

CSC 2204 Finite Automata Theory and Formal Languages



Department of Computer Science
SZABIST (Islamabad Campus)

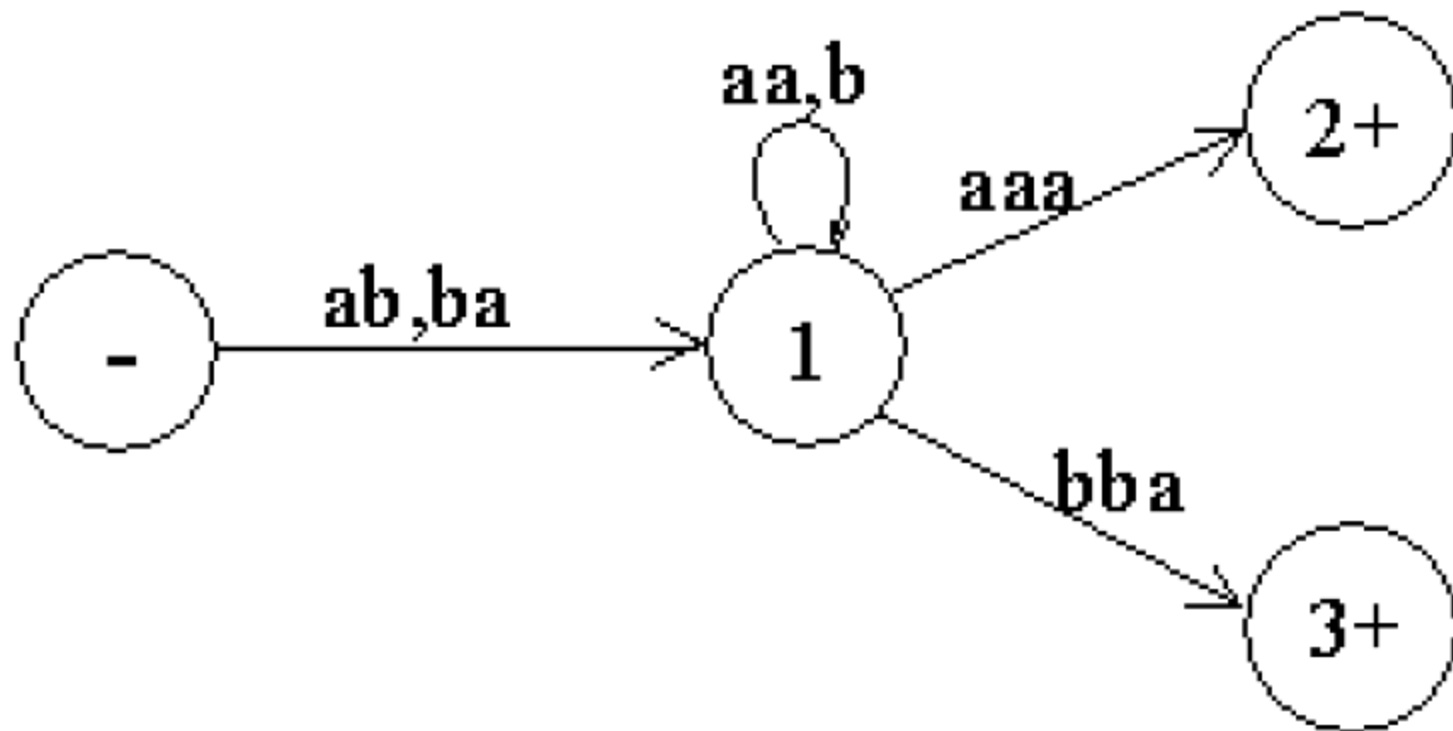
Week 6 (Lecture 1)



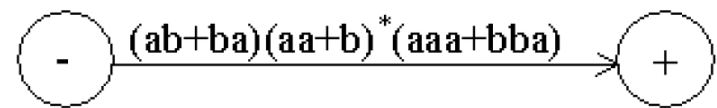
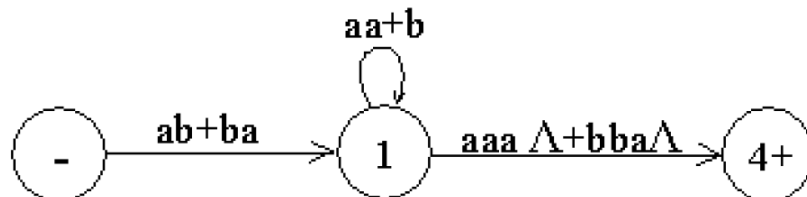
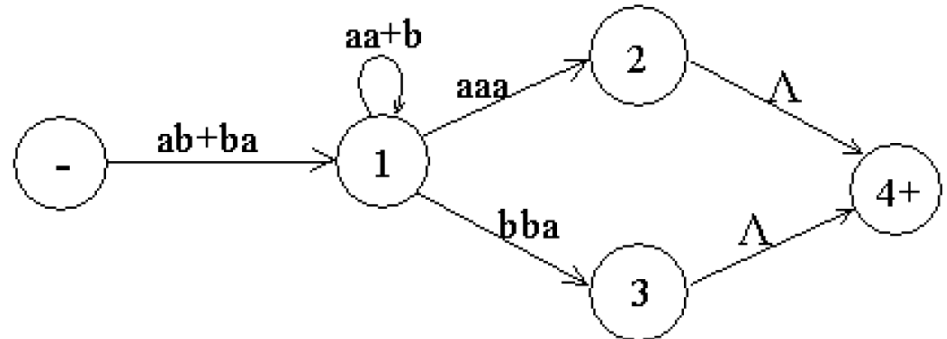
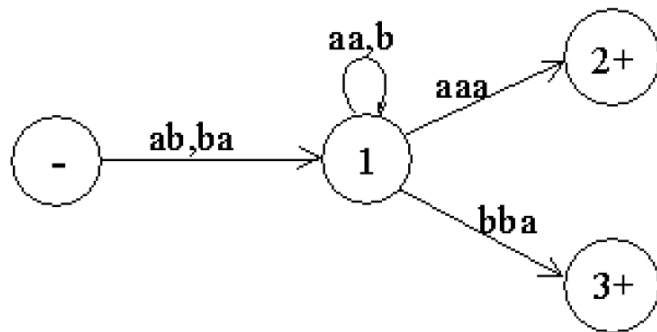
Kleen's Theorem

- Part 1:
 - If a language can be accepted by an FA then it can be accepted by a TG as well.
- Part 2:
 - If a language can be accepted by a TG then it can be expressed by an RE as well.
- Part 3:
 - If a language can be expressed by a RE then it can be accepted by an FA as well.

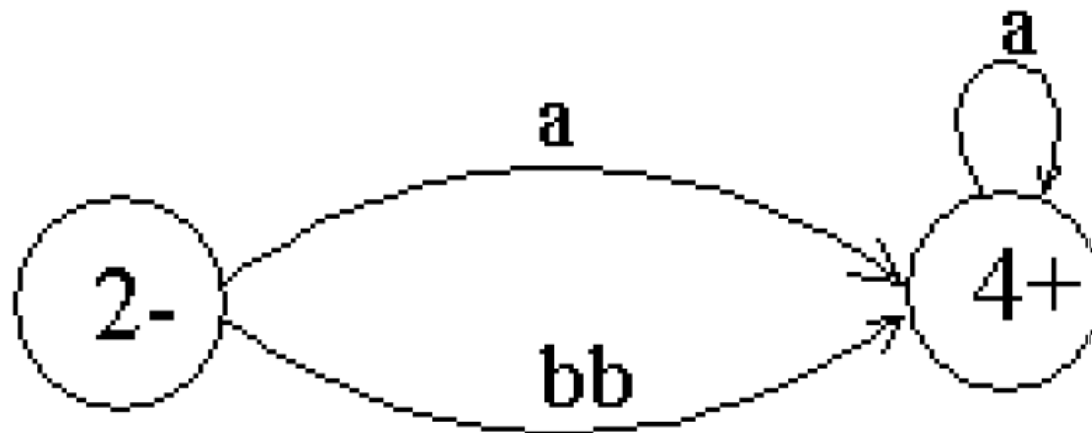
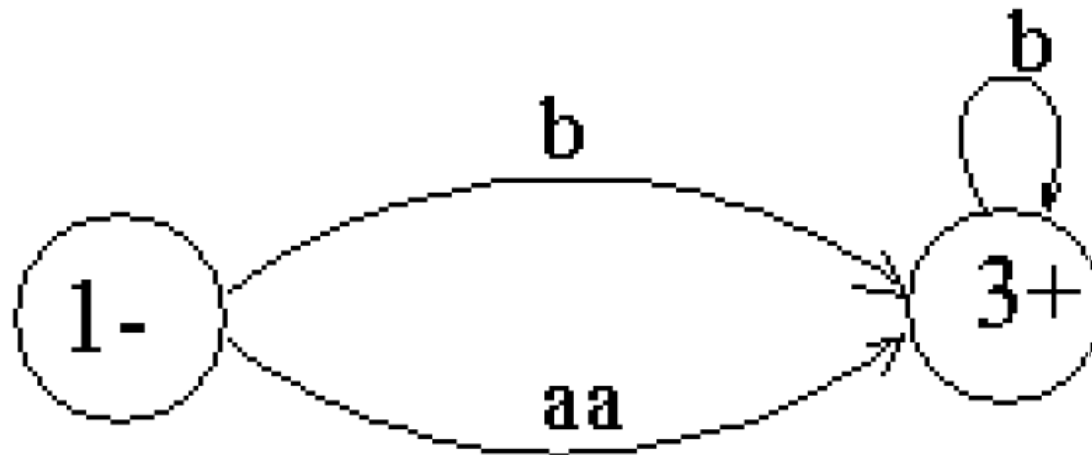
FA/TG to RE



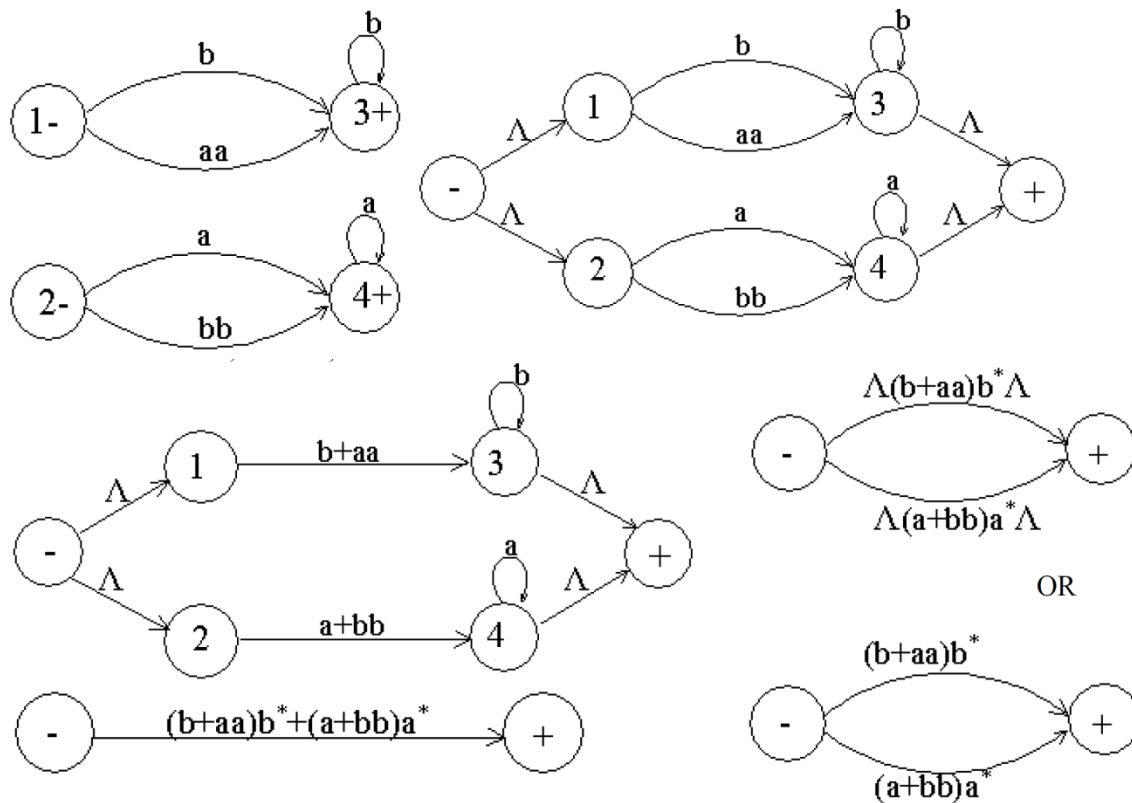
FA/TG to RE



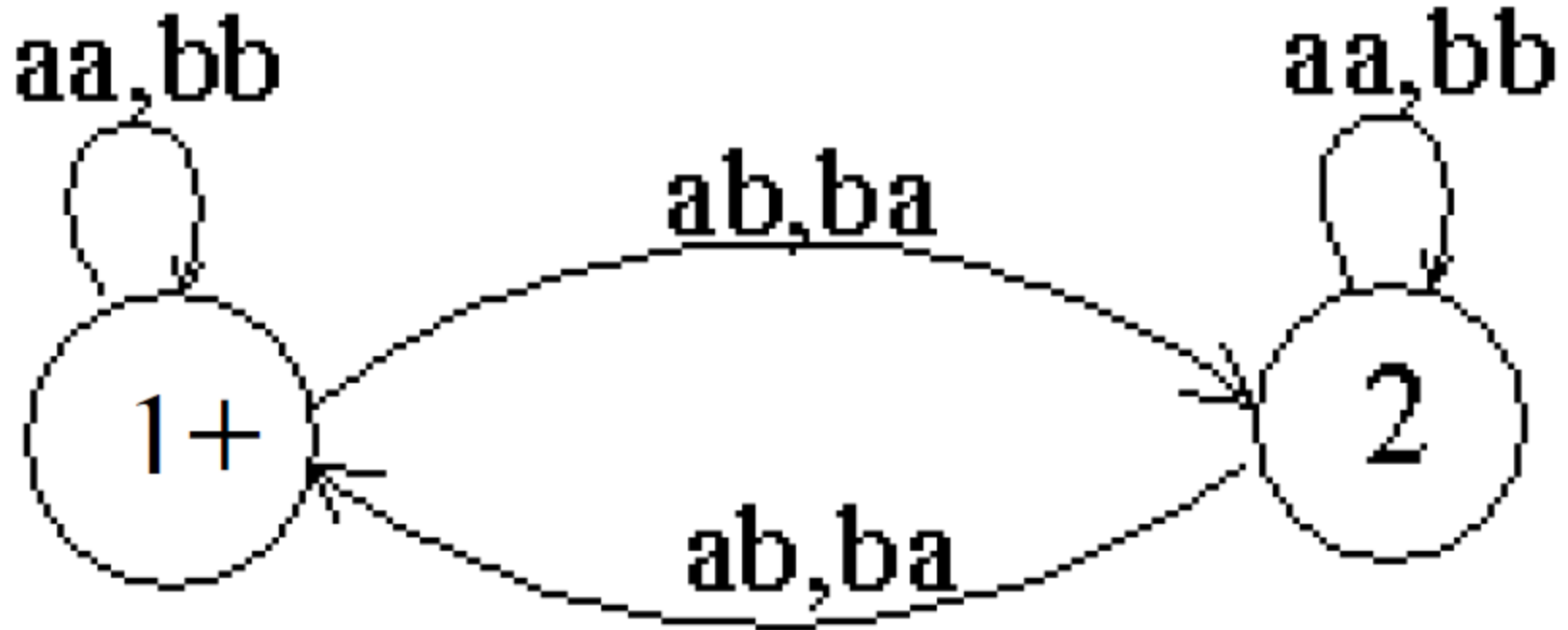
FA/TG to RE



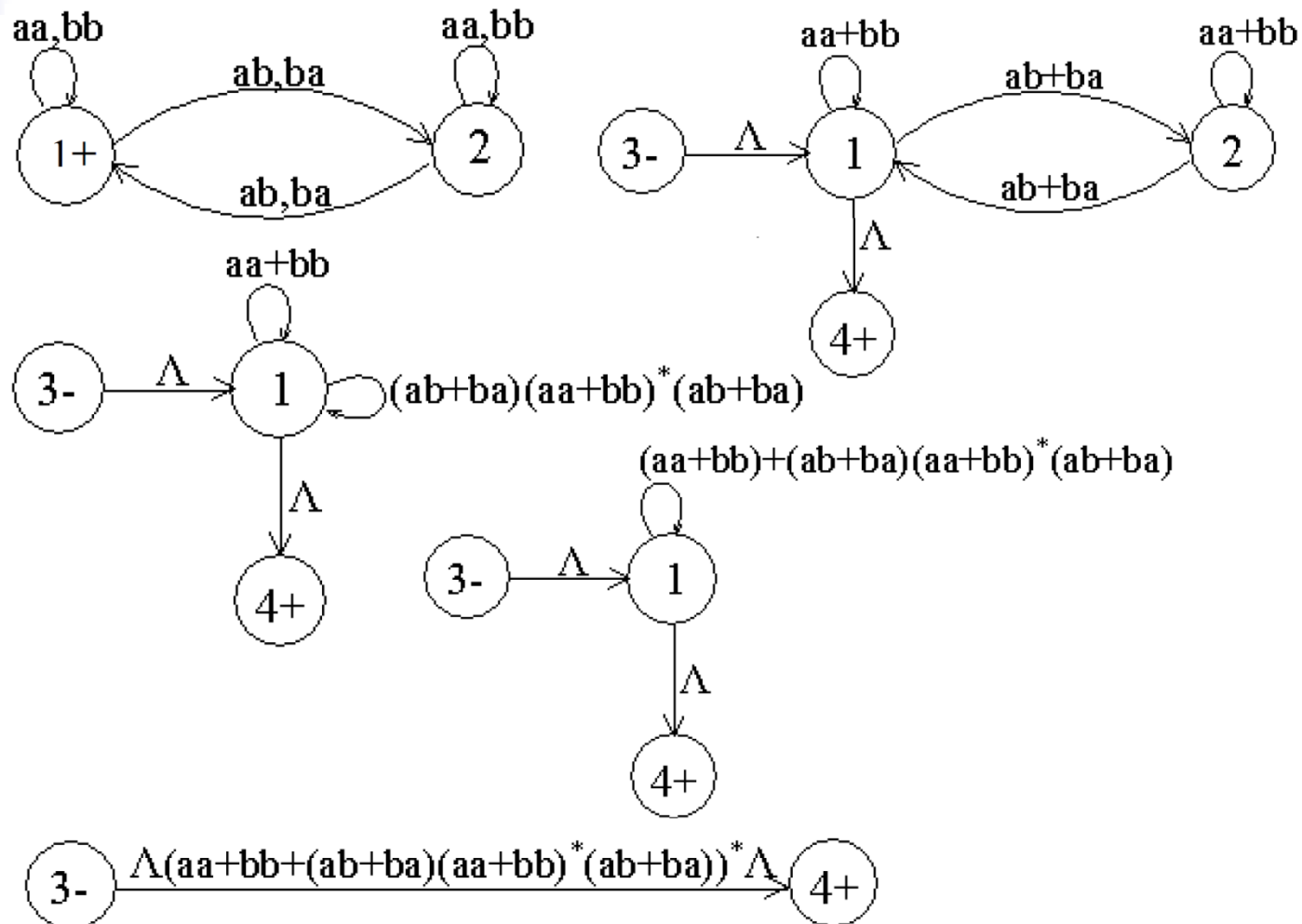
FA/TG to RE



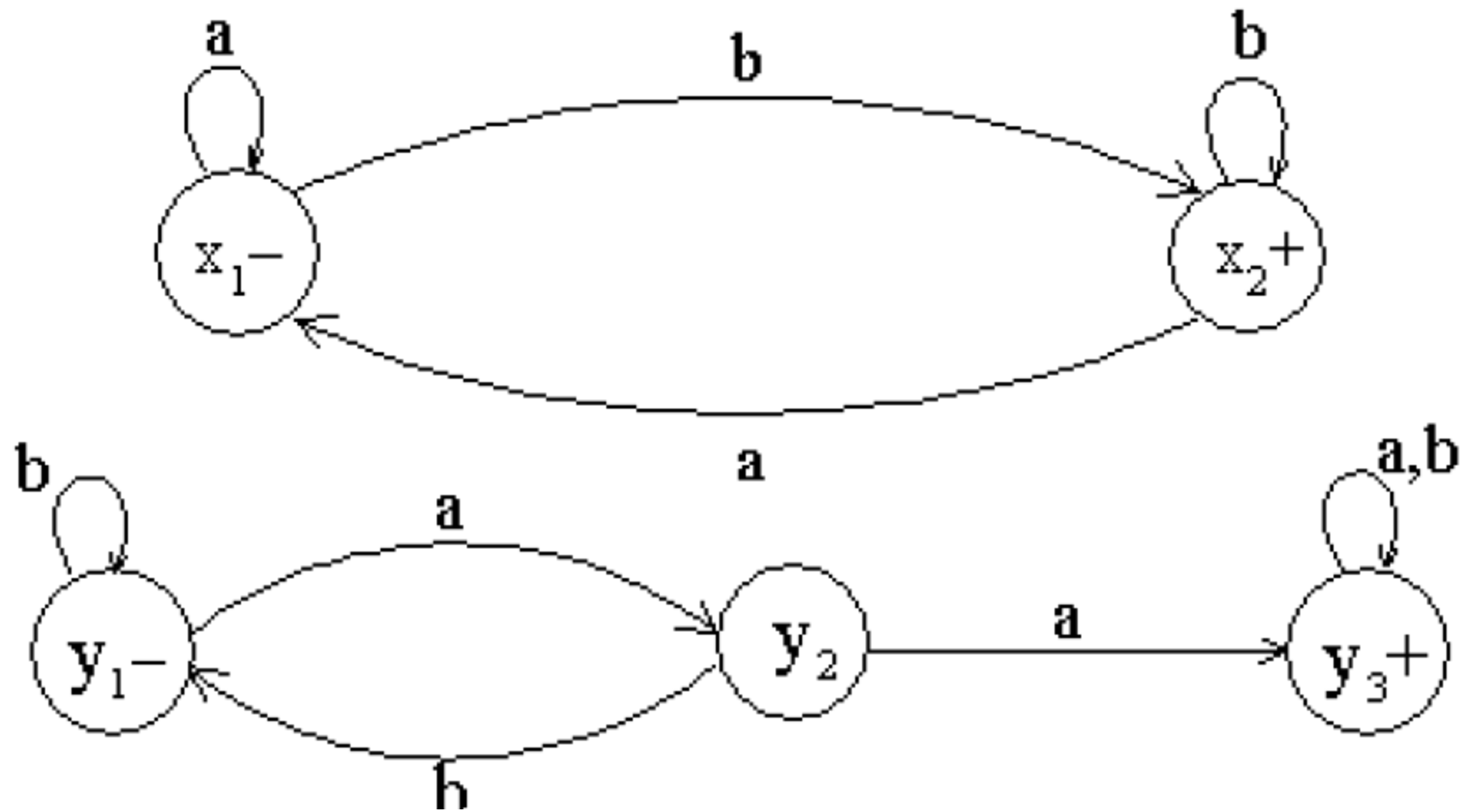
FA/TG to RE



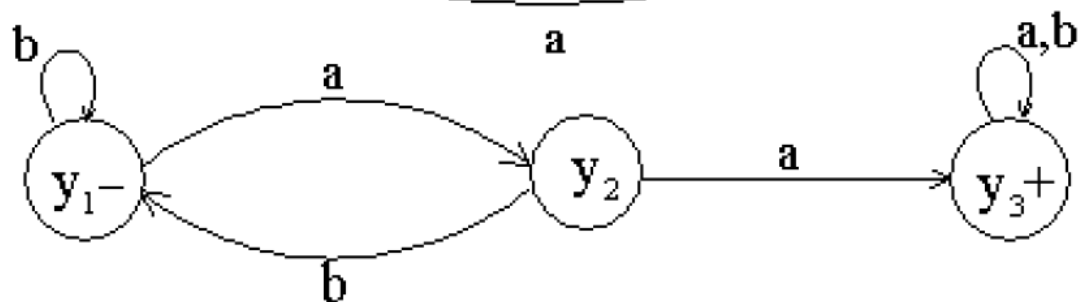
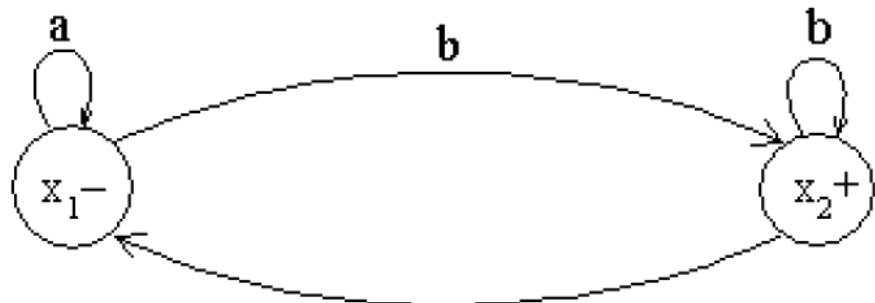
FA/TG to RE



Union



Kleen's Theorem



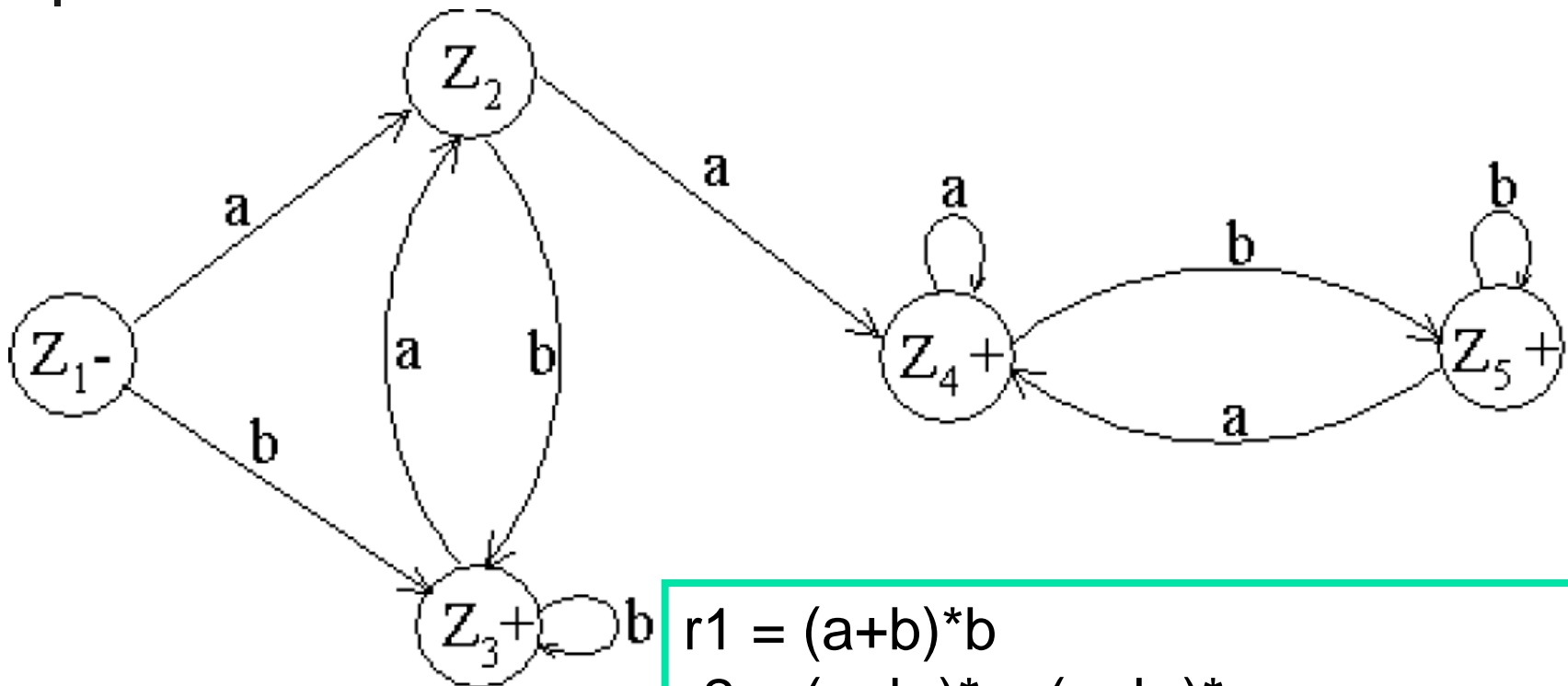
Old States	New States after reading	
	a	b
$z_1 \equiv (x_1, y_1)$	$(x_1, y_2) \equiv z_2$	$(x_2, y_1) \equiv z_3$



Union

Old States	New States after reading	
	a	b
$z_1 \equiv (x_1, y_1)$	$(x_1, y_2) \equiv z_2$	$(x_2, y_1) \equiv z_3$
$z_2 \equiv (x_1, y_2)$	$(x_1, y_3) \equiv z_4$	$(x_2, y_1) \equiv z_3$
$z_3^+ \equiv (x_2, y_1)$	$(x_1, y_2) \equiv z_2$	$(x_2, y_1) \equiv z_3$
$z_4^+ \equiv (x_1, y_3)$	$(x_1, y_3) \equiv z_4$	$(x_2, y_3) \equiv z_5$
$z_5^+ \equiv (x_2, y_3)$	$(x_1, y_3) \equiv z_4$	$(x_2, y_3) \equiv z_5$

Kleen's Theorem

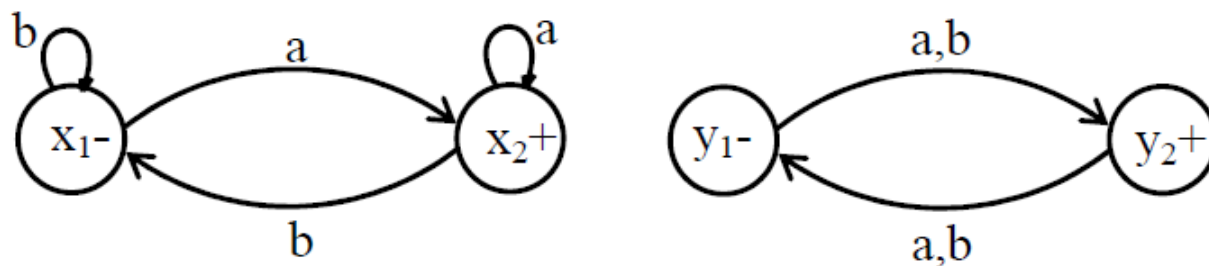


$$r1 = (a+b)^*b$$

$$r2 = (a+b)^*aa(a+b)^*$$

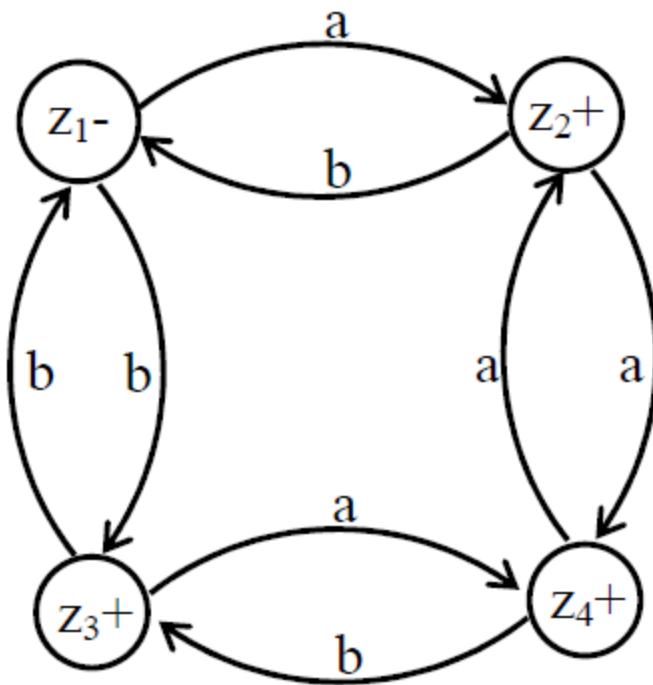
$$r1+r2 = (a+b)^*b + (a+b)^*aa(a+b)^*$$

Union



Old States	New States after reading	
	a	b
$z_1^- \equiv (x_1, y_1)$	$(x_2, y_2) \equiv z_2$	$(x_1, y_2) \equiv z_3$
$z_2^+ \equiv (x_2, y_2)$	$(x_2, y_1) \equiv z_4$	$(x_1, y_1) \equiv z_1$
$z_3^+ \equiv (x_1, y_2)$	$(x_2, y_1) \equiv z_4$	$(x_1, y_1) \equiv z_1$
$z_4^+ \equiv (x_2, y_1)$	$(x_2, y_2) \equiv z_2$	$(x_1, y_2) \equiv z_3$

Union



$$r1 = (a+b)^*a$$

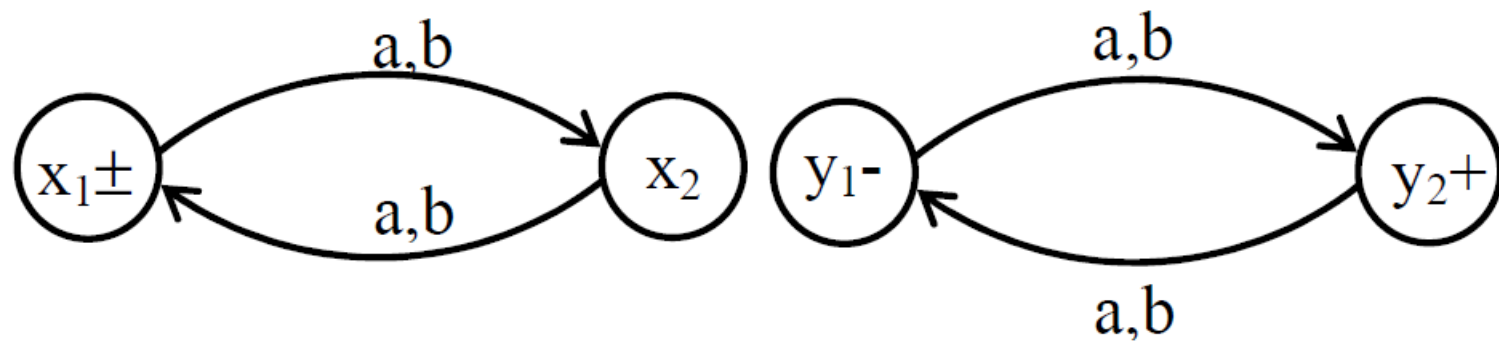
$$r2 = (a+b)((a+b)(a+b))^* \text{ or}$$

$$r2 = ((a+b)(a+b))^*(a+b)$$

$$r1+r2 = (a+b)^*a + (a+b)((a+b)(a+b))^*$$

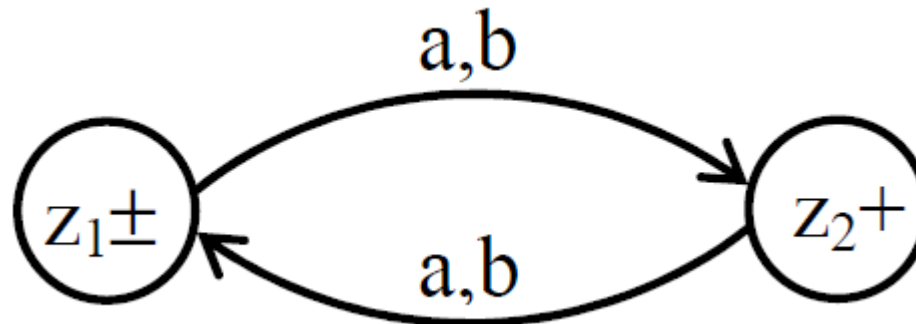
$$r1+r2 = (a+b)^*a + ((a+b)(a+b))^*(a+b)$$

Union



Old States	New States after reading	
	a	b
$z_1^{\pm} \equiv (x_1, y_1)$	$(x_2, y_2) \equiv z_2$	$(x_2, y_2) \equiv z_2$
$z_2^{+} \equiv (x_2, y_2)$	$(x_1, y_1) \equiv z_1$	$(x_1, y_1) \equiv z_1$

Kleen's Theorem



$$r1 = ((a+b)(a+b))^*$$

$$r2 = (a+b)((a+b)(a+b))^*$$

$$r2 = ((a+b)(a+b))^*(a+b)$$

$$r1+r2 = ((a+b)(a+b))^* + (a+b)((a+b)(a+b))^*$$

$$r1+r2 = ((a+b)(a+b))^* + ((a+b)(a+b))^*(a+b)$$