CSCC01 Assignment 2: CI/CD Pipeline Implementation

Team Name: Microsofties

1. Project Overview

This project implements a CI/CD pipeline for a full-stack web application using GitHub Actions, Docker, and Render. The application includes a React frontend and a Node.js/Express backend, with MongoDB Atlas used for persistent data storage. The pipeline's purpose is to ensure automation of building, testing, and deploying containers, enabling streamlined development and delivery.

2. CI/CD Design

Our CI/CD pipeline consists of the following stages:

• Continuous Integration (CI)

- o Runs automatically on each push to the main branch.
- o Executes unit tests on both frontend and backend using Jest.
- Builds Docker images for frontend and backend.
- o Tags the images with both latest and semantic versions (e.g., v1.0.0).
- Pushes the tagged images to Docker Hub.

Continuous Deployment (CD)

- Deploy hooks are triggered for both backend and frontend services on Render.
- After deployment, integration tests are executed to verify the health and functionality of the live containers.

3. Technologies Used

- GitHub Actions for automating the CI/CD workflow
- Docker & Docker Hub for containerization and versioned image storage
- Render for hosting and running the deployed containers
- MongoDB Atlas for remote database services
- Jest for unit testing
- curl for post-deployment integration testing

4. CI/CD Workflow Steps

- 1. Checkout code from GitHub.
- 2. Run unit tests in both frontend and backend folders.
- 3. Build Docker images.
- 4. Tag with latest and v4.0.0.
- 5. Push images to Docker Hub.
- 6. Trigger Render deploy hooks.
- 7. Wait for containers to boot.
- 8. Run integration tests via a shell script.

5. Automated Testing Strategy

• Unit Testing:

- o Backend and frontend each contain Jest test suites.
- o Tests are automatically executed during the CI phase in GitHub Actions.

Integration Testing:

- A shell script (integration-test.sh) uses curl to validate deployed containers.
- Tests include:
 - Backend health check (/api/health)
 - Backend data route (/api/water-data)
 - Frontend root response (/)

6. Environment Variables

Backend (on Render):

- MONGODB_URI: MongoDB Atlas connection string
- JWT_SECRET: secret used for signing JWTs

• Frontend (on Render):

 REACT_APP_API_URL: live backend URL (https://glow-backend-v4-0-0.onrender.com)

7. Challenges and Solutions

- Problem: MongoDB connection errors due to invalid credentials and missing DB name.
 Solution: Ensured MongoDB Atlas users and connection strings were properly configured and URL-encoded.
- Problem: Frontend failed to connect to backend after deployment.
 Solution: Added environment variable REACT_APP_API_URL before building and deploying frontend.
- **Problem:** Render did not allow URL renaming via service rename. **Solution:** Recreated the service with the desired subdomain.

8. Final Remarks

All requirements of the assignment have been satisfied:

- CI and CD pipelines are implemented.
- Docker images are versioned and deployed.
- Unit and integration tests are fully automated.
- Final artifacts are included in the /CICD directory as required.

Live services are hosted on Render and are accessible publicly. The system is robust, repeatable, and production-ready.