

1. Write a Java method that:

- Accepts an integer n as input.
- Uses a for loop to check whether n is prime.
- Returns "Prime" if n is prime, otherwise returns "Not Prime".

Analyze the time complexity of your solution

2. Explain the error in the following word and correct it.

```
public class TypingExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int num = 10;  
        num = "Hello"; // Identify and fix the error  
    }  
}
```

3.

```
class Data {  
    int value;  
}
```

```
public class MemoryTest {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Data obj1 = new Data();  
        Data obj2 = new Data();  
        obj1.value = 10;  
        obj2.value = 20;  
        obj1 = obj2;  
        obj2.value = 30;  
        System.out.println(obj1.value);  
    }  
}
```

- a. What is the output of the code?
- b. Explain how memory is allocated (stack vs heap)
- c. What happens to the object initially referenced by obj1 after assignment?

4. A software developer is working on a Java-based **real-time data processing system**. The system processes sensor data and maintains various statistics. Consider the following three variables used in different parts of the system:

- **Instance Variable:** `double currentReading;`  
Stores the latest sensor reading for an individual sensor object.
  - **Static Variable:** `static int totalReadings;`  
Tracks the total number of sensor readings processed across all sensors in the system.
  - **Local Variable:** `double averageReading;`  
Used inside a method to compute the **average of the last 10 sensor readings** and is reset every time the method is called.
- a. Explain why *currentReading* should be an instance variable instead of static.
  - b. Why must *averageReading* be a local variable instead of an instance or static variable?
  - c. What would happen if *totalReadings* were an instance variable instead of static? How would that impact data processing across multiple sensors?
  - d. Suppose the system crashes unexpectedly. Which variables (*currentReading*, *totalReadings*, or *averageReading*) will retain their last recorded value when the system restarts? Explain why.
  - e. If the developer wants to track the highest sensor reading ever recorded across all sensors, which type of variable should be used? Justify your answer.