## Samples

## Integrals SOLUTIONS

1.

$$\int_{-1}^{1} (-6x^{2} + 6x - 4) dx = \left[ -2x^{3} + 3x^{2} - 4x \right]_{-1}^{1}$$

$$= (-2 \times 1^{3} + 3 \times 1^{2} - 4 \times 1) - \left( -2 \times (-1)^{3} + 3 \times (-1)^{2} - 4 \times (-1) \right)$$

$$= -2 + 3 - 4 - (2 + 3 + 4)$$

$$= -3 - 9$$

$$= -12$$

**2**.

$$\int_0^3 (3x^2 + 8) dx = \left[ x^3 + 8x \right]_0^3$$

$$= (3^3 + 8 \times 3) - (0^3 + 8 \times 0)$$

$$= 27 + 24 - 0$$

$$= 51 - 0$$

$$= 51$$

3.

$$\int_{-3}^{0} \left(-15x^{2} + 8x + 10\right) dx = \left[-5x^{3} + 4x^{2} + 10x\right]_{-3}^{0}$$

$$= \left(-5 \times 0^{3} + 4 \times 0^{2} + 10 \times 0\right) - \left(-5 \times (-3)^{3} + 4 \times (-3)^{2} + 10 \times (-3)\right)$$

$$= 0 - (135 + 36 - 30)$$

$$= 0 - 141$$

$$= -141$$