Appendix A

Sample Code

```
Code File App.py
import streamlit as st import torch
import os import tempfile
import speech recognition as sr import time
from transformers import pipeline import io
# Set page config st.set page config(
# Initialize models @st.cache resource
def load gender model():
return pipeline("audio-classification", model="audeering/wav2vec2-large- robust-24-ft-age-
gender")
@st.cache_resource
def load emotion text model():
return pipeline("sentiment-analysis", model="michellejieli/emotion_text_classifier")
# Function to process audio file for gender analysis
# Improved function to process audio for gender analysis def
process_audio_for_gender(audio_data, gender_model):
# Create a temporary file temp audio path = None try:
with tempfile.NamedTemporaryFile(delete=False, suffix='.wav') as tmp_file:
tmp_file.write(audio_data.getvalue())
temp audio path = tmp file.name
# Print debug info
st.info(f"Processing audio file: {temp_audio_path}")
# Get audio info import wave
with wave.open(temp_audio_path, 'rb') as wf: channels = wf.getnchannels()
sampwidth = wf.getsampwidth() framerate = wf.getframerate()
st.write(f"Audio properties: Channels={channels}, Sample Width={sampwidth},
Rate={framerate}")
# Process with gender model
gender_results = gender_model(temp_audio_path)
# Print results for debugging
print("Gender model raw results:", gender results)
# Remove temp file
if temp_audio_path and os.path.exists(temp_audio_path): os.unlink(temp_audio_path)
return gender results except Exception as e:
# Remove temp file in case of error
if temp_audio_path and os.path.exists(temp_audio_path): os.unlink(temp_audio_path)
print(f"Error in gender processing: {e}") st.error(f"Audio processing error: {e}") raise e
# Function to convert speech to text def speech to text(audio data):
"""Convert speech audio to text using Google's speech recognition""" r = sr.Recognizer()
```

```
temp_audio_path = None
try:
# Create temporary file for the audio
with tempfile.NamedTemporaryFile(delete=False, suffix='.wav') as temp_audio_file:
temp audio path = temp audio file.name
# Write audio data to the temporary file with open(temp audio path, 'wb') as f:
f.write(audio_data.getvalue())
# Use speech recognition on the file
with sr.AudioFile(temp audio path) as source: audio = r.record(source)
text = r.recognize_google(audio)
# Clean up the temporary file
if temp audio path and os.path.exists(temp audio path): os.unlink(temp audio path)
return text
except sr.UnknownValueError: return "Speech not recognized"
except sr.RequestError as e:
return f"Speech recognition service error: {e}" except Exception as e:
if temp_audio_path and os.path.exists(temp_audio_path): os.unlink(temp_audio_path)
return f"Error: {str(e)}"
# Function to display analysis results
# Updated display_results function with better gender detection logic
def display_results(gender_results, text=None, text_emotion_results=None): # Display
results in columns
if text emotion results:
col1, col2 = st.columns(2) else: col1 = st.container()
# Gender results with col1:
st.subheader("Gender Analysis")
# Show raw results for debugging
st.write("Raw model predictions:", gender_results)
# Get the top prediction top_prediction = gender_results[0]
stop_prediction['score']
# Extract gender from the label if 'female' in label.lower():
gender = 'Female'
elif 'male' in label.lower(): gender = 'Male'
gender = 'Unknown' confidence = score * 100
# Display result st.markdown(f''### {gender}'')
st.markdown(f"Confidence: {confidence:.0f}%") st.progress(confidence/100)
# Text Emotion results (if available) if text_emotion_results:
with col2:
st.subheader("Emotion Analysis")
# Display transcribed text st.markdown("Transcribed Text:")
st.markdown(f"\"{text}\"")
```

```
# Display emotion from text
emotion = text_emotion_results[0]['label'] confidence = text_emotion_results[0]['score'] *
100
st.markdown(f"Detected Emotion: {emotion.capitalize()}") st.markdown(f"Confidence:
{confidence:.0f}%")
# Display progress bar st.progress(confidence/100)
# Map emotions to emojis emoji_map = {
'joy': '@', 'sadness': '@', 'anger': '\','
'neutral': '⊕', 'fear': '∰', 'disgust': '∰', 'surprise': '∰'
def main():
st.title("  Speech Gender and Text Emotion Analysis")
st.markdown("""
### Realtime Audio Analysis
Record your voice to analyze your speech:
1.
       Select recording duration
2.
       Choose whether to analyze text content
       Click "Start Recording" and speak clearly
3.
4.
       Review the analysis results """)
# Recording duration slider
duration = st.slider("Recording Duration (seconds)", 3, 10, 5)
# Text emotion detection checkbox with a unique key
analyze text = st.checkbox("Analyze speech content (text emotion)", value=True,
key="analyze_text_checkbox")
# Start recording button
if st.button("Start Recording"): try:
# Record audio
with st.spinner(f'Recording for {duration} seconds...''): audio_data = record_audio(duration)
# Allow user to play back the recording st.audio(audio_data)
# Process the recording
with st.spinner("Analyzing audio..."): # Load gender model
gender_model = load_gender_model()
# Process audio for gender
gender_results = process_audio_for_gender(audio_data,
gender model)
```

```
# Process text if enabled text = None text_emotion_results = None
if analyze_text:
# First convert speech to text
with st.spinner("Transcribing speech to text..."): text = speech_to_text(audio_data)
if text and text != "Speech not recognized": # Then analyze text emotion
```

```
text_emotion_model = load_emotion_text_model() text_emotion_results =
text_emotion_model(text)# Display results
display_results(gender_results, text, text_emotion_results)

except Exception as e:
st.error(f"Error recording or processing audio: {str(e)}")

st.info("Please make sure your microphone is connected and try again.")

if _name_ == "_main_": main()
```

Appendix B

Output Screenshots

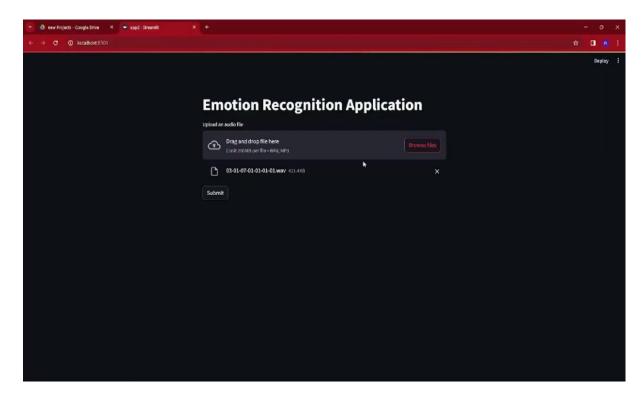
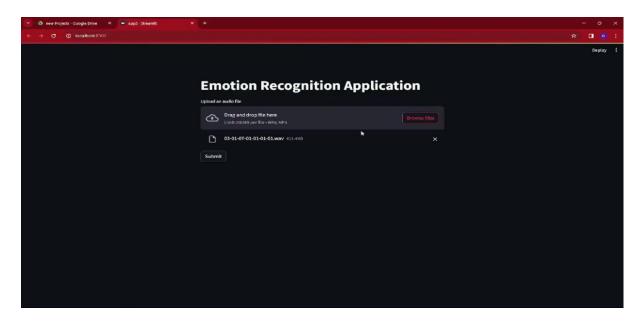


Figure 5.1 Using Audio File Emotion Recognition Application



JJ Speech Gender and Text Emotion Analysis

Realtime Audio Analysis

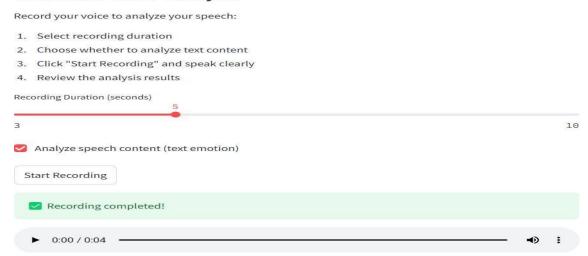


Figure 5.3- Using an audio file to predict Gender and Emotion

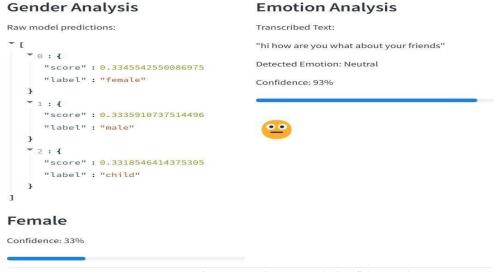


Fig 5.4 Emotion-Neutral; Confidence-93%



Figure 5.5: Both Gender and Emotion Analysis Prediction

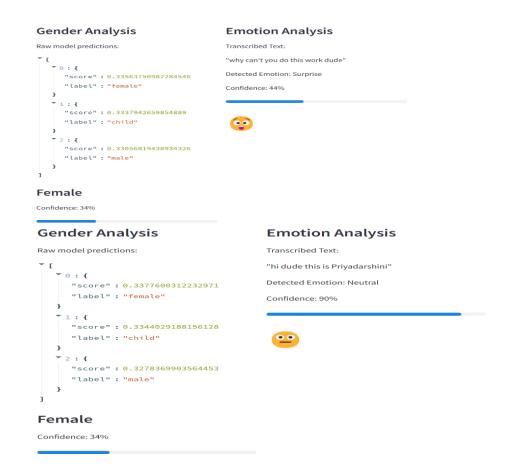


Figure 5.6: Both Gender and Emotion Analysis Prediction [Confidence-90%; Emotion-Neutral]