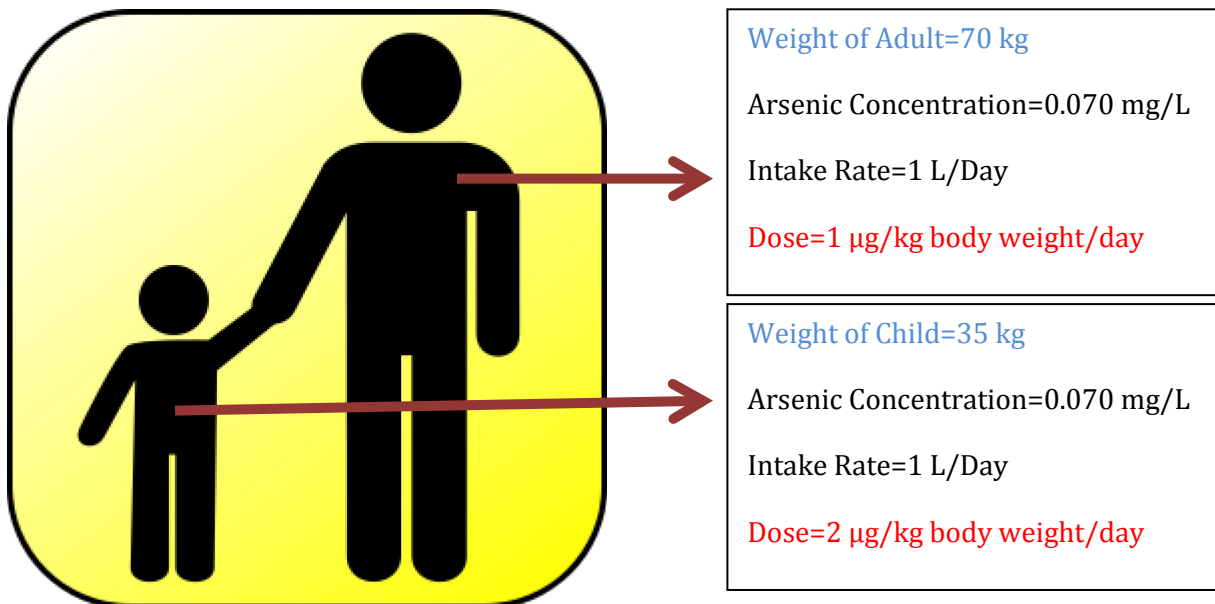


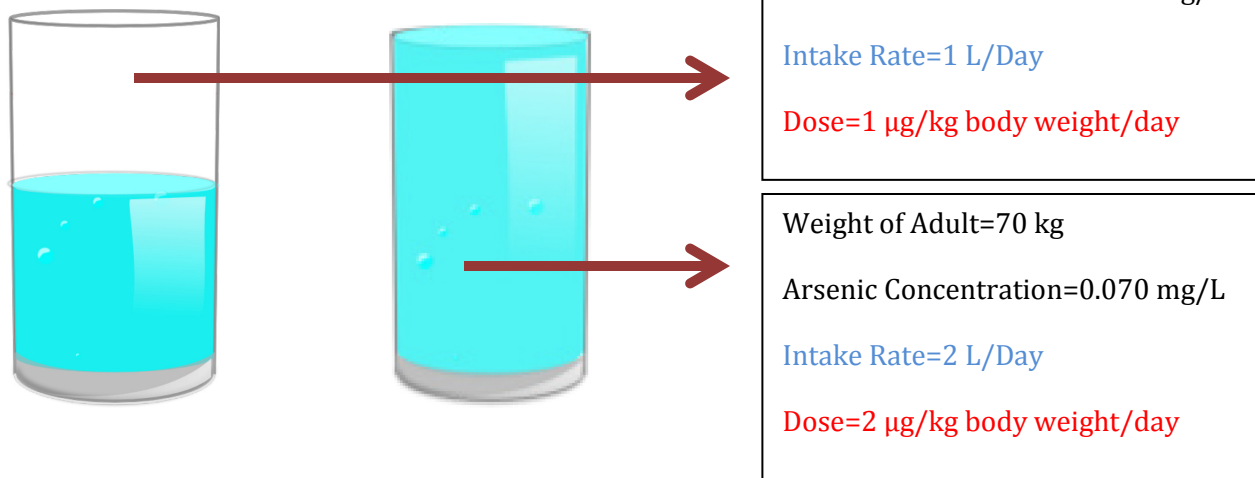
Tutorial: How do changes in body weight, intake rate and concentration impact dose?

Body weight: Two individuals weighing 35 kg and 70 kg consume 4 glasses of water in a day ($0.250 \text{ L} \times 4 \text{ glasses} = 1 \text{ L}$) containing arsenic at 0.070 mg/L . Thus, each of them consumes the same amount of arsenic ($0.070 \text{ mg/L} \times 1 \text{ L} = 0.070 \text{ mg}$). Yet on a mg/kg body weight basis, the person weighing 35 kg consumes twice as much arsenic as the person weighing 70 kg (i.e. $0.070 \text{ mg} \div 35 \text{ kg} = 0.002 \text{ mg/kg body weight/day}$ or $2 \text{ } \mu\text{g/kg body weight/day}$ versus $0.070 \div 70 \text{ kg} = 0.001 \text{ mg/kg body weight/day}$ or $1 \text{ } \mu\text{g/kg body weight/day}$).



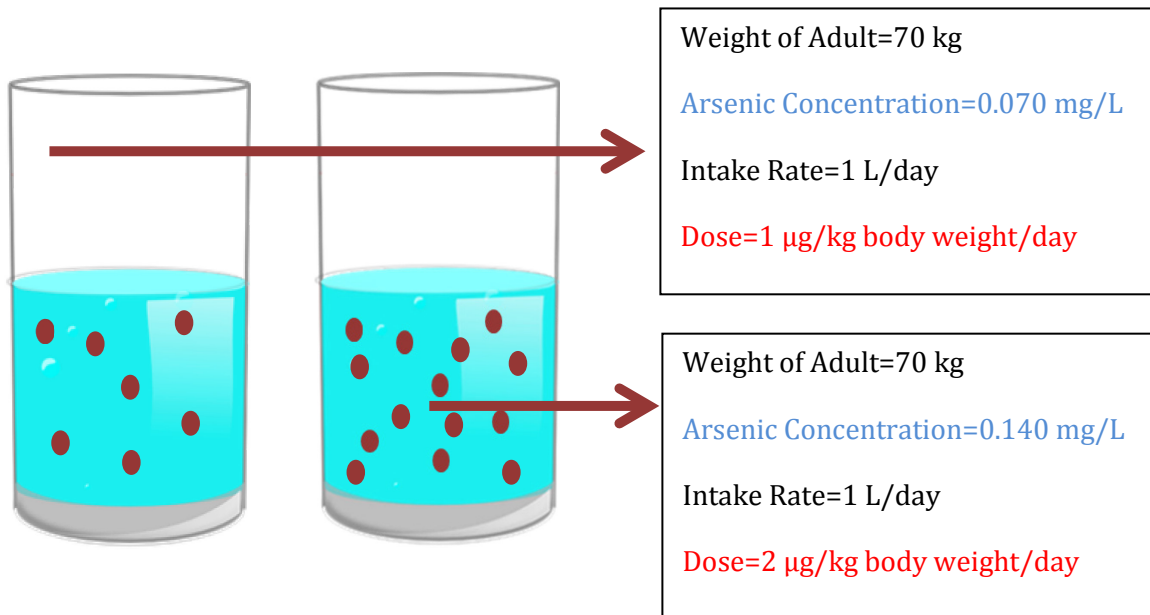
Doubling the body weight halves the mg/kg body weight dose

Intake Rate: Two 70 kg individuals consume water containing arsenic at 0.070 mg/L. One individual consumes 1 L of water in a day, while the other consumes 2 L in a day. The individual consuming the 2 L of water consumes twice as much arsenic as the individual consuming only 1 L, assuming all the arsenic is coming only from the water and that the arsenic is uniformly distributed in the water. ($0.070 \text{ mg/L} \times 1 \text{ L} = 0.070 \text{ mg}$ for 1 L and $0.070 \text{ mg/L} \times 2 \text{ L} = 0.140 \text{ mg}$ for 2 L). This is reflected in the higher mg/kg body weight dose for the person consuming 2 L of water (i.e. $0.140 \text{ mg} \div 70 \text{ kg} = 0.002 \text{ mg/kg body weight/day}$ versus $0.070 \text{ mg} \div 70 \text{ kg} = 0.001 \text{ mg/kg body weight/day}$).



Doubling intake rate doubles the mg/kg body weight dose

Concentration: Two 70 kg individuals consume 1 L of water containing arsenic in a day. The concentration of arsenic in the water consumed by Person 1 is 0.070 mg/L while the concentration of arsenic consumed by person 2 is 0.140 mg/L. The individual consuming the water with twice the arsenic concentration consumed twice as much arsenic ($0.070 \text{ mg/L} \times 1 \text{ L} = 0.070 \text{ mg}$ for Person 1 and $0.140 \text{ mg/L} \times 1 \text{ L} = 0.140 \text{ mg}$ for Person 2). This is reflected in the higher $\mu\text{g/kg}$ body weight dose of the person drinking water containing the higher concentration of arsenic (i.e. 0.070 mg or $70 \mu\text{g} \div 70 \text{ kg} = 1 \mu\text{g/kg}$ body weight/day versus 0.140 mg or $140 \mu\text{g} \div 70 \text{ kg} = 2 \mu\text{g/kg}$ body weight/day). Note that the effect of doubling concentration is the same as doubling intake rate on the mg/kg body weight dose.



Doubling the concentration doubles the mg/kg body weight dose