

# O D P S

Object Oriented Programming Structure

# IN THE NAME OF ALLAH THE GRACIOUS, THE MERCIFUL.



## GETS - GETTING EDUCATION WITH TECHNOLOGICAL SYSTEM

Instructor: Sir A.Rehman Ali Brohi

# LECTURE: 1 Object Oriented Programming Structure



## WE WILL COVER:

- **1.00PS**
- 2. Class
- 3. Methods
- 4. Objects
- > Definition
- > Different Ways of Creating an Object
- > Create Programs Class+Methods+objects
- 5. Assaignment

## Object Oriented Programming System/Structure

#### What is OOP?

= OOP is a Programming Paradigm/Methodology

## **Types of Programming Paradigm**

- 1. Object Oriented Paradigm
- 2.Procedural Paradigm
- 3. Functional Paradigm
- 4.Logical Paradigm
- 5.Structural Paradigm

#### The way of work/Style

- e.g everyone want to earn money
- 1. Through business
- 2. Through doing job
- 3. Though freelancing etc

## What is OOPS Main Concept?

#### The 6 Main Pillars of OOPS Are:

- 1. Class
- 2. Objects and Methods
- 3. Inheritance
- 4. Polymorphism
- 5. Abstraction
- 6. Encapsulation

We will relate all main concept From real world

#### **Question for interview**

# Which Programming Language is totally/purely Object Oriented Programming?



SmallTalk was first purely object oriented Programming language

**After Others** 



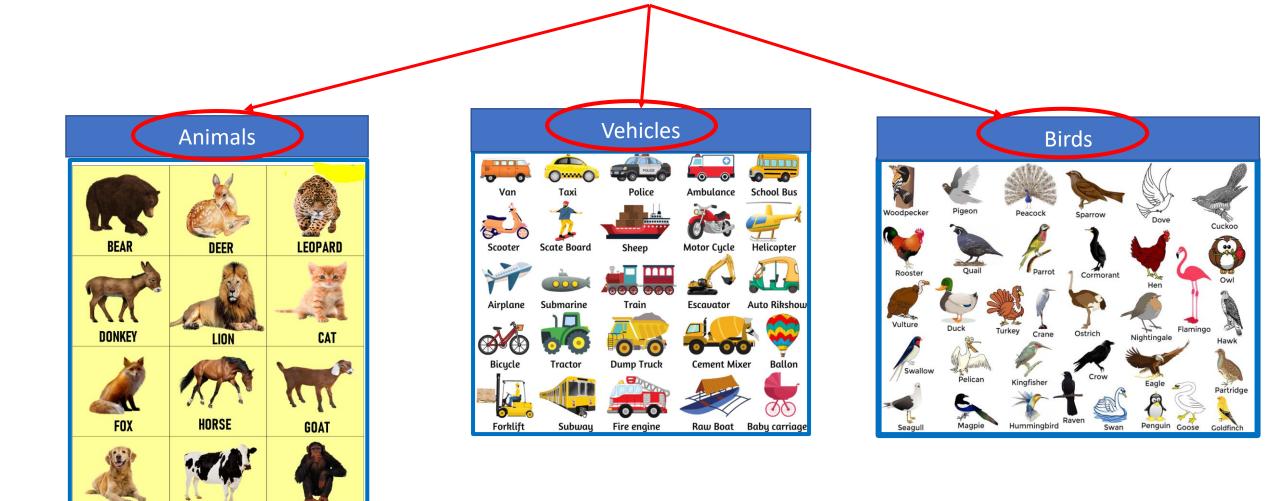






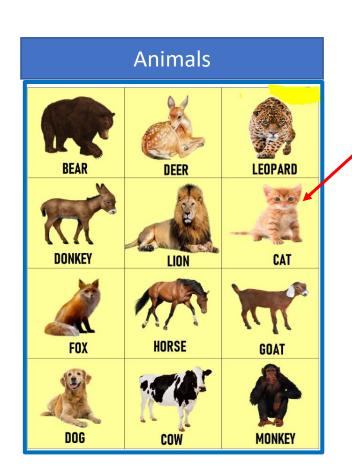
#### **About Class:**

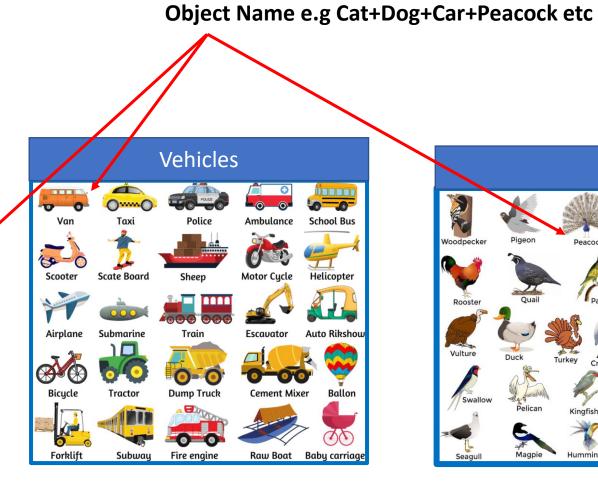
MONKEY

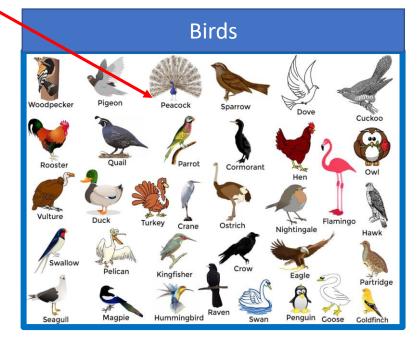


**Class Name e.g: Animals+Vehicles+Birds** 

### **About Object:**





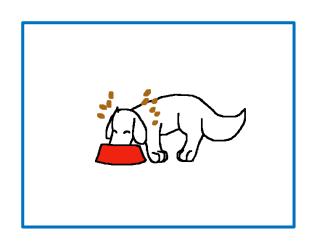


#### **About Method:**

Methods e.g: Run(), Eat, Drink(), etc





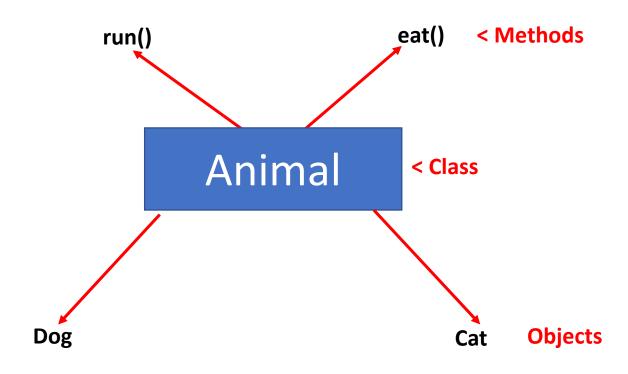


running

Driving

Eating

## **Understand About Class/Object/Method**



### What is Class?

- 1. Class is the collection of Objects
- 2. Class is not a real world entity it is just a template or blueprint/prototype
- 3. Class does not occupy memory

#### Syntex:-

#### **AccessModifier ClassName {**

- ➤ Methods
- **→** Constructors
- > Fields
- **➢** Blocks
- ➤ Nested Class

#### NOTE:

if you did not give accessmodifier in class then it will be **default** accessmodifier

## What is Method?

1. A set of codes which perform a particular task

#### **Advantages of Methods:**

- A) Code Reusability
- B) Code Optimization

```
Syntex:-
accessModifier returntype methodName (list of parameters){
```

## What is Object?

- 1. Object is an instance of Class.
- 2. Object is real world entity.
- 3. Object occupies memory.



Name of Dog

#### State/Attribute

Dog

Bread, Age, Colour

#### Behaviours

Eat, Run, Bark

#### **Object Consist of:**

- A) Identity (Name).
- B) State/Attribute (Color, Bread, Age).
- C) Behaviour (Eat, Run, Bark) Behaviour represent the Method.

#### **How to create an Object?**

- 1. New Keyword
- 2. newIntance() Method
- 3. clone Method

- 2. 4. deserialization
- 5. factory Method

## How to create an Object using new Keyword?

1. Declaration

Animal tony;

2. Instantiation

tony=new Animal();

3. Initialization

Syntax for creating an object

Animal tony = new Animal();

Construction

## How to call method using its object?

By Using dot(.) Operator

Dot operator is used to call object methods

tony.run();

#### Simple Program for creating an object with class and methods

```
🌣 🗕 🌀 Main.java 🗡 🌀 Animal.java
public static void main(String[] args) {
 src
                            Animal tony = new Animal();
Main
                            tony.eat();
   © QuickSort
  a Animal
Calc
   g passArg
                       public void eat(){
  © Employee
  © Most
                            System.out.println("it is eating");
  © prime
  secondtask
> ∄ GUI
           10
 Main.iml
 # MainTwo.iml
II External Libraries
Scratches and Consoles
 Animal
   "C:\Users\Rehman Ali\.jdks\openjdk-17.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaa
   it is eating
   Process finished with exit code 0
```

## After reading the above slide create new method and call it from main method

#### Create another method in same class and call it

```
- G Main.java
                   G Animal.java
                  public class Animal {
                        public static void main(String[] args) {
                             Animal tony = new Animal();
com.company
 Main
                             tony.eat();
 QuickSort
                             tony.run();
 Calc
 g passArg
j Employee
Most
                        public void eat(){
prime
                             System.out.println("it is eating");
secondtask
fii Gui
/lain.iml
/lainTwo.iml
                        public void run(){
rnal Libraries
                             System.out.println("it is running");
tches and Consoles
                  }
          14
Animal
it is eating
it is running
 Process finished with exit code 0
```

# Now Create an other Class with methods and call it form main Method

```
G Animal.java
public class Animal {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal tony = new Animal();
        tony.eat();
        tony.run();
        Birds birdclass = new Birds();
        birdclass.sparrow();
    public void eat(){
        System.out.println("it is eating");
    public void run(){
        System.out.println("it is running");
```

```
G Animal.java
                     public void eat(){
                          System.out.println("it is eating");
com.company
                     public void run(){
 Main
 © QuickSort
                          System.out.println("it is running");
C Animal.java
Calc.java
         15
 Calc
 © passArg
Employee
                class Birds{
                     public void sparrow(){
secondtask
                          System.out.println("Sparrow is flying");
 "C:\Users\Rehman Ali\.jdks\openjdk-17.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaa
it is eating
it is running
 Sparrow is flying
```

## Do some experiment:

> What if we will write some methods above in main method

## Assaignment: Create Program Name **MiniPrograms**

Create all programs in methods what ever we had study in core class like:

#### Create Class Name "SelectionStatement"

- 1. DaysCounter = if 500 (years, months, weeks, remaining days)
- 2. ATMCounter in Ruppees (5000, 1000, 500, etc)
- 3. Salary
- 4. Convertor Program (a) Feet to Inch (b) Inch to Feet (c) Kilo To Gram (d) Gram to kilo (e) Days to month
- TrollyLoad
- 6. Marksheet
- 7. Nested if matching the condition
- 8. Swiping Values
- 9. number is even or Odd
- 10. number is Negative or Positive
- 11. which number is greater using 3 numbers
- 12. Calculator
- 13. ATM Machine (Withdraw, deposit, balance check, Exit, try Again)
- 14. Electricity Bill ((1 to 100 \*3) then (101 to 200 \*8) then (201 to 300 \*12))
- 15. Season Program

#### Create Class name "Loops"

16. Print 2 table list like( 2x1=2 2x2=4 2x3=6 etc)

17. Print Nested Words like

Rehman

**Rehman Rehman** 

**Rehman Rehman** 

18. Print Nested Char like

R

Re

Reh

Rehm

Rehma

Rehman

19. Create Class Name "StarPattern"

A=star B=star C=star etc.

20. Create Class name "NumberPattern"

A=NumPattern B=NumPattern etc.

21. Create Class name "LogicalPrograms"

A= FizzBuzz Program, B=Fabonic Series C=Factorial Series d=A to Z character Series