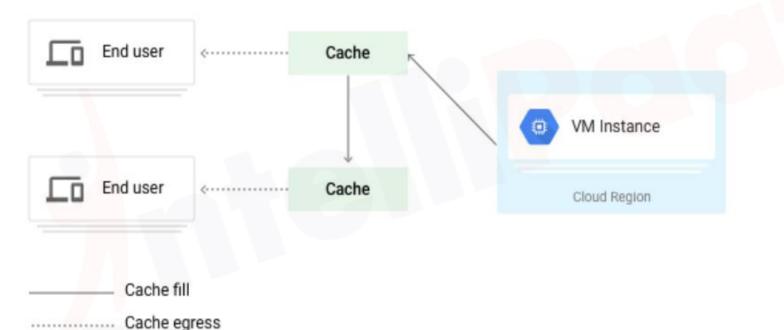




Source: https://cloud.google.com/cdn/docs/overview

Cloud CDN - Cache fill and cache egress





Source: https://cloud.google.com/cdn/docs/overview



QUIZ

Quiz 1



Your company is building a large-scale web application. Each team is responsible for its own service components of the application and wants to manage its own individual projects. You want each service to communicate with the others over RFC1918 address space. What should you do?

Α

Deploy each service into a single project within the same VPC.

В

Configure Shared VPC and add each project as a service of the Shared VPC Project.

C

Configure each service to communicate with the others over HTTPS protocol.

D

Configure a global load balancer for each project, and communicate between each service using the global load balancer IP addresses



Answer 1



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Quiz 2



How many more VPCs can one Project have if it already having default VPC?

- A 4
- B 5
- **C** 3
- D 10



Answer 2



What are Virtual Machine scale sets in Azure?

A 4

B 5

C 3

D 10



Quiz 3



A customer wants 20 gigabits per second (Gb/s) capacity/ bandwidth between their data centre and GCP. Which option suits their requirement?

A Cloud VPN

B Partner Interconnect

C Cloud Router

D Dedicated Interconnect



Answer 3



A customer wants 20 gigabits per second (Gb/s) capacity/ bandwidth between their data centre and GCP. Which option suits their requirement?

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Quiz 4

D



Organization A & B both uses GCP for building their applications. Both wants to leverage GCP infrastructure and reduce egress cost. What is the best option for applications in organization A to communicate with applications in organization B?

A VPC Peering

B Shared VPC

C Create a custom VPC

Applications in two organization can communicate each with zero configuration and setup



Answer 4



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Applications in two organization can communicate each with zero configuration and setup











US: 1-800-216-8930 (TOLL FREE)



sales@intellipaat.com



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