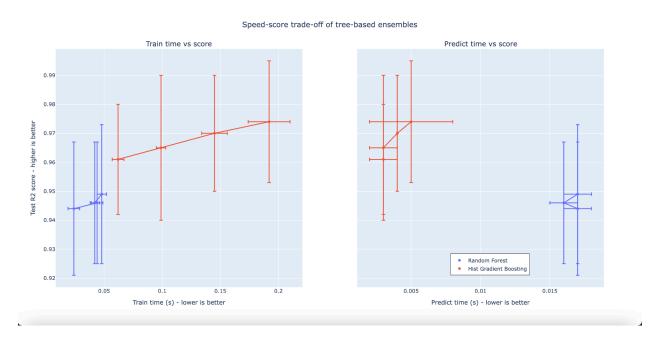
## **Assignment 5: Working with Uncertainty - Written Work**

## **Question 1:**

Part 2 - Recall that the Random Forest is an ensemble-based approach uses multiple decision trees. Replace the Decision Tree with the Random Forest Classifier. Run it on your dataset with 10, 25, and 50 estimators using both gini and entropy as separators. Create a table showing the results and add it to the PDF with your written answers:

Estimators	Criterion	Avg. Score
10	gini	0.942028
	entropy	0.950815
25	gini	0.945552
	entropy	0.949076
50	gini	0.952585
	entropy	0.956094

Part 3: - (5 points) The last part shows how to use plotly to generate a scatterplot showing your results. Generate a plot and add it to the PDF with your answers:



## Part 4. Utility

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	CS-386
	Assignment \$5
	Part 4 - Utility
> 3	
D	Given
. D	Rocky = 2km/h, Sandy = 3km/h, Smooth = 5km/h
	Convert to mins/km
5	Who is the second of the secon
	Rochy = 30 mm/km, Sandy = 20 mm/km Smooth = 12 mm/km
	Expected time = [30 * P(Rochy)]+ [20 * P(Sandy)]+ [12 * P(Smoot formula
	Route 1 = (30 * 0.5) + (20 * 0.2) + (12 * 0.3)
	1
	= 22.6 min/km + 5 km !
1	= (1/3 imn/)
	Rate = (30 * 0.4) + (20 * 0.4) + (12 * 0.2)
	= 22.4 m.n/rdn * 7 hdn
	= 156.8 m.n.2
•	The time to the ti
•	Route 3 = (30 + 0.1) + (20 + 0.5) + (12 + 0.4)
	<b>1</b>
	= 17.8 m/nh + 6 mm
	= 106.8 m. x.
•	
	Thus, of the 3 vontes, Route 3 is the fastest option
0	
•	

(A)			
D	Î)		
	Update Route I:		
D	P(Shortent) = 0.7 -> zo ma		
D	P(Delay) = 0.3 -> -+ 15 mm		
. >			
D	Expected utility = (0.3 * 15) + (0.7 * -20) min		
	1		
1>	= - 9.5 min		
	= 113 m/km - 9.5 mn = 103.5 mn/km		
B	= 113 m/km - 9.5 mn - = 103.5 1/km		
D	Up date Route 3:		
	Market and a		
	P(bridge damage) = 0.6 -> + 40 mm		
	P(!broge demaye) = 0.4 -> + 0		
	Expected Utility = (0.6 * 40) + (0.4 \$ 0) min		
	= 24 m.n. + 106.8 m/km > = 130.8 m.n/km		
2			
	New Route times: Route 1 & 103.5, Rante 2: 156.8, Rout 3: 1308.		
	Thus, Route I is now the fustest option		
- D	Times, Nonte + 15		

	How long if satellite says "not rocky"?
Ī	60% Sender 2 adi . Led probability
	40°C. Smooth 3 adjusted probability
Ī	
1	Expected Lime = (0.6 * 20) + (0.4 * 12)
1	(1 Rach )
1	(! Rody) = 16.8 m/h/ + 7 h/
1	- 117.6 mm
-	
-	(3) Will the entire entire the entire that
1	What is the probability the satellite will tell
	us ths 3
	P(! Rochy) = whole - P(rochy)
	1 - 0.4 = 6.6
5	3 If satellite tells us Route Z is Rocky, what.
	do we do ? How long will that take?
j.	- if Route Z is rocky, expected time = 156.9
5	156.8 > 130.8 (Rote 3) > 103.5 (Route 1) -> Choose Route 1
>	1 How long should we want for Schellite?
8	P(Rocky) = 40% expected time = 156.8
	P( Rocks) = 60% -> executed time = 1176 m
>	P(!Roeng) = 60%> expected time = 117.6 mm
>	So,
2	
9	Franked ton = (0,4 + 156.8) + (0.6 + 117.6)
	Expected fine = (0.4 * 156.8) + (0.6 + 117.6) mm (w/satdl.to.nfo.)
	2 133.3 mm

Thus, being that waiting for the satellite yields an expected time of 133.3 min, we are better of just taking Route I to- Route 3 as these options are both faster than delaying for satellite implifes.