ETH zürich



Programming for Robotics Introduction to ROS

Course 3

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Course Structure

Course 1

Deadline for Ex. 1.

Course 3

Course 4

Course 5

Lecture 1

Lecture 2

Exercise 2 Intro.

Course 2

Deadline for Ex. 2.

Deadline for Ex. 3.

Multiple Choice Test

Exercise 1 Intro.

Lecture 3

Lecture 4

Break

Exercise 3 Intro.

Exercise 4 Intro.

Case Study

Exercise 5 Intro.

Exercise 1

Exercise 2

Exercise 3

Exercise 4

Exercise 5

Deadline for Ex. 5.





Evaluation – Multiple Choice Test & Ex4

- Please be there 10 min before
- If you don't want to take the test please deregister by Monday (01.03.2021)
 - such that we can assign the seating schedule
- The multiple choice test takes place at the last course day:

05.03.2021 at 08:00 (not 8:15)

Exercise 4 grading session:

04.03.2021 at 08:00 (not 8:15)





Overview Course 3

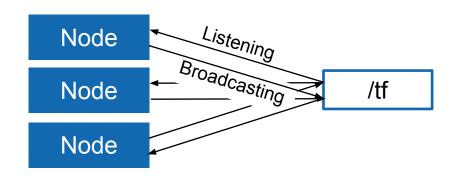
- TF Transformation System
- rqt User Interface
- Robot models (URDF)
- Simulation descriptions (SDF)

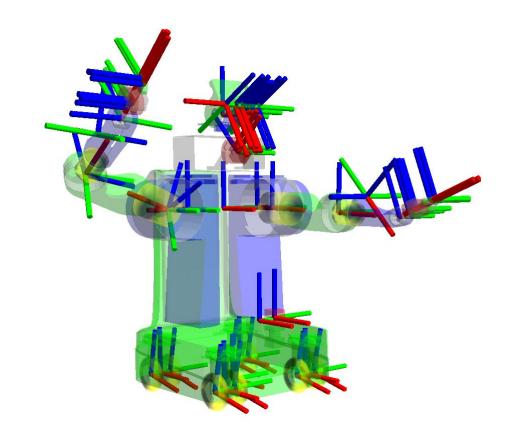




TF Transformation System

- Tool for keeping track of coordinate frames over time
- Maintains relationship between coordinate frames in a tree structure buffered in time
- Lets the user transform points, vectors, etc. between coordinate frames at desired time
- Implemented as publisher/subscriber model on the topics /tf and /tf_static





More info http://wiki.ros.org/tf2





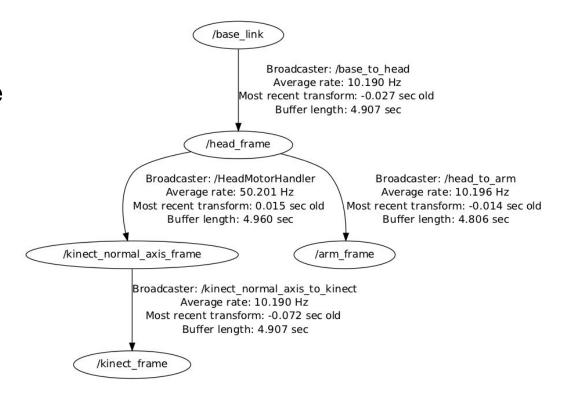
TF Transformation System

Transform Tree

- TF listeners use a buffer to listen to all broadcasted transforms
- Query for specific transforms from the transform tree

tf2_msgs/TFMessage.msg

```
geometry_msgs/TransformStamped[] transforms
   std_msgs/Header header
    uint32 seqtime stamp
    string frame_id
   string child_frame_id
   geometry_msgs/Transform transform
    geometry_msgs/Vector3 translation
   geometry_msgs/Quaternion rotation
```







TF Transformation System

Tools

Command line

Print information about the current transform tree

> rosrun tf tf_monitor

Print information about the transform between two frames

> rosrun tf tf_echo source frame target frame

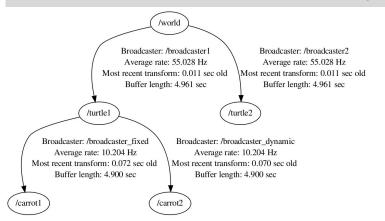
View Frames

Creates a visual graph (PDF) of the transform tree. Broken at the moment!!!!!

https://github.com/ros/geometry/pull/222

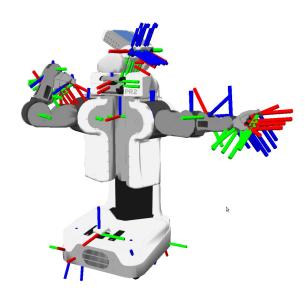
rosrun tf view frames

rosrun tf2_tools view_frames.py



RViz

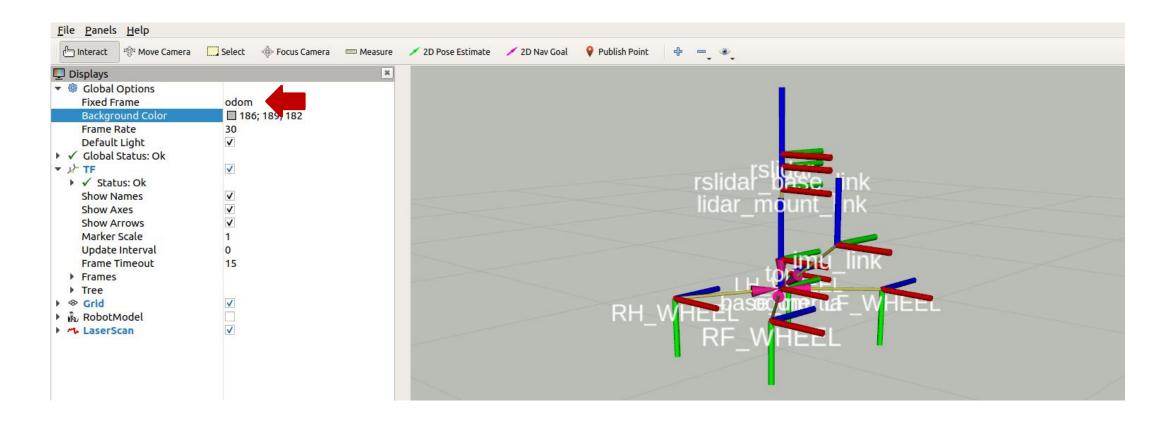
3D visualization of the transforms







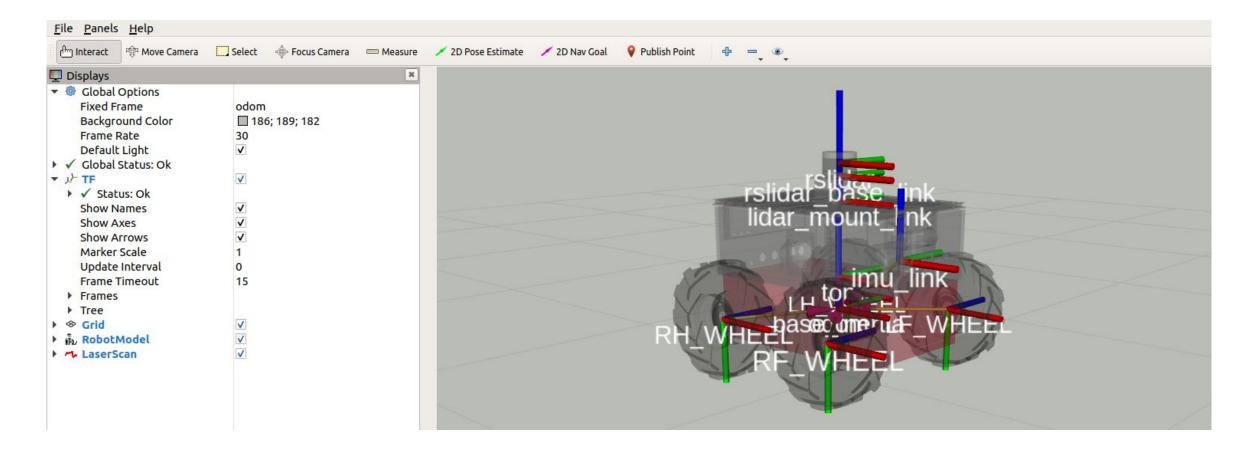
TF Transformation SystemRViz Plugin







TF Transformation SystemRViz Plugin







TF Transformation SystemTransform Listener C++ API

Create a TF listener to fill up a buffer

```
tf2_ros::Buffer tfBuffer;
tf2_ros::TransformListener tfListener(tfBuffer);
```

- Make sure, that the listener does not run out of scope!
- To lookup transformations, use

 For time, use ros::Time(0) to get the latest available transform

```
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include <tf2 ros/transform listener.h>
#include <geometry msgs/TransformStamped.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
 ros::init(argc, argv, "tf2_listener");
 ros::NodeHandle nodeHandle;
 tf2 ros::Buffer tfBuffer;
 tf2 ros::TransformListener tfListener(tfBuffer);
  ros::Rate rate(10.0);
 while (nodeHandle.ok()) {
    geometry_msgs::TransformStamped transformStamped;
    try {
      transformStamped = tfBuffer.lookupTransform("base",
                    "odom", ros::Time(0));
    } catch (tf2::TransformException &exception) {
      ROS WARN("%s", exception.what());
      ros::Duration(1.0).sleep();
      continue:
    rate.sleep();
 return 0;
```

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/tf2/Tutorials/Writing%20a%20tf2%20listener%20%28C%2B%2B%29





rqt User Interface

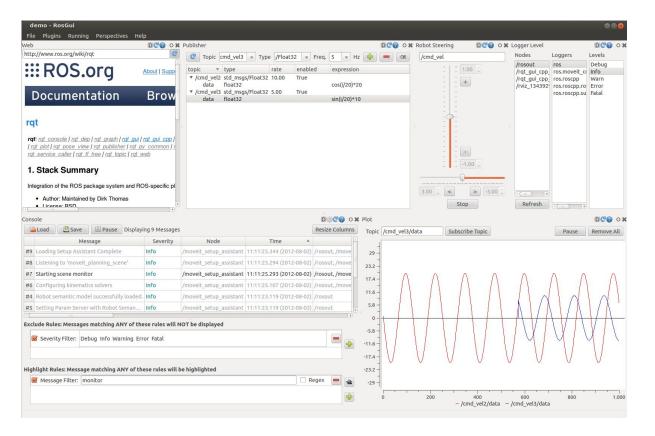
- User interface based on Qt
- Custom interfaces can be setup
- Lots of plugins exist
- Simple to write own plugins

Run RQT with

> rosrun rqt_gui rqt_gui

or

> rqt



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rgt/Plugins



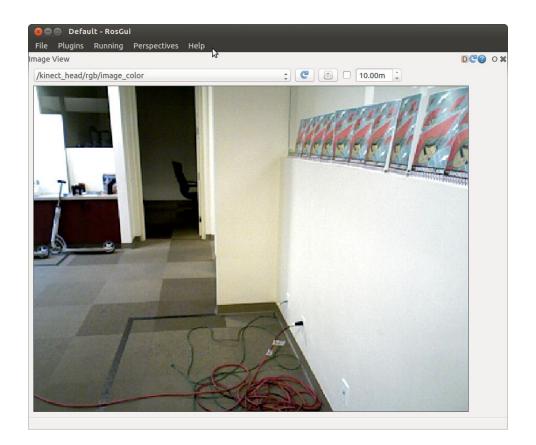


rqt User Interface rqt_image_view

Visualizing images

Run rqt_image_view with

> rosrun rqt_image_view rqt_image_view



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rqt_image_view



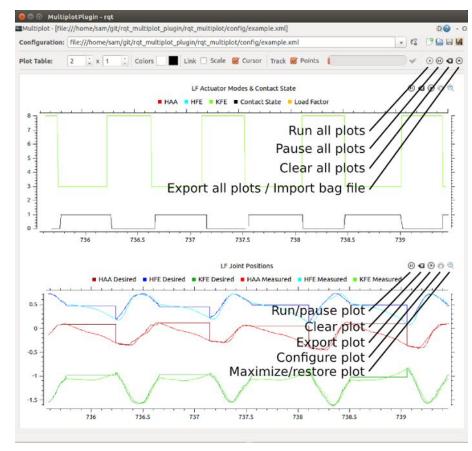


rqt User Interface rqt_multiplot

Visualizing numeric values in 2D plots

Run rqt_multiplot with

> rosrun rqt_multiplot rqt_multiplot



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rgt multiplot



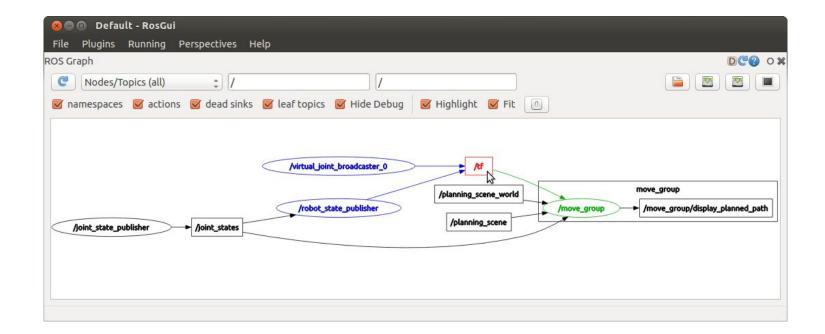


rqt User Interface rqt_graph

Visualizing the ROS computation graph

Run rqt_graph with

> rosrun rqt_graph rqt_graph



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rgt_graph



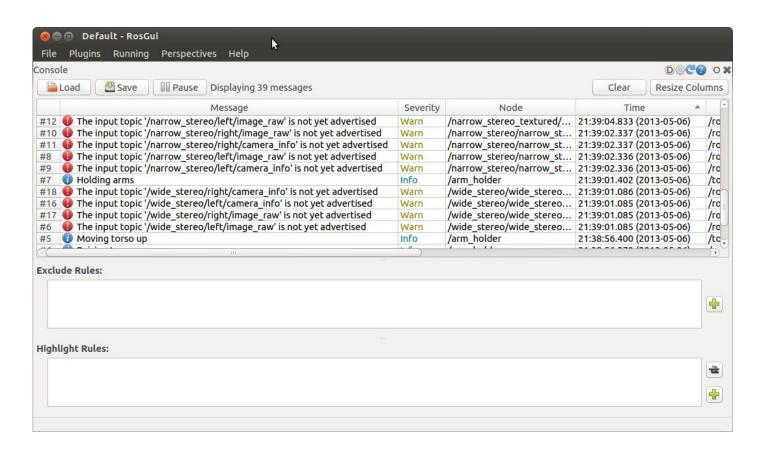


rqt User Interface rqt_console

 Displaying and filtering ROS messages

Run rqt_console with

> rosrun rqt_console rqt_console



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rqt_console



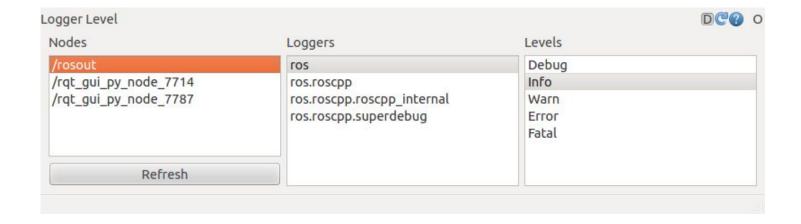


rqt User Interface rqt_logger_level

Configuring the logger level of ROS nodes

Run rqt_logger_level with

> rosrun rqt_logger_level rqt_logger_level



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rgt_logger_level

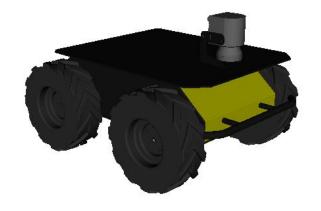




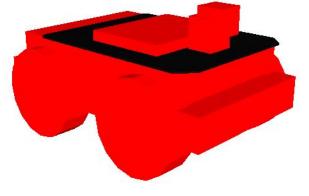
Robot Models

Unified Robot Description Format (URDF)

- Defines an XML format for representing a robot model
 - Kinematic and dynamic description
 - Visual representation
 - Collision model
- URDF generation can be be scripted with XACRO



Mesh for visuals



Primitives for collision

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/urdf
http://wiki.ros.org/xacro

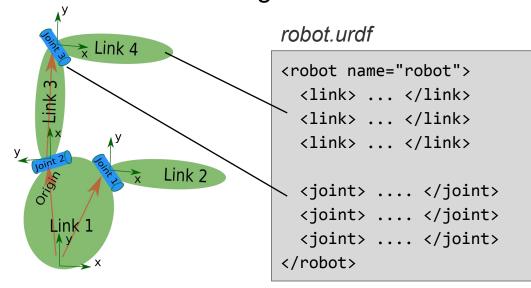




Robot Models

Unified Robot Description Format (URDF)

- Description consists of a set of *link* elements and a set of *joint* elements
- Joints connect the links together



```
<link name="link name">
  <visual>
   <geometry>
      <mesh filename="mesh.dae"/>
    </geometry>
 </visual>
  <collision>
   <geometry>
      <cylinder length="0.6" radius="0.2"/>
   </geometry>
 </collision>
  <inertial>
   <mass value="10"/>
   <inertia ixx="0.4" ixy="0.0" .../>
 </inertial>
</link>
<joint name="joint name" type="revolute">
  <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
  imit effort="1000.0" upper="0.548" ... />
  <origin rpy="0 0 0" xyz="0.2 0.01 0"/>
  <parent link="parent link name"/>
  <child link="child link name"/>
```

</joint>



More info

http://wiki.ros.org/urdf/XML/model



Robot Models Usage in ROS

- The robot description (URDF) is stored on the parameter server (typically) under /robot_description
- You can visualize the robot model in Rviz with the RobotModel plugin

control.launch

load.launch

```
command="$(arg description_name)" command="$(find xacro)/xacro
    $(arg description_file)
    wheel_joint_type:=$(arg wheel_joint_type)
    simulation:=$(arg simulation)
    robot_namespace:=$(arg robot_namespace)
    lidar:=$(arg lidar)
    description_name_xacro:=$(arg description_name)
    publish_tf:=$(arg publish_tf)"/>
    </launch>
...
```





Simulation Descriptions Simulation Description Format (SDF)

- Defines an XML format to describe
 - Environments (lighting, gravity etc.)
 - Objects (static and dynamic)
 - Sensors
 - Robots
- SDF is the standard format for Gazebo
- Gazebo converts a URDF to SDF automatically



More info http://sdformat.org





Further References

- ROS Wiki
 - http://wiki.ros.org/
- Installation
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Installation
- Tutorials
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Tutorials
- Available packages
 - http://www.ros.org/browse/

ROS Cheat Sheet

- https://www.clearpathrobotics.com/ros-robot-op erating-system-cheat-sheet/
- https://kapeli.com/cheat_sheets/ROS.docset/ Contents/Resources/Documents/index

ROS Best Practices

 https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ ros best practices/wiki

ROS Package Template

 https://github.com/leggedrobotics/ros_best_ practices/tree/master/ros_package_template





Contact Information

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Course website:

http://www.rsl.ethz.ch/education-students/lectures/ros.html

