

GDSC2.0

System Design Document

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CRC Cards

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Abstract Models Application, Log, Admin,	None Projects, Resources, Team Models
Define Schemas for mongoDB	• Databases
Databases Application, Log, Admin, P	None Projects, Resources, Team Schemas
Store Data Query Data Create Schema	Models Controller
Config (environment)	None None
Define environment variables (proxy port and database connection	• None
Server	None Routes, Controllerss
Provide communication instance for endpoints and frontend Store application global variables and states	• Axios
Routes	Server Endpoints
Define paths for endpoints	Controller Endpoints

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	c	ontroller	Application,	Server Team and Resources Endpoints
•	Define the functionality of endpoints			Databases
•	Handle requests and response			Routes
•	Query databases			

Aulas	None
Axios	None
Sending requests to Server	Components
Receiving response from Server	Server

Comp Login, Register, Applicati	None conents (App) ion, Resource, Projects, Admin Interface, General Info Views
Define URLs for pages	• Axios
Render pages	
Validate Payloads	

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Modifications from Sprint2 Doc:

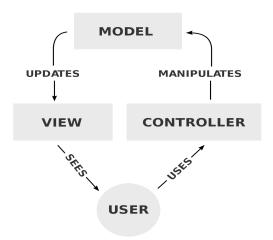
- Models: update team models
- Databases: specify the schemas we have
- Components: update newly added frontend

Software Architecture Diagram

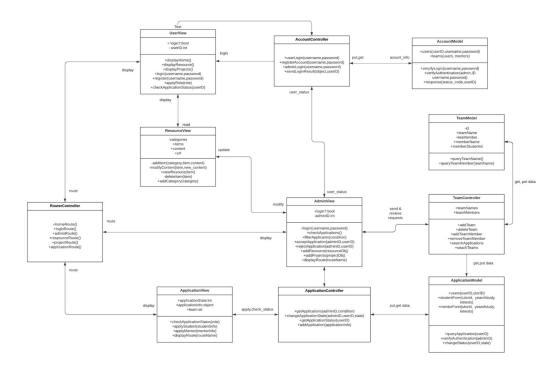
The software architecture design our team chooses is the MVC or (model-view-controller) design as it complimented the way our team wanted to

design and develop our system. The model handles the logic and data of the software. The view is responsible for the display and user interface. The controller is the connection that processes information to and from the model and view.

In our software, we have a frontend folder that corresponds to the view, a backend folder that corresponds to the model, and a file called server.js that represents the controller. The frontend contains React components that interact with each other and the controller to



create an interactive user experience. The backend contains models that represent how the data should look in the database. It also contains routes that perform a specific action in the backend based on instructions from the controller. These instructions are usually in the form of "get" or "post" requests. The controller server.js receives instructions from the frontend, these usually include endpoints, and decides which route to call in the backend.



Modifications from Sprint2:

• Adding Team Controller and Model

For a better view, please view the original pdf file in our doc.