ETH zürich



Programming for Robotics Introduction to ROS

Course 1

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Overview



Edo Jelavic

Course 3



TF Transformation System

- rqt User Interface
- Robot models (URDF)
- Simulation descriptions (SDF)





- ROS architecture & philosophy
- ROS master, nodes, and topics
- Console commands
- Catkin workspace and build system
- Launch-files
- Gazebo simulator

Course 2

- ROS package structure
- Integration and programming with Eclipse
- ROS C++ client library (roscpp)
- ROS subscribers and publishers
- ROS parameter server
- RViz visualization



Tom Lankhorst

ROS services

Course 4

- ROS actions (actionlib)
- **ROS** time
- ROS bags
- Intro to ROS2



Tom Lankhorst

Course 5

Case study



Harmish & Max ANYbotics AG





Course Structure

Course 1

Lecture 1

Exercise 1 Intro.

Exercise 1

Course 2

Deadline for Ex. 1.

Lecture 2

Exercise 2 Intro.

Exercise 2

Course 3

Deadline for Ex. 2.

Lecture 3

Exercise 3 Intro.

Exercise 3

Course 4

Deadline for Ex. 3.

Lecture 4

Exercise 4 Intro.

Exercise 4

Course 5

Multiple Choice Test

Deadline for Ex. 4.

Case Study

Exercise 5 Intro.

Exercise 5

Deadline for Ex. 5.





Course Logistics

- We have three sessions
 - Grading (08:00 08:45) (08:00-09:15)
 - Lectures (08:45-10:00) (09:15-10:00)
 - Exercises (10:00 12:00)
- The lectures start at 08:45 9:15





Exercises

- Each exercise has several check questions
- Each exercise counts for 10% of the final grade (50 % in total)
- We encourage team work, but every student has to show the results on their own PC and is evaluated individually
- There are 7 TAs, each has a group of students assigned
- The TA will be in the zoom call with you (10:00 12:00)





Evaluation – Exercises

- Exercises are checked by the teaching assistants when you are ready, but latest the following course day in the grading sessions
- Grading sessions (08:00 08:45, 08:00-09:15 except for exercise 5)
- The TA will take you in a separate breakout room
- After that you leave the grading session
- Let the teaching assistant know once you are ready to present your results





Evaluation – Multiple Choice Test

- The test counts for 50 % of the final grade
- Duration: 45min
- The test will be in person
- The multiple choice test takes place at the last course day:

05.03.2021 at 08:00





Overview Course 1

- ROS architecture & philosophy
- ROS master, nodes, and topics
- Console commands
- Catkin workspace and build system
- Launch-files
- Gazebo simulator





What is ROS?

ROS = Robot Operating System





History of ROS

- Originally developed in 2007 at the Stanford Artificial Intelligence Laboratory
- Since 2013 managed by OSRF
- Today used by many robots, universities and companies
- De facto standard for robot programming



ros.org





ROS Philosophy

Peer to peer

Individual programs communicate over defined API (ROS *messages*, *services*, etc.).

Distributed

Programs can be run on multiple computers and communicate over the network.

Multi-lingual

ROS modules can be written in any language for which a client library exists (C++, Python, MATLAB, Java, etc.).

Light-weight

Stand-alone libraries are wrapped around with a thin ROS layer.

Free and open-source

Most ROS software is open-source and free to use.





ROS Master

- Manages the communication between nodes (processes)
- Every node registers at startup with the master

ROS Master

Start a master with

> roscore

More info http://wiki.ros.org/Master





ROS Nodes

- Single-purpose, executable program
- Individually compiled, executed, and managed
- Organized in packages

Run a node with

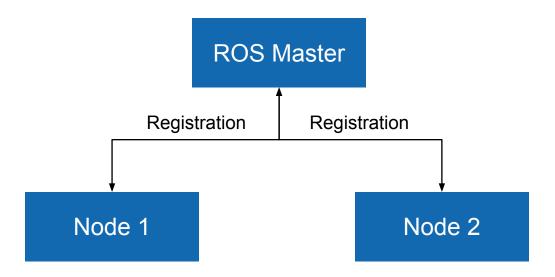
> rosrun package_name node_name

See active nodes with

> rosnode list

Retrieve information about a node with

> rosnode info node_name



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rosnode





ROS Topics

- Nodes communicate over *topics*
 - Nodes can publish or subscribe to a topic
 - Typically, 1 publisher and n subscribers
- Topic is a name for a stream of *messages*

List active topics with

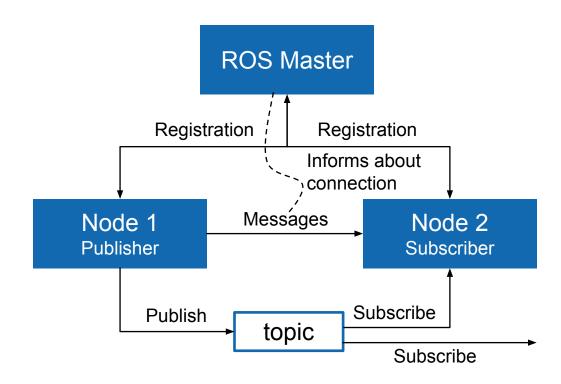
> rostopic list

Subscribe and print the contents of a topic with

> rostopic echo /topic

Show information about a topic with

> rostopic info /topic



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rostopic





ROS Messages

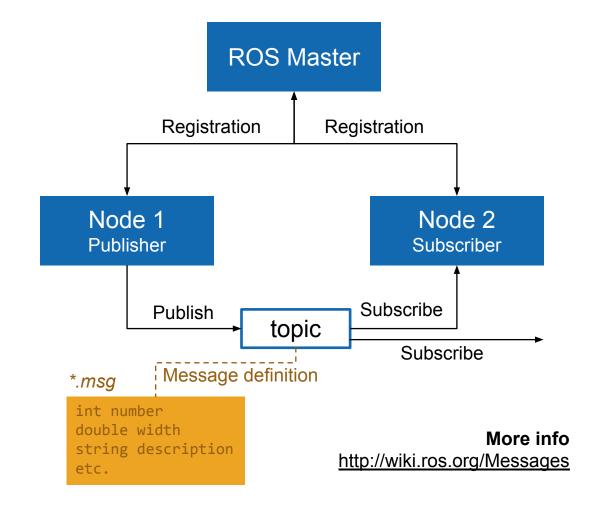
- Data structure defining the *type* of a topic
- Comprised of a nested structure of integers, floats, booleans, strings etc. and arrays of objects
- Defined in *.msg files

See the type of a topic

> rostopic type /topic

Publish a message to a topic

> rostopic pub /topic type data







ROS Messages Pose Stamped Example

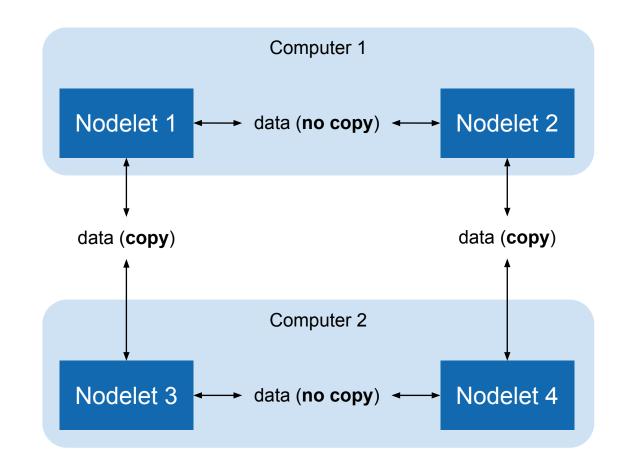
```
geometry msgs/Point.msg
                                     geometry msgs/PoseStamped.msg
float64 x
                                      std msgs/Header header
float64 y
                                       uint32 seq
float64 z
                                       time stamp
sensor msgs/lmage.msg
                                       string frame id
                                      geometry msgs/Pose pose
std_msgs/Header header
                                        geometry msgs/Point position
  uint32 seq
                                          float64 x
  time stamp
                                          float64 y
  string frame id
                                          float64 z
uint32 height
                                        geometry msgs/Quaternion orientation
uint32 width
                                          float64 x
string encoding
                                          float64 y
uint8 is bigendian
                                          float64 z
uint32 step
                                          float64 w
uint8[] data
```





ROS Nodelets

- Same concept as ROS nodes
- Reduce communication overhead when running on same machine
- Try to use ROS nodes first
- Nodeletes are more complicated to implement



More info http://wiki.ros.org/nodelet





Console Tab Nr. 1 – Starting a roscore

Start a roscore with

> roscore

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ roscore
 .. logging to /home/student/.ros/log/6c1852aa-e961-11e6-8543-000c297bd368/ros
launch-ubuntu-6696.log
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take awhile.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.
started roslaunch server http://ubuntu:34089/
ros comm version 1.11.20
SUMMARY
 _____
PARAMETERS
 * /rosdistro: indigo
  /rosversion: 1.11.20
NODES
auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [6708]
ROS MASTER URI=http://ubuntu:11311/
setting /run id to 6c1852aa-e961-11e6-8543-000c297bd368
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [6721]
started core service [/rosout]
```





Console Tab Nr. 2 – Starting a *talker* node

Run a talker demo node with

> rosrun roscpp_tutorials talker

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin_ws$ rosrun roscpp_tutorials talker
[ INFO] [1486051708.424661519]: hello world 0
[ INFO] [1486051708.525227845]: hello world 1
[ INFO] [1486051708.624747612]: hello world 2
[ INFO] [1486051708.724826782]: hello world 3
[ INFO] [1486051708.825928577]: hello world 4
[ INFO] [1486051708.925379775]: hello world 5
[ INFO] [1486051709.024971132]: hello world 6
[ INFO] [1486051709.125450960]: hello world 7
[ INFO] [1486051709.225272747]: hello world 8
[ INFO] [1486051709.325389210]: hello world 9
```





Console Tab Nr. 3 – Analyze *talker* node

See the list of active nodes

> rosnode list

Show information about the *talker* node

> rosnode info /talker

See information about the *chatter* topic

> rostopic info /chatter

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rosnode list
/rosout
'talker
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rosnode info /talker
Node [/talker]
Publications:
 * /chatter [std msgs/String]
 * /rosout [rosgraph msgs/Log]
Subscriptions: None
Services:
 * /talker/get loggers
 * /talker/set logger level
```

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rostopic info /chatter
Type: std msgs/String
Publishers:
 * /talker (http://ubuntu:39173/)
Subscribers: None
```





Console Tab Nr. 3 – Analyze *chatter* topic

Check the type of the *chatter* topic

> rostopic type /chatter

student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws\$ rostopic type /chatter std msgs/String

Show the message contents of the topic

> rostopic echo /chatter

student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws\$ rostopic echo /chatter data: hello world 11874 data: hello world 11875 data: hello world 11876

Analyze the frequency

> rostopic hz /chatter

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rostopic hz /chatter
subscribed to [/chatter]
average rate: 9.991
        min: 0.099s max: 0.101s std dev: 0.00076s window: 10
average rate: 9.996
        min: 0.099s max: 0.101s std dev: 0.00069s window: 20
```





Console Tab Nr. 4 – Starting a *listener* node

Run a listener demo node with

```
> rosrun roscpp_tutorials listener
```

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin_ws$ rosrun roscpp_tutorials listener

[ INFO] [1486053802.204104598]: I heard: [hello world 19548]

[ INFO] [1486053802.304538827]: I heard: [hello world 19549]

[ INFO] [1486053802.403853395]: I heard: [hello world 19550]

[ INFO] [1486053802.504438133]: I heard: [hello world 19551]

[ INFO] [1486053802.604297608]: I heard: [hello world 19552]
```





Example Console Tab Nr. 3 – Analyze

See the new *listener* node with

> rosnode list

Show the connection of the nodes over the chatter topic with

> rostopic info /chatter

```
student@ubuptu:~/catkin ws$ rosnode list
/listener
rosout
talker
```

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rostopic info /chatter
Type: std msgs/String
Publishers:
 * /talker (http://ubuntu:39173/)
Subscribers:
 * /listener (http://ubuntu:34664/)
```





Console Tab Nr. 3 – Publish Message from Console

Close the talker node in console nr. 2 with Ctrl + C

Publish your own message with

```
> rostopic pub /chatter std_msgs/String
"data: 'ETH Zurich ROS Course'"
```

student@ubuntu:~/catkin_ws\$ rostopic pub /chatter std_msgs/String "data: 'ETH Zurich ROS Course'" publishing and latching message. Press ctrl-C to terminate

Check the output of the *listener* in console nr. 4

```
[ INFO] [1486054667.604322265]: I heard: [hello world 28202]
[ INFO] [1486054667.704264199]: I heard: [hello world 28203]
[ INFO] [1486054667.804389058]: I heard: [hello world 28204]
[ INFO] [1486054707.646404558]: I heard: [ETH Zurich ROS Course]
```





ROS Workspace Environment

- Defines context for the current workspace
- Default workspace loaded with
 - > source /opt/ros/noetic/setup.bash

Overlay your *catkin workspace* with

- > cd ~/catkin_ws
- > source devel/setup.bash

Check your workspace with

> echo \$ROS_PACKAGE_PATH

This is already setup in the provided installation.

See setup with

> cat ~/.bashrc

More info http://wiki.ros.org/kinetic/Installation/Ubuntu http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/workspaces





catkin Build System

- catkin is the ROS build system to generate executables, libraries, and interfaces
- We suggest to use the Catkin Command Line Tools

Use catkin build instead of catkin_make

Navigate to your catkin workspace with

> cd ~/catkin_ws

Build a package with

> catkin build package_name

Whenever you build a **new** package, update your environment

> source devel/setup.bash

The catkin command line tools are pre-installed in the provided installation.

More info http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/Tutorials

https://catkin-tools.readthedocs.io/





catkin Build System

The catkin workspace contains the following spaces

Work here



The source space contains the source code. This is where you can clone, create, and edit source code for the packages you want to build.

Don't touch



The *build space* is where CMake is invoked to build the packages in the source space. Cache information and other intermediate files are kept here.

Don't touch



The development (devel) space is where built targets are placed (prior to being installed).

If necessary, clean the entire build and devel space with

> catkin clean

More info http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/workspaces





catkin Build System

The catkin workspace setup can be checked with

> catkin config

For example, to set the *CMake build type* to Release (or Debug etc.), use

> catkin build --cmake-args -DCMAKE BUILD TYPE=Release

More info

http://catkin-tools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/verbs/catkin_config.html http://catkin-tools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/cheat_sheet.html

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ catkin config
Profile:
                            default
                       [env] /opt/ros/indigo:/home/student/catkin ws/devel
Extendina:
                             /home/student/catkin ws
 orkspace:
Source Space:
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/src
og Space:
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/logs
Build Space:
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/build
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/devel
Devel Space:
Install Space:
                    [unused] /home/student/catkin ws/install
                    [unused] None
 ESTDIR:
Devel Space Layout:
                            linked
Install Space Layout:
                             None
Additional CMake Args:
                             -GEclipse CDT4 - Unix Makefiles -DCMAKE CXX COM
ILER ARG1=-std=c++11 -DCMAKE BUILD TYPE=Release
Additional Make Args:
                             None
Additional catkin Make Args: None
                                                              Already
Internal Make Job Server:
                             True
 ache Job Environments:
                             False
                                                           setup in the
Whitelisted Packages:
                             None
                                                             provided
Blacklisted Packages:
                             None
                                                           installation.
Workspace configuration appears valid.
```





Open a terminal and browse to your git folder

> cd ~/git

Clone the Git repository with

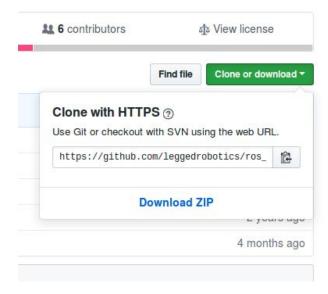
> git clone https://github.com/leggedrobotics/
ros_best_practices.git

Symlink the new package to your catkin workspace

> ln -s ~/git/ros_best_practices/
~/catkin_ws/src/

Note: You could also directly clone to your catkin workspace, but using a common git folder is convenient if you have multiple catkin workspaces.

https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ros best practices







Go to your catkin workspace

> cd ~/catkin_ws

Build the package with

> catkin build ros_package_template

Re-source your workspace setup

> source devel/setup.bash

Launch the node with

> roslaunch ros_package_template
ros package template.launch

```
orcing chake to run for each package.
[build] Found '1' packages in 0.0 seconds.
[build] Updating package table.
Starting >>> catkin tools prebuild
Finished <<< catkin tools prebuild
                                                  [ 1.0 seconds ]
Starting >>> ros package template
Finished <<< ros package template
                                                  [ 4.1 seconds ]
[build] Summary: All 2 packages succeeded!
[build] Ignored: None.
[build]
         Warnings: None.
[build] Abandoned: None.
[build] Failed:
                    None.
[build] Runtime: 5.2 seconds total.
[build] Note: Workspace packages have changed, please re-source setup files to
se them.
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$
```

```
* /rosdistro: indigo

* /rosversion: 1.11.20

NODES

/ ros_package_template (ros_package_template/ros_package_template)

auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [27185]

ROS_MASTER_URI=http://localhost:11311

setting /run_id to e43f937a-ed52-11e6-9789-000c297bd368
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [27198]
started core service [/rosout]
process[ros_package_template-2]: started with pid [27201]
[ INFO] [1486485095.843512614]: Successfully launched node.
```





ROS Launch

- launch is a tool for launching multiple nodes (as well as setting parameters)
- Are written in XML as *.launch files
- If not yet running, launch automatically starts a roscore

Browse to the folder and start a launch file with

> roslaunch file_name.launch

Start a launch file from a package with

> roslaunch package_name file_name.launch

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch



Example console output for roslaunch roscpp_tutorials talker_listener.launch

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ roslaunch roscpp tutorials talker listener.launch
 .. logging to /home/student/.ros/log/794321aa-e950-11e6-95db-000c297bd368/ros
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take awhile.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.
started roslaunch server http://ubuntu:37592/
SUMMARY
 ARAMETERS
  /rosdistro: indigo
 * /rosversion: 1.11.20
VODES
    listener (roscpp tutorials/listener)
    talker (roscpp tutorials/talker)
auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [5772]
ROS MASTER URI=http://localhost:11311
setting /run id to 794321aa-e950-11e6-95db-000c297bd368
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [5785]
started core service [/rosout]
process[listener-2]: started with pid [5788]
process[talker-3]: started with pid [5795]
 INFO] [1486044252.537801350]: hello world 0
 INFO] [1486044252.638886504]: hello world 1
 INFO] [1486044252.738279674]: hello world 2
        [1486044252.838357245]: hello world 3
```



ROS LaunchFile Structure

Attention when copy & pasting code from the internet

talker_listener.launch

```
<node name="listener" pkg="roscpp_tutorials" type="listener" output="screen"/>
<node name="talker" pkg="roscpp_tutorials" type="talker" output="screen"/>
</launch>
```

- Notice the syntax difference for self-closing tags:
 - <tag></tag> and <tag/>

- launch: Root element of the launch file
- node: Each <node> tag specifies a node to be launched
- name: Name of the node (free to choose)
- pkg: Package containing the node
- type: Type of the node, there must be a corresponding executable with the same name
- output: Specifies where to output log messages (screen: console, log: log file)

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/XML http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/Tutorials/Roslaunch%20tips%20for%20larger%20projects





ROS Launch Arguments

Create re-usable launch files with <arg> tag, _
 which works like a parameter (default optional)

```
<arg name="arg_name" default="default_value"/>
```

Use arguments in launch file with

```
$(arg arg_name)
```

When launching, arguments can be set with

```
> roslaunch launch_file.launch arg_name:=value
```

<u>range world.launch</u> (simplified)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<launch>
 <arg name="use sim time" default="true"/>
  <arg name="world" default="gazebo ros range"/>
  <arg name="debug" default="false"/>
  <arg name="physics" default="ode"/>
 <group if="$(arg use sim time)">
    <param name="/use_sim_time" value="true" />
  </group>
  <include file="$(find gazebo ros)</pre>
                               /launch/empty world.launch">
    carg name="world name" value="$(find gazebo plugins)/
                     test/test worlds/$(arg world).world"/>
    <arg name="debug" value="$(arg debug)"/>
    <arg name="physics" value="$(arg physics)"/>
  </include>
</launch>
```

More info http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/XML/arg





ROS Launch Including Other Launch Files

Include other launch files with <include> tag to organize large projects

```
<include file="package_name"/>
```

- Find the system path to other packages with _ \$(find package_name)
- Pass arguments to the included file

```
<arg name="arg name" value="value"/>
```

<u>range_world.launch</u> (simplified)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<launch>
  <arg name="use sim time" default="true"/>
  <arg name="world" default="gazebo ros range"/>
  <arg name="debug" default="false"/>
  <arg name="physics" default="ode"/>
  <group if="$(arg use sim time)">
    <param name="/use_sim_time" value="true" />
  </group>
 -<include file="$(find gazebo ros)</pre>
                               /launch/empty world.launch">
    carg name="world name" value="$(find gazebo plugins)/
                     test/test worlds/$(arg world).world"/>
    <arg name="debug" value="$(arg debug)"/>
    <arg name="physics" value="$(arg physics)"/>
  </include>
</launch>
```

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/XML/include



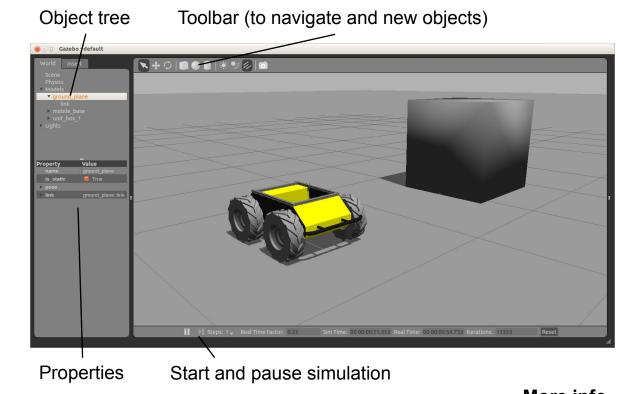


Gazebo Simulator

- Simulate 3d rigid-body dynamics
- Simulate a variety of sensors including noise
- 3d visualization and user interaction
- Includes a database of many robots and environments (Gazebo worlds)
- Provides a ROS interface
- Extensible with plugins

Run Gazebo with

> rosrun gazebo ros gazebo









Further References

- ROS Wiki
 - http://wiki.ros.org/
- Installation
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Installation
- Tutorials
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Tutorials
- Available packages
 - http://www.ros.org/browse/

ROS Cheat Sheet

- https://www.clearpathrobotics.com/ros-robot-op erating-system-cheat-sheet/
- https://kapeli.com/cheat_sheets/ROS.docset/ Contents/Resources/Documents/index

ROS Best Practices

- https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ ros best practices/wiki
- ROS Package Template
 - https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ros_best_ practices/tree/master/ros_package_template





ETH Robotics Summer School

- A full week (July 5-9) with lectures, tutorials and hands-on focus, ending with a robotic challenge.
- Students are invited to attend the ETH Robotic Symposium (tentative date: July 2).
- Takes place in Wangen an der Aare
- Application window Feb. 15 to Mar. 26.
 - Acceptance notification April 15.



More info: https://robotics-summerschool.ethz.ch/





RobotX - Robotic Platforms

4 all terrain robots "Super Mega Bot" (SMB)

- Base (skid steer drive, driving battery, E-Stop, remote control)
- Payload
 - Intel NUC (option for GPU and 2nd NUC)
 - Connectivity (WiFi, 4G Modem)
 - Sensors:
 - RGB-D RealSense D435
 - 3D LiDAR RoboSense RS-16
 - Tracking Cam RealSense T265
 - VIO-System VersaVis / RGB / IMU







Tentative Program

	Su 04	Mo 05	Tu 06	We 07	Th 08	Fr 09
9:00		Intro to RSS	Localization & Mapping	Visual Recognition	Robot time	Robot time
10:00		Intro to Robots	Tutorial	Tutorial		
11:00						
12:00	Transfer to WadA	Lunch	Robot time	Robot time	Lunch	Lunch
13:00		State Estimation	Lunch	Lunch	Robot time	Challenge
14:00		Tutorial	Path Planning	Robot time		
15:00			Tutorial			
		Break			Break	
16:00		Trajectory Optimization				Awards
		Trajectory Optimization	Break			
17:00						Transfer to ZH
18:00	Social Activity	Tutorial	Robot time	Social Activity	Robot time	
19:00		Robot time	Robot time			





Preview







Contact Information

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http://www.rsl.ethz.ch

Lecturers

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Tom Lankhorst (tom.lankhorst@mavt.ethz.ch)

Course website:

http://www.rsl.ethz.ch/education-students/lectures/ros.html

