

GDSC2.0

System Design Document

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CRC Cards

Class Name: Models

Parent Class (if any): None

Subclasses (if any): answerModel, teams, testModel, users

Responsibilities:

MongoDB backend model definitions

Collaborators:

- Body-parser 1.19.1
- Express 4.17.2
- Mongoose 6.1.7
- Cors 2.8.5
- Nodemon 2.0.15

Class Name: Components

Parent Class (if any): None

Subclasses (if any): javascript file with an accompanying css file

Responsibilities:

• Create a functional user interface

Collaborators:

- "axios": "^0.25.0"
- "bootstrap": "^5.1.3"
- "npm": "^8.4.1"
- "react": "^17.0.2"
- "react-bootstrap": "^2.1.2"
- "web-vitals": "^2.1.3"

Class Name: Config

Parent Class (if any): None Subclasses (if any): db

Responsibilities:

• Connect to MongoDB

Collaborators:

Body-parser 1.19.1

- Express 4.17.2
- Mongoose 6.1.7
- Cors 2.8.5
- Nodemon 2.0.15

Class Name: Server

Parent Class (if any): None Subclasses (if any): None

Responsibilities:

Handle endpoints for the frontend to backend connections

Collaborators:

- Body-parser 1.19.1
- Express 4.17.2
- Mongoose 6.1.7
- Cors 2.8.5
- Nodemon 2.0.15

Class Name: Routes

Parent Class (if any): None

Subclasses (if any): login, createAnswers, getAnswers

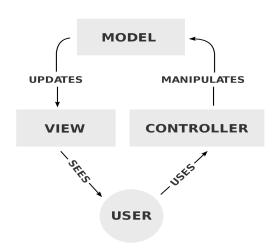
Responsibilities:

• Handle routes for endpoints for models in the database

Collaborators:

- Body-parser 1.19.1
- Express 4.17.2
- Mongoose 6.1.7
- Cors 2.8.5
- Nodemon 2.0.15

Software Architecture Diagram



The software architecture design our team chooses is the MVC or (model-view-controller) design as it complimented the way our team wanted to design and develop our system. The model handles the logic and data of the software. The view is responsible for the display and UI. The controller is the connection that processes information to and from the model and view.

In our software, we have a frontend folder that corresponds to the view, a backend

folder that corresponds to the model, and a file called server.js that represents the controller. The frontend contains React components that interact with each other and the controller to create an interactive user experience. The backend contains models that represent how the data should look in the database. It also contains routes that perform a specific action in the backend based on instructions from the controller. These instructions are usually in the form of "get" or "post" requests. The controller server.js receives instructions from the frontend, these usually include endpoints, and decides which route to call in the backend.

