# **Descriptive Statistics II**

Juan Pablo Lewinger 6/26/2023

### **Descriptive Statistics**

- Univariate methods:
  - quantitative variables: histograms, boxplots, mean/sd (for symmetric vars), median/IQR (for skewed vars)
  - Categorical variables: barplots, table, counts, percentages
- Typical goal in data analysis is to understand the relationship (associations) between pairs of variables
- Today we'll focus on bivariate descriptive statistics
- · Bivariate descriptive statistics can provide initial clues about associations

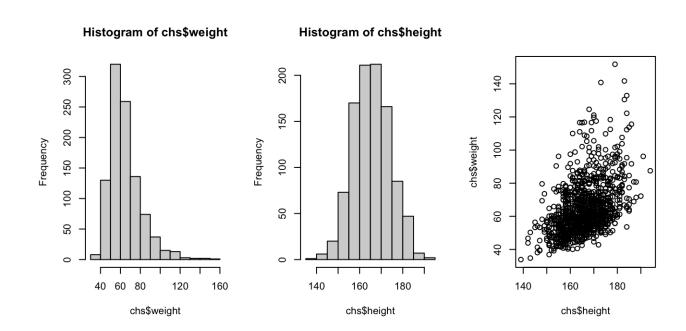
### **CHS** data

```
setwd("/Users/JP/Google Drive/Teaching/LAs BEST/2023/Lectures/3. Descriptive stats bivariate")
chs = read.csv('CHS_cohortE_final_subset.csv')
str(chs)
## 'data.frame': 1000 obs. of 26 variables:
## $ id
                : int 54577 50863 52081 53817 54683 55339 55766 51056 54919 52992 ...
## $ townabbr
              : chr "SA" "SD" "SD" "RV" ...
## $ age
               : num 15.1 16.5 15.6 15.2 14.2 15.2 15.8 16 15.2 16.1 ...
## $ male
               : int 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 ...
             : chr "Others" "Mixed" "Caucasian" "Unknown or Missing" ...
## $ race
            : chr "Hispanic" "Hispanic" "Non-Hispanic" "Hispanic" ...
## $ hisp
               : int 0 NA 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 ...
## $ asthma
## $ height
               : int 168 168 167 160 169 161 185 183 163 165 ...
## $ weight
             : num 52 50.2 55.6 60.9 62.1 ...
## $ bmi
                : num 18.4 17.8 19.9 23.8 21.8 20.6 33.2 39 28.6 28.4 ...
## $ educ
               : int 1 1 3 2 5 5 2 3 1 2 ...
## $ HomeBuilt : chr "1980 or later" "Unknown or Missing" "1960s to 1970s" "Unknown or Missing" ...
## $ BaseGasstove: int 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ BasePets
               : int 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 ...
## $ ETS base : int 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 ...
## $ wheeze
              : int 0 NA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ fev1
               : int 4090 3790 3240 3890 3730 3530 5420 4480 3290 3390 ...
              : int 4950 4810 3370 4190 4930 4010 6360 5590 3450 3930 ...
## $ fvc
               : num 8.84 14.28 15 15.76 14.18 ...
## $ pm25
               : num 0.93 1.38 1.46 1.57 1.32 ...
## $ sulfate
## $ nitrate
               : num 1.87 2.28 2.48 2.45 2.18 ...
## $ ec
                : num 0.702 0.873 0.884 0.762 0.893 ...
## $ dust
                : num 0.449 1.302 1.246 1.29 1.34 ...
## $ longitude
                : num -120 -118 -118 -117 -118 ...
## $ latitude
                : num 34.5 34.1 34.1 34 34.1 ...
## $ obesity
               : logi FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE ...
```

### Quantitative vs. quantitative variables

Graphical summary: scatter plots

```
par(mfrow = c(1,3))
hist(chs$weight)
hist(chs$height)
plot(chs$height, chs$weight)
```



Many R packages for generating plots. ggplot2 is among the most popular

Numerical summary: Pearson correlation coefficient

$$r = corr(x, y) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{sd(x)sd(y)}$$

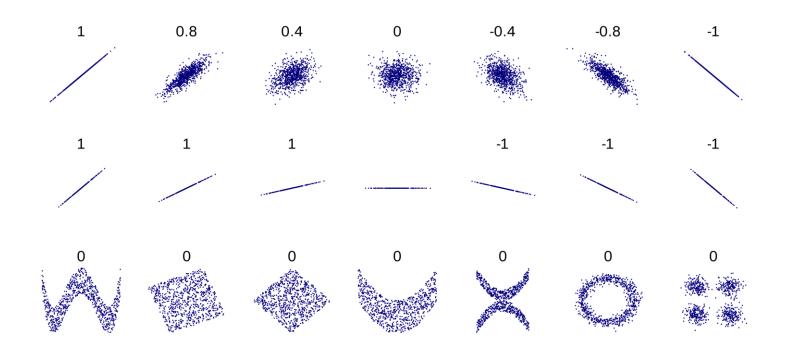
$$-1 \le r \le 1$$

Captures strength of linear relationship between x and y

cor(chs\$height, chs\$weight)

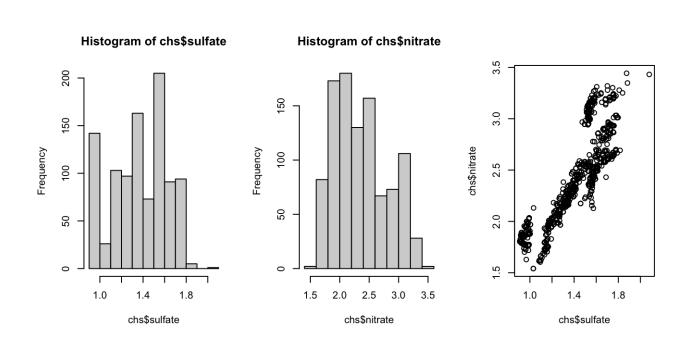
**##** [1] 0.450752

### Correlation examples

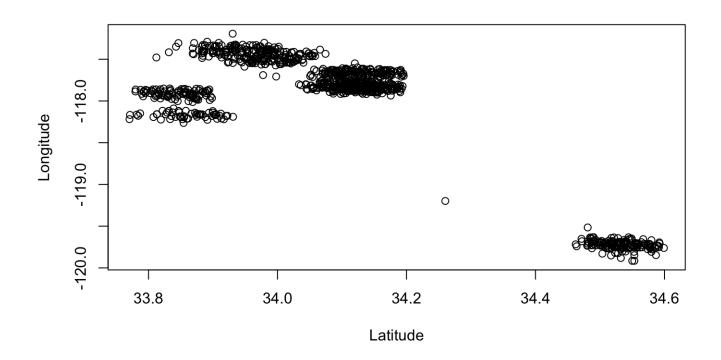


Source: Wikipedia

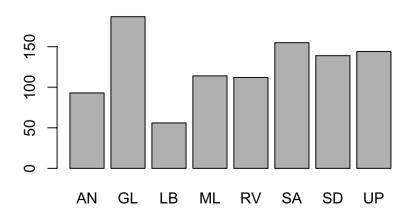
```
par(mfrow = c(1,3))
hist(chs$sulfate)
hist(chs$nitrate)
plot(chs$sulfate, chs$nitrate)
```



plot(chs\$latitude, chs\$longitude, xlab = 'Latitude', ylab = 'Longitude')

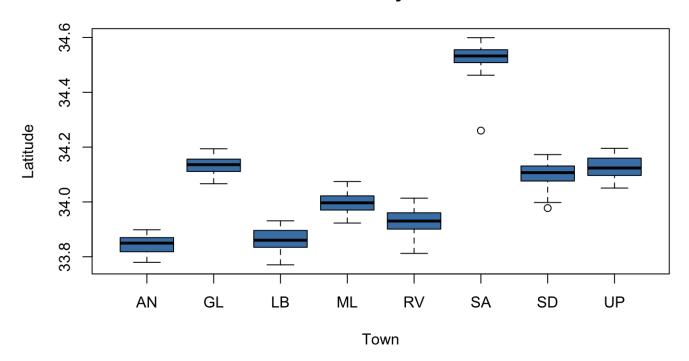


```
##
## AN GL LB ML RV SA SD UP
## 93 187 56 114 112 155 139 144
barplot(table(chs$townabbr))
```

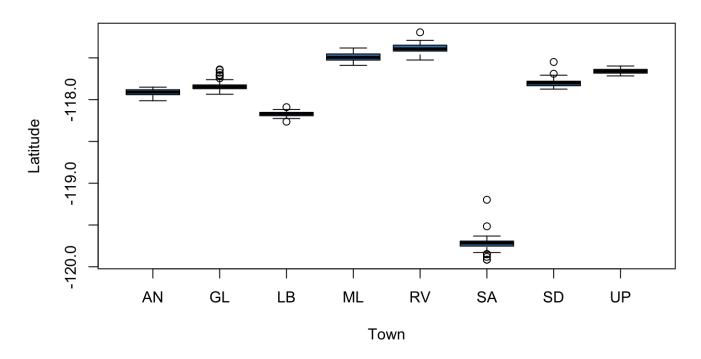


Graphical summary:Side by side Boxplots

#### Latitude by town

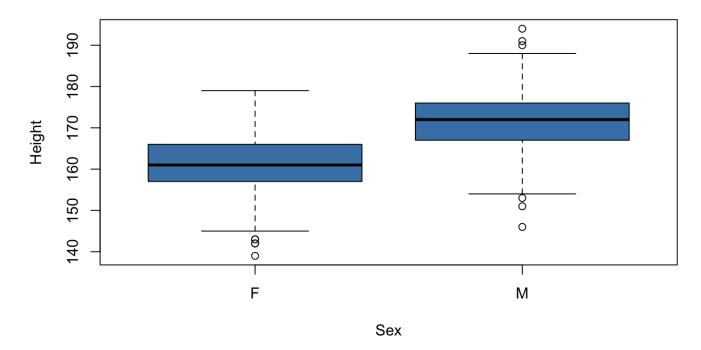


#### Latitude by town



#### Numerical summary:

#### Height by sex



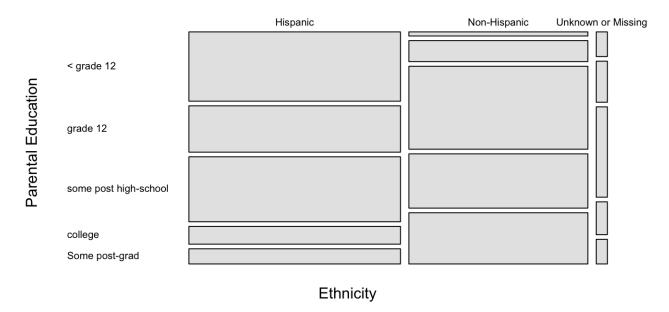
Numerical summary: mean/sd or median/IQR by levels of the categorical variable

Many nice alternatives using R packages like dplyr for general data manipulation

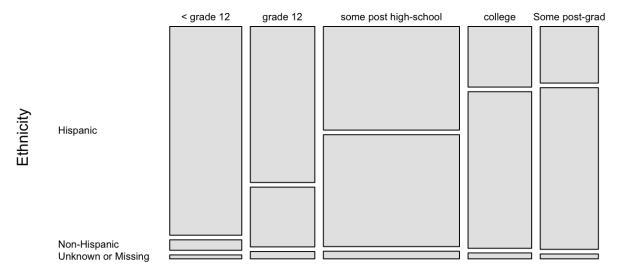
```
chs$educ <- factor(chs$educ, levels = 1:5, labels = c('< grade 12', 'grade 12', 'some post high-school', 'college',
table(chs$educ)
##
                                   grade 12 some post high-school
##
              < grade 12
##
                     171
                                                                 323
##
                 college
                                Some post-grad
##
                     151
                                           138
table(chs$hisp)
##
##
             Hispanic
                           Non-Hispanic Unknown or Missing
##
                  522
                                     422
                                                         56
```

Graphical summary: Mosaic plots

#### **Ethnicity vs. Parental education**



#### Parental education vs. Ethnicity



Parental Education

Numerical summary: cross tabulation / contingency table

table(chs\$educ, chs\$hisp)

```
##
##
                            Hispanic Non-Hispanic Unknown or Missing
     < grade 12
                                                 8
##
                                 160
     grade 12
                                 107
                                               41
                                                                    5
     some post high-school
##
                                 150
                                              162
                                                                   11
##
    college
                                  41
                                              106
     Some post-grad
##
                                  35
                                              100
```

- the base R table is not great for generating richly-featured crosstabs
- · Many packages: crosstable, ctabs, xtable, ftable, function CrossTable in gmodels, and many more

#### Cross tabulation

```
library(crosstable)
c1 = crosstable(chs, c(educ), by = 'hisp', total="both", percent pattern="{n} ({p row})", percent digits=1)
c1
## # A tibble: 7 × 7
                                 Hispanic `Non-Hispanic `Unknown or Missing Total
    .id
          label variable
   <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                 <chr>
                                          <chr>
                                                          <chr>
                                                                               <chr>
                                 160 (93... 8 (4.7%)
## 1 educ educ < grade 12
                                                                               171 ...
                                                          3 (1.8%)
## 2 educ educ grade 12
                                 107 (69... 41 (26.8%)
                                                          5 (3.3%)
                                                                               153 ...
## 3 educ educ some post high... 150 (46... 162 (50.2%)
                                                                               323 ...
                                                        11 (3.4%)
## 4 educ educ college
                                 41 (27.... 106 (70.2%)
                                                          4 (2.6%)
                                                                               151 ...
## 5 educ educ Some post-grad 35 (25... 100 (72.5%)
                                                          3 (2.2%)
                                                                               138 ...
## 6 educ educ NA
                                 29
                                           5
                                                                               64
                                                          30
## 7 educ educ Total
                                 522 (52... 422 (42.2%)
                                                                               1000...
                                                          56 (5.6%)
```

as\_flextable(c1)

label						
	variable	Hispanic Non-Hispanic Unknown or Mis		Unknown or Missing	Total	
educ	< grade 12	160 (93.6%)	8 (4.7%)	3 (1.8%)	171 (18.3%)	
	grade 12	107 (69.9%)	41 (26.8%)	5 (3.3%)	153 (16.3%)	
	some post high-school	150 (46.4%)	162 (50.2%)	11 (3.4%)	323 (34.5%)	
	college	41 (27.2%)	106 (70.2%)	4 (2.6%)	151 (16.1%)	
	Some post-grad	35 (25.4%)	100 (72.5%)	3 (2.2%)	138 (14.7%)	
	NA	29 5		30	64	
	Total	522 (52.2%)	422 (42.2%)	56 (5.6%)	1000 (100.0%)	

#### Cross tabulation

library(crosstable)

as\_flextable(crosstable(chs, c(hisp), by = 'educ', total="both", percent\_pattern="{n} ({p\_row})", percent\_digits=1)

label	variable	educ						_
		< grade 12	grade 12	some post high- school	college	Some post- grad	NA	Total
hisp	Hispanic	160 (32.5%)	107 (21.7%)	150 (30.4%)	41 (8.3%)	35 (7.1%)	29	522 (52.2%)
	Non-Hispanic	8 (1.9%)	41 (9.8%)	162 (38.8%)	106 (25.4%)	100 (24.0%)	5	422 (42.2%)
	Unknown or Missing	3 (11.5%)	5 (19.2%)	11 (42.3%)	4 (15.4%)	3 (11.5%)	30	56 (5.6%)
	Total	171 (18.3%)	153 (16.3%)	323 (34.5%)	151 (16.1%)	138 (14.7%)	64	1000 (100.0%)