

CriticalMAAS Phase 1 research plan - Macrostrat TA4 team

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October 13, 2023

Abstract

This document presents Macrostrat's research plan for Phase 1 of the CriticalMAAS project. Macrostrat's main goal is to provide the highest-possible quality geologic basemap for CMA workflows, integrating outputs from TA1 and TA2 with other NGMDB, USGS, and external data sources. This basemap will be usable across scales and project areas, with consistent API-driven data access patterns usable by TA3 workflows. To solve alignment problems that have been documented for past CMA workflows, we will prioritize the linking of geological data into a consistent entity framework, driven by geologic unit matching across data sources. We will also work with other CriticalMAAS performers to build feedback capabilities into their data synthesis workflows, especially for TA1 and TA2.

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1 Introduction

The primary objective of our TA4 activities is to adapt and leverage the Macrostrat and xDD data systems for the CriticalMAAS workflow. This places emphasis on the geological data that are central to TA3 modelling pipeline. Our specific immediate objectives are to (1) build a geological map ingestion and harmonization system for TA1 output that can rapidly augment the more than 300 geological maps that are already available in Macrostrat and tailoring the map data access points (APIs and tile servers) to conform with TA3 requirements, and (2) establish an xDD corpus and document annotation and distribution pipeline that can facilitate TA2 data extraction tasks. We are attempting to facilitate integration of TA1 and some of TA2 outputs by focusing on geological units that appear in maps, geologic columns, and the literature, the goal being to augment map/column units with additional geological data that can be used in modelling steps. This initial thrust is, therefore, largely focused on integrating data extraction and assimilation pipelines that are directed towards TA3. Human-in-the-loop interfaces for assessing, annotating, and editing the data from TA1 and TA2 will also be developed as the data flow pipelines are established. Here we report on our Phase 1 research plan to accomplish these objectives.

1.1 Success criteria for Macrostrat TA4 system

In addition to fulfilling the goals set out in the Phase 1 evaluation plan, we seek to establish a system that can support the CriticalMAAS system in response to the following challenges:

- Can we provide the data produced by TA1 and TA2 to TA3 (and other TA4 performers), on demand and en masse?
- Can we augment and standardize these datasets to provide relevant geological information, particularly lithology and geological unit properties?

These guiding questions are intended to focus our work on the key challenges that face Macrostrat, in conversation with the goals, activities, and expertise of the other TA4 performers.

1.2 Adjustments in response to project integration

We have adapted our approach somewhat in light of initial integrations with other performers and discussions with other TAs. Key new things we would like to emphasize:

We will plan to integrate with tools produced by other TA4 performers:

- Jataware will produce some end-to-end solutions particularly for georeferencing and page-level evaluation of map data objects.
- MTRI will work with TA4 to ensure that geologic mapping data can be filtered and subset

Based on descriptions of bottlenecks in CMA process workflows described by Lawley, and the expected structure of TA1 and TA2 outputs, we forecast that a major problem will be assembling a geologic dataset that is sufficiently well-characterized and standardized to be useful across scales and study areas to extract fairly specific CMA-relevant information. Given this expected challenge, we will devote extra effort to internally characterizing and harmonizing geologic map units, in order to provide appropriately queryable TA1 and TA2 datasets.

2 Software development plan

Our software development plan will prioritize aggregating TA1-2 data to support TA3 workflows, providing geologic data in appropriate formats for CMA, and augmenting the attributes of geologic data to form harmonized, multiscale products that support CMA workflows. As part of these efforts, we will build data-providing infrastructure, APIs, and user-facing human in the loop (HITL) interfaces.

Our software development plan will be organized around three general lines:

1. Provide geologic datasets to CriticalMAAS performers
2. Build a system for geologic map integration
3. Characterize and link geologic entities
4. Build HITL interfaces

This is broadly similar to the Tasks 1-3 proposed in our initial proposal, but with “linking geologic entities” extracted to a top-level task to align with our new understanding of its critical importance in the context of this project.

2.1 Providing geologic datasets for CriticalMAAS performers

Our key task for supporting CriticalMAAS is to provide harmonized geologic datasets over stable APIs to other CriticalMAAS performers. The most critical task is to provide these datasets to TA3, but we will also provide them to TA1 and TA2 to support feedback. Additionally, we will support the activities and HITL interfaces of other TA4 performers with stable APIs (e.g., for geologic and raster data tiles) atop shared TA4 data repositories.

Geologic map data

Tiled Macrostrat output, API-available in vector-based tile format has gained agreement from MTRI (TA4) and SRI (TA3) that it has the requisite structure and properties to be used as a base for CMA workflows. We will continue to refine this output and provide it to TA3. Our key goals for this dataset are to:

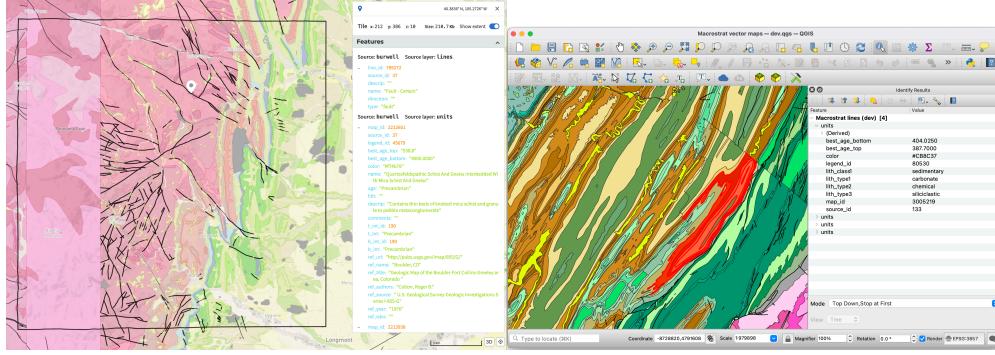
- Improve the structure of tileserver output to better support querying by TA3 (ex., by adding ability to filter by lithology).
- Improve API capabilities for querying and filtering by relevant data fields
- Integrate attribute types discussed by Lawley et al. (2022) and others, such as age ranges, paleo-latitude, and vetted lithologic classes.

The key codebase for this work, as well as for raster data provision, is the [UW-Macrostrat/tilesserver](#) repository.

Mineral site data

Site-based geologic data must also be forwarded to TA3 CMA pipelines, in a way that allows it to be generalized across geologically relevant areas (e.g., through intersection with mapping data), filtered for the specific CMA task at hand, and validated based on source material (e.g., mine reports and USGS publications).

We have successfully validated serving point datasets relevant to CMA through publicly accessible APIs, including the MRDS dataset (Fig. 2). This interface is publicly available on Macrostrat’s development website. We will explore approaches to curating point data and linking it closely to geologic context,



(a) Tiled Macrostrat output for provision to TA3 (b) Attributed Macrostrat map in QGIS

Figure 1: Different views of Macrostrat’s tiled output API, for provision to TA3

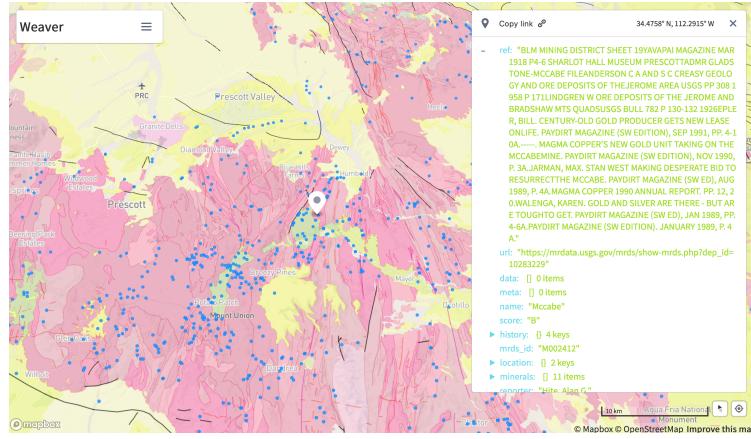


Figure 2: Macrostrat MRDS data layer, showing basic capabilities for point data provision

and thereby enabling spatial and geological time/unit filtering. The software that will house these data-provision capabilities will be housed in the [DigitalCrust/weaver](#) GitHub repository and integrated into the Macrostrat system. This software will forward mineral site data to TA3 analytical pipelines and TA4 HITL interfaces (ex., MTRI and/or EIS QGIS plugins).

In order to synthesize and validate mine site data received from TA2, we will need to develop data pipelines and HITL interfaces oriented towards validating site-based data and mineral system models, and forwarding users to the specific document sources that underly the datasets. The structure of these pipelines are not yet clear, but they will be developed in conversation with TA2, along the lines proposed for the TA2 synthesis schemas (Sec. 4.1).

Macrostrat maintains links to other point datasets that may be useful to forward to TA3, such as USGS legacy geochemical data. Additionally, TA2 plans to compile datasets from other existing structured data sources. We will work with TA2 performers to ensure that these datasets are available to TA3. If more site-based datasets must be integrated, we will work with TA3 to identify and integrate them into the system, which will make them readily available on demand for modelling tasks.

Raster datasets

Raster datasets can usually be easily integrated directly into the workflow of TA3. However, compositing raster datasets across scales, etc. presents demanding workflows that can potentially be supported by TA4. We have validated and will maintain key capabilities to store and serve raster datasets, to support map feedback and CMA workflows.

- [Macrostrat Raster CLI](#)

This can also be used to help support TA1 feedback

The Macrostrat infrastructure platform

The core of the Macrostrat system consists of the databases and infrastructure that hosts the above data capabilities. In order to maintain and extend these APIs and data-provision systems, we will invest in the design and structure of underlying Macrostrat systems. The key repository for this work is the [\[\]](#)

- [Macrostrat CLI](#)
- [Macrostrat infrastructure configuration](#)

These repositories are, for now, private, due to their role in orchestrating system components on specific infrastructure systems. Much of this configuration will be made public as it is augmented and vetted for security. For the final CriticalMAAS system, an end-to-end implementation encompassing the full set of capabilities will be published.

2.2 Geologic map integration pipeline

As a first step towards HITL interfaces to standardize geological map information (e.g., legend data, line types, etc.) from TA1 outputs, we will seek to improve the speed and interactivity of Macrostrat's vector data ingestion pipeline. This system moves from heterogeneous inputs, like Geodatabases, Shapefiles, or the old ArcInfo files referenced, to the standardized layers that drive Macrostrat APIs.

Geologic map ingestion is reliant both on GIS data manipulation (and in the case of TA1 performers, image analysis), and on geological expertise. Geological decisions include splitting up unit ages from stratigraphic names, descriptions, and lithological information in legend text, which must in many cases must be done manually. It's obviously useful to allow the geologic expertise to be applied without the need for SQL manipulation, as that will allow geologists to more readily participate.

We will build a web-based interface to allow geologists to interactively manipulate map data, and to provide feedback on the quality of the map data. This will operate over:

- Vector datasets in general (for assimilating already digitally-published mapping and TA1 outputs for representation in Macrostrat)
- paired vector/raster map datasets (to facilitate training by TA1)

Relevant software repositories

- [Macrostrat CLI](#) holds processing interfaces
- [Map integration system](#) will hold map ingestion/harmonization web app
- [Python libraries](#): monorepo for Python libraries used across projects

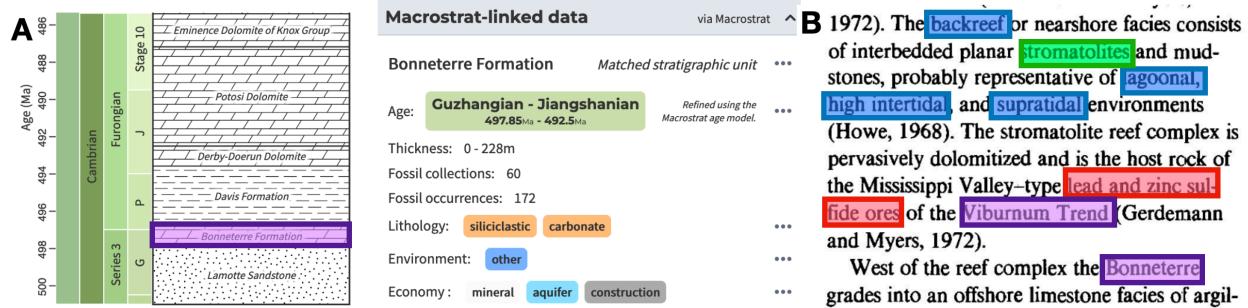


Figure 3: (a) Starting user interface and (b) potential additional extractions for CMA-focused entity canonicalization tasks

Milestones

- Initial demo: Month 3 hackathon

2.3 Geologic entity characterization pipeline

- Macrostrat maintains a database of geologic entities, which can be used to further characterize geologic maps

However, this is not of adequate quality to support CMA workflows. This will be rectified by a combination of leveraging outputs from TA1-2, augmenting it with our own AI-assisted literature synthesis, and building new HITAL interfaces for characterizing rock units.

Two separate approaches:

- Find new descriptors of existing entities
- Find new entities not currently tracked in the database

This will help correct several deficiencies of Macrostrat's current representation of geologic units:

- Lack of information about non-sedimentary units
- Lack of specificity about unit properties

Geologic units in Macrostrat have curated properties, but these are often not rigorous or descriptive enough to provide the level of detail needed for CMA workflows.

2.4 HITAL interfaces for TA1-2 pipeline support

Our plan is to produce key HITAL interfaces, especially to support TA1 and TA2.

We will also account integrate with feedback interfaces produced by Jataware and MTRI. In particular, Jataware's map-projection system will be required to add projection information to TA1 outputs prior to ingestion into Macrostrat's systems. Likewise, MTRI's QGIS plugin will be a key interface through which TA3 manipulates our vector-tile geologic mapping outputs into binary and probability-based prospectivity rasters.

Map feedback interfaces

- Macrostrat web
- Macrostrat web components

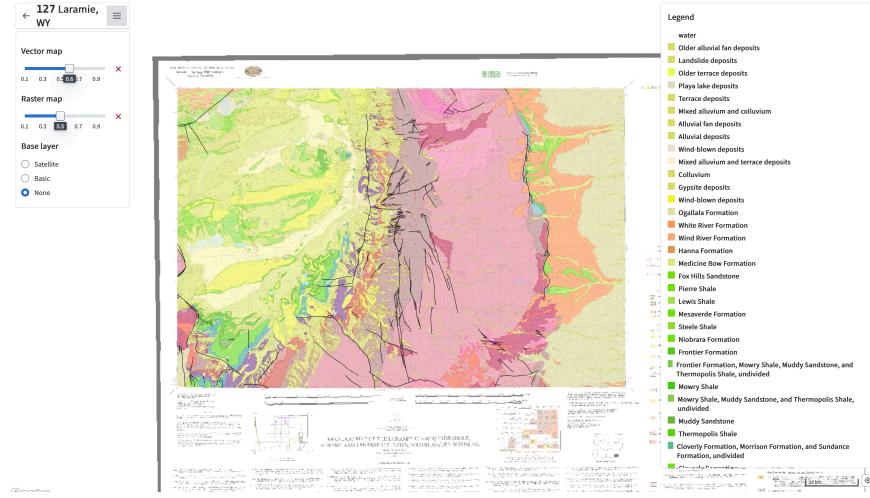


Figure 4: Map interface showing both vector and raster datasets for the same geologic map, in an interface with synthesized legend information

Map editing

While initial extractions produced by TA1 pipelines are quite impressive, it is likely that human intervention will be required to produce maps that are suitable for downstream use. We will produce a system that solves the topology of a TA1 geologic map and creates a representation that can be rapidly edited. This system will be based on the **Mapboard GIS** iPad application for pen-based mapping with a PostGIS-based topology management system. This topology management system will allow geologists to rapidly edit geologic maps, both via iPad streaming digitizing and using standard GIS platforms (QGIS and ArcGIS). This system will support both pipeline feedback to TA1 performers and the final production of high-fidelity, topologically correct geologic mapping datasets that can be integrated into Macrostrat and passed to TA3. The topology engine is an open-source component housed in the [Mapboard/topology-manager](#) repository. This engine will be supplemented with data migration scripts and management APIs that will be part of the Macrostrat system deliverable (Sec. 2.1) for CriticalMAAS Phase 1.

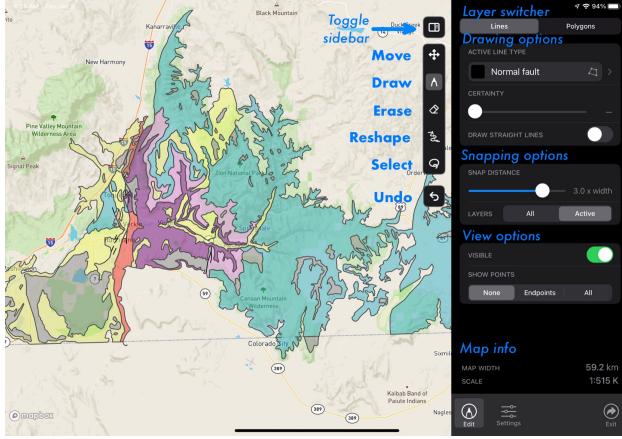
Document-based interfaces

- Coordinate with Jataware for TA2-supporting interfaces
- [COSMOS visualizer](#) page-level annotation interface may be adapted, or a Jataware-created tool may be used

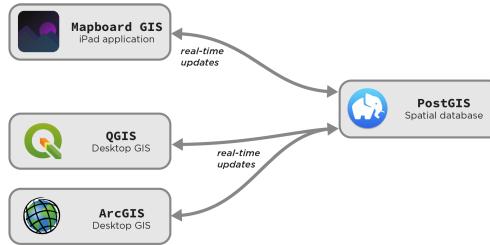
3 Targets for hackathon events

Hackathon targets

- *Month 3 hackathon:* Containerized Macrostrat system that supports basic capabilities, running on CHTC infrastructure
- *Month 6 hackathon:* Data models and pipelines for ingesting TA1-2 datasets, and user interfaces for providing feedback on these datasets
- *Base evaluation:* End-to-end system for storing and distributing geological data and literature artifacts

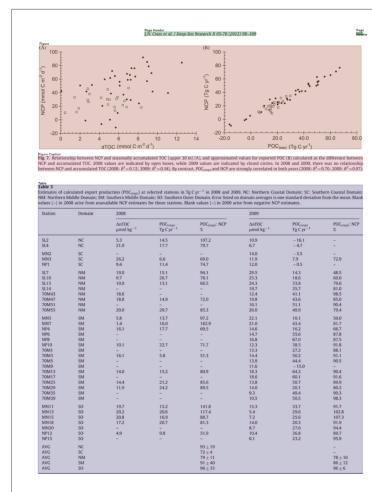


(a) *Mapboard GIS* map interface, an iPad app optimized for drawing geological maps



(b) Tethered mode for the Mapboard topology manager, which allows topological editing of geologic maps in both standard and purpose-built GIS environments

Figure 5: Mapboard GIS interface and GIS system design



Month 3 hackathon

- Import pipeline for geologic maps (TA1 outputs)
 - Feedback mechanism for map legend extractions
- Synthesis of these outputs into TA3-ready products
 - First attempts, showing maps in the right structure but not properly attributed

Month 6 hackathon

- Demonstrated pipeline to accrue descriptive characteristics of rock units from literature synthesis
 - Pathway to involve TA2 in providing data to this pipeline
 - Pathway to involve TA3+USGS in providing feedback and HITL effort towards synthesizing geologic entities
- Goal: produce “clean” and highly specific lithologic breakdowns of rock formations amenable to querying by TA3

Month 9 hackathon

Phase 1 Base evaluation

4 Current status

4.1 System and interaction design

The Macrostrat team has been a major contributor to the design of CriticalMAAS data schemas for harmonizing TA1-3 datasets and ensuring their interoperability. We have worked closely with the other TA4 teams and TA1-3 performers to ensure that the data schemas are specific and well-designed; we have also been an advocate for including geologic data objects in the schemas, to support our pursuit of linked geologic data objects.

4.2 Providing literature extractions to TA1 and TA2

The xDD system and COSMOS document extraction pipeline are being used to provide literature artifacts ready for TA2 extractions, both over USGS documents and the broader geologic literature.

We are beginning to transition to **GeoKB** as a source of USGS documents. As part of this transition, we switched from using the USGS Zotero instance as the primary metadata source for target documents to the GeoKB SPARQL instance, under the guidance of Sky Bristol. This aligns us with the storage and knowledge plans of Sky’s group at USGS. This includes storing the w3id stable URLs, which will allow us to link directly to the original source for each USGS PDF.

We have created a document set (`criticalmaas`) defined as the union of these documents with the USGS series publications (doi prefix of 10.3133). This set is available within the xDD system and queryable using its API. For instance, [snippets of documents mentioning the Bonneterre Dolomite](#), a key unit in the Viburnum Trend and type locality of Mississippi Valley-type ore deposits, can be retrieved. Additionally, we are in the process of running COSMOS, word2vec, and doc2vec pipelines for the entire set (these are running in CHTC infrastructure and done to varying degrees of completion). None have live endpoints yet for the entire `criticalmaas` set (though we have them complete for the GeoKB-based articles). **These endpoints will be in place by the Month 3 hackathon.**

We will continue to integrate with TA2 to build capabilities around accessing and manipulating the literature corpus of documents from USGS and other sources. Since USGS documents are broadly in the public domain, TA2 performers have an opportunity to follow all extractions back to their full source material; this is usually encumbered by publisher agreements in the case of other literature sources, such as Elsevier, Wiley and the like. However, specific information in these source documents can be surfaced and integrated into knowledge bases, provided that the code to locate and extract the information is run within UW's CHTC environment and the output conforms to the expectations of publisher agreements (e.g., extractions constitute a derived data product, such as a list of entities and their relations, and not original unaltered content beyond short snippets of context).

4.3 Production of HITL interfaces

5 Index of milestone progress

5.1 Milestones 1 and 2

We are making progress on all proposed milestones. All but one deliverable proposed for execution by Month 4 has crossed key thresholds in readiness and is approaching completion, except for a single deliverable in Task 3B. The early establishment of key capabilities allows us to focus on building integrations with other performers (in all TAs) during and after the Month 3 hackathon.

Task 1: Supply geological data and literature artifacts to CriticalMAAS TAs 1-3

Augment and extend Macrostrat and xDD systems to deliver data and artifacts to TAs 1-3

1A: Extend Macrostrat for TAs 1-3 *Augment Macrostrat capabilities and datasets with functionality for AI-assisted critical mineral assessment.*

1. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** A containerized instance of Macrostrat: A containerized version of Macrostrat is running but not stable, and is being used as a base for all development activities
2. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** Database and software capabilities to ingest and serve raster datasets: Initial validation complete
3. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** User management and authentication: **In initial stages of development, planned by Month 3 hackathon**
4. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** APIs to deliver geologic map and column data to TAs1-3: APIs based around existing map and tileserver APIs have been partially implemented, and deficiencies in data structure and queryability are being identified and evaluated.

1B: Extract literature artifacts using xDD-COSMOS and deliver to TA1-2 *Provide literature artifacts (maps and tables) to TA1-2*

1. **Milestone 1 (Month 2):** A vetted corpus of geological literature pertinent to mineral assessment: The CriticalMAAS corpus is available
2. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** Pipeline for delivering contextualized literature artifacts to TA 1 and 2: COSMOS outputs for maps, table extractions, etc. are available

Task 2: Ingest geological data from TAs 1-3

Incorporate data products produced by TAs 1-3 into Macrostrat

2A: Ingest geologic maps from TA1 and link entities *Incorporate TA1 map data products into harmonized Macrostrat map system*

1. **Milestone 1 (Month 1):** Schemas for map data to be accepted by Macrostrat system: Done as part of TA4 deliverable
2. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** Documented ingestion APIs for maps from TA1: Beginning to produce ingestion CLI and API for TA1 use

2B: Ingest geological data from TA2 and link entities *Augment and extend Macrostrat map and column unit data to include mineral assessment-specific criteria*

1. **Milestone 1 (Month 1):** Schemas for point-based geological data to be accepted by Macrostrat system: Done as part of TA4 deliverable
2. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** Documented APIs for point-based data ingested from TA2 (and TA1 as applicable): Started in Weaver repository

Task 3: Build HITL interfaces for model and extraction improvement

Build and deploy interfaces to annotate existing and TA-generated data with expert feedback

Subtask 3A: Annotate and edit geologic maps *Enable dynamic editing and annotation of geologic maps*

1. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** Add widgets for collecting map candidate feedback to Macrostrat's web map interface: In early development

Subtask 3B: Annotate geological data extractions and linked geological entities *Enable annotation of geological data extracted from descriptive documents*

1. **Milestone 2 (Month 4):** Add widgets for collecting linked entity feedback in Macrostrat web interfaces: Not yet addressed

5.2 Later milestones

We have made some progress to later Phase 1 milestones, as well:

- Subtask 1B **Milestone 4 (Month 7):** Pipeline for locating and extracting entities and augmenting Macrostrat database: In early exploratory phases with CS graduate and undergraduate students supervised by co-PI Venkataraman.
- Subtask 3A **Milestone 4 (Month 7):** Adapt Mapboard GIS topological editing for map geospatial/topology correction: Key demonstration/validation has been accomplished