

1. (1) $96 = 2 \times 48 = 2 \times 2 \times 24 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 12 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 6 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$
(2) $46 = 2 \times 23$
(3) No, the highest common factor of 96 and 46 is 2, so **they are not** relatively prime.
(4) $4416 = 96 \times 46 = (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3) \times (2 \times 23) = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 23$
2. (1) $81 = 3 \times 27 = 3 \times 3 \times 9 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$
(2) $82 = 2 \times 41$
(3) Yes, the highest common factor of 81 and 82 is 1, so **they are** relatively prime.
(4) $6642 = 81 \times 82 = (3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (2 \times 41) = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 41$
3. (1) $10 = 2 \times 5$
(2) $80 = 2 \times 40 = 2 \times 2 \times 20 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 10 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$
(3) No, the highest common factor of 10 and 80 is 10, so **they are not** relatively prime.
(4) $800 = 10 \times 80 = (2 \times 5) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5) = 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$