

PACS 2010 Regular Edition

00. GENERAL

01. Communication, education, history, and philosophy

- 01.10.-m Announcements, news, and organizational activities
- 01.10.Cr Announcements, news, and awards
- 01.10.Fv Conferences, lectures, and institutes
- 01.10.Hx Physics organizational activities
- 01.20.+x Communication forms and techniques (written, oral, electronic, etc.)
- 01.30.-y Physics literature and publications
- 01.30.Bb Publications of lectures (advanced institutes, summer schools, etc.)
- 01.30.Cc Conference proceedings
- 01.30.Ee Monographs and collections
- 01.30.Kj Handbooks, dictionaries, tables, and data compilations
- 01.30.L- Physics laboratory manuals
- 01.30.la Secondary schools
- 01.30.lb Undergraduate schools
- 01.30.M- Textbooks
- 01.30.mm Textbooks for graduates and researchers
- 01.30.mp Textbooks for undergraduates
- 01.30.mr Textbooks for students in grades 9-12
- 01.30.mt Textbooks for students in grades K-8
- 01.30.Os Books of general interest to physics teachers
- 01.30.Rr Surveys and tutorial papers; resource letters
- 01.30.Tt Bibliographies
- 01.30.Vv Book reviews
- 01.30.Ww Editorials
- 01.30.Xx Publications in electronic media (for the topic of electronic publishing, see 01.20.+x)
- 01.40.-d Education
- 01.40.Di Course design and evaluation
- 01.40.E- Science in school
- 01.40.eg Elementary school
- 01.40.ek Secondary school
- 01.40.Fk Research in physics education
- 01.40.G- Curricula and evaluation
- 01.40.gb Teaching methods and strategies
- 01.40.gf Theory of testing and techniques
- 01.40.Ha Learning theory and science teaching
- 01.40.J- Teacher training
- 01.40.jc Preservice training
- 01.40.jh Inservice training
- 01.50.-i Educational aids
- 01.50.F- Audio and visual aids
- 01.50.fd Audio devices
- 01.50.ff Films; electronic video devices
- 01.50.fh Posters, cartoons, art, etc.
- 01.50.H- Computers in education
- 01.50.ht Instructional computer use
- 01.50.hv Computer software and software reviews
- 01.50.Kw Techniques of testing
- 01.50.Lc Laboratory computer use (see also 01.50.Pa)
- 01.50.My Demonstration experiments and apparatus
- 01.50.Pa Laboratory experiments and apparatus (see also 01.50.Lc)
- 01.50.Qb Laboratory course design, organization, and evaluation
- 01.50.Rt Physics tournaments and contests
- 01.50.Wg Physics of toys

01.50.Zv Errors in physics classroom materials
 01.52.+r National and international laboratory facilities
 01.55.+b General physics
 01.60.+q Biographies, tributes, personal notes, and obituaries
 01.65.+g History of science
 01.70.+w Philosophy of science
 01.75.+m Science and society (for science and government, see 01.78.+p; for social issues regarding wind energy, see 88.50.Xy; for social issues regarding biomass energy, see 88.20.Y-)
 01.78.+p Science and government (funding, politics, etc.) (see also 88.05.Jk Policy issues; resource assessment)
 01.80.+b Physics of games and sports
 01.85.+f Careers in physics and science
 01.90.+g Other topics of general interest (restricted to new topics in section 01)

02. Mathematical methods in physics

02.10.-v Logic, set theory, and algebra
 02.10.Ab Logic and set theory
 02.10.De Algebraic structures and number theory
 02.10.Hh Rings and algebras
 02.10.Kn Knot theory
 02.10.Ox Combinatorics; graph theory
 02.10.Ud Linear algebra
 02.10.Xm Multilinear algebra
 02.10.Yn Matrix theory
 02.20.-a Group theory (for algebraic methods in quantum mechanics, see 03.65.Fd; for symmetries in elementary particle physics, see 11.30.-j)
 02.20.Bb General structures of groups
 02.20.Hj Classical groups
 02.20.Qs General properties, structure, and representation of Lie groups
 02.20.Rt Discrete subgroups of Lie groups
 02.20.Sv Lie algebras of Lie groups
 02.20.Tw Infinite-dimensional Lie groups
 02.20.Uw Quantum groups
 02.30.-f Function theory, analysis
 02.30.Cj Measure and integration
 02.30.Em Potential theory
 02.30.Fn Several complex variables and analytic spaces
 02.30.Gp Special functions
 02.30.Hq Ordinary differential equations
 02.30.Ik Integrable systems
 02.30.Jr Partial differential equations
 02.30.Ks Delay and functional equations
 02.30.Lt Sequences, series, and summability
 02.30.Mv Approximations and expansions
 02.30.Nw Fourier analysis
 02.30.Oz Bifurcation theory (see also 47.20.Ky in fluid dynamics)
 02.30.Px Abstract harmonic analysis
 02.30.Rz Integral equations
 02.30.Sa Functional analysis
 02.30.Tb Operator theory
 02.30.Uu Integral transforms
 02.30.Vv Operational calculus
 02.30.Xx Calculus of variations
 02.30.Yy Control theory
 02.30.Zz Inverse problems

02.40.-k Geometry, differential geometry, and topology (see also section 04 Relativity and gravitation)

02.40.Dr Euclidean and projective geometries

02.40.Ft Convex sets and geometric inequalities

02.40.Gh Noncommutative geometry

02.40.Hw Classical differential geometry

02.40.Ky Riemannian geometries

02.40.Ma Global differential geometry

02.40.Pc General topology

02.40.Re Algebraic topology

02.40.Sf Manifolds and cell complexes

02.40.Tt Complex manifolds

02.40.Vh Global analysis and analysis on manifolds

02.40.Xx Singularity theory (see also 05.45.-a Nonlinear dynamics and chaos)

02.40.Yy Geometric mechanics (see also 45.20.Jj in formalisms in classical mechanics)

02.50.-r Probability theory, stochastic processes, and statistics (see also section 05 Statistical physics, thermodynamics, and nonlinear dynamical systems)

02.50.Cw Probability theory

02.50.Ey Stochastic processes

02.50.Fz Stochastic analysis

02.50.Ga Markov processes

02.50.Le Decision theory and game theory

02.50.Ng Distribution theory and Monte Carlo studies

02.50.Sk Multivariate analysis

02.50.Tt Inference methods

02.60.-x Numerical approximation and analysis

02.60.Cb Numerical simulation; solution of equations

02.60.Dc Numerical linear algebra

02.60.Ed Interpolation; curve fitting

02.60.Gf Algorithms for functional approximation

02.60.Jh Numerical differentiation and integration

02.60.Lj Ordinary and partial differential equations; boundary value problems

02.60.Nm Integral and integrodifferential equations

02.60.Pn Numerical optimization

02.70.-c Computational techniques; simulations (for quantum computation, see 03.67.Lx; for computational techniques extensively used in subdivisions of physics, see the appropriate section; for example, see 47.11.-j Computational methods in fluid dynamics)

02.70.Bf Finite-difference methods

02.70.Dh Finite-element and Galerkin methods

02.70.Hm Spectral methods

02.70.Jn Collocation methods

02.70.Ns Molecular dynamics and particle methods

02.70.Pt Boundary-integral methods

02.70.Rr General statistical methods

02.70.Ss Quantum Monte Carlo methods

02.70.Tt Justifications or modifications of Monte Carlo methods

02.70.Uu Applications of Monte Carlo methods (see also 02.50.Ng in probability theory, stochastic processes, and statistics, and 05.10.Ln in statistical physics)

02.70.Wz Symbolic computation (computer algebra)

02.90.+p Other topics in mathematical methods in physics (restricted to new topics in section 02)

03. Quantum mechanics, field theories, and special relativity (see also section 11 General theory of fields and particles)

03.30.+p	Special relativity
03.50.-z	Classical field theories
03.50.De	Classical electromagnetism, Maxwell equations (for applied classical electromagnetism, see 41.20.-q)
03.50.Kk	Other special classical field theories
03.65.-w	Quantum mechanics [see also 03.67.-a Quantum information; 05.30.-d Quantum statistical mechanics; 31.30.J- Relativistic and quantum electrodynamics (QED) effects in atoms, molecules, and ions in atomic physics]
03.65.Aa	Quantum systems with finite Hilbert space
03.65.Ca	Formalism
03.65.Db	Functional analytical methods
03.65.Fd	Algebraic methods (see also 02.20.-a Group theory)
03.65.Ge	Solutions of wave equations: bound states
03.65.Nk	Scattering theory
03.65.Pm	Relativistic wave equations
03.65.Sq	Semiclassical theories and applications
03.65.Ta	Foundations of quantum mechanics; measurement theory (for optical tests of quantum theory, see 42.50.Xa)
03.65.Ud	Entanglement and quantum nonlocality (e.g. EPR paradox, Bell's inequalities, GHZ states, etc.) (for entanglement production and manipulation, see 03.67.Bg; for entanglement measures, witnesses etc., see 03.67.Mn; for entanglement in Bose-Einstein condensates, see 03.75.Gg)
03.65.Vf	Phases: geometric; dynamic or topological
03.65.Wj	State reconstruction, quantum tomography
03.65.Xp	Tunneling, traversal time, quantum Zeno dynamics
03.65.Yz	Decoherence; open systems; quantum statistical methods (see also 03.67.Pp in quantum information; for decoherence in Bose-Einstein condensates, see 03.75.Gg)
03.67.-a	Quantum information (see also 42.50.Dv Quantum state engineering and measurements; 42.50.Ex Optical implementations of quantum information processing and transfer in quantum optics)
03.67.Ac	Quantum algorithms, protocols, and simulations
03.67.Bg	Entanglement production and manipulation (for entanglement in Bose-Einstein condensates, see 03.75.Gg)
03.67.Dd	Quantum cryptography and communication security
03.67.Hk	Quantum communication
03.67.Lx	Quantum computation architectures and implementations
03.67.Mn	Entanglement measures, witnesses, and other characterizations (see also 03.65.Ud Entanglement and quantum nonlocality; 42.50.Dv Quantum state engineering and measurements in quantum optics)
03.67.Pp	Quantum error correction and other methods for protection against decoherence (see also 03.65.Yz Decoherence; open systems; quantum statistical methods; for decoherence in Bose-Einstein condensates, see 03.75.Gg)
03.70.+k	Theory of quantized fields (see also 11.10.-z Field theory)
03.75.-b	Matter waves (for atom interferometry, see 37.25.+k; see also 67.85.-d ultracold gases, trapped gases in quantum fluids and solids)
03.75.Be	Atom and neutron optics
03.75.Dg	Atom and neutron interferometry
03.75.Gg	Entanglement and decoherence in Bose-Einstein condensates
03.75.Hh	Static properties of condensates; thermodynamical, statistical, and structural properties
03.75.Kk	Dynamic properties of condensates; collective and hydrodynamic excitations, superfluid flow
03.75.Lm	Tunneling, Josephson effect, Bose-Einstein condensates in periodic

- potentials, solitons, vortices, and topological excitations (see also 74.50.+r Tunneling phenomena; Josephson effects in superconductivity)
- 03.75.Mn Multicomponent condensates; spinor condensates
- 03.75.Nt Other Bose-Einstein condensation phenomena
- 03.75.Pp Atom lasers
- 03.75.Ss Degenerate Fermi gases
- 04. General relativity and gravitation (for astrophysical aspects, see 95.30.Sf Relativity and gravitation; for relativistic aspects of cosmology, see 98.80.Jk; for special relativity, see 03.30.+p)**
 - 04.20.-q Classical general relativity (see also 02.40.-k Geometry, differential geometry, and topology)
 - 04.20.Cv Fundamental problems and general formalism
 - 04.20.Dw Singularities and cosmic censorship
 - 04.20.Ex Initial value problem, existence and uniqueness of solutions
 - 04.20.Fy Canonical formalism, Lagrangians, and variational principles
 - 04.20.Gz Spacetime topology, causal structure, spinor structure
 - 04.20.Ha Asymptotic structure
 - 04.20.Jb Exact solutions
 - 04.25.-g Approximation methods; equations of motion
 - 04.25.D- Numerical relativity
 - 04.25.dc Numerical studies of critical behavior, singularities, and cosmic censorship
 - 04.25.dg Numerical studies of black holes and black-hole binaries
 - 04.25.dk Numerical studies of other relativistic binaries (see also 97.80.-d Binary and multiple stars in astronomy)
 - 04.25.Nx Post-Newtonian approximation; perturbation theory; related approximations
 - 04.30.-w Gravitational waves (see also 04.80.Nn Gravitational wave detectors and experiments)
 - 04.30.Db Wave generation and sources
 - 04.30.Nk Wave propagation and interactions
 - 04.30.Tv Gravitational-wave astrophysics (see also 95.85.Sz Gravitational radiation, magnetic fields, and other observations in astronomy)
 - 04.40.-b Self-gravitating systems; continuous media and classical fields in curved spacetime
 - 04.40.Dg Relativistic stars: structure, stability, and oscillations (see also 97.60.-s Late stages of stellar evolution)
 - 04.40.Nr Einstein-Maxwell spacetimes, spacetimes with fluids, radiation or classical fields
 - 04.50.-h Higher-dimensional gravity and other theories of gravity (see also 11.25.Mj Compactification and four-dimensional models, 11.25.Uv D branes)
 - 04.50.Cd Kaluza-Klein theories
 - 04.50.Gh Higher-dimensional black holes, black strings, and related objects
 - 04.50.Kd Modified theories of gravity
 - 04.60.-m Quantum gravity (see also 11.25.-w Strings and branes; 11.15.Wx Topologically massive gauge theories, and 11.15.Yc Chern-Simons gauge theory)
 - 04.60.Bc Phenomenology of quantum gravity
 - 04.60.Cf Gravitational aspects of string theory
 - 04.60.Ds Canonical quantization
 - 04.60.Gw Covariant and sum-over-histories quantization
 - 04.60.Kz Lower dimensional models; minisuperspace models
 - 04.60.Nc Lattice and discrete methods
 - 04.60.Pp Loop quantum gravity, quantum geometry, spin foams
 - 04.60.Rt Topologically massive gravity (see also 11.15.Wx Topologically massive

- gauge theories, and 11.15.Yc Chern-Simons gauge theory)
- 04.62.+v Quantum fields in curved spacetime
- 04.65.+e Supergravity (see also 12.60.Jv Supersymmetric models; 11.15.Wx Topologically massive gauge theories, and 11.15.Yc Chern-Simons gauge theory)
- 04.70.-s Physics of black holes (see also 97.60.Lf—in astronomy)
- 04.70.Bw Classical black holes
- 04.70.Dy Quantum aspects of black holes, evaporation, thermodynamics
- 04.80.-y Experimental studies of gravity
- 04.80.Cc Experimental tests of gravitational theories
- 04.80.Nn Gravitational wave detectors and experiments (see also 95.55.Ym Gravitational radiation detectors; mass spectrometers; and other instrumentation and techniques)
- 04.90.+e Other topics in general relativity and gravitation (restricted to new topics in section 04)

05. Statistical physics, thermodynamics, and nonlinear dynamical systems (see also 02.50.-r Probability theory, stochastic processes, and statistics)

- 05.10.-a Computational methods in statistical physics and nonlinear dynamics (see also 02.70.-c in mathematical methods in physics)
- 05.10.Cc Renormalization group methods
- 05.10.Gg Stochastic analysis methods (Fokker-Planck, Langevin, etc.)
- 05.10.Ln Monte Carlo methods (see also 02.70.Tt, Uu in mathematical methods in physics; for Monte Carlo methods extensively used in subdivisions of physics, see the appropriate section; for example, see 52.65.Pp in plasma simulation)
- 05.20.-y Classical statistical mechanics
- 05.20.Dd Kinetic theory (see also 51.10.+y Kinetic and transport theory of gases)
- 05.20.Gg Classical ensemble theory
- 05.20.Jj Statistical mechanics of classical fluids (see also 47.10.-g General theory in fluid dynamics)
- 05.30.-d Quantum statistical mechanics (for quantum fluids aspects, see 67.10.Fj)
- 05.30.Ch Quantum ensemble theory
- 05.30.Fk Fermion systems and electron gas (see also 71.10.-w Theories and models of many-electron systems; see also 67.10.Db Fermion degeneracy in quantum fluids)
- 05.30.Jp Boson systems (for static and dynamic properties of Bose-Einstein condensates, see 03.75.Hh and 03.75.Kk; see also 67.10.Ba Boson degeneracy in quantum fluids)
- 05.30.Pr Fractional statistics systems (anyons, etc.)
- 05.30.Rt Quantum phase transitions (see also 64.70.Tg Quantum phase transitions in specific phase transitions; and 73.43.Nq Quantum phase transitions in Quantum Hall effects)
- 05.40.-a Fluctuation phenomena, random processes, noise, and Brownian motion (for fluctuations in superconductivity, see 74.40.-n; for statistical theory and fluctuations in nuclear reactions, see 24.60.-k; for fluctuations in plasma, see 52.25.Gj; for nonlinear dynamics and chaos, see 05.45.-a)
- 05.40.Ca Noise
- 05.40.Fb Random walks and Levy flights
- 05.40.Jc Brownian motion
- 05.45.-a Nonlinear dynamics and chaos (see also section 45 Classical mechanics of discrete systems; for chaos in fluid dynamics, see 47.52.+j; for chaos in superconductivity, see 74.40.De)
- 05.45.Ac Low-dimensional chaos
- 05.45.Df Fractals (see also 47.53.+n Fractals in fluid dynamics; 61.43.Hv

- Fractals; macroscopic aggregates in structure of solids)
- 05.45. Gg Control of chaos, applications of chaos
- 05.45. Jn High-dimensional chaos
- 05.45. Mt Quantum chaos; semiclassical methods
- 05.45. Pq Numerical simulations of chaotic systems
- 05.45. Ra Coupled map lattices
- 05.45. Tp Time series analysis
- 05.45. Vx Communication using chaos
- 05.45. Xt Synchronization; coupled oscillators
- 05.45. Yv Solitons (see 52.35. Sb for solitons in plasma; for solitons in acoustics, see 43.25. Rq—in Acoustics Appendix; see 42.50. Md, 42.65. Tg, 42.81. Dp for solitons in optics; see also 03.75. Lm in matter waves; for solitons in space plasma physics, see 94.05. Fg; for solitary waves in fluid dynamics, see 47.35. Fg)
- 05.50. +q Lattice theory and statistics (Ising, Potts, etc.) (see also 64.60. Cn Order-disorder transformations, and 75.10. Hk Classical spin models)
- 05.60. -k Transport processes
- 05.60. Cd Classical transport
- 05.60. Gg Quantum transport
- 05.65. +b Self-organized systems (see also 45.70. -n in classical mechanics of discrete systems)
- 05.70. -a Thermodynamics (see also section 64 Equations of state, phase equilibria, and phase transitions, and section 65 Thermal properties of condensed matter; for chemical thermodynamics, see 82.60. -s; for thermodynamics of plasmas, see 52.25. Kn; for thermodynamic properties of quantum fluids, see 67.25. bd, and 67.30. ef; for thermodynamics of nanoparticles, see 82.60. Qr, and 65.80. -g; for thermodynamic processes in astrophysics, see 95.30. Tg; for thermodynamics in volcanology, see 91.40. Pc)
- 05.70. Ce Thermodynamic functions and equations of state (see also 51.30. +i Thermodynamic properties, equations of state in physics of gases; for equations of state of specific substances, see 64.30. -t; for equations of state of nuclear matter, and of neutron-star matter, see 21.65. Mn and 26.60. Kp, respectively; see also 95.30. Tg in astronomy; for thermodynamic properties of superconductors, see 74.25. Bt)
- 05.70. Fh Phase transitions: general studies (see also 05.30. Rt Quantum phase transitions in quantum statistical mechanics; 64.70. Tg Quantum phase transitions in specific phase transitions; 73.43. Nq Quantum phase transitions in quantum Hall effects; for superconductivity phase diagrams, see 74.25. Dw; for magnetic phase boundaries, see 75.30. Kz; for ferroelectric phase transitions, see 77.80. B-)
- 05.70. Jk Critical point phenomena (for quantum critical phenomena in superconductivity, see 74.40. Kb)
- 05.70. Ln Nonequilibrium and irreversible thermodynamics (see also 82.40. Bj Oscillations, chaos, and bifurcations in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
- 05.70. Np Interface and surface thermodynamics (see also 68.35. Md Surface thermodynamics, surface energies in surfaces and interfaces)
- 05.90. +m Other topics in statistical physics, thermodynamics, and nonlinear dynamical systems (restricted to new topics in section 05)

06. Metrology, measurements, and laboratory procedures (for laser applications in metrology, see 42.62. Eh)

- 06.20. -f Metrology
- 06.20. Dk Measurement and error theory
- 06.20. F- Units and standards
- 06.20. fa Units

06.20.fb	Standards and calibration
06.20.Jr	Determination of fundamental constants
06.30.-k	Measurements common to several branches of physics and astronomy
06.30.Bp	Spatial dimensions (e.g., position, lengths, volume, angles, and displacements)
06.30.Dr	Mass and density
06.30.Ft	Time and frequency
06.30.Gv	Velocity, acceleration, and rotation
06.30.Ka	Basic electromagnetic quantities (see also 84.37.+q Measurements in electric variables)
06.60.-c	Laboratory procedures
06.60.Ei	Sample preparation (including design of sample holders)
06.60.Jn	High-speed techniques (microsecond to femtosecond)
06.60.Mr	Testing and inspecting procedures
06.60.Sx	Positioning and alignment; manipulating, remote handling
06.60.Vz	Workshop procedures (welding, machining, lubrication, bearings, etc.)
06.60.Wa	Laboratory safety procedures (for national and international laboratory facilities, see 01.52.+r)
06.90.+v	Other topics in metrology, measurements, and laboratory procedures (restricted to new topics in section 06)

07. Instruments, apparatus, and components common to several branches of physics and astronomy (see also each subdiscipline for specialized instrumentation and techniques)

07.05.-t	Computers in experimental physics (for computers in education, see 01.50.H-, and 01.50.Lc; for quantum computation architectures, see 03.67.Lx; for optical computers, see 42.79.Ta; for computational and simulation techniques, see 02.70.-c in mathematical methods)
07.05.Bx	Computer systems: hardware, operating systems, computer languages, and utilities
07.05.Dz	Control systems
07.05.Fb	Design of experiments
07.05.Hd	Data acquisition: hardware and software
07.05.Kf	Data analysis: algorithms and implementation; data management (for data analysis in nuclear physics, see 29.85.-c)
07.05.Mh	Neural networks, fuzzy logic, artificial intelligence
07.05.Pj	Image processing (see also 42.30.Va in optics; 87.57.-s Medical imaging in biological and medical physics; 95.75.Tv Digitization techniques in astronomy)
07.05.Rm	Data presentation and visualization: algorithms and implementation
07.05.Tp	Computer modeling and simulation
07.05.Wr	Computer interfaces (for nuclear physics applications, see 29.50.+v)
07.07.-a	General equipment
07.07.Df	Sensors (chemical, optical, electrical, movement, gas, etc.); remote sensing
07.07.Hj	Display and recording equipment, oscilloscopes, TV cameras, etc.
07.07.Mp	Transducers
07.07.Tw	Servo and control equipment; robots
07.07.Vx	Hygrometers; hygrometry
07.10.-h	Mechanical instruments and equipment
07.10.Cm	Micromechanical devices and systems [for micro- and nano-electromechanical systems (MEMS/NEMS), see 85.85.+j in electronic and magnetic devices; see also 81.07.0j Nanoelectromechanical systems (NEMS) in nanoscale materials and structures; see also 87.80.Ek Mechanical and micromechanical techniques; 87.85.0x Biomedical instrumentation and transducers including micro-electro-mechanical systems in biological and medical physics]

07.10.Fq Vibration isolation
 07.10.Lw Balance systems, tensile machines, etc.
 07.10.Pz Instruments for strain, force, and torque
 07.20.-n Thermal instruments and apparatus
 07.20.Dt Thermometers
 07.20.Fw Calorimeters (for calorimeters as radiation detectors, see 29.40.Vj)
 07.20.Hy Furnaces; heaters
 07.20.Ka High-temperature instrumentation; pyrometers
 07.20.Mc Cryogenics; refrigerators, low-temperature detectors, and other low-temperature equipment
 07.20.Pe Heat engines; heat pumps; heat pipes
 07.30.-t Vacuum apparatus
 07.30.Bx Degasification, residual gas
 07.30.Cy Vacuum pumps
 07.30.Dz Vacuum gauges
 07.30.Hd Vacuum testing methods; leak detectors
 07.30.Kf Vacuum chambers, auxiliary apparatus, and materials
 07.35.+k High-pressure apparatus; shock tubes; diamond anvil cells
 07.50.-e Electrical and electronic instruments and components
 07.50.Ek Circuits and circuit components (see also 84.30.-r Electronic circuits and 84.32.-y Passive circuit components)
 07.50.Hp Electrical noise and shielding equipment
 07.50.Ls Electrometers
 07.50.Qx Signal processing electronics (see also 84.40.Ua in radiowave and microwave technology; 87.85.Ng Biological signal processing in biomedical engineering)
 07.55.-w Magnetic instruments and components
 07.55.Db Generation of magnetic fields; magnets (for superconducting magnets, see 84.71.Ba; for beam focusing magnets, see 41.85.Lc in beam optics)
 07.55.Ge Magnetometers for magnetic field measurements
 07.55.Jg Magnetometers for susceptibility, magnetic moment, and magnetization measurements
 07.55.Nk Magnetic shielding in instruments
 07.57.-c Infrared, submillimeter wave, microwave and radiowave instruments and equipment (for infrared and radio telescopes, see 95.55.Cs, 95.55.Fw, and 95.55.Jz in astronomy; for biophysical spectroscopic applications, see 87.64.-t)
 07.57.Hm Infrared, submillimeter wave, microwave, and radiowave sources (see also 42.72.Ai Infrared sources in optics)
 07.57.Kp Bolometers; infrared, submillimeter wave, microwave, and radiowave receivers and detectors (see also 85.60.Gz Photodetectors in electronic and magnetic devices, and 95.55.Rg Photoconductors and bolometers in astronomy)
 07.57.Pt Submillimeter wave, microwave and radiowave spectrometers; magnetic resonance spectrometers, auxiliary equipment, and techniques
 07.57.Ty Infrared spectrometers, auxiliary equipment, and techniques
 07.60.-j Optical instruments and equipment (see also 87.64.M- Optical microscopy in biological and medical physics; for optical sources, see 42.72.-g; see also 42.79.-e Optical elements, devices and systems; for optoelectronic devices, see 85.60.-q; for optical telescopes, see 95.55.Cs; for photometric, polarimetric, and spectroscopic equipment in astronomy, see 95.55.Qf)
 07.60.Dq Photometers, radiometers, and colorimeters
 07.60.Fs Polarimeters and ellipsometers
 07.60.Hv Refractometers and reflectometers
 07.60.Ly Interferometers
 07.60.Pb Conventional optical microscopes (for near-field scanning optical microscopes, see 07.79.Fc; for x-ray microscopes, see 07.85.Tt)

- 07.60.Rd Visible and ultraviolet spectrometers
- 07.60.Vg Fiber-optic instruments (see also 42.81.-i Fiber optics)
- 07.64.+z Acoustic instruments and equipment (see also 43.58.+z—in acoustics)
- 07.68.+m Photography, photographic instruments; xerography
- 07.75.+h Mass spectrometers (see also 82.80.Ms, 82.80.Nj, and 82.80.Rt in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
- 07.77.-n Atomic, molecular, and charged-particle sources and detectors
- 07.77.Gx Atomic and molecular beam sources and detectors (see also 37.20.+j Atomic and molecular beam sources and techniques, in atomic and molecular physics)
- 07.77.Ka Charged-particle beam sources and detectors (see also 29.40.-n Radiation detectors in nuclear physics)
- 07.78.+s Electron, positron, and ion microscopes; electron diffractometers
- 07.79.-v Scanning probe microscopes and components (see also 68.37.-d Microscopy of surfaces, interfaces, and thin films)
- 07.79.Cz Scanning tunneling microscopes
- 07.79.Fc Near-field scanning optical microscopes
- 07.79.Lh Atomic force microscopes
- 07.79.Pk Magnetic force microscopes
- 07.79.Sp Friction force microscopes
- 07.81.+a Electron and ion spectrometers (see also 29.30.Dn Electron spectroscopy; 29.30.Ep Charged-particle spectroscopy in nuclear physics)
- 07.85.-m X- and γ -ray instruments (for x- and γ -ray telescopes, see 95.55.Ka in astronomy; for x-ray beams and x-ray optics, see 41.50.+h)
- 07.85.Fv X- and γ -ray sources, mirrors, gratings, and detectors
- 07.85.Jy Diffractometers
- 07.85.Nc X-ray and γ -ray spectrometers
- 07.85.Qe Synchrotron radiation instrumentation
- 07.85.Tt X-ray microscopes
- 07.87.+v Spaceborne and space research instruments, apparatus, and components (satellites, space vehicles, etc.) (for instrumentation for space plasma physics, ionosphere, and magnetosphere, see 94.80.+g; see also 95.55.-n and 95.40.+s in astronomy; for materials testing in space, see 81.70.Ha)
- 07.88.+y Instruments for environmental pollution measurements
- 07.89.+b Environmental effects on instruments (e.g., radiation and pollution effects) (for environmental effects on optical elements, devices, and systems, see 42.88.+h)
- 07.90.+c Other topics in instruments, apparatus, and components common to several branches of physics and astronomy (restricted to new topics in section 07)

10. THE PHYSICS OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES AND FIELDS (for experimental methods and instrumentation for elementary-particle physics, see section 29)

11. General theory of fields and particles (see also 03.65.-w Quantum mechanics and 03.70.+k Theory of quantized fields)

- 11.10.-z Field theory (for gauge field theories, see 11.15.-q)
- 11.10.Cd Axiomatic approach
- 11.10.Ef Lagrangian and Hamiltonian approach
- 11.10.Gh Renormalization
- 11.10.Hi Renormalization group evolution of parameters
- 11.10.Jj Asymptotic problems and properties
- 11.10.Kk Field theories in dimensions other than four (see also 04.50.-h Higher-dimensional gravity and other theories of gravity; 04.60.Kz Lower dimensional models; minisuperspace models in general relativity)

and gravitation)

11.10.Lm Nonlinear or nonlocal theories and models (see also 11.27.+d Extended classical solutions; cosmic strings, domain walls, texture)

11.10.Nx Noncommutative field theory

... .. Relativistic wave equations, see 03.65.Pm

11.10.St Bound and unstable states; Bethe-Salpeter equations

11.10.Wx Finite-temperature field theory

11.15.-q Gauge field theories

11.15.Bt General properties of perturbation theory

11.15.Ex Spontaneous breaking of gauge symmetries

11.15.Ha Lattice gauge theory (see also 12.38.Gc Lattice QCD calculations)

11.15.Kc Classical and semiclassical techniques

11.15.Me Strong-coupling expansions

11.15.Pg Expansions for large numbers of components (e.g., $1/N_c$ expansions)

11.15.Tk Other nonperturbative techniques

11.15.Wx Topologically massive gauge theories (see also 04.60.Rt Topologically massive gravity)

11.15.Yc Chern-Simons gauge theory

11.25.-w Strings and branes (for cosmic strings, see 98.80.Cq in cosmology; see also 11.27.+d Extended classical solutions; cosmic strings, domain walls, texture)

11.25.Db Properties of perturbation theory

11.25.Hf Conformal field theory, algebraic structures

11.25.Mj Compactification and four-dimensional models

11.25.Pm Noncritical string theory

11.25.Sq Nonperturbative techniques; string field theory

11.25.Tq Gauge/string duality

11.25.Uv D branes

11.25.Wx String and brane phenomenology

11.25.Yb M theory

11.27.+d Extended classical solutions; cosmic strings, domain walls, texture (see also 98.80.Cq in cosmology; 11.25.-w Strings and branes)

11.30.-j Symmetry and conservation laws (see also 02.20.-a Group theory)

11.30.Cp Lorentz and Poincaré invariance

11.30.Er Charge conjugation, parity, time reversal, and other discrete symmetries

11.30.Fs Global symmetries (e.g., baryon number, lepton number)

11.30.Hv Flavor symmetries

11.30.Ly Other internal and higher symmetries

11.30.Na Nonlinear and dynamical symmetries (spectrum-generating symmetries)

11.30.Pb Supersymmetry (see also 12.60.Jv Supersymmetric models)

11.30.Qc Spontaneous and radiative symmetry breaking

11.30.Rd Chiral symmetries

11.40.-q Currents and their properties

11.40.Dw General theory of currents

11.40.Ex Formal properties of current algebras (see also 12.39.Fe Chiral Lagrangians)

11.40.Ha Partially conserved axial-vector currents

11.55.-m S-matrix theory; analytic structure of amplitudes

11.55.Bq Analytic properties of S matrix

11.55.Ds Exact S matrices

11.55.Fv Dispersion relations

11.55.Hx Sum rules

11.55.Jy Regge formalism (see also 12.40.Nn in strong interactions)

11.80.-m Relativistic scattering theory

11.80.Cr Kinematical properties (helicity and invariant amplitudes, kinematic singularities, etc.)

11.80.Et Partial-wave analysis

- 11.80.Fv Approximations (eikonal approximation, variational principles, etc.)
- 11.80.Gw Multichannel scattering
- 11.80.Jy Many-body scattering and Faddeev equation
- 11.80.La Multiple scattering
- 11.90.+t Other topics in general theory of fields and particles (restricted to new topics in section 11)

12. Specific theories and interaction models; particle systematics

- 12.10.-g Unified field theories and models (see also 04.50.-h Higher-dimensional gravity and other theories of gravity—in general relativity and gravitation, 11.25.Mj Compactification and four-dimensional models)
- 12.10.Dm Unified theories and models of strong and electroweak interactions
- 12.10.Kt Unification of couplings; mass relations
- 12.15.-y Electroweak interactions
- Extensions of gauge or Higgs sector, see 12.60.Cn or 12.60.Fr
- 12.15.Ff Quark and lepton masses and mixing (see also 14.60.Pq Neutrino mass and mixing)
- 12.15.Hh Determination of Cabibbo-Kobayashi & Maskawa (CKM) matrix elements
- 12.15.Ji Applications of electroweak models to specific processes
- 12.15.Lk Electroweak radiative corrections (see also 13.40.Ks Electromagnetic corrections to strong- and weak-interaction processes)
- 12.15.Mm Neutral currents
- 12.20.-m Quantum electrodynamics
- 12.20.Ds Specific calculations
- 12.20.Fv Experimental tests (for optical tests in quantum electrodynamics, see 42.50.Xa)
- 12.38.-t Quantum chromodynamics (for quarks, gluons, and QCD in nuclear reactions, see 24.85.+p)
- 12.38.Aw General properties of QCD (dynamics, confinement, etc.)
- 12.38.Bx Perturbative calculations
- 12.38.Cy Summation of perturbation theory
- 12.38.Gc Lattice QCD calculations (see also 11.15.Ha Lattice gauge theory)
- 12.38.Lg Other nonperturbative calculations
- 12.38.Mh Quark-gluon plasma (see also 25.75.Nq Quark deconfinement, quark-gluon plasma production and phase transitions in relativistic heavy ion collisions; see also 21.65.Qr Quark matter)
- 12.38.Qk Experimental tests
- 12.39.-x Phenomenological quark models
- 12.39.Ba Bag model
- 12.39.Dc Skyrmions
- 12.39.Fe Chiral Lagrangians
- 12.39.Hg Heavy quark effective theory
- 12.39.Jh Nonrelativistic quark model
- 12.39.Ki Relativistic quark model
- 12.39.Mk Glueball and nonstandard multi-quark/gluon states
- 12.39.Pn Potential models
- 12.39.St Factorization
- 12.40.-y Other models for strong interactions
- 12.40.Ee Statistical models
- 12.40.Nn Regge theory, duality, absorptive/optical models (see also 11.55.Jy Regge formalism)
- 12.40.Vv Vector-meson dominance
- 12.40.Yx Hadron mass models and calculations
- 12.60.-i Models beyond the standard model (for unified field theories, see 12.10.-g)
- 12.60.Cn Extensions of electroweak gauge sector
- 12.60.Fr Extensions of electroweak Higgs sector

- 12.60.Jv Supersymmetric models (see also 04.65.+e Supergravity)
- 12.60.Nz Technicolor models
- 12.60.Rc Composite models
- 12.90.+b Miscellaneous theoretical ideas and models (restricted to new topics
in section 12)

13. Specific reactions and phenomenology

- 13.15.+g Neutrino interactions
- 13.20.-v Leptonic, semileptonic, and radiative decays of mesons
- 13.20.Cz Decays of π mesons
- 13.20.Eb Decays of K mesons
- 13.20.Fc Decays of charmed mesons
- 13.20.Gd Decays of J/ψ , Υ , and other quarkonia
- 13.20.He Decays of bottom mesons
- 13.20.Jf Decays of other mesons
- 13.25.-k Hadronic decays of mesons
- 13.25.Cq Decays of π mesons
- 13.25.Es Decays of K mesons
- 13.25.Ft Decays of charmed mesons
- 13.25.Gv Decays of J/ψ , Υ , and other quarkonia
- 13.25.Hw Decays of bottom mesons
- 13.25.Jx Decays of other mesons
- 13.30.-a Decays of baryons
- 13.30.Ce Leptonic, semileptonic, and radiative decays
- 13.30.Eg Hadronic decays
- 13.35.-r Decays of leptons
- 13.35.Bv Decays of muons
- 13.35.Dx Decays of taus
- 13.35.Hb Decays of heavy neutrinos
- 13.38.-b Decays of intermediate bosons
- 13.38.Be Decays of W bosons
- 13.38.Dg Decays of Z bosons
- 13.40.-f Electromagnetic processes and properties
- 13.40.Dk Electromagnetic mass differences
- 13.40.Em Electric and magnetic moments
- 13.40.Gp Electromagnetic form factors
- 13.40.Hq Electromagnetic decays
- 13.40.Ks Electromagnetic corrections to strong- and weak-interaction processes
- 13.60.-r Photon and charged-lepton interactions with hadrons (for neutrino
interactions, see 13.15.+g)
- 13.60.Fz Elastic and Compton scattering
- 13.60.Hb Total and inclusive cross sections (including deep-inelastic
processes)
- 13.60.Le Meson production
- 13.60.Rj Baryon production
- 13.66.-a Lepton-lepton interactions
- 13.66.Bc Hadron production in $e-e^+$ interactions
- 13.66.De Lepton production in $e-e^+$ interactions
- 13.66.Fg Gauge and Higgs boson production in $e-e^+$ interactions
- 13.66.Hk Production of non-standard model particles in $e-e^+$ interactions
- 13.66.Jn Precision measurements in $e-e^+$ interactions
- 13.66.Lm Processes in other lepton-lepton interactions
- 13.75.-n Hadron-induced low- and intermediate-energy reactions and scattering
(energy ≤ 10 GeV) (for higher energies, see 13.85.-t)
- 13.75.Cs Nucleon-nucleon interactions (including antinucleons, deuterons, etc.)
(for N-N interactions in nuclei, see 21.30.-x)
- 13.75.Ev Hyperon-nucleon interactions

13.75.Gx	Pion-baryon interactions
13.75.Jz	Kaon-baryon interactions
13.75.Lb	Meson-meson interactions
13.85.-t	Hadron-induced high- and super-high-energy interactions (energy > 10 GeV) (for low energies, see 13.75.-n)
13.85.Dz	Elastic scattering
13.85.Fb	Inelastic scattering: two-particle final states
13.85.Hd	Inelastic scattering: many-particle final states
13.85.Lg	Total cross sections
13.85.Ni	Inclusive production with identified hadrons
13.85.Qk	Inclusive production with identified leptons, photons, or other nonhadronic particles
13.85.Rm	Limits on production of particles
13.85.Tp	Cosmic-ray interactions (see also 96.50.S- Cosmic rays in interplanetary physics)
13.87.-a	Jets in large-Q ² scattering
13.87.Ce	Production
13.87.Fh	Fragmentation into hadrons
13.88.+e	Polarization in interactions and scattering
13.90.+i	Other topics in specific reactions and phenomenology of elementary particles (restricted to new topics in section 13)

14. Properties of specific particles

14.20.-c	Baryons (including antiparticles) (for decays of baryons, see 13.30.-a)
14.20.Dh	Protons and neutrons
14.20.Gk	Baryon resonances (S=C=B=0)
14.20.Jn	Hyperons
14.20.Lq	Charmed baryons ($ C >0$, B=0)
14.20.Mr	Bottom baryons ($ B >0$)
14.20.Pt	Exotic baryons
14.40.-n	Mesons (for leptonic decays of mesons, see 13.20.-v; for hadronic decays of mesons, see 13.25.-k)
14.40.Be	Light mesons (S=C=B=0)
14.40.Df	Strange mesons ($ S >0$, C=B=0)
14.40.Lb	Charmed mesons ($ C >0$, B=0)
14.40.Nd	Bottom mesons ($ B >0$)
14.40.Pq	Heavy quarkonia
14.40.Rt	Exotic mesons
14.60.-z	Leptons (for decays of leptons, see 13.35.-r)
14.60.Cd	Electrons (including positrons)
14.60.Ef	Muons
14.60.Fg	Taus
14.60.Hi	Other charged heavy leptons
14.60.Lm	Ordinary neutrinos
14.60.Pq	Neutrino mass and mixing (see also 12.15.Ff Quark and lepton masses and mixing)
14.60.St	Non-standard-model neutrinos, right-handed neutrinos, etc.
14.65.-q	Quarks
14.65.Bt	Light quarks
14.65.Dw	Charmed quarks
14.65.Fy	Bottom quarks
14.65.Ha	Top quarks
14.65.Jk	Other quarks (e.g., 4th generations)
14.70.-e	Gauge bosons
14.70.Bh	Photons
14.70.Dj	Gluons
14.70.Fm	W bosons

- 14. 70. Hp Z bosons
- 14. 70. Kv Gravitons (see also 04. 60. -m Quantum gravity)
- 14. 70. Pw Other gauge bosons
- 14. 80. -j Other particles (including hypothetical)
- 14. 80. Bn Standard-model Higgs bosons
- 14. 80. Da Supersymmetric Higgs bosons
- 14. 80. Ec Other neutral Higgs bosons
- 14. 80. Fd Other charged Higgs bosons
- 14. 80. Hv Magnetic monopoles
- 14. 80. Ly Supersymmetric partners of known particles (see also 12. 60. Jv Supersymmetric models)
- 14. 80. Nb Neutralinos and charginos
- 14. 80. Pq R-hadrons
- 14. 80. Rt Kaluza-Klein excitations (see also 04. 50. Cd Kaluza-Klein theories)
- 14. 80. Sv Leptoquarks
- 14. 80. Tt Technicolor
- 14. 80. Va Axions and other Nambu-Goldstone bosons (Majorons, familons, etc.)

20. NUCLEAR PHYSICS

21. Nuclear structure (for nucleon structure, see 14. 20. Dh Properties of protons and neutrons; 13. 40. -f for electromagnetic processes and properties; 13. 60. Hb for deep-inelastic structure functions)

- 21. 10. -k Properties of nuclei; nuclear energy levels (for properties of specific nuclei listed by mass ranges, see section 27)
- 21. 10. Dr Binding energies and masses
- 21. 10. Ft Charge distribution
- 21. 10. Gv Nucleon distributions and halo features
- 21. 10. Hw Spin, parity, and isobaric spin
- 21. 10. Jx Spectroscopic factors and asymptotic normalization coefficients
- 21. 10. Ky Electromagnetic moments
- 21. 10. Ma Level density
- 21. 10. Pc Single-particle levels and strength functions
- 21. 10. Re Collective levels
- 21. 10. Sf Coulomb energies, analogue states
- 21. 10. Tg Lifetimes, widths
- 21. 30. -x Nuclear forces (see also 13. 75. Cs Nucleon-nucleon interactions)
- 21. 30. Cb Nuclear forces in vacuum
- 21. 30. Fe Forces in hadronic systems and effective interactions
- 21. 45. -v Few-body systems
- 21. 45. Bc Two-nucleon system
- 21. 45. Ff Three-nucleon forces
- 21. 60. -n Nuclear structure models and methods
- 21. 60. Cs Shell model
- 21. 60. De Ab initio methods
- 21. 60. Ev Collective models
- 21. 60. Fw Models based on group theory
- 21. 60. Gx Cluster models
- 21. 60. Jz Nuclear Density Functional Theory and extensions (includes Hartree-Fock and random-phase approximations)
- 21. 60. Ka Monte Carlo models
- 21. 65. -f Nuclear matter (for exotic atoms and molecules, see 36. 10. -k)
- 21. 65. Cd Asymmetric matter, neutron matter
- 21. 65. Ef Symmetry energy
- 21. 65. Jk Mesons in nuclear matter
- 21. 65. Mn Equations of state of nuclear matter (see also 26. 60. Kp Equations of state of neutron-star matter)

- 21.65.Qr Quark matter (see also 12.38.Mh Quark-gluon plasma in quantum chromodynamics; 25.75.Nq Quark deconfinement, quark-gluon plasma production and phase transitions in relativistic heavy-ion collisions)
- 21.80.+a Hypernuclei
- 21.85.+d Mesic nuclei
- 21.90.+f Other topics in nuclear structure (restricted to new topics in section 21)

23. Radioactive decay and in-beam spectroscopy

- 23.20.-g Electromagnetic transitions
- 23.20.En Angular distribution and correlation measurements
- 23.20.Gq Multipole mixing ratios
- 23.20.Js Multipole matrix elements
- 23.20.Lv γ transitions and level energies
- 23.20.Nx Internal conversion and extranuclear effects (including Auger electrons and internal bremsstrahlung)
- 23.20.Ra Internal pair production
- 23.35.+g Isomer decay
- 23.40.-s β decay; double β decay; electron and muon capture
- 23.40.Bw Weak-interaction and lepton (including neutrino) aspects (see also 14.60.Pq Neutrino mass and mixing)
- 23.40.Hc Relation with nuclear matrix elements and nuclear structure
- 23.50.+z Decay by proton emission
- 23.60.+e α decay
- 23.70.+j Heavy-particle decay
- 23.90.+w Other topics in radioactive decay and in-beam spectroscopy (restricted to new topics in section 23)

24. Nuclear reactions: general

- 24.10.-i Nuclear reaction models and methods
- 24.10.Cn Many-body theory
- 24.10.Eq Coupled-channel and distorted-wave models
- 24.10.Ht Optical and diffraction models
- 24.10.Jv Relativistic models
- 24.10.Lx Monte Carlo simulations (including hadron and parton cascades and string breaking models)
- 24.10.Nz Hydrodynamic models
- 24.10.Pa Thermal and statistical models
- 24.30.-v Resonance reactions
- 24.30.Cz Giant resonances
- 24.30.Gd Other resonances
- 24.50.+g Direct reactions
- 24.60.-k Statistical theory and fluctuations
- 24.60.Dr Statistical compound-nucleus reactions
- 24.60.Gv Statistical multistep direct reactions
- 24.60.Ky Fluctuation phenomena
- 24.60.Lz Chaos in nuclear systems
- 24.70.+s Polarization phenomena in reactions
- 24.75.+i General properties of fission
- 24.80.+y Nuclear tests of fundamental interactions and symmetries
- 24.85.+p Quarks, gluons, and QCD in nuclear reactions
- 24.87.+y Surrogate reactions
- 24.90.+d Other topics in nuclear reactions: general (restricted to new topics in section 24)

25. Nuclear reactions: specific reactions

25.10.+s	Nuclear reactions involving few-nucleon systems
25.20.-x	Photonuclear reactions
25.20.Dc	Photon absorption and scattering
25.20.Lj	Photoproduction reactions
25.30.-c	Lepton-induced reactions
25.30.Bf	Elastic electron scattering
25.30.Dh	Inelastic electron scattering to specific states
25.30.Fj	Inelastic electron scattering to continuum
25.30.Hm	Positron-induced reactions
25.30.Mr	Muon-induced reactions (including the EMC effect)
25.30.Pt	Neutrino-induced reactions
25.30.Rw	Electroproduction reactions
25.40.-h	Nucleon-induced reactions (see also 28.20.-v Neutron physics)
25.40.Cm	Elastic proton scattering
25.40.Dn	Elastic neutron scattering
25.40.Ep	Inelastic proton scattering
25.40.Fq	Inelastic neutron scattering
25.40.Hs	Transfer reactions
25.40.Kv	Charge-exchange reactions
25.40.Lw	Radiative capture
25.40.Ny	Resonance reactions
25.40.Qa	(p, π) reactions
25.40.Sc	Spallation reactions
25.40.Ve	Other reactions above meson production thresholds (energies > 400 MeV)
25.43.+t	Antiproton-induced reactions
25.45.-z	^2H -induced reactions
25.45.De	Elastic and inelastic scattering
25.45.Hi	Transfer reactions
25.45.Kk	Charge-exchange reactions
25.55.-e	^3H -, ^3He -, and ^4He -induced reactions
25.55.Ci	Elastic and inelastic scattering
25.55.Hp	Transfer reactions
25.55.Kr	Charge-exchange reactions
25.60.-t	Reactions induced by unstable nuclei
25.60.Bx	Elastic scattering
25.60.Dz	Interaction and reaction cross sections
25.60.Gc	Breakup and momentum distributions
25.60.Je	Transfer reactions
25.60.Lg	Charge-exchange reactions
25.60.Pj	Fusion reactions
25.60.Tv	Radiative capture
25.70.-z	Low and intermediate energy heavy-ion reactions
25.70.Bc	Elastic and quasielastic scattering
25.70.De	Coulomb excitation
25.70.Ef	Resonances
25.70.Gh	Compound nucleus
25.70.Hi	Transfer reactions
25.70.Jj	Fusion and fusion-fission reactions
25.70.Kk	Charge-exchange reactions
25.70.Lm	Strongly damped collisions
25.70.Mn	Projectile and target fragmentation
25.70.Pq	Multifragment emission and correlations
25.75.-q	Relativistic heavy-ion collisions (collisions induced by light ions studied to calibrate relativistic heavy-ion collisions should be classified under both 25.75.-q and sections 13 or 25 appropriate to the light ions)
25.75.Ag	Global features in relativistic heavy ion collisions
25.75.Bh	Hard scattering in relativistic heavy ion collisions

- 25.75.Cj Photon, lepton, and heavy quark production in relativistic heavy ion collisions
- 25.75.Dw Particle and resonance production
- 25.75.Gz Particle correlations and fluctuations
- 25.75.Ld Collective flow
- 25.75.Nq Quark deconfinement, quark-gluon plasma production, and phase transitions (see also 12.38.Mh Quark-gluon plasma in quantum chromodynamics; 21.65.Qr Quark matter in nuclear matter)
- 25.80.-e Meson- and hyperon-induced reactions
- 25.80.Dj Pion elastic scattering
- 25.80.Ek Pion inelastic scattering
- 25.80.Gn Pion charge-exchange reactions
- 25.80.Hp Pion-induced reactions
- 25.80.Ls Pion inclusive scattering and absorption
- 25.80.Nv Kaon-induced reactions
- 25.80.Pw Hyperon-induced reactions
- 25.85.-w Fission reactions
- 25.85.Ca Spontaneous fission
- 25.85.Ec Neutron-induced fission
- 25.85.Ge Charged-particle-induced fission
- 25.85.Jg Photofission
- 25.90.+k Other topics in nuclear reactions: specific reactions (restricted to new topics in section 25)

26. Nuclear astrophysics (see also 95.30.-k Fundamental aspects of astrophysics in astronomy)

- 26.20.-f Hydrostatic stellar nucleosynthesis (see also 97.10.Cv Stellar structure, interiors, evolution, nucleosynthesis, ages in astronomy)
- 26.20.Cd Stellar hydrogen burning
- 26.20.Fj Stellar helium burning
- 26.20.Kn s-process
- 26.20.Np Nucleosynthesis in late stellar evolution
- 26.20.Qr Quasistatistical processes
- 26.30.-k Nucleosynthesis in novae, supernovae, and other explosive environments
- 26.30.Ca Explosive burning in accreting binary systems (novae, x-ray bursts)
- 26.30.Ef Explosive burning in supernovae shock fronts
- 26.30.Hj r-process
- 26.30.Jk Weak interaction and neutrino induced processes, galactic radioactivity
- 26.35.+c Big Bang nucleosynthesis (see also 98.80.Ft Origin, formation, and abundances of the elements in astronomy)
- 26.40.+r Cosmic ray nucleosynthesis
- 26.50.+x Nuclear physics aspects of novae, supernovae, and other explosive environments
- 26.60.-c Nuclear matter aspects of neutron stars
- 26.60.Dd Neutron star core
- 26.60.Gj Neutron star crust
- 26.60.Kp Equations of state of neutron-star matter
- 26.65.+t Solar neutrinos (see also 96.60.Vg Particle emission, solar wind in solar physics)
- 26.90.+n Other topics in nuclear astrophysics (restricted to new topics in section 26)

27. Properties of specific nuclei listed by mass ranges (an additional heading must be chosen with these entries, where the given mass number limits are, to some degree, arbitrary)

27.10.+h	$A \leq 5$
27.20.+n	$6 \leq A \leq 19$
27.30.+t	$20 \leq A \leq 38$
27.40.+z	$39 \leq A \leq 58$
27.50.+e	$59 \leq A \leq 89$
27.60.+j	$90 \leq A \leq 149$
27.70.+q	$150 \leq A \leq 189$
27.80.+w	$190 \leq A \leq 219$
27.90.+b	$A \geq 220$

28. Nuclear engineering and nuclear power studies

28.20.-v	Neutron physics (see also 25.40.-h Nucleon-induced reactions and 25.85.Ec Neutron-induced fission)
28.20.Cz	Neutron scattering
28.20.Fc	Neutron absorption
28.20.Gd	Neutron transport: diffusion and moderation
28.20.Ka	Thermal neutron cross sections
28.20.Np	Neutron capture γ -rays
28.20.Pr	Neutron imaging; neutron tomography
28.41.-i	Fission reactors (see also 89.30.Gg nuclear fission power in energy resources)
28.41.Ak	Theory, design, and computerized simulation
28.41.Bm	Fuel elements, preparation, reloading, and reprocessing
28.41.Fr	Reactor coolants, reactor cooling, and heat recovery
28.41.Kw	Radioactive wastes, waste disposal
28.41.My	Reactor control systems
28.41.Pa	Moderators
28.41.Qb	Structural and shielding materials
28.41.Rc	Instrumentation
28.41.Te	Protection systems, safety, radiation monitoring, accidents, and dismantling
28.41.Vx	Fuel cycles
28.50.-k	Fission reactor types
28.50.Dr	Research reactors
28.50.Ft	Fast and breeder reactors
28.50.Hw	Power and production reactors
28.50.Ky	Propulsion reactors
28.50.Ma	Auxiliary generators
28.52.-s	Fusion reactors (see also 52.55.-s Magnetic confinement and equilibrium, 52.57.-z Laser inertial confinement, and 52.58.-c Other confinement methods in physics of plasmas; 89.30.Jj Nuclear fusion power in energy resources)
28.52.Av	Theory, design, and computerized simulation
28.52.Cx	Fueling, heating and ignition
28.52.Fa	Materials
28.52.Lf	Components and instrumentation
28.52.Nh	Safety (see also 87.55.N- Radiation monitoring, control, and safety in biological and medical physics)
28.60.+s	Isotope separation and enrichment
28.65.+a	Accelerator-driven transmutation of nuclear waste
28.70.+y	Nuclear explosions (see also 47.40.-x Compressible flows; shock waves; for radiation protection from fallout, see 87.53.Bn; for nuclear explosion seismology, see 91.30.Rz)
28.90.+i	Other topics in nuclear engineering and nuclear power studies (restricted to new topics in section 28)

29. Experimental methods and instrumentation for elementary-particle and nuclear

physics

- 29.20.-c Accelerators (for accelerators used in medical applications, see 87.56.bd)
- 29.20.Ba Electrostatic accelerators
- 29.20.D- Cyclic accelerators and storage rings
- 29.20.db Storage rings and colliders
- 29.20.df Betatrons
- 29.20.dg Cyclotrons
- 29.20.dk Synchrotrons
- 29.20.Ej Linear accelerators
- 29.25.-t Particle sources and targets (see also 52.59.-f Intense particle beams and radiation sources in physics of plasmas; 87.56.bg Radioactive sources in medical physics)
- 29.25.Bx Electron sources
- 29.25.Dz Neutron sources
- 29.25.Lg Ion sources: polarized
- 29.25.Ni Ion sources: positive and negative
- 29.25.Pj Polarized and other targets
- 29.25.Rm Sources of radioactive nuclei
- 29.27.-a Beams in particle accelerators (for low energy charged-particle beams, see 41.75.-i and 41.85.-p)
- 29.27.Ac Beam injection and extraction
- 29.27.Bd Beam dynamics; collective effects and instabilities
- 29.27.Eg Beam handling; beam transport
- 29.27.Fh Beam characteristics
- 29.27.Hj Polarized beams
- 29.30.-h Spectrometers and spectroscopic techniques (for energy loss and stopping power, see 34.50.Bw in atomic physics, and 61.85.+p in condensed matter physics)
- 29.30.Aj Charged-particle spectrometers: electric and magnetic
- 29.30.Dn Electron spectroscopy
- 29.30.Ep Charged-particle spectroscopy
- 29.30.Hs Neutron spectroscopy
- 29.30.Kv X- and γ -ray spectroscopy
- 29.30.Lw Nuclear orientation devices
- 29.38.-c Radioactive beams
- 29.38.Db Fast radioactive beam techniques
- 29.38.Gj Reaccelerated radioactive beams
- 29.40.-n Radiation detectors (for mass spectrometers, see 07.75.+h; see also 95.55.Vj Neutrino, muon, pion, and other particle detectors; cosmic ray detectors in astronomy)
- 29.40.Cs Gas-filled counters: ionization chambers, proportional, and avalanche counters
- 29.40.Gx Tracking and position-sensitive detectors
- 29.40.Ka Cherenkov detectors
- 29.40.Mc Scintillation detectors
- 29.40.Rg Nuclear emulsions
- 29.40.Vj Calorimeters
- 29.40.Wk Solid-state detectors
- 29.50.+v Computer interfaces
- 29.85.-c Computer data analysis
- 29.85.Ca Data acquisition and sorting
- 29.85.Fj Data analysis
- 29.87.+g Nuclear data compilation
- 29.90.+r Other topics in elementary-particle and nuclear physics experimental methods and instrumentation (restricted to new topics in section 29)

30. ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR PHYSICS

31. Electronic structure of atoms and molecules: theory

- 31.10.+z Theory of electronic structure, electronic transitions, and chemical binding (for theory and mathematical methods applied to electronic structure of biomolecules, see 87.10.-e)
- 31.15.-p Calculations and mathematical techniques in atomic and molecular physics (see also 02.70.-c Computational techniques, in mathematical methods in physics)
- 31.15.A- Ab initio calculations
- 31.15.ac High-precision calculations for few-electron (or few-body) atomic systems
- 31.15.ae Electronic structure and bonding characteristics
- 31.15.ag Excitation energies and lifetimes; oscillator strengths
- 31.15.aj Relativistic corrections, spin-orbit effects, fine structure; hyperfine structure
- 31.15.am Relativistic configuration interaction (CI) and many-body perturbation calculations
- 31.15.ap Polarizabilities and other atomic and molecular properties
- 31.15.aq Strongly correlated electron systems: generalized tight-binding method
- 31.15.at Molecule transport characteristics; molecular dynamics; electronic structure of polymers
- 31.15.B- Approximate calculations
- 31.15.bt Statistical model calculations (including Thomas-Fermi and Thomas-Fermi-Dirac models)
- 31.15.bu Semi-empirical and empirical calculations (differential overlap, Hückel, PPP methods, etc.)
- 31.15.bw Coupled-cluster theory
- 31.15.E- Density-functional theory
- 31.15.ec Hohenberg-Kohn theorem and formal mathematical properties, completeness theorems
- 31.15.ee Time-dependent density functional theory
- 31.15.eg Exchange-correlation functionals (in current density functional theory)
- 31.15.ej Spin-density functionals
- 31.15.em Corrections for core-spin polarization, surface effects, etc.
- 31.15.ep Variational particle-number approach
- 31.15.es Applications of density-functional theory (e.g., to electronic structure and stability; defect formation; dielectric properties, susceptibilities; viscoelastic coefficients; Rydberg transition frequencies)
- 31.15.V- Electron correlation calculations for atoms, ions and molecules
- 31.15.ve Electron correlation calculations for atoms and ions: ground state
- 31.15.vj Electron correlation calculations for atoms and ions: excited states
- 31.15.vn Electron correlation calculations for diatomic molecules
- 31.15.vq Electron correlation calculations for polyatomic molecules
- 31.15.X- Alternative approaches
- 31.15.xf Finite-difference schemes
- 31.15.xg Semiclassical methods
- 31.15.xh Group-theoretical methods (see also 02.20.-a Group theory in mathematical methods in physics)
- 31.15.xj Hyperspherical methods
- 31.15.xk Path-integral methods
- 31.15.xm Quasiparticle methods
- 31.15.xp Perturbation theory
- 31.15.xr Self-consistent-field methods
- 31.15.xt Variational techniques

31.15.xv Molecular dynamics and other numerical methods (for simulation techniques for biomolecules, see 87.15.ak, ap)
 31.15.xw Valence bond calculations
 31.30.-i Corrections to electronic structure (see also 03.30.+p Special relativity; for exotic atoms and molecules, see 36.10.-k; for applications of density-functional theory, see 31.15.es)
 31.30.Gs Hyperfine interactions and isotope effects (see also 32.10.Fn Fine and hyperfine structure)
 31.30.J- Relativistic and quantum electrodynamic (QED) effects in atoms, molecules, and ions
 31.30.jc Relativistic corrections to atomic structure and properties
 31.30.jd Relativistic corrections due to negative-energy states or processes
 31.30.jf QED calculations of level energies, transition frequencies, fine structure intervals (radiative corrections, self-energy, vacuum polarization, etc.)
 31.30.jg QED corrections to parity nonconserving transition amplitudes and CP violations
 31.30.jh QED corrections to long-range and weak interactions
 31.30.jn QED corrections to electric dipole moments and other atomic properties
 31.30.jp Electron electric dipole moment
 31.30.jr QED corrections (Lamb shift) in muonic hydrogen and deuterium (see also 36.10.Ee Muonium, muonic atoms and molecules)
 31.30.js Corrections to bound-electron g factor
 31.30.jx Nonrelativistic limits of Dirac-Fock calculations
 31.30.jy Higher-order effective Hamiltonians
 31.30.jz Decay rates of hydrogen-antihydrogen quasimolecules (for exotic atoms and molecules, see 36.10.-k)
 31.50.-x Potential energy surfaces (for potential energy surfaces for chemical reactions, see 82.20.Kh; for collisions, see 34.20.-b)
 31.50.Bc Potential energy surfaces for ground electronic states
 31.50.Df Potential energy surfaces for excited electronic states
 31.50.Gh Surface crossings, non-adiabatic couplings
 31.70.-f Effects of atomic and molecular interactions on electronic structure (see also section 34 Atomic and molecular collision processes and interactions)
 31.70.Dk Environmental and solvent effects
 31.70.Hq Time-dependent phenomena: excitation and relaxation processes, and reaction rates (for chemical kinetics aspects, see 82.20.Rp)
 31.70.Ks Molecular solids
 31.90.+s Other topics in the theory of the electronic structure of atoms and molecules (restricted to new topics in section 31)

32. Atomic properties and interactions with photons (for quantum chaos, see 05.45.Mt; for standards of calibration, see 06.20.fb; for relativistic and quantum electrodynamic effects, see 31.30.J-)

32.10.-f Properties of atoms (for astrophysical applications, see 95.30.Ky)
 32.10.Bi Atomic masses, mass spectra, abundances, and isotopes (for mass spectroscopy, see 07.75.+h in instruments, and 82.80.Ms, Nj, Rt in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
 32.10.Dk Electric and magnetic moments, polarizabilities
 32.10.Ee Magnetic bound states, magnetic trapping of Rydberg states
 32.10.Fn Fine and hyperfine structure (see also 31.30.Gs Hyperfine interactions and isotope effects)
 32.10.Hq Ionization potentials, electron affinities
 32.30.-r Atomic spectra (see also 78.47.J- Ultrafast spectroscopy (<1 psec) in condensed matter and 82.53.Kp Coherent spectroscopy of atoms and molecules in physical chemistry and chemical physics)

32.30.Bv Radio-frequency, microwave, and infrared spectra
 32.30.Dx Magnetic resonance spectra
 32.30.Jc Visible and ultraviolet spectra
 32.30.Rj X-ray spectra
 32.50.+d Fluorescence, phosphorescence (including quenching)
 32.60.+i Zeeman and Stark effects
 32.70.-n Intensities and shapes of atomic spectral lines (see also 31.15.-p
 Calculations and mathematical techniques)
 32.70.Cs Oscillator strengths, lifetimes, transition moments
 32.70.Fw Absolute and relative intensities
 32.70.Jz Line shapes, widths, and shifts
 32.80.-t Photoionization and excitation
 32.80.Aa Inner-shell excitation and ionization
 32.80.Ee Rydberg states
 32.80.Fb Photoionization of atoms and ions (for fluorescence yield, see
 32.50.+d)
 32.80.Gc Photodetachment of atomic negative ions
 32.80.Hd Auger effect (including Coster-Krönig transitions) (for Auger effect
 in condensed matter physics, see 79.20.Fv)
 Mechanical effects of light on atoms, molecules, and ions, see 37.10.Vz
 Atom cooling methods, traps and guides, see 37.10.De and 37.10.Gh
 Atoms in optical lattices, see 37.10.Jk
 32.80.Qk Coherent control of atomic interactions with photons
 32.80.Rm Multiphoton ionization and excitation to highly excited states
 32.80.Wr Other multiphoton processes
 32.80.Xx Level crossing and optical pumping
 32.80.Zb Autoionization
 32.90.+a Other topics in atomic properties and interactions of atoms with photons
 (restricted to new topics in section 32)

33. Molecular properties and interactions with photons

33.15.-e Properties of molecules (see also section 31, Electronic structure of
 atoms and molecules: theory; for molecules of interest in astrophysics,
 see 95.30.Ky; for structure and properties of biomolecules, see
 87.15.-v)
 33.15.Bh General molecular conformation and symmetry; stereochemistry
 33.15.Dj Interatomic distances and angles
 33.15.Fm Bond strengths, dissociation energies
 33.15.Hp Barrier heights (internal rotation, inversion, rotational isomerism,
 conformational dynamics)
 33.15.Kr Electric and magnetic moments (and derivatives), polarizability, and
 magnetic susceptibility
 33.15.Mt Rotation, vibration, and vibration-rotation constants
 33.15.Pw Fine and hyperfine structure
 33.15.Ry Ionization potentials, electron affinities, molecular core binding
 energy
 33.15.Ta Mass spectra
 33.15.Vb Correlation times in molecular dynamics
 33.20.-t Molecular spectra (see also 78.47.J- Ultrafast spectroscopy (<1 psec)
 in condensed matter and 82.53.Kp Coherent spectroscopy of atoms and
 molecules; for chemical analytical methods using spectroscopy, see
 82.80.Dx, Gk, Ha in physical chemistry; 87.64.-t Spectroscopic and
 microscopic techniques in biological physics; for spectra of
 macromolecules and polymer molecules, see 36.20.Kd)
 33.20.Bx Radio-frequency and microwave spectra
 33.20.Ea Infrared spectra
 33.20.Fb Raman and Rayleigh spectra (including optical scattering)

- 33.20.Kf Visible spectra
- 33.20.Lg Ultraviolet spectra
- 33.20.Ni Vacuum ultraviolet spectra
- 33.20.Rm X-ray spectra
- 33.20.Sn Rotational analysis
- 33.20.Tp Vibrational analysis
- 33.20.Vq Vibration-rotation analysis
- 33.20.Wr Vibronic, rovibronic, and rotation-electron-spin interactions
- 33.20.Xx Spectra induced by strong-field or attosecond laser irradiation
- 33.25.+k Nuclear resonance and relaxation (see also 76.60.-k Nuclear magnetic resonance and relaxation in condensed matter; 82.56.-b Nuclear magnetic resonance in physical chemistry and chemical physics; 87.80.Lg Magnetic and paramagnetic resonance in biological physics)
- 33.35.+r Electron resonance and relaxation (see also 76.30.-v Electron paramagnetic resonance and relaxation in condensed matter)
- 33.40.+f Multiple resonances (including double and higher-order resonance processes, such as double nuclear magnetic resonance, electron double resonance, and microwave optical double resonance) (see also 76.70.-r Magnetic double resonances and cross effects in condensed matter)
- 33.45.+x Mössbauer spectra (see also 76.80.+y Mössbauer effect; other γ -ray spectroscopy in condensed matter; for biophysical applications, see 87.64.kx; for chemical analysis applications, see 82.80.Ej)
- 33.50.-j Fluorescence and phosphorescence; radiationless transitions, quenching (intersystem crossing, internal conversion) (for energy transfer, see also section 34; for biophysical applications, see 87.64.kv)
- 33.50.Dq Fluorescence and phosphorescence spectra
- 33.50.Hv Radiationless transitions, quenching
- 33.55.+b Optical activity and dichroism
- 33.57.+c Magneto-optical and electro-optical spectra and effects (for electro- and magneto-optical effects in condensed matter spectroscopy, see 78.20.Jq, and 78.20.Ls, respectively)
- 33.60.+q Photoelectron spectra (for biophysical applications, see 87.64.ks)
- 33.70.-w Intensities and shapes of molecular spectral lines and bands
- 33.70.Ca Oscillator and band strengths, lifetimes, transition moments, and Franck-Condon factors
- 33.70.Fd Absolute and relative line and band intensities
- 33.70.Jg Line and band widths, shapes, and shifts
- 33.80.-b Photon interactions with molecules (see also 42.50.-p Quantum optics)
- 33.80.Be Level crossing and optical pumping
- 33.80.Eh Autoionization, photoionization, and photodetachment
- 33.80.Gj Diffuse spectra; predissociation, photodissociation
- Slowing, cooling, and trapping of molecules, see 37.10.Mn and 37.10.Pq
- 33.80.Rv Multiphoton ionization and excitation to highly excited states (e.g., Rydberg states)
- 33.80.Wz Other multiphoton processes
- 33.90.+h Other topics in molecular properties and interactions with photons (restricted to new topics in section 33)
- 34. Atomic and molecular collision processes and interactions (for atomic, molecular, and ionic collisions in plasma, see 52.20.Hv; for atoms and molecules of astrophysical interest, see 95.30.Dr, Ft; see also 98.38.Bn and 98.58.Bz in interstellar media in astronomy; 87.15.K- Molecular interactions, membrane-protein interactions in biological physics)**
 - 34.10.+x General theories and models of atomic and molecular collisions and interactions (including statistical theories, transition state, stochastic and trajectory models, etc.)

- 34.20.-b Interatomic and intermolecular potentials and forces, potential energy surfaces for collisions (see also 82.20.Kh Potential energy surfaces for reactions; for potential energy surfaces in electronic structure calculations, see 31.50.-x)
- 34.20.Cf Interatomic potentials and forces
- 34.20.Gj Intermolecular and atom-molecule potentials and forces
- 34.35.+a Interactions of atoms and molecules with surfaces (see also 79.77.+g Coulomb explosion)
- 34.50.-s Scattering of atoms and molecules
- 34.50.Bw Energy loss and stopping power
- 34.50.Cx Elastic; ultracold collisions
- 34.50.Ez Rotational and vibrational energy transfer
- 34.50.Fa Electronic excitation and ionization of atoms (including beam-foil excitation and ionization)
- 34.50.Gb Electronic excitation and ionization of molecules
- 34.50.Lf Chemical reactions
- 34.50.Rk Laser-modified scattering and reactions
- 34.70.+e Charge transfer (for charge transfer in biological systems, see 82.39.Jn in physical chemistry)
- 34.80.-i Electron and positron scattering
- 34.80.Bm Elastic scattering
- 34.80.Dp Atomic excitation and ionization
- 34.80.Gs Molecular excitation and ionization
- 34.80.Ht Dissociation and dissociative attachment
- 34.80.Lx Recombination, attachment, and positronium formation
- 34.80.Nz Spin dependence of cross sections; polarized beam experiments
- 34.80.Pa Coherence and correlation
- 34.80.Qb Laser-modified scattering
- 34.80.Uv Positron scattering
- 34.90.+q Other topics in atomic and molecular collision processes and interactions (restricted to new topics in section 34)

36. Exotic atoms and molecules; macromolecules; clusters

- 36.10.-k Exotic atoms and molecules (containing mesons, antiprotons and other unusual particles)
- 36.10.Dr Positronium (see also 82.30.Gg Positronium chemistry)
- 36.10.Ee Muonium, muonic atoms and molecules [see also 31.30.jr QED corrections (Lamb shift) in muonic hydrogen and deuterium]
- 36.10.Gv Mesonic, hyperonic and antiprotonic atoms and molecules
- 36.20.-r Macromolecules and polymer molecules
- 36.20.Cw Molecular weights, dispersity
- 36.20.Ey Conformation (statistics and dynamics)
- 36.20.Fz Constitution (chains and sequences)
- 36.20.Hb Configuration (bonds, dimensions)
- 36.20.Kd Electronic structure and spectra
- 36.20.Ng Vibrational and rotational structure, infrared and Raman spectra
- 36.40.-c Atomic and molecular clusters (see also 61.46.-w Nanoscale materials in condensed matter)
- 36.40.Cg Electronic and magnetic properties of clusters
- 36.40.Ei Phase transitions in clusters
- 36.40.Gk Plasma and collective effects in clusters
- 36.40.Jn Reactivity of clusters
- 36.40.Mr Spectroscopy and geometrical structure of clusters
- 36.40.Qv Stability and fragmentation of clusters
- 36.40.Sx Diffusion and dynamics of clusters
- 36.40.Vz Optical properties of clusters

- 36.40.Wa Charged clusters
- 36.90.+f Other topics in exotic atoms and molecules; macromolecules; clusters
(restricted to new topics in section 36)

37. Mechanical control of atoms, molecules, and ions (see also 82.37.Gk STM and AFM manipulations of a single molecule in physical chemistry and chemical physics; for atom manipulation in nanofabrication and processing, see 81.16.Ta; see also 03.75.-b Matter waves)

- 37.10.-x Atom, molecule, and ion cooling methods (see also 87.80.Cc Optical trapping in biophysical techniques)
- 37.10.De Atom cooling methods
- 37.10.Gh Atom traps and guides
- 37.10.Jk Atoms in optical lattices
- 37.10.Mn Slowing and cooling of molecules
- 37.10.Pq Trapping of molecules
- 37.10.Rs Ion cooling
- 37.10.Ty Ion trapping
- 37.10.Vz Mechanical effects of light on atoms, molecules, and ions
- 37.20.+j Atomic and molecular beam sources and techniques
- 37.25.+k Atom interferometry techniques (see also 03.75.Dg Atom and neutron interferometry in matter waves)
- 37.30.+i Atoms, molecules, and ions in cavities (see also 42.50.Pq Cavity quantum electrodynamics; micromasers)
- 37.90.+j Other topics in mechanical control of atoms, molecules, and ions
(restricted to new topics in section 37)

40. ELECTROMAGNETISM, OPTICS, ACOUSTICS, HEAT TRANSFER, CLASSICAL MECHANICS, AND FLUID DYNAMICS

41. Electromagnetism; electron and ion optics

- 41.20.-q Applied classical electromagnetism (for submillimeter wave, microwave, and radiowave instruments and equipment, see 07.57.-c)
- 41.20.Cv Electrostatics; Poisson and Laplace equations, boundary-value problems
- 41.20.Gz Magnetostatics; magnetic shielding, magnetic induction, boundary-value problems
- 41.20.Jb Electromagnetic wave propagation; radiowave propagation (for light propagation, see 42.25.Bs; for electromagnetic waves in plasma, see 52.35.Hr; for atmospheric, ionospheric, and magnetospheric propagation, see 92.60.Ta, 94.20.Bb, and 94.30.Tz, respectively; see also 94.05.Pt Wave/wave, wave/particle interactions, in space plasma physics)
- 41.50.+h X-ray beams and x-ray optics (see also 07.85.Fv X- and γ -ray sources, mirrors, gratings, and detectors in instruments)
- 41.60.-m Radiation by moving charges
- 41.60.Ap Synchrotron radiation (for synchrotron radiation instrumentation, see 07.85.Qe)
- 41.60.Bq Cherenkov radiation
- 41.60.Cr Free-electron lasers (see also 52.59.Rz Free-electron devices—in plasma physics)
- 41.60.Dk Transition radiation
- 41.75.-i Charged-particle beams
- 41.75.Ak Positive-ion beams
- 41.75.Cn Negative-ion beams
- 41.75.Fr Electron and positron beams
- 41.75.Ht Relativistic electron and positron beams
- 41.75.Jv Laser-driven acceleration (see also 52.38.-r Laser-plasma interactions in plasma physics)

- 41.75.Lx Other advanced accelerator concepts
- 41.85.-p Beam optics (see also 07.77.Ka Charged-particle beam sources and detectors in instruments; 29.27.-a Beams in particle accelerators)
- 41.85.Ar Particle beam extraction, beam injection
- 41.85.Ct Particle beam shaping, beam splitting
- 41.85.Ew Particle beam profile, beam intensity
- 41.85.Gy Chromatic and geometrical aberrations
- 41.85.Ja Particle beam transport
- 41.85.Lc Particle beam focusing and bending magnets, wiggler magnets, and quadrupoles (see also 07.55.Db Generation of magnetic fields; magnets in instruments; for superconducting magnets, see 84.71.Ba)
- 41.85.Ne Electrostatic lenses, septa
- 41.85.Qg Particle beam analyzers, beam monitors, and Faraday cups
- 41.85.Si Particle beam collimators, monochromators
- 41.90.+e Other topics in electromagnetism; electron and ion optics (restricted to new topics in section 41)

42. Optics (for optical properties of gases, see 51.70.+f; for optical properties of bulk materials and thin films, see 78.20.-e; for x-ray optics, see 41.50.+h)

- 42.15.-i Geometrical optics
- 42.15.Dp Wave fronts and ray tracing
- 42.15.Eq Optical system design
- 42.15.Fr Aberrations
- 42.25.-p Wave optics
- 42.25.Bs Wave propagation, transmission and absorption [see also 41.20.Jb—in electromagnetism; for propagation in atmosphere, see 42.68.Ay; see also 52.40.Db Electromagnetic (nonlaser) radiation interactions with plasma and 52.38-r Laser-plasma interactions—in plasma physics]
- 42.25.Dd Wave propagation in random media
- 42.25.Fx Diffraction and scattering
- 42.25.Gy Edge and boundary effects; reflection and refraction
- 42.25.Hz Interference
- 42.25.Ja Polarization
- 42.25.Kb Coherence
- 42.25.Lc Birefringence
- 42.30.-d Imaging and optical processing
- 42.30.Kq Fourier optics
- 42.30.Lr Modulation and optical transfer functions
- 42.30.Ms Speckle and moiré patterns
- 42.30.Rx Phase retrieval
- 42.30.Sy Pattern recognition
- 42.30.Tz Computer vision; robotic vision
- 42.30.Va Image forming and processing
- 42.30.Wb Image reconstruction; tomography
- 42.40.-i Holography
- 42.40.Eq Holographic optical elements; holographic gratings
- 42.40.Ht Hologram recording and readout methods (see also 42.70.Ln Holographic recording materials; optical storage media)
- 42.40.Jv Computer-generated holograms
- 42.40.Kw Holographic interferometry; other holographic techniques (for interferometers, see 07.60.Ly in instruments)
- 42.40.Lx Diffraction efficiency, resolution, and other hologram characteristics
- 42.40.My Applications
- 42.40.Pa Volume holograms
- 42.50.-p Quantum optics (for lasers, see 42.55.-f and 42.60.-v; see also 42.65.-k Nonlinear optics; 03.65.-w Quantum mechanics)
- 42.50.Ar Photon statistics and coherence theory

42.50.Ct Quantum description of interaction of light and matter; related experiments

42.50.Dv Quantum state engineering and measurements (see also 03.65.Ud Entanglement and quantum nonlocality, e.g., EPR paradox, Bells inequalities, GHZ states, etc.)

42.50.Ex Optical implementations of quantum information processing and transfer

42.50.Gy Effects of atomic coherence on propagation, absorption, and amplification of light; electromagnetically induced transparency and absorption

42.50.Hz Strong-field excitation of optical transitions in quantum systems; multiphoton processes; dynamic Stark shift (for multiphoton ionization and excitation of atoms and molecules, see 32.80.Rm, and 33.80.Rv, respectively)

42.50.Lc Quantum fluctuations, quantum noise, and quantum jumps

42.50.Md Optical transient phenomena: quantum beats, photon echo, free-induction decay, dephasings and revivals, optical nutation, and self-induced transparency

... .. Dynamics of nonlinear optical systems; optical instabilities, optical chaos, and optical spatio-temporal dynamics, see 42.65.Sf

... .. Optical solitons; nonlinear guided waves, see 42.65.Tg

42.50.Nn Quantum optical phenomena in absorbing, amplifying, dispersive and conducting media; cooperative phenomena in quantum optical systems

42.50.Pq Cavity quantum electrodynamics; micromasers

42.50.St Nonclassical interferometry, subwavelength lithography

42.50.Tx Optical angular momentum and its quantum aspects (see also 42.25.Ja Polarization)

... .. Mechanical effects of light on atoms, molecules, and ions, see 37.10.Vz

42.50.Wk Mechanical effects of light on material media, microstructures and particles (see also 87.80.Cc Optical trapping in biology and medicine)

... .. Experimental tests in quantum electrodynamics, see 12.20.Fv

... .. Measurements theory in quantum mechanics, see 03.65.Ta

42.50.Xa Optical tests of quantum theory

42.55.-f Lasers

42.55.Ah General laser theory

42.55.Ks Chemical lasers (for chemiluminescence, see 78.60.Ps)

42.55.Lt Gas lasers including excimer and metal-vapor lasers

42.55.Mv Dye lasers

42.55.Px Semiconductor lasers; laser diodes

42.55.Rz Doped-insulator lasers and other solid state lasers

42.55.Sa Microcavity and microdisk lasers

42.55.Tv Photonic crystal lasers and coherent effects

42.55.Vc X- and γ -ray lasers

42.55.Wd Fiber lasers

42.55.Xi Diode-pumped lasers

42.55.Ye Raman lasers (see also 42.65.Dr Stimulated Raman scattering; CARS)

... .. Free-electron lasers, see 41.60.Cr and 52.59.Rz

42.55.Zz Random lasers

42.60.-v Laser optical systems: design and operation

42.60.By Design of specific laser systems

42.60.Da Resonators, cavities, amplifiers, arrays, and rings

42.60.Fc Modulation, tuning, and mode locking

42.60.Gd Q-switching

42.60.Jf Beam characteristics: profile, intensity, and power; spatial pattern formation

42.60.Lh Efficiency, stability, gain, and other operational parameters

42.60.Mi Dynamical laser instabilities; noisy laser behavior

42.60.Pk Continuous operation

42.60.Rn Relaxation oscillations and long pulse operation

... .. Ultrashort pulse generation, see 42.65.Re
 Dynamics of nonlinear optical systems, see 42.65.Sf
 42.62.-b Laser applications
 42.62.Be Biological and medical applications (see also 87.50.W-, 87.63.L-, and 87.80.Cc in biological and medical physics)
 42.62.Cf Industrial applications
 42.62.Eh Metrological applications; optical frequency synthesizers for precision spectroscopy (see also 06.20.-f Metrology in metrology, measurements, and laboratory procedures)
 42.62.Fi Laser spectroscopy
 42.65.-k Nonlinear optics
 42.65.An Optical susceptibility, hyperpolarizability [see also 33.15.Kr Electric and magnetic moments (and derivatives), polarizability, and magnetic susceptibility]
 42.65.Dr Stimulated Raman scattering; CARS (for Raman lasers, see 42.55.Ye)
 42.65.Es Stimulated Brillouin and Rayleigh scattering
 42.65.Hw Phase conjugation; photorefractive and Kerr effects
 42.65.Jx Beam trapping, self-focusing and defocusing; self-phase modulation
 42.65.Ky Frequency conversion; harmonic generation, including higher-order harmonic generation (see also 42.79.Nv Optical frequency converters)
 42.65.Lm Parametric down conversion and production of entangled photons (see also 42.50.Dv Quantum state engineering and measurements; for optical parametric oscillators and amplifiers, see 42.65.Yj)
 42.65.Pc Optical bistability, multistability, and switching, including local field effects (see also 42.60.Gd Q-switching; 42.79.Ta Optical computers, logic elements, interconnects, switches; neural networks)
 42.65.Re Ultrafast processes; optical pulse generation and pulse compression (for ultrafast spectroscopy, see 78.47.J-; for ultrafast magnetization dynamics, see 75.78.Jp)
 42.65.Sf Dynamics of nonlinear optical systems; optical instabilities, optical chaos and complexity, and optical spatio-temporal dynamics
 42.65.Tg Optical solitons; nonlinear guided waves (for solitons in fibers, see 42.81.Dp)
 42.65.Wi Nonlinear waveguides
 42.65.Yj Optical parametric oscillators and amplifiers (see also 42.65.Lm Parametric down conversion and production of entangled photons)
 42.66.-p Physiological optics (see also 87.19.lt Sensory systems: visual, auditory, tactile, taste, and olfaction)
 42.66.Ct Anatomy and optics of eye
 42.66.Ew Physiology of eye; optic-nerve structure and function (see also 87.19.lt Sensory systems: visual, auditory, tactile, taste, and olfaction)
 42.66.Lc Vision: light detection, adaptation, and discrimination
 42.66.Ne Color vision: color detection, adaptation, and discrimination
 42.66.Qg Scales for light and color detection
 42.66.Si Psychophysics of vision, visual perception; binocular vision
 42.68.-w Atmospheric and ocean optics
 42.68.Ay Propagation, transmission, attenuation, and radiative transfer (see also 92.60.Ta Electromagnetic wave propagation)
 42.68.Bz Atmospheric turbulence effects (see also 92.60.hk Convection, turbulence, and diffusion in meteorology)
 42.68.Ca Spectral absorption by atmospheric gases (see also 92.60.Vb Radiative processes, solar radiation in meteorology)
 42.68.Ge Effects of clouds and water; ice crystal phenomena (see also 92.60.Jq Water in the atmosphere; 92.60.Nv Cloud physics and chemistry in meteorology)
 42.68.Jg Effects of aerosols (see also 92.60.Mt Particles and aerosols in meteorology; 92.20.Bk Aerosols in chemical and biological oceanography);

91.40.Dr Atmospheric effects in volcanology)

42.68.Kh Effects of air pollution (see also 92.60.Sz Air quality and air pollution in meteorology; 92.10.Xc Ocean fog in oceanography)

42.68.Mj Scattering, polarization (see also 92.60.Ta Electromagnetic wave propagation and 92.60.Vb Radiative processes, solar radiation in meteorology)

42.68.Sq Image transmission and formation

42.68.Wt Remote sensing; LIDAR and adaptive systems

42.68.Xy Ocean optics (see also 92.05.Hj Physical and chemical properties of sea water in oceanography)

42.70.-a Optical materials (see also 81.05.-t Specific materials: fabrication, treatment, testing and analysis)

42.70.Ce Glasses, quartz

42.70.Df Liquid crystals (for structure of liquid crystals, see 61.30.-v)

42.70.Gi Light-sensitive materials

42.70.Hj Laser materials

42.70.Jk Polymers and organics

42.70.Km Infrared transmitting materials

42.70.Ln Holographic recording materials; optical storage media

42.70.Mp Nonlinear optical crystals (see also 77.84.-s Dielectric, piezoelectric, and ferroelectric materials)

42.70.Nq Other nonlinear optical materials; photorefractive and semiconductor materials

42.70.Qs Photonic bandgap materials (for photonic crystal lasers, see 42.55.Tv)

42.72.-g Optical sources and standards (for lasers, see 42.55.-f)

42.72.Ai Infrared sources (see also 07.57.Hm Infrared, submillimeter wave, microwave, and radiowave sources)

42.72.Bj Visible and ultraviolet sources

42.79.-e Optical elements, devices, and systems (for integrated optics, see 42.82.-m; for fiber optics, see 42.81.-i)

... .. Optical instruments, equipment and techniques, see 07.60.-j and 07.57.-c

... .. Optical spectrometers, see 07.57.Ty and 07.60.Rd

... .. Photography, photographic instruments and techniques, see 07.68.+m

... .. Magneto-optical devices, see 85.70.Sq

42.79.Ag Apertures, collimators

42.79.Bh Lenses, prisms and mirrors

42.79.Ci Filters, zone plates, and polarizers

42.79.Dj Gratings (for holographic gratings, see 42.40.Eq)

42.79.Ek Solar collectors and concentrators (see also 88.40.F- Solar concentrators in solar energy)

42.79.Fm Reflectors, beam splitters, and deflectors

42.79.Gn Optical waveguides and couplers (for fiber waveguides and waveguides in integrated optics, see 42.81.Qb and 42.82.Et, respectively)

42.79.Hp Optical processors, correlators, and modulators

42.79.Jq Acousto-optical devices (see also 43.38.Zp—in Acoustics Appendix)

42.79.Kr Display devices, liquid-crystal devices (see also 85.60.Pg Display systems)

42.79.Ls Scanners, image intensifiers, and image converters (see also 85.60.-q Optoelectronic devices)

42.79.Mt Schlieren devices

42.79.Nv Optical frequency converters

42.79.Pw Imaging detectors and sensors (see also 85.60.Gz Photodetectors)

42.79.Qx Range finders, remote sensing devices; laser Doppler velocimeters, SAR, and LIDAR (see also 42.68.Wt Remote sensing; LIDAR and adaptive systems)

42.79.Ry Gradient-index (GRIN) devices (for fiber GRIN devices, see 42.81.Ht)

42.79.Sz Optical communication systems, multiplexers, and demultiplexers (for fiber networks, see 42.81.Uv)

42.79.Ta Optical computers, logic elements, interconnects, switches; neural networks
 42.79.Vb Optical storage systems, optical disks (see also 42.40.Ht Hologram recording and readout methods)
 42.79.Wc Optical coatings
 42.81.-i Fiber optics
 Fiber-optic instruments, see 07.60.Vg
 42.81.Bm Fabrication, cladding, and splicing
 42.81.Cn Fiber testing and measurement of fiber parameters
 42.81.Dp Propagation, scattering, and losses; solitons
 42.81.Gs Birefringence, polarization
 42.81.Ht Gradient-index (GRIN) fiber devices
 42.81.Pa Sensors, gyros
 42.81.Qb Fiber waveguides, couplers, and arrays
 42.81.Uv Fiber networks (see also 42.79.Sz Optical communication systems, multiplexers, and demultiplexers)
 42.81.Wg Other fiber-optical devices (for fiber lasers, see 42.55.Wd)
 42.82.-m Integrated optics
 42.82.Bq Design and performance testing of integrated-optical systems
 42.82.Cr Fabrication techniques; lithography, pattern transfer (see also 85.40.-e Microelectronics: LSI, VLSI, ULSI; integrated circuit fabrication technology)
 42.82.Ds Interconnects, including holographic interconnects (see also 42.79.Ta Optical computers, logic elements, interconnects, switches; neural networks)
 42.82.Et Waveguides, couplers, and arrays (for fiber waveguides, see 42.81.Qb)
 42.82.Fv Hybrid systems
 42.82.Gw Other integrated-optical elements and systems
 42.86.+b Optical workshop techniques
 42.87.-d Optical testing techniques
 42.87.Bg Phase shifting interferometry (for interferometers, see 07.60.Ly in instruments)
 42.88.+h Environmental and radiation effects on optical elements, devices, and systems
 42.90.+m Other topics in optics (restricted to new topics in section 42)

43. Acoustics (for more detailed headings, see Appendix to section 43)

43.20.+g General linear acoustics
 43.25.+y Nonlinear acoustics
 43.28.+h Aeroacoustics and atmospheric sound (see also 92.60.hh Acoustic gravity waves, tides, and compressional waves in meteorology)
 43.30.+m Underwater sound (see also 92.10.Vz—in physical oceanography)
 43.35.+d Ultrasonics, quantum acoustics, and physical effects of sound
 Phonons in crystal lattices, see 63.20.-e
 Acoustical properties of rocks and minerals, see 91.60.Lj
 Sound waves in plasma, see 52.35.Dm
 Low-temperature acoustics and sound in liquid helium, see section 67
 Acoustical properties and ultrasonic relaxation of solids, see 62.65.+k and 62.80.+f
 Acoustic properties of thin films, see 68.60.Bs
 Acoustoelectric effects, see 72.50.+b and 73.50.Rb
 Magnetoacoustic effects, oscillations, and resonance, see 72.55.+s, 73.50.Rb, and 75.80.+q
 Acoustic holography, see 43.60.Sx in Acoustics Appendix;
 Sound waves in fluid dynamics, see 47.35.Rs
 Acoustooptical effects, see 78.20.Hp
 43.38.+n Transduction; acoustical devices for the generation and reproduction

- of sound
- 43.40.+s Structural acoustics and vibration
- 43.50.+y Noise: its effects and control
- 43.55.+p Architectural acoustics
- 43.58.+z Acoustical measurements and instrumentation
- 43.60.+d Acoustic signal processing
- 43.64.+r Physiological acoustics
- Biological effects of sound and ultrasound, see 87.50.Y-
- 43.66.+y Psychological acoustics
- 43.70.+i Speech production
- 43.71.+m Speech perception
- 43.72.+q Speech processing and communication systems
- 43.75.+a Music and musical instruments
- 43.80.+p Bioacoustics
- 43.90.+v Other topics in acoustics (restricted to new topics in section 43)

44. Heat transfer

- 44.05.+e Analytical and numerical techniques
- 44.10.+i Heat conduction (see also 66.25.+g and 66.70.-f in nonelectronic transport properties of condensed matter)
- 44.15.+a Channel and internal heat flow
- 44.20.+b Boundary layer heat flow
- 44.25.+f Natural convection (see also 47.27.te Turbulent convective heat transfer in fluid dynamics)
- 44.27.+g Forced convection
- 44.30.+v Heat flow in porous media
- 44.35.+c Heat flow in multiphase systems
- 44.40.+a Thermal radiation
- 44.90.+c Other topics in heat transfer (restricted to new topics in section 44)

45. Classical mechanics of discrete systems

- 45.05.+x General theory of classical mechanics of discrete systems
- 45.10.-b Computational methods in classical mechanics (see also 02.70.-c Computational techniques in mathematical methods in physics)
- 45.10.Db Variational and optimization methods
- 45.10.Hj Perturbation and fractional calculus methods
- 45.10.Na Geometrical and tensorial methods
- 45.20.-d Formalisms in classical mechanics
- 45.20.D- Newtonian mechanics
- 45.20.da Forces and torques
- 45.20.dc Rotational dynamics
- 45.20.df Momentum conservation
- 45.20.dg Mechanical energy, work, and power
- 45.20.dh Energy conservation
- 45.20.Jj Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics
- 45.30.+s General linear dynamical systems (for nonlinear dynamical systems, see 05.45.-a)
- 45.40.-f Dynamics and kinematics of rigid bodies
- 45.40.Aa Translation kinematics
- 45.40.Bb Rotational kinematics
- 45.40.Cc Rigid body and gyroscope motion
- 45.40.Gj Ballistics (projectiles; rockets)
- 45.40.Ln Robotics
- 45.50.-j Dynamics and kinematics of a particle and a system of particles
- 45.50.Dd General motion
- 45.50.Jf Few- and many-body systems

- 45.50.Pk Celestial mechanics (see also 95.10.Ce in fundamental astronomy)
- 45.50.Tn Collisions
- 45.70.-n Granular systems (see also 05.65.+b Self-organized systems)
- 45.70.Cc Static sandpiles; granular compaction
- 45.70.Ht Avalanches
- 45.70.Mg Granular flow: mixing, segregation and stratification
- 45.70.Qj Pattern formation
- 45.70.Vn Granular models of complex systems; traffic flow
- 45.80.+r Control of mechanical systems (see also 46.80.+j Measurement methods and techniques in continuum mechanics of solids)
- 45.90.+t Other topics in classical mechanics of discrete systems (restricted to new topics in section 45)

46. Continuum mechanics of solids (see also 83.10.Ff in rheology; 91.60.Ba Elasticity, fracture, and flow; 91.45.Ga Dynamics and mechanics of tectonics; 91.55.Ln Kinematics of crustal and mantle deformation in geophysics)

- 46.05.+b General theory of continuum mechanics of solids
- 46.15.-x Computational methods in continuum mechanics (see also 02.70.-c Computational techniques; simulations, in mathematical methods in physics)
- 46.15.Cc Variational and optimizational methods
- 46.15.Ff Perturbation and complex analysis methods
- 46.25.-y Static elasticity
- 46.25.Cc Theoretical studies
- 46.25.Hf Thermoelasticity and electromagnetic elasticity (electroelasticity, magnetoelasticity)
- 46.32.+x Static buckling and instability
- 46.35.+z Viscoelasticity, plasticity, viscoplasticity (see also 83.60.Bc, Df, in rheology; 91.60.Dc Plasticity, diffusion, and creep in physical properties of rocks and minerals)
- 46.40.-f Vibrations and mechanical waves (see also 43.40.+s Structural acoustics and vibration; 62.30.+d Mechanical and elastic waves; vibrations in mechanical properties of solids)
- 46.40.Cd Mechanical wave propagation (including diffraction, scattering, and dispersion)
- 46.40.Ff Resonance, damping, and dynamic stability
- 46.40.Jj Aeroelasticity and hydroelasticity
- 46.50.+a Fracture mechanics, fatigue and cracks (see also 62.20.M- Structural failure of materials in mechanical properties of condensed matter)
- 46.55.+d Tribology and mechanical contacts (see also 81.40.Pq Friction, lubrication and wear in materials science; 62.20.Qp Friction, tribology and hardness in mechanical properties of solids)
- 46.65.+g Random phenomena and media (see also 05.40.-a Fluctuation phenomena, random processes, noise, and Brownian motion)
- 46.70.-p Application of continuum mechanics to structures
- 46.70.De Beams, plates, and shells
- 46.70.Hg Membranes, rods, and strings
- 46.70.Lk Other structures
- 46.80.+j Measurement methods and techniques in continuum mechanics of solids (for mechanical instruments, equipment, and techniques, see 07.10.-h in instruments)
- 46.90.+s Other topics in continuum mechanics of solids (restricted to new topics in section 46)

47. Fluid dynamics (for fluid dynamics of quantum fluids, see section 67; see also section 83 Rheology; for sound generation by fluid flow, see 43.28.Ra—in Acoustics Appendix)

47.10.-g	General theory in fluid dynamics
47.10.A-	Mathematical formulations
47.10.ab	Conservation laws and constitutive relations
47.10.ad	Navier-Stokes equations
47.10.Df	Hamiltonian formulations
47.10.Fg	Dynamical systems methods
47.11.-j	Computational methods in fluid dynamics
47.11.Bc	Finite difference methods
47.11.Df	Finite volume methods
47.11.Fg	Finite element methods
47.11.Hj	Boundary element methods
47.11.Kb	Spectral methods
47.11.Mn	Molecular dynamics methods
47.11.Qr	Lattice gas
47.11.St	Multi-scale methods
47.15.-x	Laminar flows
47.15.Cb	Laminar boundary layers
47.15.Fe	Stability of laminar flows
47.15.G-	Low-Reynolds-number (creeping) flows
47.15.gm	Thin film flows
47.15.gp	Hele-Shaw flows
47.15.K-	Inviscid laminar flows
47.15.ki	Inviscid flows with vorticity
47.15.km	Potential flows
47.15.Rq	Laminar flows in cavities, channels, ducts, and conduits
47.15.St	Free shear layers
47.15.Tr	Laminar wakes
47.15.Uv	Laminar jets
47.20.-k	Flow instabilities (see also 47.15.Fe Stability of laminar flows)
47.20.Bp	Buoyancy-driven instabilities (e.g., Rayleigh-Benard)
47.20.Cq	Inviscid instability
47.20.Dr	Surface-tension-driven instability
47.20.Ft	Instability of shear flows (e.g., Kelvin-Helmholtz)
47.20.Gv	Viscous and viscoelastic instabilities
47.20.Hw	Morphological instability; phase changes
47.20.Ib	Instability of boundary layers; separation
47.20.Ky	Nonlinearity, bifurcation, and symmetry breaking
47.20.Lz	Secondary instabilities
47.20.Ma	Interfacial instabilities (e.g., Rayleigh-Taylor)
47.20.Pc	Flow receptivity
47.20.Qr	Centrifugal instabilities (e.g., Taylor-Couette flow)
47.27.-i	Turbulent flows
47.27.Ak	Fundamentals
47.27.Cn	Transition to turbulence
47.27.De	Coherent structures
47.27.E-	Turbulence simulation and modeling
47.27.eb	Statistical theories and models
47.27.ed	Dynamical systems approaches
47.27.ef	Field-theoretic formulations and renormalization
47.27.ek	Direct numerical simulations
47.27.em	Eddy-viscosity closures; Reynolds stress modeling
47.27.ep	Large-eddy simulations
47.27.er	Spectral methods
47.27.Gs	Isotropic turbulence; homogeneous turbulence
47.27.Jv	High-Reynolds-number turbulence
47.27.N-	Wall-bounded shear flow turbulence
47.27.nb	Boundary layer turbulence

47.27.nd Channel flow
 47.27.nf Flows in pipes and nozzles
 47.27.Rc Turbulence control
 47.27.Sd Turbulence generated noise
 47.27.T- Turbulent transport processes
 47.27.tb Turbulent diffusion
 47.27.te Turbulent convective heat transfer
 47.27.W- Boundary-free shear flow turbulence
 47.27.wb Turbulent wakes
 47.27.wg Turbulent jets
 47.27.wj Turbulent mixing layers
 47.32.-y Vortex dynamics; rotating fluids (for vortices in superfluid helium, see 67.25.dk and 67.30.he)
 47.32.C- Vortex dynamics
 47.32.cb Vortex interactions
 47.32.cd Vortex stability and breakdown
 47.32.cf Vortex reconnection and rings
 47.32.ck Vortex streets
 47.32.Ef Rotating and swirling flows
 47.32.Ff Separated flows
 47.35.-i Hydrodynamic waves (see also 47.65.-d Magnetohydrodynamics and electrohydrodynamics; 52.35.Bj Magnetohydrodynamic waves; 52.35.Dm Sound waves in Physics of plasmas and electric discharges)
 47.35.Bb Gravity waves
 47.35.De Shear waves
 47.35.Fg Solitary waves
 47.35.Jk Wave breaking
 47.35.Lf Wave-structure interactions
 47.35.Pq Capillary waves
 47.35.Rs Sound waves
 47.35.Tv Magnetohydrodynamic waves
 47.37.+q Hydrodynamic aspects of superfluidity; quantum fluids (for transport and hydrodynamics of normal and superfluid phase of ^4He , see 67.25.bf, and 67.25.dg respectively; for transport and hydrodynamics of normal and superfluid phase of ^3He , see 67.30.eh, and 67.30.hb respectively)
 47.40.-x Compressible flows; shock waves (see also 43.25.Cb Macrosonic propagation, finite amplitude sound; shock waves in Acoustics Appendix; 52.35.Tc Shock waves and discontinuities in Physics of plasmas and electric discharges; 82.40.Fp Shock wave initiated reactions, high-pressure chemistry in Physical chemistry and chemical physics)
 47.40.Dc General subsonic flows
 47.40.Hg Transonic flows
 47.40.Ki Supersonic and hypersonic flows
 47.40.Nm Shock wave interactions and shock effects (for shock wave initiated chemical reactions, see 82.40.Fp)
 47.40.Rs Detonation waves
 47.45.-n Rarefied gas dynamics
 47.45.Ab Kinetic theory of gases
 47.45.Dt Free molecular flows
 47.45.Gx Slip flows and accommodation
 47.50.-d Non-Newtonian fluid flows
 47.50.Cd Modeling
 47.50.Ef Measurements
 47.50.Gj Instabilities
 47.51.+a Mixing (see also 64.75.Ef Mixing in Equations of state, phase equilibria, and phase transitions; 82.60.Lf Thermodynamics of solutions in Physical chemistry and chemical physics; 83.50.Xa Mixing and blending in Rheology)

47.52.+j Chaos in fluid dynamics (see also 05.45.-a Nonlinear dynamics and chaos in Statistical physics, thermodynamics, and nonlinear dynamical systems)
 47.53.+n Fractals in fluid dynamics (see also 05.45.Df Fractals in Statistical physics, thermodynamics, and nonlinear dynamical systems)
 47.54.-r Pattern selection; pattern formation (see also 82.40.Ck Pattern formation in reactions with diffusion, flow and heat transfer in Physical chemistry and chemical physics; 87.18.Hf Spatiotemporal pattern formation in cellular populations in Biological and medical physics)
 47.54.Bd Theoretical aspects
 47.54.De Experimental aspects
 47.54.Fj Chemical and biological applications
 47.54.Jk Materials science applications
 47.55.-t Multiphase and stratified flows
 47.55.Ca Gas/liquid flows
 47.55.D- Drops and bubbles
 47.55.db Drop and bubble formation
 47.55.dd Bubble dynamics
 47.55.df Breakup and coalescence
 47.55.dk Surfactant effects
 47.55.dm Thermocapillary effects
 47.55.dp Cavitation and boiling
 47.55.dr Interactions with surfaces
 47.55.Hd Stratified flows
 Rotational flows, see 47.32.-y
 47.55.Iv Core-annular flows
 47.55.Kf Particle-laden flows
 47.55.Lm Fluidized beds
 47.55.N- Interfacial flows
 47.55.nb Capillary and thermocapillary flows
 47.55.nd Spreading films
 47.55.nk Liquid bridges
 47.55.nm Curtains/sheets
 47.55.np Contact lines
 47.55.P- Buoyancy-driven flows; convection
 47.55.pb Thermal convection
 47.55.pd Multidiffusive convection
 47.55.pf Marangoni convection
 47.56.+r Flows through porous media
 47.57.-s Complex fluids and colloidal systems (see also 82.70.-y Disperse systems; complex fluids in Physical chemistry and chemical physics; 83.80.Hj Suspensions, dispersions, pastes, slurries, colloids; 83.80.Iz Emulsions and foams in Rheology)
 47.57.Bc Foams and emulsions
 47.57.E- Suspensions
 47.57.eb Diffusion and aggregation
 47.57.ef Sedimentation and migration
 47.57.Gc Granular flow
 47.57.J- Colloidal systems
 47.57.jb Microemulsions
 47.57.jd Electrokinetic effects
 47.57.Lj Flows of liquid crystals
 47.57.Ng Polymers and polymer solutions
 47.57.Qk Rheological aspects
 47.60.-i Flow phenomena in quasi-one-dimensional systems (see also 43.28.Py Interaction of fluid motion and sound, Doppler effect and sound in flow ducts in Acoustics Appendix; 47.15.Rq Laminar flows in cavities,

channels, ducts and conduits; 47.27.nd Channel flows; 47.27.nf Flows in pipes and nozzles)

47.60.Dx Flows in ducts and channels

47.60.Kz Flows and jets through nozzles

47.61.-k Micro- and nano- scale flow phenomena

47.61.Cb Non-continuum effects

47.61.Fg Flows in micro-electromechanical systems (MEMS) and nano-electromechanical systems (NEMS)

47.61.Jd Multiphase flows

47.61.Ne Micromixing

47.63.-b Biological fluid dynamics (see also 87.19.U- Hemodynamics, 87.19.rh Fluid transport and rheology, 87.19.Wx Pneumodynamics, 87.85.gf Fluid mechanics and rheology in biological and medical physics)

47.63.Cb Blood flow in cardiovascular system

47.63.Ec Pulmonary fluid mechanics

47.63.Gd Swimming microorganisms

47.63.Jd Microcirculation and flow through tissues

47.63.M- Biopropulsion in water and air

47.63.mc High-Reynolds-number motions

47.63.mf Low-Reynolds-number motions

47.63.mh Transport processes and drug delivery

47.65.-d Magnetohydrodynamics and electrohydrodynamics (see also 47.35.Tv Magnetohydrodynamic waves; 52.30.Cv Magnetohydrodynamics, and 52.65.Kj Magnetohydrodynamics and fluid equation in Physics of plasmas and electric discharges; 83.80.Gv Electro- and magnetorheological fluids in Rheology)

47.65.Cb Magnetic fluids and ferrofluids

47.65.Gx Electrorheological fluids

47.65.Md Plasma dynamos

47.70.-n Reactive and radiative flows (see also 82.33.Vx Reactions in flames, combustion and explosion; 82.33.Xj Plasma reactions (including flowing afterglow and electric discharges); 82.33.Ya Chemistry of MOCVD and other vapor deposition methods in Physical chemistry and chemical physics; 92.60.Vb Radiative processes, solar radiation in Hydrospheric and atmospheric geophysics)

47.70.Fw Chemically reactive flows (see also 83.80.Jx—in rheology)

47.70.Mc Radiation gas dynamics

47.70.Nd Nonequilibrium gas dynamics

47.70.Pq Flames; combustion

47.75.+f Relativistic fluid dynamics (see also 52.27.Ny Relativistic plasmas in Physics of plasmas and electric discharges; 98.80.Jk Mathematical and relativistic aspects of cosmology in Stellar systems; interstellar medium; galactic and extragalactic objects and systems; the Universe)

47.80.-v Instrumentation and measurement methods in fluid dynamics

47.80.Cb Velocity measurements

47.80.Fg Pressure and temperature measurements

47.80.Jk Flow visualization and imaging

47.85.-g Applied fluid mechanics

47.85.Dh Hydrodynamics, hydraulics, hydrostatics

47.85.Gj Aerodynamics

47.85.Kn Hydraulic and pneumatic machinery

47.85.L- Flow control

47.85.lb Drag reduction

47.85.ld Boundary layer control

47.85.lf Flow noise reduction

47.85.lk Mixing enhancement

47.85.M- Material processing flows; industrial applications

47.85.mb Coating flows

47.85.md Polymer processing flows
 47.85.mf Lubrication flows
 47.85.Np Fluidics
 Atmospheric circulation, see 92.60.Bh
 Atmospheric boundary layer processes, see 92.60.Fm
 Atmospheric turbulence, see 92.60.hk
 Storms, see 92.60.Qx
 Hydrodynamics of the oceans, see 92.10.-c
 Mantle convection, see 91.45.Fj
 Lava and magma rheology, see 83.80.Nb, 91.40.Hw, and 91.40.Jk
 Groundwater flow, see 92.40.Kf
 Role of fluids in structural geology, see 91.55.Tt
 Flows in streams and rivers, see 92.40.Qk;
 Geothermal fluids, see 91.40.Ge
 47.90.+a Other topics in fluid dynamics (restricted to new topics in section 47)

50. PHYSICS OF GASES, PLASMAS, AND ELECTRIC DISCHARGES

51. Physics of gases

51.10.+y Kinetic and transport theory of gases (see also 05.20.Dd Kinetic theory in classical statistical mechanics; see also 47.70.Mc Radiation gas dynamics)
 51.20.+d Viscosity, diffusion, and thermal conductivity
 51.30.+i Thermodynamic properties, equations of state (see also 05.70.Ce Thermodynamic functions and equations of state in thermodynamics)
 51.35.+a Mechanical properties; compressibility
 51.40.+p Acoustical properties (see also 43.28.-g Aeroacoustics and atmospheric sound in Acoustics Appendix; for ultrasonic relaxation in gases, see 43.35.Fj—in Acoustics Appendix)
 51.50.+v Electrical properties (ionization, breakdown, electron and ion mobility, etc.) (see also 52.80.-s Electric discharges in physics of plasmas)
 51.60.+a Magnetic properties
 51.70.+f Optical and dielectric properties
 Sorption, see 68.43.-h
 Gas sensors and detectors, see 07.07.Df
 51.90.+r Other topics in the physics of gases (restricted to new topics in section 51)

52. Physics of plasmas and electric discharges (for space plasma physics, see 94.05.-a; for astrophysical plasmas, see 95.30.Qd; for physics of the ionosphere and magnetosphere, see 94.20.-y and 94.30.-d respectively)

52.20.-j Elementary processes in plasmas
 52.20.Dq Particle orbits
 52.20.Fs Electron collisions
 52.20.Hv Atomic, molecular, ion, and heavy-particle collisions
 52.25.-b Plasma properties (for chemical reactions in plasma, see 82.33.Xj)
 52.25.Dg Plasma kinetic equations
 52.25.Fi Transport properties
 52.25.Gj Fluctuation and chaos phenomena (for plasma turbulence, see 52.35.Ra; see also 05.45.-a Nonlinear dynamics and chaos)
 52.25.Jm Ionization of plasmas
 52.25.Kn Thermodynamics of plasmas
 52.25.Mq Dielectric properties
 52.25.Os Emission, absorption, and scattering of electromagnetic radiation

52.25.Tx Emission, absorption, and scattering of particles
 52.25.Vy Impurities in plasmas
 52.25.Xz Magnetized plasmas
 52.25.Ya Neutrals in plasmas
 52.27.-h Basic studies of specific kinds of plasmas
 52.27.Aj Single-component, electron-positive-ion plasmas
 52.27.Cm Multicomponent and negative-ion plasmas
 52.27.Ep Electron-positron plasmas
 52.27.Gr Strongly-coupled plasmas
 52.27.Jt Nonneutral plasmas
 52.27.Lw Dusty or complex plasmas; plasma crystals
 52.27.Ny Relativistic plasmas
 52.30.-q Plasma dynamics and flow
 52.30.Cv Magnetohydrodynamics (including electron magnetohydrodynamics) (see also 47.65.-d Magnetohydrodynamics and electrohydrodynamics in fluid dynamics; for MHD generators, see 52.75.Fk; see also 95.30.Qd Magnetohydrodynamics and plasmas in astrophysics)
 52.30.Ex Two-fluid and multi-fluid plasmas
 52.30.Gz Gyrokinetics
 52.35.-g Waves, oscillations, and instabilities in plasmas and intense beams (see also 94.20.wf Plasma waves and instabilities in physics of the ionosphere; 94.30.cq MHD waves, plasma waves, and instabilities in physics of the magnetosphere; 96.50.Tf MHD waves, plasma waves, turbulence in interplanetary physics)
 52.35.Bj Magnetohydrodynamic waves (e.g., Alfvén waves)
 52.35.Dm Sound waves
 52.35.Fp Electrostatic waves and oscillations (e.g., ion-acoustic waves)
 52.35.Hr Electromagnetic waves (e.g., electron-cyclotron, Whistler, Bernstein, upper hybrid, lower hybrid)
 52.35.Kt Drift waves
 52.35.Lv Other linear waves
 52.35.Mw Nonlinear phenomena: waves, wave propagation, and other interactions (including parametric effects, mode coupling, ponderomotive effects, etc.)
 52.35.Py Macroinstabilities (hydromagnetic, e.g., kink, fire-hose, mirror, ballooning, tearing, trapped-particle, flute, Rayleigh-Taylor, etc.)
 52.35.Qz Microinstabilities (ion-acoustic, two-stream, loss-cone, beam-plasma, drift, ion- or electron-cyclotron, etc.)
 52.35.Ra Plasma turbulence
 52.35.Sb Solitons; BGK modes
 52.35.Tc Shock waves and discontinuities
 52.35.Vd Magnetic reconnection (see also 94.30.cp in physics of the magnetosphere)
 52.35.We Plasma vorticity
 52.38.-r Laser-plasma interactions (for plasma production and heating by laser beams, see 52.50.Jm)
 52.38.Bv Rayleigh scattering; stimulated Brillouin and Raman scattering
 52.38.Dx Laser light absorption in plasmas (collisional, parametric, etc.)
 52.38.Fz Laser-induced magnetic fields in plasmas
 52.38.Hb Self-focussing, channeling, and filamentation in plasmas
 52.38.Kd Laser-plasma acceleration of electrons and ions (see also 41.75.Jv Laser-driven acceleration in electromagnetism; electron and ion optics)
 52.38.Mf Laser ablation (see also 79.20.Ds, Laser-beam impact phenomena)
 52.38.Ph X-ray, γ -ray, and particle generation
 52.40.-w Plasma interactions (nonlaser)
 52.40.Db Electromagnetic (nonlaser) radiation interactions with plasma (for electromagnetic wave propagation in the ionosphere and magnetosphere,

see 94.20.Bb and 94.30.Tz respectively)

52.40.Fd Plasma interactions with antennas; plasma-filled waveguides

52.40.Hf Plasma-material interactions; boundary layer effects

52.40.Kh Plasma sheaths (see also 94.30.cj Magnetosheath)

52.40.Mj Particle beam interactions in plasmas

52.50.-b Plasma production and heating (see also 52.80.-s Electric discharges)

52.50.Dg Plasma sources

52.50.Gj Plasma heating by particle beams

52.50.Jm Plasma production and heating by laser beams (laser-foil, laser-cluster, etc.)

52.50.Lp Plasma production and heating by shock waves and compression

52.50.Nr Plasma heating by DC fields; ohmic heating, arcs

52.50.Qt Plasma heating by radio-frequency fields; ICR, ICP, helicons

52.50.Sw Plasma heating by microwaves; ECR, LH, collisional heating

52.55.-s Magnetic confinement and equilibrium (see also 28.52.-s Fusion reactors)

52.55.Dy General theory and basic studies of plasma lifetime, particle and heat loss, energy balance, field structure, etc.

52.55.Ez Theta pinch

52.55.Fa Tokamaks, spherical tokamaks

52.55.Hc Stellarators, torsatrons, heliacs, bumpy tori, and other toroidal confinement devices

52.55.Ip Spheromaks

52.55.Jd Magnetic mirrors, gas dynamic traps

52.55.Lf Field-reversed configurations, rotamaks, astrons, ion rings, magnetized target fusion, and cusps

52.55.Pi Fusion products effects (e.g., alpha-particles, etc.), fast particle effects

52.55.Rk Power exhaust; divertors

52.55.Tn Ideal and resistive MHD modes; kinetic modes

52.55.Wq Current drive; helicity injection

52.57.-z Laser inertial confinement

52.57.Bc Target design and fabrication

52.57.Fg Implosion symmetry and hydrodynamic instability (Rayleigh-Taylor, Richtmyer-Meshkov, imprint, etc.)

52.57.Kk Fast ignition of compressed fusion fuels

52.58.-c Other confinement methods

52.58.Ei Light-ion inertial confinement

52.58.Hm Heavy-ion inertial confinement

52.58.Lq Z-pinchs, plasma focus, and other pinch devices

52.58.Qv Electrostatic and high-frequency confinement

52.59.-f Intense particle beams and radiation sources (see also 29.25.-t Particle sources and targets, and 29.27.-a Beams in particle accelerators, in instrumentation for elementary-particle and nuclear physics)

52.59.Bi Grid- and ion-diode-accelerated beams

52.59.Dk Magneto-plasma accelerated plasmas

52.59.Fn Multistage accelerated heavy-ion beams

52.59.Hq Dense plasma focus

52.59.Mv High-voltage diodes (for high-current and high-voltage technology, see 84.70.+p)

52.59.Px Hard X-ray sources

52.59.Qy Wire array Z-pinchs

52.59.Rz Free-electron devices (for free-electron lasers, see 41.60.Cr)

52.59.Sa Space-charge-dominated beams

52.59.Tb Moderate-intensity beams

52.59.Wd Emittance-dominated beams

52.59.Ye Plasma devices for generation of coherent radiation

52.65.-y Plasma simulation
 52.65.Cc Particle orbit and trajectory
 52.65.Ff Fokker-Planck and Vlasov equation
 52.65.Kj Magnetohydrodynamic and fluid equation
 52.65.Pp Monte Carlo methods
 52.65.Rr Particle-in-cell method
 52.65.Tt Gyrofluid and gyrokinetic simulations
 52.65.Vv Perturbative methods
 52.65.Ww Hybrid methods
 52.65.Yy Molecular dynamics methods
 52.70.-m Plasma diagnostic techniques and instrumentation
 52.70.Ds Electric and magnetic measurements
 52.70.Gw Radio-frequency and microwave measurements
 52.70.Kz Optical (ultraviolet, visible, infrared) measurements
 52.70.La X-ray and γ -ray measurements
 52.70.Nc Particle measurements
 52.72.+v Laboratory studies of space- and astrophysical-plasma processes (see also 94.05.Rx in space plasma physics)
 52.75.-d Plasma devices (for ion sources, see 29.25.Lg, Ni; for plasma sources, see 52.50.Dg)
 52.75.Di Ion and plasma propulsion
 52.75.Fk Magnetohydrodynamic generators and thermionic convertors; plasma diodes (see also 84.60.Lw, Ny in direct-energy conversion and storage)
 52.75.Hn Plasma torches
 52.75.Kq Plasma switches (e.g., spark gaps)
 52.75.Xx Thermionic and filament-based sources (e.g., Q machines, double- and triple-plasma devices, etc.)
 52.77.-j Plasma applications
 52.77.Bn Etching and cleaning (see also 81.65.Cf Surface cleaning, etching, patterning in surface treatments)
 52.77.Dq Plasma-based ion implantation and deposition (see also 81.15.Jj Ion and electron beam-assisted deposition)
 52.77.Fv High-pressure, high-current plasmas (plasma spray, arc welding, etc.) (see also 81.15.Rs Spray coating techniques)
 Chemical synthesis; combustion synthesis, see 81.20.Ka
 52.80.-s Electric discharges (see also 51.50.+v Electrical properties of gases; for plasma reactions including flowing afterglow and electric discharges, see 82.33.Xj in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
 52.80.Dy Low-field and Townsend discharges
 52.80.Hc Glow; corona
 52.80.Mg Arcs; sparks; lightning; atmospheric electricity (see also 92.60.Pw Atmospheric electricity, lightning in meteorology)
 52.80.Pi High-frequency and RF discharges
 52.80.Qj Explosions; exploding wires
 52.80.Sm Magnetoactive discharges (e.g., Penning discharges)
 52.80.Tn Other gas discharges
 52.80.Vp Discharge in vacuum
 52.80.Wq Discharge in liquids and solids (for electric breakdown in liquids, see 77.22.Jp)
 52.80.Yr Discharges for spectral sources (including inductively coupled plasma)
 52.90.+z Other topics in physics of plasmas and electric discharges (restricted to new topics in section 52)

60. CONDENSED MATTER: STRUCTURAL, MECHANICAL, AND THERMAL PROPERTIES

61. Structure of solids and liquids; crystallography (for surface, interface, and thin film structure, see section 68)

61.05.-a Techniques for structure determination
 Microscopy of surfaces, interfaces, and thin films, see 68.37.-d
 61.05.C- X-ray diffraction and scattering (for x-ray diffractometers, see 07.85.Jy; for x-ray studies of crystal defects, see 61.72.Dd, Ff)
 61.05.cc Theories of x-ray diffraction and scattering
 61.05.cf X-ray scattering (including small-angle scattering)
 61.05.cj X-ray absorption spectroscopy: EXAFS, NEXAFS, XANES, etc. (for x-ray and EXAFS applications in biological physics, see 87.64.kd)
 61.05.cm X-ray reflectometry (surfaces, interfaces, films)
 61.05.cp X-ray diffraction
 61.05.F- Neutron diffraction and scattering
 61.05.fd Theories of neutron diffraction and scattering
 61.05.fg Neutron scattering (including small-angle scattering)
 61.05.fj Neutron reflectometry
 61.05.fm Neutron diffraction
 Microscopy of surfaces, interfaces, and thin films, see 68.37.-d
 61.05.J- Electron diffraction and scattering (for electron diffractometers, see 07.78.+s)
 61.05.jd Theories of electron diffraction and scattering
 61.05.jh Low-energy electron diffraction (LEED) and reflection high-energy electron diffraction (RHEED)
 61.05.jm Convergent-beam electron diffraction, selected-area electron diffraction, nanodiffraction
 61.05.jp Electron holography
 61.05.js X-ray photoelectron diffraction
 61.05.Np Atom, molecule, and ion scattering (for structure determination only)
 61.05.Qr Magnetic resonance techniques; Mössbauer spectroscopy (for structure determination only)
 61.05.Tv Neutron imaging; neutron tomography
 61.20.-p Structure of liquids
 61.20.Gy Theory and models of liquid structure
 61.20.Ja Computer simulation of liquid structure
 61.20.Lc Time-dependent properties; relaxation (for glass transitions, see 64.70.P-)
 61.20.Ne Structure of simple liquids
 61.20.Qg Structure of associated liquids: electrolytes, molten salts, etc.
 61.25.-f Studies of specific liquid structures
 61.25.Bi Liquid noble gases
 61.25.Em Molecular liquids
 61.25.H- Macromolecular and polymers solutions; polymer melts
 61.25.he Polymer solutions
 61.25.hk Polymer melts and blends
 61.25.hp Polymer swelling, cross linking
 61.25.Mv Liquid metals and alloys
 61.30.-v Liquid crystals (for phase transitions in liquid crystals, see 64.70.M-; for liquid crystals as dielectric materials, see 77.84.Nh; for liquid crystals as optical materials, see 42.70.Df; for liquid crystal devices, see 42.79.Kr)
 61.30.Cz Molecular and microscopic models and theories of liquid crystal structure
 61.30.Dk Continuum models and theories of liquid crystal structure
 61.30.Eb Experimental determinations of smectic, nematic, cholesteric, and other structures
 61.30.Gd Orientational order of liquid crystals; electric and magnetic field effects on order
 61.30.Hn Surface phenomena: alignment, anchoring, anchoring transitions, surface-induced layering, surface-induced ordering, wetting, prewetting transitions, and wetting transitions

61.30. Jf	Defects in liquid crystals
61.30. Mp	Blue phases and other defect-phases
61.30. Pq	Microconfined liquid crystals: droplets, cylinders, randomly confined liquid crystals, polymer dispersed liquid crystals, and porous systems
61.30. St	Lyotropic phases
61.30. Vx	Polymer liquid crystals
61.41. +e	Polymers, elastomers, and plastics (see also 81.05.Lg in materials science; for rheology of polymers, see section 83; for polymer reactions and polymerization, see 82.35.-x in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
61.43. -j	Disordered solids (see also 81.05.Gc Amorphous semiconductors, 81.05. Kf Glasses, and 81.05.Rm Porous materials; granular materials in materials science; for photoluminescence of disordered solids, see 78.55.Mb and 78.55.Qr)
61.43. Bn	Structural modeling: serial-addition models, computer simulation
61.43. Dq	Amorphous semiconductors, metals, and alloys
61.43. Er	Other amorphous solids
61.43. Fs	Glasses
61.43. Gt	Powders, porous materials
61.43. Hv	Fractals; macroscopic aggregates (including diffusion-limited aggregates)
61.44. -n	Semi-periodic solids
61.44. Br	Quasicrystals
61.44. Fw	Incommensurate crystals
61.46. -w	Structure of nanoscale materials (for thermal properties of nanocrystals and nanotubes, see 65.80.-g; for mechanical properties of nanoscale systems, see 62.25.-g; for electronic transport in nanoscale materials, see 73.63.-b; see also 62.23.-c Structural classes of nanoscale systems; 64.70.Nd Structural transitions in nanoscale materials; for magnetic properties of nanostructures, see 75.75.-c)
61.46. Bc	Structure of clusters (e.g., metcars; not fragments of crystals; free or loosely aggregated or loosely attached to a substrate) (see also 61.48.-c for structure of fullerenes)
61.46. Df	Structure of nanocrystals and nanoparticles ("colloidal" quantum dots but not gate-isolated embedded quantum dots)
61.46. Fg	Nanotubes
61.46. Hk	Nanocrystals
61.46. Km	Structure of nanowires and nanorods (long, free or loosely attached, quantum wires and quantum rods, but not gate-isolated embedded quantum wires)
61.46. Np	Structure of nanotubes (hollow nanowires) (see 61.48.De for carbon nanotubes, boron nanotubes, and other related systems)
61.48. -c	Structure of fullerenes and related hollow and planar molecular structures (see also 81.05.ub Fullerenes and related materials in materials science)
61.48. De	Structure of carbon nanotubes, boron nanotubes, and other related systems (for structure of hollow nanowires, see 61.46.Np)
61.48. Gh	Structure of graphene
61.50. -f	Structure of bulk crystals
61.50. Ah	Theory of crystal structure, crystal symmetry; calculations and modeling
... ..	Crystal growth, see 81.10.-h
61.50. Ks	Crystallographic aspects of phase transformations; pressure effects (see also 81.30.Hd in materials science)
61.50. Lt	Crystal binding; cohesive energy
61.50. Nw	Crystal stoichiometry
61.66. -f	Structure of specific crystalline solids (for surface structure, see 68.35.B-)

61.66.Bi	Elemental solids
61.66.Dk	Alloys
61.66.Fn	Inorganic compounds
61.66.Hq	Organic compounds
... ..	Quantum crystals, see 67.80.-s
61.68.+n	Crystallographic databases
61.72.-y	Defects and impurities in crystals; microstructure (for radiation induced defects, see 61.80.-x; for defects in surfaces, interfaces, and thin films, see 68.35.Dv and 68.55.Ln; see also 85.40.Ry Impurity doping, diffusion, and ion implantation technology; for effects of crystal defects and doping on superconducting transition temperature, see 74.62.Dh)
61.72.Bb	Theories and models of crystal defects
61.72.Cc	Kinetics of defect formation and annealing
61.72.Dd	Experimental determination of defects by diffraction and scattering
61.72.Ff	Direct observation of dislocations and other defects (etch pits, decoration, electron microscopy, x-ray topography, etc.)
61.72.Hh	Indirect evidence of dislocations and other defects (resistivity, slip, creep, strains, internal friction, EPR, NMR, etc.)
61.72.J-	Point defects and defect clusters
61.72.jd	Vacancies
61.72.jj	Interstitials
61.72.jn	Color centers
61.72.Lk	Linear defects: dislocations, disclinations
61.72.Mm	Grain and twin boundaries
61.72.Nn	Stacking faults and other planar or extended defects
61.72.Qq	Microscopic defects (voids, inclusions, etc.)
61.72.S-	Impurities in crystals
61.72.sd	Impurity concentration
61.72.sh	Impurity distribution
61.72.sm	Impurity gradients
61.72.U-	Doping and impurity implantation
61.72.uf	Ge and Si
61.72.uj	III-V and II-VI semiconductors
61.72.up	Other materials
61.72.Yx	Interaction between different crystal defects; gettering effect (for magnetic impurity interactions, see 75.30.Hx)
61.80.-x	Physical radiation effects, radiation damage (for photochemical reactions, see 82.50.-m; for effects of ionizing radiation on biological systems, see 87.53.-j)
... ..	Radiation treatments, see 81.40.Wx
61.80.Az	Theory and models of radiation effects
61.80.Ba	Ultraviolet, visible, and infrared radiation effects (including laser radiation)
61.80.Cb	X-ray effects
61.80.Ed	γ -ray effects
61.80.Fe	Electron and positron radiation effects
61.80.Hg	Neutron radiation effects
61.80.Jh	Ion radiation effects (for ion implantation, see 61.72.U-)
61.80.Lj	Atom and molecule irradiation effects
... ..	Channeling, blocking, and energy loss of particles, see 61.85.+p
61.82.-d	Radiation effects on specific materials
61.82.Bg	Metals and alloys
61.82.Fk	Semiconductors
61.82.Ms	Insulators
61.82.Pv	Polymers, organic compounds
61.82.Rx	Nanocrystalline materials
61.85.+p	Channeling phenomena (blocking, energy loss, etc.)

- 61.90.+d Other topics in structure of solids and liquids; crystallography (restricted to new topics in section 61)
- 62. Mechanical and acoustical properties of condensed matter** (for mechanical properties of tissues and organs, see 87.19.R-; for mechanical properties of nanoscale systems, see 62.25.-g; for nonlinear acoustics of solids, see 43.25.Dc—in Acoustics Appendix; for mechanical and acoustical properties of interfaces and thin films, see 68.35.Gy, 68.35.Iv, and 68.60.Bs; for mechanical properties related to treatment conditions, see 81.40.Jj, Lm, Np—in materials science; for mechanical and acoustical properties of superconductors, see 74.25.Ld; for mechanical and acoustical properties of rocks and minerals, see 91.60.Ba, Dc, and Lj)
- 62.10.+s Mechanical properties of liquids (for viscosity of liquids, see 66.20.-d)
- 62.20.-x Mechanical properties of solids
- 62.20.D- Elasticity (for materials treatment effects on elastic properties, see 81.40.Jj)
- 62.20.de Elastic moduli
- 62.20.dj Poisson's ratio
- 62.20.dq Other elastic constants
- 62.20.F- Deformation and plasticity (see also 83.50.-v Deformation and flow in rheology; for materials treatment effects on deformation, see 81.40.Lm)
- 62.20.fg Shape-memory effect; yield stress; superelasticity
- 62.20.fk Ductility, malleability
- 62.20.fq Plasticity and superplasticity
- 62.20.Hg Creep
- 62.20.M- Structural failure of materials (for materials treatment effects on microstructure, see 81.40.Np)
- 62.20.me Fatigue
- 62.20.mj Brittleness
- 62.20.mm Fracture
- 62.20.mq Buckling
- 62.20.mt Cracks
- 62.20.Qp Friction, tribology, and hardness (see also 46.55.+d Tribology and mechanical contacts in continuum mechanics of solids; for materials treatment effects on friction related properties, see 81.40.Pq)
- 62.23.-c Structural classes of nanoscale systems (see also 81.07.-b Nanoscale materials and structures: fabrication and characterization in materials science)
- 62.23.Eg Nanodots
- 62.23.Hj Nanowires
- 62.23.Kn Nanosheets
- 62.23.Pq Composites (nanosystems embedded in a larger structure)
- 62.23.St Complex nanostructures, including patterned or assembled structures
- 62.25.-g Mechanical properties of nanoscale systems (for structure of nanoscale systems, see 61.46.-w; for structural transitions in nanoscale materials, see 64.70.Nd; for electronic transport in nanoscale systems, see 73.63.-b)
- 62.25.De Low-frequency properties: response coefficients
- 62.25.Fg High-frequency properties, responses to resonant or transient (time-dependent) fields
- 62.25.Jk Mechanical modes of vibration
- 62.25.Mn Fracture/brittleness
- 62.30.+d Mechanical and elastic waves; vibrations (see also 43.40.+s Structural acoustics and vibration; 46.40.-f Vibrations and mechanical waves in continuum mechanics of solids)
- 62.40.+i Anelasticity, internal friction, stress relaxation, and mechanical resonances (for materials treatment effects on anelasticity, see

- 81.40.Jj in materials science)
- Thermomechanical effects, see 65.40.De
- Magnetomechanical effects, see 75.80.+q
- Piezoelectric effects, see 77.65.-j
- Elastooptical effects, see 78.20.hb
- 62.50.-p High-pressure effects in solids and liquids (for high pressure apparatus and techniques, see 07.35.+k; for high-pressure behavior of rocks and minerals, see 91.60.Gf; for pressure treatments, see 81.40.Vw in materials science; for effects of pressure on superconducting transition temperature, see 74.62.Fj)
- 62.50.Ef Shock wave effects in solids and liquids (for shock wave initiated high-pressure chemistry, see 82.40.Fp; see also 47.40.Nm Shock wave interactions and shock effects in fluid dynamics)
- 62.60.+v Acoustical properties of liquids (see also 43.35.+d in acoustics; 87.50.Y- Biological effects of acoustic and ultrasonic energy in biological and medical physics)
- Lattice dynamics, phonons, see section 63
- Sound waves in fluid dynamics, see 47.35.Rs
- Second sound in quantum fluids, see 67.25.dt
- 62.65.+k Acoustical properties of solids
- Magnetoacoustic effects, see 72.55.+s and 73.50.Rb
- Acoustoelectric effects, see 72.50.+b, 73.50.Rb, and 77.65.Dq
- Acoustooptical effects, see 78.20.hb
- 62.80.+f Ultrasonic relaxation (see also 43.35.Fj Ultrasonic relaxation processes in liquids and solids—in Acoustics Appendix; for ultrasonic attenuation in superconductors, see 74.25.Ld)
- 62.90.+k Other topics in mechanical and acoustical properties of condensed matter (restricted to new topics in section 62)

63. Lattice dynamics (see also 78.30.-j Infrared and Raman spectra; for surface and interface vibrations, see 68.35.Ja; for adsorbate vibrations, see 68.43.Pq; for lattice dynamics of quantum solids, see 67.80.de)

- 63.10.+a General theory
- 63.20.-e Phonons in crystal lattices (for phonons in superconductors, see 74.25.Kc; see also 43.35.Gk Phonons in crystal lattice, quantum acoustics—in Acoustics Appendix)
- 63.20.D- Phonon states and bands, normal modes, and phonon dispersion
- 63.20.dd Measurements
- 63.20.dh Fitted theory
- 63.20.dk First-principles theory
- 63.20.K- Phonon interactions
- 63.20.kd Phonon-electron interactions
- 63.20.kg Phonon-phonon interactions
- 63.20.kk Phonon interactions with other quasiparticles
- 63.20.kp Phonon-defect interactions
- 63.20.Pw Localized modes
- 63.20.Ry Anharmonic lattice modes
- 63.22.-m Phonons or vibrational states in low-dimensional structures and nanoscale materials
- 63.22.Dc Free films
- 63.22.Gh Nanotubes and nanowires
- 63.22.Kn Clusters and nanocrystals
- 63.22.Np Layered systems
- 63.22.Rc Phonons in graphene
- 63.50.-x Vibrational states in disordered systems
- 63.50.Gh Disordered crystalline alloys
- 63.50.Lm Glasses and amorphous solids

- 63.70.+h Statistical mechanics of lattice vibrations and displacive phase transitions
- 63.90.+t Other topics in lattice dynamics (restricted to new topics in section 63)

64. Equations of state, phase equilibria, and phase transitions (see also 82.60.-s Chemical thermodynamics)

- 64.10.+h General theory of equations of state and phase equilibria (see also 05.70.Ce Thermodynamic functions and equations of state)
- 64.30.-t Equations of state of specific substances
- 64.30.Ef Equations of state of pure metals and alloys
- 64.30.Jk Equations of state of nonmetals
- 64.60.-i General studies of phase transitions (see also 63.70.+h Statistical mechanics of lattice vibrations and displacive phase transitions; for critical phenomena in solid surfaces and interfaces, and in magnetism, see 68.35.Rh, and 75.40.-s, respectively)
- 64.60.A- Specific approaches applied to studies of phase transitions
- 64.60.ae Renormalization-group theory
- 64.60.ah Percolation
- 64.60.al Fractal and multifractal systems (see also 61.43.Hv Fractals; macroscopic aggregates)
- 64.60.an Finite-size systems
- 64.60.aq Networks
- 64.60.at Convolution
- 64.60.av Cracks, sandpiles, avalanches, and earthquakes (for general studies of sandpiles and avalanches, see 45.70.Cc, Ht in classical mechanics of discrete systems; see also 91.30.Px Earthquakes in geophysics)
- 64.60.Bd General theory of phase transitions
- 64.60.Cn Order-disorder transformations (see also 81.30.Hd Constant-composition solid-solid phase transformations: polymorphic, massive, and order-disorder in materials science; for effects of disorder on superconducting transition temperature, see 74.62.En)
- 64.60.De Statistical mechanics of model systems (Ising model, Potts model, field-theory models, Monte Carlo techniques, etc.)
- 64.60.Ej Studies/theory of phase transitions of specific substances (for phase transitions in ferroelectric and antiferroelectric materials, see 77.80.B-)
- 64.60.F- Equilibrium properties near critical points, critical exponents
- 64.60.fd General theory of critical region behavior
- 64.60.fh Studies of specific substances in the critical region
- Properties of quantum fluids, see section 67
- 64.60.Ht Dynamic critical phenomena (for quantum critical phenomena in superconductivity, see 74.40.Kb)
- 64.60.Kw Multicritical points
- 64.60.My Metastable phases
- 64.60.Q- Nucleation (see also 82.60.Nh Thermodynamics of nucleation in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
- 64.60.qe General theory and computer simulations of nucleation
- 64.60.qj Studies of nucleation in specific substances
- 64.70.-p Specific phase transitions
- 64.70.D- Solid-liquid transitions
- 64.70.dg Crystallization of specific substances
- 64.70.dj Melting of specific substances
- 64.70.dm General theory of the solid-liquid transition
- 64.70.F- Liquid-vapor transitions
- 64.70.fh Boiling and bubble dynamics (for bubble formation, bubble dynamics, boiling and cavitation, see section 47.55.D-; for acoustic cavitation,

	see 43.35.Ei in Acoustics Appendix)
64.70.fm	Thermodynamics studies of evaporation and condensation (for evaporation and condensation on surfaces, see 68.03.Fg)
64.70.Hz	Solid-vapor transitions
64.70.Ja	Liquid-liquid transitions
64.70.K-	Solid-solid transitions (see also 61.50.Ks Crystallographic aspects of phase transformations; pressure effects; 75.30.Kz and 77.80.B- for magnetic and ferroelectric transitions, respectively; for materials science aspects, see 81.30.-t)
64.70.kd	Metals and alloys
64.70.kg	Semiconductors
64.70.kj	Glasses
64.70.km	Polymers
64.70.kp	Ionic crystals
64.70.kt	Molecular crystals
64.70.M-	Transitions in liquid crystals
64.70.mf	Theory and modeling of specific liquid crystal transitions, including computer simulation
64.70.mj	Experimental studies of liquid crystal transitions
64.70.Nd	Structural transitions in nanoscale materials
64.70.P-	Glass transitions of specific systems
64.70.pe	Metallic glasses
64.70.ph	Nonmetallic glasses (silicates, oxides, selenides, etc.)
64.70.pj	Polymers
64.70.pm	Liquids
64.70.pp	Liquid crystals (see also 64.70.M- Transitions in liquid crystals)
64.70.ps	Granules
64.70.pv	Colloids
64.70.Q-	Theory and modeling of the glass transition
64.70.qd	Thermodynamics and statistical mechanics
64.70.qj	Dynamics and criticality
64.70.Rh	Commensurate-incommensurate transitions
64.70.Tg	Quantum phase transitions (for quantum Hall effects aspects, see 73.43.Nq in electronic structure of surfaces, interfaces, thin films, and low dimensional structures)
64.75.-g	Phase equilibria (see also 82.60.Lf Thermodynamics of solutions; 47.51.+a Mixing in fluid dynamics; for properties of solutions of biomolecules, see 87.15.N- in biological physics)
64.75.Bc	Solubility
64.75.Cd	Phase equilibria of fluid mixtures, including gases, hydrates, etc.
64.75.Ef	Mixing
64.75.Gh	Phase separation and segregation in model systems (hard spheres, Lennard-Jones, etc.)
64.75.Jk	Phase separation and segregation in nanoscale systems (for general nanoscale materials studies, see 81.07.-b in materials science)
64.75.Lm	Phase separation and segregation in oxidation (for general surface oxidation studies in surface treatments, see 81.65.Mq)
64.75.Nx	Phase separation and segregation in solid solutions
64.75.Op	Phase separation and segregation in alloying
64.75.Qr	Phase separation and segregation in semiconductors
64.75.St	Phase separation and segregation in thin films
64.75.Va	Phase separation and segregation in polymer blends/polymeric solutions
64.75.Xc	Phase separation and segregation in colloidal systems
64.75.Yz	Self-assembly
64.90.+b	Other topics in equations of state, phase equilibria, and phase transitions (restricted to new topics in section 64)

65. Thermal properties of condensed matter (see also section 44 Heat transfer; for

thermodynamic properties of quantum fluids and solids, see section 67; for thermal properties of thin films, see 68.60.Dv; for nonelectronic thermal conduction, see 66.25.+g and 66.70.-f; for thermal properties of rocks and minerals, see 91.60.Ki; for thermodynamic properties of superconductors, see 74.25.Bt; see also 87.19.Pp Biothermics and thermal processes in biological physics)

- 65.20.-w Thermal properties of liquids
- 65.20.De General theory of thermodynamic properties of liquids, including computer simulation
- 65.20.Jk Studies of thermodynamic properties of specific liquids
- 65.40.-b Thermal properties of crystalline solids
- 65.40.Ba Heat capacity (for specific heat of magnetic materials, see 75.40.-s)
- 65.40.De Thermal expansion; thermomechanical effects
- 65.40.G- Other thermodynamical quantities (for magnetocaloric effect, see 75.30.Sg)
- 65.40.gd Entropy
- 65.40.gh Work functions
- 65.40.gk Electrochemical properties (for general electrochemistry, see 82.45.-h)
- 65.40.gp Surface energy (see also 68.35.Md Surface thermodynamics, surface energies in surfaces and interfaces)
- 65.60.+a Thermal properties of amorphous solids and glasses: heat capacity, thermal expansion, etc.
- 65.80.-g Thermal properties of small particles, nanocrystals, nanotubes, and other related systems
- 65.80.Ck Thermal properties of graphene
- 65.90.+i Other topics in thermal properties of condensed matter (restricted to new topics in section 65)

66. Nonelectronic transport properties of condensed matter

- 66.10.-x Diffusion and ionic conduction in liquids
- 66.10.C- Diffusion and thermal diffusion (for osmosis in biological systems, see 82.39.Wj in physical chemistry; for cellular transport, see 87.16.dp and 87.16.Uv in biological physics)
- 66.10.cd Thermal diffusion and diffusive energy transport
- 66.10.cg Mass diffusion, including self-diffusion, mutual diffusion, tracer diffusion, etc.
- 66.10.Ed Ionic conduction
- 66.20.-d Viscosity of liquids; diffusive momentum transport
- 66.20.Cy Theory and modeling of viscosity and rheological properties, including computer simulation
- 66.20.Ej Studies of viscosity and rheological properties of specific liquids
- 66.20.Gd Diffusive momentum transport
- 66.25.+g Thermal conduction in nonmetallic liquids (for thermal conduction in liquid metals, see 72.15.Cz)
- 66.30.-h Diffusion in solids (for surface and interface diffusion, see 68.35.Fx)
- 66.30.Dn Theory of diffusion and ionic conduction in solids
- 66.30.Fq Self-diffusion in metals, semimetals, and alloys
- 66.30.H- Self-diffusion and ionic conduction in nonmetals
- 66.30.hd Ionic crystals
- 66.30.hh Glasses
- 66.30.hk Polymers
- 66.30.hp Molecular crystals
- 66.30.J- Diffusion of impurities (for surface diffusion, hopping, sorption, etc., see 68.35.Fx; see section 72 for carrier diffusion and electron-hole diffusion)

66.30.je Diffusion of gases
 66.30.jj Diffusion of water
 66.30.jp Proton diffusion
 66.30.Lw Diffusion of other defects
 66.30.Ma Diffusion in quantum solids (supersolidity) (see also 67.80.dj Defects, impurities, and diffusion in quantum fluids and solids)
 66.30.Ny Chemical interdiffusion; diffusion barriers
 66.30.Pa Diffusion in nanoscale solids
 66.30.Qa Electromigration
 66.30.Xj Thermal diffusivity
 66.35.+a Quantum tunneling of defects
 66.70.-f Nonelectronic thermal conduction and heat-pulse propagation in solids; thermal waves (for electronic thermal conduction in metals and alloys, see 72.15.Cz and 72.15.Eb)
 66.70.Df Metals, alloys, and semiconductors
 66.70.Hk Glasses and polymers
 66.70.Lm Other systems such as ionic crystals, molecular crystals, nanotubes, etc.
 66.90.+r Other topics in nonelectronic transport properties of condensed matter (restricted to new topics in section 66)

67. Quantum fluids and solids (see also 05.30.-d Quantum statistical mechanics; for cryogenics, refrigerators, low-temperature detectors, and other low-temperature equipment, see 07.20.Mc; see also 47.37.+q Hydrodynamic aspects of superfluidity; quantum fluids—in fluid dynamics)

67.10.-j Quantum fluids: general properties
 67.10.Ba Boson degeneracy (for ultracold, trapped gases, see 67.85.-d)
 67.10.Db Fermion degeneracy
 67.10.Fj Quantum statistical theory
 67.10.Hk Quantum effects on the structure and dynamics of non-degenerate fluids
 67.10.Jn Transport properties and hydrodynamics
 67.25.-k ^4He
 67.25.B- Normal phase of ^4He
 67.25.bd Thermodynamic properties
 67.25.bf Transport, hydrodynamics
 67.25.bh Films and restricted geometries
 67.25.D- Superfluid phase
 67.25.de Thermodynamic properties
 67.25.dg Transport, hydrodynamics, and superflow
 67.25.dj Superfluid transition and critical phenomena
 67.25.dk Vortices and turbulence
 67.25.dm Two-fluid model; phenomenology
 67.25.dp Films
 67.25.dr Restricted geometries
 67.25.dt Sound and excitations
 67.25.du Relaxation phenomena
 67.25.dw Superfluidity in small clusters
 67.30.-n ^3He
 67.30.E- Normal phase of ^3He
 67.30.ef Thermodynamics
 67.30.eh Transport and hydrodynamics
 67.30.ej Films and restricted geometries
 67.30.em Excitations
 67.30.ep Spin polarized ^3He
 67.30.er Magnetic properties, NMR
 67.30.H- Superfluid phase of ^3He
 67.30.hb Transport, hydrodynamics, and superflow

- 67.30.he Textures and vortices
- 67.30.hj Spin dynamics
- 67.30.hm Impurities
- 67.30.hp Interfaces
- 67.30.hr Films
- 67.30.ht Restricted geometries
- 67.60.-g Mixtures of ^3He and ^4He
- 67.60.Bc Boson mixtures
- 67.60.Fp Bose-Fermi mixtures
- 67.60.G- Solutions of ^3He in liquid ^4He
- 67.60.gc Spin polarized solutions
- 67.60.gf Films
- 67.60.gj Restricted geometries
- 67.63.-r Hydrogen and isotopes
- 67.63.Cd Molecular hydrogen and isotopes
- 67.63.Gh Atomic hydrogen and isotopes
- 67.80.-s Quantum solids
- 67.80.B- Solid ^4He
- 67.80.bd Superfluidity in solid ^4He , supersolid ^4He
- 67.80.bf Liquid-solid interfaces; growth kinetics
- 67.80.D- Solid ^3He
- 67.80.de Structure, lattice dynamics and sound
- 67.80.dj Defects, impurities, and diffusion
- 67.80.dk Magnetic properties, phases, and NMR
- 67.80.dm Films
- 67.80.F- Solids of hydrogen and isotopes
- 67.80.ff Molecular hydrogen and isotopes
- 67.80.fh Atomic hydrogen and isotopes
- 67.80.K- Other supersolids
- 67.80.kb Supersolid phases on lattices
- 67.85.-d Ultracold gases, trapped gases (see also 03.75.-b Matter waves in quantum mechanics)
- 67.85.Bc Static properties of condensates
- 67.85.De Dynamic properties of condensates; excitations, and superfluid flow
- 67.85.Fg Multicomponent condensates; spinor condensates
- 67.85.Hj Bose-Einstein condensates in optical potentials
- 67.85.Jk Other Bose-Einstein condensation phenomena
- 67.85.Lm Degenerate Fermi gases
- 67.85.Pq Mixtures of Bose and Fermi gases
- 67.90.+z Other topics in quantum fluids and solids (restricted to new topics in section 67)

68. Surfaces and interfaces; thin films and nanosystems (structure and nonelectronic properties) (for surface and interface chemistry, see 82.65.+r, for surface magnetism, see 75.70.Rf)

- 68.03.-g Gas-liquid and vacuum-liquid interfaces
- 68.03.Cd Surface tension and related phenomena
- 68.03.Fg Evaporation and condensation of liquids
- 68.03.Hj Liquid surface structure: measurements and simulations
- 68.03.Kn Dynamics (capillary waves)
- 68.05.-n Liquid-liquid interfaces
- 68.05.Cf Liquid-liquid interface structure: measurements and simulations
- 68.05.Gh Interfacial properties of microemulsions
- 68.08.-p Liquid-solid interfaces
- 68.08.Bc Wetting
- 68.08.De Liquid-solid interface structure: measurements and simulations (for crystal growth from solutions and melts, see 81.10.Dn, Fq in materials)

science)

68.15.+e Liquid thin films

68.18.-g Langmuir-Blodgett films on liquids (for L-B films on solids, see 68.47.Pe)

68.18.Fg Liquid thin film structure: measurements and simulations

68.18.Jk Phase transitions in liquid thin films

68.35.-p Solid surfaces and solid-solid interfaces: structure and energetics

68.35.Af Atomic scale friction

68.35.B- Structure of clean surfaces (and surface reconstruction)

68.35.bd Metals and alloys

68.35.bg Semiconductors

68.35.bj Amorphous semiconductors, glasses

68.35.bm Polymers, organics

68.35.bp Fullerenes

68.35.bt Other materials

68.35.Ct Interface structure and roughness

68.35.Dv Composition, segregation; defects and impurities

68.35.Fx Diffusion; interface formation (see also 66.30.-h Diffusion in solids, for diffusion of adsorbates, see 68.43.Jk)

68.35.Gy Mechanical properties; surface strains (for strain induced piezoelectric fields, see 77.65.Ly; for strain effects on ferroelectric phase transitions, see 77.80.bn)

68.35.Iv Acoustical properties

68.35.Ja Surface and interface dynamics and vibrations

... .. Solid-solid interfaces: transport and optical properties, see 73.40.-c and 78.20.-e respectively

68.35.Md Surface thermodynamics, surface energies (see also 05.70.Np Interface and surface thermodynamics in statistical physics, thermodynamics and nonlinear dynamical systems; 65.40.gp Surface energy in thermal properties of condensed matter)

68.35.Np Adhesion (for polymer adhesion, see 82.35.Gh; for cell adhesion, see 87.17.Rt in biological physics)

68.35.Rh Phase transitions and critical phenomena

68.37.-d Microscopy of surfaces, interfaces, and thin films

68.37.Ef Scanning tunneling microscopy (including chemistry induced with STM)

68.37.Hk Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) (including EBIC)

68.37.Lp Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)

68.37.Ma Scanning transmission electron microscopy (STEM)

68.37.Nq Low energy electron microscopy (LEEM)

68.37.Og High-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM)

68.37.Ps Atomic force microscopy (AFM)

68.37.Rt Magnetic force microscopy (MFM)

68.37.Tj Acoustic force microscopy

68.37.Uv Near-field scanning microscopy and spectroscopy

68.37.Vj Field emission and field-ion microscopy

68.37.Xy Scanning Auger microscopy, photoelectron microscopy

68.37.Yz X-ray microscopy

68.43.-h Chemisorption/physisorption: adsorbates on surfaces

68.43.Bc Ab initio calculations of adsorbate structure and reactions (for electronic structure of adsorbates, see 73.20.Hb; for adsorbate reactions, see also 82.65.+r Surface and interface chemistry; heterogeneous catalysis at surfaces)

68.43.De Statistical mechanics of adsorbates

68.43.Fg Adsorbate structure (binding sites, geometry)

68.43.Hn Structure of assemblies of adsorbates (two- and three-dimensional clustering)

68.43.Jk Diffusion of adsorbates, kinetics of coarsening and aggregation

68.43.Mn Adsorption kinetics

68.43.Nr Desorption kinetics
 68.43.Pq Adsorbate vibrations
 68.43.Rs Electron stimulated desorption (see also 79.20.La Photon- and electron-stimulated desorption)
 68.43.Tj Photon stimulated desorption (see also 79.20.La Photon- and electron-stimulated desorption)
 68.43.Vx Thermal desorption
 68.47.-b Solid-gas/vacuum interfaces: types of surfaces
 68.47.De Metallic surfaces
 68.47.Fg Semiconductor surfaces
 68.47.Gh Oxide surfaces
 68.47.Jn Clusters on oxide surfaces
 68.47.Mn Polymer surfaces
 68.47.Pe Langmuir-Blodgett films on solids; polymers on surfaces; biological molecules on surfaces
 68.49.-h Surface characterization by particle-surface scattering (see also 34.35.+a Interactions of atoms and molecules with surfaces)
 68.49.Bc Atom scattering from surfaces (diffraction and energy transfer)
 68.49.Df Molecule scattering from surfaces (energy transfer, resonances, trapping)
 68.49.Jk Electron scattering from surfaces
 68.49.Sf Ion scattering from surfaces (charge transfer, sputtering, SIMS)
 68.49.Uv X-ray standing waves
 68.55.-a Thin film structure and morphology (for methods of thin film deposition, film growth and epitaxy, see 81.15.-z)
 68.55.A- Nucleation and growth
 68.55.ag Semiconductors
 68.55.aj Insulators
 68.55.am Polymers and organics
 68.55.ap Fullerenes
 68.55.at Other materials
 68.55.J- Morphology of films
 68.55.jd Thickness
 68.55.jm Texture
 68.55.Ln Defects and impurities: doping, implantation, distribution, concentration, etc. (for diffusion of impurities, see 66.30.J-)
 68.55.Nq Composition and phase identification
 68.60.-p Physical properties of thin films, nonelectronic
 68.60.Bs Mechanical and acoustical properties
 68.60.Dv Thermal stability; thermal effects
 68.60.Wm Other nonelectronic physical properties
 68.65.-k Low-dimensional, mesoscopic, nanoscale and other related systems: structure and nonelectronic properties (for structure of nanoscale materials, see 61.46.-w; for magnetic properties of interfaces, see 75.70.Cn; for superconducting properties, see 74.78.-w; for optical properties, see 78.67.-n; for transport properties, see 73.63.-b; for thermal properties of nanocrystals and nanotubes, see 65.80.-g; for mechanical properties of nanoscale systems, see 62.25.-g)
 Growth of low-dimensional structures, see 81.16.-c
 68.65.Ac Multilayers
 68.65.Cd Superlattices
 68.65.Fg Quantum wells
 68.65.Hb Quantum dots (patterned in quantum wells)
 68.65.La Quantum wires (patterned in quantum wells)
 68.65.Pq Graphene films
 68.70.+w Whiskers and dendrites (growth, structure, and nonelectronic properties)
 68.90.+g Other topics in structure, and nonelectronic properties of surfaces and

interfaces; thin films and low-dimensional structures (restricted to new topics in section 68)

70. CONDENSED MATTER: ELECTRONIC STRUCTURE, ELECTRICAL, MAGNETIC, AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES

71. Electronic structure of bulk materials (see section 73 for electronic structure of surfaces, interfaces, low-dimensional structures, and nanomaterials; for electronic structure of superconductors, see 74.25.Jb)

- 71.10.-w Theories and models of many-electron systems
- 71.10.Ay Fermi-liquid theory and other phenomenological models
- 71.10.Ca Electron gas, Fermi gas
- 71.10.Fd Lattice fermion models (Hubbard model, etc.)
- 71.10.Hf Non-Fermi-liquid ground states, electron phase diagrams and phase transitions in model systems
- 71.10.Li Excited states and pairing interactions in model systems
- 71.10.Pm Fermions in reduced dimensions (anyons, composite fermions, Luttinger liquid, etc.) (for anyon mechanism in superconductors, see 74.20.Mn)
- 71.15.-m Methods of electronic structure calculations (see also 31.15.-p Calculations and mathematical techniques in atomic and molecular physics; for electronic structure calculations of superconducting materials, see 74.20.Pq)
- 71.15.Ap Basis sets (LCAO, plane-wave, APW, etc.) and related methodology (scattering methods, ASA, linearized methods, etc.)
- 71.15.Dx Computational methodology (Brillouin zone sampling, iterative diagonalization, pseudopotential construction)
- 71.15.Mb Density functional theory, local density approximation, gradient and other corrections
- 71.15.Nc Total energy and cohesive energy calculations
- 71.15.Pd Molecular dynamics calculations (Car-Parrinello) and other numerical simulations
- 71.15.Qe Excited states: methodology (see also 71.10.Li Excited states and pairing interactions in model systems)
- 71.15.Rf Relativistic effects [see also 31.30.J- Relativistic and quantum electrodynamic (QED) effects in atoms, molecules, and ions]
- 71.18.+y Fermi surface: calculations and measurements; effective mass, g factor
- 71.20.-b Electron density of states and band structure of crystalline solids
- 71.20.Be Transition metals and alloys
- 71.20.Dg Alkali and alkaline earth metals
- 71.20.Eh Rare earth metals and alloys
- 71.20.Gj Other metals and alloys
- 71.20.Lp Intermetallic compounds
- 71.20.Mq Elemental semiconductors
- 71.20.Nr Semiconductor compounds
- 71.20.Ps Other inorganic compounds
- 71.20.Rv Polymers and organic compounds
- 71.20.Tx Fullerenes and related materials; intercalation compounds
- Photonic band-gap materials, see 42.70.Qs
- 71.22.+i Electronic structure of liquid metals and semiconductors and their alloys
- 71.23.-k Electronic structure of disordered solids
- 71.23.An Theories and models; localized states
- 71.23.Cq Amorphous semiconductors, metallic glasses, glasses
- 71.23.Ft Quasicrystals
- 71.27.+a Strongly correlated electron systems; heavy fermions
- 71.28.+d Narrow-band systems; intermediate-valence solids (for magnetic aspects, see 75.20.Hr and 75.30.Mb in magnetic properties and

materials)

71.30.+h Metal-insulator transitions and other electronic transitions

71.35.-y Excitons and related phenomena

71.35.Aa Frenkel excitons and self-trapped excitons

71.35.Cc Intrinsic properties of excitons; optical absorption spectra

71.35.Ee Electron-hole drops and electron-hole plasma

71.35.Gg Exciton-mediated interactions

71.35.Ji Excitons in magnetic fields; magnetoexcitons

71.35.Lk Collective effects (Bose effects, phase space filling, and excitonic phase transitions)

71.35.Pq Charged excitons (trions)

71.36.+c Polaritons (including photon-phonon and photon-magnon interactions)

71.38.-k Polarons and electron-phonon interactions (see also 63.20.K- Phonon interactions in lattice dynamics)

71.38.Cn Mass renormalization in metals

71.38.Fp Large or Fröhlich polarons

71.38.Ht Self-trapped or small polarons

71.38.Mx Bipolarons

71.45.-d Collective effects

71.45.Gm Exchange, correlation, dielectric and magnetic response functions, plasmons

71.45.Lr Charge-density-wave systems (see also 75.30.Fv Spin-density waves)

71.55.-i Impurity and defect levels

71.55.Ak Metals, semimetals, and alloys

71.55.Cn Elemental semiconductors

71.55.Eq III-V semiconductors

71.55.Gs II-VI semiconductors

71.55.Ht Other nonmetals

71.55.Jv Disordered structures; amorphous and glassy solids

71.60.+z Positron states (for positron annihilation, see 78.70.Bj)

71.70.-d Level splitting and interactions (see also 73.20.-r Surface and interface electron states; 75.30.Et Exchange and superexchange interactions)

71.70.Ch Crystal and ligand fields

71.70.Di Landau levels

71.70.Ej Spin-orbit coupling, Zeeman and Stark splitting, Jahn-Teller effect

71.70.Fk Strain-induced splitting

71.70.Gm Exchange interactions

71.70.Jp Nuclear states and interactions

71.90.+q Other topics in electronic structure (restricted to new topics in section 71)

72. Electronic transport in condensed matter (for electronic transport in surfaces, interfaces, and thin films, see section 73; for electrical properties related to treatment conditions, see 81.40.Rs; for transport properties of superconductors, see 74.25.F-; for electrical properties of tissues and organs, see 87.19.R- in biological physics)

72.10.-d Theory of electronic transport; scattering mechanisms

72.10.Bg General formulation of transport theory

72.10.Di Scattering by phonons, magnons, and other nonlocalized excitations (see also 71.45.-d Collective effects in electronic structure of bulk materials)

72.10.Fk Scattering by point defects, dislocations, surfaces, and other imperfections (including Kondo effect)

72.15.-v Electronic conduction in metals and alloys

72.15.Cz Electrical and thermal conduction in amorphous and liquid metals and alloys

- 72.15.Eb Electrical and thermal conduction in crystalline metals and alloys
 - 72.15.Gd Galvanomagnetic and other magnetotransport effects (see also 75.47.-m Magnetotransport phenomena; materials for magnetotransport)
 - 72.15.Jf Thermoelectric and thermomagnetic effects
 - 72.15.Lh Relaxation times and mean free paths
 - 72.15.Nj Collective modes (e.g., in one-dimensional conductors)
 - 72.15.Qm Scattering mechanisms and Kondo effect (see also 75.20.Hr Local moments in compounds and alloys; Kondo effect, valence fluctuations, heavy fermions in magnetic properties and materials)
 - 72.15.Rn Localization effects (Anderson or weak localization)
 - 72.20.-i Conductivity phenomena in semiconductors and insulators (see also 66.70.-f Nonelectronic thermal conduction and heat-pulse propagation in solids; thermal waves)
 - 72.20.Dp General theory, scattering mechanisms
 - 72.20.Ee Mobility edges; hopping transport
 - 72.20.Fr Low-field transport and mobility; piezoresistance
 - 72.20.Ht High-field and nonlinear effects
 - 72.20.Jv Charge carriers: generation, recombination, lifetime, and trapping
 - 72.20.My Galvanomagnetic and other magnetotransport effects
 - 72.20.Pa Thermoelectric and thermomagnetic effects
 - 72.25.-b Spin polarized transport (for spin polarized transport devices, see 85.75.-d)
 - 72.25.Ba Spin polarized transport in metals
 - 72.25.Dc Spin polarized transport in semiconductors
 - 72.25.Fe Optical creation of spin polarized carriers
 - 72.25.Hg Electrical injection of spin polarized carriers
 - 72.25.Mk Spin transport through interfaces
 - 72.25.Pn Current-driven spin pumping
 - 72.25.Rb Spin relaxation and scattering
 - 72.30.+q High-frequency effects; plasma effects
 - 72.40.+w Photoconduction and photovoltaic effects
 - 72.50.+b Acoustoelectric effects
 - 72.55.+s Magnetoacoustic effects (see also 75.80.+q Magnetomechanical effects, magnetostriction)
 - 72.60.+g Mixed conductivity and conductivity transitions
 - 72.70.+m Noise processes and phenomena
 - 72.80.-r Conductivity of specific materials (for conductivity of metals and alloys, see 72.15.-v)
 - 72.80.Cw Elemental semiconductors
 - 72.80.Ey III-V and II-VI semiconductors
 - 72.80.Ga Transition-metal compounds
 - 72.80.Jc Other crystalline inorganic semiconductors
 - 72.80.Le Polymers; organic compounds (including organic semiconductors)
 - 72.80.Ng Disordered solids
 - 72.80.Ph Liquid semiconductors
 - 72.80.Rj Fullerenes and related materials
 - 72.80.Sk Insulators
 - 72.80.Tm Composite materials
 - 72.80.Vp Electronic transport in graphene
 - 72.90.+y Other topics in electronic transport in condensed matter (restricted to new topics in section 72)
- 73. Electronic structure and electrical properties of surfaces, interfaces, thin films, and low-dimensional structures (for electronic structure and electrical properties of superconducting films and low-dimensional structures, see 74.78.-w; for computational methodology for electronic structure calculations in condensed matter, see 71.15.-m)**

73.20.-r Electron states at surfaces and interfaces
 73.20.At Surface states, band structure, electron density of states
 73.20.Fz Weak or Anderson localization
 73.20.Hb Impurity and defect levels; energy states of adsorbed species
 73.20.Jc Delocalization processes
 73.20.Mf Collective excitations (including excitons, polarons, plasmons and other charge-density excitations) (for collective excitations in quantum Hall effects, see 73.43.Lp)
 73.20.Qt Electron solids
 73.21.-b Electron states and collective excitations in multilayers, quantum wells, mesoscopic, and nanoscale systems (for electron states in nanoscale materials, see 73.22.-f)
 73.21.Ac Multilayers
 73.21.Cd Superlattices
 73.21.Fg Quantum wells
 73.21.Hb Quantum wires
 73.21.La Quantum dots
 73.22.-f Electronic structure of nanoscale materials and related systems
 73.22.Dj Single particle states
 73.22.Gk Broken symmetry phases
 73.22.Lp Collective excitations
 73.22.Pr Electronic structure of graphene
 73.23.-b Electronic transport in mesoscopic systems
 73.23.Ad Ballistic transport
 73.23.Hk Coulomb blockade; single-electron tunneling
 73.23.Ra Persistent currents
 73.25.+i Surface conductivity and carrier phenomena
 73.30.+y Surface double layers, Schottky barriers, and work functions (see also 82.45.Mp Thin layers, films, monolayers, membranes in electrochemistry; see also 87.16.D- Membranes, bilayers, and vesicles in biological physics)
 73.40.-c Electronic transport in interface structures
 73.40.Cg Contact resistance, contact potential
 73.40.Ei Rectification
 73.40.Gk Tunneling (for tunneling in quantum Hall effects, see 73.43.Jn)
 73.40.Jn Metal-to-metal contacts
 73.40.Kp III-V semiconductor-to-semiconductor contacts, p-n junctions, and heterojunctions
 73.40.Lq Other semiconductor-to-semiconductor contacts, p-n junctions, and heterojunctions
 73.40.Mr Semiconductor-electrolyte contacts
 73.40.Ns Metal-nonmetal contacts
 73.40.Qv Metal-insulator-semiconductor structures (including semiconductor-to-insulator)
 73.40.Rw Metal-insulator-metal structures
 73.40.Sx Metal-semiconductor-metal structures
 73.40.Ty Semiconductor-insulator-semiconductor structures
 73.40.Vz Semiconductor-metal-semiconductor structures
 73.43.-f Quantum Hall effects
 73.43.Cd Theory and modeling
 73.43.Fj Novel experimental methods; measurements
 73.43.Jn Tunneling
 73.43.Lp Collective excitations
 73.43.Nq Quantum phase transitions (see also 64.70.Tg Quantum phase transitions in equations of state, phase equilibria and phase transitions)
 73.43.Qt Magnetoresistance (see also 75.47.-m Magnetotransport phenomena; materials for magnetotransport in magnetic properties and materials)
 73.50.-h Electronic transport phenomena in thin films (for electronic transport

- in mesoscopic systems, see 73.23.-b; see also 73.40.-c Electronic transport in interface structures; for electronic transport in nanoscale materials and structures, see 73.63.-b)
- 73.50.Bk General theory, scattering mechanisms
- 73.50.Dn Low-field transport and mobility; piezoresistance
- 73.50.Fq High-field and nonlinear effects
- 73.50.Gr Charge carriers: generation, recombination, lifetime, trapping, mean free paths
- 73.50.Jt Galvanomagnetic and other magnetotransport effects (including thermomagnetic effects)
- 73.50.Lw Thermoelectric effects
- 73.50.Mx High-frequency effects; plasma effects
- 73.50.Pz Photoconduction and photovoltaic effects
- 73.50.Rb Acoustoelectric and magnetoacoustic effects
- 73.50.Td Noise processes and phenomena
- 73.61.-r Electrical properties of specific thin films (for optical properties of thin films, see 78.20.-e and 78.66.-w; for magnetic properties of thin films, see 75.70.-i)
- 73.61.At Metal and metallic alloys
- 73.61.Cw Elemental semiconductors
- 73.61.Ey III-V semiconductors
- 73.61.Ga II-VI semiconductors
- 73.61.Jc Amorphous semiconductors; glasses
- 73.61.Le Other inorganic semiconductors
- 73.61.Ng Insulators
- 73.61.Ph Polymers; organic compounds
- 73.61.Wp Fullerenes and related materials
- 73.63.-b Electronic transport in nanoscale materials and structures (see also 73.23.-b Electronic transport in mesoscopic systems)
- 73.63.Bd Nanocrystalline materials
- 73.63.Fg Nanotubes
- 73.63.Hs Quantum wells
- 73.63.Kv Quantum dots
- 73.63.Nm Quantum wires
- 73.63.Rt Nanoscale contacts
- 73.90.+f Other topics in electronic structure and electrical properties of surfaces, interfaces, thin films, and low-dimensional structures (Restricted to new topics in section 73)

74. Superconductivity (for superconducting devices, see 85.25.-j)

- 74.10.+v Occurrence, potential candidates
- 74.20.-z Theories and models of superconducting state
- 74.20.De Phenomenological theories (two-fluid, Ginzburg-Landau, etc.)
- 74.20.Fg BCS theory and its development
- 74.20.Mn Nonconventional mechanisms
- 74.20.Pq Electronic structure calculations (for methods of electronic structure calculations, see 71.15.-m)
- 74.20.Rp Pairing symmetries (other than s-wave)
- 74.25.-q Properties of superconductors
- 74.25.Bt Thermodynamic properties
- 74.25.Dw Superconductivity phase diagrams
- 74.25.F- Transport properties
- 74.25.fc Electric and thermal conductivity
- 74.25.fg Thermoelectric effects
- 74.25.Gz Optical properties
- 74.25.Ha Magnetic properties including vortex structures and related phenomena (for vortices, magnetic bubbles, and magnetic domain structure, see

75. 70. Kw) Electronic structure (photoemission, etc.)

74. 25. Jb Phonons

74. 25. Kc Mechanical and acoustical properties, elasticity, and ultrasonic attenuation (see also 43. 35. Cg Ultrasonic velocity, dispersion, scattering, diffraction, and attenuation in solids; elastic constants—in Acoustics Appendix)

74. 25. Ld Response to electromagnetic fields

74. 25. N– Raman and optical spectroscopy

74. 25. nd Nuclear magnetic resonance

74. 25. nj Surface impedance

74. 25. nn Mixed states, critical fields, and surface sheaths

74. 25. Op Critical currents

74. 25. Sv Vortex phases (includes vortex lattices, vortex liquids, and vortex glasses)

74. 25. Wx Vortex pinning (includes mechanisms and flux creep)

74. 40. –n Fluctuation phenomena

74. 40. De Noise and chaos (see also 05. 45. –a Nonlinear dynamics and chaos; for noise in general studies of fluctuation phenomena, see 05. 40. Ca)

74. 40. Gh Nonequilibrium superconductivity

74. 40. Kb Quantum critical phenomena

74. 45. +c Proximity effects; Andreev reflection; SN and SNS junctions

74. 50. +r Tunneling phenomena; Josephson effects (for SQUIDs, see 85. 25. Dq; for Josephson devices, see 85. 25. Cp; for Josephson junction arrays, see 74. 81. Fa)

74. 55. +v Tunneling phenomena: single particle tunneling and STM

74. 62. –c Transition temperature variations, phase diagrams

74. 62. Bf Effects of material synthesis, crystal structure, and chemical composition (for methods of materials synthesis, see 81. 20. –n)

74. 62. Dh Effects of crystal defects, doping and substitution (for specific crystal defects, see 61. 72. –y)

74. 62. En Effects of disorder

74. 62. Fj Effects of pressure

74. 62. Yb Other effects

74. 70. –b Superconducting materials other than cuprates (for cuprates, see 74. 72. –h; for superconducting films, see 74. 78. –w)

74. 70. Ad Metals; alloys and binary compounds (including Al₅, MgB₂, etc.)

74. 70. Dd Ternary, quaternary, and multinary compounds (including Chevrel phases, borocarbides, etc.)

74. 70. Kn Organic superconductors

74. 70. Pq Ruthenates

74. 70. Tx Heavy-fermion superconductors (for heavy-fermion systems in magnetically ordered materials, see 75. 30. Mb; see also 71. 27. +a Strongly correlated electron systems, heavy fermions)

74. 70. Wz Carbon-based superconductors

74. 70. Xa Pnictides and chalcogenides

74. 72. –h Cuprate superconductors

74. 72. Cj Insulating parent compounds

74. 72. Ek Electron-doped

74. 72. Gh Hole-doped

74. 72. Kf Pseudogap regime

74. 78. –w Superconducting films and low-dimensional structures

74. 78. Fk Multilayers, superlattices, heterostructures

74. 78. Na Mesoscopic and nanoscale systems

74. 81. –g Inhomogeneous superconductors and superconducting systems, including electronic inhomogeneities

74. 81. Bd Granular, melt-textured, amorphous, and composite superconductors

74. 81. Fa Josephson junction arrays and wire networks (see also 85. 25. Cp)

- Josephson devices)
- 74.90.+n Other topics in superconductivity (restricted to new topics in section 74)
- 75. Magnetic properties and materials (for magnetic properties of quantum solids, see 67.80.dk; for magnetic properties related to treatment conditions, see 81.40.Rs; for magnetic properties of superconductors, see 74.25.Ha; for magnetic properties of rocks and minerals, see 91.60.Pn; for magnetic properties of nanostructures, see 75.75.-c; for magnetic devices, see 85.70.-w; for magnetoelectronics and spintronics, see 85.75.-d)**
- 75.10.-b General theory and models of magnetic ordering (see also 05.50.+q Lattice theory and statistics)
- 75.10.Dg Crystal-field theory and spin Hamiltonians (see also 71.70.Ch Crystal and ligand fields)
- 75.10.Hk Classical spin models
- 75.10.Jm Quantized spin models, including quantum spin frustration
- 75.10.Kt Quantum spin liquids, valence bond phases and related phenomena
- 75.10.Lp Band and itinerant models
- 75.10.Nr Spin-glass and other random models (for spin glasses and other random magnets, see 75.50.Lk)
- 75.10.Pq Spin chain models
- 75.20.-g Diamagnetism, paramagnetism, and superparamagnetism
- 75.20.Ck Nonmetals
- 75.20.En Metals and alloys
- 75.20.Hr Local moment in compounds and alloys; Kondo effect, valence fluctuations, heavy fermions (for Kondo effect and scattering mechanisms in electronic conduction, see 72.15.Qm and 72.10.Fk)
- 75.25.-j Spin arrangements in magnetically ordered materials (including neutron and spin-polarized electron studies, synchrotron-source x-ray scattering, etc.) (for devices exploiting spin polarized transport, see 85.75.-d)
- 75.25.Dk Orbital, charge, and other orders, including coupling of these orders
- 75.30.-m Intrinsic properties of magnetically ordered materials (for critical point effects, see 75.40.-s; for magnetotransport phenomena, see 75.47.-m)
- 75.30.Cr Saturation moments and magnetic susceptibilities
- 75.30.Ds Spin waves (for spin-wave resonance, see 76.50.+g)
- 75.30.Et Exchange and superexchange interactions (see also 71.70.Gm Exchange interactions)
- 75.30.Fv Spin-density waves
- 75.30.Gw Magnetic anisotropy
- 75.30.Hx Magnetic impurity interactions
- 75.30.Kz Magnetic phase boundaries (including classical and quantum magnetic transitions, metamagnetism, etc.) (for ferroelectric phase transitions, see 77.80.B-; for superconductivity phase diagrams, see 74.25.Dw)
- 75.30.Mb Valence fluctuation, Kondo lattice, and heavy-fermion phenomena (see also 71.27.+a Strongly correlated electron systems, heavy fermions; for heavy-fermion superconductors, see 74.70.Tx)
- 75.30.Sg Magnetocaloric effect, magnetic cooling (for cryogenics, see 07.20.Mc)
- 75.30.Wx Spin crossover
- 75.40.-s Critical-point effects, specific heats, short-range order (for equilibrium properties near critical points, see 64.60.F-; for dynamical critical phenomena, see 64.60.Ht)
- 75.40.Cx Static properties (order parameter, static susceptibility, heat capacities, critical exponents, etc.)
- 75.40.Gb Dynamic properties (dynamic susceptibility, spin waves, spin diffusion, dynamic scaling, etc.)

75.40. Mg Numerical simulation studies
 75.45. +j Macroscopic quantum phenomena in magnetic systems
 75.47. -m Magnetotransport phenomena; materials for magnetotransport (for spintronics, see 85.75. -d; see also 72.25. -b Spin polarized transport; 72.15. Gd Galvanomagnetic and other magnetotransport effects; for magnetotransport effects in thin films, see 73.50. Jt; see also 73.43. Qt Magnetoresistance)
 75.47. De Giant magnetoresistance
 75.47. Gk Colossal magnetoresistance
 75.47. Lx Magnetic oxides
 75.47. Np Metals and alloys
 75.47. Pq Other materials
 75.50. -y Studies of specific magnetic materials
 75.50. Bb Fe and its alloys
 75.50. Cc Other ferromagnetic metals and alloys
 75.50. Dd Nonmetallic ferromagnetic materials
 75.50. Ee Antiferromagnetics
 75.50. Gg Ferrimagnetics
 75.50. Kj Amorphous and quasicrystalline magnetic materials
 75.50. Lk Spin glasses and other random magnets
 75.50. Mm Magnetic liquids
 75.50. Pp Magnetic semiconductors
 75.50. Ss Magnetic recording materials (for magnetic recording devices, see 85.70. Li)
 75.50. Tt Fine-particle systems; nanocrystalline materials
 75.50. Vv High coercivity materials
 75.50. Ww Permanent magnets (for magnets, see 07.55. Db in instruments)
 75.50. Xx Molecular magnets
 75.60. -d Domain effects, magnetization curves, and hysteresis (for dynamics of domain structures, see 75.78. Fg)
 75.60. Ch Domain walls and domain structure (for magnetic bubbles and vortices, see 75.70. Kw)
 75.60. Ej Magnetization curves, hysteresis, Barkhausen and related effects (for hysteresis in ferroelectricity, see 77.80. Dj)
 75.60. Jk Magnetization reversal mechanisms
 75.60. Lr Magnetic aftereffects
 75.60. Nt Magnetic annealing and temperature-hysteresis effects
 75.70. -i Magnetic properties of thin films, surfaces, and interfaces (for magnetic properties of nanostructures, see 75.75. -c)
 75.70. Ak Magnetic properties of monolayers and thin films
 75.70. Cn Magnetic properties of interfaces (multilayers, superlattices, heterostructures)
 75.70. Kw Domain structure (including magnetic bubbles and vortices) (for domain structure in ferroelectricity and antiferroelectricity, see 77.80. Dj)
 75.70. Rf Surface magnetism
 75.70. Tj Spin-orbit effects (see also 71.70. Ej Spin-orbit coupling, Zeeman and Stark splitting, Jahn-Teller effect)
 75.75. -c Magnetic properties of nanostructures
 75.75. Cd Fabrication of magnetic nanostructures (see also 81.16. -c Methods of micro- and nanofabrication and processing, and 81.07. -b Nanoscale materials and structures: fabrication and characterization)
 75.75. Fk Domain structures in nanoparticles
 75.75. Jn Dynamics of magnetic nanoparticles
 75.75. Lf Electronic structure of magnetic nanoparticles
 75.76. +j Spin transport effects (for devices exploiting spin polarized transport, see 85.75. Hh, 85.75. Mm, and 85.75. Ss)
 75.78. -n Magnetization dynamics
 75.78. Cd Micromagnetic simulations

- 75.78.Fg Dynamics of domain structures
- 75.78.Jp Ultrafast magnetization dynamics and switching (for switching phenomena in ferroelectrics, see 77.80.Fm; for ultrafast spectroscopy, see 78.47.J-; for ultrafast processes in optics, see 42.65.Re)
- 75.80.+q Magnetomechanical effects, magnetostriction (for magnetostrictive devices, see 85.70.Ec)
- Galvanomagnetic effects, see 72.15.Gd and 72.20.My
- Magneto-optical effects, see 78.20.Ls
- 75.85.+t Magnetoelectric effects, multiferroics (for multiferroics and magnetoelectric films, see 77.55.Nv)
- 75.90.+w Other topics in magnetic properties and materials (restricted to new topics in section 75)

76. Magnetic resonances and relaxations in condensed matter, Mössbauer effect (for magnetic resonance spectrometers, see 07.57.Pt)

- 76.20.+q General theory of resonances and relaxations
- 76.30.-v Electron paramagnetic resonance and relaxation (see also 33.35.+r Electron resonance and relaxation in atomic and molecular physics; 87.80.Lg Magnetic and paramagnetic resonance in biological physics)
- 76.30.Da Ions and impurities: general
- 76.30.Fc Iron group (3d) ions and impurities (Ti-Cu)
- 76.30.He Platinum and palladium group (4d and 5d) ions and impurities (Zr-Ag and Hf-Au)
- 76.30.Kg Rare-earth ions and impurities
- 76.30.Lh Other ions and impurities
- 76.30.Mi Color centers and other defects
- 76.30.Pk Conduction electrons
- 76.30.Rn Free radicals
- 76.40.+b Diamagnetic and cyclotron resonances
- 76.50.+g Ferromagnetic, antiferromagnetic, and ferrimagnetic resonances; spin-wave resonance (see also 75.30.Ds Spin waves)
- 76.60.-k Nuclear magnetic resonance and relaxation (see also 33.25.+k Nuclear resonance and relaxation in atomic and molecular physics and 82.56.-b Nuclear magnetic resonance in physical chemistry and chemical physics; for structure determination using magnetic resonance techniques, see 61.05.Qr; for biophysical applications, see 87.80.Lg; for NMR in superconducting materials, see 74.25.nj)
- 76.60.Cq Chemical and Knight shifts
- 76.60.Es Relaxation effects
- 76.60.Gv Quadrupole resonance
- 76.60.Jx Effects of internal magnetic fields
- 76.60.Lz Spin echoes
- 76.60.Pc NMR imaging (for medical NMR imaging, see 87.61.-c)
- 76.70.-r Magnetic double resonances and cross effects (see also 33.40.+f Multiple resonances in atomic and molecular physics)
- 76.70.Dx Electron-nuclear double resonance (ENDOR), electron double resonance (ELDOR)
- 76.70.Fz Double nuclear magnetic resonance (DNMR), dynamical nuclear polarization
- 76.70.Hb Optically detected magnetic resonance (ODMR)
- 76.75.+i Muon spin rotation and relaxation
- 76.80.+y Mössbauer effect; other γ -ray spectroscopy (see also 33.45.+x Mössbauer spectra—in atomic and molecular physics; for biophysical applications, see 87.64.kx; for chemical analysis applications, see 82.80.Ej)
- 76.90.+d Other topics in magnetic resonances and relaxations (restricted to new topics in section 76)

- 77. Dielectrics, piezoelectrics, and ferroelectrics and their properties (for conductivity phenomena, see 72.20.-i and 72.80.-r; for dielectric properties related to treatment conditions, see 81.40.Tv)**
- 77.22.-d Dielectric properties of solids and liquids (for dielectric properties of tissues and organs, see 87.19.rf)
 - 77.22.Ch Permittivity (dielectric function) (for low-permittivity dielectric films, see 77.55.Bh; for high-permittivity gate dielectric films, 77.55.D-)
 - 77.22.Ej Polarization and depolarization
 - 77.22.Gm Dielectric loss and relaxation
 - 77.22.Jp Dielectric breakdown and space-charge effects (for dielectric breakdown in gases, see 51.50.+v)
 - 77.55.-g Dielectric thin films (see also 85.50.-n Dielectric, ferroelectric, and piezoelectric devices; for microelectronics applications, see 85.40.-e; for methods of film deposition, see 81.15.-z)
 - 77.55.Bh Low-permittivity dielectric films
 - 77.55.D- High-permittivity gate dielectric films
 - 77.55.df For silicon electronics
 - 77.55.dj For nonsilicon electronics (Ge, III-V, II-VI, organic electronics)
 - 77.55.F- High-permittivity capacitive films
 - 77.55.fb Paraelectric films
 - 77.55.fe BaTiO₃-based films
 - 77.55.fg Pb(Zr,Ti)O₃-based films
 - 77.55.fj Niobate- and tantalate-based films
 - 77.55.fp Other ferroelectric films
 - 77.55.H- Piezoelectric and electrostrictive films
 - 77.55.hd AlN
 - 77.55.hf ZnO
 - 77.55.hj PZT
 - 77.55.hn Other piezoelectric or electrostrictive films
 - 77.55.Kt Pyroelectric films
 - 77.55.Nv Multiferroic/magnetoelectric films
 - 77.55.Px Epitaxial and superlattice films
 - 77.65.-j Piezoelectricity and electromechanical effects
 - 77.65.Bn Piezoelectric and electrostrictive constants
 - 77.65.Dq Acoustoelectric effects and surface acoustic waves (SAW) in piezoelectrics (see also 43.35.Pt Surface waves in solids and liquids—in Acoustics Appendix; for surface acoustic wave transducers, see 43.38.Rh—in Acoustics Appendix; for acousto-optical effects, see 78.20.hb, and 43.35.Sx—in Acoustics Appendix)
 - 77.65.Fs Electromechanical resonance; quartz resonators
 - 77.65.Ly Strain-induced piezoelectric fields
 - 77.70.+a Pyroelectric and electrocaloric effects
 - 77.80.-e Ferroelectricity and antiferroelectricity
 - 77.80.B- Phase transitions and Curie point (for Curie point in ferromagnetic materials, see 75.30.Kz)
 - 77.80.bg Compositional effects
 - 77.80.bj Scaling effects
 - 77.80.bn Strain and interface effects
 - 77.80.Dj Domain structure; hysteresis (for domain structure and hysteresis in ferromagnetic materials, see 75.60.-d)
 - 77.80.Fm Switching phenomena (for ultrafast magnetization dynamics and switching, see 75.78.Jp; for spintronics, see 85.75.-d)
 - 77.80.Jk Relaxor ferroelectrics
 - 77.84.-s Dielectric, piezoelectric, ferroelectric, and antiferroelectric materials (for nonlinear optical materials, see 42.70.Mp; for

- dielectric materials in electrochemistry, see 82.45.Un)
- 77.84.Bw Elements, oxides, nitrides, borides, carbides, chalcogenides, etc.
- 77.84.Cg PZT ceramics and other titanates
- 77.84.Ek Niobates and tantalates
- 77.84.Fa KDP- and TGS-type crystals
- 77.84.Jd Polymers; organic compounds
- 77.84.Lf Composite materials
- 77.84.Nh Liquids, emulsions, and suspensions; liquid crystals (for structure of liquid crystals, see 61.30.-v)
- 77.90.+k Other topics in dielectrics, piezoelectrics, and ferroelectrics and their properties (restricted to new topics in section 77)

78. Optical properties, condensed-matter spectroscopy and other interactions of radiation and particles with condensed matter

- 78.15.+e Optical properties of fluid materials, supercritical fluids and liquid crystals (for reactions in supercritical fluids, see 82.33.De)
- 78.20.-e Optical properties of bulk materials and thin films (for optical properties related to materials treatment, see 81.40.Tv; for optical materials, see 42.70-a; for optical properties of superconductors, see 74.25.Gz; for optical properties of rocks and minerals, see 91.60.Mk; for optical properties of specific thin films, see 78.66.-w)
- 78.20.Bh Theory, models, and numerical simulation
- 78.20.Ci Optical constants (including refractive index, complex dielectric constant, absorption, reflection and transmission coefficients, emissivity)
- 78.20.Ek Optical activity
- 78.20.Fm Birefringence
- 78.20.H- Piezo-, elasto-optical effects (for piezoelectric and electromechanical effects, see 77.65.-j)
- 78.20.hb Piezo-optical, elasto-optical, acousto-optical, and photoelastic effects (see also 43.35.Sx Acousto-optical effects, optoacoustics, acoustical visualization, acoustical microscopy, and acoustical holography—in Acoustics Appendix; for acousto-optical devices, see 42.79.Jq, and 43.38.Zp—in Acoustics Appendix)
- 78.20.hc Laser ultrasonics
- 78.20.Jq Electro-optical effects (for electro-optical modulators, see 42.79.Hp)
- 78.20.Ls Magneto-optical effects (for magneto-optical devices, see 85.70.Sq)
- 78.20.Mg Photorefractive effects (see also 42.65.Hw Phase conjugation; photorefractive and Kerr effects; for photorefractive materials, see 42.70.Nq in Optics)
- 78.20.N- Thermo-optic effects
- 78.20.nb Photothermal effects (for deep-level photothermal spectroscopy, see 79.10.Ca)
- 78.20.nc Photopyroelectric effects (for pyroelectric effects, see 77.70.+a)
- 78.20.nd Thermophotonic effects (see also 79.10.-n Thermoelectronic phenomena)
- 78.20.Pa Photoacoustic effects (see also 78.20.hb Piezo-optical, elasto-optical, acousto-optical, and photoelastic effects; for photoacoustic transducers, see 43.38.Zp—in Acoustics Appendix)
- 78.30.-j Infrared and Raman spectra (for vibrational states in crystals and disordered systems, see 63.20.-e and 63.50.-x, respectively; for Raman spectra of superconductors, see 74.25.nd)
- 78.30.Am Elemental semiconductors and insulators
- 78.30.C- Liquids
- 78.30.cb Organic liquids
- 78.30.cc Inorganic liquids
- 78.30.cd Solutions and ionic liquids
- 78.30.Er Solid metals and alloys

78.30.Fs III-V and II-VI semiconductors
 78.30.Hv Other nonmetallic inorganics
 78.30.Jw Organic compounds, polymers
 78.30.Ly Disordered solids
 78.30.Na Fullerenes and related materials
 78.35.+c Brillouin and Rayleigh scattering; other light scattering (for Raman scattering, see 78.30.-j; for time resolved light scattering spectroscopy, see 78.47.je)
 78.40.-q Absorption and reflection spectra: visible and ultraviolet (for infrared spectra, see 78.30.-j; for optical spectra of superconductors, see 74.25.nd; for time resolved reflection spectroscopy, see 78.47.jg; for multiphoton absorption, see 79.20.Ws in impact phenomena)
 78.40.Dw Liquids
 78.40.Fy Semiconductors
 78.40.Ha Other nonmetallic inorganics
 78.40.Kc Metals, semimetals, and alloys
 78.40.Me Organic compounds and polymers
 78.40.Pg Disordered solids
 78.40.Ri Fullerenes and related materials
 78.45.+h Stimulated emission (see also 42.55.-f Lasers)
 78.47.-p Spectroscopy of solid state dynamics
 78.47.D- Time resolved spectroscopy (>1 psec)
 78.47.da Excited states
 78.47.db Conduction electrons
 78.47.dc Radicals
 78.47.J- Ultrafast spectroscopy (<1 psec) (see also 42.65.Re Ultrafast processes; optical pulse generation and pulse compression; 82.53.Mj Femtosecond probing of semiconductor nanostructures)
 78.47.jb Transient absorption (see also 42.50.Md Optical transient phenomena: quantum beats, photon echo, free-induction decay, dephasings and revivals, optical nutation, and self-induced transparency)
 78.47.jd Time resolved luminescence
 78.47.je Time resolved light scattering spectroscopy
 78.47.jf Photon echoes (see also 42.50.Md Optical transient phenomena: quantum beats, photon echo, free-induction decay, dephasings and revivals, optical nutation, and self-induced transparency)
 78.47.jg Time resolved reflection spectroscopy
 78.47.jh Coherent nonlinear optical spectroscopy (see also 42.62.Fi Laser spectroscopy, and 42.65.-k Nonlinear optics)
 78.47.jj Transient grating spectroscopy
 78.47.jm Quantum beats (see also 42.50.Md Optical transient phenomena: quantum beats, photon echo, free-induction decay, dephasings and revivals, optical nutation, and self-induced transparency)
 78.47.jp Optical nutation (see also 42.50.Md Optical transient phenomena: quantum beats, photon echo, free-induction decay, dephasings and revivals, optical nutation, and self-induced transparency)
 78.47.js Free polarization decay
 78.47.N- High resolution nonlinear optical spectroscopy (see also 42.62.Fi Laser spectroscopy, and 42.65.-k Nonlinear optics)
 78.47.nd Hole burning spectroscopy
 78.47.nj Four-wave mixing spectroscopy (for optical mixing and phase conjugation, see 42.65.Hw)
 78.55.-m Photoluminescence, properties and materials (for time resolved luminescence, see 78.47.jd)
 78.55.Ap Elemental semiconductors
 78.55.Bq Liquids
 78.55.Cr III-V semiconductors
 78.55.Et II-VI semiconductors

78.55.Fv Solid alkali halides
 78.55.Hx Other solid inorganic materials
 78.55.Kz Solid organic materials
 78.55.Mb Porous materials
 78.55.Qr Amorphous materials; glasses and other disordered solids
 78.56.-a Photoconduction and photovoltaic effects (for photoconduction and photovoltaic effects in bulk matter and thin films, see 72.40.+w and 73.50.Pz, respectively; see also 84.60.Jt Photoelectric conversion; for solar cells, see 88.40.H- and 88.40.J- in Solar energy)
 78.56.Cd Photocarrier radiometry (see also 72.20.Jv Charge carriers: generation, recombination, lifetime, and trapping)
 78.60.-b Other luminescence and radiative recombination
 78.60.Fi Electroluminescence
 78.60.Hk Cathodoluminescence, ionoluminescence
 78.60.Kn Thermoluminescence
 78.60.Lc Optically stimulated luminescence
 78.60.Mq Sonoluminescence, triboluminescence (see also 43.35.Hl Sonoluminescence—in Acoustics Appendix)
 78.60.Ps Chemiluminescence (see also 42.55.Ks Chemical lasers)
 78.66.-w Optical properties of specific thin films (for optical properties of low-dimensional, mesoscopic, and nanoscale materials, see 78.67.-n; for optical properties of surfaces, see 78.68.+m)
 78.66.Bz Metals and metallic alloys
 78.66.Db Elemental semiconductors and insulators
 78.66.Fd III-V semiconductors
 78.66.Hf II-VI semiconductors
 78.66.Jg Amorphous semiconductors; glasses
 78.66.Li Other semiconductors
 78.66.Nk Insulators
 78.66.Qn Polymers; organic compounds
 78.66.Sq Composite materials
 78.66.Tr Fullerenes and related materials
 78.66.Vs Fine-particle systems
 78.67.-n Optical properties of low-dimensional, mesoscopic, and nanoscale materials and structures (for magnetic properties of nanostructures, see 75.75.-c; for electronic transport in nanoscale structures, see 73.63.-b; for mechanical properties of nanoscale systems, see 62.25.-g)
 78.67.Bf Nanocrystals, nanoparticles, and nanoclusters
 78.67.Ch Nanotubes
 78.67.De Quantum wells
 78.67.Hc Quantum dots
 78.67.Lt Quantum wires
 78.67.Pt Multilayers; superlattices; photonic structures; metamaterials (see also 81.05.Xj, Metamaterials for chiral, bianisotropic and other complex media)
 78.67.Qa Nanorods
 78.67.Rb Nanoporous materials
 78.67.Sc Nanoaggregates; nanocomposites
 78.67.Tf Nanodroplets
 78.67.Uh Nanowires
 78.67.Ve Nanomicelles
 78.67.Wj Optical properties of graphene
 78.68.+m Optical properties of surfaces
 78.70.-g Interactions of particles and radiation with matter
 78.70.Bj Positron annihilation (for positron states, see 71.60.+z in electronic structure of bulk materials; for positronium chemistry, see 82.30.Gg in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
 78.70.Ck X-ray scattering

- 78.70.Dm X-ray absorption spectra
- 78.70.En X-ray emission spectra and fluorescence
- 78.70.Gq Microwave and radio-frequency interactions
- 78.70.Nx Neutron inelastic scattering
- 78.70.Ps Scintillation (see also 29.40.Mc, Scintillation detectors)
- 78.90.+t Other topics in optical properties, condensed matter spectroscopy and other interactions of particles and radiation with condensed matter (restricted to new topics in section 78)

79. Electron and ion emission by liquids and solids; impact phenomena

- 79.05.+c Solvated electrons
- 79.10.-n Thermoelectronic phenomena
- 79.10.Ca Deep-level photothermal spectroscopy
- 79.20.-m Impact phenomena (including electron spectra and sputtering)
- 79.20.Ap Theory of impact phenomena; numerical simulation
- 79.20.Ds Laser-beam impact phenomena
- 79.20.Eb Laser ablation
- 79.20.Fv Electron impact: Auger emission (for Auger electron spectroscopy, see 82.80.Pv)
- 79.20.Hx Electron impact: secondary emission
- 79.20.Kz Other electron-impact emission phenomena
- 79.20.La Photon- and electron-stimulated desorption (see also 68.43.Rs Electron stimulated desorption; and 68.43.Tj Photon stimulated desorption)
- 79.20.Mb Positron emission (for positron emission tomography, see 87.57.uk)
- 79.20.Rf Atomic, molecular, and ion beam impact and interactions with surfaces (for atomic and molecular beam techniques, see 37.20.+j; see also 34.35.+a Interactions of atoms and molecules with surfaces)
- Channeling, blocking, energy loss of particles, see 61.85.+p
- 79.20.Uv Electron energy loss spectroscopy (see also 82.80.Pv Electron spectroscopy; 34.80.-i Electron and positron scattering)
- 79.20.Ws Multiphoton absorption (see also 82.50.Pt Multiphoton processes in photochemistry)
- 79.40.+z Thermionic emission
- 79.60.-i Photoemission and photoelectron spectra (for photoelectron spectroscopy, see 87.64.ks in biological physics; 82.80.Pv in chemical analysis)
- 79.60.Bm Clean metal, semiconductor, and insulator surfaces
- 79.60.Cn Liquids and liquid surfaces
- 79.60.Dp Adsorbed layers and thin films
- 79.60.Fr Polymers; organic compounds
- 79.60.Ht Disordered structures
- 79.60.Jv Interfaces; heterostructures; nanostructures
- 79.70.+q Field emission, ionization, evaporation, and desorption
- 79.75.+g Exoelectron emission
- 79.77.+g Coulomb explosion (see also 34.35.+a Interactions of atoms and molecules with surfaces)
- 79.90.+b Other topics in electron and ion emission by liquids and solids and impact phenomena (restricted to new topics in section 79)

80. INTERDISCIPLINARY PHYSICS AND RELATED AREAS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

81. Materials science

- 81.05.-t Specific materials: fabrication, treatment, testing, and analysis (for superconducting materials, see 74.70.-b, and 74.72.-h; for magnetic materials, see 75.50.-y; for optical materials, see 42.70.-a; for dielectric materials, see 77.84.-s; for disperse systems and complex

fluids, see 82.70.-y; see also 82.75.-z Molecular sieves, zeolites, clathrates, and other complex solids; for materials properties, see sections 60 and 70)

... .. Superconducting materials, see 74.70.-b and 74.72.-h

... .. Magnetic materials, see 75.50.-y

... .. Optical materials, see 42.70.-a

... .. Dielectric, piezoelectric, and ferroelectric materials, see 77.84.-s

... .. Colloids, gels, and emulsions, see 82.70.Dd, Gg, Kj

... .. Biomaterials, see 87.85.J-

... .. Molecular sieves, zeolites, and other complex materials, see 82.75.-z

81.05.Bx Metals, semimetals, and alloys

81.05.Cy Elemental semiconductors (for semiconductors in electrochemistry, see 82.45.Vp)

81.05.Dz II-VI semiconductors

81.05.Ea III-V semiconductors

81.05.Fb Organic semiconductors

81.05.Gc Amorphous semiconductors

81.05.Hd Other semiconductors

81.05.Je Ceramics and refractories (including borides, carbides, hydrides, nitrides, oxides, and silicides) (for ceramics in electrochemistry, see 82.45.Yz)

81.05.Kf Glasses (including metallic glasses)

81.05.Lg Polymers and plastics; rubber; synthetic and natural fibers; organometallic and organic materials (for polymers and organic materials in electrochemistry, see 82.45.Wx)

81.05.Mh Cermets, ceramic and refractory composites

81.05.Ni Dispersion-, fiber-, and platelet-reinforced metal-based composites

81.05.Pj Glass-based composites, vitrocereamics

81.05.Qk Reinforced polymers and polymer-based composites

81.05.Rm Porous materials; granular materials (for granular superconductors, see 74.81.Bd)

81.05.U- Carbon/carbon-based materials (for carbon-based superconductors, see 74.70.Wz)

81.05.ub Fullerenes and related materials

81.05.ue Graphene (for structure of graphene, see 61.48.Gh; for phonons in graphene, see 63.22.Rc; for thermal properties, see 65.80.Ck; for graphene films, see 68.65.Pq; for electronic transport, see 72.80.Vp; for electronic structure, see 73.22.Pr; for optical properties, see 78.67.Wj)

81.05.uf Graphite

81.05.ug Diamond

81.05.uj Diamond/nanocarbon composites

81.05.Xj Metamaterials for chiral, bianisotropic and other complex media (see also 42.70.-a Optical materials; see also 78.67.Pt, Multilayers; superlattices; photonic structures; metamaterials)

81.05.Zx New materials: theory, design, and fabrication

81.07.-b Nanoscale materials and structures: fabrication and characterization (for structure of nanoscale materials, see 61.46.-w; for nanostructured materials in electrochemistry, see 82.45.Yz; see also 62.23.-c Structural classes of nanoscale systems in mechanical properties of condensed matter)

81.07.Bc Nanocrystalline materials

81.07.De Nanotubes

81.07.Gf Nanowires

81.07.Lk Nanocontacts

81.07.Nb Molecular nanostructures

81.07.Oj Nanoelectromechanical systems (NEMS)

81.07.Pr Organic-inorganic hybrid nanostructures

81.07.St	Quantum wells
81.07.Ta	Quantum dots
81.07.Vb	Quantum wires
81.07.Wx	Nanopowders
81.10.-h	Methods of crystal growth; physics and chemistry of crystal growth, crystal morphology, and orientation (see also 61.50.Lt Crystal binding, cohesive energy)
81.10.Aj	Theory and models of crystal growth; physics and chemistry of crystal growth, crystal morphology, and orientation (see also 61.50.Nw Crystal stoichiometry)
81.10.Bk	Growth from vapor
81.10.Dn	Growth from solutions
81.10.Fq	Growth from melts; zone melting and refining
81.10.Jt	Growth from solid phases (including multiphase diffusion and recrystallization)
81.10.Mx	Growth in microgravity environments
81.10.Pq	Growth in vacuum
81.10.St	Growth in controlled gaseous atmospheres
81.15.-z	Methods of deposition of films and coatings; film growth and epitaxy (for structure of thin films, see 68.55.-a; see also 85.40.Sz Deposition technology in microelectronics; for epitaxial dielectric films, see 77.55.Px)
81.15.Aa	Theory and models of film growth
81.15.Cd	Deposition by sputtering
81.15.Dj	E-beam and hot filament evaporation deposition
81.15.Fg	Pulsed laser ablation deposition
81.15.Gh	Chemical vapor deposition (including plasma-enhanced CVD, MOCVD, ALD, etc.) (for chemistry of MOCVD, see 82.33.Ya in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
81.15.Hi	Molecular, atomic, ion, and chemical beam epitaxy
81.15.Jj	Ion and electron beam-assisted deposition; ion plating (see also 52.77.Dq Plasma-based ion implantation and deposition in physics of plasmas)
81.15.Kk	Vapor phase epitaxy; growth from vapor phase
81.15.Lm	Liquid phase epitaxy; deposition from liquid phases (melts, solutions, and surface layers on liquids)
81.15.Np	Solid phase epitaxy; growth from solid phases
81.15.Pq	Electrodeposition, electroplating
81.15.Rs	Spray coating techniques
81.16.-c	Methods of micro- and nanofabrication and processing (for femtosecond probing of semiconductor nanostructures, see 82.53.Mj in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
81.16.Be	Chemical synthesis methods
81.16.Dn	Self-assembly
81.16.Fg	Supramolecular and biochemical assembly
81.16.Hc	Catalytic methods
81.16.Mk	Laser-assisted deposition
81.16.Nd	Micro- and nanolithography
81.16.Pr	Micro- and nano-oxidation (see also 82.37.Np Single molecule reaction kinetics)
81.16.Rf	Micro- and nanoscale pattern formation
81.16.Ta	Atom manipulation (see also 82.37.Gk STM and AFM manipulation of a single-molecule; for atom and molecule traps, see 37.10.Gh, and 37.10.Pq, respectively; 87.80.Nj Single-molecule techniques in biological physics; 82.37.Rs Single-molecule manipulation of proteins and other biological molecules in physical chemistry)
81.20.-n	Methods of materials synthesis and materials processing (see also 61.72.U- Doping and impurity implantation; for crystal growth, see

81.10.-h; for film growth, deposition and epitaxy, see 81.15.-z)

... .. Crystal growth, see 81.10.-h

... .. Film deposition, film growth, and epitaxy, see 81.15.-z

81.20.Ev Powder processing: powder metallurgy, compaction, sintering, mechanical alloying, and granulation

81.20.Fw Sol-gel processing, precipitation (for reactions in sol-gels, see 82.33.Ln; for sol-gels as disperse system, see 82.70.Gg)

81.20.Hy Forming; molding, extrusion, etc. [see also, 83.50.Uv Material processing (extension, molding, etc.)]

81.20.Ka Chemical synthesis; combustion synthesis (for electrochemical synthesis, see 82.45.Aa)

... .. Chemical vapor deposition, see 81.15.Gh

81.20.Rg Aerosols in materials synthesis and processing

81.20.Vj Joining; welding

81.20.Wk Machining, milling

81.20.Ym Purification

81.30.-t Phase diagrams and microstructures developed by solidification and solid-solid phase transformations (see also 64.70.K- Solid-solid transitions)

81.30.Bx Phase diagrams of metals, alloys, and oxides

81.30.Dz Phase diagrams of other materials (for superconductivity phase diagrams, see 74.25.Dw; for magnetic phase boundaries, see 75.30.Kz)

81.30.Fb Solidification

81.30.Hd Constant-composition solid-solid phase transformations: polymorphic, massive, and order-disorder

81.30.Kf Martensitic transformations

81.30.Mh Solid-phase precipitation (for precipitation hardening, see 81.40.Cd)

81.40.-z Treatment of materials and its effects on microstructure, nanostructure, and properties

81.40.Cd Solid solution hardening, precipitation hardening, and dispersion hardening; aging (see also 64.75.Nx Phase separation and segregation in solid solutions)

81.40.Ef Cold working, work hardening; annealing, post-deformation annealing, quenching, tempering recovery, and crystallization

81.40.Gh Other heat and thermomechanical treatments

81.40.Jj Elasticity and anelasticity, stress-strain relations

81.40.Lm Deformation, plasticity, and creep (see also 83.50.-v Deformation and flow in rheology)

81.40.Np Fatigue, corrosion fatigue, embrittlement, cracking, fracture, and failure (see also 62.20.M- Structural failure of materials)

81.40.Pq Friction, lubrication, and wear

81.40.Rs Electrical and magnetic properties related to treatment conditions

81.40.Tv Optical and dielectric properties related to treatment conditions

81.40.Vw Pressure treatment (see also 62.50.-p High-pressure effects in solids and liquids; 61.50.Ks Crystallographic aspects of phase transformations; pressure effects; for pressure effects on superconducting transition temperature, see 74.62.Fj)

81.40.Wx Radiation treatment (particle and electromagnetic) (see also 61.80.-x Physical radiation effects, radiation damage)

... .. Etching, corrosion, oxidation, and other surface treatments, see 81.65.-b

81.65.-b Surface treatments (for surface preparation and lithography in microelectronics, see 85.40.-e)

81.65.Cf Surface cleaning, etching, patterning (see also 52.77.Bn Etching and cleaning in physics of plasmas)

81.65.Kn Corrosion protection (see also 82.45.Bb Corrosion and passivation in electrochemistry)

81.65.Lp Surface hardening: nitridation, carburization, carbonitridation

81.65.Mq Oxidation (see also 64.75.Lm Phase separation and segregation in oxidation)

81.65.Ps Polishing, grinding, surface finishing

81.65.Rv Passivation (see also 82.45.Bb Corrosion and passivation in electrochemistry)

81.65.Tx Gettering

81.70.-q Methods of materials testing and analysis (see also 82.80.-d Chemical analysis and related physical methods of analysis)

81.70.Bt Mechanical testing, impact tests, static and dynamic loads (see also 62.20.M- Structural failure of materials; 46.50.+a Fracture mechanics, fatigue, and cracks)

81.70.Cv Nondestructive testing: ultrasonic testing, photoacoustic testing

81.70.Ex Nondestructive testing: electromagnetic testing, eddy-current testing

81.70.Fy Nondestructive testing: optical methods

81.70.Ha Testing in microgravity environments

81.70.Jb Chemical composition analysis, chemical depth and dopant profiling

81.70.Pg Thermal analysis, differential thermal analysis (DTA), differential thermogravimetric analysis

81.70.Tx Computed tomography

81.90.+c Other topics in materials science (restricted to new topics in section 81)

82. Physical chemistry and chemical physics (for electronic structure calculations, see 31.15.-p, 71.15.-m, 87.10.-e, 74.20.Pq, and 36.20.Kd in atomic and molecular physics, bulk materials, biophysics, superconductivity, and macromolecules, respectively; for geochemistry, see 91.67.-y; for chemistry of the ocean, see 92.20.Cm; for chemistry of fresh water, see 92.40.Bc; for chemistry of the atmosphere, see 92.60.H- and 92.60.Ls; for chemical reactions in scattering of atoms and molecules, see 34.50.Lf)

82.20.-w Chemical kinetics and dynamics

82.20.Bc State selected dynamics and product distribution

82.20.Db Transition state theory and statistical theories of rate constants

82.20.Ej Quantum theory of reaction cross section

82.20.Fd Collision theories; trajectory models

82.20.Gk Electronically non-adiabatic reactions

82.20.Hf Product distribution (for state selected dynamics and product distribution, see 82.20.Bc)

82.20.Kh Potential energy surfaces for chemical reactions (for potential energy surfaces for collisions, see 34.20.-b in atomic and molecular collisions and interactions)

82.20.Ln Semiclassical theory of reactions and/or energy transfer

82.20.Nk Classical theories of reactions and/or energy transfer

82.20.Pm Rate constants, reaction cross sections, and activation energies

82.20.Rp State to state energy transfer (see also 31.70.Hq Time-dependent phenomena—in atomic and molecular physics)

82.20.Sb Correlation function theory of rate constants and its applications

82.20.Tr Kinetic isotope effects including muonium

82.20.Uv Stochastic theories of rate constants

82.20.Wt Computational modeling; simulation

82.20.Xr Quantum effects in rate constants (tunneling, resonances, etc.)

82.20.Yn Solvent effects on reactivity

82.30.-b Specific chemical reactions; reaction mechanisms (for enzyme kinetics, see 82.39.Fk, and 87.15.R-; for protein folding dynamics, see 87.15.hm, and 87.15.Cc)

82.30.Cf Atom and radical reactions; chain reactions; molecule-molecule reactions

82.30.Fi Ion-molecule, ion-ion, and charge-transfer reactions (see also

34.70.+e Charge transfer in atomic and molecular collisions)
... .. Charge transfer in enzymes, see 82.39.Jn and 87.15.R-
82.30.Gg Positronium chemistry (see also 36.10.Dr Positronium in atomic and molecular physics; 78.70.Bj Positron annihilation in interactions of particles and radiation with matter)
82.30.Hk Chemical exchanges (substitution, atom transfer, abstraction, disproportionation, and group exchange)
82.30.Lp Decomposition reactions (pyrolysis, dissociation, and fragmentation)
82.30.Nr Association, addition, insertion, cluster formation
82.30.Qt Isomerization and rearrangement
82.30.Rs Hydrogen bonding, hydrophilic effects
82.30.Vy Homogeneous catalysis in solution, polymers and zeolites (for heterogeneous catalysis in zeolites, see 82.75.Qt)
82.33.-z Reactions in various media
82.33.De Reactions in supercritical fluids (for optical properties of supercritical fluids, see 78.15.+e)
82.33.Fg Reactions in clusters (see also 36.40.Jn Reactivity of clusters in atomic and molecular physics)
82.33.Hk Reactions on clusters
82.33.Jx Reactions in zeolites
82.33.Ln Reactions in sol gels, aerogels, porous media
82.33.Nq Reactions in micells
82.33.Pt Solid state chemistry
... .. Reactions in complex biological systems, see 82.39.Rt and 87.15R-
82.33.Tb Atmospheric chemistry (see also 92.60.H- in geophysics)
82.33.Vx Reactions in flames, combustion, and explosions
82.33.Xj Plasma reactions (including flowing afterglow and electric discharges)
82.33.Ya Chemistry of MOCVD and other vapor deposition methods (for methods of vapor deposition of films and coatings, see 81.15.Gh, and 81.15. Kk in materials science)
82.35.-x Polymers: properties; reactions; polymerization (for polymers in electrochemistry, see 82.45.Wx)
82.35.Cd Conducting polymers
82.35.Ej Nonlinear optics with polymers (see also 42.65.-k in nonlinear optics)
82.35.Gh Polymers on surfaces; adhesion (see also 68.35.Np Adhesion in surfaces and interfaces)
82.35.Jk Copolymers, phase transitions, structure
82.35.Lr Physical properties of polymers
82.35.Np Nanoparticles in polymers (see also 81.07.-b Nanoscale materials and structures: fabrication and characterization)
82.35.Pq Biopolymers, biopolymerization (see also 87.15.rp Polymerization in biological and medical physics)
82.35.Rs Polyelectrolytes
82.37.-j Single molecule kinetics
82.37.Gk STM and AFM manipulations of a single molecule (for atom manipulation see 37.10.Gh, Pq in atomic and molecular physics; see also 81.16.Ta Atom manipulation in methods of nanofabrication and processing; 87.80.Nj Single-molecule techniques in biological physics)
82.37.Np Single molecule reaction kinetics, dissociation, etc.
82.37.Rs Single molecule manipulation of proteins and other biological molecules
82.37.Vb Single molecule photochemistry
82.39.-k Chemical kinetics in biological systems (see also 87.15.R- Reactions and kinetics in biological and medical physics, and 82.45.Tv Bioelectrochemistry)
82.39.Fk Enzyme kinetics (see also 87.14.ej Enzymes in biological physics)
82.39.Jn Charge (electron, proton) transfer in biological systems
82.39.Pj Nucleic acids, DNA and RNA bases (for DNA, see 87.14.gk; for RNA, see 87.14.gn)

82.39.Rt Reactions in complex biological systems (see also 87.18.-h Biological complexity)

82.39.Wj Ion exchange, dialysis, osmosis, electro-osmosis, membrane processes

82.40.-g Chemical kinetics and reactions: special regimes and techniques (for chemically reactive flows, see 47.70.Fw; see also 82.20.Uv Stochastic theories of rate constants)

... .. Chemically reactive flows, see 47.70.Fw

82.40.Bj Oscillations, chaos, and bifurcations

82.40.Ck Pattern formation in reactions with diffusion, flow and heat transfer (see also 47.54.-r Pattern selection; pattern formation and 47.32.C-Vortex dynamics in fluid dynamics)

82.40.Fp Shock wave initiated reactions, high-pressure chemistry (see also 47.40.Nm Shock wave interactions and shock effects in fluid dynamics, and 62.50.Ef Shock wave effects in solids and liquids)

82.40.Np Temporal and spatial patterns in surface reactions

82.40.Qt Complex chemical systems (see also 82.39.Rt Reactions in complex biological systems and 87.18.-h Biological complexity)

82.45.-h Electrochemistry and electrophoresis

82.45.Aa Electrochemical synthesis (see also 81.16.Be Chemical synthesis methods in nanofabrication and 81.20.Ka Chemical synthesis; combustion synthesis in materials science)

82.45.Bb Corrosion and passivation (see also 81.65.Kn Corrosion protection and 81.65.Rv Passivation in surface treatments)

82.45.Cc Anodic films

82.45.Fk Electrodes

82.45.Gj Electrolytes (for polyelectrolytes, see 82.35.Rs and 82.45.Wx; see also 66.30.H- Self-diffusion and ionic conduction in nonmetals)

82.45.Hk Electrolysis

82.45.Jn Surface structure, reactivity and catalysis (see also 82.65.+r Surface and interface chemistry; heterogeneous catalysis at surfaces)

82.45.Mp Thin layers, films, monolayers, membranes (for anodic films, see 82.45.Cc; for surface double layers, see 73.30.+y in electronic structure of surfaces)

82.45.Qr Electrodeposition and electrodisolution (see also 81.15.Pq Electrodeposition, electroplating in materials science)

82.45.Rr Electroanalytical chemistry (see also 82.80.Fk Electrochemical methods in chemical analysis and related physical methods of analysis)

82.45.Tv Bioelectrochemistry (see also 82.39.-k Chemical kinetics in biological systems; 87.15.Tt Electrophoresis in biological physics)

82.45.Un Dielectric materials in electrochemistry (see also 77.84.-s Dielectric, piezoelectric, ferroelectric, and antiferroelectric materials)

82.45.Vp Semiconductor materials in electrochemistry (see also 81.05.Cy Elemental semiconductors; 81.05.Dz II-VI semiconductors; 81.05.Ea III-V semiconductors; 81.05.Fb Organic semiconductors; 81.05.Gc Amorphous semiconductors in specific materials)

82.45.Wx Polymers and organic materials in electrochemistry (see also 82.35.-x Polymers: properties; reactions; polymerization)

82.45.Xy Ceramics in electrochemistry (see also 81.05.Je Ceramics and refractories, and 81.05.Mh Cermets, ceramic and refractory composites in specific materials)

82.45.Yz Nanostructured materials in electrochemistry (for nanofabrication, see 81.16.-c in materials science)

82.47.-a Applied electrochemistry (see also 88.30.G- Fuel cell systems, and 88.30.P- Types of fuel cells in renewable energy resources and applications)

82.47.Aa Lithium-ion batteries

82.47.Cb Lead-acid, nickel-metal hydride and other batteries (for lithium-ion batteries, see 82.47.Aa)

82.47.Ed Solid-oxide fuel cells (SOFC)
 82.47.Gh Proton exchange membrane (PEM) fuel cells
 82.47.Jk Photoelectrochemical cells, photoelectrochromic and other hybrid electrochemical energy storage devices (see also 84.60.Jt Photoelectric conversion)
 82.47.Lh Molten-carbonate fuel cells (MCFC)
 82.47.Nj Polymer-electrolyte fuel cells (PEFC)
 82.47.Pm Phosphoric-acid fuel cells (PAFC); other fuel cells
 82.47.Rs Electrochemical sensors
 82.47.Tp Electrochemical displays
 82.47.Uv Electrochemical capacitors; supercapacitors (see also 88.80.fh Supercapacitors in renewable energy resources and applications; 84.60.Ve Energy storage systems, including capacitor banks in direct energy conversion and storage)
 82.47.Wx Electrochemical engineering
 82.50.-m Photochemistry (for single molecule photochemistry, see 82.37.Vb)
 82.50.Bc Processes caused by infrared radiation
 82.50.Hp Processes caused by visible and UV light
 82.50.Kx Processes caused by X-rays or γ -rays
 82.50.Nd Control of photochemical reactions
 82.50.Pt Multiphoton processes
 82.53.-k Femtochemistry [see also 78.47.J-; Ultrafast spectroscopy (<1 psec) in condensed matter; 42.65.Re Ultrafast processes; optical generation and pulse compression in nonlinear optics]
 82.53.Eb Pump probe studies of photodissociation
 82.53.Hn Pump probe experiments with bound states
 82.53.Kp Coherent spectroscopy of atoms and molecules
 82.53.Mj Femtosecond probing of semiconductor nanostructures (see also 81.16.-c Methods of micro- and nanofabrication and processing)
 82.53.Ps Femtosecond probing of biological molecules
 82.53.St Femtochemistry of adsorbed molecules (for adsorbate structure, see 68.43.Bc, Fg in chemisorption/physisorption: adsorbates on surfaces)
 82.53.Uv Femtosecond probes of molecules in liquids
 82.53.Xa Femtosecond probes of molecules in solids and of molecular solids
 82.56.-b Nuclear magnetic resonance (see also 33.25.+k Nuclear resonance and relaxation in atomic and molecular physics; 76.60.-k Nuclear magnetic resonance and relaxation; 76.70.-r Magnetic double resonances and cross effects in condensed matter)
 82.56.Dj High resolution NMR
 82.56.Fk Multidimensional NMR
 82.56.Hg Multinuclear NMR
 82.56.Jn Pulse sequences in NMR
 82.56.Lz Diffusion
 82.56.Na Relaxation
 82.56.Pp NMR of biomolecules
 82.56.Ub Structure determination with NMR
 82.60.-s Chemical thermodynamics (see also 05.70.Ln Nonequilibrium and irreversible thermodynamics)
 82.60.Cx Enthalpies of combustion, reaction, and formation
 82.60.Fa Heat capacities and heats of phase transitions
 82.60.Hc Chemical equilibria and equilibrium constants
 82.60.Lf Thermodynamics of solutions
 82.60.Nh Thermodynamics of nucleation (see also 64.60.Q- Nucleation—in equations of state, phase equilibria and phase transitions)
 82.60.Qr Thermodynamics of nanoparticles
 82.65.+r Surface and interface chemistry; heterogeneous catalysis at surfaces (for temporal and spatial patterns in surface reactions, see 82.40.Np; see also 82.45.Jn Surface structure, reactivity and catalysis in

- electrochemistry; see also 68.43.-h Chemisorption/physisorption: adsorbates on surfaces)
- 82.70.-y Disperse systems; complex fluids (see also 82.33.-z reactions in various media; for quantum optical phenomena in dispersive media, see 42.50.Nn)
- 82.70.Dd Colloids
- 82.70.Gg Gels and sols
- 82.70.Kj Emulsions and suspensions
- 82.70.Rr Aerosols and foams
- 82.70.Uv Surfactants, micellar solutions, vesicles, lamellae, amphiphilic systems, (hydrophilic and hydrophobic interactions) (see also 82.30.Rs Hydrogen bonding, hydrophilic effects in specific chemical reactions)
- 82.75.-z Molecular sieves, zeolites, clathrates, and other complex solids
- 82.75.Fq Synthesis, structure determination, structure modeling
- 82.75.Jn Measurements and modeling of molecule migration in zeolites
- 82.75.Mj Measurements and simulation of properties (optical, structural) of molecules in zeolites
- 82.75.Qt Mechanism and kinetics of catalysis in zeolites (measurements or simulations)
- 82.75.Vx Clusters in zeolites
- 82.80.-d Chemical analysis and related physical methods of analysis (for related instrumentation, see section 07; for spectroscopic techniques in biological physics, see 87.64.-t)
- 82.80.Bg Chromatography
- 82.80.Dx Analytical methods involving electronic spectroscopy
- 82.80.Ej X-ray, Mössbauer, and other γ -ray spectroscopic analysis methods
- 82.80.Fk Electrochemical methods (see also 82.45.Rr Electroanalytical chemistry; for electrochemical sensors, see 82.47.Rs)
- 82.80.Gk Analytical methods involving vibrational spectroscopy
- 82.80.Ha Analytical methods involving rotational spectroscopy
- 82.80.Jp Activation analysis and other radiochemical methods
- 82.80.Kq Energy-conversion spectro-analytical methods (e.g., photoacoustic, photothermal, and optogalvanic spectroscopic methods)
- 82.80.Ms Mass spectrometry (including SIMS, multiphoton ionization and resonance ionization mass spectrometry, MALDI)
- 82.80.Nj Fourier transform mass spectrometry
- 82.80.Pv Electron spectroscopy (X-ray photoelectron (XPS), Auger electron spectroscopy (AES), etc.)
- 82.80.Qx Ion cyclotron resonance mass spectrometry
- 82.80.Rt Time of flight mass spectrometry
- 82.80.Yc Rutherford backscattering (RBS), and other methods of chemical analysis
- 82.90.+j Other topics in physical chemistry and chemical physics (restricted to new topics in section 82)

83. Rheology (see also section 47 Fluid dynamics; for rheology of the Earth, see 91.32.-m; see also 87.19.rh Fluid transport and rheology in biological physics)

- 83.10.-y Fundamentals and theoretical
- 83.10.Bb Kinematics of deformation and flow (see also 47.50.-d Non-Newtonian fluid flows)
- 83.10.Ff Continuum mechanics (see also section 46 Continuum mechanics of solids)
- 83.10.Gr Constitutive relations
- 83.10.Kn Reptation and tube theories
- 83.10.Mj Molecular dynamics, Brownian dynamics
- 83.10.Pp Particle dynamics
- 83.10.Rs Computer simulation of molecular and particle dynamics
- 83.10.Tv Structural and phase changes
- 83.50.-v Deformation and flow

83.50.Ax	Steady shear flows, viscometric flow
83.50.Ha	Flow in channels (see also 47.60.Dx Flows in ducts and channels in fluid dynamics)
83.50.Jf	Extensional flow and combined shear and extension
83.50.Lh	Slip boundary effects (interfacial and free surface flows) (see also 47.45.Gx Slip flows and accommodation in fluid dynamics)
83.50.Rp	Wall slip and apparent slip
83.50.Uv	Material processing (extension, molding, etc.)
83.50.Xa	Mixing and blending
83.60.-a	Material behavior
83.60.Bc	Linear viscoelasticity
83.60.Df	Nonlinear viscoelasticity
83.60.Fg	Shear rate dependent viscosity
83.60.Hc	Normal stress differences and their effects (e.g. rod climbing)
83.60.Jk	Extrudate swell
83.60.La	Viscoplasticity; yield stress
83.60.Np	Effects of electric and magnetic fields
83.60.Pq	Time-dependent structure (thixotropy, rheopexy)
83.60.Rs	Shear rate-dependent structure (shear thinning and shear thickening)
83.60.St	Non-isothermal rheology
83.60.Uv	Wave propagation, fracture, and crack healing
83.60.Wc	Flow instabilities
83.60.Yz	Drag reduction
83.80.-k	Material type (see also 82.70.-y Disperse systems; complex fluids and 82.35.-x Polymers: properties; reactions; polymerization in physical chemistry and chemical physics)
83.80.Ab	Solids: e.g., composites, glasses, semicrystalline polymers
83.80.Fg	Granular solids
83.80.Gv	Electro- and magnetorheological fluids
83.80.Hj	Suspensions, dispersions, pastes, slurries, colloids
83.80.Iz	Emulsions and foams
83.80.Jx	Reacting systems: thermosetting polymers, chemorheology, rheokinetics
83.80.Kn	Physical gels and microgels
83.80.Lz	Physiological materials (e.g. blood, collagen, etc.)
83.80.Mc	Other natural materials (e.g. wood and other vegetable materials)
83.80.Nb	Geological materials: Earth, magma, ice, rocks, etc.
83.80.Qr	Surfactant and micellar systems, associated polymers
83.80.Rs	Polymer solutions
83.80.Sg	Polymer melts
83.80.Tc	Polymer blends
83.80.Uv	Block copolymers
83.80.Va	Elastomeric polymers
83.80.Wx	Filled elastomers
83.80.Xz	Liquid crystals: nematic, cholesteric, smectic, discotic, etc.
83.80.Ya	Processed food
83.85.-c	Techniques and apparatus
83.85.Cg	Rheological measurements—rheometry
83.85.Ei	Optical methods; rheo-optics
83.85.Fg	NMR/magnetic resonance imaging (see also 76.60.Pc NMR imaging in condensed matter)
83.85.Hf	X-ray and neutron scattering
83.85.Jn	Viscosity measurements
83.85.Lq	Normal stress difference measurements
83.85.Ns	Data analysis (interconversion of data computation of relaxation and retardation spectra; time-temperature superposition, etc.) (see also 47.11.-j Computational methods in fluid dynamics)
83.85.Rx	Extensional flow measurement
83.85.St	Stress relaxation

- 83.85.Tz Creep and/or creep recoil
- 83.85.Vb Small amplitude oscillatory shear (dynamic mechanical analysis)
- 83.90.+s Other topics in rheology (restricted to new topics in section 83)

84. Electronics; radiowave and microwave technology; direct energy conversion and storage

- 84.30.-r Electronic circuits (for integrated circuits, see 85.40.-e, for microwave circuits, see 84.40.Dc)
- 84.30.Bv Circuit theory
- 84.30.Jc Power electronics; power supply circuits (see also 84.70.+p High-current and high-voltage technology; for superconducting high-power technology, see 84.71.-b)
- 84.30.Le Amplifiers
- 84.30.Ng Oscillators, pulse generators, and function generators
- 84.30.Qi Modulators and demodulators; discriminators, comparators, mixers, limiters, and compressors
- 84.30.Sk Pulse and digital circuits
- 84.30.Vn Filters
- 84.32.-y Passive circuit components (see also 07.50.-e Electrical and electronic instruments, and components)
- 84.32.Dd Connectors, relays, and switches
- 84.32.Ff Conductors, resistors (including thermistors, varistors, and photoresistors)
- 84.32.Hh Inductors and coils; wiring
- 84.32.Tt Capacitors (for electrochemical capacitors and supercapacitors, see 82.47.Uv)
- 84.32.Vv Fuses
- 84.35.+i Neural networks (for optical neural networks, see 42.79.Ta; see also 07.05.Mh Neural networks, fuzzy logic, artificial intelligence in computers in experimental physics; 87.18.Sn in biological complexity)
- 84.37.+q Measurements in electric variables (including voltage, current, resistance, capacitance, inductance, impedance, and admittance, etc.)
- 84.40.-x Radiowave and microwave (including millimeter wave) technology (for microwave, submillimeter wave, and radiowave receivers and detectors, see 07.57.Kp; for microwave and radiowave spectrometers, see 07.57.Pt; for radiowave propagation, see 41.20.Jb)
- 84.40.Az Waveguides, transmission lines, striplines
- 84.40.Ba Antennas: theory, components and accessories (for plasma interactions with antennas, see 52.40.Fd in plasma physics)
- 84.40.Dc Microwave circuits
- 84.40.Fe Microwave tubes (e.g., klystrons, magnetrons, traveling-wave, backward-wave tubes, etc.)
- 84.40.Ik Masers; gyrotrons (cyclotron-resonance masers)
- 84.40.Lj Microwave integrated electronics
- 84.40.Ua Telecommunications: signal transmission and processing; communication satellites (for optical communications, see 42.79.Sz in optics)
- 84.40.Xb Telemetry: remote control, remote sensing; radar
- 84.47.+w Vacuum tubes (see also 85.45.-w Vacuum microelectronics)
- Phototubes, see 85.60.Ha
- Microwave tubes, see 84.40.Fe
- 84.50.+d Electric motors
- 84.60.-h Direct energy conversion and storage (see also section 88.00.00 Renewable energy resources and applications; for electrochemical conversion, see 82.47.-a; for ocean energy extraction, see 92.05.Jn)
- 84.60.Bk Performance characteristics of energy conversion systems; figure of merit
- 84.60.Jt Photoelectric conversion (for solar cells, see 88.40.H- and 88.40.J-

- in renewable energy resources; for solar collectors and concentrators, see 42.79.Ek in optics and 88.40.F- in renewable energy resources)
- 84.60.Lw Magnetohydrodynamic conversion (for MHD generators, see 52.75.Fk—in plasma physics)
- 84.60.Ny Thermionic conversion (for thermionic generators, see 52.75.Fk—in plasma physics)
- 84.60.Rb Thermoelectric, electrogasdynamic and other direct energy conversion
- 84.60.Ve Energy storage systems, including capacitor banks (see also 82.47.Uv Electrochemical capacitors; supercapacitors, and 88.80.F- Energy storage technologies)
- 84.70.+p High-current and high-voltage technology: power systems; power transmission lines and cables (for superconducting cables, see 84.71.Fk)
- 84.71.-b Superconducting high-power technology (see also 84.30.Jc Power electronics; power supply circuits)
- 84.71.Ba Superconducting magnets; magnetic levitation devices
- 84.71.Fk Superconducting cables
- 84.71.Mn Superconducting wires, fibers, and tapes
- 84.90.+a Other topics in electronics, radiowave and microwave technology, and direct energy conversion and storage (restricted to new topics in section 84)

85. Electronic and magnetic devices; microelectronics (for vacuum tubes, see 84.47.+w; for microwave tubes, see 84.40.Fe, for conductors, and resistors, see 84.32.Ff; for wiring, inductors and coils, see 84.32.Hh)

- 85.25.-j Superconducting devices
- 85.25.Am Superconducting device characterization, design, and modeling
- 85.25.Cp Josephson devices
- 85.25.Dq Superconducting quantum interference devices (SQUIDS)
- 85.25.Hv Superconducting logic elements and memory devices; microelectronic circuits
- 85.25.Oj Superconducting optical, X-ray, and γ -ray detectors (SIS, NIS, transition edge)
- 85.25.Pb Superconducting infrared, submillimeter and millimeter wave detectors (see also 84.71.-b Superconducting high-power technology)
- 85.25.Qc Superconducting surface acoustic wave devices and other superconducting devices
- 85.30.-z Semiconductor devices (for photodiodes, phototransistors, and photoresistors, see 85.60.Dw; for laser diodes, see 42.55.Px; for semiconductor-based solar cells, see 88.40.-j; for applications of dielectric films in silicon electronics, see 77.55.df)
- 85.30.De Semiconductor-device characterization, design, and modeling
- 85.30.Fg Bulk semiconductor and conductivity oscillation devices (including Hall effect devices, space-charge-limited devices, and Gunn effect devices)
- 85.30.Hi Surface barrier, boundary, and point contact devices
- 85.30.Kk Junction diodes
- 85.30.Mn Junction breakdown and tunneling devices (including resonance tunneling devices)
- 85.30.Pq Bipolar transistors
- 85.30.Rs Thyristors
- 85.30.Tv Field effect devices
- 85.35.-p Nanoelectronic devices
- 85.35.Be Quantum well devices (quantum dots, quantum wires, etc.)
- 85.35.Ds Quantum interference devices
- 85.35.Gv Single electron devices
- 85.35.Kt Nanotube devices

85.40.-e Microelectronics: LSI, VLSI, ULSI; integrated circuit fabrication technology (see also 85.45.-w Vacuum microelectronics; 84.40.Lj Microwave integrated electronics; 42.82.-m Integrated optics; 85.25.Hv Superconducting logic elements and memory devices; microelectronic circuits)

85.40.Bh Computer-aided design of microcircuits; layout and modeling

85.40.Hp Lithography, masks and pattern transfer

... .. Micro- and nano-electromechanical systems (MEMS/NEMS) and devices, see 85.85.+j

85.40.Ls Metallization, contacts, interconnects; device isolation

85.40.Qx Microcircuit quality, noise, performance, and failure analysis

85.40.Ry Impurity doping, diffusion and ion implantation technology

85.40.Sz Deposition technology (for plasma applications in deposition technology, see 52.77.Dq)

85.40.Xx Hybrid microelectronics; thick films

85.45.-w Vacuum microelectronics

85.45.Bz Vacuum microelectronic device characterization, design, and modeling

85.45.Db Field emitters and arrays, cold electron emitters

85.45.Fd Field emission displays (FEDs)

85.50.-n Dielectric, ferroelectric, and piezoelectric devices

85.50.Gk Non-volatile ferroelectric memories

85.60.-q Optoelectronic devices (see also 42.79.-e Optical elements, devices and systems)

85.60.Bt Optoelectronic device characterization, design, and modeling

85.60.Dw Photodiodes; phototransistors; photoresistors

85.60.Gz Photodetectors (including infrared and CCD detectors) (for superconducting infrared detectors, see 85.25.Pb; for superconducting optical, x-ray and γ -ray detectors, see 85.25.Oj; see also 07.57.Kp in instruments)

85.60.Ha Photomultipliers; phototubes and photocathodes

85.60.Jb Light-emitting devices

85.60.Pg Display systems (for field emission display, see 85.45.Fd, for optical display devices, see 42.79.Kr; for electrochemical displays, see 82.47.Tp; see also 07.07.Hj Display and recording equipment, oscilloscopes, TV cameras, etc.)

85.65.+h Molecular electronic devices

85.70.-w Magnetic devices (for magnets, see 07.55.Db; for molecular magnets, see 75.50.Xx; for beam bending magnets, see 41.85.Lc; see also 84.71.Ba Superconducting magnets and magnetic levitation devices; 75.50.Ss Magnetic recording materials)

85.70.Ay Magnetic device characterization, design, and modeling

85.70.Ec Magnetostrictive, magnetoacoustic, and magnetostatic devices (for magnetostrictive transducers, see 43.38.Ct—in Acoustics Appendix)

85.70.Ge Ferrite and garnet devices

85.70.Kh Magnetic thin film devices: magnetic heads (magnetoresistive, inductive, etc.); domain-motion devices, etc.

85.70.Li Other magnetic recording and storage devices (including tapes, disks, and drums)

85.70.Rp Magnetic levitation, propulsion and control devices

85.70.Sq Magneto-optical devices

85.75.-d Magnetoelectronics; spintronics: devices exploiting spin polarized transport or integrated magnetic fields

85.75.Bb Magnetic memory using giant magnetoresistance

85.75.Dd Magnetic memory using magnetic tunnel junctions

85.75.Ff Reprogrammable magnetic logic

85.75.Hh Spin polarized field effect transistors

85.75.Mm Spin polarized resonant tunnel junctions

85.75.Nn Hybrid Hall devices

85.75.Ss Magnetic field sensors using spin polarized transport
 85.80.-b Thermoelectromagnetic and other devices (for acoustoelectric devices, see 43.38.-p in Acoustics Appendix; for electrochemical devices, see 82.47.-a)
 85.80.Fi Thermoelectric devices
 85.80.Jm Magnetoelectric devices
 85.80.Lp Magnetothermal devices
 85.85.+j Micro- and nano-electromechanical systems (MEMS/NEMS) and devices
 85.90.+h Other topics in electronic and magnetic devices and microelectronics (restricted to new topics in section 85)

87. Biological and medical physics

87.10.-e General theory and mathematical aspects
 87.10.Ca Analytical theories
 87.10.Ed Ordinary differential equations (ODE), partial differential equations (PDE), integrodifferential models
 87.10.Hk Lattice models
 87.10.Kn Finite element calculations
 87.10.Mn Stochastic modeling
 87.10.Pq Elasticity theory
 87.10.Rt Monte Carlo simulations
 87.10.Tf Molecular dynamics simulation
 87.10.Vg Biological information
 87.14.-g Biomolecules: types
 87.14.Cc Lipids
 87.14.Df Carbohydrates
 87.14.E- Proteins
 87.14.ef Peptides
 87.14.ej Enzymes
 87.14.em Fibrils (amyloids, collagen, etc.)
 87.14.ep Membrane proteins
 87.14.et Generic models (lattice, HP, etc.)
 87.14.G- Nucleic acids
 87.14.gf Nucleotides
 87.14.gk DNA
 87.14.gn RNA
 87.14.Lk Hormones
 87.14.Pq Vitamins
 87.15.-v Biomolecules: structure and physical properties (for NMR of biomolecules, see 82.56.Pp)
 87.15.A- Theory, modeling, and computer simulation
 87.15.ad Analytical theories
 87.15.ag Quantum calculations
 87.15.ak Monte Carlo simulations
 87.15.ap Molecular dynamics simulation
 87.15.B- Structure of biomolecules
 87.15.bd Secondary structure
 87.15.bg Tertiary structure
 87.15.bk Structure of aggregates
 87.15.Cc Folding: thermodynamics, statistical mechanics, models, and pathways (see also 87.15.hm Folding dynamics)
 87.15.Fh Bonding; mechanisms of bond breakage
 87.15.H- Dynamics of biomolecules
 87.15.hg Dynamics of intermolecular interactions
 87.15.hj Transport dynamics
 87.15.hm Folding dynamics
 87.15.hp Conformational changes

87.15.ht	Ultrafast dynamics; charge transfer
87.15.K-	Molecular interactions; membrane-protein interactions
87.15.kj	Protein-polynucleotide interactions
87.15.km	Protein-protein interactions
87.15.kp	Protein-ligand interactions
87.15.kr	Protein-solvent interactions
87.15.kt	Protein-membrane interactions
87.15.La	Mechanical properties
87.15.M-	Spectra of biomolecules
87.15.mk	Photodissociation
87.15.mn	Photoionization
87.15.mq	Luminescence
87.15.N-	Properties of solutions of macromolecules
87.15.np	Dissolution
87.15.nr	Aggregation
87.15.nt	Crystallization
87.15.Pc	Electronic and electrical properties
87.15.Qt	Sequence analysis
87.15.R-	Reactions and kinetics (see also 82.39.-k Chemical kinetics in biological systems in physical chemistry)
87.15.rp	Polymerization (see also 82.35.Pq Biopolymers, biopolymerization in physical chemistry)
87.15.rs	Dissociation
87.15.Tt	Electrophoresis (see also 82.45.-h Electrochemistry and electrophoresis)
87.15.Vv	Diffusion
87.15.Ya	Fluctuations
87.15.Zg	Phase transitions
87.16.-b	Subcellular structure and processes
87.16.A-	Theory, modeling, and simulations
87.16.ad	Analytical theories
87.16.af	Monte Carlo calculations
87.16.aj	Lattice models
87.16.D-	Membranes, bilayers, and vesicles
87.16.dj	Dynamics and fluctuations
87.16.dm	Mechanical properties and rheology
87.16.dp	Transport, including channels, pores, and lateral diffusion
87.16.dr	Assembly and interactions
87.16.dt	Structure, static correlations, domains, and rafts
87.16.Gj	Cell walls
87.16.Ka	Filaments, microtubules, their networks, and supramolecular assemblies
87.16.Ln	Cytoskeleton
87.16.Mq	Morphology of nerve cells
87.16.Nn	Motor proteins (myosin, kinesin dynein)
87.16.Qp	Pseudopods, lamellipods, cilia, and flagella
87.16.Sr	Chromosomes, histones
87.16.Tb	Mitochondria and other organelles
87.16.Uv	Active transport processes
87.16.Vy	Ion channels
87.16.Wd	Intracellular trafficking
87.16.Xa	Signal transduction and intracellular signaling
87.16.Yc	Regulatory genetic and chemical networks
87.16.Zg	Nuclear morphology
87.17.-d	Cell processes
87.17.Aa	Modeling, computer simulation of cell processes
87.17.Ee	Growth and division
87.17.Jj	Cell locomotion, chemotaxis
87.17.Pq	Morphogenesis

87.17.Rt Cell adhesion and cell mechanics
 87.17.Uv Biotechnology of cell processes
 87.18.-h Biological complexity (see also 82.39.Rt Reactions in complex biological systems in physical chemistry)
 87.18.Cf Genetic switches and networks
 87.18.Ed Cell aggregation
 87.18.Fx Multicellular phenomena, biofilms
 87.18.Gh Cell-cell communication; collective behavior of motile cells
 87.18.Hf Spatiotemporal pattern formation in cellular populations
 87.18.Mp Signal transduction networks
 87.18.Nq Large-scale biological processes and integrative biophysics
 87.18.Sn Neural networks and synaptic communication
 87.18.Tt Noise in biological systems
 87.18.Vf Systems biology
 87.18.Wd Genomics
 87.18.Xr Proteomics
 87.18.Yt Circadian rhythms
 87.19.-j Properties of higher organisms
 87.19.Ff Muscles
 87.19.Hh Cardiac dynamics
 87.19.L- Neuroscience
 87.19.lb Action potential propagation and axons
 87.19.lc Noise in the nervous system
 87.19.ld Electrodynamics in the nervous system
 87.19.le EEG and MEG
 87.19.lf MRI: anatomic, functional, spectral, diffusion
 87.19.lg Synapses: chemical and electrical (gap junctions)
 87.19.lh Optical imaging of neuronal activity
 87.19.lj Neuronal network dynamics
 87.19.lk Glia
 87.19.ll Models of single neurons and networks
 87.19.lm Synchronization in the nervous system
 87.19.ln Oscillations and resonance
 87.19.lo Information theory
 87.19.lp Pattern formation: activity and anatomic
 87.19.lq Neuronal wave propagation
 87.19.lr Control theory and feedback
 87.19.ls Encoding, decoding, and transformation
 87.19.lt Sensory systems: visual, auditory, tactile, taste, and olfaction (for Neurophysiology of speech perception, see 43.71.Qr and 43.72.Qr Auditory synthesis and recognition in Acoustics Appendix; 42.66.-p Physiological optics)
 87.19.lu Motor systems: Locomotion, flight, vocalization
 87.19.lv Learning and memory
 87.19.lw Plasticity
 87.19.lx Development and growth
 87.19.ly Energetics
 87.19.Pp Biothermics and thermal processes in biology
 87.19.R- Mechanical and electrical properties of tissues and organs
 87.19.rd Elastic properties
 87.19.rf Dielectric properties
 87.19.rh Fluid transport and rheology
 87.19.rj Contraction
 87.19.rm Structure
 87.19.rp Impulse propagation
 87.19.rs Movement
 87.19.ru Locomotion
 87.19.U- Hemodynamics

87.19.ug	Heart and lung dynamics
87.19.uj	Peripheral vascular dynamics
87.19.um	Blood-brain barrier
87.19.Wx	Pneumodynamics, respiration
87.19.X-	Diseases
87.19.xb	Bacterial diseases
87.19.xd	Viral diseases
87.19.xe	Parasitic diseases
87.19.xg	Fungal diseases
87.19.xh	Prion diseases
87.19.xj	Cancer
87.19.xk	Genetic diseases
87.19.xm	Epilepsy
87.19.xn	Musculoskeletal diseases
87.19.xp	Motor system disease (Parkinson's, etc.)
87.19.xq	Stroke
87.19.xr	Degenerative diseases (Alzheimer's, ALS, etc)
87.19.xt	Developmental diseases
87.19.xu	Gastrointestinal diseases
87.19.xv	Endocrine diseases
87.19.xw	Immune system diseases
87.23.-n	Ecology and evolution
87.23.Cc	Population dynamics and ecological pattern formation
87.23.Ge	Dynamics of social systems
87.23.Kg	Dynamics of evolution
87.50.-a	Effects of electromagnetic and acoustic fields on biological systems
87.50.C-	Static and low-frequency electric and magnetic fields effects
87.50.cf	Biophysical mechanisms of interaction
87.50.ch	Electrophoresis/dielectrophoresis and other mechanical effects (see also 87.15.Tt Electrophoresis)
87.50.cj	Electroporation/membrane effects
87.50.cm	Dosimetry/exposure assessment
87.50.ct	Therapeutic applications
87.50.S-	Radiofrequency/microwave fields effects
87.50.sg	Biophysical mechanisms of interaction
87.50.sj	Dosimetry/exposure assessment
87.50.st	Therapeutic applications
87.50.U-	Millimeter/terahertz fields effects
87.50.uj	Biophysical mechanisms of interaction
87.50.up	Dosimetry/exposure assessment
87.50.ux	Therapeutic applications
87.50.W-	Optical/infrared radiation effects
87.50.wf	Biophysical mechanisms of interaction
87.50.wj	Dosimetry/exposure assessment
87.50.wp	Therapeutic applications
87.50.Y-	Biological effects of acoustic and ultrasonic energy
87.50.yg	Biophysical mechanisms of interaction
87.50.yk	Dosimetry/exposure assessment
87.50.yt	Therapeutic applications
87.53.-j	Effects of ionizing radiation on biological systems
87.53.Ay	Biophysical mechanisms of interaction
87.53.Bn	Dosimetry/exposure assessment
87.53.Jw	Therapeutic applications, including brachytherapy
87.53.Kn	Conformal radiation treatment
87.53.Ly	Stereotactic radiosurgery
87.55.-x	Treatment strategy
87.55.D-	Treatment planning
87.55.de	Optimization

87.55.dh	Tissue response
87.55.dk	Dose-volume analysis
87.55.Gh	Simulation
87.55.K-	Monte Carlo methods
87.55.kd	Algorithms
87.55.kh	Applications
87.55.km	Verification
87.55.N-	Radiation monitoring, control, and safety
87.55.ne	Therapeutic applications
87.55.Qr	Quality assurance in radiotherapy
87.55.T-	Record and verify systems and applications
87.55.tg	Design
87.55.tm	Applications
87.56.-v	Radiation therapy equipment
87.56.B-	Radiation sources
87.56.bd	Accelerators
87.56.bg	Radioactive sources
87.56.Da	Ancillary equipment
87.56.Fc	Quality assurance equipment
87.56.J-	Collimation
87.56.jf	Field size
87.56.jk	Field shaping
87.56.N-	Beam intensity modifications
87.56.ng	Wedges and compensators
87.56.nk	Collimators
87.57.-s	Medical imaging
87.57.C-	Image quality
87.57.cf	Spatial resolution
87.57.cj	Contrast
87.57.cm	Noise
87.57.cp	Artifacts and distortion
87.57.N-	Image analysis
87.57.nf	Reconstruction
87.57.nj	Registration
87.57.nm	Segmentation
87.57.np	Smoothing
87.57.nt	Edge enhancement
87.57.Q-	Computed tomography
87.57.qh	Single-slice
87.57.qp	Multislice
87.57.R-	Computer-aided diagnosis
87.57.rh	Mammography
87.57.U-	Nuclear medicine imaging
87.57.ue	Conventional nuclear medicine imaging
87.57.uh	Single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT)
87.57.uk	Positron emission tomography (PET)
87.57.un	Radiopharmaceuticals
87.57.uq	Dosimetry
87.57.Va	Neutron imaging; neutron tomography
87.59.-e	X-ray imaging
87.59.B-	Radiography
87.59.bd	Computed radiography
87.59.bf	Digital radiography
87.59.C-	Fluoroscopy
87.59.cf	Digital fluoroscopy
87.59.Dj	Angiography
87.59.E-	Mammography
87.59.eg	Film mammography

87.59.ej	Digital mammography
87.61.-c	Magnetic resonance imaging
87.61.Bj	Theory and principles
87.61.Ff	Instrumentation
87.61.Hk	Pulse sequences
87.61.Jc	Anatomic imaging
87.61.Np	Flow imaging
87.61.Qr	Functional imaging
87.61.Tg	Clinical applications
87.63.-d	Non-ionizing radiation equipment and techniques
87.63.D-	Ultrasonography
87.63.dh	Ultrasonographic imaging
87.63.dk	Doppler
87.63.Hg	Thermography
87.63.L-	Visual imaging
87.63.lg	Principles of visualization
87.63.lj	Image perception
87.63.lm	Image enhancement
87.63.lp	Transillumination
87.63.lt	Laser imaging
87.63.Pn	Electrical impedance tomography (EIT)
87.63.St	Bone densitometry
87.64.-t	Spectroscopic and microscopic techniques in biophysics and medical physics
87.64.Aa	Computer simulation
87.64.Bx	Electron, neutron and x-ray diffraction and scattering
87.64.Cc	Scattering of visible, uv, and infrared radiation
87.64.Dz	Scanning tunneling and atomic force microscopy
87.64.Ee	Electron microscopy
87.64.K-	Spectroscopy
87.64.kd	X-ray and EXAFS
87.64.kh	EPR
87.64.kj	NMR
87.64.km	Infrared
87.64.kp	Raman
87.64.ks	Electron and photoelectron
87.64.ku	Magnetic circular dichroism
87.64.kv	Fluorescence
87.64.kx	Mössbauer
87.64.M-	Optical microscopy
87.64.mc	Bright field
87.64.mf	Dark field
87.64.mh	Phase contrast and DIC
87.64.mk	Confocal
87.64.mn	Multiphoton
87.64.mt	Near-field scanning
87.80.-y	Biophysical techniques (research methods)
87.80.Cc	Optical trapping (see also 42.50.Wk Mechanical effects of light on material media, microstructure and particles in optics; 37.10.-x Atom, molecule, and ion cooling methods)
87.80.Dj	Spectroscopies
87.80.Ek	Mechanical and micromechanical techniques
87.80.Fe	Micromanipulation of biological structures
87.80.Jg	Patch clamping and other physiological measurements
87.80.Kc	Electrochemical techniques
87.80.Lg	Magnetic and paramagnetic resonance
87.80.Nj	Single-molecule techniques (see also 82.37.Rs Single molecule manipulation of proteins and other biological molecules in physical

chemistry)

87.80.Qk Biochemical separation processes

87.80.St Genomic techniques

87.80.Un Proteomic techniques

87.85.-d Biomedical engineering

87.85.D- Applied neuroscience

87.85.dd Brain-machine interfaces

87.85.dh Cells on a chip

87.85.dm Physical models of neurophysiological processes

87.85.dq Neural networks

87.85.E- Neural prosthetics

87.85.eg Electrode stimulation

87.85.ej Safe limits of charge injection

87.85.em Tissue damage

87.85.F- Smart prosthetics

87.85.ff Feedback

87.85.fh Feedforward

87.85.fk Biosensors

87.85.fp Bidirectional communication

87.85.G- Biomechanics

87.85.gf Fluid mechanics and rheology

87.85.gj Movement and locomotion

87.85.gp Mechanical systems

87.85.J- Biomaterials

87.85.jc Electrical, thermal, and mechanical properties of biological matter

87.85.jf Bio-based materials

87.85.jj Biocompatibility

87.85.Lf Tissue engineering

87.85.M- Biotechnology (for biotechnology of cell processes, see 87.17.Uv)

87.85.md Genetic engineering

87.85.mg Genomics

87.85.mk Proteomics

87.85.Ng Biological signal processing

87.85.Ox Biomedical instrumentation and transducers, including micro-electro-mechanical systems (MEMS)

87.85.Pq Biomedical imaging

87.85.Qr Nanotechnologies-design

87.85.Rs Nanotechnologies-applications

87.85.St Robotics

87.85.Tu Modeling biomedical systems

87.85.Uv Micromanipulators

87.85.Va Micromachining

87.85.Wc Neural engineering (for neural prosthetics, see 87.85.E-)

87.85.Xd Dynamical, regulatory, and integrative biology

87.90.+y Other topics in biological and medical physics (restricted to new topics in section 87)

88. Renewable energy resources and applications (for nuclear power see 89.30.Gg and 89.30.Jj)

88.05.-b Energy analysis

88.05.Bc Energy efficiency; definitions and standards

88.05.De Thermodynamic constraints on energy production (see also 05.70.-a Thermodynamics)

88.05.Ec Renewable energy targets

88.05.Gh Energy conservation; electricity demand reduction

88.05.Hj Energy content issues; life cycle analysis

88.05.Jk Policy issues; resource assessment

88.05.Lg Economic issues; sustainability; cost trends
 88.05.Np Environmental aspects
 88.05.Pq Emissions trading and CDM
 88.05.Qr Energy use in agriculture (see also 91.62.Bf Agricultural systems in Geophysics Appendix)
 88.05.Rt Energy use in appliances and electronic equipment
 88.05.Sv Energy use in heating and cooling of residential and commercial buildings (for solar heating and cooling of residential and commercial buildings, see 88.40.me; for geothermal energy use in heating and cooling of buildings, see 88.10.cn)
 88.05.Tg Energy use in lighting (for solar energy use in lighting, see 88.40.mx, and 88.40.my)
 88.05.Vx Energy use in industry and manufacturing (see also 89.20.Bb Industrial and technological research and development)
 88.05.Xj Energy use in transportation (see also 88.85.-r Advanced vehicles)
 88.10.-g Geothermal energy (see also 91.35.Dc Heat flow; geothermy)
 88.10.C- Ground heat
 88.10.cd Geothermal heat pumps
 88.10.cf Global geothermal flux
 88.10.ch Continental geothermal energy
 88.10.cj Oceanic geothermal energy
 88.10.cn Heating and cooling of buildings; space heating (for solar heating and cooling of residential and commercial buildings, see 88.40.me)
 88.10.Eb Hot dry rock (igneous systems)
 88.10.F- Hydrothermal reservoirs (see also 92.05.Lf Hydrothermal systems in oceanography; 91.40.Ge Hydrothermal systems in volcanology)
 88.10.fb Hot springs
 88.10.fe Hot water from wells
 88.10.fh Down hole pumps
 88.10.G- Reservoir engineering (enhanced geothermal systems)
 88.10.gc Simulation; prediction models
 88.10.gf Imaging fluid flow
 88.10.gk High-temperature logging tools and sensors
 88.10.gn Fracture characterization of rocks
 88.10.gp Site characterization; zonal isolation
 88.10.H- Geothermal electricity production
 88.10.hd Dry steam plants
 88.10.hf Flash steam plants
 88.10.hh Binary-cycle steam plants
 88.10.J- Brines and their dissolved matter
 88.10.jj Mineral extraction
 88.10.jn Metals extraction
 88.10.jp Combined minerals and metals extraction
 88.20.-j Biomass energy
 88.20.D- Biomass energy sources
 88.20.dd Wood
 88.20.df Food crops
 88.20.dh Grassy and woody plants
 88.20.dj Agriculture/forestry residues
 88.20.dm Aquatic/marine sources
 88.20.dp Cellulosic materials
 88.20.dr Food wastes
 88.20.dt Municipal and industrial wastes
 88.20.dv Methane from landfills
 88.20.F- Renewable alternative fuels from biomass energy (for fossil fuels, see 89.30.A-)
 88.20.ff Ethanol (see also 88.85.mj ethanol in alternative fuels for advanced vehicles)

88.20.fg	Methanol
88.20.fh	Butanol
88.20.fj	Mixed alcohols
88.20.fk	Biodiesel (see also 88.85.mb Biodiesel in alternative fuels for advanced vehicles)
88.20.fn	Hydrogen (see also 88.85.mh Hydrogen in alternative fuels for advanced vehicles)
88.20.fq	Methane
88.20.fr	Solid pelletized fuel
88.20.fs	Syngas
88.20.ft	Vegetable oils
88.20.fv	Bioethers
88.20.fw	Bioaviation fuel
88.20.G-	Methane production
88.20.gc	Fischer-Tropsch (F-T) liquids (hydrocarbons)
88.20.gf	Decaying organic matter
88.20.gh	Anaerobic digestion
88.20.H-	Biomass processing routes
88.20.hh	Biochemical route
88.20.hj	Thermochemical route
88.20.J-	Biomass conversion methods
88.20.jj	Combustion
88.20.jm	Hydrolysis and fermentation
88.20.jp	Extraction and esterification
88.20.jr	Alternate photosynthetic pathways
88.20.M-	Biopower systems
88.20.mn	Direct-firing systems
88.20.mp	Cofiring systems
88.20.mr	Gasification systems; syngas
88.20.mt	Pyrolysis to liquids
88.20.mv	Paper mills
88.20.R-	Bioproducts from biomass
88.20.rb	Plastics
88.20.rg	Glues
88.20.rm	Acids
88.20.rp	Wood adhesives
88.20.rr	Foam insulation
88.20.T-	Markets for renewable alternative fuels (for alternative fuels for advanced vehicles, see 88.85.M-)
88.20.td	Heat
88.20.tf	Combined heat and power
88.20.th	Transportation fuels
88.20.tk	Chemicals
88.20.Y-	Social issues
88.20.yq	Food versus fuel debate
88.30.-k	Hydrogen and fuel cell technology (for hydrogen as a renewable alternative fuel, see 88.20.fn; for hydrogen as an alternative fuel in advanced vehicles, see 88.85.mh)
88.30.E-	Hydrogen production with renewable energy
88.30.ej	Thermochemical hydrogen
88.30.em	Electrolytic hydrogen
88.30.ep	Electrochemical photolytic hydrogen
88.30.er	Biological photolytic hydrogen
88.30.et	Reforming biomass and wastes
88.30.ew	Water-gas-shift (WGS) reaction
88.30.G-	Fuel cell systems
88.30.gg	Design and simulation
88.30.J-	Fuel cell components

88.30.jn	Fuel cell stack
88.30.jp	Fuel processor
88.30.jr	Current converter
88.30.jt	Heat recovery system
88.30.M-	Fuel cell component materials
88.30.mg	Inorganic proton conductors
88.30.mj	Composite materials
88.30.Nn	Corrosion protection
88.30.P-	Types of fuel cells (see also 82.47.-a Applied electrochemistry)
88.30.pd	Proton exchange membrane fuel cells (PEM)
88.30.pf	Direct methanol fuel cells
88.30.ph	Alkaline fuel cells
88.30.pj	Phosphoric acid fuel cells
88.30.pm	Molten carbonate fuel cells
88.30.pn	Solid oxide fuel cells
88.30.pp	Regenerative fuel cells
88.30.R-	Hydrogen storage
88.30.rd	Inorganic metal hydrides
88.30.rf	Organics
88.30.rh	Carbon nanotubes
88.30.rj	Hydrocarbons and alcohols liquid systems
88.40.-j	Solar energy
88.40.F-	Solar concentrators (see also 42.79.Ek Solar collectors and concentrators in optics)
88.40.fc	Modeling and analysis
88.40.ff	Performance testing
88.40.fh	Advanced materials development
88.40.fj	Parabolic-trough mirrors
88.40.fm	Dish/engine systems
88.40.fp	Power tower systems
88.40.fr	Concentrating collectors
88.40.H-	Solar cells (photovoltaics)
88.40.hj	Efficiency and performance of solar cells
88.40.hm	Cost of production of solar cells
88.40.J-	Types of solar cells
88.40.jj	Silicon solar cells
88.40.jm	Thin film III-V and II-VI based solar cells
88.40.jn	Thin film Cu-based I-III-VI ₂ solar cells
88.40.jp	Multijunction solar cells
88.40.jr	Organic photovoltaics
88.40.M-	Residential and commercial buildings
88.40.me	Solar heating and cooling systems
88.40.mg	Active space/water heating
88.40.mj	Passive space/water heating
88.40.mm	Pool heating systems
88.40.mp	Grid-tied solar electric systems
88.40.mr	Building-integrated photovoltaics
88.40.mt	Roof top shingles
88.40.mv	Building facades
88.40.mx	Day lighting/natural lighting of buildings
88.40.my	Outdoor solar lights
88.50.-k	Wind energy
88.50.G-	Wind turbines
88.50.gg	Research and development
88.50.gj	Modeling, design
88.50.gm	Components
88.50.gp	Testing
88.50.J-	Wind farms

88.50.jj Small-scale wind farms
 88.50.jn Large-scale wind farms
 88.50.jp Off-shore wind farms
 88.50.Mp Electricity generation, grid integration from wind (see also 84.70.+p High-current and high-voltage technology: power systems; power transmission lines and cables; see also 88.80.-q Energy delivery and storage)
 88.50.Xy Social issues regarding wind energy
 88.60.-m Hydroelectric power (see also 84.70.+p High-current and high-voltage technology: power systems; power transmission lines and cables)
 88.60.J- Conventional hydropower
 88.60.jb Impoundment facilities, dams
 88.60.je Diversion facilities
 88.60.jg Pumped storage facilities
 88.60.K- Hydroturbines
 88.60.kc Cross-flow turbines
 88.60.kf Francis hydropower turbines
 88.60.kj Free-flow turbines
 88.60.km Impulse turbines
 88.60.kp Pelton hydropower turbines
 88.60.kr Propeller turbines
 88.60.kt Reaction turbines
 88.60.N- Emerging hydropower technologies
 88.60.nf Energy from ocean waves (see also 92.05.Jn Ocean energy extraction in oceanography)
 88.60.nh Tidal energy
 88.60.nj Marine thermal gradients
 88.60.nm Energy from ocean currents
 88.60.np Natural water flow in rivers
 88.60.nr Ocean thermal energy
 88.80.-q Energy delivery and storage
 88.80.Cd Grid-connected distributed energy resources
 88.80.F- Energy storage technologies (see also 84.60.Ve Energy storage systems, including capacitor banks)
 88.80.ff Batteries (for lithium-ion batteries, see 82.47.Aa; for lead-acid, nickel-metal hydride batteries, see 82.47.Cb; see also 88.85.jk, and 88.85.jm in advanced vehicles)
 88.80.fh Supercapacitors (see also 82.47.Uv Electrochemical capacitors; supercapacitors)
 88.80.fj Superconducting magnetic energy storage (see also 84.71.-b Superconducting high-power technology)
 88.80.H- Electric power transmission (see also 84.70.+p High-current and high-voltage technology: power systems; power transmission lines and cables; and 84.71.-b Superconducting high-power technology)
 88.80.hh Transmission grids
 88.80.hj High-voltage direct current transmission
 88.80.hm ac power transmission
 88.80.hp Radio-frequency power transmission
 88.80.hr Superconducting cables (see also 84.71.Fk Superconducting cables in superconducting high power technology)
 88.80.ht Wireless power transmission
 88.80.Kg Energy delivery infrastructure
 88.85.-r Advanced vehicles
 88.85.Cd Fuel cell vehicles (FCVs)
 88.85.Fg Plug-in hybrid vehicles (HEVs)
 88.85.Hj Electric vehicles (EVs)
 88.85.J- Vehicle energy storage
 88.85.jk Lead-acid batteries (for lead-acid batteries in applied

- electrochemistry, see 82.47.Cb)
- 88.85.jm Nickel-metal hydride batteries (for nickel-metal hydride batteries in applied electrochemistry, see 82.47.Cb)
- 88.85.jp Ultracapacitors
- 88.85.M- Alternative fuels for advanced vehicles
- 88.85.mb Biodiesel (see also 88.20.fk Biodiesel in renewable alternative fuels)
- 88.85.md Propane
- 88.85.mf Natural gas
- 88.85.mh Hydrogen (see also 88.20.fn Hydrogen in renewable alternative fuels)
- 88.85.mj Ethanol (see also 88.20.ff Ethanol in renewable alternative fuels)
- 88.85.mn Fuel blends
- 88.85.Pq Fueling stations for advanced vehicles
- 88.90.+t Other topics in renewable energy and applications (restricted to new topics in section 88)

89. Other areas of applied and interdisciplinary physics (for materials science, see section 81; for physical chemistry, see section 82; for rheology, see section 83; for electrical, radiowave and microwave technology, see section 84; for electronic and magnetic devices and microelectronics, see section 85; for biological and medical physics, see section 87)

- 89.20.-a Interdisciplinary applications of physics
- 89.20.Bb Industrial and technological research and development
- 89.20.Dd Military technology and weapons systems; arms control
- 89.20.Ff Computer science and technology
- 89.20.Hh World Wide Web, Internet
- 89.20.Kk Engineering (for electrochemical engineering, see 82.47.Wx; for biomedical engineering, see 87.85.-d; for reservoir engineering in geothermal energy, see 88.10.G-; for nuclear engineering, see 28.00.00)
- 89.20.Mn Forensic science (for forensic acoustics, see 43.72.Uv—in Acoustics Appendix)
- 89.30.-g Fossil fuels and nuclear power (for renewable energy resources, see section 88)
- 89.30.A- Fossil fuels
- 89.30.ag Coal
- 89.30.aj Oil, petroleum
- 89.30.an Natural gas
- 89.30.Gg Nuclear fission power (for fission reactors, see 28.41.-i and 28.50.-k in nuclear physics)
- 89.30.Jj Nuclear fusion power (for fusion reactors, see 28.52.-s in nuclear physics)
- 89.40.-a Transportation
- 89.40.Bb Land transportation
- 89.40.Cc Water transportation
- 89.40.Dd Air transportation
- 89.60.-k Environmental studies (for ecology, see 87.23.-n; for environmental impacts of renewable energy, see 88.05.Np)
- 89.60.Ec Environmental safety (for air quality, see 92.60.Sz; for water quality, see 92.40.kc, and 92.40.qc in Geophysics Appendix)
- 89.60.Fe Environmental regulations (see also 01.78.+p Science and government)
- 89.60.Gg Impact of natural and man-made disasters (for volcanic eruption effects on the atmosphere, see 92.60.Zc; for landslides, see 92.40.Ha; for floods, see 92.40.qp in Geophysics Appendix; for avalanches, see 92.40.vw in Geophysics Appendix; for global warming, see 92.70.Mn, for sea level change, see 92.70.Jw; for cryospheric change, see 92.70.Ha)
- 89.65.-s Social and economic systems
- 89.65.Cd Demographic studies
- 89.65.Ef Social organizations; anthropology

- 89.65.Gh Economics; econophysics, financial markets, business and management (for economic issues regarding production and use of renewable energy, see 88.05.Lg)
- 89.65.Lm Urban planning and construction (for energy efficient buildings utilizing solar power, see 88.40.M-)
- 89.70.-a Information and communication theory (for telecommunications, see 84.40.Ua; for optical communications, see 42.79.Sz; for quantum information, see 03.67.-a; for applications to neuroscience, see 87.19.lo)
- 89.70.Cf Entropy and other measures of information
- 89.70.Eg Computational complexity
- 89.70.Hj Communication complexity
- 89.70.Kn Channel capacity and error-correcting codes
- 89.75.-k Complex systems (for complex chemical systems, see 82.40.Qt; for biological complexity, see 87.18.-h)
- 89.75.Da Systems obeying scaling laws
- 89.75.Fb Structures and organization in complex systems
- 89.75.Hc Networks and genealogical trees
- 89.75.Kd Patterns
- 89.90.+n Other topics in areas of applied and interdisciplinary physics (restricted to new topics in section 89)

90. GEOPHYSICS, ASTRONOMY, AND ASTROPHYSICS (for more detailed headings, see the Geophysics Appendix)

91. Solid Earth physics

- 91.10.-v Geodesy and gravity (see also 91.50.Kx Gravity and isostasy—in Marine geology and geophysics; 91.45.gh—in Geophysics Appendix)
- 91.10.By Mathematical geodesy; general theory
- 91.10.Da Cartography
- 91.10.Fc Space and satellite geodesy; applications of global positioning systems
- 91.10.Jf Topography; geometric observations
- 91.10.Kg Crustal movements and deformation
- 91.10.Lh Photogrammetry
- 91.10.Nj Rotational variations; polar wobble (see also 92.10.Iv Ocean influence of Earth's rotation)
- 91.10.Op Gravity anomalies; time variable gravity
- 91.10.Pp Geodetic techniques; gravimetric measurements and instruments
- 91.10.Qm Harmonics of the gravity potential field; geopotential theory and determination
- Rheology of lithosphere and mantle, see 91.32.De, 91.32.Gh
- 91.10.Sp Satellite orbits
- 91.10.Tq Earth tides
- 91.10.Vr Ocean/Earth/atmosphere/ hydrosphere/cryosphere interactions; mass balance
- 91.10.Ws Reference systems
- 91.10.Xa Global change from geodesy
- 91.25.-r Geomagnetism and paleomagnetism; geoelectricity (see also 91.50.Iv Marine magnetism and electromagnetics)
- 91.25.Cw Origins and models of the magnetic field; dynamo theories
- 91.25.Dx Archeomagnetism
- 91.25.Ey Interactions between exterior sources and interior properties
- 91.25.F- Rock and mineral magnetism (see also 91.60.Pn Magnetic and electrical properties—in Physical properties of rocks and minerals)
- 91.25.fa Biogenic magnetic minerals
- 91.25.fd Environmental magnetism
- 91.25.G- Spatial variations in geomagnetism

91.25.ga Harmonics and anomalies
 91.25.gj Attributed to seafloor spreading
 91.25.Le Time variations in geomagnetism
 91.25.Mf Magnetic field reversals: process and timescale
 91.25.Ng Paleomagnetism
 91.25.Ph Magnetostratigraphy
 91.25.Qi Geoelectricity, electromagnetic induction, and telluric currents
 91.25.Rt Magnetic anomalies; modeling and interpretations
 91.25.St Magnetic fabrics and anisotropy
 91.25.Th Reference fields: regional; global
 91.25.Ux Remagnetization
 91.25.Wb Geomagnetic induction
 91.25.Xg Geomagnetic excursion
 91.25.Za Core processes
 91.30.-f Seismology
 91.30.Ab Theory and modeling, computational seismology
 91.30.Bi Seismic sources (mechanisms, magnitude, moment frequency spectrum)
 91.30.Cd Body wave propagation
 91.30.Dk Seismicity (see also 91.45.gd—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Fn Surface waves and free oscillations
 91.30.Ga Subduction zones (see also 91.40.Rs—in Volcanology; 91.45.Hc—in Tectonophysics; 91.50.Wy—in Marine geology and geophysics; 91.67.fc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Hc Mid-ocean ridges (see also 91.40.St—in Volcanology; 91.50.Rt—in Marine geology and geophysics; 91.67.ff—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Iv Transform faults
 91.30.Jk Tomography in seismology (see also 91.35.Pn Tomography of the Earth's interior)
 91.30.Mv Strong motions and shock waves
 91.30.Nw Tsunamis (see also 92.10.hl—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Px Earthquakes
 91.30.Rz Nuclear explosion seismology
 91.30.Tb Volcano seismology
 91.30.Uv Core and mantle seismology
 91.30.Vc Continental crust seismology
 91.30.Wx Lithosphere seismology (see also 91.45.gf—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Ye Oceanic crust seismology
 91.30.Za Paleoseismology
 91.32.-m Rheology of the Earth
 91.32.Ac General aspects
 91.32.De Crust and lithosphere
 91.32.Gh Mantle
 91.32.Jk Friction of fault zones
 91.35.-x Earth's interior structure and properties
 91.35.Cb Models of interior structure
 91.35.Dc Heat flow; geothermy (see also 91.50.Ln Heat flow (benthic)—in Marine geology and geophysics; see also 88.10.-g Geothermal energy in renewable energy resources and applications)
 91.35.Ed Structure of the Earth's interior below the upper mantle
 91.35.Gf Structure of the crust and upper mantle
 91.35.Lj Composition and state of the Earth's interior (see also 91.67.gb—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Geochronology, see 91.80.+d; and in Geophysics Appendix, see 91.80.-d)
 91.35.Pn Tomography of the Earth's interior (see also 91.30.Jk Tomography in seismology)
 91.40.-k Volcanology (see also 91.30.Tb Volcano seismology)
 91.40.Ac Geochemical modeling
 91.40.Bp Tephrochronology; ash deposits

91.40.Dr Atmospheric effects (see also 92.60.Mt Particles and aerosols—in Meteorology)
 91.40.Ft Eruption mechanisms
 91.40.Ge Hydrothermal systems (see also 91.67.Jk—in Geochemistry; 92.05.Lf—in oceanography)
 91.40.Hw Lava rheology and morphology
 91.40.Jk Magma migration
 91.40.La Physics and chemistry of magma bodies
 91.40.Pc Thermodynamics in volcanology
 91.40.Qa Reactions and phase equilibria (see also 91.67.De—in Geochemistry)
 91.40.Rs Subduction zone processes (see also 91.30.Ga—in Seismology; 91.45.Hc—in Tectonophysics; 91.50.Wy—in Marine geology; 91.67.fc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.40.St Mid-oceanic ridge processes (see also 91.30.Hc—in Seismology; 91.50.Rt—in Marine geology; 91.67.ff—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.40.Ta Intra-plate processes (see also 91.50.Tb—in Marine geology; 91.67.fh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.40.Uc Volcanoclastic deposits
 91.40.Vg Volcanic gases
 91.40.Wx Calderas
 91.40.Yt Remote sensing of volcanoes (see also 93.85.Pq)
 91.40.Zz Volcano monitoring; volcanic hazards and risks
 Planetary volcanism, see 96.12.Xy
 91.45.-c Tectonophysics
 91.45.Bg Planetary interiors (see also 96.12.Pc—in Planetology of solid surface planets; 96.15.Nd—in Planetology of fluid planets)
 91.45.Cg Continental tectonics
 91.45.Dh Plate tectonics
 Neotectonics, see 91.45.ch—in Geophysics Appendix
 91.45.Fj Convection currents and mantle plumes
 91.45.Ga Dynamics and mechanics of tectonics
 91.45.Hc Subduction and obduction zone processes (see also 91.30.Ga—in Seismology; 91.40.Rs—in Volcanology)
 91.45.Jg Hot spots, large igneous provinces, and flood basalt volcanism
 91.45.Kn Core processes
 91.45.Nc Evolution of the Earth
 91.45.Qv Tomography of plate tectonics (see also 91.30.Jk—in Seismology)
 91.45.Rg Heat generation and transport
 Folds and folding, see 91.55.Hj
 Fractures and faults, see 91.55.Jk
 91.45.Wa Volcanic arcs
 91.45.Xz Stresses in tectonophysics
 Hydrothermal systems, see 91.40.Ge
 Planetary tectonics, see 96.12.Xy
 Pluton emplacement, see 91.55.Sn
 Rheology of the Earth, see 91.32.-m

 91.50.-r Marine geology and geophysics
 91.50.Ac Back-arc basin processes
 91.50.Bd Continental shelf and slope processes
 91.50.Cw Beach and coastal processes
 91.50.Ey Seafloor morphology, geology, and geophysics (see also 92.10.0c Benthic boundary layers, ocean bottom processes—in oceanography)
 91.50.Ga Bathymetry, seafloor topology
 91.50.Hc Gas and hydrate systems (see also 92.20.Uv—in oceanography)
 91.50.Iv Marine magnetics and electromagnetics
 91.50.Jc Marine sediments, turbidity currents—processes and transport (see also 91.65.Ti—in petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa and

92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.50.Kx Gravity and isostasy
 91.50.Ln Heat flow (benthic)
 91.50.Nc Littoral processes
 91.50.Ps Marine hydrogeology
 91.50.Qr Micropaleontology
 91.50.Rt Mid-ocean ridge processes (see also 91.30.Hc—in Seismology; 91.40.St—in Volcanology; 91.67.ff—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.50.Sn Ocean drilling (see also 93.85.Tf Oil prospecting, pipelines, and conduits)
 91.50.Tb Oceanic hotspots and intra-plate volcanism (see also 91.40.Ta—in Volcanology; 91.67.fh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.50.Uv Oceanic plateaus and fracture zone processes
 91.50.Vx Ophiolites
 91.50.Wy Subduction zone processes
 91.50.Xz Submarine landslides
 91.50.Yf Submergence instruments, ROV, AUV, Submersibles, and ocean observatories
 91.55.-y Structural geology
 91.55.Ax Mechanics, theory and modeling
 91.55.Bc Continental neotectonics
 91.55.De Diapir and diapirism
 91.55.Fg Dynamics and mechanics of faulting (see also 91.32.Jk Friction of fault zones, rheology of)
 91.55.Hj Folds and folding
 91.55.Jk Fractures and faults (see also 91.50.Uv Oceanic plateaus and fracture zone processes)
 91.55.Ln Kinematics of crustal and mantle deformation
 91.55.Mb High strain deformation zones
 91.55.Nc Local crustal structure; regional crustal structure
 91.55.Pq Melanges
 91.55.Qr Mesoscopic fabrics
 91.55.Sn Pluton emplacement
 91.55.Tt Role of fluids
 91.55.Uv Remote sensing in structural geology
 Rheology of the Earth, see 91.32.-m
 91.60.-x Physical properties of rocks and minerals (for rheological properties of geological materials, see 83.80.Nb)
 91.60.Ba Elasticity, fracture, and flow
 91.60.Dc Plasticity, diffusion, and creep
 91.60.Ed Crystal structure and defects, microstructure
 91.60.Fe Equations of state
 91.60.Gf High-pressure behavior
 91.60.Hg Phase changes
 91.60.Ki Thermal properties
 91.60.Lj Acoustic properties
 91.60.Mk Optical properties
 91.60.Np Permeability and porosity
 91.60.Pn Magnetic and electrical properties (see also 91.25.F- Rock and mineral magnetism)
 Environmental magnetism, see 91.25.fd
 91.60.Qr Wave attenuation
 91.60.Tn Transport properties
 91.62.+g Biogeosciences (see also 91.67.Uv Organic and biogenic geochemistry; 92.20.Jt Biology of the ocean; 91.80.Kc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.65.-n Mineralogy and petrology
 91.65.An Mineral and crystal chemistry

... .. Geochemical cycles, see 91.67.Nc
 91.65.Cq Igneous petrology
 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition (see also 91.67.Qr Radiogenic isotope geochemistry; 91.67.Rx Stable isotope geochemistry)
 91.65.Ej Extrusive structures and rocks
 Low temperature geochemistry, see 91.67.Vf
 91.65.Gk Intrusive structures and rocks
 Organic geochemistry, see 91.67.Uv
 91.65.Jn Layered magma chambers
 91.65.Kf Metamorphic petrology
 91.65.Lc Pressure-temperature-time paths
 91.65.My Fluid flow
 Trace elements, see 91.67.Pq
 91.65.Pj Ultra-high pressure metamorphism
 91.65.Qr Ultra-high temperature metamorphism
 91.65.Rg Mineral occurrences and deposits
 91.65.Sn Meteorite mineralogy and petrology
 91.65.Ti Sedimentary petrology (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Major element composition, see 91.67.Pq
 91.67.-y Geochemistry (see also 92.20.Cm Chemistry of the ocean; 92.40.Bc Chemistry of fresh water; 92.60.Ls Ion chemistry of the atmosphere; 91.62.Kt, 91.80.Kc, and 92.20.C—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.67.Bc Geochemical modeling
 91.67.De Reactions and phase equilibria (see also 91.40.Qa—in Volcanology)
 91.67.Fx Geochemical processes
 91.67.Gy Chemical composition
 91.67.Jk Geochemistry of hydrothermal systems (see also 91.40.Ge—in Volcanology; 92.05.Lf—in oceanography)
 Physics and chemistry of magma bodies, see 91.40.La
 91.67.Nc Geochemical cycles (see also 92.20.Sg Biogeochemical cycles—in oceanography; 92.60.hn—in meteorology; 92.30.Gh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.67.Pq Major and trace element geochemistry (see also 92.20.Wx Trace elements—in chemical and biological oceanography)
 91.67.Qr Radiogenic isotope geochemistry (see also 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition—in Mineralogy and petrology; 92.20.Td Radioactivity and radioisotopes—in oceanography)
 91.67.Rx Stable isotope geochemistry (see also 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition—in Mineralogy and petrology)
 91.67.St Fluid and melt inclusion geochemistry
 91.67.Ty Sedimentary geochemistry (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in Mineralogy and petrology; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.67.Uv Organic and biogenic geochemistry
 91.67.Vf Low-temperature geochemistry
 91.70.-c Information related to geologic time
 91.70.Bf Cenozoic
 91.70.Dh Mesozoic
 91.70.Fj Paleozoic
 91.70.Hm Precambrian
 91.80.+d Geochronology (see also 92.30.Hj—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.90.+p Other topics in solid Earth physics (restricted to new topics in section 91)

92. Hydrospheric and atmospheric geophysics

92.05.-x General aspects of oceanography
 92.05.Bc Analytical modeling and laboratory experiments
 92.05.Df Climate and inter-annual variability (see also 92.60.Ry Climatology, climate change and variability—in meteorology; 92.70.Gt Climate dynamics—in Global change)
 92.05.Ek Long term variability; Heinrich events
 92.05.Fg Diurnal, seasonal and annual cycles
 92.05.Hj Physical and chemical properties of seawater (salinity, density, temperature)
 92.05.Jn Ocean energy extraction
 92.05.Lf Hydrothermal systems (see also 91.40.Ge—in Volcanology; 91.67.Jk—in Geochemistry)
 92.10.-c Physical oceanography
 92.10.A- Circulation and currents
 92.10.ab General circulation
 92.10.ad Deep water formation and circulation
 92.10.af Thermohaline convection
 92.10.ah Ocean currents; Eastern boundary currents, Western boundary currents
 92.10.ak Eddies and mesoscale processes
 92.10.am El Nino Southern Oscillation (see also 92.30.La—in Paleoceanography)
 Physical properties of seawater, see 92.05.Hj
 Capillary waves, see 92.10.hd—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.10.Dh Deep ocean processes
 92.10.Ei Coriolis effects
 92.10.Fj Upper ocean and mixed layer processes
 92.10.Hm Ocean waves and oscillations
 92.10.Iv Ocean influence of Earth's rotation
 Seiches, see 92.10.hk—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.10.Kp Sea-air energy exchange processes (see also 92.60.Cc—in meteorology)
 92.10.Lq Turbulence, diffusion, and mixing processes in oceanography
 92.10.Ns Fine structure and microstructure in oceanography
 92.10.Oc Benthic boundary layers, ocean bottom processes (see also 91.50.Ey Sea floor, morphology, geology, and geophysics—in marine geology)
 92.10.Rw Sea ice (mechanics and air/sea/ice exchange processes)
 92.10.Sx Coastal, estuarine, and near shore processes (see also 91.50.Cw Beach and coastal processes—in marine geology)
 92.10.Ty Fronts and jets
 92.10.Ua Overflows
 92.10.Vz Underwater sound (see also 43.30.+m in acoustics; 43.30.-k in Acoustics Appendix)
 92.10.Wa Sediment transport (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in Mineralogy and petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.20.Vn—in chemical oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in Hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.10.Xc Ocean fog
 92.10.Yb Hydrography (for ocean parameter estimation by acoustical methods, see 43.30.Pc—in Acoustics Appendix)
 92.10.Zf Upwelling and convergences (see also 92.30.Vn—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Marine geology and geophysics, see 91.50.-r
 92.20.-h Chemical and biological oceanography
 92.20.Bk Aerosols (see also 92.60.Mt—in meteorology; 91.67.gp and 92.30.Ef—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.Cm Chemistry of the ocean
 Photochemistry; photosynthesis, see 92.20.ch—in Geophysics Appendix
 Ocean energy extraction, see 92.05.Jn
 92.20.Hs Anoxic environments (see also 91.62.+g Biogeosciences; 91.62.De—in Geophysics Appendix)

92.20.Iv Benthic processes, sea-bottom processes (see also 91.50.Ey—in marine geology; 92.10.Oc—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology)
 92.20.Jt Biology of the ocean (see also 91.62.+g Biogeosciences; 92.40.vu Cryobiology—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.Ny Marine pollution
 92.20.Ox Hypoxic environment (see also 91.62.De—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Bacteria, see 92.20.jb—in Geophysics Appendix
 Plankton, see 92.20.jf and 92.20.jh—in Geophysics Appendix

 92.20.Sg Biogeochemical cycles (see also 91.67.Nc—in Geochemistry; 92.60.hn—in meteorology; 92.30.Gh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.Td Radioactivity and radioisotopes (see also 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition—in Mineralogy and petrology; 91.67.Qr Radiogenic isotope geochemistry)
 92.20.Uv Gases in chemical oceanography (see also 91.50.Hc Gas and hydrate systems—in marine geology)
 92.20.Vn Sedimentation (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.Wx Trace elements (see also 91.67.Pq Major and trace element geochemistry)
 92.20.Xy Carbon cycling (see also 91.62.La—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.30.+m Paleoceanography
 92.40.-t Hydrology and glaciology; cryosphere (see also 92.70.Ha—in Global change)
 92.40.Aa Anthropogenic effects (see also 92.30.De—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.40.Bc Chemistry of fresh water
 92.40.Cy Modeling; general theory
 92.40.De Drought
 92.40.Ea Precipitation (see also 92.60.jf—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Rivers, runoff, and stream flow, see 92.40.qh and 92.40.qp—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.40.Gc Erosion and sedimentation; sediment transport (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in Mineralogy and petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.40.Ha Debris flow and landslides
 92.40.Iv Desertification
 92.40.Je Evapotranspiration (see also 92.60.jc Evaporation—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.40.Kf Groundwater
 92.40.Lg Soil moisture and temperature
 Limnology, see 92.40.qj—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.40.Oj Eco-hydrology; plant ecology
 92.40.Pb Geomorphology
 92.40.Qk Surface water, water resources
 Water quality, see 92.40.kc and 92.40.qc—in Geophysics Appendix
 Snow, see 92.40.ed—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.40.Vq Glaciology (see also 92.30.Mc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Ice, see 92.40.vx—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.40.We Hydrologic cycles and budgets
 92.40.Xx Irrigation; dams
 92.40.Yy Wetlands
 92.40.Zg Hydrometeorology, hydroclimatology
 92.60.-e Properties and dynamics of the atmosphere; meteorology (see also 92.40.Zg Hydrometeorology, hydroclimatology)
 92.60.Aa Modeling and model calibration (see also 92.70.Np Global climate modeling)
 92.60.Bh General circulation

92.60.Cc Ocean/atmosphere interactions, air/sea constituent fluxes (see also 92.10.Kp—in oceanography)
 92.60.Fm Boundary layer structure and processes
 92.60.Gn Winds and their effects
 92.60.H– Atmospheric composition, structure, and properties
 92.60.ha Exospheric composition and chemistry
 92.60.hb Thermospheric composition and chemistry, energy deposition
 92.60.hc Mesospheric composition, energy deposition, constituent transport and chemistry
 92.60.hd Stratospheric composition and chemistry
 92.60.hf Tropospheric composition and chemistry, constituent transport and chemistry
 92.60.hg Constituent sources and sinks
 92.60.hh Acoustic gravity waves, tides, and compressional waves
 92.60.hk Convection, turbulence, and diffusion (see also 92.30.Ef—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60.hn Geochemical cycles (see also 91.67.Nc—in Geochemistry; 92.20.Sg—in oceanography; 92.30.Gh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60.hv Pressure, density, and temperature
 92.60.hw Airglow and aurorae (see also 94.20.Ac Auroral ionosphere; 94.30.Aa Auroral phenomena in magnetosphere)
 92.60.hx Other upper atmospheric phenomena: red sprites; blue jets; atmospheric gamma ray and intense VHF emissions
 92.60.Iv Paleoclimatology (see also 92.70.Gt Climate dynamics—in Global change)
 92.60.Jq Water in the atmosphere
 92.60.Kc Land/atmosphere interactions
 92.60.Ls Ion chemistry of the atmosphere
 92.60.Mt Particles and aerosols (see also 92.20.Bk—in oceanography; 91.67.gp and 92.30.Ef—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60.Nv Cloud physics and chemistry
 92.60.Ox Tropical meteorology
 92.60.Pw Atmospheric electricity, lightning
 92.60.Qx Storms
 92.60.Ry Climatology, climate change and variability (see also 92.70.Gt and 92.70.Kb—in Global change; 92.30.Bc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60.Sz Air quality and air pollution (see also 07.88.+y Instruments for environmental pollution measurements)
 92.60.Ta Electromagnetic wave propagation
 92.60.Uy Polar meteorology
 92.60.Vb Radiative processes, solar radiation
 92.60.Wc Weather analysis and prediction
 92.60.Xg Stratosphere/troposphere interactions
 92.60.Zc Volcanic effects
 92.70.–j Global change
 92.70.Aa Abrupt/rapid climate change
 92.70.Bc Land/atmosphere interactions
 92.70.Cp Atmosphere
 92.70.Er Biogeochemical processes
 92.70.Gt Climate dynamics (see also 92.60.Ry—in meteorology; 92.30.Bc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Ha Cryospheric change
 92.70.Iv Geomorphology and weathering (see also 92.40.Gc Erosion and sedimentation; sediment transport; 92.40.Pb—in hydrology; 92.40.P– in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Jw Oceans, sea level change (see also 92.10.hp—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Kb Regional climate change (see also 92.60.Ry—in meteorology; 92.30.Bc—in Geophysics Appendix)

- 92.70.Ly Water cycles
- 92.70.Mn Impacts of global change; global warming (see also 92.30.Np—in Geophysics Appendix)
- 92.70.Np Global climate modeling
- 92.70.Pq Earth system modeling
- 92.70.Qr Solar variability impact
- 92.70.St Land cover change
- 92.90.+x Other topics in hydrospheric and atmospheric geophysics (restricted to new topics in section 92)

93. Geophysical observations, instrumentation, and techniques

- 93.30.-w Information related to geographical regions
- 93.30.Bz Africa
- 93.30.Ca Antarctica
- 93.30.Db Asia
- 93.30.Fd Australia
- 93.30.Ge Europe
- 93.30.Hf North America
- 93.30.Jg South America
- 93.30.Kh Large islands (e.g., Greenland)
- 93.30.Li Arctic Ocean
- 93.30.Mj Atlantic Ocean
- 93.30.Nk Indian Ocean
- 93.30.Pm Pacific Ocean
- 93.30.Qn Southern Ocean
- 93.30.Rp Regional seas
- 93.30.Sq Polar regions
- 93.30.Tr Temperate regions
- 93.30.Vs Tropical regions
- 93.55.+z International organizations, national and international programs
- Data acquisition and storage, see 93.85.Bc
- 93.85.-q Instruments and techniques for geophysical research: Exploration geophysics (see also 91.50.Ga Bathymetry, seafloor topology; 91.50.Yf Submergence instruments, ROV, AUV, submersibles, and ocean observatories—in marine geology; 92.10.Yb Hydrography—in oceanography)
- 93.85.Bc Computational methods and data processing, data acquisition and storage
- 93.85.De Exploration of continental structures
- 93.85.Fg Downhole methods
- 93.85.Hj Gravity methods
- 93.85.Jk Magnetic and electrical methods
- 93.85.Ly Exploration of oceanic structures
- 93.85.Np Radioactivity methods
- 93.85.Pq Remote sensing in exploration geophysics (see also 91.40.Yt—in Volcanology; 91.55.Uv—in Structural geology)
- 93.85.Rt Seismic methods
- 93.85.Tf Oil prospecting, pipelines, and conduits (see also 91.50.Sn Ocean drilling)
- 93.90.+y Other topics in geophysical observations, instrumentation, and techniques (restricted to new topics in section 93)

94. Physics of the ionosphere and magnetosphere

- 94.05.-a Space plasma physics (see also 96.50.-e Interplanetary physics)
- 94.05.Bf Plasma interactions with dust and aerosols
- 94.05.Dd Radiation processes
- 94.05.Fg Solitons and solitary waves

94.05.Hk Spacecraft/atmosphere interactions
 94.05.Jq Spacecraft sheaths, wakes, and charging
 94.05.Lk Turbulence
 94.05.Pt Wave/wave, wave/particle interactions
 94.05.Rx Experimental techniques and laboratory studies (see also 52.72.+v—in physics of plasmas)
 94.05.Sd Space weather
 Convection, diffusion, and turbulence, see 92.60.Hk
 Physics of the neutral atmosphere, see 92.60.-e
 Absorption and scattering of radiation, see 92.60.Ta and 92.60.Vb
 Acoustic gravity waves, tides, and compressional waves, see 92.60.hh
 Winds and their effects, see 92.60.Gn
 Cosmic dust, see 96.50.Dj and 98.38.Cp
 94.20.-y Physics of the ionosphere (for ionospheres of the planets, see 96.12.ji and 96.15.hk; for radiowave propagation, see 41.20.Jb—in electromagnetism)
 94.20.Ac Auroral ionosphere (see also 92.60.hw Airglow and aurorae—in meteorology; 94.30.Aa Auroral phenomena in magnetosphere)
 94.20.Bb Wave propagation (see also 94.30.Tz—in Physics of the magnetosphere)
 94.20.Cf Ionospheric modeling and forecasting
 94.20.D- Ionospheric structure, composition
 94.20.de D region
 94.20.dg E region
 94.20.dj F region
 94.20.dk Polar cap ionosphere
 94.20.dl Topside region
 94.20.dm Mid-latitude ionosphere
 94.20.dt Equatorial ionosphere
 94.20.dv Ion chemistry and composition; ionization mechanisms
 94.20.Fg Plasma temperature and density
 Plasmasphere, see 94.30.cv
 94.20.Qq Particle precipitation (see also 94.30.Ny—in Physics of the magnetosphere)
 Interactions between waves and particles, see 94.20.W-
 94.20.Ss Electric fields; current system
 94.20.Tt Ionospheric soundings; active experiments
 94.20.Vv Ionospheric disturbances, irregularities, and storms
 94.20.W- Ionospheric dynamics and interactions
 94.20.wc Plasma motion; plasma convection; particle acceleration
 94.20.wf Plasma waves and instabilities
 94.20.wg Ionosphere/atmospheric interactions
 94.20.wh Ionosphere/magnetosphere interactions
 94.20.wj Wave/particle interactions
 94.20.wl Plasma interactions with dust and aerosols
 94.20.wq Solar radiation and cosmic ray effects
 94.20.ws Electromagnetic wave propagation
 94.20.Xa Meteor-trail physics
 94.30.-d Physics of the magnetosphere
 94.30.Aa Auroral phenomena in magnetosphere (see also 94.20.Ac Auroral ionosphere)
 94.30.Bg Magnetospheric modeling and forecasting
 94.30.C- Magnetospheric configuration and dynamics
 94.30.cb Inner magnetosphere
 94.30.cf Outer magnetosphere
 94.30.cg Magnetospheric cusp
 94.30.ch Magnetopause
 94.30.cj Magnetosheath
 94.30.cl Magnetotail

94.30.cp	Magnetic reconnection
94.30.cq	MHD waves, plasma waves, and instabilities
94.30.cs	Plasma motion; plasma convection
94.30.ct	Plasma sheet
94.30.cv	Plasmasphere
94.30.cx	Polar cap phenomena
94.30.Hn	Energetic trapped particles
94.30.Kq	Electric fields, field-aligned currents and current systems, and ring currents
94.30.Lr	Magnetic storms, substorms
94.30.Ms	Magnetic pulsations
94.30.Ny	Energetic particle precipitation (see also 94.20.Qq—in Physics of the ionosphere)
94.30.Tz	Electromagnetic wave propagation (see also 94.20.Bb—in Physics of the ionosphere)
94.30.Va	Magnetosphere interactions
94.30.Xy	Radiation belts
94.80.+g	Instrumentation for space plasma physics, ionosphere, and magnetosphere
94.90.+m	Other topics in space plasma physics, physics of the ionosphere and magnetosphere (restricted to new topics in section 94)

95. Fundamental astronomy and astrophysics; instrumentation, techniques, and astronomical observations

95.10.-a	Fundamental astronomy
95.10.Ce	Celestial mechanics (including n-body problems) (see also 45.50.Pk—in Classical mechanics of discrete systems)
... ..	Dynamics and kinematics of stellar systems, see 98.10.+z
95.10.Eg	Orbit determination and improvement
95.10.Fh	Chaotic dynamics (see also 05.45.-a Nonlinear dynamics and chaos)
95.10.Gi	Eclipses, transits, and occultations
95.10.Jk	Astrometry and reference systems
95.10.Km	Ephemerides, almanacs, and calendars
95.30.-k	Fundamental aspects of astrophysics (see also section 26 Nuclear astrophysics)
95.30.Cq	Elementary particle processes
95.30.Dr	Atomic processes and interactions
95.30.Ft	Molecular and chemical processes and interactions
95.30.Gv	Radiation mechanisms; polarization
95.30.Jx	Radiative transfer; scattering
95.30.Ky	Atomic and molecular data, spectra, and spectral parameters (opacities, rotation constants, line identification, oscillator strengths, gf values, transition probabilities, etc.)
95.30.Lz	Hydrodynamics
95.30.Qd	Magnetohydrodynamics and plasmas (see also 52.30.Cv and 52.72.+v—in physics of plasmas)
95.30.Sf	Relativity and gravitation (see also section 04 General relativity and gravitation; 98.80.Jk Mathematical and relativistic aspects of cosmology)
95.30.Tg	Thermodynamic processes, conduction, convection, equations of state
95.30.Wi	Dust processes (condensation, evaporation, sputtering, mantle growth, etc.)
95.35.+d	Dark matter (stellar, interstellar, galactic, and cosmological) (see also 95.30.Cq Elementary particle processes; for brown dwarfs, see 97.20.Vs; for galactic halos, see 98.35.Gi or 98.62.Gq; for models of the early Universe, see 98.80.Cq)
95.36.+x	Dark energy (see also 98.80.-k Cosmology)

95.40.+s Artificial Earth satellites (for lunar and planetary probes, see 95.55.Pe)
 95.45.+i Observatories and site testing
 95.55.-n Astronomical and space-research instrumentation (see also 94.80.+g Instrumentation for space plasma physics, ionosphere, and magnetosphere)
 95.55.Aq Charge-coupled devices, image detectors, and IR detector arrays (see also 85.60.Gz Photodetectors)
 95.55.Br Astrometric and interferometric instruments
 95.55.Cs Ground-based ultraviolet, optical and infrared telescopes
 95.55.Ev Solar instruments
 95.55.Fw Space-based ultraviolet, optical, and infrared telescopes
 95.55.Jz Radio telescopes and instrumentation; heterodyne receivers
 95.55.Ka X- and γ -ray telescopes and instrumentation
 95.55.Pe Lunar, planetary, and deep-space probes
 95.55.Qf Photometric, polarimetric, and spectroscopic instrumentation
 95.55.Rg Photoconductors and bolometers
 95.55.Sh Auxiliary and recording instruments; clocks and frequency standards
 95.55.Vj Neutrino, muon, pion, and other elementary particle detectors; cosmic ray detectors (see also 29.40.-n Radiation detectors—in Nuclear physics)
 95.55.Ym Gravitational radiation detectors; mass spectrometers; and other instrumentation and techniques (see also 04.80.Nn Gravitational wave detectors and experiments in—General relativity and gravitation)
 95.75.-z Observation and data reduction techniques; computer modeling and simulation
 95.75.De Photography and photometry (including microlensing techniques)
 95.75.Fg Spectroscopy and spectrophotometry
 95.75.Hi Polarimetry
 95.75.Kk Interferometry
 95.75.Mn Image processing (including source extraction)
 95.75.Pq Mathematical procedures and computer techniques
 95.75.Qr Adaptive and segmented optics (see also 42.68.Wt Remote sensing; LIDAR and adaptive systems—in atmospheric optics)
 95.75.Rs Remote observing techniques
 95.75.Tv Digitization techniques
 95.75.Wx Time series analysis, time variability
 95.80.+p Astronomical catalogs, atlases, sky surveys, databases, retrieval systems, archives, etc.
 95.85.-e Astronomical observations (additional primary heading(s) must be chosen with these entries to represent the astronomical objects and/or properties studied)
 95.85.Bh Radio, microwave (>1 mm)
 95.85.Fm Submillimeter (300 μ m–1 mm)
 95.85.Gn Far infrared (10–300 μ m)
 95.85.Hp Infrared (3–10 μ m)
 95.85.Jq Near infrared (0.75–3 μ m)
 95.85.Kr Visible (390–750 nm)
 95.85.Ls Near ultraviolet (300–390 nm)
 95.85.Mt Ultraviolet (10–300 nm)
 95.85.Nv X-ray
 95.85.Pw γ -ray
 95.85.Ry Neutrino, muon, pion, and other elementary particles; cosmic rays
 95.85.Sz Gravitational radiation, magnetic fields, and other observations
 95.90.+v Historical astronomy and archaeoastronomy; and other topics in fundamental astronomy and astrophysics; instrumentation, techniques, and astronomical observations

96. Solar system; planetology

- 96.10.+i General; solar nebula; cosmogony
- 96.12.-a Planetology of solid surface planets (see also 96.15.-g Planetology of fluid planets; 96.30.Bc Comparative planetology)
- 96.12.Bc Origin and evolution
- 96.12.De Orbital and rotational dynamics
- 96.12.Fe Gravitational fields
- 96.12.Hg Magnetic field and magnetism
- 96.12.Jt Atmospheres
- 96.12.Kz Surfaces
- 96.12.Ma Composition
- 96.12.Pc Interiors
- 96.12.Qr Polar regions
- 96.12.St Heat flow
- 96.12.Uv Rings and dust
- 96.12.Wx Interactions with particles and fields
- 96.12.Xy Tectonics, volcanism
- 96.15.-g Planetology of fluid planets (see also 96.12.-a Planetology of solid surface planets; 96.30.Bc Comparative planetology)
- 96.15.Bc Origin and evolution
- 96.15.De Orbital and rotational dynamics
- 96.15.Ef Gravitational fields
- 96.15.Gh Magnetic field and magnetism
- 96.15.Hy Atmospheres
- 96.15.Kc Composition
- 96.15.Lb Surfaces
- 96.15.Nd Interiors
- 96.15.Pf Physical properties of materials
- 96.15.Qr Impact phenomena
- 96.15.St Tori and exospheres
- 96.15.Uv Rings and dust
- 96.15.Vx Interactions with particles and fields
- 96.15.Wx Tidal forces
- 96.15.Xy Polar regions
- 96.20.-n Moon
- 96.20.Br Origin and evolution
- 96.20.Dt Features, landmarks, mineralogy, and petrology
- 96.20.Jz Gravitational field, selenodesy, and magnetic fields
- 96.20.Ka Impacts, cratering
- 96.25.-f Planetology of comets and small bodies
- 96.25.Bd Origin and evolution
- 96.25.De Orbital and rotational dynamics
- 96.25.Fx Atmospheres
- 96.25.Hs Composition
- 96.25.Jz Ionospheres
- 96.25.Ln Magnetic fields and magnetism
- 96.25.Nc Gravitational fields
- 96.25.Pq Impact phenomena
- 96.25.Qr Interactions with solar wind plasma and fields
- 96.25.St Plasma and MHD instabilities
- 96.25.Tg Radiation and spectra
- 96.25.Vt Satellites
- 96.25.Xz Volcanism
- 96.30.-t Solar system objects
- 96.30.Bc Comparative planetology (see also 96.12.-a Planetology of solid surface planets; 96.15.-g Planetology of fluid planets)
- 96.30.Cw Comets (see also 96.25.-f Planetology of comets and small bodies)

96.30.Dz	Mercury
96.30.Ea	Venus
96.30.Gc	Mars
96.30.Hf	Martian satellites
96.30.Iz	Dwarf Planets
96.30.Ja	Dwarf planet satellites
96.30.Kf	Jupiter
96.30.L-	Jovian satellites
96.30.lb	Io
96.30.ld	Europa
96.30.lf	Ganymede
96.30.lh	Callisto
96.30.Mh	Saturn
96.30.N-	Saturnian satellites
96.30.nd	Titan
96.30.Pj	Uranus
96.30.Qk	Uranian satellites
96.30.Rm	Neptune
96.30.Sn	Pluto
96.30.Td	Neptunian satellites
96.30.Up	Plutonian satellites
96.30.Vb	Dust, extraterrestrial materials
96.30.Wr	Planetary rings
96.30.Xa	Kuiper belt, trans-Neptunian objects
96.30.Ys	Asteroids, meteoroids
96.30.Za	Meteors, meteorites and tektites (see also 91.65.Sn Meteorite mineralogy and petrology; 94.20.Xa Meteor-trail physics; 91.67.gn—in Geophysics Appendix)
... ..	Planetary, asteroid, cometary, and satellite characteristics and properties, see 96.12.-a, 96.15.-g, and 96.25.-f
... ..	Cosmic rays, see 96.50.S-
96.50.-e	Interplanetary physics (see also 94.05.-a Space plasma physics)
96.50.Bh	Interplanetary magnetic fields
96.50.Ci	Solar wind plasma; sources of solar wind
96.50.Dj	Interplanetary dust and gas
96.50.Ek	Heliopause and solar wind termination
96.50.Fm	Planetary bow shocks; interplanetary shocks
... ..	Comets, see 96.30.Cw; 96.30C- (in Geophysics Appendix)
96.50.Hp	Oort cloud
... ..	Kuiper belt, see 96.30.Xa
... ..	Meteors, meteoroids, and meteor streams, see 96.30.Za
... ..	Meteorites, micrometeorites, and tektites, see 96.30.Za
96.50.Pw	Particle acceleration
96.50.Qx	Corotating streams
96.50.Ry	Discontinuities
96.50.S-	Cosmic rays (see also 94.20.wq Solar radiation and cosmic ray effects)
96.50.sb	Composition, energy spectra and interactions
96.50.sd	Extensive air showers
96.50.sf	Interactions with terrestrial matter
96.50.sh	Interplanetary propagation and effects
96.50.Tf	MHD waves; plasma waves, turbulence
96.50.Uv	Ejecta, driver gases, and magnetic clouds
96.50.Vg	Energetic particles
96.50.Wx	Solar cycle variations
96.50.Xy	Heliosphere/interstellar medium interactions
96.50.Ya	Pickup ions
96.50.Zc	Neutral particles

96.55.+z Astrobiology and astrochemistry of the Solar system and interplanetary space (see also 91.62.Fc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 96.60.-j Solar physics
 96.60.Bn Diameter, rotation, and mass
 96.60.Fs Composition
 96.60.Hv Electric and magnetic fields, solar magnetism
 96.60.Iv Magnetic reconnection
 96.60.Jw Solar interior
 96.60.Ly Helioseismology, pulsations, and shock waves
 96.60.Mz Photosphere
 96.60.Na Chromosphere
 96.60.P- Corona
 96.60.pc Coronal holes
 96.60.pf Coronal loops, streamers
 96.60.ph Coronal mass ejection
 96.60.Q- Solar activity (see also 92.70.Qr—in Global change)
 96.60.qd Sun spots, solar cycles
 96.60.qe Flares
 96.60.qf Prominence eruptions
 96.60.Tf Solar electromagnetic emission
 96.60.Ub Solar irradiance
 96.60.Vg Particle emission, solar wind (see also 94.30.vf—in Geophysics Appendix; 26.65.+t Solar neutrinos in nuclear astrophysics)
 96.60.Xy Transition region
 96.90.+c Other topics on the Solar system and planetology (restricted to new topics in section 96)

97. Stars (for relativistic stars, see 04.40.Dg in general relativity and gravitation)

97.10.-q Stellar characteristics and properties (see also section 26 Nuclear astrophysics)
 97.10.Bt Star formation
 97.10.Cv Stellar structure, interiors, evolution, nucleosynthesis, ages
 97.10.Ex Stellar atmospheres (photospheres, chromospheres, coronae, magnetospheres); radiative transfer; opacity and line formation
 97.10.Fy Circumstellar shells, clouds, and expanding envelopes; circumstellar masers (for interstellar masers, see 98.38.Er or 98.58.Ec)
 97.10.Gz Accretion and accretion disks
 97.10.Jb Stellar activity
 97.10.Kc Stellar rotation
 97.10.Ld Magnetic and electric fields; polarization of starlight
 97.10.Me Mass loss and stellar winds
 97.10.Nf Masses
 97.10.Pg Radii
 97.10.Qh Surface features (including starspots)
 97.10.Ri Luminosities; magnitudes; effective temperatures, colors, and spectral classification
 97.10.Sj Pulsations, oscillations, and stellar seismology
 97.10.Tk Abundances, chemical composition
 97.10.Vm Distances, parallaxes
 97.10.Wn Proper motions and radial velocities (line-of-sight velocities); space motions (see also 95.10.Jk Astrometry and reference systems)
 97.10.Xq Luminosity and mass functions
 97.10.Yp Star counts, distribution, and statistics
 97.10.Zr Hertzsprung-Russell, color-magnitude, and color-color diagrams
 97.20.-w Normal stars (by class): general or individual
 97.20.Ec Main-sequence: early-type stars (O and B)

97.20.Ge	Main-sequence: intermediate-type stars (A and F)
97.20.Jg	Main-sequence: late-type stars (G, K, and M)
97.20.Li	Giant and subgiant stars
97.20.Pm	Supergiant stars
97.20.Rp	Faint blue stars (including blue stragglers), white dwarfs, degenerate stars, nuclei of planetary nebulae (for planetary nebulae, see 98.38.Ly or 98.58.Li)
97.20.Tr	Population II stars (horizontal branch, metal poor, etc.)
97.20.Vs	Low luminosity stars, subdwarfs, and brown dwarfs
97.20.Wt	Population III stars
97.21.+a	Pre-main sequence objects, young stellar objects (YSO's) and protostars (T Tauri stars, Orion population, Herbig-Haro objects, Bok globules, bipolar outflows, cometary nebulae, etc.) (see also 98.38.Fs and 98.58.Fd Jets, outflows and bipolar flows—in the Milky Way and external galaxies respectively)
97.30.-b	Variable and peculiar stars (including novae)
97.30.Dg	Low-amplitude blue variables (alpha Cygni, beta Cephei, delta Scuti, delta Delphini, delta Canis Majoris, SX Phoenicis, etc.)
97.30.Eh	Emission-line stars (Of, Be, Luminous Blue Variables, Wolf-Rayet, etc.)
97.30.Fi	Chemically peculiar stars (Ap, Am, etc.)
97.30.Gj	Cepheids (delta Cephei, W Virginis)
97.30.Hk	Carbon stars, S stars, and related types (C, S, R, and N)
97.30.Jm	Long-period variables (Miras) and semiregulars
97.30.Kn	RR Lyrae stars; RV Tauri and PV Telescopii variables
97.30.Nr	Flare stars (UV Ceti, RS Canum Venaticorum, FU Orionis, R Coronae Borealis variables, etc.)
97.30.Qt	Novae, dwarf novae, recurrent novae, and other cataclysmic (eruptive) variables (see also 97.80.Gm, Jp Cataclysmic binaries and X-ray binaries)
97.30.Sw	Unusual and peculiar variables
97.60.-s	Late stages of stellar evolution (including black holes)
97.60.Bw	Supernovae (see also 26.30.-k Nucleosynthesis in novae, supernovae, and other explosive stars; for nuclear physics aspects of supernovae evolution, see 26.50.+x)
97.60.Gb	Pulsars
97.60.Jd	Neutron stars (see also 26.60.-c Nuclear matter aspects of neutron stars in—Nuclear physics)
97.60.Lf	Black holes (see also 04.70.-s Physics of black holes in—General relativity and gravitation; for galactic black holes, see 98.35.Jk and 98.62.Js)
97.80.-d	Binary and multiple stars
97.80.Af	Astrometric and interferometric binaries
97.80.Di	Visual binaries
97.80.Fk	Spectroscopic binaries; close binaries
97.80.Gm	Cataclysmic binaries (novae, dwarf novae, recurrent novae, and nova-like objects); symbiotic stars (see also 97.30.Qt Novae)
97.80.Hn	Eclipsing binaries
97.80.Jp	X-ray binaries (see also 98.70.Qy X-ray sources and 97.60.Gb Pulsars)
97.80.Kq	Multiple stars
97.82.-j	Extrasolar planetary systems
97.82.Cp	Photometric and spectroscopic detection; coronagraphic detection; interferometric detection
97.82.Fs	Substellar companions; planets
97.82.Jw	Infrared excess; debris disks; protoplanetary disks; exo-zodiacal dust
97.90.+j	Other topics on stars (restricted to new topics in section 97)

98. Stellar systems; interstellar medium; galactic and extragalactic objects and systems; the Universe

98.10.+z Stellar dynamics and kinematics
 98.20.-d Stellar clusters and associations
 98.20.Af Associations of stars (OB, T, R) in the Milky Way
 98.20.Bg Associations of stars (OB, T, R) in external galaxies
 98.20.Di Open clusters in the Milky Way
 98.20.Fk Open clusters in external galaxies
 98.20.Gm Globular clusters in the Milky Way
 98.20.Jp Globular clusters in external galaxies
 98.35.-a Characteristics and properties of the Milky Way galaxy
 98.35.Ac Origin, formation, evolution, age, and star formation
 98.35.Bd Chemical composition and chemical evolution
 98.35.Ce Mass and mass distribution
 98.35.Df Kinematics, dynamics, and rotation
 98.35.Eg Electric and magnetic fields
 98.35.Gi Galactic halo
 98.35.Hj Spiral arms and galactic disk
 98.35.Jk Galactic center, bar, circumnuclear matter, and bulge (including black hole and distance measurements)
 98.35.Ln Stellar content and populations; morphology and overall structure
 98.35.Mp Infall and accretion
 98.35.Nq Galactic winds and fountains
 98.35.Pr Solar neighborhood
 98.38.-j Interstellar medium (ISM) and nebulae in Milky Way
 98.38.Am Physical properties (abundances, electron density, magnetic fields, scintillation, scattering, kinematics, dynamics, turbulence, etc.)
 98.38.Bn Atomic, molecular, chemical, and grain processes
 98.38.Cp Interstellar dust grains; diffuse emission; infrared cirrus
 98.38.Dq Molecular clouds, H₂ clouds, dense clouds, and dark clouds
 98.38.Er Interstellar masers (for circumstellar masers, see 97.10.Fy)
 98.38.Fs Jets, outflows, and bipolar flows (for pre-main sequence objects, see 97.21.+a)
 98.38.Gt H I regions and 21-cm lines; diffuse, translucent, and high-velocity clouds
 98.38.Hv H II regions; emission and reflection nebulae
 98.38.Jw Infrared emission
 98.38.Kx Intercloud medium (ICM); hot and highly ionized gas; bubbles
 98.38.Ly Planetary nebulae (for nuclei of planetary nebulae, see also 97.20.Rp)
 98.38.Mz Supernova remnants
 98.52.-b Normal galaxies; extragalactic objects and systems (by type)
 98.52.Cf Classification and classification systems
 98.52.Eh Elliptical galaxies
 98.52.Lp Lenticular (S0) galaxies
 98.52.Nr Spiral galaxies
 98.52.Sw Irregular and morphologically peculiar galaxies
 98.52.Wz Dwarf galaxies (elliptical, irregular, and spheroidal)
 98.54.-h Quasars; active or peculiar galaxies, objects, and systems
 98.54.Aj Quasars (for quasar absorption and emission-line systems; Lyman forest, see 98.62.Ra)
 98.54.Cm Active and peculiar galaxies and related systems (including BL Lacertae objects, blazars, Seyfert galaxies, Markarian galaxies, and active galactic nuclei)
 98.54.Ep Starburst galaxies and infrared excess galaxies
 98.54.Gr Radio galaxies
 98.54.Kt Protogalaxies; primordial galaxies
 98.56.-p Local group; Magellanic Clouds
 98.56.Ew Elliptical galaxies
 98.56.Ne Spiral galaxies (M31 and M33)

98.56.Si Magellanic Clouds and other irregular galaxies
 98.56.Tj Magellanic stream
 98.56.Wm Dwarf galaxies (elliptical, irregular, and spheroidal)
 98.58.-w Interstellar medium (ISM) and nebulae in external galaxies
 98.58.Ay Physical properties (abundances, electron density, magnetic fields, scintillation, scattering, kinematics, dynamics, turbulence, etc.)
 98.58.Bz Atomic, molecular, chemical, and grain processes
 98.58.Ca Interstellar dust grains; diffuse emission; infrared cirrus
 98.58.Db Molecular clouds, H₂ clouds, dense clouds, and dark clouds
 98.58.Ec Interstellar masers (for circumstellar masers, see 97.10.Fy)
 98.58.Fd Jets, outflows and bipolar flows (for pre-main sequence objects, see 97.21.+a)
 98.58.Ge H I regions and 21-cm lines; diffuse, translucent, and high-velocity clouds
 98.58.Hf H II regions; emission and reflection nebulae
 98.58.Jg Infrared emission
 98.58.Kh Intercloud medium (ICM); hot and highly ionized gas; bubbles
 98.58.Li Planetary nebulae (for nuclei of planetary nebulae, see also 97.20.Rp)
 98.58.Mj Supernova remnants
 98.58.Nk Tidal tails; H I shells
 98.62.-g Characteristics and properties of external galaxies and extragalactic objects (for the Milky Way, see 98.35.-a)
 98.62.Ai Origin, formation, evolution, age, and star formation
 98.62.Bj Chemical composition and chemical evolution
 98.62.Ck Masses and mass distribution
 98.62.Dm Kinematics, dynamics, and rotation
 98.62.En Electric and magnetic fields
 98.62.Gq Galactic halos
 98.62.Hr Spiral arms and bars; galactic disks
 98.62.Js Galactic nuclei (including black holes), circumnuclear matter, and bulges
 98.62.Lv Stellar content and populations; radii; morphology and overall structure
 98.62.Mw Infall, accretion, and accretion disks
 98.62.Nx Jets and bursts; galactic winds and fountains
 98.62.Py Distances, redshifts, radial velocities; spatial distribution of galaxies (for observational cosmology, see 98.80.Es)
 98.62.Qz Magnitudes and colors; luminosities
 98.62.Ra Intergalactic matter; quasar absorption and emission-line systems; Lyman forest (for quasars, see 98.54.Aj; for intracluster matter, see 98.65.Hb)
 98.62.Sb Gravitational lenses and luminous arcs (see also 95.30.Sf Relativity and gravitation—in fundamental aspects of astrophysics and section 04 General relativity and gravitation)
 98.62.Tc Astrometry; identification
 98.62.Ve Statistical and correlative studies of properties (luminosity and mass functions; mass-to-light ratio; Tully-Fisher relation, etc.)
 98.65.-r Galaxy groups, clusters, and superclusters; large scale structure of the Universe
 98.65.At Interacting galaxies; galaxy pairs, and triples
 98.65.Bv Small and compact galaxy groups
 98.65.Cw Galaxy clusters
 98.65.Dx Superclusters; large-scale structure of the Universe (including voids, pancakes, great wall, etc.)
 98.65.Fz Galaxy mergers, collisions, and tidal interactions
 98.65.Hb Intracluster matter; cooling flows
 98.70.-f Unidentified sources of radiation outside the Solar System
 98.70.Dk Radio sources

... ..	Quasars, see 98.54.Aj
98.70.Lt	IR sources (for IR sources in interstellar medium, see 98.38.Jw and/or 98.58.Jg)
98.70.Qy	X-ray sources; X-ray bursts (see also 97.30.Qt Novae, dwarf novae, recurrent novae, and other cataclysmic (eruptive) variables; 97.80.Jp X-ray binaries)
98.70.Rz	γ-ray sources; γ-ray bursts
98.70.Sa	Cosmic rays (including sources, origin, acceleration, and interactions) (see also 26.40.+r Cosmic ray nucleosynthesis—in Nuclear astrophysics)
98.70.Vc	Background radiations
98.80.-k	Cosmology (see also section 04 General relativity and gravitation; for origin and evolution of galaxies, see 98.62.Ai; for elementary particle and nuclear processes, see 95.30.Cq; for dark matter, see 95.35.+d; for dark energy, see 95.36.+x; for superclusters and large-scale structure of the Universe, see 98.65.Dx)
98.80.Bp	Origin and formation of the Universe
98.80.Cq	Particle-theory and field-theory models of the early Universe (including cosmic pancakes, cosmic strings, chaotic phenomena, inflationary universe, etc.)
98.80.Es	Observational cosmology (including Hubble constant, distance scale, cosmological constant, early Universe, etc)
98.80.Ft	Origin, formation, and abundances of the elements (see also 26.35.+c Big Bang nucleosynthesis—in Nuclear astrophysics)
98.80.Jk	Mathematical and relativistic aspects of cosmology
98.80.Qc	Quantum cosmology (see also 04.60.-m Quantum gravity—in General relativity and gravitation)
98.90.+s	Other topics on stellar systems; interstellar medium; galactic and extragalactic objects and systems; the Universe (restricted to new topics in section 98)
99.10.-x	Errata and other corrections
99.10.Cd	Errata
99.10.Fg	Publisher's note
99.10.Jk	Corrected article
99.10.Ln	Retraction
99.10.Np	Editorial note
99.10.Qr	Addenda

APPENDIX TO 43: ACOUSTICS

The detailed headings of this Appendix correspond to the scheme used by the Journal of the Acoustical Society of America.

43.05.-k	Acoustical Society of America (in PACS, see also 01.10.Hx)
43.05.Bp	Constitution and bylaws
43.05.Dr	History
43.05.Ft	Honorary members
43.05.Gv	Publications, ARLO, Echoes, ASA Web page, electronic archives and references
43.05.Hw	Meetings
43.05.Ky	Members and membership lists, personal notes, fellows
43.05.Ma	Administrative committee activities
43.05.Nb	Technical committee activities; Technical Council
43.05.Pc	Prizes, medals, and other awards
43.05.Re	Regional chapters
43.05.Sf	Obituaries
43.10.-a	General
43.10.Ce	Conferences, lectures, and announcements (not of the Acoustical Society)

	of America) (in PACS, see also 01.10.Cr and 01.10.Fv)
43.10.Df	Other acoustical societies and their publications, online journals, and other electronic publications
43.10.Eg	Biographical, historical, and personal notes (not of the Acoustical Society of America) (in PACS, see also 01.60.+q)
43.10.Gi	Editorials, Forum
43.10.Hj	Books and book reviews (in PACS, see also 01.30.Vv)
43.10.Jk	Bibliographies (in PACS, see also 01.30.Tt)
43.10.Km	Patents
43.10.Ln	Surveys and tutorial papers relating to acoustics research; tutorial papers on applied acoustics
43.10.Mq	Tutorial papers of historical and philosophical nature
43.10.Nq	News with relevance to acoustics, nonacoustical theories of interest to acoustics
43.10.Pr	Information technology, internet, nonacoustical devices of interest to acoustics
43.10.Qs	Notes relating to acoustics as a profession
43.10.Sv	Education in acoustics, tutorial papers of interest to acoustics educators (in PACS, see also 01.40.-d and 01.50.-i)
43.10.Vx	Errata
43.15.+s	Standards (in PACS, see also 06.20.fb)
43.20.-f	General linear acoustics
43.20.Bi	Mathematical theory of wave propagation (see also 43.40.At)
43.20.Dk	Ray acoustics
43.20.El	Reflection, refraction, diffraction of acoustic waves (see also 43.30.Es)
43.20.Fn	Scattering of acoustic waves (see also 43.30.Ft, Gv, Hw)
43.20.Gp	Reflection, refraction, diffraction, interference, and scattering of elastic and poroelastic waves
43.20.Hq	Velocity and attenuation of acoustic waves (see also 43.30.Bp, Cq, Es and 43.35.Ae, Bf, Cg)
43.20.Jr	Velocity and attenuation of elastic and poroelastic waves
43.20.Ks	Standing waves, resonance, normal modes (see also 43.25.Gf, 43.40.At, and 43.55.Br)
43.20.Mv	Waveguides, wave propagation in tubes and ducts
43.20.Px	Transient radiation and scattering
43.20.Rz	Steady-state radiation from sources, impedance, radiation patterns, boundary element methods
43.20.Tb	Interaction of vibrating structures with surrounding medium (see also 43.40.Rj)
43.20.Wd	Analogies
43.20.Ye	Measurement methods and instrumentation (see also 43.58.-e)
43.25.-x	Nonlinear acoustics
43.25.Ba	Parameters of nonlinearity of the medium
43.25.Cb	Macrosonic propagation, finite amplitude sound; shock waves (see also 43.28.Mw and 43.30.Lz)
43.25.Dc	Nonlinear acoustics of solids
43.25.Ed	Effect of nonlinearity on velocity and attenuation
43.25.Fe	Effect of nonlinearity on acoustic surface waves
43.25.Gf	Standing waves; resonance (see also 43.20.Ks)
43.25.Hg	Interaction of intense sound waves with noise
43.25.Jh	Reflection, refraction, interference, scattering, and diffraction of intense sound waves (see also 43.30.Lz and 43.20.Fn)
43.25.Lj	Parametric arrays, interaction of sound with sound, virtual sources (see also 43.30.Lz)
43.25.Nm	Acoustic streaming
43.25.Qp	Radiation pressure (see also 43.58.Pw)

43.25.Rq	Solitons, chaos
43.25.Ts	Nonlinear acoustical and dynamical systems
43.25.Uv	Acoustic levitation
43.25.Vt	Intense sound sources
43.25.Yw	Nonlinear acoustics of bubbly liquids
43.25.Zx	Measurement methods and instrumentation for nonlinear acoustics (see also 43.58.-e)
43.28.-g	Aeroacoustics and atmospheric sound
43.28.Bj	Mechanisms affecting sound propagation in air, sound speed in the air
43.28.Dm	Infrasound and acoustic-gravity waves
43.28.En	Interaction of sound with ground surfaces, ground cover and topography, acoustic impedance of outdoor surfaces
43.28.Fp	Outdoor sound propagation through a stationary atmosphere, meteorological factors (see also 43.50.Vt)
43.28.Gq	Outdoor sound propagation and scattering in a turbulent atmosphere, and in non-uniform flow fields
43.28.Hr	Outdoor sound sources (see also 43.50.Lj, Nm, Sr)
43.28.Js	Numerical models for outdoor propagation
43.28.Kt	Aerothermoacoustics and combustion acoustics
43.28.Lv	Statistical characteristics of sound fields and propagation parameters (see also 43.50.Rq, 43.60.Cg)
43.28.Mw	Shock and blast waves, sonic boom (see also 43.25.Cb and 43.50.Pn)
43.28.Py	Interaction of fluid motion and sound, Doppler effect, and sound in flow ducts
43.28.Ra	Generation of sound by fluid flow, aerodynamic sound and turbulence
43.28.Tc	Sound-in-air measurements, methods and instrumentation for location, navigation, altimetry, and sound ranging (see also 43.30.Vh and 43.58.-e)
43.28.Vd	Measurement methods and instrumentation to determine or evaluate atmospheric parameters, winds, turbulence, temperatures, and pollutants in air (see also 43.58.-e)
43.28.We	Measurement methods and instrumentation for remote sensing and for inverse problems (see also 43.58.-e)
43.30.-k	Underwater sound
43.30.Bp	Normal mode propagation of sound in water
43.30.Cq	Ray propagation of sound in water
43.30.Dr	Hybrid and asymptotic propagation theories, related experiments
43.30.Es	Velocity, attenuation, refraction, and diffraction in water, Doppler effect
43.30.Ft	Volume scattering
43.30.Gv	Backscattering, echoes, and reverberation in water due to combinations of boundaries
43.30.Hw	Rough interface scattering
43.30.Jx	Radiation from objects vibrating under water, acoustic and mechanical impedance (see also 43.58.Bh)
43.30.Ky	Structures and materials for absorbing sound in water; propagation in fluid-filled permeable material
43.30.Lz	Underwater applications of nonlinear acoustics; explosions (see also 43.25.Cb, Lj)
43.30.Ma	Acoustics of sediments; ice covers, viscoelastic media; seismic underwater acoustics
43.30.Nb	Noise in water; generation mechanisms and characteristics of the field (see also 43.50.Nm and 43.28.Ra)
43.30.Pc	Ocean parameter estimation by acoustical methods; remote sensing; imaging, inversion, acoustic tomography
43.30.Qd	Global scale acoustics; ocean basin thermometry, transbasin acoustics
43.30.Re	Signal coherence or fluctuation due to sound propagation/scattering in the ocean

43.30.Sf Acoustical detection of marine life; passive and active
 43.30.Tg Navigational instruments using underwater sound
 43.30.Vh Active sonar systems
 43.30.Wi Passive sonar systems and algorithms, matched field processing in underwater acoustics (see also 43.60.Kx)
 43.30.Xm Underwater measurement and calibration instrumentation and procedures (see also 43.58.-e)
 43.30.Yj Transducers and transducer arrays for underwater sound; transducer calibration (see also 43.58.Vb)
 43.30.Zk Experimental modeling
 43.35.-c Ultrasonics, quantum acoustics, and physical effects of sound
 43.35.Ae Ultrasonic velocity, dispersion, scattering, diffraction, and attenuation in gases
 43.35.Bf Ultrasonic velocity, dispersion, scattering, diffraction, and attenuation in liquids, liquid crystals, suspensions, and emulsions (see also 43.30.Es, Ft, Gv, Hw)
 43.35.Cg Ultrasonic velocity, dispersion, scattering, diffraction, and attenuation in solids; elastic constants (see also 43.20.Gp, Jr)
 43.35.Dh Preterersonics (sound of frequency above 10 GHz); Brillouin scattering
 43.35.Ei Acoustic cavitation in liquids (see also 43.30.Nb)
 43.35.Fj Ultrasonic relaxation processes in gases, liquids, and solids
 43.35.Gk Phonons in crystal lattices, quantum acoustics (in PACS, see also 63.20.-e)
 43.35.Hl Sonoluminescence
 43.35.Kp Plasma acoustics (in PACS, see also 52.35.Dm)
 43.35.Lq Low-temperature acoustics, sound in liquid helium (in PACS, see also 67.25.dt)
 43.35.Mr Acoustics of viscoelastic materials
 43.35.Ns Acoustical properties of thin films (in PACS, see also 68.60.Bs)
 43.35.Pt Surface waves in solids and liquids (in PACS, see also 68.35.Iv and 62.60.+v)
 43.35.Rw Magnetoacoustic effect; oscillations and resonance (in PACS, see also 75.80.+q and 72.55.+s)
 43.35.Sx Acoustooptical effects, optoacoustics, acoustical visualization, acoustical microscopy, and acoustical holography (see also 43.60.Gk, Sx; in PACS, see also 78.20.hb)
 43.35.Ty Other physical effects of sound
 43.35.Ud Thermoacoustics, high temperature acoustics, photoacoustic effect
 43.35.Vz Chemical effects of ultrasound
 43.35.Wa Biological effects of ultrasound, ultrasonic tomography (see also 43.40.Ng and 43.80.Gx, Jz, Sh)
 43.35.Xd Nuclear acoustical resonance, acoustical magnetic resonance
 43.35.Yb Ultrasonic instrumentation and measurement techniques (see also 43.58.-e)
 43.35.Zc Use of ultrasonics in nondestructive testing, industrial processes, and industrial products
 43.38.-p Transduction; acoustical devices for the generation and reproduction of sound
 43.38.Ar Transducing principles, materials, and structures: general (see also 43.30.Yj and 43.40.Yq)
 43.38.Bs Electrostatic transducers
 43.38.Ct Magnetostrictive transducers
 43.38.Dv Electromagnetic and electrodynamic transducers
 43.38.Ew Feedback transducers
 43.38.Fx Piezoelectric and ferroelectric transducers
 43.38.Gy Semiconductor transducers
 43.38.Hz Transducer arrays, acoustic interaction effects in arrays (see also 43.30.Yj)

43.38.Ja Loudspeakers and horns, practical sound sources (see also 43.20.Rz and 43.38.Tj)
 43.38.Kb Microphones and their calibration (see also 43.30.Yj and 43.40.Yq)
 43.38.Lc Amplifiers, attenuators, and audio controls
 43.38.Md Sound recording and reproducing systems, general concepts
 43.38.Ne Mechanical, optical, and photographic recording and reproducing systems
 43.38.Pf Hydroacoustic and hydraulic transducers
 43.38.Qg Magnetic and electrostatic recording and reproducing systems
 43.38.Rh Surface acoustic wave transducers (see also 43.25.Fe and 43.35.Pt)
 43.38.Si Telephones, earphones, sound power telephones, and intercommunication systems
 43.38.Tj Public address systems, sound-reinforcement systems (see also 43.55.Jz)
 43.38.Vk Stereophonic reproduction
 43.38.Wl Broadcasting (radio and television)
 43.38.Yn Impulse transducers
 43.38.Zp Acoustooptic and photoacoustic transducers (see also 43.35.Sx)
 43.40.-r Structural acoustics and vibration
 43.40.At Experimental and theoretical studies of vibrating systems (see also 43.20.Bi, Ks, Rz)
 43.40.Cw Vibrations of strings, rods, and beams
 43.40.Dx Vibrations of membranes and plates
 43.40.Ey Vibrations of shells
 43.40.Fz Acoustic scattering by elastic structures
 43.40.Ga Nonlinear vibration
 43.40.Hb Random vibration
 43.40.Jc Shock and shock reduction and absorption
 43.40.Kd Impact and impact reduction, mechanical transients
 43.40.Le Techniques for nondestructive evaluation and monitoring, acoustic emission (see also 43.35.Zc)
 43.40.Ng Effects of vibration and shock on biological systems, including man (see also 43.35.Wa, 43.50.Qp, and 43.80.-n)
 43.40.Ph Seismology and geophysical prospecting; seismographs
 43.40.Qi Effect of sound on structures, fatigue; spatial statistics of structural vibration
 43.40.Rj Radiation from vibrating structures into fluid media
 43.40.Sk Inverse problems in structural acoustics and vibration
 43.40.Tm Vibration isolators, attenuators, and dampers (see also 43.55.Vj)
 43.40.Vn Active vibration control
 43.40.Yq Instrumentation and techniques for tests and measurement relating to shock and vibration, including vibration pickups, indicators, and generators, mechanical impedance
 43.50.-x Noise: its effects and control
 43.50.Ba Noisiness: rating methods and criteria
 43.50.Cb Noise spectra, determination of sound power
 43.50.Ed Noise generation (see also 43.28.Ra)
 43.50.Fe Noise masking systems
 43.50.Gf Noise control at source: redesign, application of absorptive materials and reactive elements, mufflers, noise silencers, noise barriers, and attenuators, etc. (see also 43.55.Dt)
 43.50.Hg Noise control at the ear (see also 43.66.Vt)
 43.50.Jh Noise in buildings and general machinery noise (see also 43.55.Ev, Fw, Rg)
 43.50.Ki Active noise control
 43.50.Lj Transportation noise sources: air, road, rail, and marine vehicles
 43.50.Nm Aerodynamic and jet noise (see also 43.28.Ra)
 43.50.Pn Impulse noise and noise due to impact (see also 43.40.Kd)

43.50.Qp Effects of noise on man and society (see also 43.66.Ed, and 43.80.Nd)
 43.50.Rq Environmental noise, measurement, analysis, statistical characteristics
 43.50.Sr Community noise, noise zoning, by-laws, and legislation
 43.50.Vt Topographical and meteorological factors in noise propagation
 43.50.Yw Instrumentation and techniques for noise measurement and analysis (see also 43.58.-e)
 43.55.-n Architectural acoustics
 43.55.Br Room acoustics: theory and experiment; reverberation, normal modes, diffusion, transient and steady-state response (see also 43.20.Fn, Ks)
 43.55.Cs Stationary response of rooms to noise; spatial statistics of room response; random testing
 43.55.Dt Sound absorption in enclosures: theory and measurement; use of absorption in offices, commercial and domestic spaces (see also 43.50.Jh)
 43.55.Ev Sound absorption properties of materials: theory and measurement of sound absorption coefficients; acoustic impedance and admittance
 43.55.Fw Auditorium and enclosure design (see also 43.50.Gf, Jh)
 43.55.Gx Studies of existing auditoria and enclosures
 43.55.Hy Subjective effects in room acoustics, speech in rooms
 43.55.Jz Sound-reinforcement systems for rooms and enclosures (see also 43.38.Tj)
 43.55.Ka Computer simulation of acoustics in enclosures, modeling (see also 43.58.Ta)
 43.55.Lb Electrical simulation of reverberation
 43.55.Mc Room acoustics measuring instruments, computer measurement of room properties (see also 43.58.Fm)
 43.55.Nd Reverberation room design: theory, applications to measurements of sound absorption, transmission loss, sound power
 43.55.Pe Anechoic chamber design, wedges
 43.55.Rg Sound transmission through walls and through ducts: theory and measurement
 43.55.Ti Sound-isolating structures, values of transmission coefficients (see also 43.50.Jh)
 43.55.Vj Vibration-isolating supports in building acoustics (see also 43.40.Tm; in PACS, see 07.10.Fq)
 43.55.Wk Damping of panels
 43.58.-e Acoustical measurements and instrumentation (see also specific sections for specialized instrumentation)
 43.58.Bh Acoustic impedance measurement (see also 43.30.Jx, 43.20.Rz, and 43.40.Yq)
 43.58.Dj Sound velocity
 43.58.Fm Sound level meters, level recorders, sound pressure, particle velocity, and sound intensity measurements, meters, and controllers (see also 43.55.Mc)
 43.58.Gn Acoustic impulse analyzers and measurements
 43.58.Hp Tuning forks, frequency standards; frequency measuring and recording instruments; time standards and chronographs
 43.58.Jq Wave and tone synthesizers
 43.58.Kr Spectrum and frequency analyzers and filters; acoustical and electrical oscillographs; photoacoustic spectrometers; acoustical delay lines and resonators (see also 43.40.Sk)
 43.58.Ls Acoustical lenses and microscopes (see also 43.35.Sx)
 43.58.Mt Phase meters
 43.58.Pw Rayleigh disks (see also 43.25.Qp)
 43.58.Ry Distortion: frequency, nonlinear, phase, and transient; measurement of distortion
 43.58.Ta Computers and computer programs in acoustics (see also 43.75.Wx,

43.55.Ka, 43.60.Gk, and 43.70.Jt)

43.58.Vb Calibration of acoustical devices and systems

43.58.Wc Electrical and mechanical oscillators

43.60.-c Acoustic signal processing

43.60.Ac Theory of acoustic signal processing

43.60.Bf Acoustic signal detection and classification, applications to control systems

43.60.Cg Statistical properties of signals and noise

43.60.Dh Signal processing for communications: telephony and telemetry, sound pickup and reproduction, multimedia

43.60.Ek Acoustic signal coding, morphology, and transformation

43.60.Fg Acoustic array systems and processing, beam-forming

43.60.Gk Space-time signal processing, other than matched field processing (see also 43.35.Sx)

43.60.Hj Time-frequency signal processing, wavelets

43.60.Jn Source localization and parameter estimation

43.60.Kx Matched field processing (see also 43.30.Wi)

43.60.Lq Acoustic imaging, displays, pattern recognition, feature extraction

43.60.Mn Adaptive processing

43.60.Np Acoustic signal processing techniques for neural nets and learning systems

43.60.Pt Signal processing techniques for acoustic inverse problems

43.60.Qv Signal processing instrumentation, integrated systems, smart transducers, devices and architectures, displays and interfaces for acoustic systems (see also 43.58.-e)

43.60.Rw Remote sensing methods, acoustic tomography

43.60.Sx Acoustic holography

43.60.Tj Wave front reconstruction, acoustic time-reversal, and phase conjugation

43.60.Uv Model-based signal processing

43.60.Vx Acoustic sensing and acquisition

43.60.Wy Non-stationary signal analysis, non-linear systems, and higher order statistics

43.64.-q Physiological acoustics

43.64.Bt Models and theories of the auditory system

43.64.Dw Anatomy of the cochlea and auditory nerve

43.64.Fy Anatomy of the auditory central nervous system

43.64.Gz Biochemistry and pharmacology of the auditory system

43.64.Ha Acoustical properties of the outer ear; middle-ear mechanics and reflex

43.64.Jb Otoacoustic emissions

43.64.Kc Cochlear mechanics

43.64.Ld Physiology of hair cells

43.64.Me Effects of electrical stimulation, cochlear implant

43.64.Nf Cochlear electrophysiology

43.64.Pg Electrophysiology of the auditory nerve

43.64.Qh Electrophysiology of the auditory central nervous system

43.64.Ri Evoked responses to sounds

43.64.Sj Neural responses to speech

43.64.Tk Physiology of sound generation and detection by animals

43.64.Vm Physiology of the somatosensory system

43.64.Wn Effects of noise and trauma on the auditory system

43.64.Yp Instruments and methods (see also 43.58.-e)

43.66.-x Psychological acoustics

43.66.Ba Models and theories of auditory processes

43.66.Cb Loudness, absolute threshold

43.66.Dc Masking

43.66.Ed Auditory fatigue, temporary threshold shift

43.66.Fe Discrimination: intensity and frequency

43.66.Gf Detection and discrimination of sound by animals
 43.66.Hg Pitch
 43.66.Jh Timbre, timbre in musical acoustics
 43.66.Ki Subjective tones
 43.66.Lj Perceptual effects of sound (see also 43.71.-k)
 43.66.Mk Temporal and sequential aspects of hearing; auditory grouping in relation to music
 43.66.Nm Phase effects
 43.66.Pn Binaural hearing
 43.66.Qp Localization of sound sources
 43.66.Rq Dichotic listening
 43.66.Sr Deafness, audiometry, aging effects
 43.66.Ts Auditory prostheses, hearing aids
 43.66.Vt Hearing protection (see also 43.50.Hg)
 43.66.Wv Vibration and tactile senses
 43.66.Yw Instruments and methods related to hearing and its measurement (see also 43.58.-e)
 43.70.-h Speech production
 43.70.Aj Anatomy and physiology of the vocal tract, speech aerodynamics, auditory kinetics
 43.70.Bk Models and theories of speech production
 43.70.Dn Disordered speech
 43.70.Ep Development of speech production
 43.70.Fq Acoustical correlates of phonetic segments and suprasegmental properties: stress, timing, and intonation
 43.70.Gr Larynx anatomy and function; voice production characteristics
 43.70.Jt Instrumentation and methodology for speech production research
 43.70.Kv Cross-linguistic speech production and acoustics
 43.70.Mn Relations between speech production and perception
 43.71.-k Speech perception
 43.71.An Models and theories of speech perception (see also 43.66.Ba)
 43.71.Bp Perception of voice and talker characteristics
 43.71.Es Vowel and consonant perception; perception of words, sentences, and fluent speech (see also 43.66.Lj)
 43.71.Ft Development of speech perception
 43.71.Gv Measures of speech perception (intelligibility and quality)
 43.71.Hw Cross-language perception of speech
 43.71.Ky Speech perception by the hearing impaired (see also 43.66.Ts)
 43.71.Lz Speech perception by the aging
 43.71.Qr Neurophysiology of speech perception
 43.71.Rt Sensory mechanisms in speech perception
 43.71.Sy Spoken language processing by humans
 43.72.-p Speech processing and communication systems
 43.72.Ar Speech analysis and analysis techniques; parametric representation of speech
 43.72.Bs Neural networks for speech recognition
 43.72.Ct Acoustical methods for determining vocal tract shapes
 43.72.Dv Speech-noise interaction
 43.72.Fx Talker identification and adaptation algorithms
 43.72.Gy Narrow, medium, and wideband speech coding
 43.72.Ja Speech synthesis and synthesis techniques
 43.72.Kb Speech communication systems and dialogue systems
 43.72.Lc Time and frequency alignment procedures for speech
 43.72.Ne Automatic speech recognition systems
 43.72.Pf Automatic talker recognition systems
 43.72.Qr Auditory synthesis and recognition
 43.72.Uv Forensic acoustics
 43.75.-z Music and musical instruments

43.75.Bc	Scales, intonation, vibrato, composition
43.75.Cd	Music perception and cognition
43.75.De	Bowed stringed instruments
43.75.Ef	Woodwinds
43.75.Fg	Brass instruments and other lip-vibrated instruments
43.75.Gh	Plucked string instruments
43.75.Hi	Drums
43.75.Kk	Bells, gongs, cymbals, mallet percussion, and similar instruments
43.75.Lm	Free reed instruments
43.75.Mn	Pianos and other struck string instruments
43.75.Np	Pipe organs
43.75.Pq	Reed woodwind instruments
43.75.Qr	Flutes and similar wind instruments
43.75.Rs	Singing
43.75.St	Musical performance, training, and analysis
43.75.Tv	Electro-acoustic and electronic instruments
43.75.Wx	Electronic and computer music
43.75.Xz	Automatic music recognition, classification, and information retrieval
43.75.Yy	Instrumentation and measurement methods for musical acoustics
43.75.Zz	Analysis, synthesis, and processing of musical sounds
43.80.-n	Bioacoustics
43.80.Cs	Acoustical characteristics of biological media: molecular species, cellular level tissues
43.80.Ev	Acoustical measurement methods in biological systems and media
43.80.Gx	Mechanisms of action of acoustic energy on biological systems: physical processes, sites of action (in PACS, see also 87.50.Y-)
43.80.Jz	Use of acoustic energy (with or without other forms) in studies of structure and function of biological systems (in PACS, see also 87.50.Y-)
43.80.Ka	Sound production by animals: mechanisms, characteristics, populations, biosonar (see also 43.30.Nb and 43.64.Tk)
43.80.Lb	Sound reception by animals: anatomy, physiology, auditory capacities, processing (see also 43.64.Tk, 43.66.Gf)
43.80.Nd	Effects of noise on animals and associated behavior, protective mechanisms (see also 43.50.Qp, 43.64.Tk)
43.80.Pe	Agroacoustics
43.80.Qf	Medical diagnosis with acoustics (in PACS, see also 87.63.D-)
43.80.Sh	Medical use of ultrasonics for tissue modification (permanent and temporary) (in PACS, see also 87.50.Y-)
43.80.Vj	Acoustical medical instrumentation and measurement techniques (see also 43.66.Ts and 43.58.-e)

APPENDIX TO PACS 91 – 94, 96: GEOPHYSICS

91. Solid Earth physics

91.10.-v	Geodesy and gravity (see also 91.50.Kx Gravity and isostasy—in Marine geology and geophysics; 91.45.gh—in Geophysics Appendix)
91.10.By	Mathematical geodesy; general theory
91.10.Da	Cartography
91.10.Fc	Space and satellite geodesy; applications of global positioning systems
91.10.Jf	Topography; geometric observations
91.10.Kg	Crustal movements and deformation
91.10.Lh	Photogrammetry
91.10.Nj	Rotational variations; polar wobble (see also 92.10.Iv Ocean influence of Earth's rotation)
91.10.Op	Gravity anomalies; time variable gravity
91.10.P-	Geodetic techniques; gravimetric measurements and instruments

91.10.pa Atmospheric monitoring with geodetic techniques
 91.10.pc Ocean monitoring with geodetic techniques
 91.10.Qm Harmonics of the gravity potential field; geopotential theory and determination
 Rheology of lithosphere and mantle, see 91.32.De, 91.32.Gh
 91.10.Sp Satellite orbits
 91.10.Tq Earth tides
 91.10.Vr Ocean/Earth/atmosphere/ hydrosphere/cryosphere interactions; mass balance
 91.10.Ws Reference systems
 91.10.Xa Global change from geodesy
 91.25.-r Geomagnetism and paleomagnetism; geoelectricity (see also 91.50.Iv Marine magnetism and electromagnetics)
 91.25.Cw Origins and models of the magnetic field; dynamo theories
 91.25.Dx Archeomagnetism
 91.25.Ey Interactions between exterior sources and interior properties
 91.25.F- Rock and mineral magnetism (see also 91.60.Pn Magnetic and electrical properties—in Physical properties of rocks and minerals)
 91.25.fa Biogenic magnetic minerals
 91.25.fd Environmental magnetism
 91.25.G- Spatial variations in geomagnetism
 91.25.ga Harmonics and anomalies
 91.25.gj Attributed to seafloor spreading
 91.25.L- Time variations in geomagnetism
 91.25.lc Rapid time variations
 91.25.lf Diurnal to decadal
 91.25.lj Secular and longer
 91.25.Mf Magnetic field reversals: process and timescale
 91.25.N- Paleomagnetism
 91.25.nc Paleointensity
 91.25.nf Applied to tectonics: regional; global
 91.25.nj Applied to geologic processes
 91.25.nn Paleomagnetic secular variation
 91.25.Ph Magnetostratigraphy
 91.25.Qi Geoelectricity, electromagnetic induction, and telluric currents
 91.25.Rt Magnetic anomalies; modeling and interpretations
 91.25.St Magnetic fabrics and anisotropy
 91.25.Th Reference fields: regional; global
 91.25.Ux Remagnetization
 91.25.Wb Geomagnetic induction
 91.25.Xg Geomagnetic excursion
 91.25.Za Core processes
 91.30.-f Seismology
 91.30.Ab Theory and modeling, computational seismology
 91.30.Bi Seismic sources (mechanisms, magnitude, moment frequency spectrum)
 91.30.Cd Body wave propagation
 91.30.Dk Seismicity (see also 91.45.gd—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Fn Surface waves and free oscillations
 91.30.Ga Subduction zones (see also 91.40.Rs—in Volcanology; 91.45.Hc—in Tectonophysics; 91.50.Wy—in Marine geology and geophysics; 91.67.fc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Hc Mid-ocean ridges (see also 91.40.St—in Volcanology; 91.50.Rt—in Marine geology and geophysics; 91.67.ff—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Iv Transform faults
 91.30.Jk Tomography in seismology (see also 91.35.Pn Tomography of the Earth's interior)
 91.30.Mv Strong motions and shock waves
 91.30.Nw Tsunamis (see also 92.10.hl—in Geophysics Appendix)

91.30.P- Earthquakes
 91.30.pa Dynamics and mechanics
 91.30.pb Ground motions and engineering seismology
 91.30.pc Magnitudes and parameters
 91.30.pd Hazard assessment, forecasting, and prediction
 91.30.Rz Nuclear explosion seismology
 91.30.Tb Volcano seismology
 91.30.Uv Core and mantle seismology
 91.30.Vc Continental crust seismology
 91.30.Wx Lithosphere seismology (see also 91.45.gf—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.30.Ye Oceanic crust seismology
 91.30.Za Paleoseismology
 91.32.-m Rheology of the Earth
 91.32.Ac General aspects
 91.32.De Crust and lithosphere
 91.32.Gh Mantle
 91.32.Jk Friction of fault zones
 91.35.-x Earth's interior structure and properties
 91.35.Cb Models of interior structure
 91.35.Dc Heat flow; geothermy (see also 91.50.Ln Heat flow (benthic)—in Marine geology and geophysics; see also 88.10.-g Geothermal energy in renewable energy resources and applications)
 91.35.Ed Structure of the Earth's interior below the upper mantle
 91.35.Gf Structure of the crust and upper mantle
 91.35.Lj Composition and state of the Earth's interior (see also 91.67.gb—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Geochronology, see 91.80.+d; and in Geophysics Appendix, see 91.80.-d)
 91.35.Pn Tomography of the Earth's interior (see also 91.30.Jk Tomography in seismology)
 91.40.-k Volcanology (see also 91.30.Tb Volcano seismology)
 91.40.Ac Geochemical modeling
 91.40.Bp Tephrochronology; ash deposits
 91.40.Dr Atmospheric effects (see also 92.60.Mt Particles and aerosols—in Meteorology)
 91.40.Ft Eruption mechanisms
 91.40.Ge Hydrothermal systems (see also 91.67.Jk—in Geochemistry; 92.05.Lf—in oceanography)
 91.40.Hw Lava rheology and morphology
 91.40.Jk Magma migration
 91.40.La Physics and chemistry of magma bodies
 91.40.Pc Thermodynamics in volcanology
 91.40.Qa Reactions and phase equilibria (see also 91.67.De—in Geochemistry)
 91.40.Rs Subduction zone processes (see also 91.30.Ga—in Seismology; 91.45.Hc—in Tectonophysics; 91.50.Wy—in Marine geology; 91.67.fc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.40.St Mid-oceanic ridge processes (see also 91.30.Hc—in Seismology; 91.50.Rt—in Marine geology; 91.67.ff—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.40.Ta Intra-plate processes (see also 91.50.Tb—in Marine geology; 91.67.fh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.40.Uc Volcanoclastic deposits
 91.40.Vg Volcanic gases
 91.40.Wx Calderas
 91.40.Yt Remote sensing of volcanoes (see also 93.85.Pq)
 91.40.Zz Volcano monitoring; volcanic hazards and risks
 Planetary volcanism, see 96.12.Xy
 91.45.-c Tectonophysics
 91.45.Bg Planetary interiors (see also 96.12.Pc—in Planetology of solid surface planets; 96.15.Nd—in Planetology of fluid planets)

91.45.C- Continental tectonics
 91.45.ca General aspects
 91.45.cc Orogenic belts
 91.45.cf Continental margins and continental cratons
 91.45.ch Continental neotectonics
 91.45.cj Extensional, tectonics (rift basins)
 91.45.cn Strike-slip tectonics
 91.45.D- Plate tectonics
 91.45.dc Plate boundaries: general aspects
 91.45.df Plate motions: general aspects
 91.45.dg Plate motions: past
 91.45.dk Plate motions: present and recent
 91.45.Fj Convection currents and mantle plumes
 91.45.G- Dynamics and mechanics of tectonics
 91.45.gd Seismotectonics (see also 91.30.Dk Seismicity)
 91.45.gf Lithospheric dynamics; flexure (see also 91.30.Wx Lithosphere seismology; 91.32.De Crust and lithosphere, rheology of)
 91.45.gh Gravity and tectonics
 91.45.Hc Subduction and obduction zone processes (see also 91.30.Ga—in Seismology; 91.40.Rs—in Volcanology)
 91.45.Jg Hot spots, large igneous provinces, and flood basalt volcanism
 91.45.Kn Core processes
 91.45.Nc Evolution of the Earth
 91.45.Qv Tomography of plate tectonics (see also 91.30.Jk—in Seismology)
 91.45.Rg Heat generation and transport
 Folds and folding, see 91.55.Hj
 Fractures and faults, see 91.55.Jk
 91.45.Wa Volcanic arcs
 91.45.X- Stresses in tectonophysics
 91.45.xa General aspects
 91.45.xc Crust and lithosphere (see also 91.30.Wx Lithosphere seismology)
 91.45.xf Deep-seated stresses
 Hydrothermal systems, see 91.40.Ge
 Planetary tectonics, see 96.12.Xy
 Pluton emplacement, see 91.55.Sn
 Rheology of the Earth, see 91.32.-m
 91.50.-r Marine geology and geophysics
 91.50.Ac Back-arc basin processes
 91.50.Bd Continental shelf and slope processes
 91.50.Cw Beach and coastal processes
 91.50.Ey Seafloor morphology, geology, and geophysics (see also 92.10.0c Benthic boundary layers, ocean bottom processes—in oceanography)
 91.50.Ga Bathymetry, seafloor topology
 91.50.Hc Gas and hydrate systems (see also 92.20.Uv—in oceanography)
 91.50.Iv Marine magnetism and electromagnetism
 91.50.Jc Marine sediments, turbidity currents—processes and transport (see also 91.65.Ti—in petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.50.Kx Gravity and isostasy
 91.50.Ln Heat flow (benthic)
 91.50.Nc Littoral processes
 91.50.Ps Marine hydrogeology
 91.50.Qr Micropaleontology
 91.50.Rt Mid-ocean ridge processes (see also 91.30.Hc—in Seismology; 91.40.St—in Volcanology; 91.67.ff—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.50.Sn Ocean drilling (see also 93.85.Tf Oil prospecting, pipelines, and conduits)

91.50. Tb Oceanic hotspots and intra-plate volcanism (see also 91.40. Ta—in Volcanology; 91.67. fh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.50. Uv Oceanic plateaus and fracture zone processes
 91.50. Vx Ophiolites
 91.50. Wy Subduction zone processes
 91.50. Xz Submarine landslides
 91.50. Yf Submergence instruments, ROV, AUV, Submersibles, and ocean observatories
 91.55. -y Structural geology
 91.55. Ax Mechanics, theory and modeling
 91.55. Bc Continental neotectonics
 91.55. De Diapir and diapirism
 91.55. Fg Dynamics and mechanics of faulting (see also 91.32. Jk Friction of fault zones, rheology of)
 91.55. Hj Folds and folding
 91.55. Jk Fractures and faults (see also 91.50. Uv Oceanic plateaus and fracture zone processes)
 91.55. Ln Kinematics of crustal and mantle deformation
 91.55. Mb High strain deformation zones
 91.55. Nc Local crustal structure; regional crustal structure
 91.55. Pq Melanges
 91.55. Qr Mesoscopic fabrics
 91.55. Sn Pluton emplacement
 91.55. Tt Role of fluids
 91.55. Uv Remote sensing in structural geology
 Rheology of the Earth, see 91.32. -m
 91.60. -x Physical properties of rocks and minerals (for rheological properties of geological materials, see 83.80. Nb)
 91.60. Ba Elasticity, fracture, and flow
 91.60. Dc Plasticity, diffusion, and creep
 91.60. Ed Crystal structure and defects, microstructure
 91.60. Fe Equations of state
 91.60. Gf High-pressure behavior
 91.60. Hg Phase changes
 91.60. Ki Thermal properties
 91.60. Lj Acoustic properties
 91.60. Mk Optical properties
 91.60. Np Permeability and porosity
 91.60. Pn Magnetic and electrical properties (see also 91.25. F- Rock and mineral magnetism)
 Environmental magnetism, see 91.25. fd
 91.60. Qr Wave attenuation
 91.60. Tn Transport properties
 91.62. -g Biogeosciences (see also 91.67. Uv Organic and biogenic geochemistry; 91.80. Kc Chemical and biological geochronology; 92.20. J- Biology of the ocean)
 91.62. Bf Agricultural systems
 91.62. De Anoxic and hypoxic environments (see also 92.20. Hs and 92.20. Ox—in Chemical and biological oceanography)
 91.62. Fc Astrobiology and extraterrestrial materials (see also 96.55. +z Astrobiology and astrochemistry of the Solar system and interplanetary space)
 91.62. Gk Biodiversity
 91.62. Jf Bioremediation
 91.62. Kt Biogeochemical kinetics
 91.62. La Carbon cycling, nitrogen cycling (see also 92.20. Xy—in Oceanography)
 91.62. Mn Ecosystems, structure and dynamics, plant ecology
 91.62. Np Evolutionary geobiology

91.62.Pq Geomicrobiology
 91.62.Qs Nutrients and nutrient cycling
 91.62.Rt Land pollution, soil pollution
 91.62.Ty Natural hazards
 91.62.Uv Life in extreme environments
 91.62.Xy Biosphere/atmosphere interactions
 91.65.-n Mineralogy and petrology
 91.65.An Mineral and crystal chemistry
 Geochemical cycles, see 91.67.Nc
 91.65.Cq Igneous petrology
 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition (see also 91.67.Qr Radiogenic isotope geochemistry; 91.67.Rx Stable isotope geochemistry)
 91.65.Ej Extrusive structures and rocks
 Low temperature geochemistry, see 91.67.Vf
 91.65.Gk Intrusive structures and rocks
 Organic geochemistry, see 91.67.Uv
 91.65.Jn Layered magma chambers
 91.65.Kf Metamorphic petrology
 91.65.Lc Pressure-temperature-time paths
 91.65.My Fluid flow
 Trace elements, see 91.67.Pq
 91.65.Pj Ultra-high pressure metamorphism
 91.65.Qr Ultra-high temperature metamorphism
 91.65.Rg Mineral occurrences and deposits
 91.65.Sn Meteorite mineralogy and petrology
 91.65.Ti Sedimentary petrology (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Major element composition, see 91.67.Pq
 91.67.-y Geochemistry (see also 92.20.Cm Chemistry of the ocean; 92.40.Bc Chemistry of fresh water; 92.60.Ls Ion chemistry of the atmosphere; 91.62.Kt, 91.80.Kc, and 92.20.C—in Geophysics Appendix)
 91.67.Bc Geochemical modeling
 91.67.De Reactions and phase equilibria (see also 91.40.Qa—in Volcanology)
 91.67.F- Geochemical processes
 91.67.fc Subduction zone (see also 91.30.Ga—in Seismology; 91.45.Hc—in Tectonophysics; 91.50.Wy—in Marine geology)
 91.67.ff Mid-oceanic ridge (see also 91.30.Hc—in Seismology; 91.40.St—in Volcanology; 91.50.Rt—in Marine geology)
 91.67.fh Intra-plate (see also 91.40.Ta—in Volcanology; 91.50.Tb—in Marine geology)
 91.67.fk Alteration and weathering
 91.67.fm Mantle
 91.67.G- Chemical composition
 91.67.gb Earth's core (see also 91.35.Lj)
 91.67.gd Continental crust
 91.67.gf Oceanic crust
 91.67.gh Hydrosphere
 91.67.gj Biosphere
 91.67.gl Mantle
 91.67.gn Meteorites
 91.67.gp Aerosols and particles (see also 92.20.Bk—in oceanography; 92.30.Ef—in Paleoceanography; 92.60.Mt—in meteorology)
 91.67.Jk Geochemistry of hydrothermal systems (see also 91.40.Ge—in Volcanology; 92.05.Lf—in oceanography)
 Physics and chemistry of magma bodies, see 91.40.La
 91.67.Nc Geochemical cycles (see also 92.20.Sg Biogeochemical cycles—in oceanography; 92.60.hn—in meteorology; 92.30.Gh—in Geophysics

- Appendix)
- 91.67.Pq Major and trace element geochemistry (see also 92.20.Wx Trace elements—in chemical and biological oceanography)
- 91.67.Qr Radiogenic isotope geochemistry (see also 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition—in Mineralogy and petrology; 92.20.Td Radioactivity and radioisotopes—in oceanography)
- 91.67.Rx Stable isotope geochemistry (see also 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition—in Mineralogy and petrology)
- 91.67.St Fluid and melt inclusion geochemistry
- 91.67.Ty Sedimentary geochemistry (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in Mineralogy and petrology; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
- 91.67.Uv Organic and biogenic geochemistry
- 91.67.Vf Low-temperature geochemistry
- 91.70.-c Information related to geologic time
- 91.70.B- Cenozoic
- 91.70.bc Neogene
- 91.70.bg Paleogene
- 91.70.D- Mesozoic
- 91.70.db Cretaceous
- 91.70.de Jurassic
- 91.70.dg Triassic
- 91.70.F- Paleozoic
- 91.70.fb Permian
- 91.70.fd Carboniferous
- 91.70.ff Devonian
- 91.70.fh Silurian
- 91.70.fk Ordovician
- 91.70.fn Cambrian
- 91.70.H- Precambrian
- 91.70.hc Proterozoic
- 91.70.hf Archean
- 91.80.-d Geochronology (see also 92.30.Hj Dendrochronology—in Paleoceanography)
- 91.80.Cb Quarternary geochronology
- 91.80.Ef Sidereal geochronology
- 91.80.Hj Radioisotope geochronology, isotopic disequilibrium dating
- 91.80.Kc Chemical and biological geochronology
- 91.80.Mn Geomorphological geochronology
- 91.80.Pq Correlative geochronology
- 91.80.Rx Thermochronology
- 91.80.St Tephrochronology (see also 91.40.Bp Tephrochronology; ash deposits—in Volcanology)
- 91.80.Uv Cosmogenic-nuclide exposure dating
- 91.80.Vw Extinct radionuclide geochronology
- 91.80.Wx Sedimentary geochronology (see also 91.50.Jc—in Marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in Mineralogy and petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in Hydrology)
- 91.90.+p Other topics in solid Earth physics (restricted to new topics in section 91)

92. Hydrospheric and atmospheric geophysics

- 92.05.-x General aspects of oceanography
- 92.05.Bc Analytical modeling and laboratory experiments
- 92.05.Df Climate and inter-annual variability (see also 92.60.Ry Climatology, climate change and variability—in meteorology; 92.70.Gt Climate

dynamics—in Global change)

92.05.Ek Long term variability; Heinrich events

92.05.Fg Diurnal, seasonal and annual cycles

92.05.Hj Physical and chemical properties of seawater (salinity, density, temperature)

92.05.Jn Ocean energy extraction

92.05.Lf Hydrothermal systems (see also 91.40.Ge—in Volcanology; 91.67.Jk—in Geochemistry)

92.10.-c Physical oceanography

92.10.A- Circulation and currents

92.10.ab General circulation

92.10.ad Deep water formation and circulation

92.10.af Thermohaline convection

92.10.ah Ocean currents; Eastern boundary currents, Western boundary currents

92.10.ak Eddies and mesoscale processes

92.10.am El Nino Southern Oscillation (see also 92.30.La—in Paleoceanography)

... .. Physical properties of seawater, see 92.05.Hj

... .. Capillary waves, see 92.10.hd—in Geophysics Appendix

92.10.Dh Deep ocean processes

92.10.Ei Coriolis effects

92.10.Fj Upper ocean and mixed layer processes

92.10.H- Ocean waves and oscillations

92.10.hb Surface waves and tides

92.10.hd Capillary waves

92.10.hf Planetary waves, Rossby waves

92.10.hh Kelvin waves

92.10.hj Internal and inertial waves

92.10.hk Seiches

92.10.hl Tsunamis (see also 91.30.Nw—in Seismology)

92.10.hp Sea level variations (see also 92.70.Jw Oceans, sea level change—in Global change)

92.10.Iv Ocean influence of Earth's rotation

... .. Seiches, see 92.10.hk—in Geophysics Appendix

92.10.Kp Sea-air energy exchange processes (see also 92.60.Cc—in meteorology)

92.10.Lq Turbulence, diffusion, and mixing processes in oceanography

92.10.Ns Fine structure and microstructure in oceanography

92.10.Oc Benthic boundary layers, ocean bottom processes (see also 91.50.Ey Sea floor, morphology, geology, and geophysics—in marine geology)

92.10.Rw Sea ice (mechanics and air/sea/ice exchange processes)

92.10.Sx Coastal, estuarine, and near shore processes (see also 91.50.Cw Beach and coastal processes—in marine geology)

92.10.Ty Fronts and jets

92.10.Ua Overflows

92.10.Vz Underwater sound (see also 43.30.+m in acoustics; 43.30.-k in Acoustics Appendix)

92.10.Wa Sediment transport (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in Mineralogy and petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.20.Vn—in chemical oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in Hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)

92.10.Xc Ocean fog

92.10.Yb Hydrography (for ocean parameter estimation by acoustical methods, see 43.30.Pc—in Acoustics Appendix)

92.10.Zf Upwelling and convergences (see also 92.30.Vn—in Geophysics Appendix)

... .. Marine geology and geophysics, see 91.50.-r

92.20.-h Chemical and biological oceanography

92.20.Bk Aerosols (see also 92.60.Mt—in meteorology; 91.67.gp and 92.30.Ef—in Geophysics Appendix)

92.20.C- Chemistry of the ocean

92.20.cb Chemical speciation and complexation, chemosynthesis
 92.20.cd Chemical tracers
 92.20.cf Marine organic chemistry
 92.20.cg Marine inorganic chemistry
 92.20.ch Photochemistry, photosynthesis
 92.20.cj Oxidation and reduction reactions
 92.20.cn Analytical chemistry
 92.20.cp Natural products chemistry
 Ocean energy extraction, see 92.05.Jn
 92.20.Hs Anoxic environments (see also 91.62.+g Biogeosciences; 91.62.De—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.Iv Benthic processes, sea-bottom processes (see also 91.50.Ey—in marine geology; 92.10.Oc—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology)
 92.20.J- Biology of the ocean (see also 91.62.-g Biogeosciences; 92.40.vu Cryobiology (in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.jb Bacteria, microbiology and microbial ecology (see also 91.62.Kt geomicrobiology)
 92.20.jd Symbiosis
 92.20.jf Phytoplankton
 92.20.jh Zooplankton
 92.20.jj Sorptive scavenging
 92.20.jm Population dynamics and ecology
 92.20.jp Ecosystems, structure, dynamics and modeling
 92.20.jq Foodwebs: structure and dynamics
 92.20.ju Nutrients and nutrient cycling
 92.20.Ny Marine pollution
 92.20.Ox Hypoxic environment (see also 91.62.De—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Bacteria, see 92.20.jb—in Geophysics Appendix
 Plankton, see 92.20.jf and 92.20.jh—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.20.Sg Biogeochemical cycles (see also 91.67.Nc—in Geochemistry; 92.60.hn—in meteorology; 92.30.Gh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.Td Radioactivity and radioisotopes (see also 91.65.Dt Isotopic composition—in Mineralogy and petrology; 91.67.Qr Radiogenic isotope geochemistry)
 92.20.Uv Gases in chemical oceanography (see also 91.50.Hc Gas and hydrate systems—in marine geology)
 92.20.Vn Sedimentation (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa—in oceanography; 92.40.Gc—in hydrology; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.20.Wx Trace elements (see also 91.67.Pq Major and trace element geochemistry)
 92.20.Xy Carbon cycling (see also 91.62.La—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.30.-m Paleoceanography
 92.30.Bc Abrupt climate change, stadial-interstadial transitions (see also 92.60.Ry—in meteorology; 92.70.Gt and 92.70.Kb—in Global change)
 92.30.De Anthropogenic effects (see also 92.40.Aa—in Hydrology)
 92.30.Ef Atmospheric transport and circulation, aerosols (see also 91.67.gp—in Geochemistry; 92.20.Bk—in oceanography; 92.30.Ef—in Paleoceanography; 92.60.hk and 92.60.Mt—in meteorology)
 92.30.Gh Biogeochemical cycles (see also 91.67.Nc—in Geochemistry; 92.20.Sg—in oceanography; 92.60.hn—in meteorology)
 92.30.Hj Corals
 92.30.Iv Continental climate records
 92.30.Jh Dendrochronology
 92.30.La El Nino Southern Oscillation (see also 92.10.am—in oceanography)
 92.30.Mc Glacial and interglacial oceanography, ice cores (see also 92.40.vv in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.30.Np Greenhouse gases (see also 92.70.Mn Impacts of global change; global warming)

92.30.Pq Insolation forcing
 92.30.Qr Micropaleontology
 92.30.Rx Paleoecology
 92.30.St Paleocene/Eocene thermal maximum
 92.30.Tq Sea surface temperature
 92.30.Uv Thermohaline convection
 92.30.Vn Upwelling (see also 92.10.Zf—in oceanography)
 92.30.Wx Palynology, pollen, spores and other palynomorphs, living or fossil
 92.30.Xy Speleothems, stalagmites, stalactites
 92.40.-t Hydrology and glaciology; cryosphere (see also 92.70.Ha—in Global change)

 92.40.Aa Anthropogenic effects (see also 92.30.De—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.40.Bc Chemistry of fresh water
 92.40.Cy Modeling; general theory
 92.40.De Drought
 92.40.E- Precipitation (see also 92.60.jf—in meteorology)
 92.40.ed Snow
 92.40.eg Rain, hail
 92.40.Gc Erosion and sedimentation; sediment transport (see also 91.50.Jc—in marine geology; 91.65.Ti—in Mineralogy and petrology; 91.67.Ty—in Geochemistry; 92.10.Wa and 92.20.Vn—in oceanography; 91.80.Wx—in Geophysics Appendix)

 92.40.Ha Debris flow and landslides
 92.40.Iv Desertification
 92.40.Je Evapotranspiration (see also 92.60.jc Evaporation—in Geophysics Appendix)

 92.40.K- Ground water
 92.40.kc Ground water quality
 92.40.ke Ground water transport
 92.40.kh Aquifers
 92.40.kj Groundwater/surface water interactions
 92.40.km Groundwater hydrology
 92.40.kp Groundwater hydraulics
 92.40.Lg Soil moisture and temperature
 Limnology, see 92.40.qj—in Geophysics Appendix
 92.40.Oj Eco-hydrology; plant ecology
 92.40.P- Geomorphology
 92.40.pg Fluvial
 92.40.pj Hillslope
 92.40.Q- Surface water, water resources
 92.40.qc Surface water quality
 92.40.qf Water supply, reservoirs
 92.40.qh Rivers
 92.40.qj Lakes, limnology
 92.40.qn Ponds
 92.40.qp Floods, runoff, and stream flow
 92.40.V- Glaciology (see also 92.30.Mc—in Paleooceanography)
 92.40.vk Glaciers
 92.40.vr Icebergs
 92.40.vs Permafrost, frozen ground
 92.40.vt Tundra
 92.40.vu Cryobiology
 92.40.vv Ice cores, ice sheets, ice shelves
 92.40.vw Snow melt, avalanches
 92.40.vx Sea ice
 92.40.We Hydrologic cycles and budgets
 92.40.Xx Irrigation; dams
 92.40.Yy Wetlands

92.40. Zg Hydrometeorology, hydroclimatology
 92.60. -e Properties and dynamics of the atmosphere; meteorology (see also 92.40. Zg Hydrometeorology, hydroclimatology)
 92.60. Aa Modeling and model calibration (see also 92.70. Np Global climate modeling)
 92.60. Bh General circulation
 92.60. Cc Ocean/atmosphere interactions, air/sea constituent fluxes (see also 92.10. Kp—in oceanography)
 92.60. Fm Boundary layer structure and processes
 92.60. Gn Winds and their effects
 92.60. H- Atmospheric composition, structure, and properties
 92.60. ha Exospheric composition and chemistry
 92.60. hb Thermospheric composition and chemistry, energy deposition
 92.60. hc Mesospheric composition, energy deposition, constituent transport and chemistry
 92.60. hd Stratospheric composition and chemistry
 92.60. hf Tropospheric composition and chemistry, constituent transport and chemistry
 92.60. hg Constituent sources and sinks
 92.60. hh Acoustic gravity waves, tides, and compressional waves
 92.60. hk Convection, turbulence, and diffusion (see also 92.30. Ef—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60. hn Geochemical cycles (see also 91.67. Nc—in Geochemistry; 92.20. Sg—in oceanography; 92.30. Gh—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60. hv Pressure, density, and temperature
 92.60. hw Airglow and aurorae (see also 94.20. Ac Auroral ionosphere; 94.30. Aa Auroral phenomena in magnetosphere)
 92.60. hx Other upper atmospheric phenomena: red sprites; blue jets; atmospheric gamma ray and intense VHF emissions
 92.60. Iv Paleoclimatology (see also 92.70. Gt Climate dynamics—in Global change)
 92.60. J- Water in the atmosphere
 92.60. jc Evaporation (see also 92.40. Je Evapotranspiration—in Hydrology)
 92.60. jf Precipitation (see also 92.40. E- in Hydrology)
 92.60. jk Humidity
 92.60. Kc Land/atmosphere interactions
 92.60. Ls Ion chemistry of the atmosphere
 92.60. Mt Particles and aerosols (see also 92.20. Bk—in oceanography; 91.67. gp and 92.30. Ef—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60. N- Cloud physics and chemistry
 92.60. nc Cloud optics
 92.60. nf Cloud/radiation interaction
 92.60. Ox Tropical meteorology
 92.60. Pw Atmospheric electricity, lightning
 92.60. Qx Storms
 92.60. Ry Climatology, climate change and variability (see also 92.70. Gt and 92.70. Kb—in Global change; 92.30. Bc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.60. Sz Air quality and air pollution (see also 07.88. +y Instruments for environmental pollution measurements)
 92.60. Ta Electromagnetic wave propagation
 92.60. Uy Polar meteorology
 92.60. Vb Radiative processes, solar radiation
 92.60. Wc Weather analysis and prediction
 92.60. Xg Stratosphere/troposphere interactions
 92.60. Zc Volcanic effects
 92.70. -j Global change
 92.70. Aa Abrupt/rapid climate change
 92.70. Bc Land/atmosphere interactions

92.70.Cp Atmosphere
 92.70.Er Biogeochemical processes
 92.70.Gt Climate dynamics (see also 92.60.Ry—in meteorology; 92.30.Bc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Ha Cryospheric change
 92.70.Iv Geomorphology and weathering (see also 92.40.Gc Erosion and sedimentation; sediment transport; 92.40.Pb—in hydrology; 92.40.P—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Jw Oceans, sea level change (see also 92.10.hp—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Kb Regional climate change (see also 92.60.Ry—in meteorology; 92.30.Bc—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Ly Water cycles
 92.70.Mn Impacts of global change; global warming (see also 92.30.Np—in Geophysics Appendix)
 92.70.Np Global climate modeling
 92.70.Pq Earth system modeling
 92.70.Qr Solar variability impact
 92.70.St Land cover change
 92.90.+x Other topics in hydrospheric and atmospheric geophysics (restricted to new topics in section 92)

93. Geophysical observations, instrumentation, and techniques

93.30.-w Information related to geographical regions
 93.30.Bz Africa
 93.30.Ca Antarctica
 93.30.Db Asia
 93.30.Fd Australia
 93.30.Ge Europe
 93.30.Hf North America
 93.30.Jg South America
 93.30.Kh Large islands (e.g., Greenland)
 93.30.Li Arctic Ocean
 93.30.Mj Atlantic Ocean
 93.30.Nk Indian Ocean
 93.30.Pm Pacific Ocean
 93.30.Qn Southern Ocean
 93.30.Rp Regional seas
 93.30.Sq Polar regions
 93.30.Tr Temperate regions
 93.30.Vs Tropical regions
 93.55.+z International organizations, national and international programs
 Data acquisition and storage, see 93.85.Bc
 93.85.-q Instruments and techniques for geophysical research: Exploration geophysics (see also 91.50.Ga Bathymetry, seafloor topology; 91.50.Yf Submergence instruments, ROV, AUV, submersibles, and ocean observatories—in marine geology; 92.10.Yb Hydrography—in oceanography)
 93.85.Bc Computational methods and data processing, data acquisition and storage
 93.85.De Exploration of continental structures
 93.85.Fg Downhole methods
 93.85.Hj Gravity methods
 93.85.Jk Magnetic and electrical methods
 93.85.Ly Exploration of oceanic structures
 93.85.Np Radioactivity methods
 93.85.Pq Remote sensing in exploration geophysics (see also 91.40.Yt—in Volcanology; 91.55.Uv—in Structural geology)
 93.85.Rt Seismic methods

- 93.85.Tf Oil prospecting, pipelines, and conduits (see also 91.50.Sn Ocean drilling)
- 93.90.+y Other topics in geophysical observations, instrumentation, and techniques (restricted to new topics in section 93)

94. Physics of the ionosphere and magnetosphere

- 94.05.-a Space plasma physics (see also 96.50.-e Interplanetary physics)
- 94.05.Bf Plasma interactions with dust and aerosols
- 94.05.Dd Radiation processes
- 94.05.Fg Solitons and solitary waves
- 94.05.Hk Spacecraft/atmosphere interactions
- 94.05.Jq Spacecraft sheaths, wakes, and charging
- 94.05.Lk Turbulence
- 94.05.Pt Wave/wave, wave/particle interactions
- 94.05.Rx Experimental techniques and laboratory studies (see also 52.72.+v—in physics of plasmas)
- 94.05.S- Space weather
- 94.05.sj Space radiation environment
- 94.05.sk Impacts on humans
- 94.05.sp Solar effects
- 94.05.sq Engineering for hazard mitigation
- 94.05.st Satellite drag
- 94.05.sx Forecasting
- Physics of the neutral atmosphere, see 92.60.-e
- 94.05.sy Impacts on technological systems
- 94.20.-y Physics of the ionosphere (for ionospheres of the planets, see 96.12.ji and 96.15.hk; for radiowave propagation, see 41.20.Jb—in electromagnetism)
- 94.20.Ac Auroral ionosphere (see also 92.60.hw Airglow and aurorae—in meteorology; 94.30.Aa Auroral phenomena in magnetosphere)
- 94.20.Bb Wave propagation (see also 94.30.Tz—in Physics of the magnetosphere)
- 94.20.Cf Ionospheric modeling and forecasting
- 94.20.D- Ionospheric structure, composition
- 94.20.de D region
- 94.20.dg E region
- 94.20.dj F region
- 94.20.dk Polar cap ionosphere
- 94.20.dl Topside region
- 94.20.dm Mid-latitude ionosphere
- 94.20.dt Equatorial ionosphere
- 94.20.dv Ion chemistry and composition; ionization mechanisms
- 94.20.Fg Plasma temperature and density
- Plasmasphere, see 94.30.cv
- 94.20.Qq Particle precipitation (see also 94.30.Ny—in Physics of the magnetosphere)
- Interactions between waves and particles, see 94.20.W-
- 94.20.Ss Electric fields; current system
- 94.20.Tt Ionospheric soundings; active experiments
- 94.20.Vv Ionospheric disturbances, irregularities, and storms
- 94.20.W- Ionospheric dynamics and interactions
- 94.20.wc Plasma motion; plasma convection; particle acceleration
- 94.20.wf Plasma waves and instabilities
- 94.20.wg Ionosphere/atmospheric interactions
- 94.20.wh Ionosphere/magnetosphere interactions
- 94.20.wj Wave/particle interactions
- 94.20.wl Plasma interactions with dust and aerosols
- 94.20.wq Solar radiation and cosmic ray effects

94.20.ws Electromagnetic wave propagation
 94.20.Xa Meteor-trail physics
 94.30.-d Physics of the magnetosphere
 94.30.Aa Auroral phenomena in magnetosphere (see also 94.20.Ac Auroral ionosphere)
 94.30.Bg Magnetospheric modeling and forecasting
 94.30.C- Magnetospheric configuration and dynamics
 94.30.cb Inner magnetosphere
 94.30.cf Outer magnetosphere
 94.30.cg Magnetospheric cusp
 94.30.ch Magnetopause
 94.30.cj Magnetosheath
 94.30.cl Magnetotail
 94.30.cp Magnetic reconnection
 94.30.cq MHD waves, plasma waves, and instabilities
 94.30.cs Plasma motion; plasma convection
 94.30.ct Plasma sheet
 94.30.cv Plasmasphere
 94.30.cx Polar cap phenomena
 94.30.Hn Energetic trapped particles
 94.30.Kq Electric fields, field-aligned currents and current systems, and ring currents
 94.30.Lr Magnetic storms, substorms
 94.30.Ms Magnetic pulsations
 94.30.Ny Energetic particle precipitation (see also 94.20.Qq—in Physics of the ionosphere)
 94.30.Tz Electromagnetic wave propagation (see also 94.20.Bb—in Physics of the ionosphere)
 94.30.V- Magnetosphere interactions
 94.30.vb Magnetosphere/ionosphere interactions (see also 94.20.wj—in Physics of the ionosphere)
 94.30.vd Magnetosphere interactions with satellites and rings
 94.30.vf Solar wind/magnetosphere interactions
 94.30.vh Interactions with interplanetary space
 94.30.Xy Radiation belts
 94.80.+g Instrumentation for space plasma physics, ionosphere, and magnetosphere
 94.90.+m Other topics in space plasma physics, physics of the ionosphere and magnetosphere (restricted to new topics in section 94)

96. Solar system; planetology

96.10.+i General; solar nebula; cosmogony
 96.12.-a Planetology of solid surface planets (see also 96.15.-g Planetology of fluid planets; 96.30.Bc Comparative planetology)
 96.12.Bc Origin and evolution
 96.12.De Orbital and rotational dynamics
 96.12.Fe Gravitational fields
 96.12.Hg Magnetic field and magnetism
 96.12.J- Atmospheres
 96.12.ja Aurorae and airglow
 96.12.jc Composition and chemistry
 96.12.je Evolution
 96.12.jg Structure and dynamics
 96.12.ji Ionospheres
 96.12.jk Magnetospheres
 96.12.jm Meteorology
 96.12.K- Surfaces

96.12.ka	Hydrology and fluvial processes
96.12.kc	Surface materials and properties
96.12.ke	Impact phenomena, cratering
96.12.kg	Erosion, weathering
96.12.ki	Glaciation
96.12.Ma	Composition
96.12.Pc	Interiors
96.12.Qr	Polar regions
96.12.St	Heat flow
96.12.Uv	Rings and dust
96.12.Wx	Interactions with particles and fields
96.12.Xy	Tectonics, volcanism
96.15.-g	Planetology of fluid planets (see also 96.12.-a Planetology of solid surface planets; 96.30.Bc Comparative planetology)
96.15.Bc	Origin and evolution
96.15.De	Orbital and rotational dynamics
96.15.Ef	Gravitational fields
96.15.Gh	Magnetic field and magnetism
96.15.H-	Atmospheres
96.15.hb	Aurorae
96.15.he	Composition and chemistry
96.15.hg	Evolution
96.15.hj	Structure and dynamics
96.15.hk	Ionospheres
96.15.hm	Magnetospheres
96.15.hp	Meteorology
96.15.Kc	Composition
96.15.Lb	Surfaces
96.15.Nd	Interiors
96.15.Pf	Physical properties of materials
96.15.Qr	Impact phenomena
96.15.St	Tori and exospheres
96.15.Uv	Rings and dust
96.15.Vx	Interactions with particles and fields
96.15.Wx	Tidal forces
96.15.Xy	Polar regions
96.20.-n	Moon
96.20.Br	Origin and evolution
96.20.Dt	Features, landmarks, mineralogy, and petrology
96.20.Jz	Gravitational field, selenodesy, and magnetic fields
96.20.Ka	Impacts, cratering
96.25.-f	Planetology of comets and small bodies
96.25.Bd	Origin and evolution
96.25.De	Orbital and rotational dynamics
96.25.F-	Atmospheres
96.25.fa	Aurorae, airglow and x-ray emission
96.25.fc	Composition and chemistry
96.25.ff	Evolution
96.25.fh	Structure and dynamics
96.25.H-	Composition
96.25.hc	Dust, erosion, and weathering
96.25.hf	Ice
96.25.hj	Surfaces and interiors
96.25.hn	Physical and chemical properties of materials
96.25.J-	Ionospheres
96.25.jf	Composition and chemistry
96.25.jh	Evolution
96.25.jk	Structure and dynamics

96.25.Ln Magnetic fields and magnetism
 96.25.Nc Gravitational fields
 96.25.Pq Impact phenomena
 96.25.Qr Interactions with solar wind plasma and fields
 96.25.St Plasma and MHD instabilities
 96.25.Tg Radiation and spectra
 96.25.Vt Satellites
 96.25.Xz Volcanism
 96.30.-t Solar system objects
 96.30.Bc Comparative planetology (see also 96.12.-a Planetology of solid surface planets; 96.15.-g Planetology of fluid planets)
 96.30.C- Comets (see also 96.25.-f Planetology of comets and small bodies)
 96.30.cb Dust tails and trails
 96.30.cd Interiors
 96.30.Dz Mercury
 96.30.Ea Venus
 96.30.Gc Mars
 96.30.Hf Martian satellites
 96.30.Iz Dwarf Planets
 96.30.Ja Dwarf planet satellites
 96.30.Kf Jupiter
 96.30.L- Jovian satellites
 96.30.lb Io
 96.30.ld Europa
 96.30.lf Ganymede
 96.30.lh Callisto
 96.30.Mh Saturn
 96.30.N- Saturnian satellites
 96.30.nd Titan
 96.30.Pj Uranus
 96.30.Qk Uranian satellites
 96.30.Rm Neptune
 96.30.Sn Pluto
 96.30.Td Neptunian satellites
 96.30.Up Plutonian satellites
 96.30.V- Dust, extraterrestrial materials
 96.30.vx Interplanetary material
 96.30.vy Interstellar material
 96.30.Wr Planetary rings
 96.30.Xa Kuiper belt, trans-Neptunian objects
 96.30.Ys Asteroids, meteoroids
 96.30.Za Meteors, meteorites and tektites (see also 91.65.Sn Meteorite mineralogy and petrology; 94.20.Xa Meteor-trail physics; 91.67.gn—in Geophysics Appendix)
 Planetary, asteroid, cometary, and satellite characteristics and properties, see 96.12.-a, 96.15.-g, and 96.25.-f
 Cosmic rays, see 96.50.S-
 96.50.-e Interplanetary physics (see also 94.05.-a Space plasma physics)
 96.50.Bh Interplanetary magnetic fields
 96.50.Ci Solar wind plasma; sources of solar wind
 96.50.Dj Interplanetary dust and gas
 96.50.Ek Heliopause and solar wind termination
 96.50.Fm Planetary bow shocks; interplanetary shocks
 Comets, see 96.30.Cw; 96.30C- (in Geophysics Appendix)
 96.50.Hp Oort cloud
 Kuiper belt, see 96.30.Xa
 Meteors, meteoroids, and meteor streams, see 96.30.Za
 Meteorites, micrometeorites, and tektites, see 96.30.Za

96.50.Pw	Particle acceleration
96.50.Qx	Corotating streams
96.50.Ry	Discontinuities
96.50.S-	Cosmic rays (see also 94.20.wq Solar radiation and cosmic ray effects)
96.50.sb	Composition, energy spectra and interactions
96.50.sd	Extensive air showers
96.50.sf	Interactions with terrestrial matter
96.50.sh	Interplanetary propagation and effects
96.50.Tf	MHD waves; plasma waves, turbulence
96.50.Uv	Ejecta, driver gases, and magnetic clouds
96.50.Vg	Energetic particles
96.50.Wx	Solar cycle variations
96.50.Xy	Heliosphere/interstellar medium interactions
96.50.Ya	Pickup ions
96.50.Zc	Neutral particles
96.55.+z	Astrobiology and astrochemistry of the Solar system and interplanetary space (see also 91.62.Fc—in Geophysics Appendix)
96.60.-j	Solar physics
96.60.Bn	Diameter, rotation, and mass
96.60.Fs	Composition
96.60.Hv	Electric and magnetic fields, solar magnetism
96.60.Iv	Magnetic reconnection
96.60.Jw	Solar interior
96.60.Ly	Helioseismology, pulsations, and shock waves
96.60.Mz	Photosphere
96.60.Na	Chromosphere
96.60.P-	Corona
96.60.pc	Coronal holes
96.60.pf	Coronal loops, streamers
96.60.ph	Coronal mass ejection
96.60.Q-	Solar activity (see also 92.70.Qr—in Global change)
96.60.qd	Sun spots, solar cycles
96.60.qe	Flares
96.60.qf	Prominence eruptions
96.60.T-	Solar electromagnetic emission
96.60.tg	Radio emission
96.60.th	Visible emission
96.60.tj	Ultraviolet emission
96.60.tk	X-ray and gamma-ray emission
96.60.Ub	Solar irradiance
96.60.Vg	Particle emission, solar wind (see also 94.30.vf—in Geophysics Appendix; 26.65.+t Solar neutrinos in nuclear astrophysics)
96.60.Xy	Transition region
96.90.+c	Other topics on the Solar system and planetology (restricted to new topics in section 96)

NANOSCALE SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY SUPPLEMENT

Collection of Applicable Terms from PACS 2008

In the list below, black type indicates terms chosen for the Nanoscale Science and Technology Supplement. Terms in gray type show the placement of the chosen terms within the overall scheme.

00. GENERAL

03. Quantum mechanics, field theories, and special relativity

03.67.-a Quantum information

03.67.Ac Quantum algorithms, protocols, and simulations

03.67.Bg Entanglement production and manipulation

03.67.Dd Quantum cryptography and communication security

- 03.67.Hk Quantum communication
- 03.67.Lx Quantum computation architectures and implementations
- 03.67.Mn Entanglement measures, witnesses, and other characterizations
- 03.67.Pp Quantum error correction and other methods for protection against decoherence

07. Instruments, apparatus, and components common to several branches of physics and astronomy

- 07.10.-h Mechanical instruments and equipment
- 07.10.Cm Micromechanical devices and systems
- 07.79.-v Scanning probe microscopes and components**
- 07.79.Cz Scanning tunneling microscopes
- 07.79.Fc Near-field scanning optical microscopes
- 07.79.Lh Atomic force microscopes
- 07.79.Pk Magnetic force microscopes
- 07.79.Sp Friction force microscopes

30. ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR PHYSICS

37. Mechanical control of atoms, molecules, and ions

37.25.+k Atom interferometry techniques

40. ELECTROMAGNETISM, OPTICS, ACOUSTICS, HEAT TRANSFER, CLASSICAL MECHANICS, AND FLUID DYNAMICS

42. Optics

- 42.50.-p Quantum optics
- 42.50.Ex Optical implementations of quantum information processing and transfer
- 42.50.Wk Mechanical effects of light on material media, microstructures and particles
- 42.70.-a Optical materials
- 42.70.Qs Photonic bandgap materials

47. Fluid dynamics

- 47.61.-k Micro- and nano- scale flow phenomena**
- 47.61.Cb Non-continuum effects
- 47.61.Fg Flows in micro-electromechanical systems (MEMS) and nano-electromechanical systems (NEMS)
- 47.61.Jd Multiphase flows
- 47.61.Ne Micromixing

60. CONDENSED MATTER: STRUCTURAL, MECHANICAL, AND THERMAL PROPERTIES

61. Structure of solids and liquids; crystallography

- 61.46.-w Structure of nanoscale materials**
- 61.46.Bc Structure of clusters (e.g., metacars; not fragments of crystals; free or loosely aggregated or loosely attached to a substrate)
- 61.46.Df Structure of nanocrystals and nanoparticles ("colloidal" quantum dots but not gate-isolated embedded quantum dots)
- 61.46.Fg Nanotubes
- 61.46.Hk Nanocrystals
- 61.46.Km Structure of nanowires and nanorods (long, free or loosely attached, quantum wires and quantum rods, but not gate-isolated embedded quantum wires)

- 61.46.Np Structure of nanotubes (hollow nanowires)
- 61.48.-c Structure of fullerenes and related hollow and planar molecular structures**
- 61.48.De Structure of carbon nanotubes, boron nanotubes, and other related systems
- 61.48.Gh Structure of graphene

- 62. Mechanical and acoustical properties of condensed matter**

- 62.23.-c Structural classes of nanoscale systems**
- 62.23.Eg Nanodots
- 62.23.Hj Nanowires
- 62.23.Kn Nanosheets
- 62.23.Pq Composites (nanosystems embedded in a larger structure)
- 62.23.St Complex nanostructures, including patterned or assembled structures
- 62.25.-g Mechanical properties of nanoscale systems**
- 62.25.De Low-frequency properties: response coefficients
- 62.25.Fg High-frequency properties, responses to resonant or transient (time-dependent) fields
- 62.25.Jk Mechanical modes of vibration
- 62.25.Mn Fracture/brittleness

- 63. Lattice dynamics**

- 63.22.-m Phonons or vibrational states in low-dimensional structures and nanoscale materials**
- 63.22.Dc Free films
- 63.22.Gh Nanotubes and nanowires
- 63.22.Kn Clusters and nanocrystals
- 63.22.Np Layered systems
- 63.22.Rc Phonons in graphene

- 64. Equations of state, phase equilibria, and phase transitions**

- 64.70.-p Specific phase transitions**
- 64.70.Nd Structural transitions in nanoscale materials
- 64.75.-g Phase equilibria**
- 64.75.Jk Phase separation and segregation in nanoscale systems

- 65. Thermal properties of condensed matter**

- 65.80.-g Thermal properties of small particles, nanocrystals, nanotubes, and other related systems
- 65.80.Ck Thermal properties of graphene

- 66. Nonelectronic transport properties of condensed matter**

- 66.30.-h Diffusion in solids
- 66.30.Pa Diffusion in nanoscale solids

- 68. Surfaces and interfaces; thin films and nanosystems (structure and nonelectronic properties)**

- 68.35.-p Solid surfaces and solid-solid interfaces: structure and energetics
- 68.35.B- Structure of clean surfaces (and surface reconstruction)
- 68.35.bp Fullerenes
- 68.37.-d Microscopy of surfaces, interfaces, and thin films
- 68.37.Ef Scanning tunneling microscopy (including chemistry induced with STM)

- 68.37.Hk Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) (including EBIC)
- 68.37.Lp Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
- 68.37.Ma Scanning transmission electron microscopy (STEM)
- 68.37.Nq Low energy electron microscopy (LEEM)
- 68.37.Og High-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM)
- 68.37.Ps Atomic force microscopy (AFM)
- 68.37.Rt Magnetic force microscopy (MFM)
- 68.37.Tj Acoustic force microscopy
- 68.37.Uv Near-field scanning microscopy and spectroscopy
- 68.37.Vj Field emission and field-ion microscopy
- 68.37.Xy Scanning Auger microscopy, photoelectron microscopy
- 68.37.Yz X-ray microscopy
- 68.55.-a Thin film structure and morphology
- 68.55.A- Nucleation and growth
- 68.55.ap Fullerenes
- 68.65.-k Low-dimensional, mesoscopic, nanoscale and other related systems: structure and nonelectronic properties**
- 68.65.Fg Quantum wells
- 68.65.Hb Quantum dots (patterned in quantum wells)
- 68.65.La Quantum wires (patterned in quantum wells)
- 68.65.Pq Graphene films

70. CONDENSED MATTER: ELECTRONIC STRUCTURE, ELECTRICAL, MAGNETIC, AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES

71. Electronic structure of bulk materials

- 71.20.-b Electron density of states and band structure of crystalline solids
- 71.20.Tx Fullerenes and related materials; intercalation compounds

72. Electronic transport in condensed matter

- 72.25.-b Spin polarized transport
- 72.25.Ba Spin polarized transport in metals
- 72.25.Dc Spin polarized transport in semiconductors
- 72.25.Fe Optical creation of spin polarized carriers
- 72.25.Hg Electrical injection of spin polarized carriers
- 72.25.Mk Spin transport through interfaces
- 72.25.Pn Current-driven spin pumping
- 72.25.Rb Spin relaxation and scattering
- 72.80.-r Conductivity of specific materials
- 72.80.Rj Fullerenes and related materials
- 72.80.Vp Electronic transport in graphene

73. Electronic structure and electrical properties of surfaces, interfaces, thin films, and low-dimensional structures

- 73.21.-b Electron states and collective excitations in multilayers, quantum wells, mesoscopic, and nanoscale systems**
- 73.21.Fg Quantum wells
- 73.21.Hb Quantum wires
- 73.21.La Quantum dots
- 73.22.-f Electronic structure of nanoscale materials and related systems**
- 73.22.Dj Single particle states
- 73.22.Gk Broken symmetry phases
- 73.22.Lp Collective excitations
- 73.22.Pr Electronic structure of graphene
- 73.61.-r Electrical properties of specific thin films

73.61.Wp Fullerenes and related materials
73.63.-b Electronic transport in nanoscale materials and structures
 73.63.Bd Nanocrystalline materials
 73.63.Fg Nanotubes
 73.63.Hs Quantum wells
 73.63.Kv Quantum dots
 73.63.Nm Quantum wires
 73.63.Rt Nanoscale contacts

74. Superconductivity

74.70.-b Superconducting materials other than cuprates
 74.70.Wz Carbon-based superconductors
 74.78.-w Superconducting films and low-dimensional structures
 74.78.Na Mesoscopic and nanoscale systems

75. Magnetic properties and materials

75.50.-y Studies of specific magnetic materials
 75.50.Tt Fine-particle systems; nanocrystalline materials
 75.50.Xx Molecular magnets
75.75.-c Magnetic properties of nanostructures
 75.75.Cd Fabrication of magnetic nanostructures
 75.75.Fk Domain structures in nanoparticles
 75.75.Jn Dynamics of magnetic nanoparticles
 75.75.Lf Electronic structure of magnetic nanoparticles

78. Optical properties, condensed-matter spectroscopy and other interactions of radiation and particles with condensed matter

78.30.-j Infrared and Raman spectra
 78.30.Na Fullerenes and related materials
 78.40.-q Absorption and reflection spectra: visible and ultraviolet
 78.40.Ri Fullerenes and related materials
 78.66.-w Optical properties of specific thin films
 78.66.Tr Fullerenes and related materials
78.67.-n Optical properties of low-dimensional, mesoscopic, and nanoscale materials and structures
 78.67.Bf Nanocrystals, nanoparticles, and nanoclusters
 78.67.Ch Nanotubes
 78.67.De Quantum wells
 78.67.Hc Quantum dots
 78.67.Lt Quantum wires
 78.67.Pt Multilayers; superlattices; photonic structures; metamaterials
 78.67.Qa Nanorods
 78.67.Rb Nanoporous materials
 78.67.Sc Nanoaggregates; nanocomposites
 78.67.Tf Nanodroplets
 78.67.Uh Nanowires
 78.67.Ve Nanomicelles
 78.67.Wj Optical properties of graphene

79. Electron and ion emission by liquids and solids; impact phenomena

79.60.-i Photoemission and photoelectron spectra
 79.60.Jv Interfaces; heterostructures; nanostructures

80. INTERDISCIPLINARY PHYSICS AND RELATED AREAS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

81. Materials science

- 81.05.-t Specific materials: fabrication, treatment, testing, and analysis
- 81.05.U- Carbon/carbon-based materials
- 81.05.ub Fullerenes and related materials
- 81.05.ue Graphene
- 81.05.uj Diamond/nanocarbon composites
- 81.07.-b Nanoscale materials and structures: fabrication and characterization**
- 81.07.Bc Nanocrystalline materials
- 81.07.De Nanotubes
- 81.07.Gf Nanowires
- 81.07.Lk Nanocontacts
- 81.07.Nb Molecular nanostructures
- 81.07.Oj Nanoelectromechanical systems (NEMS)
- 81.07.Pr Organic-inorganic hybrid nanostructures
- 81.07.St Quantum wells
- 81.07.Ta Quantum dots
- 81.07.Vb Quantum wires
- 81.07.Wx Nanopowders
- 81.16.-c Methods of micro- and nanofabrication and processing**
- 81.16.Be Chemical synthesis methods
- 81.16.Dn Self-assembly
- 81.16.Fg Supramolecular and biochemical assembly
- 81.16.Hc Catalytic methods
- 81.16.Mk Laser-assisted deposition
- 81.16.Nd Micro- and nanolithography
- 81.16.Pr Micro- and nano-oxidation
- 81.16.Rf Micro- and nanoscale pattern formation
- 81.16.Ta Atom manipulation

82. Physical chemistry and chemical physics

- 82.35.-x Polymers: properties; reactions; polymerization
- 82.35.Np Nanoparticles in polymers
- 82.37.-j Single molecule kinetics
- 82.37.Gk STM and AFM manipulations of a single molecule
- 82.37.Rs Single molecule manipulation of proteins and other biological molecules
- 82.45.-h Electrochemistry and electrophoresis
- 82.45.Yz Nanostructured materials in electrochemistry
- 82.60.-s Chemical thermodynamics
- 82.60.Qr Thermodynamics of nanoparticles
- 82.70.-y Disperse systems; complex fluids
- 82.70.Dd Colloids

85. Electronic and magnetic devices; microelectronics

- 85.35.-p Nanoelectronic devices**
- 85.35.Be Quantum well devices (quantum dots, quantum wires, etc.)
- 85.35.Ds Quantum interference devices
- 85.35.Gv Single electron devices
- 85.35.Kt Nanotube devices
- 85.65.+h Molecular electronic devices**
- 85.75.-d Magnetoelectronics; spintronics: devices exploiting spin polarized transport or integrated magnetic fields
- 85.75.Bb Magnetic memory using giant magnetoresistance
- 85.75.Dd Magnetic memory using magnetic tunnel junctions
- 85.75.Ff Reprogrammable magnetic logic

85.75.Hh Spin polarized field effect transistors
 85.75.Mm Spin polarized resonant tunnel junctions
 85.75.Nn Hybrid Hall devices
 85.75.Ss Magnetic field sensors using spin polarized transport
85.85.+j Micro- and nano-electromechanical systems (MEMS/NEMS) and devices

87. Biological and medical physics

87.64.-t Spectroscopic and microscopic techniques in biophysics and medical physics
 87.64.Dz Scanning tunneling and atomic force microscopy
 87.64.Ee Electron microscopy
 87.80.-y Biophysical techniques (research methods)
 87.80.Ek Mechanical and micromechanical techniques
 87.80.Fe Micromanipulation of biological structures
 87.80.Nj Single-molecule techniques
 87.85.-d Biomedical engineering
 87.85.D- Applied neuroscience
 87.85.dh Cells on a chip
 87.85.J- Biomaterials
 87.85.jf Bio-based materials
 87.85.Ox Biomedical instrumentation and transducers, including micro-electro-mechanical systems (MEMS)
 87.85.Qr Nanotechnologies-design
 87.85.Rs Nanotechnologies-applications
 87.85.Uv Micromanipulators
 87.85.Va Micromachining

88. Renewable energy resources and applications

88.30.R- Hydrogen storage
 88.30.rh Carbon nanotubes