Seminarul 4

Probabilitati canditionate P(E2 | E1) = P(E1 NE2)
P(E2) P(E, nE2) = P(E2). P(E, 1/E2) P(E2) E1) = P(E1) P(E2) P(E1 | E2) = 1- P(E1 | E2) P(A) = P(B). P(ANB) + P(B). P(ANB) P(E1) = 9(E2) . P(E10 E2) + P(E2) . P(E20E2) Probab. neconditionnate (independente) P(ERIEN)=P(ER) (=) P(ER) = P(EN) P(ER) Formula lui Bayes P(A) = = P(Ki) · P(A 1 Hi) P(H1)-P(H1) P(H) P(A+1H2) + P(H2) · P(A+1H2) 1) Hi - ane boala H2 = H1 - mu ave boala A+ - test pozitiv A- - test negativ $P(A_{+}|H_{A}) = 0.97 = P(A_{-}|H_{A}) = 0.03$ $P(A_{-}|H_{A}) = 0.95 = P(A_{+}|H_{A}) = 0.05$ P(H1) = 0,002 P(H2)=0,888

$$P(H_{1}|A_{+}) = \frac{1}{P(H_{1}) \cdot P(A_{+}|H_{1})}$$

$$P(H_{1}|A_{+}) = \frac{P(H_{1}) \cdot P(A_{+}|H_{1})}{P(H_{1}) \cdot P(A_{+}|H_{2})} = \frac{0,002 \cdot 0,97}{0,002 \cdot 0,37 + 0,991 \cdot 0,05}$$

$$= 0,0388$$

$$P(H_{1}|A_{+}) = \frac{P(H_{2}) \cdot P(A_{+}|H_{2})}{P(H_{2}) \cdot P(A_{+}|H_{2})} = \frac{0,998 \cdot 0,05}{0,938 \cdot 0,05} = \frac{0}{0,938 \cdot 0,05}$$

$$= \frac{0,0499}{0,05181} = 0,9620$$
2) Siecane Imbelace are 5 naspumsuri P(E1) E2) · P(E2) = P(E2|E1) · P(E3) · P

$$P(H_{2}|A_{+}) = \frac{P(A_{+}|H_{2}) \cdot P(H_{2})}{P(A_{+}|H_{2}) \cdot P(H_{2})} = \frac{O, 2 \cdot O, 35}{O, 2 \cdot O, 35 + 1.0,65} = \frac{O,07}{O,72} = 0,1$$

P(A_) = P(H1) · P (A_ /H1) + P(H2) · P (A_ /H2) = 0,65 · 0 + 0,05 · 0,8 = 0,28

$$P(\overline{E_1}) = 0,2$$
 $P(\overline{E_1}) = 0,8$
 $P(\overline{E_2}) = 0,4$ $P(\overline{E_2}) = 0,2$

$$P(H_1) = 0, 2.0, 4 = 0.08$$

$$P(H_2) = 0,32$$

$$= 0.08 \cdot 0.9 + 0.32 \cdot 0.8 + 0.12 \cdot 0.5 + 0 = 0.072 + 0.256 + 0.06 = 0.388$$

$$P\left(H_{1}|A\right) = \frac{P(A|H_{1}) \cdot P(H_{1})}{P(A)} = \frac{Q_{1}9 \cdot Q_{1}99}{Q_{1}388} = \frac{Q_{1}072}{Q_{1}388} = \frac{72}{288}$$

$$(4) P(H_1) = 0,4$$

4)
$$P(N_1) = 0,4$$

 $P(A|\overline{N_1}) = 0,2$ => $P(A|N_2) = 0,2$
 $P(A|\overline{N_2}) = 0,7$ => $P(A|N_1) = 0,7$

5)
$$P(H_1) = 0, 7$$
 $P(H_2) = 0, 3$
 $P(A \mid H_1) = 0, 2$
 $P(A \mid H_2) = 0, 1$
 $P(H_1 \mid A) = \frac{1}{2}$
 $P(H_1 \mid A) = \frac{1}{2}$

$$P(H_1|b=d) = \frac{P(H_1) \cdot P(b=d|H_1)}{P(b=d)} = \frac{O,6.0,7}{0,46} = \frac{42}{46}$$

$$P(b=d) = P(H_1) \cdot P(b=d)H_1) + P(H_2) \cdot P(b=d)H_2) =$$

$$= 0.6 \cdot 0.7 + 0.4 \cdot 0.1 = 0.42 + 0.04 = 0.46$$

$$P(H_1|U_2) = \frac{P(H_1) \cdot P(U_2|H_1)}{P(U_2)} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{3}$$
pastrām alegerea

$$P(H_3 | V_2) = \frac{P(H_3) \cdot P(V_2 | H_3)}{P(H_3)} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \lambda}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{3}$$
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