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## Solution for Project 4

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**HPC Lab — Submission Instructions**  
(Please, notice that following instructions are mandatory:  
submissions that don't comply with, won't be considered)

- Assignments must be submitted to iCorsi (i.e. in electronic format).
- Provide sources (e.g. C/C++ files, Matlab). If you are using libraries, please add them in the file. Sources must be organized in directories called:  
*Project\_number\_lastname\_firstname*  
and the file must be called:  
*project\_number\_lastname\_firstname.zip*  
*project\_number\_lastname\_firstname.pdf*
- The TAs will grade your project by reviewing your project write-up, and looking at the implementation you attempted, and benchmarking your code's performance.
- You are allowed to discuss all questions with anyone you like; however: (i) your submission must list anyone you discussed problems with and (ii) you must write up your submission independently.

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## 1. Task: Ring maximum using MPI [10 Points]

I determine each process message destination and source using its rank.

The communication can be implemented using the standard MPI functions `MPI_Send` and `MPI_Recv`, which take the following arguments:

- buffer address (to store sent or received data)
- number of elements (to send or receive)
- MPI datatype (of the elements to send or receive)
- destination (or source) rank (of the process to send to or receive from)
- message tag (to identify the message with an id)
- communicator (to identify the group of processes involved in the communication, useless in this case)

When using `MPI_Send` and `MPI_Recv` separately, the ranks must be split into two groups like even and odd ranks, otherwise all processes may block by attempting to send or receive at the same time.

Alternatively, we can use the `MPI_Sendrecv` function, which takes care of both sending and receiving in a single call, avoiding deadlocks.

```
21 MPI_Sendrecv(  
22     &send_val, 1, MPI_INT, next, 0,  
23     &recv_val, 1, MPI_INT, prev, 0,  
24     MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE  
25 );
```

Listing 1: Implementation from file `ring_sum.c`

## 2. Task: Ghost cells exchange between neighboring processes [15 Points]

We first create a  $4 \times 4$  Cartesian communicator with periodic boundaries in both directions. Using `MPI_Cart_shift` we retrieve the rank of the north, south, east and west neighbors so that the first and last ranks remain connected. The column ghost layer is described with a derived datatype built with `MPI_Type_vector`; it spans one element every `DOMAINSIZE` entries and covers the whole interior height of the tile.

With these ingredients we perform four `MPI_Sendrecv` calls, one per direction, each time sending the interior boundary (rows or columns that exclude the corner points) and receiving directly into the ghost layer. Because every transfer is expressed as a combined send/receive, no explicit ordering or buffering is needed to avoid deadlocks.

```
80 // TODO: set the dimensions of the processor grid and periodic boundaries in both dimensions  
81 dims[0] = 4;  
82 dims[1] = 4;  
83 periods[0] = 1; // indica se periodico, 0 no, 1 si'  
84 periods[1] = 1;  
85  
86 // TODO: Create a Cartesian communicator (4*4) with periodic boundaries (we do not allow  
87 // the reordering of ranks) and use it to find your neighboring  
88 // ranks in all dimensions in a cyclic manner.  
89 MPI_Cart_create(MPI_COMM_WORLD, 2, dims, periods, 0, &comm_cart);  
90  
91 // TODO: find your top/bottom/left/right neighbor using the new communicator, see  
92   ↪ MPI_Cart_shift()  
93 // rank_top, rank_bottom  
94 // rank_left, rank_right  
95 MPI_Cart_shift(comm_cart, 0, 1, &rank_top, &rank_bottom);  
96 MPI_Cart_shift(comm_cart, 1, 1, &rank_left, &rank_right);
```

```

97 // TODO: create derived datatype data_ghost, create a datatype for sending the column, see
98 // ↳ MPI_Type_vector() and MPI_Type_commit()
99 // data_ghost
100 MPI_Type_vector(SUBDOMAIN, 1, DOMAINSIZ, MPI_DOUBLE, &data_ghost);
101 MPI_Type_commit(&data_ghost);
102
103 // TODO: ghost cell exchange with the neighbouring cells in all directions
104 // use MPI_Irecv(), MPI_Send(), MPI_Wait() or other viable alternatives
105
106 // to the top
107 MPI_Sendrecv(&data[1 * DOMAINSIZ + 1], SUBDOMAIN, MPI_DOUBLE, rank_top, 0,
108             &data[0 * DOMAINSIZ + 1], SUBDOMAIN, MPI_DOUBLE, rank_top, 0,
109             comm_cart, &status);
110
111 // to the bottom
112 MPI_Sendrecv(&data[(DOMAINSIZ - 2) * DOMAINSIZ + 1], SUBDOMAIN, MPI_DOUBLE,
113             rank_bottom, 1, &data[(DOMAINSIZ - 1) * DOMAINSIZ + 1],
114             SUBDOMAIN, MPI_DOUBLE, rank_bottom, 1, comm_cart, &status);
115
116 // to the left
117 MPI_Sendrecv(&data[1 * DOMAINSIZ + 1], 1, data_ghost, rank_left, 2,
118             &data[1 * DOMAINSIZ + 0], 1, data_ghost, rank_left, 2,
119             comm_cart, &status);
120
121 // to the right
122 MPI_Sendrecv(&data[1 * DOMAINSIZ + (DOMAINSIZ - 2)], 1, data_ghost,
123             rank_right, 3, &data[1 * DOMAINSIZ + (DOMAINSIZ - 1)], 1,
124             data_ghost, rank_right, 3, comm_cart, &status);
125
126 if (rank==9) {
127     printf("data of rank 9 after communication\n");
128     for (j=0; j<DOMAINSIZ; j++) {
129         for (i=0; i<DOMAINSIZ; i++) {
130             printf("%4.1f ", data[i+j*DOMAINSIZ]);
131         }
132         printf("\n");
133     }
134 }
135
136 // Free MPI resources (e.g., types and communicators)
137 // TODO
138 MPI_Type_free(&data_ghost);
139 MPI_Comm_free(&comm_cart);

```

Listing 2: Ghost layer exchange, ghost.c

3. Task: Parallelizing the Mandelbrot set using MPI [20 Points]
4. Task: Parallel matrix-vector multiplication and the power method [40 Points]
5. Task: Quality of the Report [15 Points]