

2 IDEATION PHASE

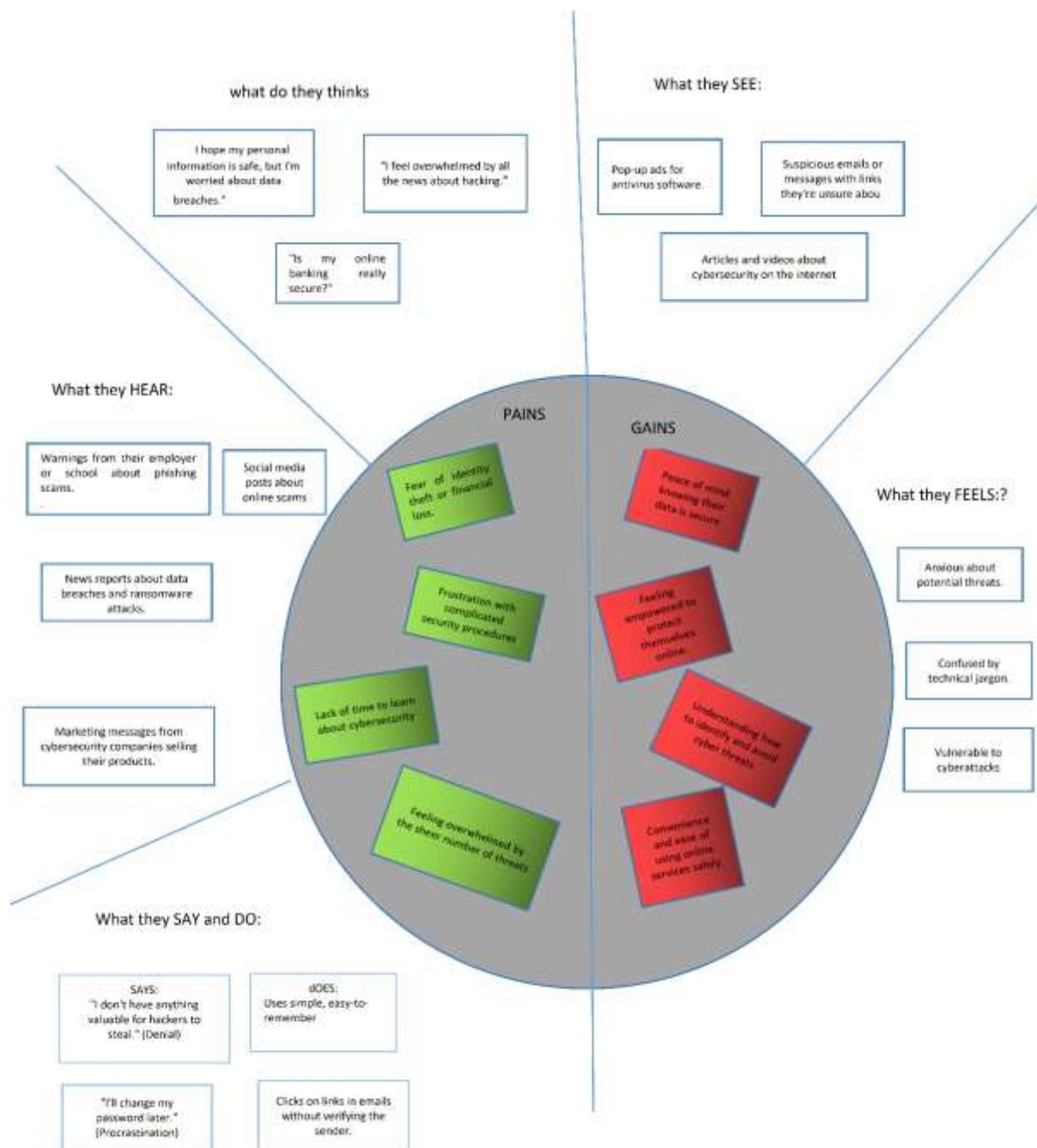
2.1 Problem Statement

Phishing emails are deceptive messages designed to appear as if they are from a trusted source, leading users to provide sensitive information unknowingly. These attacks are difficult to detect because cybercriminals use advanced techniques such as:

- Fake email addresses that resemble real domains.
- Links that redirect users to fraudulent websites.
- Urgent and manipulative messages to trick recipients into taking action.

Traditional spam filters and rule-based security systems **fail to detect advanced phishing attacks** due to their static nature. Therefore, a dynamic, learning-based approach is required to improve detection accuracy.

2.2 Empathy Map Canvas



2.3 Brainstroming

Pratiksha Satavekar

Analyzing the
Evoiuon of
Ransomware

IOT
Vulnerabilities

Deepfakes and
Social
Engineering

Akshaya Chavan

Cloud
Security
Breaches

Insider
Threat

The Threat of
AI-Powered
cyberattacks

Priyanshi Kalra

AI Driven
Threat
detection

Zero Trust
Security
Implementation

Anuja Bodhale

BlockChain
for Cyber
Security

Security
Automation and
Orchestration