

```
In [1]: # Import Libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

C:\Users\UDAY\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python39\site-packages\matplotlib\projecti  
ons\\_init\_\_.py:63: UserWarning: Unable to import Axes3D. This may be due to mu  
ltiple versions of Matplotlib being installed (e.g. as a system package and as  
a pip package). As a result, the 3D projection is not available.

```
warnings.warn("Unable to import Axes3D. This may be due to multiple versions  
of ")
```

```
In [2]: # Load dataset
df = pd.read_csv("tested.csv")
```

```
In [3]: df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin
0	892	0	3	Kelly, Mr. James	male	34.5	0	0	330911	7.8292	NaN
1	893	1	3	Wilkes, Mrs. James (Ellen Needs)	female	47.0	1	0	363272	7.0000	NaN
2	894	0	2	Myles, Mr. Thomas Francis	male	62.0	0	0	240276	9.6875	NaN
3	895	0	3	Wirz, Mr. Albert	male	27.0	0	0	315154	8.6625	NaN
4	896	1	3	Hirvonen, Mrs. Alexander (Helga E Lindqvist)	female	22.0	1	1	3101298	12.2875	NaN

```
In [4]: # 1. Basic Information
```

```
print("===== INFO =====")  
print(df.info())
```

```
===== INFO =====  
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 418 entries, 0 to 417  
Data columns (total 12 columns):  
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype     
---  --          --          --          --  
 0   PassengerId 418 non-null    int64    
 1   Survived     418 non-null    int64    
 2   Pclass       418 non-null    int64    
 3   Name         418 non-null    object    
 4   Sex          418 non-null    object    
 5   Age          332 non-null    float64   
 6   SibSp        418 non-null    int64    
 7   Parch        418 non-null    int64    
 8   Ticket       418 non-null    object    
 9   Fare          417 non-null    float64   
 10  Cabin         91 non-null    object    
 11  Embarked     418 non-null    object    
dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)  
memory usage: 39.3+ KB  
None
```

```
In [5]: print("\n===== DESCRIBE =====")
```

```
print(df.describe())
```

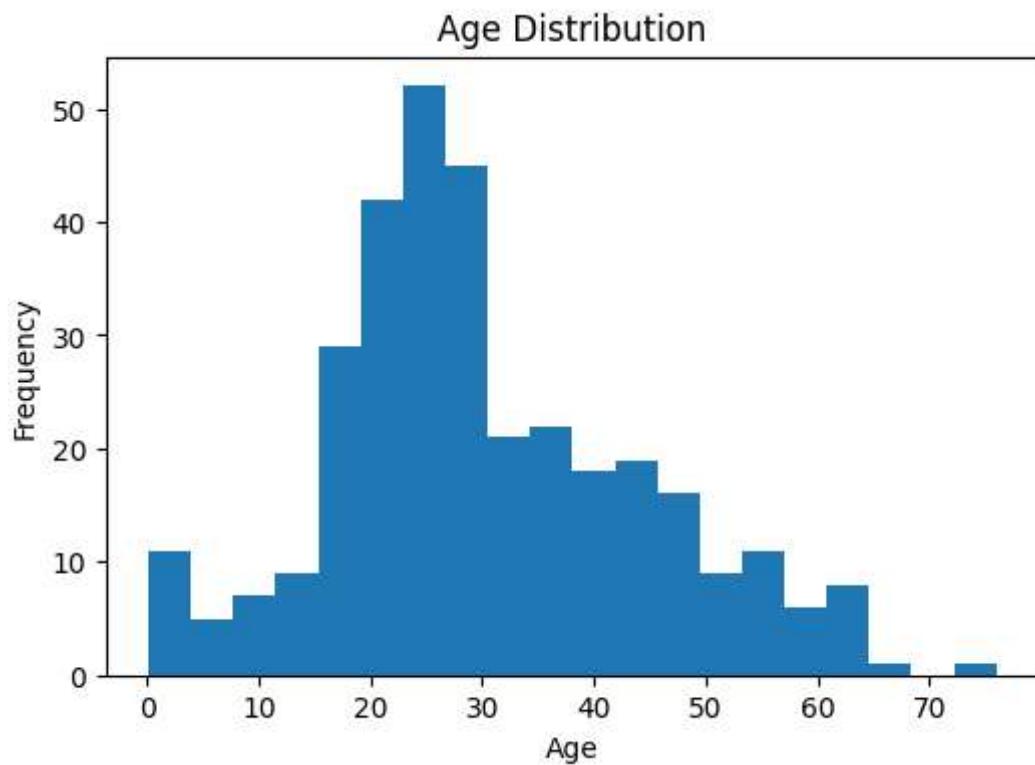
```
===== DESCRIBE =====  
           PassengerId  Survived  Pclass      Age      SibSp  \\\ncount  418.000000  418.000000  418.000000  332.000000  418.000000  
mean   1100.500000  0.363636  2.265550  30.272590  0.447368  
std    120.810458  0.481622  0.841838  14.181209  0.896760  
min    892.000000  0.000000  1.000000  0.170000  0.000000  
25%   996.250000  0.000000  1.000000  21.000000  0.000000  
50%   1100.500000  0.000000  3.000000  27.000000  0.000000  
75%   1204.750000  1.000000  3.000000  39.000000  1.000000  
max   1309.000000  1.000000  3.000000  76.000000  8.000000  
  
           Parch      Fare  
count  418.000000  417.000000  
mean   0.392344  35.627188  
std    0.981429  55.907576  
min    0.000000  0.000000  
25%   0.000000  7.895800  
50%   0.000000  14.454200  
75%   0.000000  31.500000  
max   9.000000  512.329200
```

```
In [6]: print("\n===== VALUE COUNTS =====")  
  
print("Sex:\n", df['Sex'].value_counts())  
print("\nPclass:\n", df['Pclass'].value_counts())  
print("\nEmbarked:\n", df['Embarked'].value_counts())  
print("\nSurvived:\n", df['Survived'].value_counts())
```

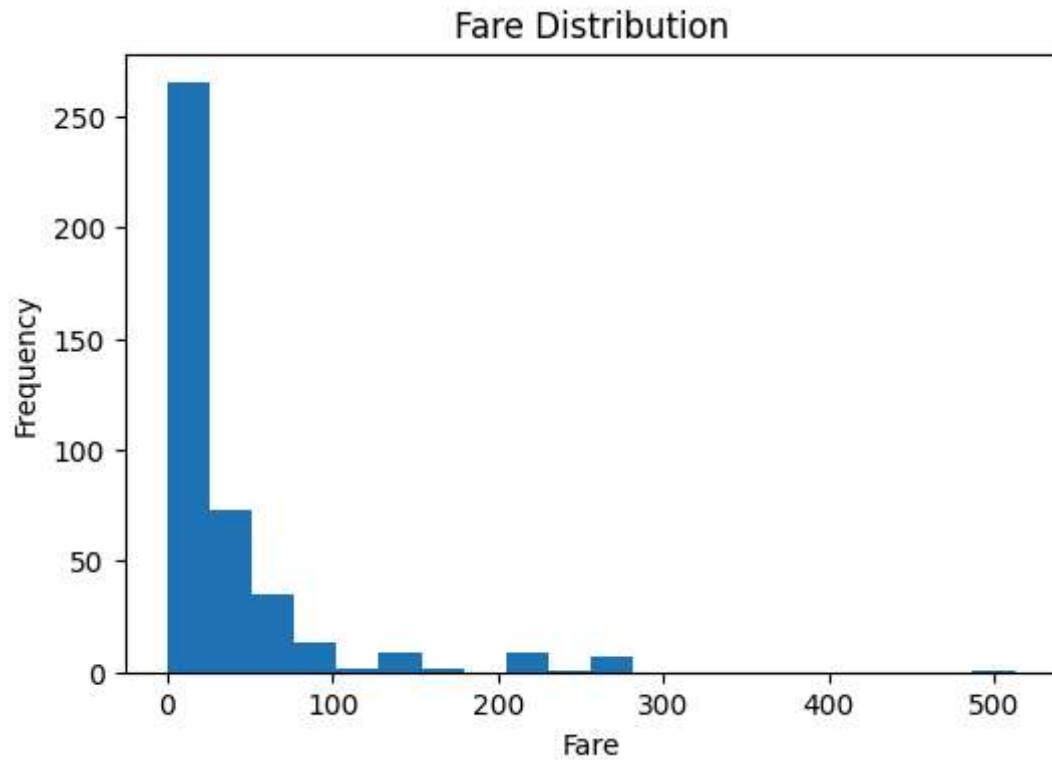
```
===== VALUE COUNTS =====  
Sex:  
male      266  
female    152  
Name: Sex, dtype: int64  
  
Pclass:  
3       218  
1       107  
2        93  
Name: Pclass, dtype: int64  
  
Embarked:  
S       270  
C       102  
Q        46  
Name: Embarked, dtype: int64  
  
Survived:  
0       266  
1       152  
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```

```
In [7]: # Histograms
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
plt.hist(df['Age'].dropna(), bins=20)
plt.title("Age Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Age")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.show()
```

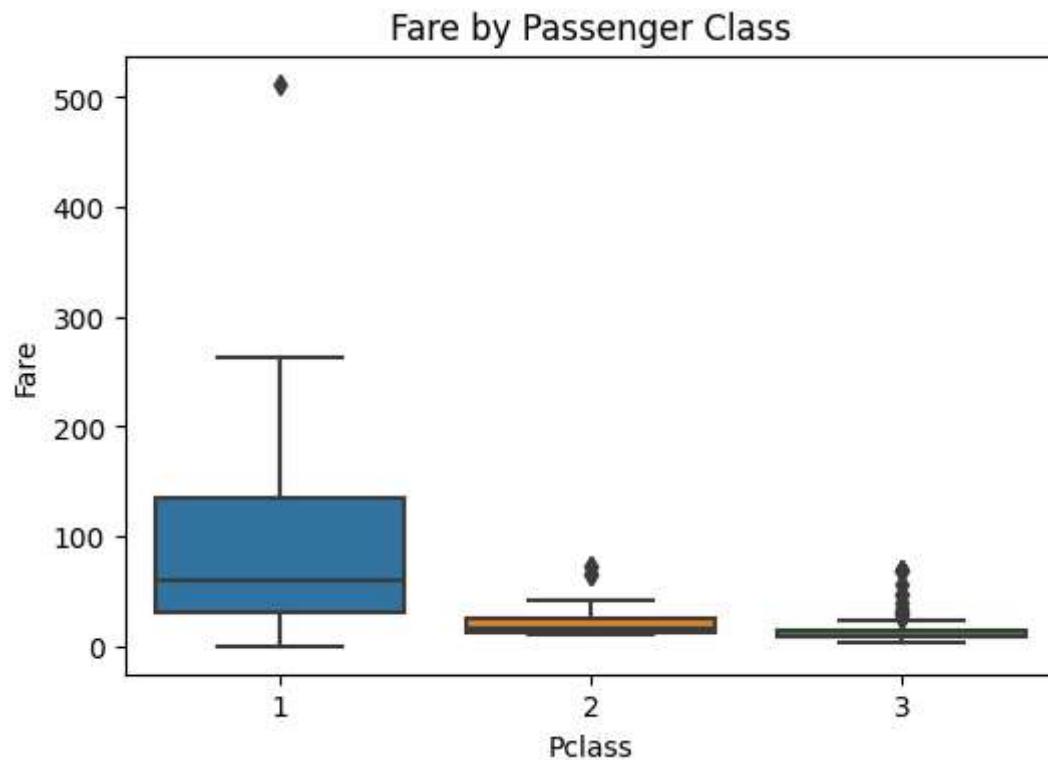


```
In [8]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
plt.hist(df['Fare'].dropna(), bins=20)
plt.title("Fare Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Fare")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.show()
```



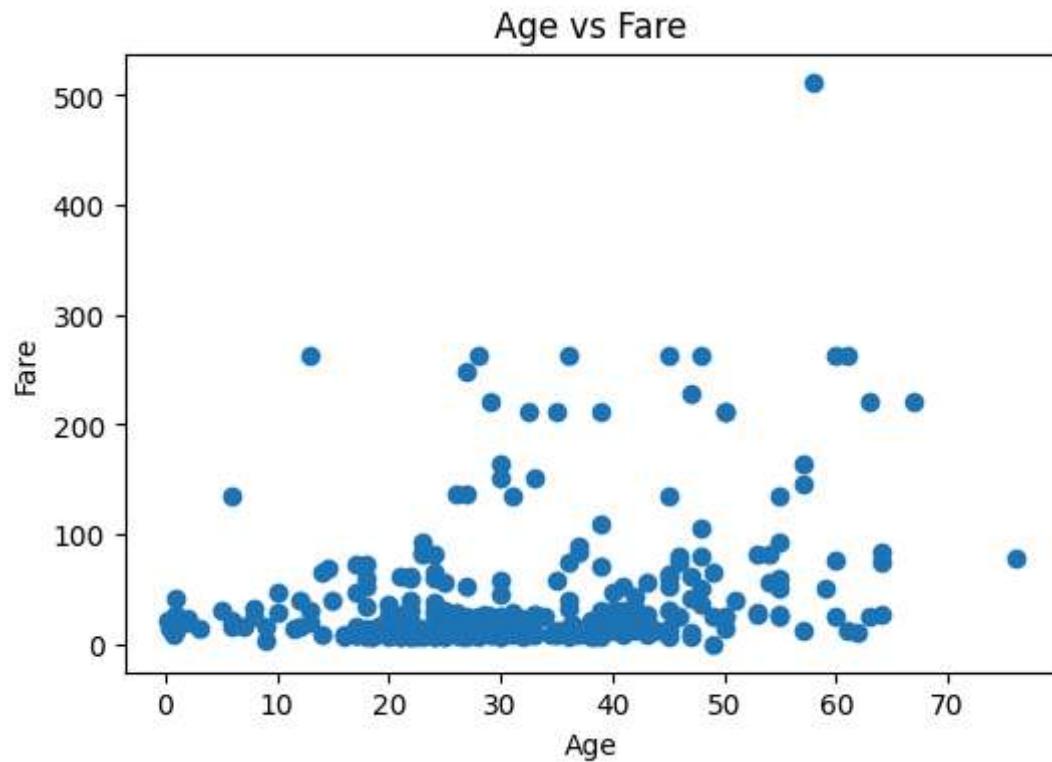
```
In [9]: # Boxplot
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.boxplot(x="Pclass", y="Fare", data=df)
plt.title("Fare by Passenger Class")
plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: # Scatter Plot
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
plt.scatter(df['Age'], df['Fare'])
plt.title("Age vs Fare")
plt.xlabel("Age")
plt.ylabel("Fare")
plt.show()
```

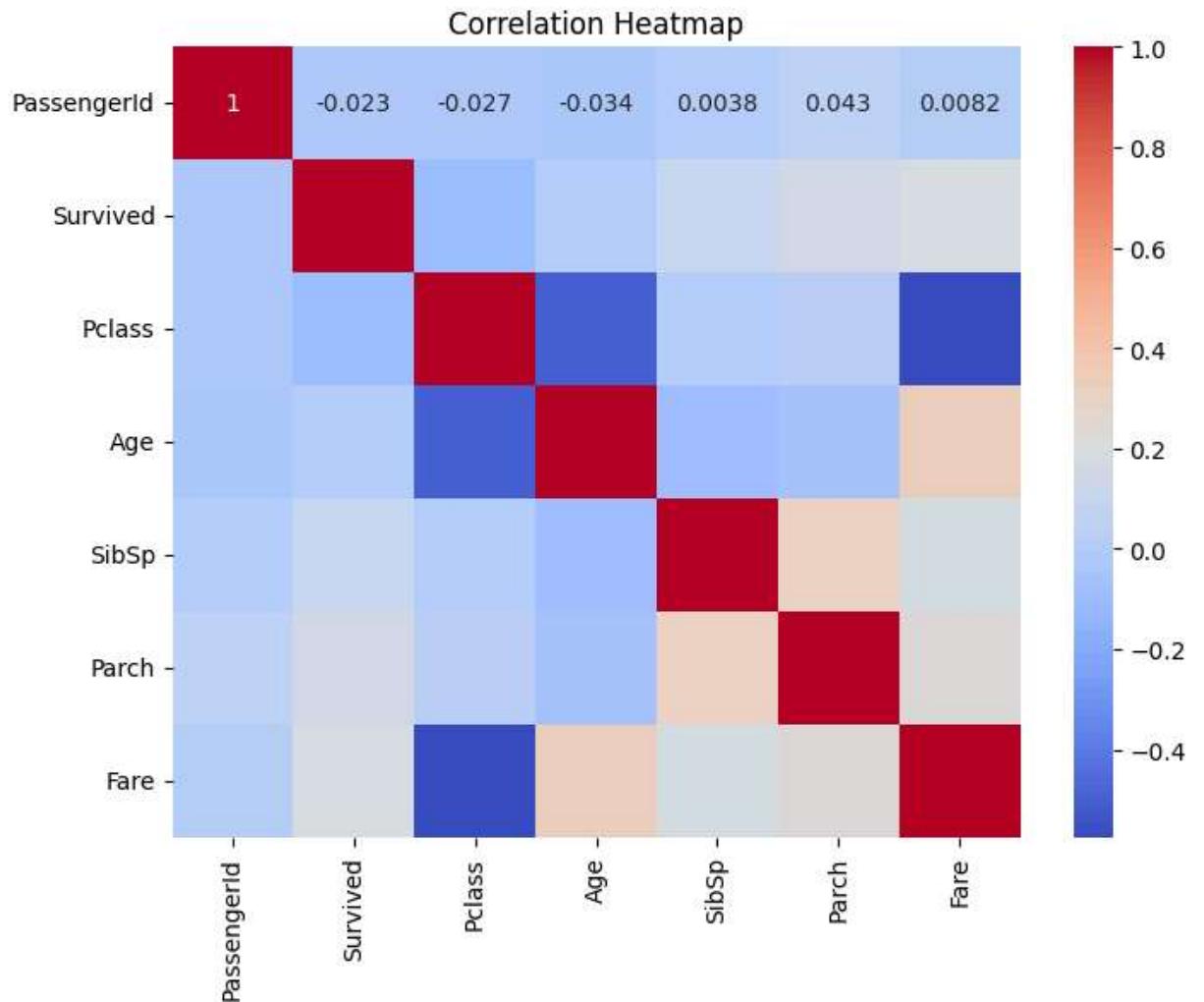


```
In [15]: # 6. Correlation Heatmap
```

```
numeric_df = df.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64'])

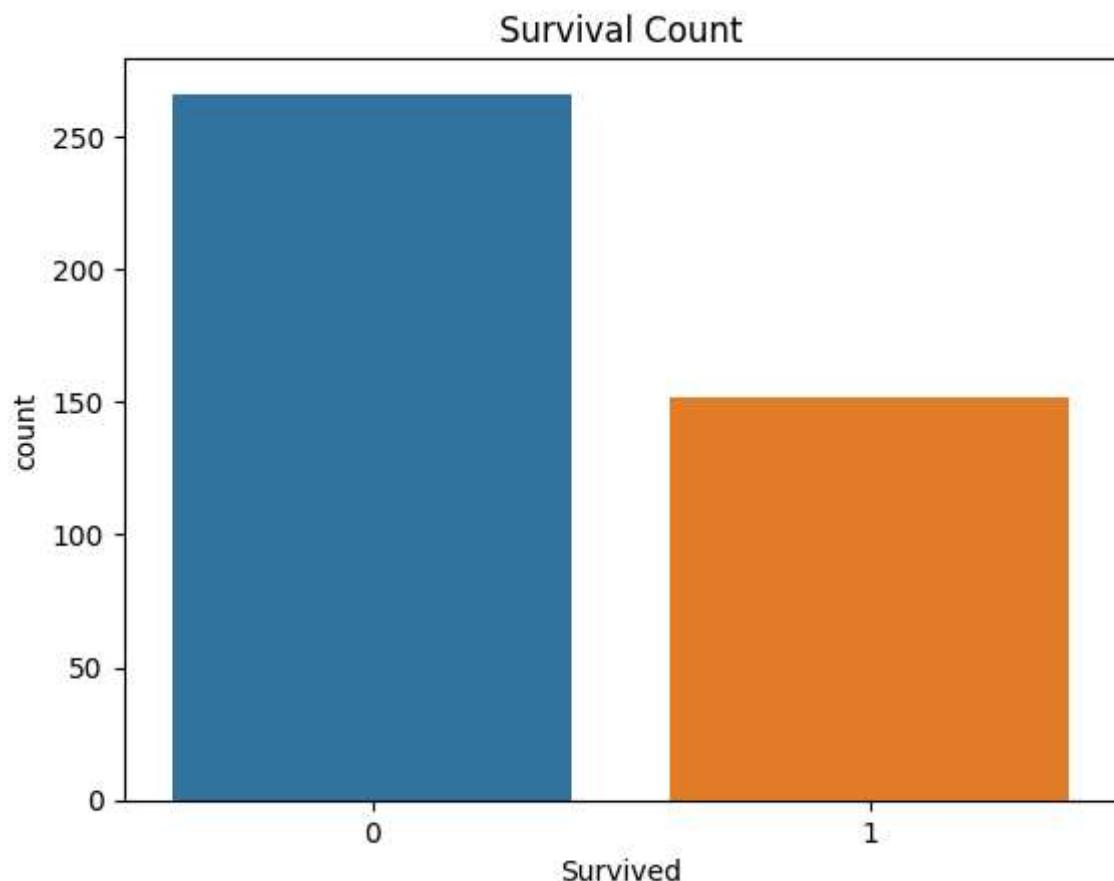
# Compute correlation
corr = numeric_df.corr()

# Plot heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, cmap="coolwarm")
plt.title("Correlation Heatmap")
plt.show()
```



```
In [16]: # 7. Survival Count Plot
```

```
sns.countplot(x="Survived", data=df)
plt.title("Survival Count")
plt.show()
```



```
In [17]: print("""  
FINAL SUMMARY OF FINDINGS:  
  
1. Most passengers were aged between 20-40.  
2. Fare distribution is highly skewed.  
3. First-class passengers paid highest fares.  
4. Fare and passenger class have strong relationship.  
5. Weak relationship between Age and Fare.  
6. Majority passengers did not survive.  
7. Most passengers embarked from port 'S'.  
""")
```

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```
In [ ]:
```