

Aim:

Daemon thread is a low priority thread (in the context of **JVM**) that runs in background to perform tasks such as garbage collection etc., they do not prevent the **JVM** from exiting when all the user threads finish their execution.

JVM terminates itself when all user threads finish their execution, even while Daemon threads are running.

The code `Thread.currentThread().isDaemon()` will return `true`, if the current thread is a daemon thread and `false` if it is not a daemon thread.

Write a Java program to illustrate **daemon threads**.

Write a class `DeamonThreadDemo` which extends the `Thread` class. Override its `run()` method to check whether the current thread is either **daemon** or **user thread** and print **"This is daemon thread"** and **"This is not a daemon thread"** respectively.

Write the `main()` method in the class `DeamonThreadDemo`, which create three instances of class `DeamonThreadDemo` as `t1`, `t2` and `t3` and perform the below tasks in the given order:

1. invoke the `setDaemon()` method on `t1` instance and pass `true` as the argument to set `t1` as a daemon thread.
2. Invoke `start()` method on `t1`, `t2` and `t3` respectively.

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q11351/DaemonThreadDemo.java

```
package q11351;
public class DeamonThreadDemo extends Thread {
    public void run() {
        if (Thread.currentThread().isDaemon() ) {
            System.out.println("This is daemon thread");
        } else {
            System.out.println("This is not a daemon thread");
        }
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    DeamonThreadDemo t1 = new DeamonThreadDemo();
    DeamonThreadDemo t2 = new DeamonThreadDemo();
    DeamonThreadDemo t3 = new DeamonThreadDemo();

    t1.setDaemon(true);

    t1.start();
    t2.start();
    t3.start();
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
This is daemon thread
This is not a daemon thread
This is not a daemon thread