

RGMII BFM – Quick Reference

NOTE: As of UVVM v3.x, all shared variables have been made protected. This means that any access to shared variables must be done using get- and set-methods. This documentation has not yet been updated with the methods for accessing these variables, but will be very soon.

For general information see UVVM Essential Mechanisms located in uvvm_vvc_framework/doc.

rgmii_write (data_array, msg, rgmii_tx_if, [scope, [msg_id_panel, [config]]]) 1

Example: rgmii_write(v_data_array(0 to v_numBytes-1), HOLD_LINE_AFTER_TRANSFER, "Write v_numBytes bytes", rgmii_tx_if, C_SCOPE, shared_msg_id_panel, rgmii_bfm_config); **Example**: rgmii_write((x"01", x"02", x"03", x"04"), "Write 4 bytes", rgmii_tx_if);

rgmii_read (data_array, data_len, msg, rgmii_rx_if, [scope, [msg_id_panel, [config, [ext_proc_call]]]]) 1

Example: rgmii_read(v_data_array, v_numBytes, "Read v_numBytes bytes", rgmii_rx_if, C_SCOPE, shared_msg_id_panel, rgmii_bfm_config, "rgmii_expect()"); **Example**: rgmii_read(v_data_array, v_numBytes, "Read v_numBytes bytes", rgmii_rx_if):

rgmii_expect (data_exp, msg, rgmii_rx_if, [alert_level, [scope, [msg_id_panel, [config]]]]) 1

Example: rgmii_expect(v_data_array(0 to v_numBytes-1), "Expect v_numBytes bytes", rgmii_rx_if, ERROR, C_SCOPE, shared_msg_id_panel, rgmii_bfm_config); **Example**: rgmii_expect((x"01", x"02", x"03", x"04"), "Expect 4 bytes", rgmii_rx_if);

init_rgmii_if_signals (VOID)

Example: rgmii_tx_if <= init_rgmii_if_signals(VOID);

BFM



rgmii_bfm_pkg.vhd





BFM Configuration record 't_rgmii_bfm_config'

Record element	Туре	C_RGMII_BFM_CONFIG_DEFAULT
max_wait_cycles	integer	10
max_wait_cycles_severity	t_alert_level	ERROR
clock_period	time	-1 ns
rx_clock_skew	time	-1 ns
match_strictness	t_match_strictness	MATCH_EXACT
id_for_bfm	t_msg_id	ID_BFM
data_valid_on_both_clock_edges	boolean	true

Signal record 't_rgmii_tx_if'

Record element	Туре
txc	std_logic
txd	std_logic_vector
tx_ctl	std_logic

Signal record 't_rgmii_rx_if'

Record element	Туре
rxc	std_logic
rxd	std_logic_vector
rx_ctl	std logic

BFM signal parameters

Name	Туре	Description
txc	std_logic	TX reference clock
txd	std_logic_vector	TX data lines (to DUT)
tx_ctl	std_logic	TX enable
rxc	std_logic	RX reference clock
rxd	std_logic_vector	RX data lines (from DUT)
rx_ctl	std_logic	RX enable

Note: tx_ctl & rx_ctl only represent TXEN & RXEN respectively, the functionality of TXERR & RXERR is not implemented.

Also, there is no support for RGMII-ID (use of Tsetup & Thold). For more information see the specification "Reduced Gigabit Media Independent Interface (RGMII) Version 2.0".

BFM non-signal parameters

Гуре	Example(s)	Description
_byte_array	(x"D0", x"D1", x"D2", x"D3")	An array of bytes containing the data to be written/read.
		data_array(0) is written/read first, while data_array(data_array'high) is written/read last.
		For clarity, data_array is required to be ascending, for example defined by the test sequencer as follows:
		variable v_data_array : t_byte_array(0 to C_MAX_BYTES-1);
_action_when_transf	RELEASE_LINE_AFTER_TRA	Whether to release (default) or hold the TXEN line after the procedure is finished. Useful when transmitting a packet of data
er_is_done	NSFER	through several procedures.
natural	v_data_len	The number of valid bytes in the data_array. Note that the data_array can be bigger and that is why the length is returned.
_alert_level	ERROR or TB_WARNING	Set the severity for the alert that may be asserted by the procedure.
string	"Write bytes"	A custom message to be appended in the log/alert.
string	"RGMII_BFM"	A string describing the scope from which the log/alert originates.
		In a simple single sequencer typically "RGMII_BFM". In a verification component typically "RGMII_VVC ".
_msg_id_panel	shared_msg_id_panel	Optional msg_id_panel, controlling verbosity within a specified scope. Defaults to a common message ID panel defined in the
		UVVM-Util adaptations package.
_rgmii_bfm_config	C_RGMII_BFM_	Configuration of BFM behaviour and restrictions. See section 2 for details.
	CONFIG_DEFAULT	
string	"rgmii_expect()"	External procedure call. Only use when called from another BFM procedure.
3	_action_when_transf r_is_done atural _alert_level tring tring _msg_id_panel _rgmii_bfm_config	_action_when_transf r_is_done atural _alert_level tring msg_id_panel _rgmii_bfm_config C_RGMII_BFM_ CONFIG_DEFAULT



BFM details

1 BFM procedure details

Procedure	Description
rgmii_write()	rgmii_write (data_array, msg, rgmii_tx_if, [scope, [msg_id_panel, [config]]])
	While config parameter data_valid_on_both_clock_edges = true (default): The rgmii_write() procedure writes 4 bits of data on each clock edge. The bits 3:0 are written on the rising edge and the bits 7:4 on the falling edge.
	While config parameter data_valid_on_both_clock_edges = false: The rgmii_write() procedure writes 4 bits of data on each rising clock edge. The bits 3:0 are written on the first rising edge and the bits 7:4 on the following rising edge.
	The length and data are defined by the "data_array" argument, which is a t_byte_array. data_array(0) is written first, while data_array(data_array/high) is written last.
	The default value of action_when_transfer_is_done is RELEASE_LINE_AFTER_TRANSFER which drives the TXEN low at the end of the procedure. However, if HOLD_LINE_AFTER_TRANSFER is used, the TXEN will be held at the end of the procedure.
rgmii_read()	rgmii_read (data_array, data_len, msg, rgmii_rx_if, [scope, [msg_id_panel, [config, [ext_proc_call]]]])
	While config parameter data_valid_on_both_clock_edges = true (default): The rgmii_read() procedure reads 4 bits of data on each clock edge. The bits 3:0 are read on the rising edge and the bits 7:4 on the falling edge. To avoid having to delay the receiver's clock, the config rx_clock_skew is used to set the sampling time of the data.
	While config parameter data_valid_on_both_clock_edges = false: The rgmii_read() procedure reads 4 bits of data on each rising clock edge. The bits 3:0 are read on the first rising edge and the bits 7:4 on the following rising edge.
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	The received data is stored in the data_array output, which is a t_byte_array. The number of valid bytes in the data_array is stored in data_len. data_array(0) is read first, while data_array(data_array/high) is read last.
rgmii_expect()	rgmii_expect (data_exp, msg, rgmii_rx_if, [alert_level, [scope, [msg_id_panel, [config]]]])
	Calls the rgmii_read() procedure, then compares the received data with data_exp.
init_rgmii_if_signals()	init_rgmii_if_signals(VOID)
	This function initializes the RGMII interface. All the BFM outputs are set to zeros ('0')

2 BFM Configuration record

Type name: t_rgmii_bfm_config



Record element	Туре	C_RGMII_BFM_CONFIG_DEFAULT	Description
max_wait_cycles	integer	10	Used for setting the maximum cycles to wait before an alert is issued when waiting for signals from the DUT.
max_wait_cycles_severity	t_alert_level	ERROR	Severity if max_wait_cycles expires.
clock_period	time	-1 ns	Period of the clock signal.
rx_clock_skew	time	-1 ns	Skew of the sampling of the data in connection to the RX clock edges. Suggested value is clock_period/4.
match_strictness	t_match_strictness	MATCH_EXACT	Matching strictness for std_logic values in check procedures. MATCH_EXACT requires both values to be the same. Note that the expected value can contain the don't care operator '-'. MATCH_STD allows comparisons between 'H' and '1', 'L' and '0' and '-' in both values.
id_for_bfm	t_msg_id	ID_BFM	The message ID used as a general message ID in the BFM.
data_valid_on_both_clock_edges	boolean	true	Switch for changing between double data rate and single data rate on rgmii interface

3 Compilation

The RGMII BFM may only be compiled with VHDL 2008. It is dependent on the UVVM Utility Library (UVVM-Util), which is only compatible with VHDL 2008. See the separate UVVM-Util documentation for more info. After UVVM-Util has been compiled, the rgmii_bfm_pkg.vhd BFM can be compiled into any desired library. See UVVM Essential Mechanisms located in uvvm_vvc_framework/doc for information about compile scripts.

3.1 Simulator compatibility and setup

See README.md for a list of supported simulators. For required simulator setup see UVVM-Util Quick reference.

4 Local BFM overloads

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A good approach for better readability and maintainability is to make simple, local overloads for the BFM procedures in the TB process.
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This allows calling the BFM procedures with the key parameters only e.g.

```
rgmii_write(v_data_array(0 to 1), "msg");
rather than
  rgmii_write(v_data_array(0 to 1), "msg", rgmii_tx_if, C_SCOPE, shared_msg_id_panel, C_RGMII_CONFIG_LOCAL);
```

By defining the local overload as e.g.:



Using a local overload like this also allows the following – if wanted:

- Set up defaults for constants. May be different for two overloads of the same BFM
- Apply dedicated message_id_panel to allow dedicated verbosity control

See section 5 for defining a BFM configuration to use with the local overload and when calling the BFM procedures.

5 Local BFM configuration

The RGMII BFM requires that a local configuration is declared in the testbench and used in the BFM procedure calls. The default BFM configuration is defined with a clock period of -1 ns so that the BFM can detect and alert the user that the configuration has not been set. See section 2 for the RGMII BFM configuration record fields.

Defining a local RGMII BFM configuration:

See section 4 for how to define a local overload procedure and how to use a BFM config with the procedure call.



IMPORTANT

This is a simplified Bus Functional Model (BFM) for RGMII. The given BFM complies with the basic RGMII protocol and thus allows a normal access towards an RGMII interface. This BFM is not RGMII protocol checker. For a more advanced BFM please contact Bitvis AS at support@bitvis.no

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