

SQL Access Using Native Geometry Types: Tips and Tricks

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Assumptions

Target Audience

- Intermediate knowledge of SQL and relational databases.
- No knowledge of the ST_Geometry data type or functionality is necessary.
- Not covering setup and configuration of ST_Geometry environments.
- Questions at the end of the presentation.

Please silence cell phones



Agenda

- Native Geometry Types
- What is ST_Geometry?
- Why use ST_Geometry?
- How is ST_Geometry Implemented?
- Additional Considerations
- DEMO
 - How to use ST_Geometry
 - How to use SQL Server Geometry type via SQL

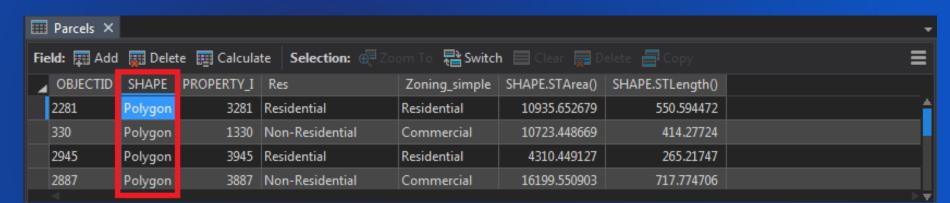
Native Geometry Types (D = Default)

	SQL Server	Oracle	PostgreSQL	SQLite
Esri ST_Geometry		D D	D	D
Esri SDE Binary				
SQL Server Geometry	D			
SQL Server Geography				
Oracle Spatial		/		
PostGIS Geometry				
SpatiaLite				

What Is ST_Geometry?

ST_Geometry is a <u>spatial type</u> that stores geometry data in a single spatial attribute

Spatial Index

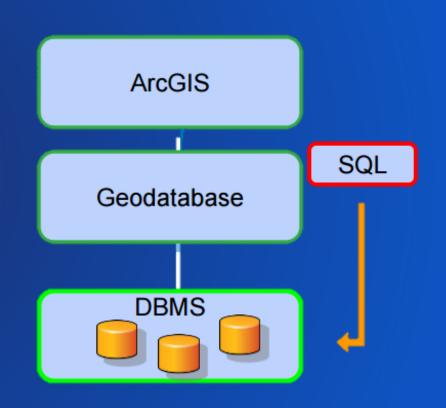


- Relational and geometry operators and functions
 - Constructors
 - Accessors
 - Relationship and Operators

Why use ST_Geometry?

Benefits of ST_Geometry

- Enhances Efficiency
- Sometimes you want a single result, and not a map
- Interact with data on the SQL level
- Bridge the gap between GIS and non-GIS users
- Accessed using common API's and SQL





How is ST_Geometry Implemented? (D = Default)

	SQL Server	Oracle	PostgreSQL	SQLite
Esri ST_Geometry		D	D	D
Esri SDE Binary				
SQL Server Geometry	D			
SQL Server Geography				
Oracle Spatial				
PostGIS Geometry				
SpatiaLite				

Editing Geodatabase Feature Classes using SQL

Additional considerations

Minimal validation of the objects will be performed

When working outside of ArcGIS, keep in mind:

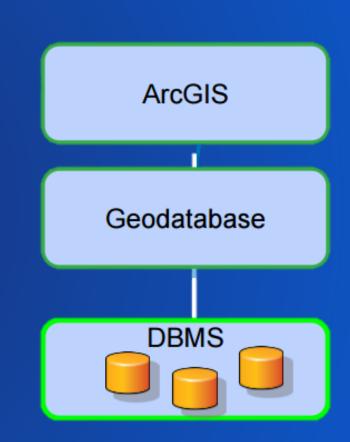
- Only edit simple features (Is_Simple)
- Editing versioned tables (versioned view)
- Must maintain next ObjectID and GlobalID values (Next_RowID/Next_GlobalID)



Rules for creating spatial tables to be used with ArcGIS Prerequisites

Unique identifier.

- One geometry column in the table.
- One spatial reference in the table.
- Do not use mixed-case object names.
- Entity type matches the type defined for the spatial column.





ST_Geometry Functions

Relational and Geometry Operators and Functions

- Constructors Creates new geometry
 - Example: ST_Point, ST_Line, ST_Polygon
- Accessor Return property of a geometry
 - Example: ST_Area, ST_SRID
- Relationship and Operators Perform spatial operations
 - Example: ST_Intersects, ST_Buffer

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Demo:

- 1. How to use ST_Geometry Functions
- 2. How to use SQL Server Geometry type

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Scenario

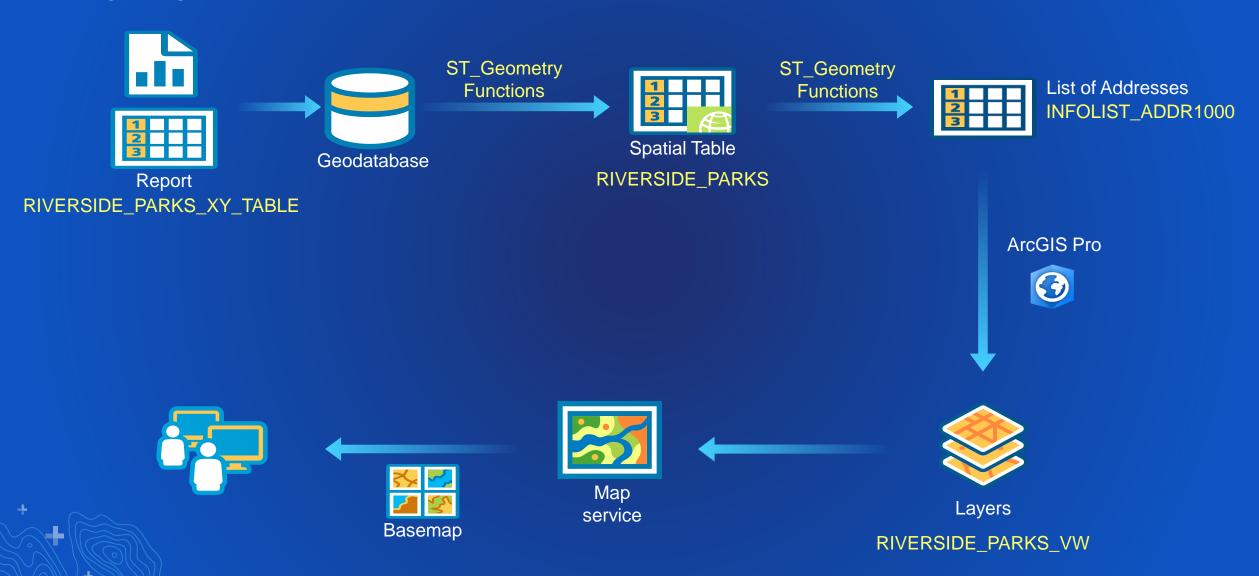
City needs to renovate parks based on a report, listing locations that need facility improvements

 Community outreach program including sending out surveys and organizing an Open House

Identify potential park users

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Workflow:



ST_Geometry functions that will be used and the result

Constructor functions:

ST_Geometry

Accessor functions:

ST_X and ST_Y

Relational functions:

ST_Buffer, ST_Intersects and ST_Transform

Result:

List of addresses

Documentation

Constructor functions for ST_Geometry:

http://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/latest/manage-data/using-sql-with-gdbs/constructor-functions.htm

Accessor functions for ST_Geometry:

http://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/latest/manage-data/using-sql-with-gdbs/spatial-accessor-functions.htm

Relational and geometry functions for ST_Geometry:

http://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/10.3/manage-data/using-sql-with-gdbs/a-quick-tour-of-sql-functions-used-with-st-geometry.htm

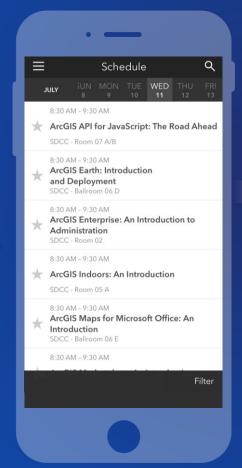
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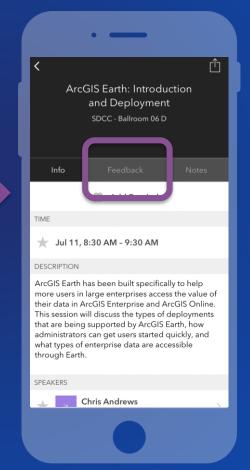
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