

National University of Computer & Emerging Sciences, Karachi

Fall-2023 FAST School of Computing Final Exam Solution



18th December 2023, 9:00 am – 12:00 pm

Course Code:CS1002	Course Name: Programming Fundamentals	
Instructor Name: Mr. M. Shahzad, Dr. Farooque, Dr. Abdul Aziz, Mr. Zain, Mr. Basit, Ms. Sobia, Mr. Farooq		
Zaidi, Mr. M. Kariz		
Student Roll No:	Sec	tion:

Instructions:

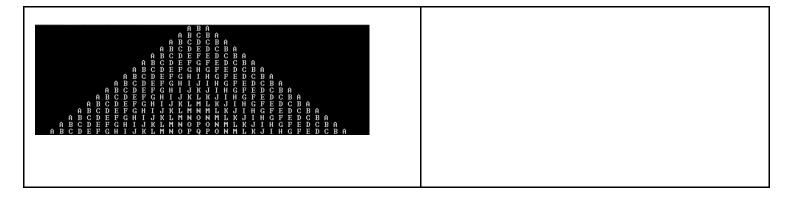
- Return the question paper and make sure to keep it inside your answer sheet.
- Read each question completely before answering it. There are 6 questions and 5 pages.
- In case of any ambiguity, you may make assumptions. However, your assumption should not contradict any statement in the question paper.
- Do not write anything on the question paper (except your ID and group).

Total Time: 170 minutes Max Points: 100

Q1: [20 min, 15 Points (5 each), CLO 1]

a. Write on the answer sheet the output of the following programs, when they are executed. There are no compilation errors in the programs.

1, 2, 3	{3, 2, 1};
4, 5, 6	{6, 5, 4};
	{9, 8, 7};



```
struct student
                                                        Output:
       char fname[30];
                                                        Enter "exit" as First Name to stop reading user input.
       char lname[30];
       int rollno;
                                                        First Name: Ali
                                                        Last Name : Iqbal
Roll Number : 101
        float percentage;
   };
                                                        Percentage: 90.50
   void writeStudentToFile(const char
   *filename) {
                                                        First Name: Naima
                                                        Last Name : Ali
       FILE *fp;
       struct student input;
                                                        Percentage: 95.50
        // open student file for writing
fp = fopen(filename, "w");
        fp = fopen(filename,
                                                        First Name: exit
       if (fp == NULL)
            printf("\nFile opening
   error..\n\n");
            exit(1);
       printf("Enter \"exit\" as First Name to
   stop reading user input.");
       while (1) {
    printf("\nFirst Name: ");
            scanf("%s", input.fname);
            if (strcmp(input.fname, "exit") ==
   0)
                break;
            printf("Last Name : ");
scanf("%s", input.lname);
            printf("Roll Number : ");
            scanf("%d", &input.rollno);
printf("Percentage : ");
            scanf("%f", &input.percentage);
            // write student data to file
            fwrite(&input, sizeof(struct
   student), 1, fp);
       fclose(fp);
   }
                                                        Output:
int* getMinMax(int *numbers, const int size) {
                                                        Enter size of array: 5
    int i;
                                                        Enter 5 elements in array: 1 -2 3 -1 9
    int min = *numbers;
                                                        Minimum value in array : −2
    int max = *numbers;
                                                        Maximum value in array: 9
    for (i = 1; i < size; i++) {
         if (*(numbers + i) < min)</pre>
             min = *(numbers + i);
         if (*(numbers + i) > max)
             max = *(numbers + i);}
    int *resultArray = (int*)malloc(2 *
sizeof(int));
    resultArray[0] = min;
    resultArray[1] = max;
    return resultArray;
}
```

```
void removeWordFromString(char str[], char
                                                           Output:
word[], char neww[]) {
    int i, j = 0, k = 0, n = 0;
    int flag = 0;
                                                           Enter any string to remove a word
                                                           from it:
                                                          Programming Fundamental
           for (i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) { k = i;
                                                           Enter the word you want to remove:
                while (str[i] == word[j]) {
                                                           gram
                    i++, j++;
if (j == strlen(word)) {
    flag = 1;
                                                           After removing the word from the
                                                           string: Proming Fundamental
                         break;
                }
j = 0;
                if (flag == 0)
                    i = k;
                    flag = 0;
                neww[n++] = str[i];
           neww[n] = ' \setminus 0';
       }
```

Q3: [25 min, 12 Points, CLO 3]

#include <stdio.h>

```
#define N 10000
#define inf 1e9
int arr[N], n, x;
int foo(int sum)
      if (sum == 0)
      return 0;
      int mini = inf;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
      if (sum - arr[i] >= 0)
      {
             int m = foo(sum - arr[i]) + 1;
             if (mini > m)
             mini = m;
      }
      }
      return mini;
}
int main(void)
      scanf("%d %d", &n, &x);
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
      scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
       printf("%d\n", foo(x));
}
```

Q4: [30 min, 20 Points, CLO 2

You need to write two functions for user authentication with encryption in C Language:

Part A. void encrypt(*usernames, *passwords): This function takes two pointer arrays as arguments: usernames:

An array of 100 strings containing user names, and passwords: An array of 100 strings containing passwords. Strings are null ('\0') terminated.

For each username and password pair, the function encrypts them using the below method:

- Each character in the string is replaced by another character that is i positions ahead in the alphabet.
- i is determined by the index of the string in the usernames array (e.g., first string element uses i=0, second element uses i=1, etc.).

Part B. int find(*usernames, *passwords, *search_username, *search_password): This function takes four arguments. The function searches in the encrypted usernames and passwords arrays for a matching pair corresponding to the provided search_username and search_password (un-encrypted). Function returns 1 if a matching username and password pair are found, 0 otherwise.

-----RUBRICS-----

10 Points: Function prototype, definition uses nested loop to access characters and each character is updated using index position.

10 Points: Function prototype, definition uses nested loop to access characters and Encrypt the input strings and compare with encrypted data.

OR

decrypt the data in database, each decrypted entry is compared with input strings.

The function flag should be updated if the entry matches.

PART 1:

}

}

return userFlag;

```
void encrypt(char *usernames[], char *passwords[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 100; ++i) {
           char user[100];
           strcpy (user, usernames[i]);
        for (int j = 0; user[j] != '\0'; ++j) {
            user[j] = user[j] + i;
        }
           usernames[i] = user;
           char pw[100];
           strcpy (pw, passwords[i]);
        for (int j = 0; pw[j] != '\0'; ++j) {
            pw[j] = pw[j] + i;
           passwords[i] = pw;
}
PART 2:
int find(char *usernames[], char *passwords[], char *search username, char
*search password)
{
    int userFlag = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 100 && userFlag != 1; i++)
        char user[100];
           strcpy (user, search username);
        for (int j = 0; user[j] != '\0'; ++j) {
            user[j] = user[j] + i;
           char pw[100];
           strcpy (pw, passwords[i]);
        for (int j = 0; pw[j] != ' \setminus 0'; ++j) {
            pw[j] = pw[j] + i;
        if (strcmp(user, usernames[i]) && strcmp(pw, passwords[i]))
            userFlag = 1;
```

```
Part. A
// Structure Definitions
struct DailyConsumption {
    int day;
    double unitsConsumed;
};
struct BillingTier {
    double rate;
    double upperLimit;
struct ElectricityBill
    char customerName[50];
    int customerID;
    struct DailyConsumption dailyConsumptions[30];
};
Part B
void calculateTotalConsumption(struct ElectricityBill *bill)
    double totalConsumption = 0.0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 30; i++)
        totalConsumption += bill->dailyConsumptions[i].unitsConsumed;
    // Calculate and print the total bill based on billing tiers
    double totalBill = 0.0;
    int tierIndex = 0;
    while (totalConsumption > billingTiers[tierIndex].upperLimit &&
billingTiers[tierIndex].upperLimit != -1.0)
            totalBill += billingTiers[tierIndex].upperLimit *
billingTiers[tierIndex].rate;
            totalConsumption -= billingTiers[tierIndex].upperLimit;
            tierIndex++;
    totalBill += totalConsumption * billingTiers[tierIndex].rate;
    printf("Total Bill: $%.2f\n", totalBill);
void findUnitFrequency(struct ElectricityBill bill)
    int frequency[30] = \{0\};
      double units;
    for (int i = 0; i < 30; i++)
        units = bill.dailyConsumptions[i].unitsConsumed;
        frequency[i] = 1;
        for (int j = i + 1; j < 30; j++)
            if (bill.dailyConsumptions[j].unitsConsumed == units)
                frequency[i]++;
                frequency[i] = -1;
        if (frequency[i] != -1) {
    printf("%.21f units frequency is %d\n", units, frequency[i]);
    }
void Analysis(const struct ElectricityBill *bill) {
    // Find the second highest and third lowest electricity consumption
    double highestConsumption = -1.0;
    double secondHighestConsumption = -1.0;
    double lowestConsumption = 1.0e9;
    double secondLowestConsumption = 1.0e9;
    double thirdLowestConsumption = 1.0e9;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 30; ++i)
                  double consumption = bill->dailyConsumptions[i].unitsConsumed;
                  // Update highest and second highest
if (consumption > highestConsumption) {
                       secondHighestConsumption = highestConsumption;
                       highestConsumption = consumption;
                   } else if (consumption > secondHighestConsumption && consumption <</pre>
          highestConsumption)
                       secondHighestConsumption = consumption;
                   // Update lowest and second lowest and third lowest
                  if (consumption < lowestConsumption) {</pre>
                       thirdLowestConsumption = secondLowestConsumption;
                       secondLowestConsumption = lowestConsumption;
                       lowestConsumption = consumption;
                   } else if (consumption < secondLowestConsumption) {
                       thirdLowestConsumption = secondLowestConsumption;
                       secondLowestConsumption = consumption;
                   } else if (consumption < thirdLowestConsumption)</pre>
                       thirdLowestConsumption = consumption;
              }
              // Display the results
          printf("Days with the second highest and third lowest electricity consumption: \n");
              printf("Second Highest Consumption (%.21f units):\n",
          secondHighestConsumption);
              for (int i = 0; i < 30; ++i) {
                  if (bill->dailyConsumptions[i].unitsConsumed == secondHighestConsumption)
          {
                       printf("Day %d\n", bill->dailyConsumptions[i].day);
              }
              printf("Third Lowest Consumption (%.21f units):\n", thirdLowestConsumption);
              for (int i = 0; i < 30; ++i) {
                   if (bill->dailyConsumptions[i].unitsConsumed == thirdLowestConsumption) {
                       printf("Day %d\n", bill->dailyConsumptions[i].day);
          } }
Q6: [30 min, 20 Points, CLO 4]
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
  #include <string.h>
  char *result = NULL;
  // Function to concatenate two strings dynamically
  char* concatenateStrings(char* str1, char* str2) {
       int len1 = strlen(str1);
       int len2 = strlen(str2);
       int totalLen = len1 + len2 + 1;
       // Check if this is the first concatenation
       if (result == NULL) {
           result = (char *)malloc(totalLen * sizeof(char));
           if (result == NULL) {
               perror("Memory allocation failed. Exiting...");
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
           }
           strcpy(result, str1);
       } else {
```

```
// Reallocate memory for the concatenated result
        result = (char *)realloc(result, strlen(result) + totalLen * sizeof(char) + 1);
        if (result == NULL) {
            perror("Memory reallocation failed. Exiting...");
            exit(EXIT FAILURE);
        }
        strcat(result, str1);
    }
    // Concatenate the second string
    strcat(result, str2);
    return result;
}
int main() {
    char temp[50];
    char* input1 = NULL;
    char* input2 = NULL;
    char* concatenated = NULL;
    char choice;
    do {
        // Input two strings of varying lengths
        printf("Enter the first string: ");
        fgets(temp, sizeof(temp), stdin);
        temp[strcspn(temp, "\n")] = '\0'; // Remove trailing newline
        input1 = (char *)malloc(strlen(temp) + 1);
        strcpy(input1, temp);
        printf("Enter the second string: ");
        fgets(temp, sizeof(temp), stdin);
        temp[strcspn(temp, "\n")] = '\0'; // Remove trailing newline
        input2 = (char *)malloc(strlen(temp) + 1);
        strcpy(input2, temp);
        // Concatenate the strings
        concatenated = concatenateStrings(input1, input2);
        // Display the original input strings and the concatenated result
        printf("\nOriginal Strings:\n");
        printf("String 1: %s\n", input1);
        printf("String 2: %s\n", input2);
        printf("\nConcatenated Result with Previous Strings:\n");
        printf("%s\n", concatenated);
        // Prompt user to continue or quit
        printf("Enter 'Q' to quit or any other key to continue: ");
        scanf(" %c", &choice);
        // Free memory for the previous inputs
        free(input1);
```

```
free(input2);

// Clear input buffer
while ((getchar()) != '\n');

} while (choice != 'Q' && choice != 'q');

// Free remaining memory
free(result);

return 0;
}
```