

CALCUL D'UN DETERMINANT

EXERCICE 33:

A. car il y'a une colonne nul.

B. car

C. car $L_2 = L_1 + 2L_3$

EXERCICE 34:

$$\bullet |A| = 1 \times 3 \times 1 \times 6 = 18 \quad \bullet |B| = 3 \times 1 \times 5 \times 2 = 30 \quad \bullet |C| = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 4$$

EXERCICE 35:

$$\bullet |A| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -102 + 0 = -102 = -4 \times 3 \times 6 = -48$$

$$\bullet |B| = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -0001 + 0 = 0 = -1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 6 = -36$$

$$|B| = -36.$$

$$\bullet |C| = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3 & 2 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 & 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -02000 + 0 = 0 = 2 \times 3 \times 7 \times 4 = 168$$

$$= + \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 12$$

EXERCICE 36:

$$\bullet |A| = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 10 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 = 10 \cdot 5 \cdot 0 \cdot 2 = 10 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 0 = 10 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 = 141$$

$$= 10 \times 5 \times 4 \times 2 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 = -400 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 = 400 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 = -400 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = -400 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = -400$$

$$= -400 \times (4) \times (5) \times (3) = -400$$

$$|B| = \begin{vmatrix} -4 & -2 & 6 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ -6 & 0 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -8 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (-2)(-2)(-2)(-2) = +16$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 4 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$= +16 \quad = -16 \quad = +16 \quad = -16$$

$$= -16 \times 2 \times 3 \times (-1) \times 5 = -48$$

$$|C| = \begin{vmatrix} \sqrt{5} & 9\sqrt{5} & 0.3\sqrt{5} \\ 2\sqrt{3} & 2 & 0 \\ 113 & 112 & 3\sqrt{3}/2 \\ 0 & 112 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \sqrt{5} \cdot 113 \cdot 112 \cdot \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{5} = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 55 \cdot 3$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{5} \cdot 3\sqrt{5}}{36} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 11 = \frac{5}{12} \cdot 2 = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 =$$

$$= -\frac{5}{6} \begin{vmatrix} 13 & 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -\frac{5}{6} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 18 & 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -\frac{5}{6} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 18 & 3 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 18 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{5}{6} \times 1 \times 1 \times 2 \times 1 = \frac{5}{3}$$

EXERCICE 37:

$$\bullet |A| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_2 \leftarrow L_2 - 2L_1 \\ L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - 4L_1}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & -3 & -4 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - L_2}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \times (-3) \times (-2)$$

$$|A| = 6$$

$$\bullet |B| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_2 \leftarrow L_2 - 3L_1 \\ L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - 2L_1}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & -5 \\ 0 & -1 & -6 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{S} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -6 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$S \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = 5 \times 1 \times 3 \times (-5) = -35$$

$$\bullet |C| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 3 \\ 4 & -1 & 3 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - 2L_1 \\ L_4 \leftarrow L_4 - 4L_1}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 9 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_2 \\ L_4 \leftarrow L_4 + L_2}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 5 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_4 \leftarrow L_4 - 2L_3}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \times 1 \times (-1) \times 1$$

$$\text{donc } |C| = -1$$

$$\bullet |D| = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -3 & -6 & 4 \\ -1 & -2 & -1 & 3 \\ -2 & -3 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 & -9 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_1 \leftarrow L_1 + L_2 \\ L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_1}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 & -9 \\ -1 & -2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 & -6 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 & -9 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_2 \leftarrow L_2 - L_1 \\ L_4 \leftarrow L_4 - 3L_2}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 & -9 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 & -9 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \times (-1) \times 0 \times (-5) \times 10 = 0$$

EXERCICE 38:

$$\bullet |A| = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - 2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 5 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 7 - 2(-13) + (-13) = 28$$

$$\bullet |B| = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \cdot 3 \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot (-7) - 3 \cdot 11 = -39$$

$$|D| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -2(-1) = 2$$

$$|G| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 + 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 = 2 \times 3 \times 1 \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } 0$$

$$\lambda \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 6 - 10 = -4$$

EXERCISE 39:

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_2 \leftarrow L_2 + L_1 \\ L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_1 \\ L_4 \leftarrow L_4 + L_1}} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - L_2} \\ = -1 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \left(-2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \right) = 2(-4-4) = -16. \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - 2L_2 \\ L_4 \leftarrow L_4 - L_2 - L_3}} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -6 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 - 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & -6 & 1 \\ -5 & -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{L_{2,3} \leftarrow L_2 + L_1, L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + 5L_1} \\ = 0 - 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -4 & 4 \\ 0 & 8 & 16 \end{vmatrix} = - (64 - 32) = -32. \end{array}$$

$$= - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -4 & 4 \\ 0 & 8 & 16 \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 8 & 16 \end{vmatrix} = - (64 - 32) = -32.$$

$$|C| = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - L_2} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1$$

$$|D| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 6 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_1 \leftarrow L_2 - L_1]{L_3 \leftarrow L_4 - L_1} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = -2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = -12$$

$$|E| = \begin{vmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 & 15 \\ -2 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 14 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -21 & 4 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \times 5 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & -3 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 7 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -21 & 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \times 10 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_1 \leftarrow L_1 + L_2]{L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_2} \\ = 140 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \times 140 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 6 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_2]{L_1 \leftarrow L_1 + L_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 7 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\ = -7 \times 140 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -7 \times (1-9) \times 140 = 7840.$$

EXERCICE 40°

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} a+1 & a & a \\ b & b+1 & b \\ c & c & c+1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[C_1, C_2 \leftrightarrow C_3]{} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a \\ -1 & b+1 & b \\ 0 & c & c+1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[C_2 \leftarrow C_2 - C_3]{} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & a \\ -1 & 1 & b \\ 0 & -1 & c+1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_1 \leftarrow L_1 + L_2 + L_3]{} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & a \\ 0 & 1 & a+b \\ 0 & -1 & c+1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_3 \leftarrow L_3 + L_2 + L_1]{} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & a \\ 0 & 1 & a+b \\ 0 & 0 & a+b+c+1 \end{vmatrix} = a+b+c+1$$

EXERCICE 41° Soit $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 & ab & ab & b^2 \\ ab & a^2 & b^2 & ab \\ ab & b^2 & a^2 & ab \\ b^2 & ab & ab & a^2 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_1 \leftarrow L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_4]{} \begin{vmatrix} (a+b)^2 & (a+b)^2 & (a+b)^2 & (a+b)^2 \\ ab & a^2 & b^2 & ab \\ ab & b^2 & a^2 & ab \\ b^2 & ab & ab & a^2 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[L_3 \leftarrow L_3 - L_2]{} \\ (a+b)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0b & a^2 & b^2 & ab \\ 0 & b^2-a^2 & a^2-b^2 & 0 \\ b^2 & ab & ab & a^2 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[(a+b)^2]{} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0b & a^2-b^2 & b^2-ab & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a^2-b^2 & 0 \\ b^2 & ab & ab & a^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a+b)^2 (a^2-b^2)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ ab & a^2-b^2 & ab \\ b^2 & ab & a^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C_3 = C_3 - C_1 \quad (a+b)^2 (a^2-b^2)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ ab & a^2-b^2 & 0 \\ b^2 & 2ab & a^2-b^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a+b)^2 (a^2-b^2)^2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ ab & a^2-b^2 & 0 \\ b^2 & 2ab & a^2-b^2 \end{vmatrix} \\ = (a+b)^2 (a^2-b^2)^2 (a^2+b^2-2ab) = (a+b)^2 (a^2-b^2)^2 (a-b)^2 \\ = (a+b)^2 (a-b)^2 (a+b)^2 (a-b)^2 = (a+b)^4 (a-b)^4$$

EXERCICE 4.2 :

$$D_n = \begin{vmatrix} a & b & \cdots & b \\ b & a & \cdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & b \\ b & b & \cdots & a \end{vmatrix}^n$$

→ à la première colonne on ajoute les autres colonnes.

$$D_n = \begin{vmatrix} a + (n-1)b & b & \cdots & b \\ a & a & \cdots & \vdots \\ b & b & \cdots & b \\ a + (n-1)b & b & \cdots & a+b \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow D_n = a + (n-1)b \quad \begin{vmatrix} a & b & \cdots & b \\ 0 & a & \cdots & \vdots \\ b & b & \cdots & b \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & ba \end{vmatrix} \quad \text{On soustrait la 1ère ligne des autres}$$

$$\rightarrow D_n = a + (n-1)b \quad \begin{vmatrix} a & b-b & b & \cdots & b \\ 0 & ab & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & ab & \ddots & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & ab & \cdots & \ddots & 0 \\ 0 & a & \cdots & ab & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (a + (n-1)b)(a-b)^{n-1}$$

↑ triangulaire