
```

clear
close all
clc
%{ The following program will determine the stability of the
% Linearized System with Eigenvalues and the Lyapunov equation.
% - The linearized Jacobian Matrices are converted to Jordan Form,
% Transfer functions, and Discrete State Space
% - The controllability/observability are checked for this system.
%}

% Model parameters
J = 0.0475; %kg m^2
m = 4; %kg
r = 0.25; %m
g = 9.81; % m/s^2
c = 0.05; %Ns/m

% Linearized Jacobian Matrices evaluated at the equilibrium point
A = [0 0 0 1 0 0;
     0 0 0 0 1 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 1;
     0 0 -g -c/m 0 0;
     0 0 0 0 -c/m 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 0];

B = [0 0;
     0 0;
     0 0;
     1/m 0;
     0 1/m;
     r/J 0];
C = [1 0 0 0 0 0;
     0 1 0 0 0 0];
D = [0 0;
     0 0];

% Convert Jacobian Matrices to State-Space Form
stateSpace = ss(A,B,C,D);
% Visualize the State-Space Form
disp('Linearized State-Space Form:')
display(stateSpace)

```

Linearized State-Space Form:

stateSpace =

```

A =
      x1      x2      x3      x4      x5      x6
x1      0      0      0      1      0      0
x2      0      0      0      0      1      0
x3      0      0      0      0      0      1
x4      0      0     -9.81    -0.0125      0      0
x5      0      0      0      0     -0.0125      0

```

x6	0	0	0	0	0	0
----	---	---	---	---	---	---

<i>B</i> =			
	<table style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">u1</td> <td>u2</td> </tr> </table>	u1	u2
u1	u2		
x1	0		
x2	0		
x3	0		
x4	0.25		
x5	0		
x6	0.25		
x6	5.263		

<i>C</i> =							
	<table style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 10px;">x1</td> <td style="padding-right: 10px;">x2</td> <td style="padding-right: 10px;">x3</td> <td style="padding-right: 10px;">x4</td> <td style="padding-right: 10px;">x5</td> <td>x6</td> </tr> </table>	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6
x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6		
y1	1						
y2	0						
y2	1						
y2	0						
y2	0						
y2	0						

<i>D</i> =			
	<table style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">u1</td> <td>u2</td> </tr> </table>	u1	u2
u1	u2		
y1	0		
y2	0		

Continuous-time state-space model.

Stability Analysis Eigenvalue Analysis $(A - \lambda I) = 0$

```

EigValues = eig(A);
disp(' ')
disp('Eigenvalues of A')
disp(EigValues)

%Lyapunvo Analysis
% A^T*P + P*A= Q
Q = eye(6);
disp('Q Matrix')
disp(Q)
try
    P = lyap(A',Q);
    disp('P Matrix')
    disp(P)

    disp('Display P')
    disp(P)
    disp('Check if P Transpose = P')
    disp(P')
    disp("these matrices are the same")

    disp(' ')
    %check positive definite matrices
    x = [1; -1; 1];
    Vy = x'*P*x;
    derV = x'*(A'*P +P*A)*x;
    disp('Check if lyapunov function is > 0')
    disp(Vy)
    disp('Check if derivative of lyapunov function is < 0')

```

```

disp(derVy)
disp('Check eigenvalues of P are > 0')
disp(eig(P))
disp('Check determinant of P is > 0')
disp(det(P))
disp('Check P_11 > 0')
disp(P(1,1))
if (P(1,1) > 0 && Vy > 0 && det(P) > 0 && P(1,1) > 0 && derVy < 0)
    for i = eig(P)
        if i < 0
            break
        end
    end
    disp('This is asymptotically stable system because P is positive-
definite ')
else
    disp('This is asymptotically stable system because P is not positive-
definite ')
end
catch error
    % if error with lyapunov does not exist
    disp(error.message)
end

```

Eigenvalues of A

```

0
0
-0.0125
0
-0.0125
0

```

Q Matrix

```

1      0      0      0      0      0
0      1      0      0      0      0
0      0      1      0      0      0
0      0      0      1      0      0
0      0      0      0      1      0
0      0      0      0      0      1

```

The solution of this Lyapunov equation does not exist or is not unique.

Jordan Form $J = V^{-1} \cdot A \cdot V$

```

[V_g, J_A] = jordan(A);
disp(' ')
disp('Generalized eigenvector Matrix, V_g')
format shortG
disp(round(V_g))

J_B = inv(V_g)*B;
J_C = C* V_g;
J_D = D;

```

```
JordForm_ss = ss(J_A,J_B,J_C,J_D);
disp('Jordan form State-Space')
display(JordForm_ss)
```

Generalized eigenvector Matrix, V_g

-785	62784	-5022720	5022720	0	0
0	0	0	0	-80	80
0	1	0	0	0	0
0	-785	62784	-62784	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0

Jordan form State-Space

JordForm_ss =

A =

	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6
x1	0	1	0	0	0	0
x2	0	0	1	0	0	0
x3	0	0	0	0	0	0
x4	0	0	0	-0.0125	0	0
x5	0	0	0	0	-0.0125	0
x6	0	0	0	0	0	0

B =

	u1	u2
x1	-0.02548	0
x2	0	0
x3	5.263	0
x4	5.263	0
x5	0	0.25
x6	0	0.25

C =

	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6
y1	-784.8	6.278e+04	-5.023e+06	5.023e+06	0	0
y2	0	0	0	0	-80	80

D =

	u1	u2
y1	0	0
y2	0	0

Continuous-time state-space model.

%Transfer functions

% Convert Jacobian State-Space Form to local X Transfer Function

```
[X_num, X_den] = ss2tf(A,B,C,D,1);
X_tf = tf(X_num(1,:),X_den);
disp('Local X Transfer Function:')
```

```

display(X_tf)

% Visualize local X Transfer Function Poles
disp('X Transfer Function Poles:')
display(pole(X_tf));

% Visualize local X Transfer Function Zeros
disp('local X Transfer Function Zeros:')
display(zero(X_tf));

% Convert State-Space Form to Y Transfer Function
[Y_num, Y_den] = ss2tf(A,B,C,D,2);
Y_tf = tf(Y_num(2,:),Y_den);
disp('Local Y Transfer Function:')
display(Y_tf)

% Visualize Y Transfer Function Poles
disp('Y Transfer Function Poles:')
disp(pole(Y_tf));

% Visualize Y Transfer Function Zeros
disp('Y Transfer Function Zeros:')
disp(zero(Y_tf));

```

Local X Transfer Function:

X_tf =

$$\frac{0.25 s^4 + 0.003125 s^3 - 51.63 s^2 - 0.6454 s}{s^6 + 0.025 s^5 + 0.0001563 s^4}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

X Transfer Function Poles:

```

      0 +      0i
      0 +      0i
      0 +      0i
      0 +      0i
-0.0125 + 1.4908e-10i
-0.0125 - 1.4908e-10i

```

local X Transfer Function Zeros:

```

      0
    14.371
   -14.371
   -0.0125

```

Local Y Transfer Function:

Y_tf =

$$\frac{0.25 s^4 + 0.003125 s^3}{s^6 + 0.025 s^5 + 0.0001563 s^4}$$

$$s^6 + 0.025 s^5 + 0.0001563 s^4$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

Y Transfer Function Poles:

$$\begin{array}{l} 0 + 0i \\ 0 + 0i \\ 0 + 0i \\ 0 + 0i \\ -0.0125 + 1.4908e-10i \\ -0.0125 - 1.4908e-10i \end{array}$$

Y Transfer Function Zeros:

$$\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -0.0125 \end{array}$$

%Discrete Jacobian State Space

dt = 0.1;

SS_Discr = c2d(stateSpace,dt,'zoh');

disp('Discrete Jacobian State-Space')

display(SS_Discr)

Discrete Jacobian State-Space

SS_Discr =

A =

	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6
x1	1	0	-0.04903	0.09994	0	-0.001634
x2	0	1	0	0	0.09994	0
x3	0	0	1	0	0	0.1
x4	0	0	-0.9804	0.9988	0	-0.04903
x5	0	0	0	0	0.9988	0
x6	0	0	0	0	0	1

B =

	u1	u2
x1	0.001034	0
x2	0	0.001249
x3	0.02632	0
x4	0.01638	0
x5	0	0.02498
x6	0.5263	0

C =

	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6
y1	1	0	0	0	0	0
y2	0	1	0	0	0	0

D =

	u1	u2
y1	0	0

```
y2    0    0

Sample time: 0.1 seconds
Discrete-time state-space model.

%Controllability & Observability:
if rank(ctrb(A,B)) == size(A,2) && rank(observ(A,C)) == size(C,2)
    disp(['This system is both observable & controllable so this system will
    be used' ...
    ' for the Observer State-Feedback Controller'])
end

This system is both observable & controllable so this system will be used for
the Observer State-Feedback Controller
```

Published with MATLAB® R2023a