Analysis and Design Document

Cordea Corina

**Group 30432**

Revision History

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Version** | **Description** | **Author** |
| 04/04/2018 | 1.0 | Domain Model and Architectural Design | Cordea Corina |
| 25/04/2018 | 1.1 | Design Model and Data Model | Cordea Corina |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Table of Contents

I. Project Specification 4

II. Elaboration – Iteration 1.1 4

1. Domain Model 4

2. Architectural Design 5

2.1 Conceptual Architecture 5

2.2 Package Design 6

2.3 Component and Deployment Diagrams 6

III. Elaboration – Iteration 1.2 7

1. Design Model 7

1.1 Dynamic Behavior 7

1.2 Class Design 7

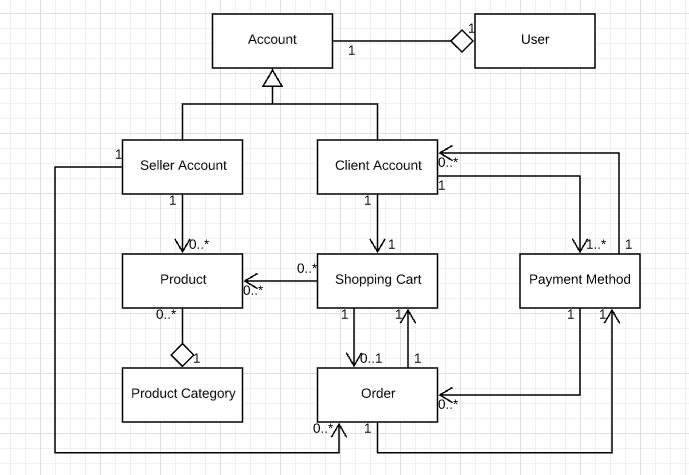
2. Data Model 9

# Project Specification

The Grocery Shopping is an application where clients can purchase and order groceries online. The system is developed with a user-friendly and attractive GUI. Users have to first login into the system to view the groceries and add them into their cart. They can then order it by choosing a payment method. Also, the seller can use the application to add his products and sell them.

# Elaboration – Iteration 1.1

# Domain Model

**

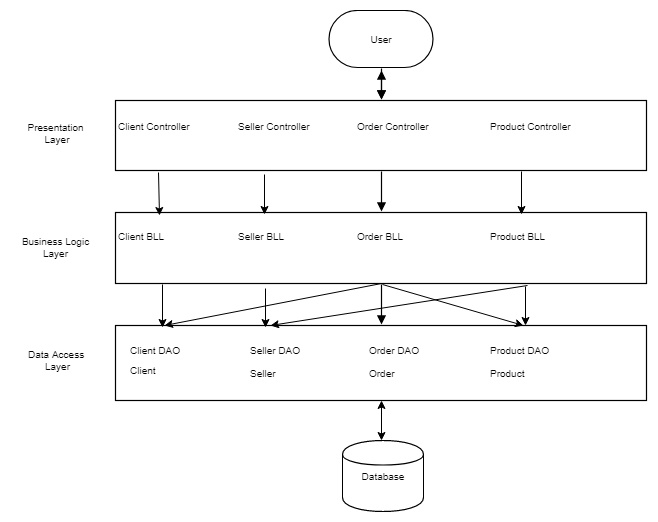
# Architectural Design

## Conceptual Architecture

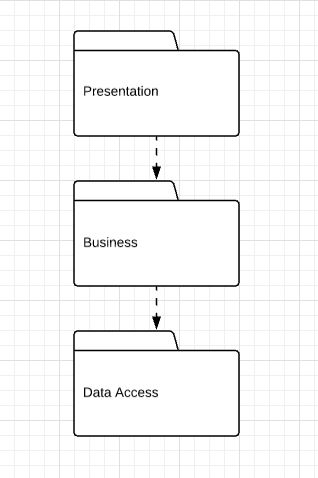
The Layers architectural pattern will be used to structure the application by dividing it into groups of subtasks based on their functional responsibility. More specifically, the application is divided in 3 layers (bottom to top): data layer which provides access to the data stored in a database, business logic layer which implements the main functionality of the system and presentation layer which contains the user oriented functionality and manages the interaction between the user and the system. Each layer can only access the one beneath it. By using this pattern, the maintainability of the application and the reusability of components are considerably increased.

Also, the MVC architectural pattern is used to separate application’s concerns: handle input, processing and output.

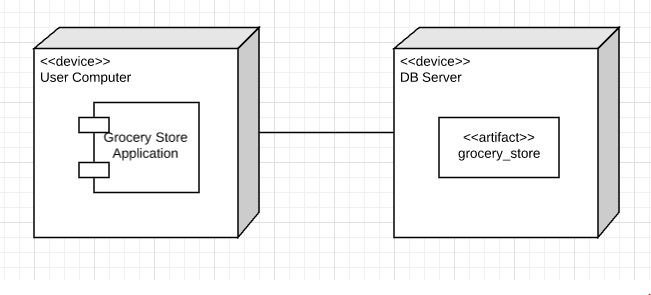
* + The model component encapsulates data and functionality (processing).
  + View components display information obtained from the model to the user (output).
  + Each view has an associated controller component that handles input.



## Package Design

**

## Component and Deployment Diagrams



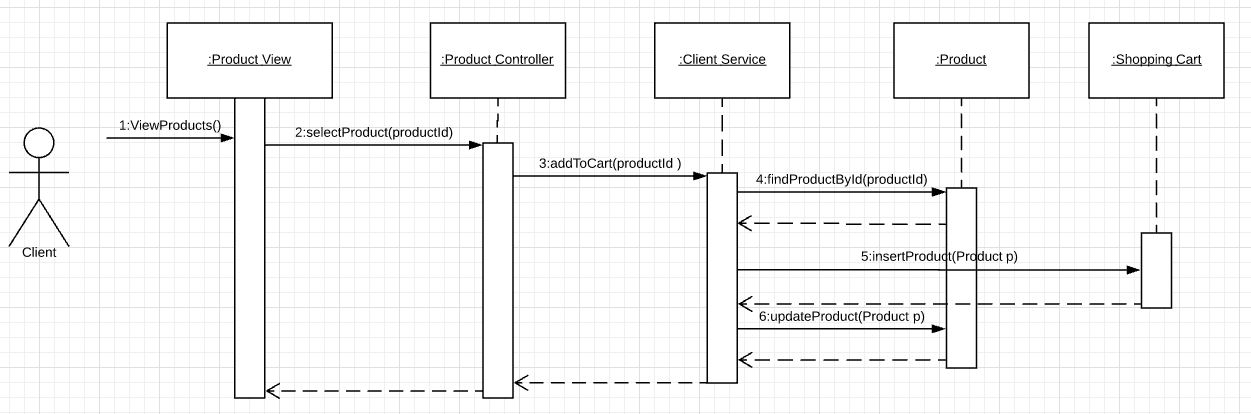
# Elaboration – Iteration 1.2

# Design Model

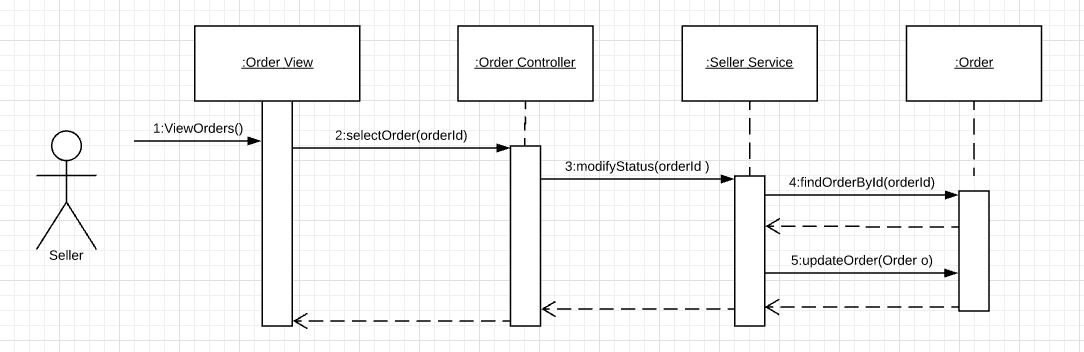
## Dynamic Behavior

Sequence diagrams

* Add product to shopping cart



* Modify order status

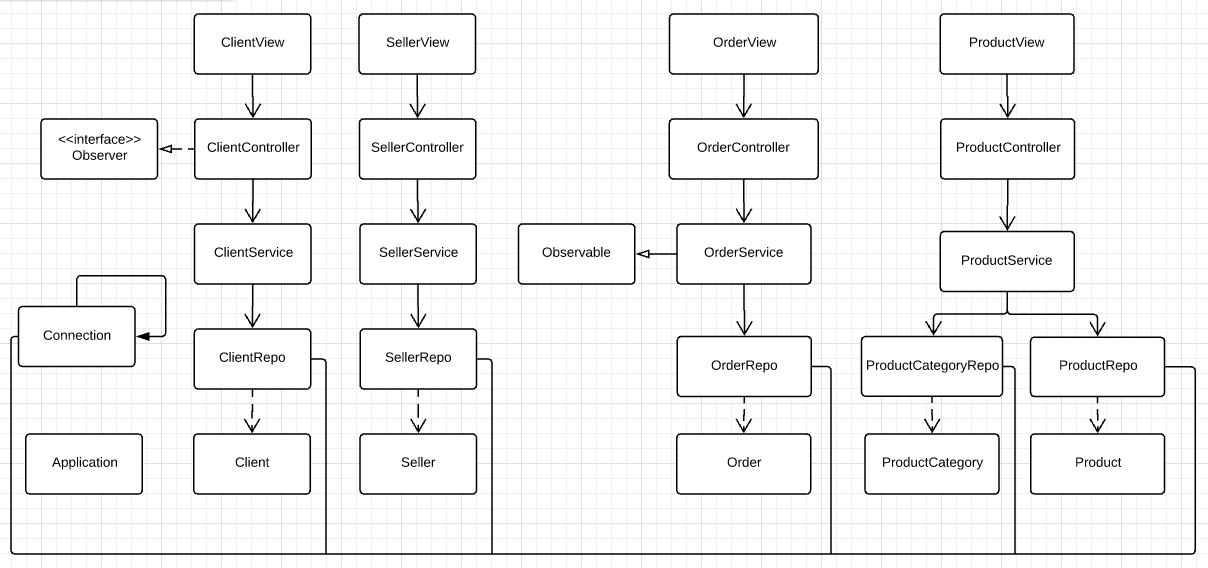


## Class Design

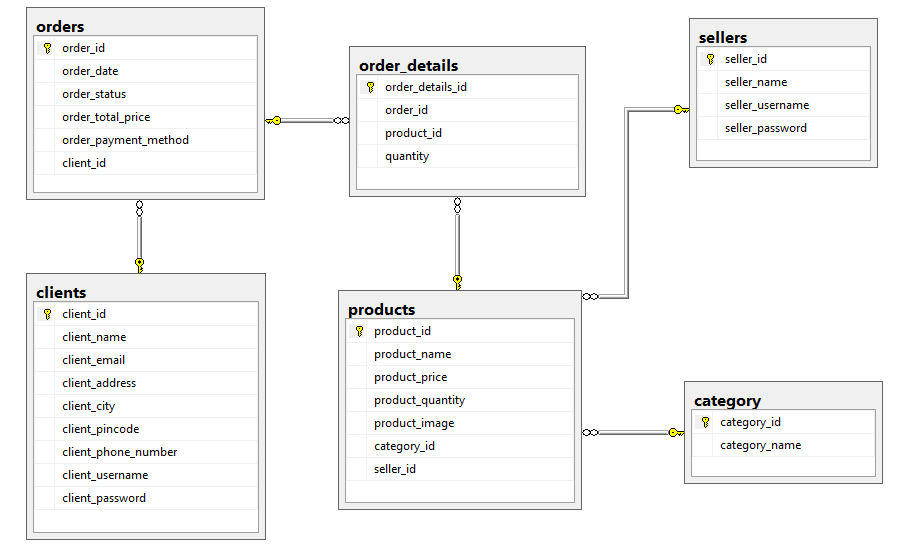
The **observer pattern** is a software design pattern in which an object, called the **subject**, maintains a list of its dependents, called **observers**, and notifies them automatically of any state changes, usually by calling one of their methods. In this application, the clients are the observers, which will be notified when the status of their order is modified, and the subject is the order placed by the client.

Builder design pattern is a creational pattern that is used to simplify the creation of complex objects. It allows us to decompose clearly the object construction by using internal builder object that passes the values to a parent class. In this application it may be used to create some complex objects, like Client.

Proxy design pattern uses a wrapper or agent object that is being called by the client to access the real object. The proxy could interface to anything: a network connection, a large object in memory, a file, or some other resource that is expensive or impossible to duplicate. For this project, it will be used to display the photos corresponding to products.



# Data Model

**