

# USDW\_USDT\_PRIVATESWAP

Smart Contract Review

Deliverable: Smart Contract Audit Report

Security Assessment December 2024

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# Report Summary

Title	USDW_USDT_PrivateSwap Smart Contract Audit		
Project Owner	Dwin Intertrade Company Limited		
Classification	Public		
Reviewed by	Virtual Caim Private Limited	Review date	31/12/2024
Approved by	Virtual Caim Private Limited	Approval date	31/12/2024
		Nº Pages	26

### Overview

### Background

Dwin Intertrade Company Limited's team requested Virtual Caim to perform an Extensive Smart Contract Audit of their 'USDW\_USDT\_PrivateSwap' Smart Contract.

### **Project Dates**

The following is the project schedule for this review and report:

- December 30: Smart Contract Review Started (Completed)
- **December 31**: Initial Delivery of Audit Findings (Completed)
- **December 31**: Final Delivery of Audit Report (Completed)

## Coverage

### Target Specification and Revision

For this audit, we performed the project's basic research, investigation by discussing the details with the project owner and developer and then reviewed the smart contracts of USDDWIN.

The following documentation & repositories were considered in -scope for the review:

USDW\_USDT\_Priv ateSwap Smart Contract (Deployed on Mainnet)

https://bscscan.com/address/0xcB01593EF7f583596cAc49 BAEf53023350fd65EC#code

### Introduction

Given the opportunity to review USDDWIN's Contracts related smart contract source code, we in the report summary our methodical approach to evaluate all potential common security issues in the smart contract implementation, expose possible semantic irregularities between smart contract code and design document, and provide additional suggestions or recommendations for improvement. Our results show that the given version of smart contracts is ready to use after resolving the mentioned issues and done functional testing by owner/developer themselves, as there might be issues related to business logic, security or performance which only can found/understand by them.

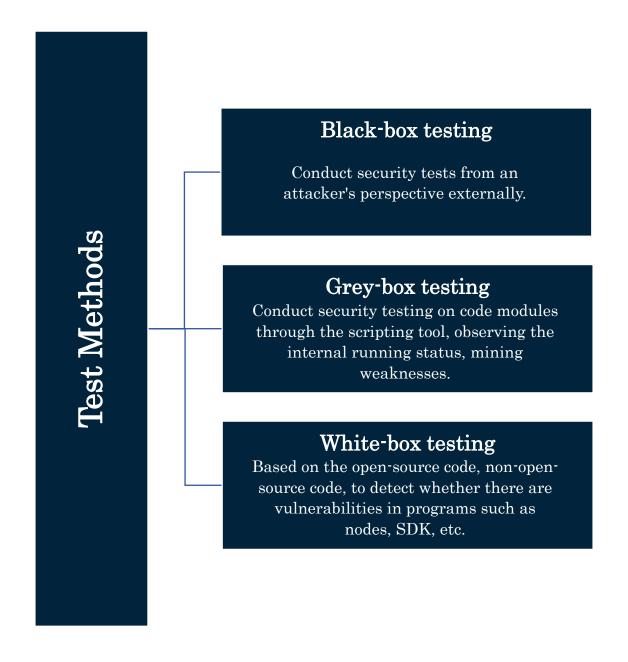
#### **About Audit**

Item	Description	
Issuer	USDT-USDW-Swap	
Symbol	DWIN	
Decimals	6	
Token Supply	0	
Website	NA	
Type	BEP-20	
Language	Solidity	
Audit Test Method	Whitebox Testing	
Latest Audit Report	December 31, 2024	

### Token Overview:

Item	Description
Buy Fee	0-0%
Sell Fee	0-0%
Transfer Fee	0-0%
Owner	0xAc41932F5AB1103cC148609FCB84fdcD262A2D7F
Deployer	0xAc41932F5AB1103cC148609FCB84fdcD262A2D7F
Fee Privilege	Owner
Ownership	Owned
Minting	Yes
Max Tx	No

#### **Test Methods Information**



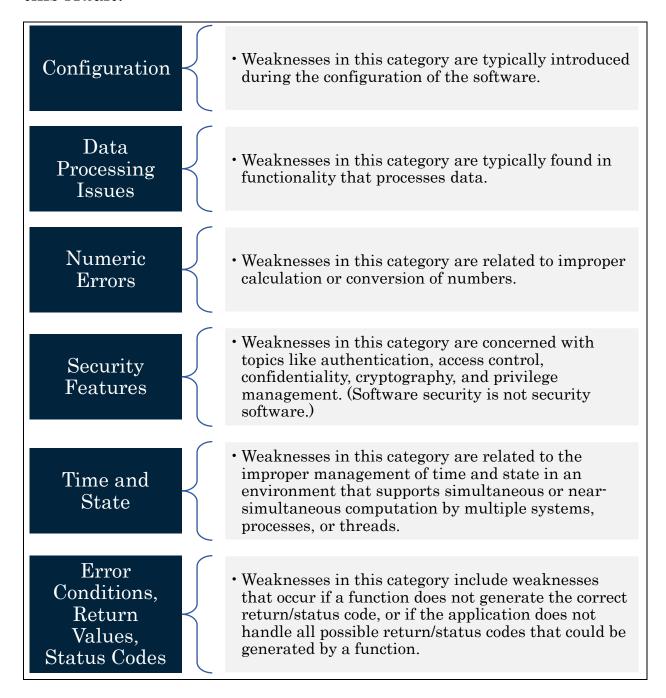
# Vulnerability Severity Level Information

Level	Description		
Critical	Critical severity vulnerabilities will have a		
	significant effect on the security of the DeFi		
	project, and it is strongly recommended to fix		
	the critical vulnerabilities.		
High	High severity vulnerabilities will affect the		
	normal operation of the DeFi project. It is		
	strongly recommended to fix high-risk		
	vulnerabilities.		
Medium	Medium severity vulnerability will affect the		
	operation of the DeFi project. It is recommended		
	to fix medium-risk vulnerabilities.		
Low	Low severity vulnerabilities may affect the		
	operation of the DeFi project in certain		
	scenarios. It is suggested that the project party		
	should evaluate and consider whether these		
	vulnerabilities need to be fixed.		
Weakness	There are safety risks theoretically, but it is		
	extremely difficult to reproduce in engineering.		

# List of Check Items

Basic Coding Bugs	Advanced DeFi Scrutiny
Constructor Mismatch	Business Logics Review
Ownership Takeover	Functionality Checks
Redundant Fallback Function	Authentication Management
Overflows & Underflows	Access Control & Authorization
Reentrancy	Oracle Security
MONEY-Giving Bug	Digital Asset Escrow
Blackhole	Kill-Switch Mechanism
Unauthorized Self-Destruct	Operation Trails & Event Generation
Revert DoS	ERC20 Idiosyncrasies Handling
Unchecked External Call	Frontend-Contract Integration
Gasless Send	Deployment Consistency
Send Instead of Transfer	Holistic Risk Management
Costly Loop	Honstit itisk management
(Unsafe) Use of Untrusted Libraries	Additional Recommendations
(Unsafe) Use of Predictable Variables	Avoiding Use of Variadic Byte Array
Transaction Ordering Dependence	Using Fixed Compiler Version
Deprecated Uses	Making Visibility Level Explicit
	Making Type Inference Explicit
Semantic Consistency Checks	Adhering To Function Declaration Strictly
Semantic Consistency Checks	Following Other Best Practices

Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) Classifications Used in this Audit.



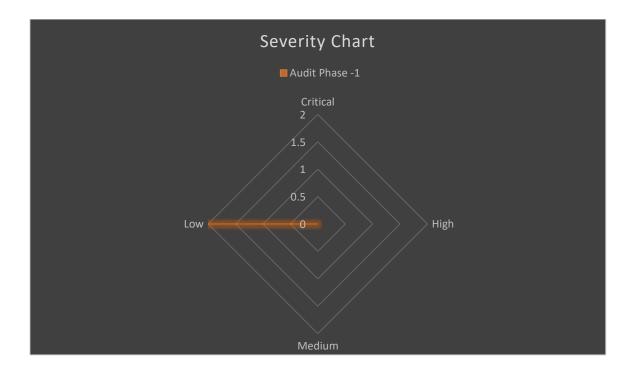
#### Resource Weaknesses in this category are related to improper Management management of system resources. • Weaknesses in this category are related to Behavioral unexpected behaviors from code that an application Issues Weaknesses in this category identify some of the underlying problems that commonly allow attackers Business to manipulate the business logic of an application. Logics Errors in business logic can be devastating to an entire application. Initialization • Weaknesses in this category occur in behaviors that and are used for initialization and breakdown. Cleanup Arguments • Weaknesses in this category are related to improper and use arguments or parameters within function calls. Parameters Expression • Weaknesses in this category are related to incorrectly written expressions within code. Issues · Weaknesses in this category are related to coding practices that are deemed unsafe and increase the Coding chances that an ex pilotable vulnerability will be Practices present in the application. They may not directly introduce a vulnerability, but indicate the product has not been carefully developed or maintained.

# **Findings**

#### Summary

Here is a summary of our findings after scrutinizing the USDDWIN Smart Contract Review. During the first phase of our audit, we studied the smart contract source code and ran our in-house static code analyzer through the Specific tools. The purpose here is to statically identify known coding bugs, and then manually verify (reject or confirm) issues reported by tools. We further manually review business logics, examine system operations, and place DeFirelated aspects under scrutiny to uncover possible pitfalls and/or bugs.

Severity	No. of Issues	Current Status
Critical	0	-
High	0	-
Medium	0	-
Low	2	2
Total	2 (Currently Open Issues)	



We have so far identified that there are potential issues with severity of 0 Critical, 0 High, 0 Medium, and 2 Low. Overall, these smart contracts are well-designed and engineered.

#### **Functional Overview**

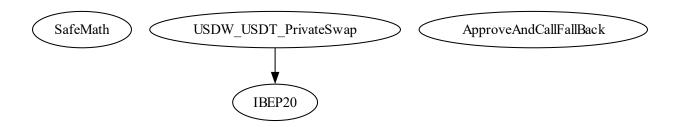
(\$) = payable function	[Pub] public
# = non-constant function	[Ext] external
	[Prv] private
	[Int] internal

- + [Lib] SafeMath
  - [Int] add
  - [Int] sub
  - [Int] mul
  - [Int] div
- + [Int] IBEP20
  - [Ext] totalSupply
  - [Ext] balanceOf
  - [Ext] transfer #
  - [Ext] allowance
  - [Ext] transferFrom #
- + ApproveAndCallFallBack
  - [Pub] receiveApproval#

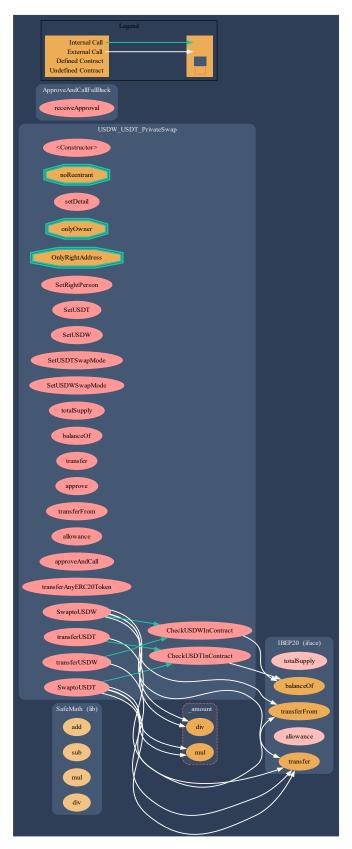
- + USDW\_USDT\_PrivateSwap (IBEP20)
  - [Pub] <Constructor>#
  - [Pub] setDetail#
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Pub] SetRightPerson #
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Pub] SetUSDT#
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Pub] SetUSDW#
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Pub] SetUSDTSwapMode#
    - modifiers: OnlyRightAddress
  - [Pub] SetUSDWSwapMode#
    - modifiers: OnlyRightAddress
  - [Pub] totalSupply
  - [Pub] balanceOf
  - [Pub] transfer#
  - [Pub] approve #
  - [Pub] transferFrom #
  - [Pub] allowance
  - [Pub] approveAndCall#
  - [Pub] transferAnyERC20Token#
  - [Pub] CheckUSDTInContract
  - [Pub] CheckUSDWInContract

- [Pub] SwaptoUSDW#
  - modifiers: noReentrant
- [Pub] SwaptoUSDT#
  - modifiers: noReentrant
- [Pub] transferUSDT#
  - modifiers: noReentrant
- [Pub] transferUSDW#
  - modifiers: noReentrant

### Inheritance Tree



### Graph for USDDWIN



### **Detailed Results**

### Ownership Privileges

- > The owner can set the details.
- > The owner can set the right person.
- > The owner can set the USDT/USDW.

#### **Issues Checking Status**

- 1. Remove safe math library.
  - Severity: Low (Centralization)
  - Overview: The Safe Math library is no longer needed for Solidity version 0.8 and above. This is because Solidity 0.8 includes checked arithmetic operations by default. All Safe Math's methods are now inherited into Solidity programming.
  - Status: Open
  - POC:

```
library SafeMath {
    function add(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        c = a + b;
        require(c >= a);
    }
    function sub(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        require(b <= a);
        c = a - b;
    }
    function mul(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        c = a * b;
        require(a == 0 || c / a == b);
    }
    function div(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint c) {
        require(b > 0);
        c = a / b;
    }
}
```

#### 2. Remove the safe math library

- Severity: Low (Centralization)
- Overview: Adding a constant version of solidity is recommended, as this prevents the unintentional deployment of a contract with an outdated compiler that contains unresolved bugs.
- Status: Open
- POC:

```
function SetRightPerson(address _admin) onlyOwner public {
        Admin = _admin;
}
```



Slither: -

A static analysis of the code was performed using Slither. No issues were found.

# Basic Coding Bugs

No.	Name	Description	Severity	Result
1.	Constructor Mismatch	Whether the contract name and its constructor are not identical to each other.	Critical	PASSED
2.	Ownership Takeover	Whether the set owner function is not protected.	Critical	PASSED
3.	Redundant Fallback Function	Whether the contract has a redundant fallback function.	Critical	PASSED
4.	Overflows & Underflows	Whether the contract has general overflow or underflow vulnerabilities	Critical	PASSED
5.	Reentrancy	Reentrancy is an issue when code can call back into your contract and change state, such as withdrawing ETHs	High	PASSED
6.	MONEY- Giving Bug	Whether the contract returns funds to an arbitrary address	High	PASSED
7.	Blackhole	Whether the contract locks ETH indefinitely: merely in without out	High	PASSED
8.	Unauthorized Self-Destruct	Whether the contract can be killed by any arbitrary address	Medium	PASSED
9.	Revert DoS	Whether the contract is vulnerable to DoS attack because	Medium	PASSED

		of unexpected revert		
10.	Unchecked External Call	Whether the contract has any external call without checking the return value	Medium	PASSED
11.	Gasless Send	Whether the contract is vulnerable to gasless send	Medium	PASSED
12.	Send Instead of Transfer	Whether the contract uses send instead of transfer	Medium	PASSED
13.	Costly Loop	Whether the contract has any costly loop which may lead to Out-Of-Gas exception	Medium	PASSED
14.	(Unsafe) Use of Untrusted Libraries	Whether the contract use any suspicious libraries	Medium	PASSED
15.	(Unsafe) Use of Predictable Variables	Whether the contract contains any randomness variable, but its value can be predicated	Medium	PASSED
16.	Transaction Ordering Dependence	Whether the final state of the contract depends on the order of the transactions	Medium	PASSED
17.	Deprecated Uses	Whether the contract use the deprecated tx.origin to perform the authorization	Medium	PASSED
18.	Semantic Consistency Checks	Whether the semantic of the white paper is different from the implementation of the contract	Critical	PASSED

#### Conclusion

In this audit, we thoroughly analyzed Dwin Intertrade Company Limited's 'USDW\_USDT\_PrivateSwap' Smart Contract. The current code base is well organized and there were no issues found in this phase of testing of Smart Contract.

Meanwhile, we need to call attention to the fact that smart contracts are still in an early, but exciting stage of development. To improve this report, we greatly appreciate any constructive feedback or suggestions on our methodology, audit findings, or potential gaps in scope/coverage.

### **About Virtual Caim**

Just like our other parallel journey at eNebula Solution, we believe that people have a fundamental need for security and that the use of secure solutions enables every person to use the Internet and every other connected technology more freely. We aim to provide security consulting services to help others make their solutions more resistant to unauthorized access to data & inadvertent manipulation of the system. We support teams from the design phase through the production to launch and surely after.

The Virtual Caim is specifically incorporated to handle all kind of Security related operations, our Highly Qualified and Certified security team has skills for reviewing coding languages like Solidity, Rust, Go, Python, Haskell, C, C++, and JavaScript for common security vulnerabilities & specific attack vectors. The team has been reviewing implementations of cryptographic protocols and distributed system architecture, including in cryptocurrency, blockchains, payments, and smart contracts. Additionally, the team can utilize various tools to scan code & networks and build custom tools as necessary.

Although we are a small team, we surely believe that we can have a momentous impact on the world by being translucent & open about the work we do.

For more information about our other security services and consulting, please visit -- <a href="https://virtualcaim.com/">https://virtualcaim.com/</a>
& Mail us at - <a href="mailto:audit@virtualcaim.com">audit@virtualcaim.com</a>